HISTORY

 \mathbf{OF}

SCOTLAND.

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PREFACE.

In the present volume, the History of Scotland is brought down from the year 1497, where the fourth volume concluded, to the year 1546, a period embracing the greater part of the reign of James the Fourth, the regency of Albany, the whole of the reign of James the Fifth, and a portion of the minority of Mary. In various parts of this volume, but more particularly in the view given of the regency of the Duke of Albany, the author has differed essentially from Pinkerton, one of the latest and most acute of our historians, and to whose previous researches, in the unpublished treasures of the British Museum, he has been much indebted. The reasons for this difference are fully stated in the text;

and it is certainly curious, that while Pinkerton has frequently opened new ground, he should have failed to perceive the contradiction which was given by the tenor of his narrative to those loose assertions of Buchanan and other historians, which he has not hesitated to repeat.

It is, however, in the latter portion of this volume, which embodies the regency of the Earl of Arran, and the first rise of the Reformation, that the author trusts the historical student will be most interested. It is written almost exclusively from original letters and public muniments preserved in His Majesty's State Paper Office. These rich materials have lain unexamined by any of our general historians for a period of nearly three centuries; and it is not too much to say, that they throw a clear and useful light on a period of our annals hitherto very dark and contradictory. To demonstrate their value, it is only neces-

sary to point out the elucidations which they afford of the conduct and motives of some individuals of the Scottish aristocracy who were in the interest of England; the manner in which they illustrate the violent and often unprincipled policy of Henry the Eighth, and the extraordinary and revolting views which they open into the conspiracy for the assassination of Cardinal Beaton. On these, and on many other subjects, the materials preserved in the State Paper Office contribute information, which is new in the history of the country; and if, in the course of this volume, the author has spoken with severity of the conduct of various members of the Scottish nobility, who have been eulogized by other historians, it is to be remembered, that the proceedings upon which he animadverts are proved under their own hand, and that the motives held up to reprobation are taken from their own lips.

The exposure of such transactions is a grave, though not a grateful duty-and, undoubtedly, the prevailing feeling ought to be, satisfaction at the complete, though tardy, discovery of the truth. In the volume of Scottish correspondence during the reign of Henry the Eighth, which is soon to be published by Government, those original letters and public papers, from which extracts have been given in this part of the work, will appear in their entire state; and the author begs to express his obligation to Lord Melbourne, for the liberality which allowed him the use of these most valuable documents previous to their publication; and to Mr. Hobhouse, for the courtesy with which the order was carried into effect. But most of all are his thanks due to his friend, Mr. Lemon, Deputy-keeper of the State Paper Office,—a gentleman to whose exertions the country mainly owes that admirable arrangement which now distinguishes this great repository of our national muniments; and from whose intimate acquaintance with ancient manuscripts and records he has repeatedly derived assistance.

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CONTENTS

OF

THE FIFTH VOLUME.

CHAP. I.

JAMES THE FOURTH.

						PAGE
Departure of Perkin Warbeck from Scotland	d					1
Seven years' truce with England,						2
James's progress to Inverness,						3
Attention to his navy,						5
to the administration of justice,						8
Foundation of King's College, Aberdeen, .						11
Treaty of marriage with England,						13
Lady Margaret Drummond,						15
Marriage of James with the Princess Marga	ret	of	En	gla	nd,	19
Rebellion in the North,						21
James's measures regarding the Highlands,						23
Court of Daily Council						24
Proceedings of the Parliament,						27
Progress of the king to the Borders,						30
Extinction of the rebellion in the North, .						32
Embassy from the Pope,						35
Embassy to France,						37
Death of Henry the Seventh,						40

State of Scotland,

Embassy of Dacre and West,

CHAP, II.

JAMES THE FIFTH.

.

James's warlike preparations

Second embassy of West,

Reinforcements from France and Denmark, .

Arran's foolish expedition against Ireland, .

His defiance sent to Henry.

Preparations of the Earl of Surrey, .

State of Scotland.

Muster of the Scottish host,

Messages between James and Surrey, . .

Surrey's skilful manœuvres,

Infatuation of the Scottish king,

Causes of the defeat,

Coronation of James the Fifth

The queen marries the Earl of Angus,

French and English factions,

Death of Elphinston, archbishop of St. Andrew's, .

Arrival of Albany in Scotland,

Intrigues of Henry the Eighth,

PAGE

43

44

50

53

55

57

59

61

63

65

66

67

69

71

73

75

83

84

86

88

89 91

94

96

97

99

101

102, 103

JAMES V.	xiii
NAC .	
The queen refuses to give up the king, her son,	107
Treasonable conduct of Home,	107
The queen flies to England,	112
Unfounded accusations against Albany,	115
Home and Angus desert the queen, •	117
Henry's intrigues in Scotland,	119
Home and his brother executed,	121
Ungenerous conduct of France,	123
Albany revisits that kingdom,	126
Return of the queen mother,	ib.
Murder of De la Bastie,	128
Activity of Arran,	130
State of the Highlands and Isles,	133
Violence and ambition of Angus,	134
Mission from Denmark,	135
Truce between England and Scotland,	137
Feuds of the nobles and the clergy,	140
Embassy of Aubigny,	142
Arrival of Albany in Scotland,	144
His upright policy,	146
	147
	148
	150
	152
	153
Angus passes into France,	154
	155
	156
	157
	159
	160
	161
	162
	163
Venality of the Scottish nobles,	165
The Regent assembles his army,	166
The Scottish nobles refuse to fight,	168

				PAGE
Disastrous result of the expedition,				170
Observations on the retreat,				171
A Parliament,				173
Albany returns to France,				174
Til				
CHAP, III.				
JAMES THE FIFTH—continued.				
Revolution in the government,				176
Successful intrigue of the queen mother,				177
Regency of Albany declared to have ended,				ib.
Coalition between Arran and the queen,			•	179
				180
Negociation with France, , .				180
Venality of the Scottish nobles,				181
				182
Angus returns to Scotland,				183
His attack upon the capital,	•			186
His recovery of the chief power,	٠.	•	•	189
Miserable situation of the country,			•	190
Intrigues of the queen mother,			•	192
She loses all weight in the government,		•	•	195
The queen is divorced,				
Marries Henry Stewart,				197
Angus obtains possession of the young king's person				198
				199 201
Tyranny of the Douglases,			•	202
Buccleugh attempts to deliver the king, Death of the Earl of Lennox,	•	•	•	202
Parliament assembles,				206
Remorse of Arran,				
State of the Highlands,				207
Beaton the chancellor reconciled to Angus,				209
				211
Martyrdom of Patrick Hamilton, , .		•	•	213
Insolent tyranny of Angus,		•	•	215
Plot for the escape of the young king,				
Its complete success,				218

219

Despair and indignation of the Douglases,

PAGE

221

222

224 226

257

259

260

261

ib.

263 265

267

CHAP. IV.

James the Fifth assumes the supreme power,

His character at this time,

His policy upon his accession,

Proceedings against the Douglases,

Returns to Scotland with his queen, . .

Reflections on James's policy,

Death of the Queen,

James's second marriage,

Forbes's conspiracy against the King, . . .

Conspiracy of Lady Glamis,

Negociations with England,

Their great power,		•			228
State of the Borders,					
Imprisonment of the border barons					230
Rebellion in the Orkneys,					
State of the Isles,					233
Matrimonial negociations,					235
Institution of the College of Justice,					237
State of Europe,					239
Border war,					240
James's northern progress,					243
Festivities in Athol,					244
Negociations with England,					
Persecution of the Reformers,					
Henry the Eighth offers the Princess Mary					
James,			-	-	249
Matrimonial embassy to France,					250
The Papal Legate Campeggio visits Scotland,					251
James affianced to Marie de Bourbon, .					252
Parliament assembles,					253
James visits the Court of Francis the First,					255
Becomes enamoured of the Princess Madeline	2,				256
Marriage of James the Fifth,					

xvi	CONTENTS						
Damassati C .1 . 3!	lar of the Defen						269
Persecution of the disc	ples of the Refor	mation,	•	•	•		272
Martyrdom of Kenned	y and Russen, .			•		•	
Mission of Sir Ralph S	sadier to James,			•	•		274
Fails in his great object							275 277
James's Voyage to the							279
Conspiracy against the						•	283
Parliament assembles,					•	•	
Its wise provisions,						•	285
Death of the queen mo	other,			•			288
James loses both his son							289
Second embassy of Sad							291
James disappoints Hen							292
Preparations of Englan							293
Defeat of the English					•		295
The Duke of Norfolk						•	296
James musters his host							297
Disgraceful rout at the							300
The calamity overwhel	ms the king, .						301
Despair and death of J	ames the Fifth,						303
	*						
	CHAP. V.						
	MARY.						
State of Scotland at th							305
Henry's (the Eighth)							
infant queen and							307
His intrigues with the							309
State of parties in Scot							311
Cardinal Beaton's atter	npt to be Regent,					•	312
Earl of Arran chosen I	Regent,						313
Arrival of Cassillis, G							
Edinburgh,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						315
Their intrigues detecte	d by Cardinal Bea	iton, .					317
Imprisonment of Beat	on,						319
Henry's foolish conduc	t,						320
Efforts of the Catholic	party,						322
Meeting of Parliament	, , ,						325

MARY.

xvii

PA	P
	26
Arrival of Sadler, the English ambassador, in Edinburgh, . 3	
	29
	31
	32
	33
	35
	36
	38
Opposed by Beaton,	
	41
	43
	44
	45
	47
	48
	49
	50
Unpopularity of the English party,	
	51
	52
	53
	ib.
	54
	55
	57
	59
Wishart's, and Brunston's plot for the assassination, or seizure	-0
4.50	61
	63
D	65
	67
	68
	69
Deprivation of the Governor Arran,	
State of the Highlands and Isles	370
	371

Observations,

PAGE
Earl of Lennox's expedition against Scotland, 373
Beaton labours in vain to reconcile the Scottish and English
factions
Double conduct of the Douglases,
Miserable condition of the country,
Battle of Ancrum Moor, and defeat of the English, 380
George Douglas continues his correspondence with Henry
the Eighth,
Proposals of Henry through Cassillis,
They are rejected,
Cassillis's proposal for the assassination of Beaton, 389
Mission of Forster into Scotland,
Arrival of Lorges Montgomerie in Scotland, 393
Henry's negociations with Donald, Lord of the Isles, 397
Hertford invades Scotland,
His dreadful ravages, 400
Parliament at Stirling, 402
Brunston's intrigues with England, 403
Lord Maxwell imprisoned, 406
Failure of Lennox's attempt on Dumbarton, 407
Proposals of James Maconnell, Lord of the Isles, to Henry, 409
Progress of the Reformation, 410
Arrival of George Wishart in Scotland, 412
His history, 413
His preaching
His friends,
His journey to Edinburgh, 416
He is seized by the Earl of Bothwell, 418
His trial and condemnation, 419
His execution,
Its effects,
Beaton's progress into Angus, 424
The conspiracy against him resumed, 426
Assassination of Beaton, 428
0

430

CONTENTS OF APPENDIX.

		PAGE
1.	On the authenticity of the Chronicle, entitled a "Diur-	
	nal of Occurrents in Scotland,"	433
2.	On the trial of Lady Glamis,	444
3.	Battle of Flodden,	450
4.	Historical remarks on the assassination of Cardinal	

5. Additional illustrations from the Hamilton MSS.6. Impolicy of Henry the Eighth towards Scotland.

453

Beaton.