MANUALS OF EMERGENCY LEGISLATION.

FOOD SUPPLY MANUAL

REVISED TO

JULY 31st, 1918,

COMPRISING THE

FOOD CONTROLLER'S POWERS AND ORDERS

AND ORDERS OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS ANCILLARY THERETO.

At. Brit. Sans, statutes, etc., 1910 -PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY (george V)

H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE.



LONDON:
PUBLISHED BY HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.
To be purchased through any Bookseller or directly from
H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE at the following addresses:
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July, 1918.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

This Food Supply Manual is a revised edition of the Food Control Manual, dated April 30th last, and contains all the Orders of the Food Controller and those of other Departments ancillary thereto which are now (July 31st, 1918), or are about to be, in force.

It also contains the Powers of the Controller, viz., the Act of 1916 which established the Ministry of Food, and the Defence of the Realm Regulations which confer powers on the Food Controller.

The Manual further contains a Classified Index of all the "Food Supply" Orders in force, and in addition a Chronological Table of all the Food Controller's Orders which have been made since the establishment of the Ministry, showing which of them have been revoked or amended and which Orders have now expired.

The Manual is divided into three Parts, viz., Part I, which comprises the Constitution and Powers of the Ministry of Food.

Part II, which consists of the Orders as to Maintenance of Food Supply, *i.e.*, Orders (i) Requisitioning various Articles of Food, (ii) Fixing Maximum Prices, (iii) Rationing and Local Distribution, (iv) Restricting Use, Manufacture, Dealings and Movement, (v) Licensing and Registration of Dealers, &c., &c.

Part III, which contains the Orders as to the Constitution, &c., of Food Control Committees; as to the Enforcement of Orders; and as to Prosecutions.

Contraventions of the Food Controller's Orders are, in the majority of cases, declared either by Order of the Controller or by the Defence of the Realm Regulations to be "summary offences" against those Regulations. The maximum sentence for such a "summary offence" may be six months with or without hard labour, and a fine of £100, and forfeiture of any goods in respect of which the offence was committed. The Defence of the Realm (Food Profits) Act, 1918 (8 & 9 Geo. 5, c. 9), printed at page 653, provides for an additional penalty of double the excess profits obtained by overcharging for food.

It has not been considered necessary to publish in this Manual a revision of the Outline of the Constitution and Powers of the Food Ministry and of the Food Control Committees, which was included in the Introduction to the Food Control Manual, dated April 30th last. A reference to this last mentioned Manual, and to the Chronological Table contained in the present one, will probably furnish any necessary information.

The Manual is printed "Under the Authority of H.M. Stationery Office," and accordingly the Orders printed therein may be produced as *prima facie* evidence of the making of the Orders.

H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE, Westminster, S.W.1. July 31st, 1918.

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PART I.

CONSTITUTION AND POWERS OF MINISTRY OF FOOD.

- 1. New Ministries and Secretaries | 2. Powers of Food Controller Act, 1916, so far as relates to Ministry of Food, p. 1.
 - under Defence of the Realm Regulations, p. 5.

- 1. The New Ministries and Secretaries Act, 1916 (6 & 7 Geo. 5. c. 68) so far as it relates to the Ministry of Food.
- An Act for establishing certain new Ministries and for the appointment of additional Secretaries or Under Secretaries in certain Government Departments; and for purposes incidental thereto. [22nd December 1916.]

Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1, 2. [These sections relate solely to the Ministry of Labour, and are therefore omitted from this Manual.]

MINISTRY OF FOOD.

3. For the purpose of economising and maintaining the food Establishsupply of the country during the present war, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to appoint a Minister of Food under the title of Food Controller, who shall hold office during His Majesty's pleasure.

ment of Ministry of Food.

4. It shall be the duty of the Food Controller to regulate the Powers and supply and consumption of food in such manner as he thinks best duties of for maintaining a proper supply of food, and to take such steps as he thinks best for encouraging the production of food, and for those purposes he shall have such powers or duties of any Government department or authority, whether conferred by statute or otherwise, as His Majesty may, by Order in Council, transfer to him, or authorise him to exercise or perform concurrently with,

Food Controller.

or in consultation with, the Government department or authority concerned, (a) and also such further powers as may be conferred on him by regulations under the Defence of the Realm Consolida-5 & 6 Geo. 5. tion Act, 1914, and regulations may be made under that Act c. 8. accordingly.(b)

> 5-9.—[These sections relate solely to the Ministry of Shipping and the Air Board, and to the suspension of the limit on number of Parliamentary Under Secretaries of State and of Secretaries of Ministry of Munitions, etc., and are therefore omitted from this Manual.]

GENERAL.

Officers, remuneration, and expenses.

- 10.—(1) Any Minister appointed under this Act may appoint such secretaries, officers and servants as the Minister may determine.
- (2) There shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament to any Minister appointed under this Act . . . annual salary not exceeding two thousand pounds, and to the secretaries, officers and servants of each of the Ministers established under this Act, such salaries or remuneration as the Treasury may from time to time determine.
- (3) The expenses of each of the Ministers established under this Act, to such an amount as may be sanctioned by the Treasury, shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament.

Seal, style, and acts of Minister.

11.—(1) Each Minister appointed under this Act may adopt an official seal and describe himself generally by the style and title . . . in the case of the Minister of Food, of Food Controller; and the seal of the Minister shall be officially and judicially noticed, and shall be authenticated by the signature of the Minister or of a secretary or some person authorised by the Minister to act in that behalf.

(a) TRANSFERRED AND CONCURRENT POWERS OF FOOD CONTROLLER .-Under this provision two (and only two) Orders in Council have been made,

(1) "The Food Controller (Concurrent Powers) Order, 1917" (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 124), which amended s. 1 (2) of the Defence of the Realm (Amdt.) (No. 2) Act, 1915 (relating to interference with contracts) by giving the Food Controller concurrent powers thereunder. That sub-section as thus and otherwise amended is printed in the form it now appears to assume in Part XI. ("Relief from Liability under Contracts affected by Departments' Requirements or Restrictions") of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," р. 443.

(2) "The Food Controller (Transfer of Powers) Order, 1917" (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 287), transferring to the Controller certain powers of the Board of Trade as to Certificates authorising Brewing for Military Canteens. That Order amends the Output of Beer Restriction Acts which as thus amended are printed in the Consolidated

Form which they appear to assume as Appendix V. to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 470.

(b) POWERS OF FOOD CONTROLLER UNDER DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS.—Such of these Regulations as confer express powers on the Controller are printed pp. 5-16 of this Manual.

- (2) Every document purporting to be an order or other instrument issued by a Minister appointed under this Act, and to be sealed with the seal of the Minister authenticated in manner provided by this section, or to be signed by the secretary or any person authorised as aforesaid, shall be received in evidence and be deemed to be such order or instrument without further proof, unless the contrary is shown.
- (3) A certificate signed by a Minister appointed under this Act, that any order or other instrument purporting to be made or issued by him is so made or issued, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact so certified.
- (4) The Documentary Evidence Act, 1868, as amended by the 31 & 32 Vict. Documentary Evidence Act, 1882,(a) shall apply to a Minister c. 37. appointed under this Act in like manner as if that Minister were mentioned in the first column to the Schedule of the firstmentioned Act, or as if that Minister or a Secretary of the Ministry, or any person authorised by the Minister to act on his behalf, were mentioned in the second column of that Schedule, and as if the regulations referred to in those Acts included any document issued by the Minister.
- (5) Where in connection with the undertaking of any duties or powers by a Minister appointed under this Act, it appears to the Minister and the department or authority concerned, that in any notice, order, contract, or other document, the name of the Minister should be substituted for the name of any department or authority, or that the name of any officer of the Ministry should be substituted for the name of any officer of any such department or authority, the Minister may order that the substitution shall take effect, subject to any limitations contained in the order, and, where such an order is made, the notice, order, contract, or document, shall have effect in accordance with the order.

45 & 46 Vict.

This Manual comprises officially printed copies of all the Orders of the Food Controller in force (July 31, 1918), and any such Order may accordingly be proved by the production of this Manual, or of a separate Statutory Rule and Order copy of the Order.

⁽a) DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE ACTS.—These Acts as amended and applied by various Acts provide three alternative modes of proving (inter alia) Orders of the Food Controller. Those modes are the production of (1) a copy of the Gazette, (2) an officially printed copy of the Order or (3) a certified copy or extract.

One of the objects of the Rules Publication Act, 1823, was to avoid unnecessary gazetting (see s. 3 (3) thereof), and accordingly none of the Orders of the Food Controller have been published in the London Gazette, but have all been officially printed as "Statutory Rules and Orders."

So much of the Documentary Evidence Acts as relates to the reception in evidence of any of the Orders printed or noted in this Manual is printed as Part X (1) ("Proof of Regulations Orders and Documents") of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 437, in the form which as applying to that matter it appears to assume.

Ability of Minister and secretaries to sit in Parliament.

12.—(1) The office of a Minister appointed under this Act, or of secretary in a Ministry established under this Act, shall not render the holder thereof incapable of being elected to, or sitting or voting as a member of, the Commons House of Parliament, but not more than one secretary in each Ministry shall sit as a member of that House at the same time.

30 & 31 Vict. c. 102. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 48.

(2) The office of a Minister appointed under this Act shall be deemed to be an office included in Schedule H. of the Representation of the People Act, 1867, and Schedule H. of the Representation of the People (Scotland) Act, 1868, and Schedule E. of the Representation of the People (Ireland) Act. 1868.(a)

31 & 32 Vict. c. 49.

(3) A Minister appointed under this Act shall take oath of allegiance and official oath, and shall be deemed to be included 31 & 32 Vict. in the First Part of the Schedule to the Promissory Oaths Act, 1868.(**b**)

c. 72. Cessation of

Ministry of Food.

13. The office of Food Controller and the Ministry of Food shall cease to exist on the termination of a period of twelve months after the conclusion of the present war, or such earlier date as may be fixed by His Majesty in Council, and then any appointments made under the powers conferred by this Act shall be determined, and any powers or duties which have been transferred to the Food Controller under this Act shall, without prejudice to any action taken in pursuance of those powers or duties, revert to the department or authority from which they were transferred.

Orders in Council.

- 14.—(1) Any Order in Council made for the purposes of this Act may be added to, varied, or revoked by a subsequent Order in Council.
- (2) Where any powers and duties are transferred by virtue of this Act, the transfer shall take effect as from a date to be fixed by Order of His Majesty in Council, and different dates may be fixed for different powers and duties.

Short title.

15. This Act may be cited as the New Ministries and Secretaries Act. 1916.

(b) OFFICERS BY WHOM THE OATHS ARE TO BE TAKEN.—The effect of this enactment is that the oaths are to be tendered to the Food Controller by the Clerk of the Council and taken in the presence of His Majesty in Council or

otherwise as His Majesty shall direct.

⁽a) Non-vacation of seat in Parliament on acceptance of another OFFICE.—The effect of this enactment is to add the new offices to the list of those offices immediate succession from the one to the other of which does not vacate a seat in the House of Commons. The list as enacted in 1867 and 1868 for England, Scotland, and Ireland was in identical terms, but on the one hand it has been extended by numerous enactments, and on the other certain Ministerial Offices existing in 1867 are now obsolete. That list in its present form will be found printed in Appendix VII (1) to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 510.

2. Powers of Food Controller under Defence of the Realm Regulations.

EDITORIAL NOTE.

The whole of the Defence of the Realm Regulations reproduced under the authority of Regulation 64 as one single Consolidated Code, and revised to the last day of each month, are published at the commencement of the ensuing month. In "the Defence of the Realm Manual," which will henceforward be issued twice a year (the latest Edition covering the legislation to February 28th, 1918), the Regulations are accompanied by full editorial notes, by the full text of both the enabling Acts and of the Departmental Orders made under the Regulations with full notes, and by an analytical index to the whole of the Defence of the Realm Legislation.

This Food Control Manual comprises only those of the Regulations which confer powers on the Food Controller.

Such Regulations are here printed in the form which they appear to assume as applying to the Food Controller-all variations from the form in which they appear in the general Consolidated Code being indicated by thick black lines.

Defence of the Realm Regulations 2b, 2e, 2f, 2g, 2gg, 2h, 2j, 7, 8c, 8cc and 35a conferring powers on the Food Con-TROLLER(a) AS AMENDED TO JULY 31ST, 1918, REPRODUCED IN THE FORM IN WHICH THEY APPLY TO THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

2^B. It shall be lawful for the Food Controller to take possession Power to of any articles to which his powers under Regulations 2r to 21 take possesextend.

sion of food, &c.

Where any goods, possession of which has been so taken, are acquired by the Food Controller, the price to be paid in respect thereof shall in default of agreement be determined by the tribunal by which claims for compensation under these regula-

⁽a) Consultation with Food Controller as to exercise of certain LAND CULTIVATION POWERS.—Regulation 2M (1) (printed in the July, 1918, Monthly Edition of the Defence of the Realm Regulations in the form in which it was in force on July 31st, 1918), provides that the powers of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, and of the Board of Agriculture for Scotland as to land not cultivated so as to increase food supply shall be exercised "after such consultation with the Food Controller as may be arranged."

tions are, in the absence of any express provision to the contrary, determined.(a)

In determining such price(b) regard need not be had to the market price but shall be had—

- (a) if the goods are acquired from the grower or producer thereof, to the cost of production and to the rate of profit usually earned by him in respect of similar goods before the war and to whether such rate of profit was unreasonable or excessive, and to any other circumstances of the case;
- (b) if the goods are acquired from any person other than the grower or producer thereof, to the price paid by such person for the goods and to whether such price was unreasonable or excessive, and to the rate of profit usually earned in respect of the sale of similar goods before the war, and to whether such rate or profit was unreasonable or excessive, and to any other circumstances of the case; so, however, that if the person from whom the goods are acquired himself acquired the goods otherwise than in the usual course of his business, no allowance, or an allowance at a reduced rate, on account of profit shall be made:

(a) TRIBUNAL FOR COMPENSATION CLAIMS.—On March 31st, 1915, a Royal Commission ("The Defence of the Realm (Losses) Commission") was appointed, the terms of reference of which (printed at length at pp. 367, 368 of Supplement No. 3 to the Manual of Emergency Legislation) are as follows:—

"to enquire and determine, and to report what sums (in cases not other-"wise provided for) ought in reason and fairness to be paid out of "public funds to applicants who (not being subjects of an enemy

"State) are resident or carrying on business in the United Kingdom, "in respect of direct and substantial loss incurred and damage "sustained by them by reason of interference with their property or business in the United Kingdom through the exercise by the Crown

" of its rights and duties in the defence of the Realm,"

The Commissioners thereby appointed are empowered—

(i.) to call before them such persons as they shall judge likely to afford them any information upon the subject of the Commission: and also to call for, have access to and examine all such books, documents, registers and records as may afford them the fullest information on the subject, and to inquire of and concerning the premises by all other lawful ways and means whatsoever.

(ii.) to visit and personally inspect such places as they may deem it expedient so to inspect for the more effectual carrying out of the purposes aforesaid.

The Commissioner further provides that if the Commissioners deem it expedient the powers and privileges conferred on them shall belong to, and may be exercised by, any one or more of them, and that they shall, from time to time, report to the Treasury.

The (July 31st, 1918) present members of the Commission are :-

Lord Terrington (chairman); Sir Matthew G. Wallace; The Rt. Hon. Mr. Laurence Hardy, M.P.; Mr. W. F. Hamilton, K.C.; The Hon. W. Watson, K.C., M.P.

Mr. D. du Bois Davidson is Secretary to the Commission, whose address is Spencer House, 27, St. James' Place, S.W.1.

(b) DETERMINATION OF PRICE.—Regulation 7 (p. 13) provides for the determination of the price of factory-output requisitioned thereunder.

Provided that where by virtue of these regulations or any order made thereunder the sale of the goods at a price above any price fixed thereunder is prohibited the price assessed under this regulation shall not exceed the price so fixed.

If, after the Food Controller has issued a notice that he has taken or intends to take possession of any article in pursuance of this regulation, any person having control of any such article (without the consent of the Food Controller) sells, removes, or secretes it, or deals with it in any way contrary to any conditions imposed in any licence, permit, or order that may have been granted in respect thereof, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

The Food Controller may by order direct that any action in contravention of, or failure to comply with, this regulation or any order or requirement thereunder, shall, instead of being an offence, be a summary offence against these regulations, (a) and this regulation shall have effect accordingly. (b)

2E. The Food Controller may by order regulate, restrict, or Power to prohibit the manufacture, purchase, sale, delivery of or payment regulate for, or other dealing in, any article to which his powers under Regulations 2r to 21 extend, and if any person refuses to sell any food, &c. article, the sale whereof is regulated by any such order, he may be required by the Food Controller to sell at on the terms and subject to the conditions on and subject to which the sale thereof is authorised by the order and to deliver it to him or to any person or persons named by him, delivery to be made in such quantities and at such times and places as may be specified by him or on his behalf.

manufacture or dealings in

If any person fails to comply with any provision of any such order or any requirements made thereunder, or aids or abets(c) any other person, whether or not such person is in the United Kingdom, in doing anything which, if done in the United Kingdom, would be a contravention of any such order, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

(c) AIDING OR ABETTING.—Regulation 48 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations makes it an offence to attempt to commit or to procure, aid or abet or do any act preparatory to the commission of any act prohibited by the

Regulations.

⁽a) OFFENCES AGAINST REGULATIONS .- See Introductory Note to this

⁽b) Taking Possession of Growing Crops.—Regulation 2B is valid and under it any of the Departments on whom it confers specific powers can give a valid notice to take possession of growing crops when gathered. See Lipton Limited v. Ford: 116 Law Times Reports 632; 33 Times Law Reports 459. It would seem (see view expressed by Atkins, J.) that the Regulation does not authorize the Department to send you to make the results of the programment. authorise the Departments to send men to gather the crops themselves.

Powers of Food Controller as to maintenance of Food Supply.

The Food Controller may by order direct that any action in contravention of, or failure to comply with, this regulation or any order or requirement thereunder, shall, instead of being an offence, be a summary offence against these regulations, (a) and this regulation shall have effect accordingly.

Powers of Food Controller as to maintenance of food supply.

- 2F.—(1) The Food Controller may make orders(b) regulating, or giving directions with respect to the production, manufacture, treatment, use, consumption, transport, storage, distribution, sapply, sale or purchase of, or other dealing in, or measures to be taken in relation to any article(c) (including orders providing for the fixing of maximum and minimum prices) where it appears to him necessary or expedient to make any such order for the purpose of encouraging or maintaining the food supply of the country, and making such provisions as to entry, inspection, or otherwise as appear to him necessary or expedient for the purpose of his duties.
- (2) The Food Controller may by order require all or any persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any article, or any stocks thereof, to place at the disposal of the Controller the article, or the whole or any part of the stocks thereof, as may be directed by the Controller, on such terms as he may direct, and to deliver to the Controller or to any person or persons named by him the article or stocks in such quantities and at such times as the Controller may require, where it appears to him necessary or expedient to make any such order for the purpose of encouraging or maintaining the food supply of the country.

Such compensation shall be paid for any article or stocks so requisitioned as shall, in default of agreement, be determined by the arbitration of a single arbitrator appointed in manner provided by the order; but in determining the amount of the compensation the arbitrator shall have regard to the cost of production of the article and to the allowance of a reasonable profit, without necessarily taking into consideration the market price of the article at the time.

[(3) of this Reg., which provided that Orders thereunder might be general or special, was revoked by an amending Order in Council; its place is now taken by Reg. 21 (3), p. 11, which is to the like purport as the revoked provision, but of extended scope.]

⁽a) OFFENCES AGAINST REGULATIONS.—See Introductory Note to this Manual.

⁽b) ORDERS OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER.—The Orders of the Food Controller under Reg. 2F in force on July 31st, 1918, are printed in Part II. of this Manual.

⁽c) "ARTICLE."—This expression includes animals alive or dead. See Reg. 2J (4) p. 13.

- (4) The Food Controller shall, as respects any article to which his powers extend, have the same power as the Board of Trade have of giving directions, pending the issue of a Proclamation or the making of an Order of or in Council, with respect to the export of the article.(a)
- (5) If any person acts in contravention of or fails to comply with any provision of any order made under this regulation, or aids or abets any other person, whether or not such other person is in the United Kingdom, in doing anything which, if done in the United Kingdom, would be a contravention of any such provision, such person shall be guilty of a summary offence against these regulations.(b)(c)
- 2G.—(1) The Food Controller may by order require persons Power of engaged in the production, manufacture, purchase, sale, distribu- Food Contion, transport, storage, or shipment, of any article(d) to which the powers of the Food Controller extend, to make returns giving such returns, particulars as to their businesses as may be specified by or on behalf of the Food Controller and may require the returns to be verified as he may direct.(e)

troller to require

(C) For the purpose of testing the accuracy of any return made to the Food Controller under this regulation, or of obtaining information in case of a failure to make a return, any officer of the Food Controller authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller may enter any premises belonging to or in the occupation of the person making or who has failed to make the return, or on which he has reason to believe that any articles with respect to which an order under this regulation has been made are kept stored, manufactured, or produced, and may carry out such inspections and examinations (including the inspection and examination of books) as the officer may consider necessary for testing the accuracy of the return or for obtaining any such information.

⁽a) ACTION IN ANTICIPATION OF RESTRICTION OF EXPORTS.—If the Food Controller, in accordance with Reg. 2r (4), so directs, the Commissioners of Customs and Excise have, pending the issue of such a Proclamation or Order, the same power to take any action for preventing the export of any article as if the Proclamation or Order were in force. See s. 3 (1) of the Customs (War Powers) Act, 1916 (6 & 7 G. 5. c. 102).

⁽b) OFFENCES BY COMPANY DIRECTORS, &c.—Regulation 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations provides that every director and officer of a corporation or company shall be guilty of an offence against the Regulations committed by his corporation or company unless he proves that the act constituting the offence took place without his knowledge or consent.

⁽c) Information as to Contravention of Orders.—Information regarding Contravention of Orders should be given to the police or to an officer of the local authority and not to the Ministry of Food. As to disclosing contraventions, see also Regulation 49 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

⁽d) "ARTICLE."—This expression includes animals alive or dead. See Reg. 2J (4), p. 13.

⁽e) Orders under Reg. 2g.—The Orders of the Food Controller under Reg. 2G in force on July 31st, 1918 are printed in Part II. of this Manual.

(3) If any person---

(a) refuses or without lawful excuse neglects to make a return as required by this regulation to the best of his knowledge and belief, or makes or causes to be made a false return; or

b) obstructs or impedes an officer of the Food Controller in the exercise of any of his powers under this regula-

tion; or

(c) refuses to answer or gives a false answer to any question, or refuses to produce any books or documents, required for obtaining the information to be furnished in pursuance of this regulation;

that person shall be guilty of a summary offence against these

regulations.

(4) No individual return or part of a return made under this regulation, and no information as to any person or his business obtained under this regulation, shall without lawful authority be published or disclosed except for the purposes of a prosecution under such of these regulations as relate to the powers and duties of the Food Controller; and if any person acts in contravention of this provision he shall be guilty of a summary offence against these regulations.

(5) If in any case the Food Controller is of opinion that it is necessary or expedient to obtain information from any person in connection with any article as to all or any of the matters with respect to which returns may be required under sub-section (1) of this regulation, the Food Controller shall have power, without making an order for the purpose, to require that person to furnish him with that information; and any person who is so required to

furnish information shall furnish it accordingly.

In such a case, all the foregoing provisions of this regulation shall apply to information so given and the giving of such information as they apply to returns made and the making of

returns.

- 2GG.—(1) Where the Food Controller is of opinion that it is necessary or expedient to do so for the purpose of his powers and duties, he may by order apply the provisions of this regulation to factories and workshops and other premises in which any article of food specified in the order is manufactured, stored or produced or adapted for sale, or which are used for the purpose of the distribution of any such article, or to any plant used in connection therewith.
- (2) Any factory, workshop or premises or plant to which this regulation is so applied, shall by virtue of the order pass into the possession of the Food Controller or of such person or body of persons as he may from time to time nominate for the purpose as from the date of the order or from any later date mentioned in the order, and the occupier of every such factory, workshop or premises or plant, and every officer of such occupier, and where the occupier is a company, every director of the company shall comply with the directions of the Food Controller or of such person or body of persons as aforesaid, as to the management

Power of Food Controller to take possession of factory or premises in which food is manufactured or adapted for use. and user of the factory, workshop or premises or plant, and if he fails to do so, he shall be guilty of a summary offence against

these regulations.(a)

(3) It is hereby declared that the possession under this regulation by the Food Controller or by a person or body of persons nominated by him of any factory, workshop or premises or plant shall not affect any liability of the actual occupier thereof under the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901,(b) or any Act amending the same.

(4) It shall be lawful for the Food Controller—

(a) To require any work in any such factory or workshop or other premises as aforesaid to be done in accordance with his directions given with the object of making the factory or workshop or other premises or the plant or labour therein as useful as possible for the manufacture, storage, production or distribution of food.

(b) To regulate or restrict the carrying on of any work in any such factory workshop or other premises as aforesaid, or the engagement or employment of any workman, or all or any classes of workmen, therein, or to remove the plant therefrom, with a view to maintain-

ing or increasing the production of food.

(5) The occupier and every officer and servant of the occupier of any factory, workshop or other premises, or any other person affected by any such directions, regulations, or restrictions, and where the occupier is a company, every director of the company, shall obey the directions, regulations or restrictions of the Food Controller, and if he fails to do so he shall be guilty of a

summary offence against these regulations.

(6) Where under this regulation any directions regulating the priority to be given to work at any factory, workshop, or other premises, have been given and any person in any certificate or document given or issued for the purpose of securing priority for any work in pursuance of such directions, makes any false statement or false representation, he shall be guilty of a summary offence against these regulations.

2H .- (1) If the Food Controller in any special case is of opinion Powers of that, before exercising any of his powers under these regulations in relation to any article, (c) it is expedient to hold an inquiry with respect to that article in any locality, the Food Controller may appoint such persons as he thinks fit to hold an inquiry as respects that article and report to the Food Controller on such points as the Food Controller may direct.

(2) Any persons so appointed shall have power to take evidence

on oath and to administer an oath for the purpose.

(a) ORDER UNDER REG. 2GG.—See "The Flour Mills Order, 1917" (p. 98), and "The Flour Mills Order, No. 2, 1917" (p. 104), taking possession of all the flour mills in the United Kingdom.

(c) "ARTICLE."—This expression includes animals alive or dead. See Reg.

2л (4), р. 13.

Food Controller as to inquiries.

⁽b) FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACTS.—The Act of 1901 (1 Edw. 7, c. 22) has been amended by s. 5 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1907 (7 Edw. 7, c. 39), as to certain charitable institutions. The 1901 Act has also been otherwise amended, but such amendments do not relate to the subject of Regulation 2GG (3).

Supplemental provisions as to powers of Food Controller.

2J.—(1) The Food Controller may make arrangements with any other Government Department for the exercise by that Department on behalf of the Food Controller of the powers of the Food Controller under the Regulations numbered 2B, 2F, 2G, 2H, and 7 with respect to any particular article, (a) and in such case the Department and the officers thereof shall, as respects that article, have and exercise the same powers as are by those regulations conferred on the Food Controller and the officers of the Food Controller, (b) and the Local Government Board (or as respects Scotland the Secretary for Scotland, and as respects Ireland the Local Government Board for Ireland) may, by arrangement with the Food Controller, confer and impose on any local authorities and their officers any powers and duties in connection with the enforcement of the said Regulations,(c) and any powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge of any functions assigned to local authorities by any order made by the Food Controller under the said Regulations, and the Food Controller may by order provide for the exercise and performance by any persons or bodies of persons approved by him for the purpose or by local or other bodies constituted by or under any such order of such powers and duties as may be conferred or imposed on them by the order.(d)

(a) "ARTICLE."—This expression includes animals alive or dead. See Reg.

2л (4), р. 13.

(b) INTERDEPARTMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS .- The Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917 (p. 215), and the Freshwater Fish (England and Wales) Order, 1918 (p. 223), confer certain powers on the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries; the Sea Fishing (Scotland) Order, 1917 (p. 222), confers certain powers on the Fishery Board for Scotland; and the Freshwater Fish (Ireland) Order, 1917 (p. 212), and the Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order, 1917 (p. 219), confer certain powers on the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland.

The Board of Trade by arrangement with the Food Controller administers

the Horses (Rationing) Order 1918, p. 164.
(c) Powers and Duties of Local Authorities under Food Con-TROLLER'S ORDERS.—"The Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 2), 1917," and "The Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) Order (No. 2), 1917, made by the Local Government Board and the Secretary for Scotland, and both dated August 22, 1917, respectively, confer on Local Authorities in England, Wales, and Scotland the powers and duties necessary to carry out the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917. Two further Orders, "The Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 3), 1917," and "The Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) Order (No. 3), 1917," both issued in November, 1917, confer on Local Authorities in England, Wales, and Scotland the powers necessary to carry out of their functions in connection with the system established in the same month of enforcement of the Food Controller's Orders by Food Control Committees. All these Orders are printed in Part III of this Manual.

Orders have also been made by the Local Government Board and Secretary for Scotland as to National Kitchens, and are printed in Group 11A ("National Kitchens"). An Order by the Local Government Board as to Milk for Mothers

and Children is printed in Group 11 (Milk, &c.).

(d) LOCAL BODIES CONSTITUTED BY ORDER OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER .-The bodies so constituted comprise Local Food Control Committees throughout England and Scotland and the Food Control Committee for Ireland. The Orders constituting these bodies and regulating their proceedings and accounts are printed in Part III. of this Manual.

The Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917 (p. 122) constitutes a Port Feeding Stuffs Committee for each of the 4 divisions into which England and Wales are divided for that purpose and another one for Scotland, and also a Provincial Feeding Stuffs Committee for each of the 28 English and Welsh Areas, and for each of the 7 Scottish ones formed by grouping Counties for this purpose.

- (2) Nothing in the regulations numbered 2g and 2H shall prevent the exercise by the Food Controller of any of his powers in relation to any article under these regulations or otherwise, without having obtained or endeavoured to obtain returns under Regulation 2g or having held an inquiry under Regulation 2H.
- (3) Any order of the Food Controller under these regulations may be revoked or varied as occasion requires, and any such order may be made either so as to apply generally, or so as to apply to any special locality, or so as to apply to any special supplies of any article or to any special producer, manufacturer, dealer or person, or to any class or description of factories workshops premises or plant, or to any special factory workshop premises or plant; and any such order may direct that all contracts, or any class of contracts, or any special contract, affected by the order shall be abrogated, or shall remain in force notwithstanding anything in the order but subject to any exceptions or modifications for which provision may be made by the order.
- (4) It is hereby declared that in the regulations numbered 2F, 2G, 2H and 2J, the expression "article" includes animals, live or dead; but this provision shall not be construed so as to limit the general interpretation of that expression.
- (5) Where the Food Controller considers it desirable to do so for the purpose of maintaining the supply of hops, he may, after consultation with the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, exercise, with respect to hops, any of the powers conferred on him by Regulations 2r to 2H.(a)
- 7. The Food Controller may by order require the occupier of any factory or workshop in which any article to which the powers of the Food Controller under Regulations 2F to 2J extend is or may be manufactured, produced or adapted for sale, to place manuat his disposal the whole or any part of the output of the factory or workshop as may be specified in the order, and to deliver to him, or to any person or persons named by him, the output or such part thereof as aforesaid in such quantities and at such times as may be specified in the order; and the price to be paid for the output so requisitioned shall, in default of agreement, be determined by the arbitration of a judge of the High Court selected by the Lord Chief Justice of England in England, of a judge of the Court of Session selected by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, or of a judge of the High Court of Ireland selected by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.

Power to requisition output of factories facturing food.

⁽a) Hops.—The Hops (Restriction) Order, 1917 (p. 181), restricts dealings in hops, and Regulation 2NN (printed p. 628 of Addenda to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual") provides for the reduction of the acreage under hops in England and Wales.

In determining such price regard need not be had to the market price, but shall be had to the cost of production of the output so requisitioned and to the rate of profit usually earned in respect of the output of such factory or workshop before the war, and to whether such rate of profit was unreasonable or excessive, and to any other circumstances of the case.

If the occupier of the factory or workshop fails to comply with the order, or without the leave of the Food Controller delivers to any other person any part of the output of the factory or workshop to which the order relates, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the output of any factory or workshop or any plant therein and the cost of production of such output, and the rate of profit usually earned in respect of the output of such factory or workshop before the war, the Food Controller may require the occupier of any such factory or workshop, or any officer or servant of the occupier, or where the occupier is a company any director of the company, to furnish to the Food Controller such particulars as to such output, cost, and rate of profits as he may direct, and may require any such particulars to be verified in such manner as he may direct, and if any such person fails to comply with any such requirement he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

The Food Controller may by order direct that any action in contravention of, or failure to comply with, this regulation, or any order or requirement thereunder, shall, instead of being an offence, be a summary offence against these regulations,(a) and this regulation shall have effect accordingly.

Power to authorise use of registered design. 8°C. It shall be lawful for the Food Controller to authorise or require any contractor holding a contract with the Food Controller, or any sub-contractor, to use any registered design for the purposes of such contract, and thereupon the contractor or sub-contractor shall be entitled for the purposes aforesaid to use the registered design and to apply the same to any article in any class of goods in which the design is registered without the consent of the registered proprietor, and the consideration to be paid for the use of the registered design shall, in default of agreement between the proprietor of the design and the Food Controller, be determined, at the option of the Treasury, either in the manner in which other claims for compensation under these regulations are determined, (b) or in the manner

⁽a) OFFENCES AGAINST REGULATIONS.—See Introductory Note to this Manual.

⁽b) CLAIMS FOR COMPENSATION UNDER REGULATIONS.—See footnote (a) to Regulation 2B, p. 6.

in which the consideration for the use of a patent is determined under section twenty-nine of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.(a)

8CC. It shall be lawful for the Food Controller, with a view Power to to the more efficient or increased production of any article to require parwhich his powers under Regulations 2r to 2j extend, to require invention or any person to communicate to a person nominated for that process. purpose by the Food Controller all such particulars as may be in his possession of any invention, or process or method of manufacture, or of any article manufactured or proposed to be manufactured, and to furnish models, or plans thereof, and to explain and demonstrate the same to such person, in all or any of its uses and workings; and if any person fails or neglects to comply with any such requirement he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations; and if the requirement is addressed to a company, every director, manager, or officer of the company who fails or neglects to comply with such requirement shall also be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

If any person, except as authorised by the Food Controller, discloses or makes use of any information obtained in consequence of any requirement made under this regulation or communicated to him by the person by whom it was so obtained, he shall be

guilty of an offence against these regulations.

The Food Controller may by order direct that any action in contravention of, or failure to comply with, this regulation, or any order or requirement thereunder, shall, instead of being an offence, be a summary offence against these regulations, (b) and this regulation shall have effect accordingly.

No communication of an invention made in consequence of any requirement under this regulation, or the use thereof by any person authorised under this regulation to use it, shall prejudice any right of the inventor or owner thereof subsequently to apply for or obtain a patent for the invention.

35A. The Food Controller, after consultation with a Secretary Safety rules of State, may as respects any premises to which his powers under for factories, &c., against Regulation 2gg extend, make rules for the purpose of securing risk of fire. the safety-

(a) of any factory, store, magazine, wharf, or other premises, or any vessel, vehicle, receptacle, or place which in his opinion it is necessary in the interests of the

(b) Offences against Regulations .- See Introductory Note to this Manual.

⁽a) Consideration for Use of Patent.—S. 29 of the Act of 1907 (7 Edw. 7. c. 29) makes the following provision: - "Provided that any Government department may, by themselves, their agents, contractors, or others, at any time after the application, use the invention for the services of the Crown on such terms as may, either before or after the use thereof, be agreed on, with the approval of the Treasury, between the department and the patentee, or, in default of agreement, as may be settled by the Treasury after hearing all parties interested."

public safety and the defence of the Realm specially to safeguard against the risk of fire and other dangers on account of the nature of the materials manufactured, treated, produced, handled, carried, stored or deposited therein or in the vicinity thereof; and

(b) of any person in or in the vicinty of any such premises, vessel, vehicle, receptacle, or place;

and in particular rules prohibiting, except as may be otherwise provided under or in pursuance of the rules, any person whilst in or in the vicinity of such premises, vessel, vehicle, receptacle, or place from smoking, or having in his possession any match or apparatus of any kind for producing a light, or any tobacco, cigar, cigarette, pipe, or contrivance for smoking.(a)

Any person who fails to comply with any such rule shall be guilty of a summary offence against these regulations.

⁽a) PROHIBITION OF SMOKING.—See the Flour Mills (Prohibition of Smoking) Order, 1918 (p. 155) made by the Food Controller under this Regulation.

[Attention is directed to the Introductory Note which states the scope and arrangement of this Manual.]

PART II.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF ALL THE ORDERS OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER UNDER DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS SHEWING WHICH ARE REVOKED, SUPERSEDED, OR SPENT, AND WHICH ARE AMENDED.

[Under the Food Supply provisions of the Defence of the Realm Regulations issued in November, 1916, the Board of Trade(a) made 10 Orders, all of which have now been revoked or have expired.

The substituted Regulations of January, 1917, empowered the Food Controller to make Orders relating to Food Supply, etc., and this Table forms a complete list of such Orders(b) made by him shewing which of these Orders have been revoked or amended and by what subsequent Orders, and which Orders have now expired and when they expired. The number following the Title of each Order in force is that under which it has been put on sale as a "Statutory Rule and Order"(c); the Title of each Order which has wholly expired, or been wholly revoked, is printed in italics. This table does not include the ancillary Orders, &c., made by the Treasury, Local Government Board, Secretary for Scotland, Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, Fishery Board for Scotland, and Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, which are printed or noted in connection with the Food Controller's Orders to which they relate, but is confined to Orders made, or having effect as if made, by the Controller.

The Controller's Orders relating to Food Control Committees and to enforcement of Orders and Prosecutions are included in this Table, but the text of them will be found not in this Part (II.) but in a separate Part III (pp. 621-652) which also includes the Orders made by the Local Government Board and the Secretary for Scotland relating to the functions of Local Authorities as to Food Control Committees.

(a) BOARD OF TRADE ORDERS.—The Orders made in 1916 by the Board of Trade (all of which have now been revoked or have expired) had effect as though made by the Food Controller. See Defence of the Realm Regulations 2JJ (2) printed at p. 9 of the May, 1917, Edit. of the "Food Supply Manual" but omitted from the present Edition as being now spent.

(b) LICENCES OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER.—In this statement General Licences which have been put on sale as Statutory Rules and Orders are counted with the Orders. References to other Licences are given in the footnotes to the

Orders.

(c) STATUTORY RULES AND ORDERS.—Any Order referred to may be obtained from a bookseller at the price of 1d., or direct from H.M. Stationery Office, Kingsway, W.C. 2, post free, 1½d.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF ALL FOOD CONTROL ORDERS.

Date.	Short Title.	Page.
1916. Nov. 20	Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order, 1916 (Virt. rev. by Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order, 1917, which was virt. rev. by Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order	
Nov. 21	(No. 2), 1917, p. 89). Potatoes (Growers' Returns) Order, 1916 (Spent; related to returns to be made by Dec. 7, 1916).	
Nov. 25	Waste of Wheat Order, 1916 (Rev. by Art. 7 of Wheat, Rye and Rice (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 97).	1000mg
Nov. 26	Price of Milk Order, 1916 (Rev. by Art. 6 of Price of Milk Order, 1917 (p. 60 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual) which was rev. by Milk Order, 1917, p. 183 of January,	_
Dec. 5	1918, Edit. of this Manual.) Regulation of Meals Order, 1916 (Rev. by Public Meals Order, 1917, p. 158 of Food (Supply and Production) Manual).	_
Dec. 12	Manufacture of Flour and Bread No. 2 Order, 1916 (Virt. rev. by Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order, 1917, which was virt. rev. by Manufacture of Flour and Bread	`
77	Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 89). Price of Milk No. 2 Order, 1916 (Rev. by Art. 6 of Price of Milk Order, 1917, (p. 60 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual) which was rev. by Milk Order, 1917, p. 183 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual).	
Dec. 14	Seed Potatoes Order, 1916. (Printed p. 62 of May, 1917, Ldit. of this Manual. Continued until June 1st, 1917, by Art. 10 of Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1917 (p. 72 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual), Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 2), 1917 (ibi, p. 77), and Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 3), 1917 (ibi, p. 78) and then expired).	·
Dec. 18	Potatoes (Ireland) Order, 1916. (Printed p. 65 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Arts. 1, 2, 7 continued until June 30th, 1917, by the Oats and Potatoes (Ireland) Order, 1917 (ihi., p. 31 of 1st Edit. of this Manual) and then expired; Arts. 3, 4, 5, and 6 continued until June 1st, 1917, by Seed Potatoes (Prices) Orders, 1917, Nos. 2 and	-
>>	3, ibi., pp. 77, 78, and then expired). Regulation of Meals (No. 2) Order, 1916. (Expired: the Order related only to Christmas, 1916).	
1917. Jan. 11	Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order, 1917. (Virt. rev. by Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 89).	_
"	Oats (Export from Ireland) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 24 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Continued until August 31st, 1917, by Oats (Export from Ireland) Order,	-
"	No. 2, 1917, (1917, No. 613) and then expired.) Milk (Use in Chocolate) Order, 1917. (Spent. Supers. by Milk (Use in Chocolate) No. 2 Order, 1917, p. 388.)	_
"	Sugar (Confectionery) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 65.) (Art. 3 rev. by Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 479 of	
"	the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual Feeding of Game Order, 1917. (1917, No. 66) Wheat (Restriction) Order, 1917. (Rev. by Art. 7 of Wheat, Rye and Rice (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 97.)	564 88 —

Date.	Short Title.	Page.
1917.		
Jan. 19	Seed Potatoes (Growers' Prices) Order, 1917. (Printed p: 68 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. except as to Ireland by Art. 11 of the Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1917, ibi., p. 72. Rev. as to Ireland from June 1st by Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 2), 1917, ibi., p. 77, and Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 3), 1917, ibi., p. 78.)	
Jan. 26	Barley and Malt (Returns) Order, 1917. (Spent; related to returns to be made by Feb. 17, 1917.)	- '
"	Price of Milk Order, 1917. (Printed p. 58 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Am. by Price of Milk Order (No. 2) 1917, ibi., p. 61. Both Orders rev. by Milk	_
Feb. 1	Order, 1917, p. 183 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual.) Potatoes, 1916 Main Crop (Prices) Order, 1917. (Rev. by	•
reo. 1	Art. 13 of Potatoes, 1916 Main Crop (Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917 (p. 76 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual), which was rev. by Art. 54 of Potatoes Order, 1917, p. 472.)	
Feb. 3	Brewers (Malt Purchases) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 96 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Malt	_
Feb. 8	(Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 187.) Brewers Sugar Order, 1917. (1917, No. 90) Brewers Sugar (Returns) Order, 1917. (Spent; related to	565
"	returns to be made by Feb. 22, 1917.) Dealings in Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917. (1917,	566
Feb. 20	No. 131). Malt (Restriction) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 97 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Malt (Restriction)	- Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Ann
,,	Order, 1918, p. 187.) Price of Milk Order (No. 2), 1917. (Printed p. 61 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Milk Order,	
Feb. 24	1917, p. 183 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual.) Potatoes, 1916 Main Crop (Prices) Order (No. 2) 1917. (Printed p. 74 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual.	_
"	Rev. by Art. 54 of Potatoes Order, 1917, p. 472.) Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 70 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Continued until June 1st, 1917, by Seed Potatoes (Prices) Orders 1917. Nos. 2 and 3, ibi. pp. 77, 78. These 3 Orders expired	_
"	June 1st, 1917.) Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917. (1917, No. 187.) (Art. 3 (a) varied by Manufacture of	89
Feb. 26	Flour and Bread Order (No. 3), 1917, p. 92.) Bread Order, 1917. (Printed p. 71 of April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. as from June 1, 1918, by Bread	
March 16	Order, 1918, p. 168.) Freshwater Fish Order, 1917. (Printed p. 45 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Expired, June 15, 1917.)	_
"	Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 252, amended by No. 458.) (Printed p. 479 of the April, 1918, Edit.	
March 21	of this Manual. Expired May 31, 1918.) Malt (Restriction on Shipping) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 259.)	173
"	Swedes (Prices) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 260)	468
" March 28	Food (Conditions of Sale) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 261)	205
maich 20	Octs and Potatoes (Ireland) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 31 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Expired June 30th, 1917.)	

Date.	Short Title.	Page.
1917.		
March 29	Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 270.) (Printed as am. by Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order (No. 4), 1917, and by Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery), No. 2, Order,	174
	1918. The Order is also am. by Order (No. 5), 1917, printed p. 182, and by the 1918 Order, p. 191.)	
March 30	Sugar (Restriction) Order, No. 2, 1917. (Superseded as from June 1st by Sugar Restriction Order No. 3 (No. 458) which substituted in the Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917, a new table for that inserted by No. 2 Order.)	
April 3	Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 2), 1917. (Printed p. 77 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Am. by Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 3), 1917, ibi., p. 78. Both these Orders expired June 1st, 1917.)	_
April 4	Public Meals Order, 1917. (Printed p. 158 of Food (Supply and Production) Manual. Rev. by Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 513.)	_
"	Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 3), 1917. (1917, No. 315.)	92
April 5	Food Hoarding Order, 1917. (1917, No. 317) (Printed as am. by Food Hoarding (Amendment) Order, 1918 (1918, No. 489).)	252
"	Tea (Nett Weight) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 318)	602
April 12	Malt (Restriction) No. 2 Order, 1917. (Printed p. 98 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Malt (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 187.)	
April 16	Wheat, Barley and Oats (Prices) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 363.)	92
21	Barley (Requisition) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 364.) (Printed as am. by Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918. (1918, No. 294.))	93
April 18	Cake and Pastry Order, 1917. (1917, No. 372). (Clause 8 rev. by Rationing Order, 1918, p. 522)	94
April 20	Wheat, Rye and Rice (Restriction) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 376.)	- 97
"	Flour Mills Order, 1917. (1917, No. 377) (Provisions extended to all flour mills by Flour Mills Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 104)	. 98
April 25	Freshwater Fish (Ireland) Order 1917. (1917, No. 387.) (This Order is printed as am. by the Freshwater Fish (I) Order, 1917, Amendment Order, 1918.)	212
April 30	Seed Potatoes (Prices) Order (No. 3), 1917. (Printed p. 78 of April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Expired June 1st,	
May 1	Order requisitioning certain Burmah Peas and Beans. Provision is made for the application of this Order to the original consignees of such peas and beans by the Defence of the Realm (Beans, Peas and Pulse Orders) Act,	80
May 2	1918 (8 & 9 Geo. 5. c. 12). Maize, Barley and Oats (Restriction) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 404.) (Rev. so far as relates to barley, by Barley	99
May 8	(Restriction) Order, 1917 (p. 108).) Order authorising Local Authorities in England and Wales to prosecute Offences before Courts of Summary Juris-	_
	diction. (Printed p. 192 of Food (Supply and Produc- tion) Manual. Rev. by Enforcement (England and Wales) Order, 1917, p. 63%.)	

Date.	Short Title.	Page.
1917.		-
May 9	Oat and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 429.) (Am. by Oat and Maize Products	100
	(Retail Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 103, and supers. as to oats products by Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order,	
	1918, p. 152.)	
May 11	Horses (Rationing) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 41 of May, 1917, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Horses (Rationing) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 56 of January, 1918, Edit. of the same.)	
May 14	Dealings in Oats (Restriction) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 444.)	102
27	Public Meals Order (No. 2), 1917. (Printed p. 158 of Food (Supply and Production) Manual. Rev. by Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 513.)	_
May 16	Beans, Peas, and Pulse (Requisition) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 457.) (Provision is made for the application of this Order to the original consignees of such beans, peas and	81
	pulse by the Defence of the Realm (Beans, Peas and Pulse Orders) Act, 1918 (8 & 9 Geo. 5. c. 12)	
May 18	Sugar (Restriction) Order, No. 3, 1917. (1917, No. 458.) (This Order substituted a new table for that in the Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917, which as so amended was printed	
May 23	p. 479 of the April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual.) Out and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Order (No. 2), 1917. (1917, No. 482.) (Supers. as to outs products by Outs Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 152.)	103
"	General Licence under the Bread Order, 1917. (Rcv. as from July 21, 1918, by Order dated July 18, 1918.)	_
May 29	Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 510.) (Printed as am. by Appointment of Arbitration Order, 1918. (1918, No. 294.).)	362
"	Beans, Peas, and Pulse (Retail Prices) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 511.)	82
May 31	Meat (Sales) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 520.)	296
June 11	Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 291 of January, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918, p. 590.)	_
"	Order conferring certain powers on Inspectors of Weights	638
	and Measures and authorizing them to prosecute offences before Courts of Summary Jurisdiction in England and	- /-
June 29	Ireland. (1917, No. 538.) Oats (Export from Ireland) Order, No. 2, 1917. (Expired:	
July 3	Aug. 31st, 1917.) Public Meals Order (No. 3), 1917. (Printed p. 158 of Food (Supply and Production) Manual. Rev. by Public	
July 4	Meals Order, 1918, p. 513.) General Licence under the Beans, Peas and Pulse (Retail Prices) Order, 1917. (Expired: Aug. 15th, 1917).	
July 6	Stone Fruit (Jam Manufacturers' Prices) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 222 of the April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual.	
July 7	Rev. by Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, p. 260.) Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, No. 2, 1917. (Spent. Related to the quarter terminating Sept. 30th, 1917)	
July 10	Raspberries (Jam Manufacturers' Prices) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 224 of the April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, p. 260.)	_
	200. 03 Soft I rate (Sauce) Orace, 1010, p. 200.)	

Date.	Short Title.	Page.
1917. July 10	Raspberries (Scotland) (Delivery) Order, 1917. (Printed	
	p. 225 of the April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual. Rev. by Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, p. 260.)	
July 13	The 1917 Crop (Restriction) Order, 1917. (Rev. except as regards potatoes, by Grain (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 105;	
July 27	and as to potatoes by Potatoes Order, 1917, p. 472.) Winter Beans Order, 1917. (Printed p. 28 of Food (Supply and Production) Manual. Rev. by St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1106, which in itself is spent.)	-
July 28 July 30	Cattle and Meat (Returns) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 767) Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 768.)	300 215
July "31	Fisheries (Ireland) Order, 1917. (Spent) Pickled Herrings (Returns) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 770)	218
"	Flour Mills Order No. 2, 1917. (1917, No. 774) Milk (Returns) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 776)	104
Aug. 14	Grain (Prices) Order, 1917. (1917, No. 820). (Printed as am. by amending Orders of Jan. 31, April 5, and May 6, 1918.)	105
, 27	Winter Oats and Rye (Restriction) Order, 1917. (Printed p. 54 of Food (Supply and Production) Manual. Rev. by St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1106, which in itself is spent.)	_
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ORDERS OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER UNDER DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS AS TO MAINTENANCE OF FOOD SUPPLY NOW,

JULY 31st, 1918, IN FORCE, OR COMING INTO FORCE,

AND ORDERS OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS ANCILLARY THERETO.

EXPLANATION OF CLASSIFICATION AND ARRANGEMENT.

For the purposes of this Part of this Manual the Orders therein printed have, as in the previous (the April) Edition hereof, been divided into groups according to the class of articles, or

matter, with which the Orders deal.

It has been considered convenient to retain the numbering of the 18 groups which appeared in the January, 1918, Edition, and, accordingly, the 11 new groups which have been called for by the Orders of the last six months have been given intermediate numbers, denoted by a letter following a figure as in the List of the Groups and of the Orders falling within each of them

which is printed below.

Where an Order falls under more than one group its text is printed in that group to which it seems more principally to belong, the heading being repeated by way of cross-reference under the other group, or groups, to which it in part belongs. Thus, "The Damaged Grain, Seeds, and Pulse Order," which relates to wheat and other cereals, is printed in group 3, "Bread Flour and Cereals," but as it also relates to pulse and to seeds, it is cross-referred to under groups 2, "Beans, Peas, and Pulse," and 15 "Seeds."

In the Classified List the Orders of each group are enumerated in the alphabetical sequence of their short titles, but in the text the sequence of the Orders of each group is that of their date of

issue.

The Orders of the Food Controller as to the Constitution, Procedure and Accounts of Food Control Committees and the Enforcement of Orders and Prosecutions are not included in this Part of this Manual nor in the grouping above referred to. Such Orders, with the Orders of the Local Government Board and the Secretary for Scotland ancillary thereto, form a separate Part of this Manual—Part III.

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EDITORIAL NOTE.

This Part of this Manual comprises all the Food Controller's Orders and the Orders of a general character of other Departments ancillary thereto (except Orders as to the Constitution, Procedure and Accounts of Food Control Committees and as to the Enforcement of and Prosecutions under the Controller's Orders which form a separate Part—Part III.) which were not on July 31st, 1918, wholly revoked or spent. In each case the full text of the Order is printed, save that where an amending Order provides for the principal Order being reprinted with the substitutions effected by such amending Order incorporated, the principal Order is reproduced as so amended and the amending Order itself is omitted. In all other cases footnotes to a subsequently amended Order give direct reference to the subsequent amending Orders. Where only a portion of an Order is revoked or spent, that portion is printed in italics.

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THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1180.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all pesons concerned:—

1. (a) On a sale of any bacon or ham by or on behalf of the First hand importer, curer or manufacturer thereof, or on a sale of lard by, prices. the importer, manufacturer or refiner thereof (not being in any case a sale by retail) the maximum price shall be the price for the time being prescribed by the Food Controller as the maximum first hand price for the article sold.

(b) Until further notice the maximum first hand price for the bacon and hams specified in the First Schedule shall be the prices therein mentioned and for lard of the descriptions mentioned in the third Schedule shall be the prices therein mentioned.

(c) A maximum first hand price for the time being in force under this Clause is hereinafter referred to as a "maximum first hand price"; a sale to which the maximum first hand price applies is hereinafter referred to as a "first hand sale"; and the actual price at which any bacon, ham or lard is sold on the occasion of a first hand sale (being a price not greater than the maximum first hand price) is hereinafter referred to as the "actual first hand price."

(a) REVOCATION.—This Order was revoked as to Great Britain by Bacon, Ham and Lard (Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 69.

(d) Where on a first hand sale the bacon, ham or lard is carried by the importer, curer, manufacturer or refiner in his own cart or van for or in the course of delivery to the purchaser, the importer, curer, manufacturer or refiner may charge for such carriage at a rate not exceeding 6d. per cwt. if the distance in a straight line is less than 10 miles, or 1s. per cwt. if such distance equals or exceeds that limit.

(e) Where any imported bacon or ham is prepared by the importer thereof by any process mentioned in the second Schedule a sum calculated according to the provisions of the second

Schedule may be added to the maximum first hand price.

Wholesaler's prices.

2. (i) On a sale of bacon, ham or lard (other than a first hand sale or a sale by retail and except as provided by Clauses 3 and 4 of this Order) the maximum price shall be the actual first hand price with the addition of the following charges or such of them as may be applicable:—

A.—PROCESS CHARGES.

Where the bacon or ham has been prepared in the British Islands by any person other than the curer, manufacturer or importer by any process mentioned in the Second Schedule, a sum calculated according to the provisions of the Second Schedule may be added.

B.—TRANSPORT CHARGES.

The amount, if any, properly paid or payable in respect of carriage or transport of the bacon, ham or lard and not included

in the actual first hand price may be added.

Where the bacon, ham or lard has been or is either on the purchase or on the sale thereof carried by the seller in his own cart or van, the seller may charge for such carriage at a rate not exceeding 6d. per cwt. if the distance in a straight line is less than 10 miles, or 1s. per cwt. if such distance equals or exceeds that limit.

C .- Wholesalers' Gross Profit.

There may be added in respect of wholesalers' gross profit:—

(a) a sum at the rate of 7s per cwt. on the sale of any bacon or ham which has, by some person other than the importer, curer or manufacturer thereof, been washed and drained, or prepared by some process mentioned in

the Second Schedule:

(b) a sum at the rate of 4s. per cwt. on the sale of any other bacon or ham or any lard: Provided that there may also be added a further sum at the rate of 2s. per cwt. as respects such part of the quantity included in any sale as does not amount to a complete original box or package, but this further sum may not be added on more than one sale made by any one seller to the same buyer in any week or more than once in respect of the same bacon, ham or lard.

(ii) The total sum added in respect of transport and the sum added in respect of process charges shall be separately stated in the invoice relating to any sale, but the details of the charges

need not be stated unless required by the buyer.

3. Where a dealer who has purchased any bacon, ham or lard Sales to direct from the importer, curer manufacturer or refiner thereof secondary is selling the same to a secondary wholesaler, the sum of 7s. per cwt. or 4s. per cwt. which may be added in respect of wholesalers' gross profit shall as the case may require be reduced to 4s. per cwt. or 3s. per cwt.

wholesalers.

4. Where a secondary wholesaler is selling otherwise than by Sales by way of retail sale, any bacon, ham or lard purchased by him at a price which included a sum in respect of wholesaler's gross profit, he may, upon such re-sale, add to the price in respect of wholesalers' gross profit:-

secondary wholesalers.

(a) A further sum at the rate of 9s. per cwt. on the sale of any bacon or ham which has been washed and drained

or prepared as mentioned in Clause 2.

(b) A further sum at the rate of 4s. per cwt. on the sale of any other bacon or ham, or any lard.

5. No person shall sell or buy except on the occasion of a retail Limitation sale, any bacon or ham in any cut not mentioned in the first on cuts. Schedule and no person shall for the purpose of sale prepare any bacon or ham by any process not mentioned in the second Schedule, or sell or buy except on the occasion of a retail sale, any bacon or ham so prepared.

6. (a) For the purpose of ascertaining the maximum price at Sale by which bacon or ham may be sold by retail, the retailer shall Retail. ascertain the cost per lb. by reference to the actual cost of the side or other cut in question and the invoice weight thereof.

(b) On a sale by retail of a side or cut not divided into separate portions, the price per lb. sold shall not exceed the cost per lb.

so ascertained by more than 3d.

(c) On a sale by retail of a side or cut divided into separate portions, the prices charged shall be such that the rate per lb. on the whole side or cut does not exceed the cost per lb. so ascertained by more than 3d., the retailer being at liberty to distribute his prices within this limit as he may think fit.

(d) On a sale of lard by retail the maximum price shall be the actual cost of the lard sold with an addition thereto at the rate

of 2d. per lb.

(e) No charge may be made for giving credit or making delivery.

7. (a) For the purpose of the preceding clause the actual cost Actual cost of bacon, ham or lard, not being bacon or ham imported manu- to retailer. factured or cured by the retailer, or lard imported, manufactured or refined by the retailer, shall be taken at the price paid or payable by him therefor (not exceeding the maximum price authorised by this Order) together with the amount, if any, paid or payable or deemed to have been paid by him in respect of transport and not included in such price, and the actual cost of bacon or ham imported, manufactured or cured by the retailer or lard imported, manufactured or refined by the retailer shall be the maximum first hand price of such bacon, ham or lard together with the amount if any paid or deemed to have been paid by him in respect of transport.

(b) If the retailer has prepared the bacon or ham by any process mentioned in the second Schedule, a sum calculated according to the provisions of that Schedule shall be added for the purpose of ascertaining the actual cost, and where any bacon or ham is washed and drained by the retailer, but has not been prepared by any such process, a sum at the rate of 3s. per cwt. may be added for such purpose.

(c) Where the price paid by a retail dealer for bacon, ham or lard does not include delivery to his own retail premises and the bacon, ham or lard is carried to his retail premises in his own cart or van, he shall be deemed to have made a payment for such carriage at the rate of 6d. per cwt. if the distance in a straight line is less than ten miles, or at the rate of 1s. per cwt. if such

distance equals or exceeds that limit.

8. (a) The terms of payment and credit on the occasion of any sale other than a retail sale shall be, at the seller's option, either (i) payment before delivery with discount for 2 months and

7 days at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum;

(ii) payment within 7 days of invoice with discount for 2 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum;

(iii) payment within one month with discount for one month at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

(b) When discounts are allowed on a sale, the price upon such sale shall for the purpose of the Order be reckoned at the full price before deducting the discount.

9. The maximum prices prescribed by this Order include in

each case charges for suitable wrappings or packages.

10. Where the maximum price at which bacon, ham or lard may be sold by any person depends upon the amount of any sum or sums paid or charged or payable or chargeable in relation thereto by any former seller, such person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement as to the amounts of the sum or sums so paid or payable, charged or chargeable, that may have been made to him by the person from whom he bought the bacon or ham, unless he has reason to suspect the truth of such statement.

11. The invoice relating to any sale other than a sale by retail of bacon or ham, shall state whether the bacon or ham is imported or home produced.

12. Every retailer of bacon ham or lard shall so long as he shall have any bacon ham or lard on sale, display prominently at the shop or other place of sale a dated statement or dated statements showing the prices at which he is selling bacon ham or lard at such shop or place and when he is selling different varieties or cuts of bacon or ham at different prices the statement or statements shall be in such form or so displayed as to show which is the price of each variety and cut and shall on reasonable demand give to any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee all such information as may be necessary for showing which of the documents and records mentioned in this clause relate to the bacon ham and lard which he has for the time being on sale.

Terms of payment.

Wrappings included in prices.

Purchasers may rely upon vendor's statements.

Bacon and ham to be invoiced as imported or home produced. Prices to be exhibited.

No retailer shall sell any cut of bacon or ham or any lard at a price per lb. higher than that shown on any such statement. Every retailer shall by ticket or label specify which of the cuts of bacon or ham for the time being exposed for sale are imported or home produced.

13. Every person dealing in bacon ham or lard shall keep Records. accurate records containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order, so far as they relate to him or to his trade and shall make such returns as to his trade in bacon ham and lard as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or a Food Committee. All such records and relevant documents including invoices and dated statements of price shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

14. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy Offers and or offer to buy any bacon ham or lard at prices exceeding the conditions. maximum prices provided by or under this Order or in connection with any sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of bacon, ham or lard enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

15. The expression "Food Committee" shall mean as respects Interpreta-Great Britain a Committee appointed in pursuance of the Food tion. Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) or as respects Ireland, the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

The expression "importer" shall mean:-

(a) In the case of bacon ham and lard imported otherwise than by or on behalf of the Food Controller the person sighting the shipper's draft, but this provision shall not be construed so as to limit the general interpretation of that expression:

(b) In the case of bacon ham and lard, imported by or on behalf of the Food Controller, the person to whom such bacon nam or lard is assigned by the Food Controller for the purposes of distribution.

The expression "secondary wholesaler" shall mean:-

(a) any person who is licensed as a secondary wholesaler by the Food Controller or by any person authorised by him in that behalf.(c)

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND .- See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this

⁽c) LICENCE FOR SECONDARY WHOLESALERS.—See Authorisation to Food Control Committee for Ireland, dated Dec. 13, 1917, printed p. 63.

(b) a trader who in the ordinary course of his business buys bacon ham or lard from a wholesaler and resells the same to retailers in quantities not exceeding in the case of bacon and ham 3 cwt., and in the case of lard \(\frac{1}{2} \) cwt. in any one week to any one purchaser.

If any question shall arise whether a person is or is not a secondary wholesaler under this provision such question shall be determined by the Food Controller.

The expression "bacon" shall include shoulders and picnics. The expression lard shall not include neutral lard or compound.

Exceptions.

16. This Order shall not apply to

- (i) Sales by a caterer of bacon or ham for immediate consumption in the ordinary course of his catering business.
- (ii) Sales by retail of cooked bacon or ham by a person who at the time of such sale is ready and willing to sell uncooked bacon or ham at the prices permitted by this Order or by a person who did not prior to the date of this Order sell uncooked bacon or ham in the ordinary way of his trade.

Penalties.

17. Infringements of this Order and summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Revocation.

18. The Bacon, Ham and Lard (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) and all licences issued thereunder are hereby revoked as at the 19th November, 1917, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Date of Commencement of Order.

- 19. This Order shall come into force:
 - (a) So far as the same affects a first hand sale, on the 19th November, 1917.
 - (b) So far as the same affects a sale not being a first hand sale, or a sale by retail, on the 23rd November, 1917; and
 - (c) So far as the same affects a sale by retail, on the 26th November, 1917.

Title.

20. This Order may be cited as the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th November, 1917.

⁽a) BACON, HAM AND LARD (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 21 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

The First Schedule.

Maximum Prices to be charged on a sale of Bacon or Ham by the Importer or Curer.

PART I. (SALES BY IMPORTER).

· ·			•	Rat	e per (wt.
Canadian or Canadian Cured	Amer	ican.—			2	
Wiltshire Cut Side	• • •	• • •	• • •		172s.	
Long Rib	• • •	• • •	• • •		172s.	
Cumberland Cut Side		• • •	• • •		172s.	
Long Clear		• • •	• • •		180s.	
Long Cut Hams	• • •				165s.	
A. C. Hams	• • •	• • •	• • •		162s.	
Rib in Backs		• • •	• • •		179s.	
American (U.S.A.).—						<u>\$</u> .
Wiltshire Cut Side					172s.	
Cumberland Cut Side				1	172s.	
Bellies	•••		•••		180s.	
Long Clear	***		•••		180s.	
S. C. Backs			•••		177s.	
Short Rib	•••	• • •		• • • •	177s.	
01 Ol	• • •	•••	• • •	••••	180s.	
D:L: ' Dl	•••	•••	•••		179s.	
T D.11		• • •	•••		172s.	
D 11: 0.4	• • •	•••	•••		172s.	
T 11' O'	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	172s.	
Q1 60 1.1. Q1	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	180s.	
	•••	• • •	•••	•••	180s.	•
Rolling Middles	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	152s.	
Square Shoulders	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	146s.	
New York Shoulders	•••	•••	• • •	• • •		
Picnics		•••	• • •	• • •	125s.	
Long Cut Hams	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	1658.	
A. C. Hams	•••	•••		. • • •	162s.	
Manchester Cut Hams	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	165s.	
Scotch Cut Hams	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	165s.	
Berwick Cut Hams	• • •	•••	•••	•••	172s.	
Skinned Hams	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	170s.	
Fatless Hams	• • •	• • •	•••	• • • •	172s.	
Danish.—						
Wiltshire Cut Side		• • •	•••		172s.	
Dutch.—						
Wiltshire Cut Side	•••				172s.	
	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	TINS.	
Argentine.—		1 1.				
Bacon Hams and Shoul			ng pici	ncs)		
same prices as Ame	rican U	S.A.				
Other Kinds.—						

Other Kinds .-

Bacon Hams and Shoulders (including picnics) imported from any other Country 6s. under American prices.

Note (i).—All prices are ex port.

Note (ii).—Weights to be averaged reweights.

PART II.—SALES BY CURER OR MANUFACTURER.(a)

(A) BACON CURED OR MANUFACTURED IN ENGLAND. Prices per (

1	Wiltelier C + C:1				Pric	es per Cw
1.	Wiltshire Cut Sides. Green					176s.
	Pale Dried or smoked	• • • •	• • • •	•••	• • •	192s.
2.	Country Cut Sides.				•••	20.000
	Green Pale Dried or smoked	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	176s.
	Pale Dried or smoked	•••		•••	•••	192s.
3.	Cumberland Cut Sides.					
	Green			•••	• • •	176s.
	Pale Dried or smoked	• • •		•••	• • •	192s.
4.	Staffordshire Sides.					•
	Green ex-salt			•••	•••	184s.
	Pale Dried or smoked	• • •	•••	•••	011	201s.
5.	Country Cured Middles.					
	Green ex-salt		•••	•••	703	180s.
	Pale Dried or smoked			•••	3.02	
6.	Home Cured Clear Bellies	(T)	rafts)			
•	Green ex-salt					190s.
	Pale Dried or smoked	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	0.0-1
7	Home Cured Bellies Rib in					
	Green					106.
	Pale Dried or smoked	•••	- • • •	•••	•••	186s. 203s.
Q	Shoulder Bellies.			•••	•••	2000.
0.	~					100
	Green Pale Dried or smoked	• • •	•••	•••	•••	186s. 203s.
				•••	•••	2003.
	Special Sides Birmingham	Sty	rle.			100
	Green Pale Dried or smoked	•••	•••	•••	•••	186s.
		•••	•••	•••	•••	203s.
10.	Long Cut Hams.					
	Green		•••	•••	•••	180s.
		•••	•••	•••	•••	203s.
11.	Short Cut Hams.					
	Green	•••	•••	•••	•••	
	Pale Dried or smoked		•••	•••	•••	203s.
12.	York or Cumberland Style	H:	ams.	•		
	Dried and Matured	••• ,	•••	•••	•••	214s.
.81	Boned and Rolled Hams.					
	Green	• • •		•••		196s.
	Pale Dried or smoked	•••	•••	•••	•••	211s.
(2	VARIATION OF PRICES -See	the	Bacon	Ham and	Lard	(Provisions

⁽a) Variation of Prices.—See the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, Amendment Order, 1918, p. 67.

Note.—(1) All prices are ex-factory and include packages.

Note.—(2) A Wiltshire Cut Side or a Cumberland Cut Side
may be divided as follows:—

1. Three-quarter side (foreless).

2. Gammonless Side.

3. Gammon.

4. Fore.

No

5. Middle.

The total price charged for the above resulting cuts shall not exceed by more than a sum at the rate of 2s. per cwt. the maximum price for the whole side.

(B) BACON CURED OR MANUFACTURED IN SCOTLAND.

$Price\ per\ Cwt$	
Ayrshire Rolled Bacon Skin off 208s.	
Irish Rolled Bacon Skin off (Scottish cure) 190s.	
Irish Rolled Bacon Skin off (Scottish cure) 202s.	
Irish Boneless Smoked Hams (Scottish cure) 206s.	
ote.—All prices are ex-factory and include Packages.	

(C) BACON CURED OR MANUFACTURED IN IRELAND.

1.	Wiltshire Cut Sides.				Pric	ces per c	cwt.
	Green		• • •	• • •			
	Pale dried or smoked	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	187s.	
2.	Gammon.						
	Ex-salt					178s.	
	Pale dried or smoked		•••	•••		404	
3	Limerick Middles.	•••	•••	•••	•••	1010.	
٥.	Green					184s.	
	Pale dried or smoked						
4	Irish Gams.	•••	•••	•••		2013.	
T.	Green					155	
	Pale dried or smoked	•••	• • • • • •	•••	•••		
5	Tane dried or smoked	•••	•••	•••	• • •	171s.	
υ.	Long Clear Middles.					100	
	Ex-salt	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •		
0	Pale dried or smoked	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	202s.	
6.	Long Clear Backs.						
	Ex-salt	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	190s.	
-	Pale dried or smoked	• • •	• • •	• • •		202s.	
ű.	Long Clear Bellies.						
	Ex-salt			• • •	•••	190s.	
	Pale dried or smoked		•••	• • •		206s.	
8.	Short Clear Bellies.						
	Ex-salt					194s.	
	Pale dried or smoked		•••	• • •		210s.	
9.	Dried Irish Rolls	•••	•••		•••	196s.	
10.	Long Cut Hams.	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	1000.	
	Ex-salt					180s.	
	Dried off the hooks	•••	•••	•••		400	
	Trimmed pale or smoke		•••	• • •	• • •		
11	Short Cut Hams.	eu	•••	• • •	•••	203s.	
	Trimmed pale or smol	rad				000	
	trimmed pare or smor	rea	***	•••	•••	203s.	

NOTE (1) All prices are ex-factory and include packages.

NOTE (2) A Wiltshire cut side may be divided as follows:—

1. Three-quarter side (foreless).
2. Gammonless side.

3. Gammon.

4. Fore.

5. Middle.

The total price charged for the above resulting cuts shall not exceed by more than a sum at the rate of 2s. per cwt. the maximum price for the whole side.

The Second Schedule. PROCESS CHARGES.

Description of Bacon or Hams operated on.	Result of Operation	18.	Permitted Per- centage.
New York Shoulders	Shankless, boneless, rolled	Green Smoked	21 33
New York Shoulders	Shank bone in, rolled	Green Smoked	13 25
New York Shoulders	Boneless, rolled	Green Smoked	16 28
Square Shoulders	Shank bone in, rolled	Green Smoked	11 21
Square Shoulders	Shankless, boneless, rolled	Green	16
Cumberland Cut Side	Boneless, rolled	Smoked Green	25 13
Cumberland Cut Side	Rolled, skinless	Green Smoked	22 22
Long Clear	Boneless, rolled	Green Smoked	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 15 \end{array}$
Long Clear	Boneless, rolled, skinless Boneless, rolled, skinless	Green Green	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 21 \end{array}$
A.C. Ham or skinless	Boneless, rolled	Green Smoked	14 22
A.C. Ham or skinless	Shank bone in, rolled	Green Smoked	11 20
Long Cut Ham	Shank bone in, rolled	Green Smoked	11 20
Gammonless Side	Boneless, rolled	Green Smoked	12 20
Wiltshire Cut Side	Boneless, rolled	Green Smoked	12
Wiltshire Cut Side	Boneless, rolled, skinless	Green	20 26
Picnics A/C., M/C or Scotch Hams	Stove dried or smoked	•••	14 11
Long Cut Hams New York Shoulders	Stove dried or smoked		10 12
Square Shoulders Rib in Backs	Stove dried or smoked	••• •••	10 10
Bellies Wiltshire Cut Sides	Stove dried or smoked .		10 10
Cumberland Cut Sides Long Ribs	Otama Jair Jan amalan J		10 10
Dublin Cut	Stome duied on smealed		10

In each case the sum to be added in respect of a process charge is to be ascertained by applying the relevant percentage to the total of

(i) The actual price paid for the side or cut operated on;

(ii) The transport charges to the factory of such side or cut not included in such price.

When the process is carried out by the Importer the maximum .

first hand price shall be substituted for the price paid.

In calculating percentages, if it is found that the result contains a sum in pence greater than 6d., this shall be charged as a 1s.; if less than 6d. it shall be ignored. A level 6d. will stand good.

A Wiltshire Cut Side or Cumberland Cut Side may be divided

as follows: -

0110WS:						
Middle	• • •					1
Gammon					• • •	İ
Fore						
Three-quarter	r Side	(with	out Fore	End)		1
Spencer (with	hout G	ammo	n)			1
Streak				• • •		
Rib in Back				• • •	•••	ı
Gam	• • •		• • •			1

The total price charged for the above resulting cuts shall not exceed by more than a sum at the rate of 2s. per cwt. the maximum price for the whole side.

Third Schedule.(a)

Maximum prices to be charged on a sale of lard by an importer of imported lard, by a manufacturer of English, Scottish or Irish lard, and by a refiner of raw or unrefined lard which has been refined by him in the United Kingdom.

PART I.

SALE BY AN IMPORTER OF IMPORTED LARD.

U.S.A., Canadian, or Argentine Lard.

U.S.A., Canadian, or Argentine Lard.			
	Per	cwt. e	x Port.
		8.	d.
Pails (refined)		136	3
Boxes (refined)		135	0
Tierces or other packages (refined)		135	0
Tierces or other packages (raw or unrefined)		135	0
Other Imported Lard.			
Pails (refined)		133	3
Boxes (refined)		132	0
m1 . 7		132	0
Tierces or other packages (raw or unrefined)		132	0

⁽a) VARIATION IN PRICES OF LARD.—See Notices of February 2 and March 8, 1918, printed pp. 64, 65.

PART II.

SALE BY A MANUFACTURER OF ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND IRISH LARD.

ry.

English and Scottish Lard

2. Cytost and Soctotist Land.	. 77	
Per cw	vt. ex F	actor
	S.	d.
In ½-lb., 1-lb. or 2-lb. packets, or in bladders	152	0.
In tierces, half-barrels, kiels, 56-lb. blocks or		
other packages	150	0
Irish Lard.		
In ½-lb., 1-lb. or 2-lb. packets, or in bladders	150	0
In tierces, half-barrels, kiels, 56-lb. blocks or		
other packages	148	0

PART III.

Sales by a Refiner of Imported raw or un-refined lard, which has been refined by him in the United Kingdom.

Lard imported as raw or unrefined lard from U.S.A., Canada or Argentine and refined in the United Kingdom.

Per cwt. ex factory.

In ½ lb., 1 lb. or 2 lb. packets, or in bladders

In tierces, half barrels, 56 lb. blocks or other packages

Lard imported as raw or unrefined lard from other countries and refined in the United Kingdom.

Per cwt. ex factory. In 1 lb., 1 lb. or 2 lb. packets, or in bladders 142s. In tierces, half barrels, kiels or other ... 140s. packages All prices to include packages.

THE BACON, HAMS AND LARD (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 24, 1917.

1917. 1201.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regu-

lations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe forms of application and other documents to be used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with, bacon hams or lard proposed to be distributed or for the time being in the course of distribution by or under the authority of the Food Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or any other matter.

(b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, disposal and use of any such

bacon, hams or lard.

Forms of application may be prescribed.

2. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such Completion form or document and in the distribution, disposal or use of any such bacon, hams or lard comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

of forms of application.

False state-

ments.

3. A person shall not:

(a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order or used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with, any such bacon, hams or lard.

(b) Forge, alter or tamper with any such application or

other document.

(c) Personate, or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies.

(d) Obtain any such bacon, hams or lard where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular, or deliver the same under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular.

4. Any form of application or other document purporting to be Prescribed prescribed pursuant to this Order, or headed "Distribution of forms. Imported Bacon, Hams and Lard" shall, unless the contrary be proved be deemed to be prescribed pursuant to this Order.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Bacon, Hams and Lard (Dis- Title. tribution) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

24th November, 1917.

AUTHORISATION, DATED DECEMBER 13, 1917, UNDER THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917, TO THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.

1917. No. 1292.

The Food Controller hereby authorises the Food Control Committee appointed by him for Ireland to license persons in Ireland as secondary wholesalers for the purposes of the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917 (Clause 15)(a).

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th December, 1917.

⁽a) BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—Clause 15 of that Order is printed p. 55.

Bacon and Ham Curers (Returns) Order, 1917; Notice under Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917.

THE BACON AND HAM CURERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 21, 1917.

1917. No. 1313.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regula-

tions shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

Returns of bacon and ham cured during the year 1917.

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1. Every person who during the calendar year 1917 cured any bacon or hams, shall on or before the 10th January, 1918, furnish to the Food Controller a return giving particulars of the bacon and hams cured by him during such year, and shall thereafter furnish such information concerning bacon and ham cured by him as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller.

Prescribed forms.

Exceptions.

2. The return shall be made on forms prescribed by the Food Controller to be obtained from and when completed to be returned to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Statistical Branch), Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1.

3. No returns shall be required from

(a) any person in relation to bacon or ham cured by him for his own domestic consumption; or

(b) any person who during the calendar year 1917 has not cured more than 20 cwts. of bacon and hams.

Penalty.

4. Failure to make a return in accordance with this Order or the making of a false return is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Bacon and Ham Curers (Returns) Order, 1917.

Title of Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st December, 1917.

NOTICE, DATED FEBRUARY 2, 1918, UNDER THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918, No. 124.

Pursuant to Clause (1) of the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917,(b) the Food Controller hereby prescribes that on and after the 2nd February, 1918, until further

Order is printed p. 51.

⁽a) REVOCATION.—This Notice was revoked as to Great Britain by Bacon, Ham and Lard (Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 69.
(b) Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917.—That

notice, the maximum first hand prices for lard of the descriptions mentioned in the Schedule shall be prices at the rates specified in the Schedule.

The maximum first hand prices for all other lard are unaltered.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

2nd February, 1918.

The Schedule.

SALE BY AN IMPORTER OF IMPORTED LARD.

Rate per cwt. U.S.A. or Canadian Lard. ex Port. Pails (Refined) 152s. Boxes (Refined) 152s. Tierces or other Packages (Refined) ... 152s. Tierces or other Packages (Raw or Unrefined) ... $149s.\ 6d.$. . .

All prices to include packages.

NOTICE, DATED MARCH 8, 1918, UNDER THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918, No. 292.

Pursuant to Clause (1) of the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917,(b) the Food Controller hereby gives notice that on and after the 8th March, 1918, until further notice, the maximum first hand prices prescribed for lard of the descriptions mentioned in the Schedule to this Notice shall be prices at the rates specified in such Schedule.

The maximum first hand prices for all other lard are unaltered.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th March, 1918.

Order is printed p. 51.

⁽a) REVOCATION.—This notice was revoked as to Great Britain by Bacon, Ham and Lard (Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 69.

(b) Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917.—That

The Schedule.

SALES BY A REFINER OF IMPORTED RAW OR UNREFINED LARD WHICH HAS BEEN REFINED BY HIM IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Lard Imported as Raw or Unrefined from U.S.A., Argentine or Canada, and Refined in the United Kingdom.

Per cwt. ex factory.

On the occasion of a sale direct to a retailer of lard 156s. On the occasion of any other sale 152s.

The above prices apply to sales in any kind of package whatever and include packages.

THE PIG AND PIG PRODUCTS (PROHIBITION OF EXPORT) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 20, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 10 ("Meat, Cattle and Eggs") (p. 329), prohibits the export from Ireland of any bacon, ham or lard.]

THE BACON (PROHIBITION OF EXPORT) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 10, 1918.

1918, No. 409.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, a person shall not until further notice send, ship or consign any carcase or part of a carcase of a pig or any bacon, ham, lard or other pig product from any part of Great Britain to any destination in Ireland.
- 2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Bacon (Prohibition cf Export) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th April, 1918.

THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917. AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 17, 1918.(a)

1918, No. 448.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. Pursuant to Clause 1 of the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Pro- S. R. & O., visional Prices) Order, 1917,(b) the Food Controller hereby pre- No. 1180 of scribes that on and after the 17th April, 1918, until further 1917. notice, the maximum first hand prices for bacon, ham and lard of the descriptions mentioned in the first schedule hereto shall be prices at the rates specified in the first schedule and the maximum first hand prices for bacon and ham of the description mentioned in the second schedule hereto shall be prices at the rates specified in the second schedule.

- 2. (a) A person shall not after the 20th April, 1918, prepare for sale or after the 11th May, 1918, sell or buy except on the occasion of a retail sale any bacon or ham cured or manufactured in the United Kingdom in any cut not mentioned in the first schedule to this Order.
- (b) This clause shall not prevent the completion of the preparation for sale of any bacon or ham in course of preparation on the 20th April, 1918.
- 3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. This Order may be cited as the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, Amendment Order, 1913.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th April, 1918.

⁽a) REVOCATION.—This Order was revoked as to Great Britain by Bacon, Ham and Lard (Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 69.

⁽b) BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917 .- That Order is printed p. 51.

The First Schedule.

Sales by curer or manufacturer of Bacon or Ham (cured or manufactured in any part of the United Kingdom).

317'1, 1' , '1	per cwt.		
Wiltshire cut sides: green ex salt	188s.		
green ex salt pale dried or smoked	100		
A Wiltshire Cut Side may be divided and sold by			
turers or Curers as follows:—	шапитае		
turous or ources as ronows.	per cwt.		
Fore-end, cut to include one rib bone:			
green ex salt	166s.		
pale dried or smoked	176s.		
Gammon:			
green ex salt	196s.		
pale dried or smoked	206s.		
Middle, or Middle and Gammon, the fore-end			
being cut off to include one rib bone: green ex salt	196s.		
green ex salt pale dried or smoked	206s.		
Country Cut Sides:	~000.		
	183s.		
pale dried or smoked	193s.		
Special sides, Birmingham Style:	1000.		
green ex salt	213s.		
pale dried or smoked	221s.		
Ayrshire Rolled Bacon:			
skin off	221s.		
Long Clear Middles and Dried Irish Rolls:	~~10.		
pale dried or smoked	210s.		
Hams, manufactured or cured in Great Britain.	~100.		
Long or short cut:			
green ex salt	186s.		
pale dried or smoked	193s.		
Hams manufactured or cured in Ireland. Long cut			
dried. Knobs off:			
Trimmed pale or smoked	211s.		
Sale by a Manufacturer of English, Scottish, Irish and Welsh Lard:			
In any kind of package	162s.		
Note.—All prices are ex factory and include packages.			

The Second Schedule.

Sales by curer or manufacturer of Bacon or Ham (cured or manufactured in any part of the United Kingdom).

	per	cwt.
Cumberland Cut sides	green ex salt pale dried or smoked	188s. 198s.
Staffordshire sides		
Country Cured Middles Home Cured clear Bellies	green ex salt	213s.
(drafts)		221s.
Home Cured Bellies—rib in Shoulder Bellies	*	
	green ex salt pale dried or smoked	196s. 206s.
Irish Gams	green ex salt pale dried or smoked	166s. 176s.
	pale dried or smoked	210s.
Short Clear Bellies	para arra or omonour.	

Note.—All prices are ex factory and include packages.

THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 26TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 766.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. (a) A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy Sales not to or offer to buy any bacon, ham or lard at prices exceeding the be above maximum prices provided by or by notice under this Order.

maximum price.

prices.

- (b) Until further notice the maximum prices shall be as Maximum
 - (i) On the occasion of a sale of imported bacon, ham or lard by an appointed importer to an appointed wholesaler, prices at the rate set out in column "A" of the First Schedule;
 - (ii) On the occasion of a sale of imported bacon, ham or lard by an appointed importer to a person other than an appointed wholesaler, prices at the rate set out in column "B" of the First Schedule;
 - (iii) On the occasion of a sale of any bacon, ham or lard which is not a sale by retail and also is not a sale to which sub-clause (i) or (ii) applies, prices at the rate set out in the Second Schedule:

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(iv) On the occasion of a sale by retail, prices at the rate set out in the Third Schedule, except that where not less than 28 lbs. of bacon and ham (taken together) or not less than 7 lbs. of lard is sold by retail to any one person at one sale, to be delivered in any one week ending on a Saturday, such prices shall be reduced by 1d. per lb. in the case of bacon and ham, and by ½d. a lb. in the case of lard.

Delivery included in price in First and Second Schedules.

Terms of payment under First and Second

Schedules.

- 2. The maximum prices prescribed under the First and Second Schedules are fixed on the basis that the cost of delivery to the buyer's premises is included in the price, and no sales to which these Schedules apply shall be made on any other basis.
- 3. (a) On the occasion of a sale to which the First or Second Schedule applies the terms of sale shall be at the seller's option either:—
 - (i) Payment before delivery, with discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for two months.
 - (ii) Payment within 7 days of date of invoice, with discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for two months.
 - (iii) Payment after 7 days of date of invoice with discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for the unexpired portion of 2 months and 3 days from date of invoice.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause "date of invoice" shall mean—
 - (i) where the goods in question are despatched by an appointed importer from the quay direct to the premises of the buyer, the date borne by the invoice not being a date earlier than the average date between the commencement and completion of their unloading from the ship; and
 - (ii) in any other case the date of despatch of the goods to the buyer, or the date borne by the invoice, whichever shall be the later, excepting in cases where goods are detained pending buyer's instructions, in which case it shall mean the date when the goods were ready for despatch to the buyer.

Permitted charge for wrappers on certain sales.

4. Where on the occasion of a sale other than (a) a sale by an appointed importer or (b) a sale in original packages as imported or (c) a sale by retail the seller provides wrappers or other packing materials, the cost of the same may be charged to the buyer in addition to the prices prescribed under this Order; provided that such cost shall be shown separately on the invoice and shall be refunded in full to the buyer on his returning the wrappers or packing materials to the seller in good condition.

Terms on retail sales.

- 5. On the occasion of a sale to which the Third Schedule of the Order applies:—
 - (a) the cost of suitable wrappings or packages is included in the price.

- (b) Where delivery is made at the request of the buyer otherwise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb., or any larger sum actually and properly paid by the seller for carriage.
- (c) No charge may be made for packing, packages or for giving credit.
- 6. Every person who sells bacon, ham or lard by retail shall, so long as he has any bacon, ham or lard for sale, display prominently at the place of sale a copy of the prescribed maximum retail prices in a form prescribed by the Food Controller.

Retailers to display

7. A person shall not except on the occasion of a sale by retail Prohibited sell or buy any bacon or ham in a cut not specified in the First or cuts and Second Schedule, or on or after the 28th June, 1918, prepare processes. for the purpose of sale any cut of bacon or ham by any process not specified against that cut in the Second Schedule, or sell or buy except on the occasion of a sale by retail any bacon or ham so prepared.

8. A person shall not in connection with any sale or disposition Fictitious or proposed sale or disposition of any bacon, ham or lard enter transactions. or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

9. Nothing in this Order shall apply to sales of bacon, ham or Exceptions. lard by a caterer for consumption as part of any meal provided by him in the ordinary course of his business as a caterer.

10. The expression "Appointed Importer" shall mean an Interpretaimporter appointed by the Food Controller under the Bacon, Hams tion. and Lard (Distribution) Order, 1917, (a) or under this Order.

The expression "Appointed Wholesaler" shall mean a wholesale dealer appointed by the Food Controller under the Bacon, Hams and Lard (Distribution) Order, 1917, (a) or under this Order.

The expression "Bacon" shall include shoulders, picnics and bath chaps, but shall not include pickled pork or cured pigs' heads.

The expression "Lard" shall not include neutral lard or compound.

11. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

12. The Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, as subsequently amended and the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, Amendment Order, 1918, (b) and all licences issued thereunder shall cease to apply to any sale of bacon, ham or lard if and so soon as the provisions of this Order apply thereto but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

(a) BACON, HAMS AND LARD (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 62.

(b) BACON, HAM AND LARD (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917, AND THE AMENDING ORDERS are printed at pp. 51, 64, 65, and 67, respectively.

Commencement.

- 13. This Order shall come into force on the 28th June, 1918, except that:—
 - (i) on the occasion of a sale (other than a sale by retail) of imported goods sold by an Appointed Importer before the 28th June, 1918, this Order shall not apply before the 12th July, 1918; and

(ii) on the occasion of a sale by retail of imported goods sold by an Appointed Importer before the 28th June, 1918, this Order shall not apply before the 26th July, 1918.

(iii) on the occasion of a sale of any goods cured or manufactured in any part of the United Kingdom, this Order shall not, as to sales by retail apply before the 26th July, 1918 or as to other sales before the 12th July, 1918.

Title and extent.

- 14. (a) This Order may be cited as the Bacon, Ham and Lard (Prices) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

26th June, 1918.

First Schedule.

Maximum prices to be charged by an Appointed Importer on a sale of Imported Bacon, Ham or Lard.

	A.	В.
and the same of th	On the occasion	On the occasion
	of a sale to an	of any other
	Appointed	sale :—
	Wholesaler:—	
	Per cwt.	Per cwt.
Wiltshires		185s.
Cumberlands, Dublins, and Long	3	
Ribs	. 174s.	$182s.\ 6d.$
Long Clears, Short Clear Backs	3	
and Rolling Middles	189s.	198s.
Bellies, Rib in Backs, Short Rib	S	
and Short Clears	. 200s.	$209s.\ 6d.$
Square Shoulders	$143s.\ 6d.$	$150s.\ 6d.$
New York Shoulders	140s.	147s.
Picnics		$125s.\ 6d.$
Hams (except Skinless or Fatles	S	
Hams\	. 170s.	$178s.\ 6d.$
Hams (Skinless or Fatless)	167s.	175s.
LARD-		
Refined	. 158s.	$163s.\ 6d.$
Unrefined	. 155s. 6d.	161s.
OHIOMETON	. 2000.00.	1010.

Second Schedule.

Maximum prices to be charged on a sale of any Bacon	Ham or
Lard which is not a sale by retail and also is not	a sale of
Imported Bacon, Ham or Lard by an Appointed Im	porter:—
Wiltshires—	per cwt.
Bone in; Imported; Green	185s.
Bone in; Home Cured; Green	189s. 6d.
Bone in; Pale dried or smoked	199s. 6d.
Boneless; Rolled Long; Green	202s. 216s. 6d.
Boneless; Rolled Long; Pale dried or smoked	2103.00.
Cumberlands, Dublins and Long Ribs—	182s. 6d.
Bone in; Green Bone in; Pale dried or smoked	197s.
Boneless; Rolled; Green	202s.
Boneless; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	216s. 6d.
Long Clears, Long Clear Middles, Short Clear Backs	
and Rolling Middles—	
Rolled or otherwise; Green	198s.
Rolled or otherwise; Pale dried or smoked	214s.
Dried Irish Rolls, Pale dried or smoked	214s.
Bellies, Rib in Backs, Short Ribs and Short Clears-	
Green	$209s.\ 6d.$
Pale dried or smoked	228s.
Country Cut Sides—	per cwt.
Green	184s. 6d.
Pale dried or smoked	194s. 6d.
Special Sides, Birmingham Style—	014 07
Green	214s. 6d
Pale dried or smoked	222s. 6d.,
Ayrshire Rolls; Skin off	222s. 6d
Square Shoulders—	150 07
Bone in; Green	150s. 6d.
Bone in; Pale dried or smoked Shank Bone in; Rolled; Green	163s. $163s.$
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	174s. 6d.
Boneless; Rolled; Green	167s.
Boneless; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	179s. 6d.
New York Shoulders—	
Bone in; Green	1478.
Bone in; Pale dried or smoked	160s.
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Green	161s. 6d.
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked Boneless; Rolled; Green	173s. 165s. 6d.
Boneless; Rolled; Green Boneless; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	179s. 6d.
Picnics—	21001001
Bone in; Green	125s. 6d.
Bone in; Pale dried or smoked	140s.
Boneless; Green	139s.
Boneless; Pale dried or smoked	155s.

	per cwt.
Roth Chang	per ewe.
Bath Chaps—	173s.
Green	196s.
	1908.
Sheet Ribs—	
Green	$41s.\ 6d.$
Pale dried or smoked	$46s.\ 6d.$
Hams (except Skinless or Fatless Hams)—	
Bone in; Imported; Green	178s. 6d.
Bone in; Home Cured; Green	187s. 6d.
Bone in; Pale dried or smoked	194s. 6d.
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Green	197s. 6d.
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	213s. 6d.
Boneless; Rolled; Green	203s.
Boneless; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	220s. 6d.
	,5,000000000000000000000000000000000000
Hams (Skinless or Fatless)—	175s.
Bone in; Green	191s.
	191s. 198s. 6d.
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Green Shank Bone in; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	215s. 0a.
Shank Bone in; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked Boneless: Rolled: Green	204s. 6d.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	204s. 0a. $222s.$
Boneless; Rolled; Pale dried or smoked	2228.
COOKED BACON AND HAMS:	
Shoulders—	
	198s.
Bone in Shank Bone in; Rolled	215s.
	221s.
	2213.
Picnics—	105
Bone in	165s.
Hams and other Bacon (except Shoulders and Picnics)	
with Skin on—	
Bone in	236s.
Shank Bone in; Rolled	262s.
Boneless; Rolled	270s.
Hams and other Bacon (except Shoulders and Picnics)	
Skinless—	
Bone in	242s.
Shank Bone in; Rolled	271s.
Boneless; Rolled	280s.
LARD—	
Refined or Home-rendered	$163s.\ 6d.$
Unrefined, Imported	161s.
A charge at the rate of 1s. 9d. per cwt. may be may	de by the
seller when Green Bacon or Ham is washed and drain	ed by the
seller at the request of the buyer.	ca. by the
serier as the request or the buyer.	

1s. 6d.

Third Schedule.

(a) On a sale by retail of any Pale dried or smoked Bacon or Ham in slices or pieces (other than those specified in sub-clause (b)) the following prices to apply:—

	a a a b a b b a b b a b b a b a b b a a b a a b a a b a a a b a	ined in
р.		per lb.
(Back, Streak, or any part of Middle with usual	P
	Bone, but excepting Flank.	
	Rolled Bacon or Ham except Shoulder meat	
	and Collar and except Trimmings and	
	Shanks.	0 - 1
1. <	Boneless Bacon or Ham, or Bacon or Ham	2s. 4d.
	from which the Bone has been removed, except Shoulder meat and Collar, and except	
	Flank, Trimmings and Shanks.	
	Best cut of Ham or Gammon with the Bone	
	therein.	
II.	Shoulder meat and Collar without the Bone,	0- 04
11.	but excepting Trimmings and Shanks.	2s. 0d.
	Shoulder meat with Bone, excepting Hock and	
III.	Shank.	1s. 8d.
19	Gammon Hock or Ham Hock without Shank	
IV.	Flank	1s. 4d.
1 7 . <	Gammon Hock or Ham Hock with Shank	1s. 4a.
	Trimmings without Bone	
	Hocks cut close	1s. 0d.
37. T	Shanks with or without Bone	0.1
V 1.	Sheet Ribs	8d.
VII.	Bones	2d.
The e	expression "Shoulder meat" shall include Picn	ics.
The e	expression "Shank" shall mean the small piece	ce at the
	e end of the Shoulder or Ham or Gammon. a sale by retail of cuts of Pale dried or smoked	Rosen or
	Ham sold whole with Bone in, the following	
	apply:—	prices to
		per lb.
	(Middle with Flank)	P
Ι. «	Long Clear, Long Clear Middle, Ayrshire	2s. 3d.
1.	Roll and Dried Irish Roll	45. Ju.
	(Special Side, Birmingham Style)	
	[Ham	
	Wiltshire Side	
	Country Cut Cide	
II.	Cumberland Side	2s. 0d.
	Dublin Side	
	Long Rih	
	Bath Chaps	
***	(Fore	
III		1s. 8d.
	(New York Shoulder)	

IV.

Picnics ...

Registra-

tion of Dealers

- (c) On a sale by retail of Green Bacon or Ham the prices in sub-clauses (a) and (b) above to be reduced by $1\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. except No. VII. of sub-clause (a).
- (d) (a)On a sale by retail of Cooked Bacon or Ham the following prices to apply:—

	ре	er lb.
Cooked Ham and other Bacon (except Shoulder		
meat) without Skin and without Bone	2s.	10d.
Cooked Ham and other Bacon (except Shoulder		
meat) with Skin, but without Bone	2s.	8d.
Cooked Hams (whole) with Skin and with Bone	2s.	$4\frac{1}{2}d$.
Cooked Shoulder Meat (except Picnics) without		24
Skin and without Bone	2s.	6d.
Cooked Shoulder Meat (except Picnics) with Skin		
but without Bone	25.	4d.
Cooked Picnics without Bone		
Cooked Picnics with Bone	-	

(e) On a sale by retail of Refined or Home-rendered Lard the price to be per lb. 1s. 8d.

THE BACON, HAM AND LARD (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 29TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 797.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. (a) A person shall not deal in Ireland in Bacon, Ham or Lard, by wholesale, either on his own account or for the account of any other person or by retail:
 - (i) after the 13th July, 1918, except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he has applied for a certificate of registration as a wholesale or retail dealer in Bacon, Ham or Lard; or
 - (ii) after the 17th August, 1918, except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is holder of a certificate of registration as a wholesale or retail dealer in Bacon, Ham or Lard for the time being in force granted by the Committee.

· But this shall not prevent a retail dealer who has duly applied or is duly registered from selling from

of sub-clause (d) has been postponed until further notice.

his cart in the ordinary course of business. (a) Under a Direction dated 24th July, 1918, printed at p. 79, the operation

Upon the refusal of a certificate of registration the applicant's

title, if any, to deal in Bacon, Ham or Lard shall cease.

(b) A person duly entitled may receive certificates of registration both as a wholesale dealer and as a retail dealer on making due application in both capacities.

- (c) A person registered as a Bacon Curer under the provisions of the Irish Pigs (Control) (Ireland) Order, 1918,(a) may be registered as a retail dealer but shall not be registered as a wholesale dealer.
- 2. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made to the Secretary, Food Control Committee for Ireland, Kilworth House, Kildare Street, Dublin, on a form to be prescribed by the Committee and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent, when the signature of the applicant by his authorised agent is permitted by the Committee.

entitled to

Mode of

Application.

3. (a) A person who (or whose predecessor in business) was Persons on the 1st March, 1918, and who now is carrying on business as a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer in Bacon, Ham or Lard, or both as a wholesale dealer and a retail dealer shall, on making application before the 13th July, 1918, be entitled to receive a certificate of registration or certificates of registration, as the case may be, in respect of the premises in, about or in connection with which such business or businesses was being carried on.

receive certificates.

- (b) A person who carries on his business at more than one shop or place shall be entitled on making the proper applications to receive a separate certificate of registration in respect of each such shop or place.
- 4. The Committee shall not refuse a certificate of registration Grounds for duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under the preceding clause of this Order, except in circumstances in which the Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had been already granted.

Refusal.

5. The Committee may, in any case in which in their opinion Power to it is desirable to do so, grant to any other person a certificate of registration under this Order.

grant new certificates.

Form of

certificate.

6. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Committee, and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Committee may determine.

Revocation of certificate

7. The Committee may revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Order, if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificates if required to do so by the Food Controller.

⁽a) IRISH PIGS (CONTROL) (IRELAND) ORDER.—That Order is printed p. 322.

Register of Holders of Certificates.

a Business.

8. The Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Order.

Transfer of 9. In the e

9. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration, to deal in Bacon, Ham or Lard, from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

Inspection and Information and Duties.

10. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is registered accurate records as to any Bacon, Ham or Lard dealt in by him and such other matters as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the Authority of the Food Controller or the Committee, as to the form and contents of such records, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept, under this clause, and all relevant books, The holder shall also observe such documents and accounts. directions relating to his trade or business in Bacon, Ham or Lard as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require.

Custody and production of certificate.

11. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the premises or some one of the premises to which it relates, and every holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon the demand of any officer or constable of police or any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

Forms, &c., already issued, to be dated.

12. All forms of application and other documents, instructions and directions issued, whether before or after the date of this Order, by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee purporting to be issued under this Order or headed "Bacon, Ham and Lard (Registration of Dealers) (Ireland) Order, 1918," and all applications made upon any such form and all acts to be done pursuant to any such instructions and directions shall be deemed respectively to have been issued, made and done under and pursuant to this Order.

Interpretation.

13. For the purposes of this Order "Committee" shall mean the Food Control Committee for Ireland appointed by the Food Controller.

Exception.

14. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to:

Sales by retail of cooked Bacon or Ham by a person in

the ordinary course of his trade. Penalty. 15. Infringements of this Order ar

15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

16. (a) This Order may be cited as the Bacon, Ham and Lard Title and (Registration of Dealers) (Ireland) Order, 1918. (b) This Order shall apply only to Ireland.

extent of Order.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th June, 1918.

RATIONING ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 17TH, 1918.

[This Order printed in Group 14A ("Rationing Schemes") p. 522), prescribes Meat to be a Rationed Food.

DIRECTION, DATED 24TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE BACON. HAM AND LARD (PRICES) ORDER, 1918.

1918. No. 922.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby directs that the operation of sub-clause (d) of the Third Schedule(a) of the above Order S.R. & O., (which fixes maximum retail prices for cooked Bacon and Ham) No. 766 of shall be postponed until further notice.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. II. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

24th July, 1918.

DIRECTIONS FOR RETAILERS OF BACON AND HAM; AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These directions are printed in Group 14a. ("Rationing Schemes ") (p. 540.)]

DIRECTIONS RELATING TO THE AMOUNT OF RATIONED FOOD, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These directions are printed in Group 14a. ("Rationing Schemes ") (p. 546).]

⁽a) Sub-clause (d) of the Third Schedule of the Order is printed p. 76.

2. Beans, Peas and Pulse.

Beans, Peas and Pulse (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 81.
Beans, Peas and Pulse (Retail Prices) Order, 1917, p. 82.
General Licence thereunder (Peas in Packages), p. 83.
General Licence thereunder (Seed Beans and Peas), p. 84.
Burmah Peas and Beans, Order requisitioning, p. 80.
Damaged Grain, Seeds, and Pulse (Prices) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 84.
Feeding of Game Order, 1917, p. 80.

Horses (Rationing) Order, 1918, p. 84.
Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917, as amend

Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917, as amended, p. 84. Testing of Seeds Order, 1918, p. 84.

THE FEEDING OF GAME ORDER, 1917. DATED JANUARY 11, 1917.

[This Order, printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 88), prohibits the feeding of pulse, &c., to game birds.]

ORDER OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER, DATED MAY 1, 1917, REQUISITIONING CERTAIN BURMAH PEAS AND BEANS.(a)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- (1) The original consigness of all Burmah peas and beans for which tonnage has been or may be engaged or allocated, and which have not arrived at the date of this Order and which shall arrive in the United Kingdom, shall place and hold such peas and beans at the disposal of the Food Controller:
- (2) The peas and beans are taken over by the Food Controller from the original consignees, at the price, for Rangoon hand-picked white beans, of £37 per ton nett delivered weight in bags c.i.f. to the United Kingdom, including war risk with customary trade conditions as set out in the Burmah bean contract of the Eondon Rice Brokers' Association. All other varieties of beans and the peas are taken over at corresponding prices but otherwise on the same terms:
- (3) Except as otherwise determined by the Food Controller in any particular case, all contracts for sale of any such peas or beans made by the original consignees or any persons claiming under them are cancelled, and sellers and/or buyers are to stand released from all liability as to brokerage:

⁽a) APPLICATION OF ORDER TO ORIGINAL CONSIGNEES.—This is provided for by the Defence of the Realm (Beans, Peas and Pulse Orders) Act, 1918 (8 & 9 Geo. 5. c. 12).

- (4) The original consignees are required to furnish the Food Controller on or before the 7th May, 1917, with full particulars of tonnage engaged or allocated for Burmah peas or beans and such other particulars as may from time to time be required:
- (5) The expression "original consignees" shall mean the shipper or the person to whom the peas or beans have been or may be originally consigned.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

1st May, 1917.

THE BEANS, PEAS AND PULSE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917.

DATED MAY 16, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 457.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. All persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any beans, peas or pulse suitable for human food which have arrived in the United Kingdom or which shall hereafter arrive (except beans, peas and pulse arrived which have been sold by the original consignees and paid for by the purchasers) shall place and hold such beans, peas and pulse at the disposal of the Food Controller.
- 2. The beans, peas and pulse are taken over by the Food Controller from the original consignees and the Food Controller will subsequently communicate to them the prices which he will be prepared to pay for the same.
- 3. Except as otherwise determined by the Food Controller in any particular case all contracts made by the original consignees or any persons claiming under them for the sale of any beans, peas and pulse taken over under this Order are cancelled, and sellers and/or buyers are to stand released from all liability as to brokerage.
- 4. The arbitrator to determine in default of Agreement the compensation to be paid for stocks requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chief Justice of England.
- 5. The original consignees shall on or before the 21st May, 1917, furnish to the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies, Trafalgar House, Waterloo Place, S.W.1, full particulars of all beans, peas and puise taken over under this Order.

⁽a) APPLICATION OF ORDER TO ORIGINAL CONSIGNEES.—This is provided for by the Defence of the Realm (Beans, Peas and Pulse Orders) Act, 1918 (8 & 9 Geo. 5. c. 12).

6. This Order shall apply to all peas, beans and pulse imported or to be imported into the United Kingdom except as mentioned above and except Burmah peas and beans taken over by the Food Controller under an Order in that behalf dated 1st May, 1917.(a)

7. This Order may be cited as the Beans, Peas and Pulse

(Requisition) Order, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

16th May, 1917.

THE BEANS, PEAS AND PULSE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.

DATED MAY 29, 1917.

1917. No. 511.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Maximum prices for beans, peas and pulse. 1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall sell or buy or offer to sell or buy by retail any beans, peas or pulse of the descriptions mentioned in the Schedule at prices exceeding the prices applicable as therein specified.(b)

Packages.

2. The maximum price shall include all charges for bags and other packages and no additional charge may be made therefor.

Method of sale and use.

3. All such peas, beans and pulse shall be sold by weight only and shall be used only for human consumption.

Fictitious transactions.

4. No person shall in connection with a sale or proposed sale of any article to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or unreasonable transaction or make or propose to make any unreasonable charge.

Penalty.

5. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.

Title of Order. 6. This Order may be cited as the Beans, Peas and Pulse (Retail Prices) Order, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

⁽a) ORDER AS TO BURMAH PEAS AND BEANS.—That Order is printed p. 80.

⁽b) Sale of Beans and Peas at Prices Exceeding Maxima.—By the Controller's General Licence of August 14, 1917 (p. 83) the sale by retail in packages of peas to which the May Order applies at prices exceeding those permitted by that Order was authorised, and by General Licence of January 31, 1918 (p. 84), the sale of seed beans and peas at prices exceeding those permitted by the Order was authorised.

General Licence under Beans, Peas and Pulse (Retail Prices) Order, 1917.

Schedule.

	Until June 30th, 1917.	During July, 1917.	On and after August, 1917.
Large Butter Beans White Haricot Beans Coloured Haricot Beans Blue and Green Peas (Whole and Split). Large Manufactured Lentils Small Manufactured Lentils Yellow Split Peas	per lb. 10d. 8d. 7½d. 9d. 8d. 7d. 6d.	per lb. 9d. 7d. 6½d. 9d. 8d. 7d. 6d.	per lb. 8d. 6d. 5 d. 9d. 8d. 7d. 6d.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED AUGUST 14, 1917, UNDER THE BEANS, PEAS AND PULSE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1917, No. 823.

The Food Controller hereby authorises, until further notice, the sale and purchase by retail in packages of peas to which the above Order applies, subject to the following conditions:—

- 1. The package may contain only peas and a bag of cooking requisites, and no packets shall be sold except packets of the approximate gross weight of 1 lb., $\frac{3}{4}$ lb., or $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.
- 2. There shall be plainly printed on the outside of the package the name of the person by or for whom it was packed, the month in which it was packed, the gross weight of the packet and the net weight of the peas.
- 3. A 1 lb. (gross weight) packet may be sold at a price not exceeding 9d., provided that the net weight of the peas is not less than $14\frac{1}{2}$ ozs.
- 4. A $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. (gross weight) packet may be sold at a price not exceeding $6\frac{1}{2}d$., provided that the net weight of the peas is not less than $10\frac{3}{4}$ ozs.
- 5. A $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. (gross weight) packet may be sold at a price not exceeding $4\frac{1}{2}d$., provided that the net weight of the peas is not less than $6\frac{3}{4}$ ozs.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

August 14th, 1917.

⁽a) BEANS, PEAS AND PULSE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 82.

THE HORSE AND POULTRY MIXTURES ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER OF MAY 13, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 112), relates, *inter alia*, to beans and pulse.]

THE DAMAGED GRAIN, SEEDS AND PULSE (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.

DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917, AS AMENDED BY ORDER OF
MAY 10, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 116), applies also to damaged pulse.]

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JANUARY 31, 1918, UNDER THE BEANS, PEAS AND PULSE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 113.

The Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice, the sale and purchase specifically for seed purposes of Beans and Peas whether Home Grown or Imported at prices in excess of the prices permitted by the above Order but subject to compliance with the provisions of the Testing of Seeds Order, 1917.(b)

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st January, 1918.

THE HORSES (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 10, 1918. [This Order, printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 164), restricts the feeding of beans to horses.]

THE TESTING OF SEEDS ORDER, 1918. DATED JUNE 17, 1918. [This Order, printed in Group 15 ("Seeds and Nuts") (p. 553), relates, inter alia, to pea and bean seeds.]

of Seeds Order, 1918, which is printed in Group 15 ("Seeds and Nuts").

⁽a) Beans, Peas and Pulse (Retail Prices) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 82.
(b) Testing of Seeds Order, 1917.—That Order was revoked by Testing

2^{A.} Beehive Section.

THE BEEHIVE SECTION (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED тне 10тн Мау, 1918.

1918. No. 521.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:--

1. A person shall not on or after the 13th May, 1918, Maximum sell or offer to expose for sale or buy or offer to buy 1 lb. beehive Prices. sections of a description or quality set out in the schedules to this Order at prices exceeding the maximum prices applicable thereto according to the provisions of this Order.

Sale of Bee-

Charges.

2. The maximum prices shall be as follows:—

hive sections (a) On the occasion of a wholesale sale at the rates set out by wholesale in the First Schedule to this Order; and and retail.

(b) On the occasion of a retail sale at the rates set out in the Second Schedule to this Order.

3. On the occasion of any sale:—

(a) No charge may be made for boxes, packages, or packing or for giving credit;

'(b) The price is a price ex seller's premises, and all cost of transport from such premises shall be for the buyer's account.

4. A person shall not in connection with the sale or disposition Offers. or proposed sale or disposition of any beehive sections to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

5. For the purposes of this Order:—

Interpreta-The expression "wholesale sale" shall mean the sale of tion. any quantity to a person buying for the purpose of re-sale.

The expression "retail sale" shall mean any sale other

than a wholesale sale.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. This Order may be cited as the Beehive Section (Maximum Title.

Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th May, 1918.

First Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES ON WHOLESALE SALES.

Column 1.		Column 2.
		ximum prices
	Ra	te per 1,000.
Description of beehive sections—		401.00
First quality:		s. d.
Split top	•••	43 9
	•••	45 9
Second quality:		.1 7
Split top	•••	42 0
Grooved 3 sides and split 4th side		43 9

Second Schedule. MAXIMUM PRICES ON RETAIL SALES.

Column 1.	1		Column 2.		
	Maximum Prices.				
Description of		When	re number sold	is:	
Beehive Sections.	49 or less at the rate per 25 of	50 or over but less than 100, at the rate per 50 of	but less than 500, at the rate per 100 of	500 or over but less than 1000, at the rate per 500 of	1000 or over at the rate per 1,000 of
First Quality Split top Grooved 3 sides	s. d. 1 7	s. d. 3 0	s. d. 5 6	s. d. 25 6	s. d. 50 0
and split 4th side	1 9	3 3	6 0	26 6	52 0
Second Quality Split top Grooved 3 sides	1 6	2 11	5 4	24 6	48 0
and split 4th side	1 8	3 2	5 10	25 6	50 0

3. Bread, Flour and Cereals.(a)(b)

Barley (Export from Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 151.

Barley (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 93.

Barley (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 153. Barley (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 108.

Bread Order, 1913, p. 168.

Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 121.

Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1918, p. 159.

Cake and Pastry Order, 1917, p. 94.

Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917, p. 122. Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1918, p. 135.

Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 143. General Licence thereunder (Imported Millers' Offals—charge

for sacks) p. 167.
Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Priority Supply) Order, 1918, p. 128.

Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 131. Damaged Grain, Seeds and Pulse (Prices) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 116.

Dealings in Oats (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 102. Deer (Restriction of Feeding) Order, 1918, p. 130.

Dredge Corn Order, 1917, p. 119. Feeding of Game Order, 1917, p. 88.

Flour (Restriction) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 155.

Flour and Bread (Prices) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 109.
General Licence thereunder (Charge for Flour Bags), p. 129.
Licence thereunder (Prices of loaves of bread sold in Dublin),

p. 172. Flour and Bread (Registration) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 160.

Flour Mills Order, 1917, p. 98.

Flour Mills Order No. 2, 1917, p. 104.

Flour Mills (Prohibition of Smoking) Order, 1918, p. 155. Foreign Holdings (Returns) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 154. Grain (Prices) Order, 1917 (Grain of 1917), as amended, p. 105.

Growing Grain Crops Order, 1918, p. 163.

Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917, as amended, p. 112. General Licence thereunder (Constituents of Mixtures), p. 130.

General Licence thereunder (Bags for Poultry Mixtures), p. 141.

Horses (Rationing) Order 1918, p. 164.

Maize, Barley and Oats (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 99. Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 89.

Directions thereunder (Sale and use of Imported Flour), p. 120. Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 3), 1917, p. 92. Out and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917, p. 100.

[See next page.

(a) Orders as to Malt and Malting.—These Orders are printed in group 4, ("Brewing, Malting and Intoxicating Liquors,") pp. 173-200.

(b) Use of Grain or Rice for Manufacture of Spirits.—Regula-

⁽b) USE OF GRAIN OR RICE FOR MANUFACTURE OF SPIRITS.—Regulation 30D of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, printed in Part VIII of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 408, prohibits the use of Grain or Rice in the Manufacture of Whiskey, &c., without a permit from the Minister of Munitions. Further restrictions on the use of Grain and Rice are imposed by the Food Controller's Orders, printed in this Group 3.

Out and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 103.

Oatmeal (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 141.

Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 152.

Oats (Scotland and Ireland Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 133.

Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 132.

Rice (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 134.

Testing of Seeds Order, 1918, p. 172.

Wheat, Barley and Oats (Prices) Order, 1917 (Grain of 1916),

Wheat (Channel Islands and Isle of Man Export) Order, 1917, p. 112.

Wheat, Rye and Rice (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 97.

THE FEEDING OF GAME ORDER, 1917. DATED JANUARY 11, 1917.

1917. No. 66.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulation 1914, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller orders as follows: -

- 1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller, no person shall feed any game birds with any wheat, pulse or other grain or foodstuffs.
- 2. Any person acting in contravention of this Order is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 3. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "game birds" shall include pheasants, partridges, quail, and wild duck.
- 4.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Feeding of Game Order, 1917.
- (2) This Order shall come into force on the 15th day of January, 1917.

Devonport, Food Controller.

Interpretation.

No grain to

game birds.

be fed to

Penalty.

Short Title and Commencement of Order.

11th January, 1917.

THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR AND BREAD ORDER (No. 2), 1917. DATED FEBRUARY 24, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 187.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall manufacture any wheaten flour other than a straight run flour.

All wheaten flour to be straight run flour.

2. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no Percentage person shall after 12th March, 1917, mill any wheat so that the percentage of the extract of flour obtained from the cleaned wheat ground in his mill during any month or other period is less than the percentage (hereinafter called the prescribed percentage) ascertained on the basis of the percentages set forth in the Schedule hereto, or such other percentages as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe.

of flour to be obtained from wheat.

Provided always that the following adjustments shall be made in ascertaining the prescribed percentage: -

- (i) The percentage applicable to any Argentine wheat shall be increased by \(\frac{1}{4} \) per cent. in respect of each \(\frac{1}{2} \) lb. by which the actual bushel weight of the Argentine wheat milled shall exceed the bushel weight specified as applicable thereto and shall be decreased by 1 per cent. in respect of each 1 lb. by which the actual bushel weight shall be less than the bushel weight so specified.
- (ii) In any case where the total product of the mill in question is obtained exclusively from English, Scotch and Irish wheat or any of them the percentage shall be less by one than the percentage otherwise applicable.

3.—(a) Except under the authority of the Food Controller Mixtures. there shall, after the 12th March, 1917, (b) be mixed with the wheaten flour not more than 15(b) per cent. and not less than $\tilde{\mathfrak{I}}(\mathbf{b})$ per cent. of flour obtained from rice, barley, maize, maize semolina, oats, rye or beans or any other cereal for the time being authorised by the Food Controller.

⁽a) SAMPLES OF FLOUR.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures, to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, and as to prosecutions by such Inspectors under Clause 5 of this Order, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III of this

⁽b) MIXTURES.—After April 10th, 1917, the mixture with the wheaten flour is to be not more than 25 and not less than 10 per cent. See The Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 3), 1917, printed p. 92.

- (b) The mixture shall be made either by addition to the wheaten flour after it has been milled, or by milling the permitted cereals with wheat, or partly in one way and partly in the other way. In any case rice shall be milled to a 95 per cent. extraction, maize semolina to a 70 per cent. extraction, and maize and barley to a 60 per cent. extraction.
- (c) The mixture shall be made by the miller before selling or otherwise disposing of his flour.

Imported flour.

4. Imported flour shall be dealt with only in manner prescribed by the Food Controller from time to time.(a)

Manufacture of bread.

5. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall after the 26th March, 1917, sell or offer for sale or manufacture bread or any other article of food for which wheaten flour is used unless the wheaten flour used therein is flour which has been manufactured and otherwise dealt with as required by this Order.(b)

Provision as to statutes.

6. For the purpose of any statute, wheaten flour which has been mixed with flour obtained from rice, barley, maize, maize semolina, oats, rye, beans, in manner provided by this Order or has been otherwise mixed in manner authorised by the Food Controller, and does not contain any other ingredient, shall be deemed to be exclusively composed of wheaten flour. (b)

Penalty.

7. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(c)

Title and commencement of Order.

8. This Order may be cited as the Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917.

Devonport,

24th February, 1917.

Food Controller.

(a) SALE AND USE OF IMPORTED FLOUR.—See Directions, dated Nov. 27, 1917, of the Controller, printed p. 120, which permit Imported Flour to be mixed with flour milled and mixed in the United Kingdom, subject to the following restrictions, viz.:—The proportion of imported flour in the mixture shall not exceed 25 per cent. except (a) when sold by retail in Scotland or (b) when used in Scotland for some purpose other than the manufacture of biscuits intended for wholesale sale, in which cases the proportion shall not exceed 50 per cent. 5

(b) WHEATEN FLOUR.—The Bread Acts which are referred to in footnote (b), p. 168, to Clause 2 of the Bread Order, 1918, prohibited the admixture with wheaten flour of any ingredients, and the Sale of Food and Drug Acts impose

penalties on the adulteration of flour.

(c) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4. "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433 of the "Food (Snpply and Production) Manual"), which was added to the Code since this Order was made, provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

Schedule.

Description of Wheat.	Perc	centage.
Choice Bombay		83
Australian	•••	83
Blue Stem		81½
Walla Walla (White and Red)		$80\frac{7}{2}$
Chilian		80
New Zealand		81
English	•••	81
Scotch		80
Irish		81
No. 2 Club Calcutta		80
Choice White Kurrachee		80
Soft Red Kurrachee		80
Rosafe 62 lbs		78
Baril 61½ lbs		78
Barletta Russo 61½ lbs		78
No. 1 Hard Manitoba		81
No. 1 Northern Manitoba		80
No. 2 ditto		78
No. 3 ditto		76
No. 4 ditto. Commercial Grade No. 5 ditto. ditto. No. 6 ditto. ditto. No. 4 ditto. Special Commercial Grade No. 5 ditto.		75
No. 5 ditto. ditto.		72
No. 6 ditto. ditto.		67
No. 4 ditto. Special Commercial Gra	ade	70
No. 5 ditto. ditto. No. 6 ditto. ditto.		63
No. 6 ditto. ditto.		53
No. 1 Hard and Montana Winter (1916)		82
No. 2 Hard Winter (Chicago or Atlant	ic)	
Grading (1916)		81
No 2 Hard Winter (Gulf Inspection) (19:	16)	80
No. 2 Red Winter (Western) (1916)	• • •	81
No. 2 ditto. (Seaboard Inspection) (19)	16)	80
Steamer Grade Winters (1916)		79.
Red Winters. All other Grades (1916)		81
Canadian Winters, Red or White		80
No. 2 Chicago Spring (1915)		77
Durum		77
Japanese		79
Feed Wheat, Manitoba (1916)		43

THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR AND BREAD ORDER (No. 3), 1917.

DATED APRIL 4, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 315.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2F and 2J of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that the Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2) 1917 (hereinafter called the principal order)(b) shall be varied as follows:—

1. In lieu of the mixtures mentioned in Article 3 (a) of the principal order, there shall after the 10th April 1917 be mixed with the wheaten flour therein referred to, not more than 25 per cent. and not less than 10 per cent. of flour obtained from the cereals mentioned in such article, and the principal Order shall stand varied accordingly.

2. This Order may be cited as the Manufacture of Flour

and Bread Order (No. 3.) 1917.

4th April, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

THE WHEAT, BARLEY AND OATS (PRICES) ORDER, 1917, DATED APRIL 16, 1917, RELATING TO GRAIN HARVESTED IN 1916.(c)(d)

1917. No. 363.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no wheat, barley (other than kiln dried barley) or oats harvested in the United Kingdom in the year 1916 may be sold at prices exceeding prices at the following rates:—

Wheat—78s. per quarter of 480 lbs. Barley—65s. per quarter of 400 lbs. Oats—55s. per quarter of 312 lbs.

(a) Samples of Flour.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR AND BREAD ORDER (No. 2), 1917 — That Order is printed p. 89.

(c) APPLICATION OF ORDER.—On April 19th it was announced that the Order would not apply prior to 26th May to bonâ fide sales of grain (for seed purposes) to growers.

On April 30th a general permit was issued entitling wholesale dealers to add a commission of 1s. per quarter to the prices in the Order and retail dealers to add a further 2s. per quarter, the price with all commissions added in no event to exceed by more than 3s. the prices in the Order. This general permit also took the opportunity of stating the terms upon which the prices in the Order were understood to be based. The Order refers only to home grown wheat, barley and oats of the 1916 crop and excludes kiln dried barley.

(d) MAXIMUM PRICES FOR GRAIN HARVESTED IN 1917.—See Grain (Prices)

Order, 1917, p. 105.

Maximum prices.

2. The buyer shall be entitled to require the grain to be placed Delivery. on rail or (at the option of the seller) to be delivered to the buyer's premises, and no additional charge may be made in

respect thereof.

3. Except in so far as the Food Controller may in any par- Contracts. ticular case otherwise determine, the following provision shall have effect in the case of any contract subsisting at the date of this Order for the sale of any of the grains mentioned where the contract price exceeds the permitted maximum price:-

The contract shall stand so far as concerns any such grain which has been paid for or has been delivered or which under the contract is to be delivered within one month from the date of

such contract, but otherwise shall be avoided.

4. No person shall sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any of the Offers and grain mentioned at a price exceeding the permitted maximum conditions. price or in connection with a sale or proposed sale of any such grain enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make any unreasonable charge.

5. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or Penalty abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(a)

6. This Order may be cited as the Wheat, Barley and Oats Title of (Prices) Order, 1917.

16th April, 1917.

Devonport, Food Controller.

THE BARLEY (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917, DATED APRIL 16, 1917, AS AMENDED BY APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918(b), DATED MARCH 11, 1918.

1917 No. 364, as amended by 1918 No. 294.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2F and 2G of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. All persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any barley (other than home grown barley which has not been kiln dried) shall place such barley at the disposal of the Food Controller and shall deliver the same to him or such persons as may be named by him in such quantities and at such time as the Food Controller may from time to time require.
- 2. Pending any direction no person shall remove or otherwise dispose of any such barley (whether in pursuance of a contract

(b) APPOINTMENT OF ARKITRATORS ORDER, 1918.—That Order substituted

a new clause for Clause 5 of the present Order.

⁽a) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—See footnote (c) to Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

existing at the date of this Order or not) and all persons concerned shall take such steps as may be reasonably necessary to maintain

the same in good condition.

3. All persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of such barley shall on or before the 30th April, 1917, furnish to the Food Controller, Grosvenor House, Upper Grosvenor Street, London, W.1, a statement on forms to be obtained from the Food Controller, giving particulars of all such barley in their possession or under their control at the date of this Order, and of all their existing contracts if any for the sale of such barley.

4. The Food Controller will subsequently communicate to the owners of barley taken over by him the prices which he will be

prepared to pay for the same.

- 5. The Arbitrator to determine in default of agreement the compensation to be paid for any article requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, and by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.(a)
 - 6. This Order shall not apply

(a) to persons who do not own more than 25 qrs. (448 lbs. per quarter) of barley at the date of the Order;

(b) to barley in the hands of or held to the order of flour

millers at the date of this Order;

(c) to barley agreed to be sold to the Royal Commission on

the Wheat Supply.

7. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent. (b)

8. This Order may be cited as the Barley (Requisition) Order,

1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

16th April, 1917.

THE CAKE AND PASTRY ORDER, 1917. DATED APRIL 18, 1917.(c) 1917. No. 372.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders

(b) LIABILITY OF DIFECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—See footnote (c) to Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 5.—This clause was inserted in its present form by the Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 294).

⁽c) Samples of Flour.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, and as to prosecutions by such Inspectors under this Order, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. No person shall after the 21st April, 1917, make or attempt Making and to make for sale, or after the 24th April, 1917, sell or offer to sell sale of cakes or have in his possession for sale:-

and pastries.

(a) Any crumpet, muffin, tea cake or fancy bread, or any light or fancy pastries, or any other like article.

- (b) Any cake, bun, scone or biscuit, which does not conform to the requirements of the two following provisions of this Order.
- 2. In the making of any cake, bun, scone or biscuit, no edible Added substance shall be added to the exterior of the cake mixture or substances. dough after it has been mixed, or to the article during the process of or after baking.

3. Cake.—No cake shall contain more than 15 per cent. of Flour and sugar or more than 30 per cent. of wheaten flour.

Bun.—No bun shall contain more than 10 per cent. of sugar or

more than 50 per cent. of wheaten flour.

Scone.—No scone shall contain any sugar or more than 50 per cent. of wheaten flour.

Biscuit.—No biscuit shall contain more than 15 per cent. of

sugar.

The percentage shall be determined in every case by reference to the weight of the baked article taken at any time. The percentage of sugar shall be ascertained by analysis of a sample representing a fair average of the whole article, and all sugar contained in the baked article shall be taken into account, in whatsoever form it may have been introduced.

4. The foregoing provisions of this Order shall not apply to any Exceptions. cake or biscuit proved to have been made before the 23rd April, 1917.

5. The provisions of the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts relating Warranties. to warranties and invoices shall apply to any proceedings under the foregoing provisions of this Order in the same way as they apply to proceedings under those Acts.(2)

S. ? of the Margarine Act, 1887 (50 & 51 Vict., c. 52), makes provision as to warranties, and s. 12 of that Act provides for proceedings thereunder being the same as are prescribed by ss. 12 to 28 of the Sale of Food and

Drugs Act, 1875.

⁽a) Provisions of Sale of Food and Drugs Acts as to Warranties AND INVOICES.—S. 25 of the 1875 Act (38 & 39 Vict. c. 63) provides that if a defendant in any prosecution under that Act proves that he bought the article in the same state as sold and with a warranty he shall be discharged. There must be some writing connecting the particular consignment with the warranty. A series of reported cases turn on the question as to whether an invoice amounts to a warranty and it would seem that it does so amount if it contains a statement guaranteeing the article, provided that it can be regarded as the actual contract of sale.

S. 20 of the 1899 Act (62 & 63 Vict. c. 51) provides that a warranty or invoice shall not be available as a defence unless the defendant sends a copy thereof to the purchaser within 7 days after service of the summons and makes further provision as to warranties.

Inspection.

6. Any person authorised by the Food Controller, and any Inspector of Weights and Measures(a) may enter upon any premises where he has reason to suspect any article is being made or sold or exposed for sale in contravention of this Order, and take samples thereof.

Clubs.

7. This Order shall apply to articles made or supplied in Clubs in the same way as it applies to articles made or supplied for sale.

Rationing of Tea Shops.(**b**)

8.—(a) The following provision shall apply to every public eating place as defined in the Public Meals Order 1917 which is excepted from that Order under clause 7 (b) thereof:—

No individual customer shall be served at any meal whatsoever which begins between the hours of 3 p.m. and 6 p.m. with more than 2 ozs. in the whole of bread, cake,

bun, scone and biscuit.

(b) This clause shall not apply to any public eating place where:—

(1) No customer is ever charged more than 6d. in respect of a meal (including the charge for beverages) begun between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m. which does not include

meat, fish or eggs; and

(2) There is exhibited on every tariff card and also in a conspicuous position in every room where meals are usually served a notice to the effect that no customer will be so charged.

(c) This clause shall not come into force until the 23rd April,

1917.

Interpretation. 9. For the purpose of this Order the expression "Wheaten Flour" shall mean any flour for the time being authorised to be used in the manufacture of wheaten bread, and the expression "sugar" shall include glucose.

Penalty.

10. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids and abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent. (c)

Title.

11. This Order may be cited as the Cake and Pastry Order, 1917.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

18th_April, 1917.

(c) Liability of Directors, &c., of Company.—See footnote (c) to Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

⁽a) INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—See footnote (a) to Clause 14 of Bread Order 1918 p. 170

of Bread Order, 1918, p. 170.

(b) RATIONING OF TEA SHOPS.—Clause 8 is superseded by the Public Meals Order, 1918, printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals"), p. 513. It is also revoked as regards Great Britain by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

THE WHEAT, RYE AND RICE (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED APRIL 20, 1917.

1917, No. 376.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned : -

1.—(a) No person shall use any wheat or rye except for the Wheat and purpose of seed or except in the process of manufacturing flour.

rye to be used only for seed or

- (b) This clause shall not apply to tailings or screenings or to wheat or rve which has been so damaged as to be unsaleable for milling.
- 2.—(a) No person shall after the 28th April, 1917, use any Use of wheaten flour, rye flour, rice or rice flour, except in the manufac- wheaten ture of articles suitable for human food, or use any article containing any wheaten flour, rye flour, rice or rice flour except as human food.

flour, etc.

- (b) This clause shall not apply to wheaten flour, rye flour, rice or rice flour which on the 28th April, 1917, had been so treated as to be unfit for the purposes of human food, or to any article which on the 28th April, 1917, is unfit for such purposes.
- 3. No person shall damage or permit to be damaged or after Damaging the 28th April, 1917, treat or permit to be treated any wheat, wheat, etc. wheaten flour, rye, rye flour, rice or rice flour, or any article containing wheaten flour, rye flour, rice or rice flour so as to render the same less fit for the purposes for which under this Order it is reserved.

- 4. No person shall waste or permit to be wasted any flour or other Waste. article referred to in the last preceding clause.
- 5. Any person authorised by the Food Controller may take Samples. samples of any wheat, wheaten flour, rye, rye flour, rice or rice flour or other article which he has reason to suspect is being used. treated or damaged or is intended to be used, treated or damaged in contravention of this Order.

6. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Wheaten Interpreta-Flour's shall include any flour of which flour obtained from wheat tion. forms part.

Revocation.

7. The Waste of Wheat Order 1916, and the Wheat (Restriction) Order 1917 are hereby revoked(a) without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Penalty.

8. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent. (b)

Title of Order.

9. This Order may be cited as the Wheat, Rye and Rice (Restriction) Order, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

20th April, 1917.

THE FLOUR MILLS ORDER, 1917. DATED APRIL 20, 1917.(c) 1917. No. 377.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2gg of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, which is set out at the foot of this Order,(d) and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. The provisions of Regulation 266 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations are hereby applied as from the 30th April, 1917, to all flour mills in the United Kingdom which at the date of this Order use any wheat in the making of flour except mills the output capacity of which is less than 5 sacks of flour per hour. (e)
 - 2. This Order may be cited as the Flour Mills Order, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

20th April, 1917.

(b) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—See footnote (c) to Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

⁽a) REVOKED ORDERS.—The two revoked Orders are printed at pp. 210, 212 of the February, 1917, Edition of the "Defence of the Realm Manual."

⁽c) Samples of Flour.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽d) REGULATION 2GG.—This Regulation is printed in Part I (p. 10) of this Manual.

⁽e) EFFECT OF ORDER.—The effect of the Order is that the flour mills to which it relates passed into the possession of the Food Controller. See also the Flour Mills Order, No. 2, p. 104, taking possession of all other flour mills.

THE MAIZE, Barley AND OATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED MAY 2, 1917.

1917. No. 404.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons con-. cerned :-

1.—(a) No person shall, after the 9th May, 1917, use or Maize, treat any maize, barley, (a) or oats, or any product obtained from maize, barley, (a) or oats, or any article containing maize. barley, (a) or oats, or containing any such product except for the purposes permitted by this clause.

barley (b) and oats to be used only for seed or human or animal consumption.

- (b) The permitted purposes are seed, human and animal food, and the manufacture of articles of food, but do not include the manufacture of glucose.
- (c) This clause shall not apply to such products and articles as on the 9th May, 1917 are unfit to be used in human or animal food.
- 2. No person shall, after the 9th May, 1917, use or treat any tapioca, sago, manioc, or arrowroot for any purpose except for for human human food or in the manufacture of articles suitable for human food. food.

Tapioca, etc.,

3. Any person authorized by the Food Controller may take Samples. samples of any cereal or other article which he has reason to suspect is being used or treated, or is intended to be used or treated, in contravention of this Order.

4. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids Penalty. or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(b)

⁽a) REVOCATION OF ORDER AS TO BARLEY.—This Order is revoked as regards barley by Art. 7 of the Barley (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 108.

⁽b) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—See footnote (c) to Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

Title of Order. 5. This Order may be cited as the Maize, Barley and Oats (Restriction) Order, 1917.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

2nd May, 1917.

THE Oat and MAIZE PRODUCTS (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED MAY 9, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 429.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Maximum prices for maize meal, oat meal, etc.

- 1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall on or after the 21st May, 1917, sell or buy or offer to sell or buy by retail,
 - (a) any maize flour, maize flakes, maize semolina, hominy, cerealine or maize meal at a price exceeding a price at the rate of 4d.(b) per lb.;
 - (b) any oatmeal, rolled oats or flaked oats or other like products of oats at a price exceeding a price at the rate of $5\frac{1}{2}d.(\mathbf{a})$ per lb.

Packages.

2. The maximum price shall include all charges for bags and other packages and no additional charge may be made therefor.

Fictitious transactions.

3. No person shall in connection with a sale or proposed sale of any article to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or unreasonable transaction or make or propose to make any unreasonable charge.

(b) MAXIMUM PRICES FOR MAIZE MEAL, &c.—From June 18, 1917, the maximum price is decreased to 3½d., see the Oat and Maize Products (Retail

Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 103.

⁽a) REVOCATION OF ORDER AS TO OATS PRODUCTS.—This Order was revoked so far as concerns oatmeal rolled oats or flaked oats and other like products of oats as from December 31st, 1917, by the Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917, printed as amended p. 64 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume, which was superseded by the Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 152 hereof.

4. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise Proprietary determine, this Order shall apply to proprietary brands of the brands. articles mentioned.(a)

(a) List of Firms to whom Licences have been granted to Sell their Proprietary Brands of Oat Products in Excess of the Prices laid down in the Oat Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 152, which Order supersedes the Oat and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Orders, 1917, so far as concerns Oats and Oat Products.

Quaker Oats, Ltd., London: Quaker Oats, 6d. per 1 lb. gross; 11½d. per 2 lbs. gross-R. Robinson & Son, Annan: Robinson's Provost Oats, 6d. per 1 lb.; 11½d. per 2 lbs. gross.

J. Grant & Sons, Ltd., Dundee: Old John Rolled Oats, 111d. per 2 lbs. gross.

J. Inglis & Sons, Leith: Inglis Breakfast Oats, 114d. per 2 lb. gross.

Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Society, Ltd., Glasgow: Unitas Rolled Oats, $11\frac{1}{2}d$. per 2 lbs. gross.

Wm. Ettles, Inverness: Sunkist Oat Kernels, 11d. per 2 lbs. gross.

A. & R. Scott, Ltd., Colinton: Scott's Porridge Oats, 1s. per 2 lbs. nett.

A. & R. Scott, Ltd. Colinton: Scott's M.O.F. Food, 10d. per 1 lb. nett. Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Society, Ltd., Glasgow: Midlothian Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett.

J. Grants & Son, Ltd., Dundee: Grants' Scotch Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett.

J. Inglis & Son, Leith: Inglis Midlothian Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett. J. Panton & Sons, Blairgowrie: Panton's Cream O'Corn, 10d. per 1 lb. nett. C. Carey Thomas & Son, Cardiff: Extra dressed Midlothian Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett.

White, Tomkins & Courage, Ltd., London: Red Star Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett. J. & J. Colman, Ltd., London: Robinson's Patent Groats, Robinson's London Prepared Groats, 1s. per 1 lb. nett.

Ditto, in special bags for hospitals, &c., 9d. per 1 lb. nett.

Geo. King & Co., London: King's Patent Cooked Scotch Oatmeal, 11d. per 1 lb.; 1s. 8d. per 2 lbs.; 5s. 3d. per 7 lbs. nett.

C. Carey Thomas & Son, Cardiff: Milcote Food, 7½d. per 1 lb. nett.

Grimwade, Ridley & Co., Ipswich: Sawer's White Scotch Groats, 9d. per 1 lb. nett.

International Plasmon, Ltd., London: Plasmon Oats, 9d. per 1 lb. nett. Manbre Saccharine Co., Ltd., London: Melah, 6d. per 1 lb. nett.

J. T. Sanders, Kingston: Sanders' Scotch Porridge Meal, 81d. per 1 lb. nett. Blakey's Food Co., Lincoln: Blakey's Genuine Malted Oatmeal, 7d. per 1 lb. nett. Cereal Food Co., Lincoln: Blakey's Original Malted Oatmeal, 7d. per 1 lb. nett. Wm. Ettles, Inverness: K.O.F. Kernel Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett; 1s. 5d. per 2 lbs. nett.

M. Hill & Son, Greenock: Hill's Best Scotch Oatflour, 10d. per 1 lb. nett.

Ireland.

Drogheda Oatmeal Milling Co., Drogheda: Drogheda Green Flake Oatmeal White, Tomana Wafer Oatmeal Tomkins & Courage, Ltd., Belfast: White's W. & C. Scott, Ltd., Omagh: Scott's Excelsior Flaked Oatmeal M'Elderry & Pollack, Red Hand Flake Oatmeal Red Hand Baby Flake Hy. Higgins & Co., Ltd., Belfast: Higgin's Family

Flaked Oatmeal McCann & Hill, Ltd., Drogheda: Miller's Pride Rolled

J. & W. H. Duncan, Belfast: Duncan's Flake Oatmeal

 $5\frac{1}{2}d$. per 1 lb. nett, $10\frac{1}{2}d$. per 2 lbs. nett. 1s. $3\frac{1}{2}d$. per 3 lbs. nett. 1s. 6d. per 3½ lbs. nett. 3s. per 7 lbs. nett.

All the above are retail prices.

Penalty.

5. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent. (a)

Title of Order.

6. This Order may be cited as the Oat and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917.

Devonport,

9th May, 1917.

Food Controller.

THE DEALINGS IN OATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED MAY 14, 1917.

1917. No. 444.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Prohibition on dealings in Oats outside the United Kingdom 1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller, no person shall either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person:—

(a) buy, sell or deal in; or

(b) offer, or invite an offer, or propose to buy, sell or deal in; or

.(c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase or other dealing in

any Oats outside the United Kingdom, whether or not the sale, purchase or dealing is, or is to be, effected in the United Kingdom: provided that until further notice all persons are authorised

(a) to ship, dispose of, and deal in Oats already bought for

future shipment;

(b) to buy, sell or deal in Oats on passage to, or arrived at, or already landed in the United Kingdom;

(c) to fulfil any sales made prior to the date of this Order whether on a c.i.f. basis or on any other basis.

2. All persons concerned shall before the 21st May, 1917, furnish to the Secretary of the Oats Control Committee, Grosvenor House, Upper Grosvenor Street, London, W.1, a statement showing—

(i) stocks of their oats afloat,

(ii) unshipped purchases of oats at the date of this Order,

(iii) quantity sold or unsold in each case.

3. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person, whether or not such other person is in the United Kingdom, in doing anything which if done in the United

arrive.

Penalty.

Returns of stocks of Oats to arrive.

⁽a) Liability of Directors, &c., of Company.—See footnote (c) to Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

Kingdom would be a contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(a)

4.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Dealings in Oats Title and

(Restriction) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 15th May, 1917.

commencement of Order.

Devonport,

14th May, 1917.

Food Controller.

THE Oat and MAIZE PRODUCTS (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, No. 2, 1917. DATED MAY 23, 1917.(b)

1917. No. 482.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2F and 2J of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller

hereby orders as follows:-

1. On and after the 18th June, 1917, the maximum price mentioned in Clause 1 (a) of the Oat and Maize Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917 (hereinafter called the Principal Order(c) for maize flour, maize flakes, maize semolina, hominy, cerealine or maize meal shall be 31d. per lb. in the United Kingdom and the maximum price mentioned in clause 1 (b) of the Principal Order for oatmeal, rolled oats, flaked oats or other like products of oats shall be 41d. per lb. in Scotland and 5d. per lb. elsewhere in the United Kingdom, (b) and the Principal Order shall take effect accordingly.

2. This Order may be cited as the Oat and Maize Products

(Retail Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917.

Devonport,

23rd May, 1917.

Food Controller.

(a) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—See footnote (c) to Man-

(c) OAT AND MAIZE PRODUCTS (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917 .- That

Order is printed p. 100.

facture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 90.

(b) REVOCATION OF ORDER AS TO OATS PRODUCTS.—This Order was revoked so far as concerns oatmeal, rolled oats, or flaked oats, and other like products of oats, as from December 31, 1917, by the Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917, printed as amended, p. 64 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume, which was superseded by the Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 152 hereof.

THE FLOUR MILLS ORDER No. 2, 1917. DATED JULY 31, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 774.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The provisions of Regulation 2gg of the Defence of the Realm Regulations are hereby applied as from the close of

business on the 11th August, 1917: -

(a) To every Flour Mill in the United Kingdom, which uses any wheat in the making of flour or meal, (hereinafter referred to as a flour mill) except a mill to which the Flour Mills Order, 1917, applies; and

(b) to every provender and grist mill connected with any

· flour mill as part of the same establishment.

Particulars to be given completed in respect of all mills.

Regulation

2gg applied

to certain

mills.

2. Every person having the management or control of a Flour Mill shall before the 7th August, 1917, forward to the Food Controller, Grosvenor House, London, W.1, particulars of the name or names of the proprietor or proprietors and postal address of the mill and the hourly and weekly output capacity of the mill for the production of flour.

3. From and after the 11th August, 1917, no person shall grind wheat except at a mill in respect of which the particulars

required by the foregoing clause have been furnished.

mills. Records and Returns.

Wheat to be

ground only

at certain

4.—(i.) Every person having the control or management of a flour mill shall keep such records relating to grain received, held and used, and relating to the operations of the mill as the Food Controller may from time to time direct, and shall make such returns relating to the operations of the mill as the Food Controller may from time to time require.

(ii.) All records and documents kept in accordance with this clause shall upon any request in that behalf be produced to and open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food

Controller.

Infringements.

Title '

5. If a person refuse or neglect to make a return or makes or causes to be made a false return, or otherwise infringes the provisions of this Order, he is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Flour Mills Order No. 2,

1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

31st July, 1917.

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

⁽a) Samples of Flour.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

THE GRAIN (PRICES) ORDER, 1917, DATED AUGUST 14, 1917, RELATING TO GRAIN HARVESTED IN 1917, (a) AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDERS OF JANUARY 31, APRIL 5, AND MAY 6, 1918.(b)

1917 No. 820, as amended by 1918 Nos. 114, 401, 516.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned :-

1. No Wheat, Rye, Oats or Barley harvested in the United Maximum Kingdom in the year 1917, may be sold at prices exceeding the price. (b) maximum prices(c) applicable according to the provisions of this Order.

2.—(a) The maximum price applicable on any transaction Table of shall subject as hereinafter provided be a price at the rate speci- maximum fied in the following table: -

Agreed date of delivery of Grain sold.	Wheat and Rye Rate per Quarter of 504 lbs.	Oats Rate per Quarter of 336 lbs.	Barley Rate per Quarter of 448 lbs.
Where delivery is to be made before the 1st December, 1917, the price	s. d.	* s. d.	s. d.
shall not exceed Where delivery is to be made in the	73 6	44 3	62 9
month of December, 1917, or January, 1918, the price shall not exceed Where delivery is to be made in the month of February or March, 1918,	74 6	45 3	62 9
the price shall not exceed Where delivery is to be made in the month of April or May, 1918, the	75 6	46 3	62 9
price shall not exceed Where delivery is to be made on or	76 9	47 3	.62 9
after the 1st June, 1918, the price shall not exceed	77 9	48, 6	62 9

(b) The rate per quarter applicable for delivery during any period according to the foregoing table is hereinafter called the standard rate.

(a) MAXIMUM PRICES FOR GRAIN HARVESTED IN 1916.—See Wheat, Barley and Oats (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 92.

(b) AMENDING ORDERS OF JANUARY 31, APRIL 5 AND MAY 6, 1918.— These

Orders revoked clause 3 (b), substituted a new clause for clause 5, and revoked clause 9 respectively. *

(c) MINIMUM GROWERS' PRICES OF WHEAT AND OATS.—Part I. of the Corn Production Act, 1917 (printed as Part IV, 1, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual" p. 210) provides for payments to growers where average price of wheat or oats is less than the minimum prescribed by that Act. A Memorandum of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland as to Minimum Prices under the Act and Maximum Prices under the Order is printed as Part IV. 4, of that Manual, p. 246.

Maximum price for oats sold for oatmeal and barley sold to licensed buyers.

Maximum prices for damaged grain.

3.—(a) Where Oats suitable for the manufacture of Oatmeal rolled Oats or flaked Oats for human consumption are bought by an Oatmeal Miller specifically for the purpose of such manufacture, or by a recognised dealer specifically buying for re-sale for such manufacture, the maximum price shall be ascertained by adding 3s. per quarter to the standard rate.(a)

4.—(a) In the case of Wheat and Rye so damaged as to be unfit for milling, and Wheat and Rye tailings and dressings, the maximum price shall be ascertained by deducting 7s. per

quarter from the standard rate.

(b) In the case of Barley so damaged as to be unfit for milling and Barley tailings and dressings, the maximum price shall be ascertained by deducting 7s. 9d. per quarter from the standard rate.

(c) In the case of Oats improperly cleaned or containing an undue quantity of soil, and Oat tailings and dressings, the maximum price shall be ascertained by deducting 5s. per quarter from the standard rate.

(b)5. On the occasion of the purchase of any of the grains mentioned from any person who is a recognised dealer in grain and who is not the producer of the Grain sold, the following provisions

who is not the producer of the Grain sold, the following provisions shall have effect:—

(i) Where the purchase is made by a Flour Miller buying for the purpose of his Mill, or is a purchase of barley made by any person, the maximum price shall be

ascertained by adding 1s. per quarter to the price otherwise applicable according to the foregoing pro-

visions of this Order.

this Order.

(ii) Where a purchase is a purchase of grain other than barley, and is made otherwise than by a Flour Miller buying for the purpose of his Mill, the maximum price shall be ascertained by adding 2s. per quarter to the price otherwise applicable according to the foregoing provisions of this Order, provided that where the total quantity of a particular kind of Grain purchased by one buyer from one seller does not in any period of seven consecutive days including the day of sale exceed 15 sacks, the maximum price in respect of each quarter so purchased shall be ascertained by adding 4s. per quarter to the price otherwise applicable according to the foregoing provision of this Order, and where such total quantity does not in that period amount to one sack the maximum price in respect of each quarter so purchased shall be ascertained by adding 8s. per quarter to the price otherwise applicable according to the foregoing provisions of

(a) REVOCATION OF CLAUSE 3 (b).—By Order of January 31, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 114), which is incorporated in their reprint, this subclause was repealed as on March 1, 1918.

Permissible additions on purchases from recognised dealers.

⁽b) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 5.—This Clause is here printed as amended by the Order of April 5th, 1918, which substituted as from April 11th, 1918, a new form of Clause 5 for the previous one. The variation, which is restricted to the insertion of the words "or is a purchase of barley made by any person" in the 2nd line of paragraph (i), does not affect contracts made before April 11th, 1918, as to which the clause as printed p. 46 of the January, 1918, edition of this-Manual remains unaltered.

6.—(a) The maximum prices under this Order are fixed on the Terms of basis of the following terms and conditions being applicable to the trading. transaction :-

(i) Payment to be net cash within seven days of completion of delivery and monies then unpaid thereafter to carry interest not exceeding the rate of 5 per cent. per annum or Bank Rate whichever be the higher.

(ii) Delivery of Grain by producer to be free on rail or barge or to Mill or Store in accordance with the usual custom

of the District.

(iii) Freight, haulage, porterage and cartage from the point where delivery has been or is to be made by the pro-

ducer to be for the Buyer's account.

(iv) All sack hire up to and including the time of delivery to rail, barge, mill or store by producer to be for the producer's account and all charges for sacks subsequent thereto to be for buyer's account.

(b) Where the grain is sold on terms or conditions other than the terms and conditions stated in the foregoing part of this clause, a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price, and for this purpose the cost of delivery for which the producer is liable under the above terms shall be reckoned at the rate of 6d. per ton per mile.

7. If the buyer of any Home Grown Grain sold should require Treatment the Grain bought to be mechanically treated, the cost of such treatment shall be the subject of a separate agreement and shall not be made a condition of the sale.

of grain.

8. No person shall sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any of Offer and the Grain mentioned at a price exceeding the price applicable conditions. under this Order or in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any such Grain enter or offer to enter into a fictitious or artificial transaction or make any unreasonable charge.(a)

10. No person shall after the 31st August, 1917, sell any Sales to be Wheat, Rye, Oats or Barley whether imported or home-grown by weight.

otherwise than by weight.

11. No person shall after the 31st August, 1917, torrefy or Grain not to bleach any Wheat, Rye, Oats or Barley whether imported or be torrefied

12. Where any grain is sold to a Flour Miller such grain shall Sales to flour be deemed to be sold to him for the purpose of his Mill until the millers contrary be proved.

13. For the purpose of this Order:

"Quarter" shall mean in relation to Wheat and Rye a tion. weight of 504 lbs., and in relation to Oats a weight of 336 lbs., and in relation to Barley a weight of 448 lbs.

"Sack" shall mean half a quarter.

or bleached.

Interpreta-

(a) REVOCATION OF CLAUSE 9.—This clause which was printed p. 88 of the April (1918) Edition of this Manual, exempted grain sold for the purpose of seed from the provisions of this Order. By Order of May 6, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 516), clause 9 was revoked as from May 15, 1918, and accordingly from that date the Grain (Prices) Order, 1917, as amended, applies also to grain suitable for seed.

"Recognised dealer" shall mean a person who in the ordinary way of his business deals in Grain for the purpose of his livelihood.

Penalty.

14. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Revocation.

15. From and after the date of this Order the 1917 Crop (Restriction) Order, 1917, shall cease to be in force except as regards potatoes(a) but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Title.

16. This Order may be cited as the Grain (Prices) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th August, 1917.

THE BARLEY (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED AUGUST 15, 1917.

1917. No. 821.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1.—(a) No person shall on or after the 1st September, 1917, use any Barley except for the purpose of seed or except in the

process of manufacturing flour.

(b) This clause shall not apply to tailings or screenings or

Barley which has been so damaged as to be unfit for milling.

2.—(a) No person shall on or after the 1st September, 1917, use any Barley Flour, except in the manufacture of articles suitable for human food or use any article containing any Barley Flour except as human food.

(b) This clause shall not apply to Barley Flour which on the 1st September, 1917, had been so treated as to be unsuitable for the purpose of human food, or to any Barley Flour or any article containing Barley Flour which is or may become unfit for such

purpose.

Damaging Barley.

Barley to be used only for

seed or flour.

Barley Flour and articles

containing

Use of

Barley

Flour.

3. No person shall damage or permit to be damaged on or after 1st September, 1917, treat or permit to be treated any Barley or Barley Flour or any article containing Barley Flour so as to render the same less fit for the purpose for which under this Order it is reserved.

Samples.

4. Any person authorised by the Food Controller and any Local Authority empowered to enforce the provisions of this Order, may take samples of any Barley or Barley Flour, or other article which he has reason to suspect is being used, treated or damaged in contravention of this Order.

⁽a) 1917 Crop (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.—The remainder of that Order was revoked by Clause 54 (b) of the Potatoes Order, 1917, printed in Group 13 ("Potatoes and other Vegetables and Roots"), p. 472.

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5. If any question shall arise whether any Barley is so damaged Determinaas to be unfit for milling or whether any Barley Flour or article containing Barley Flour is unfit for the purpose of human food such question may be referred to and determined by any person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or in England and Wales and Scotland by a Local Authority empowered to enforce this Order as to Barley or Barley Flour or any such article within the district of such Local Authority.

question.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

ments.

- 7. After the 31st August, 1917, the Maize, Barley and Oats Revocation. (Restriction) Order, 1917,(a) shall cease to be in force so far as the same relates to Barley but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous contravention thereof.
- 8. This Order may be cited as the Barley (Restriction) Order, Title. 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour. Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

August 15th, 1917.

THE FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1917, DATED SEPTEMBER 6, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND (POWERS) ORDER, 1917,(b)(c) DATED NOVEMBER 9. 1917, AND BY THE FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1918,(d) DATED APRIL 16, 1918.

1917 No. 937, as amended by 1917 No. 1138 and by 1918 No. 440.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. On and after the 17th September, 1917, no flour or bread may be sold at prices exceeding the maximum prices applicable under the provisions of this Order or on terms involving the payment of higher or other charges than those permitted under this Order.

Sales not to be above maximum prices.

(a) MAIZE, BARLEY AND OATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order

is printed p. 99.

(b) AMENDMENT MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND (POWERS) ORDER, 1917.—That Order, which is printed in Part III of this Manual, added at the end of Clause 6 (f) a paragraph which is incorporated in this reprint.

(c) SAMPLES OF FLOUR.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III of this

(d) FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1918.—This Order amended Clause 3.

Sales other than retail sales of British flour not being self-raising flour. 2.—(a) On the occasion of a sale (other than a retail sale) of home-milled flour the maximum price shall be at the rate of 44s. 3d. per 280 lbs. subject to a discount of 6d. for settlement within 7 days and of 3d. for settlement within 21 days: Provided that where the flour is sold in sacks or packages as mentioned in the first column of the following table the maximum price shall be as set forth in such table:—

Sack or Package containing		Price.	Discount for settlement within 7 days.	Discount for settlement within 21 days.
240 lbs. 224 " 140 " 120 " 112 " 98 " 70 " 56 "		$\begin{array}{c} 38s. \\ 35s. 6d. \\ 22s. 1 \frac{1}{2}d. \\ 19s. \\ 17s. 9d. \\ 15s. 6d. \\ 11s. 1d. \\ 8s. 10 \frac{1}{2}d. \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6d. \\ 6d. \\ 3d. \\ 3d. \\ 3d. \\ 2d. \\ 1\frac{1}{2}d. \\ 1d. \end{array}$	$3d. \\ 3d. \\ 1\frac{1}{2}d. \\ 1\frac{1}{2}d. \\ 1\frac{1}{2}d. \\ 1d. \\ \frac{3}{4}d. \\ \frac{1}{2}d.$

And provided also that where flour is sold divided into packets ready for retail sale higher wholesale prices may be charged by License of the Food Controller.

(b) Where credit is given a reasonable extra charge may be made provided that the price for cash is quoted on the invoice.

(c) All delivery charges after loading into a vehicle or truck standing or barge lying alongside the mill where the flour was manufactured may be added to the price and shall be shown as

a separate item on the invoice relating to the sale.

(d) The permitted charges for sacks and outside packages shall be added to the price and shown as a separate item on the invoice relating to the sale. Except in the case of cotton bags, the amount charged shall be repaid on the return of the sacks or other outside packages in good condition.

(e) This clause shall not apply to any proprietary flour or self-raising flour until the Food Controller shall otherwise determine.

(a)3. The permitted charges for sacks and outside packages

Sack charges. (a)3

(a) Sacks or bags (other than cotton bags), whether thick or thin, holding 56 lbs. and upwards, 2s. 6d. per sack or bag;

(b) Cotton bags holding more than 140 lbs., 3s. 6d. per bag. Cotton bags holding more than 120 lbs. and up to and including 140 lbs., 2s. per bag. Cotton bags holding 98 lbs. or more and up to and including 120 lbs., 1s. 6d. per bag. Cotton bags holding 56 lbs. or more and less than 98 lbs., 1s. per bag.

(c) Other outside packages enclosing small bags of flour, the

reasonable customary charges.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 3.—Clause 3 is here printed as amended by the Flour and Bread (Prices) Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 440), as from April 29th, 1918; for the Clause as previously operating, see p. 50 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

4.—(a) On the occasion of a retail sale of flour other than pro- Retail sale prietary flour or self-raising flour where the quantity sold is of flour. 140 lbs. or more the maximum price shall be at the rate of 25s. per 140 lbs. and where the quantity sold is less than 140 lbs., but is not less than 7 lbs., the maximum price shall be at the rate of 2s. 8d. per 14 lbs., and where the quantity sold is less than 7 lbs. the maximum price shall be, for every half-quartern of $1\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. included in the amount sold, $4\frac{1}{4}d$. and, for any quantity not being a complete half quartern included in such amount, at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.

On the occasion of a retail sale of proprietary flour the maximum price shall, except where the Food Controller otherwise determines, be the price applicable under the foregoing

provision.

On the occasion of a retail sale of self-raising flour, the

maximum price shall be at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.

(b) No charges may be made for packages except that, where the retail sale includes 56 lbs. of flour or more, the permitted charges for sacks and or side packages may, if shown as a separate item in the invoice relating to the sale, be added to the price. The amount so added shall except in the case of cotton bags be repaid on the return of the sacks or outside packages in good condition.(a)

(c) A reasonable additional charge may be made for giving

credit or for making delivery.

5.—(a) The maximum price for bread shall be at the rate of Bread.

 $2\frac{1}{4}d$. per lb. provided that

(i) A person may sell to a customer a loaf weighing 1 lb. at $2\frac{1}{2}d$. and a roll or rolls of bread at any price if at the time of such sale he is able and willing to sell to the customer quartern or half-quartern loaves or other bread at the rate of $2\frac{1}{4}d$. per lb. to the extent of the customer's requirements; and

(ii) a person may sell proprietary bread to a customer at or under the price authorised by the Food Controller for such proprietary bread if at the time of such sale he is able and willing to sell to such customer other bread

at the rate of $2\frac{1}{4}d$. a lb.

(b) A reasonable additional charge may be made for giving credit or for making delivery.

(c) This clause shall not apply to bread sold for consumption on the premises of the seller.(b)

6.—(a) Where the Food Controller or a Food Control Com. Higher prices mittee is satisfied that by reason of some exceptional circumstance flour or bread cannot be sold by retail at the maximum prices provided by this Order so as to secure a reasonable profit the Food Controller may issue a licence or such Committee may issue a provisional licence authorising the sale of flour or bread at prices higher than such maximum prices.

in certain

(b) Variations in rates authorized on sale by retail in city of Dublin. See Licence of July 17, 1918, printed p. 172.

⁽a) CHARGE FOR COTTON FLOUR BAGS.—See General Licence of January 9th, 1918, printed p. 129.

(b) The powers of the Committee may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of their area or in respect of a particular retailer or class of retailers.

(c) For the purpose of this clause the Committee may make

or hold such enquiries as they shall think fit.

(d) The powers of the Committee shall not be exercised by reason of some exceptional ingredient being used in the making of the flour or bread.

(e) The Committee shall forthwith send to the Food Controller a copy of every licence issued by them under this Clause, together with a statement of all the relevant circumstances and shall cancel or modify such licence if so required by the Food Controller.

(f) In Ireland the powers expressed to be conferred upon a Food Control Committee by this clause shall be exercisable by such Magistrates or other persons as the Chief Secretary for Ireland may from time to time nominate for the purpose.

Such Magistrates or other persons shall forthwith send to the Food Control Committee for Ireland a copy of every licence issued by them under this clause together with a statement of all the relevant circumstances and shall cancel or modify such licence if so required by the Committee or the Food Controller.(a)

Registration of Flour Factors.

7.—(a) A person shall not on or after the 1st October, 1917, deal in home-milled flour except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence for the time being in force granted to him by the Food Controller. The holder of a licence shall keep accurate records of all his dealings in flour and such records and all relevant documents shall at all times be open to the inspection of any person acting under the authority of the Food Controller.

(b) This clause shall not apply to a person who deals in homemilled flour only by way of retail sale, or to a person who deals

only in flour milled by him.

Imported flour.

8. On the occasion of a sale of imported flour the maximum price shall be the price (if any) for the time being prescribed by the Food Controller or the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies.(b)

Contracts.

9. Except in such cases or to such extent in any particular case as the Food Controller shall otherwise determine, the following provisions shall have effect as to contracts for the sale of flour or bread subsisting on the 15th September, 1917.

(a) Contracts for sale of any flour other than self-raising flour

or proprietary flour.

(i) The seller shall fulfil his contract so far as the same relates to flour not delivered or in course of transit on the 15th September, 1917, at the maximum price applicable under this Order on the occasion of a like

(b) ROYAL COMMISSION ON WHEAT SUPPLIES.—The offices of the Commis-

sion are, Trafalgar House, Waterloo Place S.W.1.

⁽a) ADDITION OF THIS PARAGRAPH.—This paragraph was added by the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

sale, or in the case of imported flour at such price as may be determined by the Food Controller or the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies.

- (ii) Nothing in this provision shall except the seller from the necessity of complying with the provisions of the Clause 10 of this Order
- (b) Contracts for sale of self-raising flour and proprietary flour.

All such contracts shall unless the parties otherwise agree be cancelled as to any flour not delivered or in course of transit on the 15th September, 1917.

(c) Contracts for sale of bread (other than proprietary bread).

The seller shall fulfil his contract so far as the same relates to bread not delivered or in course of transit on the 16th September. 1917, at a price which shall in default of agreement be determined by the Food Controller. Provisional payments on account of such price shall be made at the rate of 2d. per lb. of bread.

(d) Contracts for sale of proprietary bread.

All such contracts shall unless the parties otherwise agree be cancelled as to any bread not delivered or in course of transit on the 16th September, 1917.

10.—(a) Except under and in accordance with the terms of a Flours for licence granted to him by or under the authority of the Food Controller a person shall not after the 15th September, 1917, take delivery of any flour(a)-

particular purposes.

- (i) for the manufacture of biscuits intended for wholesale
- (ii) for any industrial purposes—or

(iii) for ship's stores, or

(iv) for export to any destination—or

(v) for any such other purpose as the Food Controller may from time to time determine (hereinafter called "a precluded purpose ").

(a) LICENCES FOR DELIVERY OF FLOUR.—The same conditions apply to the manufacture of cake mixtures, baking powders, egg powders, blanc-mange powders, custard powders, Italian pastes, soup squares or pastes, macaroni, spaghetti, sweet manufacture, chocolate and cocoa powders, Infants' and Invalids' foods, mustard, spices, condiments, and all such preparations. Applications for licences must be made to the Ministry of Food (Flour and Bread Section), Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.1.

No person may make delivery of flour if he believes it is required for any of the above purposes unless a licence authorising such delivery has been handed

Licences granted on applications made on and after March 25, 1918, to take delivery of any flour for a purpose prohibited by Clause 10 of the Order will until further notice be issued, if granted, on payment of the following sums:—

(1) Licences to take delivery of flour for ships' stores or for export to the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands or any other destination on payment

of 18s. per 280 lbs.

(2) Licences to take delivery for any other prohibited purpose on payment of 36s. per 280 lbs.

- (b) A person shall not use for the manufacture of biscuits intended for wholesale sale or for any precluded purpose any flour except—
 - (i) flour which he has in stock on the 15th September, 1917, or which is then in course of transit to him, and
 - (ii) flour of which he shall obtain delivery under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted under the foregoing provision of this clause.
- (c) A person shall not after the 15th September, 1917, make delivery of any flour if he believes or has reasonable grounds for believing that the flour is or may be required for any of the purposes mentioned in sub-clause (a) of this clause unless a licence authorising such delivery has been handed to him, which licence shall be returned by him to the Food Controller together with such particulars in relation to the flour delivered pursuant thereto as the Food Controller may direct.
- (d) Every person requiring a licence for the delivery to him of flour for the manufacture of biscuits intended for wholesale sale or any industrial purpose or any precluded purpose shall keep accurate records of the amount of flour used and the purposes for which the flour is used in all the trades or businesses carried on by him.
- (e) "Industrial purpose" shall mean any purpose other than the manufacture of an article intended for human food.
- (f) "Ships Stores" shall mean stores for a ship departing on a voyage from the United Kingdom to parts beyond the seas.

· Compensation. 11. In connection with this Order persons holding stocks of flour at the close of business on the 15th September, 1917, may make application on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller for compensation in respect of such stocks and compensation will be granted in such cases in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller thinks fit.

Shipment of bread.

12. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by the Food Controller a person shall not after the 15th S ptember, 1917, ship or consign any flour or bread from any part of the United Kingdom to any destination in the Channel Islands, or to the Isle of Man.

Offers and conditions.

13. No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale or knowingly buy or agree to buy any flour or bread at a price exceeding the price applicable under this Order or in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any flour or bread, enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transactions or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Returns.

14. All parties affected by this Order shall make all such returns as to stocks, purchases, sales payments, prices dealings in or consumption of flour or bread as shall from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

False state-

15. A person shall not

(a) knowingly make or connive at the making of any false ments, &c. statement in any application for compensation in respect of flour or in any application for a license exempting him or any article from the provisions of this Order or authorising delivery of flour or bread or in any enquiry held for the purposes of this Order;

(b) forge or alter any licence authority or other document issued in connection with or for the purposes of this

(c) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom such a licence authority or other document has been issued or applies.

16. A person employed by the Food Controller or a member Information of or person employed by a Food Control Committee shall not to be without lawful authority communicate to any person any in- confidential. formation acquired by him from any application made or enquiry held in connection with or for the purposes of this Order.

17. If any question arises whether flour is proprietary flour or Proprietary whether bread is proprietary bread such question shall be deter- flour and mined by the Food Controller.

bread.

18. For the purposes of this Order:—

Interpreta-

"Food Control Committee" shall mean a Committee constituted in accordance with the provisions of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

"Flour" shall mean any wheat meal or wheaten flour or any flour containing flour milled from wheat.

"Home-milled flour" shall mean any flour manufactured in

the United Kingdom.

"Self-raising flour" shall mean flour containing such ingredients that the flour when mixed with water forms a dough which aerates itself.

19. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

ments.

20. This Order may be cited as the Flour and Bread (Prices) Title. Order, 1917.

> Rhondda, Food Controller.

6th September, 1917.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE.—This expression now under Clause 2 of the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual, includes the Food Control Committee for Ireland. As to that Committee, see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual, and as to the Food Control Committees for Great Britain, see the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, both also printed in the said Part III.

Wheat (Channel Islands and Isle of Man Export) Order, 1917; Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.

THE WHEAT (CHANNEL ISLANDS AND ISLE OF MAN EXPORT) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 1, 1917.

1917. No. 1006.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by or with the authority of the Food Controller, a person shall not after the 1st October, 1917, consign or ship any wheat from any part of the United Kingdom to any destination in the Channel Islands or to the Isle of Man except wheat already on shipboard for transport on that day.

2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

3. This Order may be cited as the Wheat (Channel Islands and Isle of Man Export) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

1st October, 1917.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

THE HORSE AND POULTRY MIXTURES ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER OF MAY 13, 1918.

1917. No. 1173, as amended by 1918. No. 527.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other cowers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) On and after the 22nd November, 1917, no Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture may be made and no Mixture may be sold as or for the purpose of a Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture except Horse Mixtures and Poultry Mixtures complying

with the following conditions:—

(i) No Mixture other than a Horse Chaff Mixture shall contain any substance other than grain, seed, pulse, Locust Beans and products thereof, and such other substances as the Food Controller may from time to time authorise, except Horse Chaff Mixtures which may contain Chaff.

(ii) All Mixtures (except Horse Chaff Mixtures) shall not contain less than three principal ingredients of which all in the case of a Horse Mixture and not less than one in the case of Poultry Mixture, shall have been mechanically treated by bruising, kibbling or splitting.

(a) CONSTITUENTS OF MIXTURES.—By General Licence of Jan. 14, 1918, printed p. 130, the Food Controller authorised the use of molassed foods, cocoa shells and apple residues in the making of a Horse Mixture, and of dried meat unfit for human food in the making of a Poultry Mixture.

Constituents of horse mixtures and poultry mixtures.(a) (iii) No Horse Chaff Mixture shall contain any substance other than grain, seed, pulse, Locust Beans and products thereof, and Chaff and such other substances as the Food Controller may from time to time authorise.

(iv) All Horse Chaff Mixtures shall contain not more than two-thirds in weight of Chaff and all ingredients other than Chaff shall have been mechanically treated by bruising, kibbling or splitting.

(b) A Mixture which contains any Chaff shall for the purposes of this Order be deemed to be a Horse Chaff

(c) This Clause shall not before the 17th December, 1917, apply to a sale of any Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture which shall be proved to have been mixed before the 22nd November, 1917, in the condition in which it is sold, or offered for sale.

2. No Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture may be sold otherwise Sales to be

than by weight.

3. (a) On a sale on and after the 26th November, 1917, of Maker's a Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture by or on behalf of a maker, the maximum price (hereinafter called the maker's maximum price) shall not, subject as hereinafter provided, exceed by more than £1 10s. per ton the actual cost to the maker of the ingredients used; provided that where at the date of this Order a maker carries on a business as a retailer of the Mixtures made by him he may on direct sales to consumers of quantities not exceeding six cwts. of Poultry Mixtures or not exceeding one ton of Horse Mixtures add to the maker's maximum price the sum permitted according to the table contained in Clause 4 of this Order.

(b) The actual cost to the maker of the ingredients used shall be ascertained in accordance with the following provisions:—

(i) The cost of ingredients bought by the maker shall be the actual cost thereof delivered to his factory.

(ii) The cost of ingredients grown by the maker shall be deemed to be the current market value thereof

delivered to his factory.

(iii) (a) Where any of the ingredients have been bought by the maker before the 20th May, 1918, and have been mechanically treated before being delivered to the maker's factory, a sum fairly representing the cost of such treatment, except the cost of reconditioning, shall be deducted in ascertaining the cost. any of the ingredients have been bought by the maker on or after 20th May, 1918, and have been mechanically treated before being delivered to the maker's factory (otherwise than by being reconditioned or rendered more merchantable by kiln-drying or other like treatment) a sum fairly representing the cost of such treatment shall be deducted in ascertaining the cost.

by weight.

maximum price.

⁽a) Clause 3 (b) (iii) as printed at p. 98 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual was revoked by the amending Order of May 13th, 1918, and the clause as here printed was substituted therefor.

Maximum

by person

other than

the maker.

price on sale

Where any of the ingredients have been bought on or after the 20th May, 1918, and have been reconditioned or rendered more merchantable by kiln-drying or other like treatment before being delivered to the maker's factory, the cost of any such ingredients shall not in any case be reckoned at a sum exceeding the maximum price applicable on a sale thereof according to the Damaged Grain, Seeds and Pulse (Prices) Order, 1917, as amended. (a)

(iv) When Chaff is an ingredient, a sum fairly representing the cost of cutting and mixing the chaff shall be

deducted in ascertaining the cost

(c) The actual price at which any Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture is sold by the Maker (being a price not greater than the maximum price) is hereinafter called the maker's actual price.

4. The maximum price on a sale on and after the 26th November, 1917, of Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture by any person other than the maker thereof shall subject as hereinafter provided, be the actual cost to him of the mixture sold with the addition of a sum at the rate applicable under the following Table:—

Mixtures (other than Horse Chaff Mixtures).

Where the sale is of 6 cwt. or more ... 1s. per cwt. Where the sale is of not less than 3 cwt., and less than 6 cwt. 3s. ,, ,, Where the sale is of not less than ½ cwt., and less than 3 cwt. 4s. ,, ,, Where the sale is of less than ½ cwt. ... ½d. per lb.

Horse Chaff Mixtures.

Where the sale is of 1 ton or more ... 1s. per cwt.

Where the sale is of not less than 5 cwt.
and less than 1 ton 2s. ,, ,,

Where the sale is of not less than ½ cwt.
and less than 5 cwt. 3s. ,, ,,

Where the sale is of less than ½ cwt. ... 1s. per stone of

Provided that on a sale by a factor or other dealer of a mixture of which he has not taken delivery into his own premises (hereinafter called a factor's sale) the sum to be added shall not exceed a sum at the rate of 10s. per ton.

5. Subject to the provisions as to transport charges hereinafter contained:—

(a) The actual cost of a mixture to a factor or dealer (on a factor's sale) shall be taken to be the price paid or payable by the factor or dealer for the mixture, if less than the maker's maximum price, but otherwise the maker's maximum price.

Actual cost.

G(a) DAMAGED GRAIN, SEEDS AND PULSE (PRICES) ORDER, 1917, AS AMENDED.—This Order (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1174, as amended by 1918, No. 519) is printed p. 116.

(b) The actual cost of a mixture on a sale (other than a factor's sale) by a person other than the maker shall be taken to be whichever shall be the less, namely, (i) the price paid or payable by him for the mixture; or (ii) if bought direct from the maker, the maker's actual price or if not so bought, the maker's actual price with the addition of such sum, if any, not exceeding a sum at the rate of 10s. per ton as may have been lawfully added on a factor's sale.

6. The maximum prices fixed by this Order are on the basis Transport. that all transport charges after sale by the maker are for the account of the ultimate buyer, and, accordingly, in ascertaining the actual cost of any mixture there may on the occasion of any sale be added to the maximum prices all transport charges after delivery ex factory; provided that the transport charges so added shall be limited to any reasonable amounts actually paid or payable and any other reasonable amounts representing cost of transport not exceeding the customary charges.

7. Sacks may be charged for at the usual price, but the amount Sacks.(a) charged shall be repaid on the return of the sacks in like good

condition.

8. The amount charged or added in respect of transport and Invoices.

sacks shall be shown as separate items on the invoice.

9. The maximum prices fixed by this Order are on the basis Credit. of nett cash for sales over the counter, and otherwise for cash within 14 days of the date of delivery. Interest may be charged in respect of monies then unpaid at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum.

10. Where the maximum price at which any Horse Mixture Purchaser or Poultry Mixture may be sold by any person depends upon the may rely on amount of any sum paid or charged by any former seller, such vendor's person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement as to transport to the amount of such sums that may have been given to him charges. by the person from whom he bought the same unless he has

reason to suspect the truth of such statement.

11. Every person making or dealing in any Horse Mixture Records. or Poultry Mixture shall keep accurate records containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order so far as they relate to him or his trade, and shall make such returns as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller. All such records and documents shall at all times be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller.

12. A person shall not make any false statement on any False invoice or written statement given in connection with any sale statements.

or disposition of any Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture.

13. A person shall not sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any Fictitious Horse Mixture or Poultry Mixture at a price exceeding the transactions. maximum price applicable under this Order, or in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any Horse

⁽a) BAGS FOR POULTRY MIXTURES.—By General Licence of January 28, 1918, p. 141, a special charge was authorised.

Penalty.

Title.

Mixture or Poultry Mixture, enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

14. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

15. This Order may be cited as the Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th November, 1917.

THE DAMAGED GRAIN, SEEDS AND PULSE (PRICES) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917, AS AMENDED BY ORDER OF MAY 10, 1918.(a)

1917. No. 1174, as amended by 1918. No. 519.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. This Order shall apply only to Imported Feed Wheat, and to such cereals as have been or may be imported into the British Islands and are or may become damaged and to damaged seeds and damaged pulse, and to such of these cereals, seeds and pulse as may subsequently be mechanically treated. Provided that in the application of this Order to maize, it shall apply only to maize which has been damaged by water.

2. (a) Subject as hereinafter provided, the maximum price on any sale of any of the articles mentioned in the following table shall be the price applicable thereto according to such table:—

Imported Feed Wheat 72s. per qr. of 480 lbs.

Damaged Imported Wheat

Damaged Imported Rye ... $\}$ 65s.

Damaged Imported Maize

Damaged Imported and Damaged Home Grown Seeds and Pulse 65s. ,,

448

Damaged Imported Barley ... 55s. .,, Damaged Imported Oats ... 41s. ,, 336

(b) On the occasion of a sale of any such article (unless it has been damaged by water) which has been re-conditioned or rendered more mechantable by kiln drying or other like treatment, the maximum price shall be the price applicable according to the foregoing table together with the addition of a sum per

Limits of order.

Maximum prices.

⁽a) The amending order of May 10, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 519) added the words "Provided that . . . damaged by water" to Clause 1 of this order, and also revoked as at May 20, 1918, Clause 2 (b) as printed p. 101 of the April, 1918, edition of this Manual, substituting therefor Clause 2 (b) as here printed.

quarter not exceeding the customary reasonable charge for such treatment. On the occasion of a sale of any such article which has been damaged by water and which has been re-conditioned or rendered more merchantable by kiln drying or other like treatment, the maximum price shall be in the case of Feed Wheat 65s. per quarter of 480 lbs. and in every other case the price applicable according to the foregoing table. Where any article mentioned in the foregoing table has been mechanically treated by clipping, splitting, kibbling, bruising or grinding, or any other like method, the maximum price shall be the price applicable according to the foregoing table and provisions together with the addition of a sum per quarter not exceeding the customary reasonable charge for such mechanical treatment.

(c) On a sale of a mixture containing any of such articles the maximum price for the mixture shall (save in so far as the Food Controller shall have prescribed a maximum price by any Order for the time being in force) be the maximum price of that one of the component parts which under this Order has the lowest maxi-

mum price.

3. On the occasion of a purchase of any of the articles men-Permissible tioned from any person who is a recognised dealer in such articles, addition on and who is not in the case of a home grown article the producer purchases thereof or in the case of an imported article the importer thereof, the maximum price of the article shall be ascertained by adding 2s. per guarter to the rate otherwise applicable; provided that where the total quantity of a particular kind of article bought by one buyer from one seller does not in any period of seven consecutive days, including the day of sale, exceed 7½ quarters, the maximum price in respect of each quarter so bought shall be ascertained by adding 4s. per quarter to the rate otherwise applicable, and where such quantity does not in that period amount to 1 quarter, the maximum price in respect of each quarter shall be ascertained by adding a sum at the rate of 8s. per quarter to the rate otherwise applicable. Any amounts which by reason of a later sale in any such period have been overpaid or overcharged on an earlier sale in such period shall be allowed as a deduction on the later sale.

recognised

4.—(a) The maximum prices applicable under this Order are Terms of fixed on the basis of the following terms and conditions being applicable to the transaction:

(i) Imported Articles.—Sales by importers to be ex quay, store or granary and articles shipped in bags to be sold gross weight including bags, no charge being made for bags. Other terms of sale (except as hereinafter specifically provided) to be in accordance with the usual custom of the trade. All storage, transport and other charges incurred on the articles after sale by the importer to be for account of

the ultimate buyer. (ii) Home Grown Articles.—Delivery by Producers to be free on rail or barge or to mill or store in accordance with the usual custom of the district. Freight, haulage, porterage or cartage from the point where delivery has been made or is to be made by the producer to be for the account of the ultimate

buyer.

All sack hire up to and including the time of delivery to rail, barge, mill or store by producer to be for the producer's account and all charges for sacks subsequent thereto to be

for the account of the ultimate buyer.

(iii) All Articles. — On sales by importers of imported articles, payments to be nett cash against Bill of Lading, Warrant or approved Delivery Order. On all other sales, payment to be nett cash within seven days of completion of delivery and monies then unpaid thereafter to carry interest not exceeding the rate of 5 per cent. per annum or bank rate whichever shall be the higher.

(b) Where the article is sold on terms or conditions other than the terms and conditions stated in the foregoing part of this clause, a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price, and for this purpose the cost of delivery of home grown articles for which the producer is liable under the above terms.

shall be reckoned at the rate of 6d. per ton per mile.

Invoice.

5. The amount added to the maximum price in respect of charges permitted under Clause 4 of this Order shall be accurately shown as separate items on the invoice relating to the sale and shall not in any case exceed reasonable expenses actually paid or incurred.

Statement by vendors 6. Where the maximum price at which an article to which this Order applies may be sold by any person depends upon the amount of any sums paid or charged for transport or storage or any other matter by any former seller such person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement as to the amount of such sums which may have been given to him by the person from whom he bought the article in question unless he has reason to suspect the truth of such statement.

Offers and conditions.

7. No person shall sell or buy, or offer to sell or buy any article to which this Order refers at a price exceeding the maximum price applicable under this Order, or in connection with a sale or disposition of any such article, enter or offer to enter into a fictitious or artificial transaction, or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Records.

8. Any person dealing in any article to which this Order applies shall keep accurate records containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order so far as they relate to him or to his trade, and shall make such returns as shall from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller. All such records and documents shall at all times be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller.

Definition of quarter.

9. In the case of barley "quarter" shall mean 448 lbs. weight, and in the case of oats shall mean 336 lbs. weight, and in the case of all other articles shall mean 480 lbs. weight.

Interpreta-

10. In this Order the following expressions shall have the following meanings:—

"Seeds" shall mean Dari-seed, Millet-seed, and other Seeds (excepting seeds commonly known as Oil seeds) which are suitable for and ordinarily used for the purpose of feeding Poultry or other animals.

"Damaged Oats" shall mean Oats so damaged as to be unsuitable for feeding purposes without being re-conditioned by kiln drying or other mechanical treatment.

"Damaged" shall mean, in relation to all articles to which this Order applies (other than Oats), such articles as are in the ordinary course of trade classed as damaged.

"Feed Wheat" shall mean Wheat officially graded as Feed Wheat before importation into the British Islands.

"Importer" shall mean the person sighting the shipper's draft, but this shall not be construed so as to limit the general interpretation of that expression.

"Recognised Dealer" shall mean a person who in the ordinary way of his business deals in Grain for the purpose

of his livelihood.

11. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

12. (a) This Order may be cited as the Damaged Grain, Seeds Title and

and Pulse (Prices) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 17th December, 1917.

commencement.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th November, 1917.

THE DREDGE CORN ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917.

1917. No. 1182.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall, on or after the 21st November, 1917, use Use of dredge any Dredge Corn, other than damaged Dredge Corn, except in the process of manufacturing flour, or use any flour obtained from any such Dredge Corn except for the purpose of human

2. No person shall, on or after the 17th December, 1917, sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any Dredge Corn at a price exceeding the maximum price applicable according to the following provisions: -

(a) The maximum price as respects damaged Dredge Corn shall, where the Corn does not consist partly of Oats, be the maximum price applicable under the Grain (Prices) Order, 1917, on the occasion of a like sale of damaged Barley, and where the Corn does consist partly of Oats, the maximum price applicable under such Order on the occasion of a like sale of Oats improperly cleaned.

corn, and obtained therefrom

Maximum prices for dredge corn. Directions under Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917.

(b) The maximum price as respects Dredge Corn (other than damaged Dredge Corn) shall, where the Corn does not consist partly of Oats, be the maximum price applicable under the said Order on the occasion of a like sale of Barley, and where the Corn does consist partly of Oats, the maximum price applicable on the occasion of a like sale of Oats.

Fictitious transactions.

3. No person shall, in connection with the sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of any Dredge Corn, enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction, or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Penalty.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Interpreta-

5. For the purposes of this Order, "Dredge Corn" shall mean a mixture of cereals, whether or not grown together, containing more than one cereal as a main constituent.

"Damaged Dredge Corn" shall mean Dredge Corn which has been so damaged that the flour or meal which could be milled

therefrom would not be fit for use in human food.

Title.

6. This Order may be cited as the Dredge Corn Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th November, 1917.

Directions, dated November 27, 1917, relating to Imported Flour under the Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917.

1917. No. 1219.

Pursuant to Clause 4 of the Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917,(a) the Food Controller hereby directs that the following conditions shall be observed with respect to the sale and use of imported flour:—

1. Imported flour may not be sold by retail or used for any purpose except when mixed with flour milled and mixed in the United Kingdom in accordance with the Orders and directions of the Food Controller relating to milling and mixing of wheaten flour.

2. The proportion of imported flour in the mixture shall not exceed 25 per cent. except

(a) when sold by retail in Scotland or

(b) when used in Scotland for some purpose other than the manufacture of biscuits intended for wholesale sale, in which cases the proportion shall not exceed 50 per cent.

These conditions shall come into force on the 29th November, 1917, in substitution for the conditions hitherto applicable.

Rhondda, Food Controller.

27th November, 1917.

(a) MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR AND BREAD ORDER (No. 2).—That Order is printed p. 89.

THE BREAD (USE OF POTATOES) ORDER, No. 2, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 8, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1246.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Where any potatoes are sold or supplied by or through the Use of potaagency of the Food Controller or a Food Committee to a person for use in the making of bread, such potatoes shall be used only in the making of bread by the person or persons for whose use a Food and at the bakery in respect of which they are so sold or supplied. Committee.

toes supplied by the Food Controller or

- 2. Every person to whom any potatoes are so sold or supplied Returns and shall keep or cause to be kept accurate records showing the Records. quantity of potatoes so sold or supplied, the quantity used by him in the making of bread and the dates of such sale supply and use and such other records relating to his trade or business as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller. such records shall, on demand, be produced to and be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.
- 3 A person shall not make or knowingly connive at the making False of any false or misleading statement in any application made or statements. other document used for the purposes of this Order.

4. In this Order: —

"Food Committee" shall mean as regards Great Britain a Interpreta-Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the tion. Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(b) and as regards Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(c)

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Bread (Use of Potatoes) Title. Order, No. 2, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

. W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th December, 1917.

(a) Bread (Use of Potatoes) Orders.—The Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1917, of October 5, 1917 (printed p. 60 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume) the first Order on this subject, was revoked by the Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1918, printed p. 159.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917 .-- That

Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND. - See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III. of this Manual.

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (COMMITTEES) ORDER, 1917. DATES DECEMBER 21, 1917.

1917. No. 1316.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

PART I .- PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEES.

- 1. There shall be constituted a Port Feeding Stuffs Committee for each of the five divisions mentioned in the First Schedule to this Order and bearing the name stated in such Schedule.
- 2. Each Port Committee shall except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine consist of either four or eight Trade Members, as the Food Controller shall from time to time decide, representing equally the interests of importers of cattle feeding stuffs, seed crushers, flour millers and distributing dealers in cattle feeding stuffs and of such other persons as may from time to time be appointed by the Food Controller as additional members.
- 3.—(a) If any vacancy shall occur on a Port Committee by death, resignation or otherwise, the Committee shall at their next meeting, subject to the approval of the Food Controller, fill the vacancy by appointing another member representing the interest which was represented by the member whose membership shall have ceased.
- (b) The provisions of this Clause shall not apply to a person appointed by the Food Controller to be an additional member of a Port Committee.
- 4. A Port Committee, may, subject to the provisions of this Order and to any directions which may from time to time be given by the Food Controller, meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their proceedings and the rights of voting at their meetings as they may think fit. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business may be fixed by the Committee and unless so fixed shall be three.
- 5. A Port Committee may appoint as Secretary a person approved by the Food Controller, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Committee and whose remuneration shall be such as may be determined by the Committee with the approval of the Food Controller. The Committee may also, subject to the approval of the Food Controller, provide such offices and appoint such clerks and servants as may from time to time be requisite to carry out the duties entrusted to them.

PART II.—PROVINCIAL FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEES.

6. There shall be constituted a Provincial Feeding Stuffs Committee for each of the areas described in the second column of the Second Schedule to this Order, and bearing the name stated in the first column of such Schedule

7.—(a) Each Provincial Committee shall, except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine, consist of six distributing dealer members, four farmer members, and an ex officio member, and of such other persons as may from time to time be appointed by the Food Controller as additional members.

(b) The ex officio member shall be either the Live Stock Commissioner within whose area the Provincial Committee is situate or a person nominated by him with the approval of the Food

Controller.

8.—(a) If any vacancy shall occur on a Provincial Committee by death, resignation, or otherwise among the distributing dealer members of the Committee, the continuing distributing dealer members of the Committee shall at the next meeting of the Committee, subject to the approval of the Food Controller, fill the vacancy by appointing another distributing dealer to be a member of the Committee.

(b) If any vacancy shall occur on a Provincial Committee by death, resignation or otherwise among the farmer members of the Committee, the vacancy shall be filled by another farmer farming in the area of the Committee, appointed by the Food Controller, on the nomination of the Director-General of Food Production in the case of England and Wales, and of the Area

Live Stock Advisory Committee in the case of Scotland.

9. A Provincial Committee shall hold meetings at least twice in every month, and at such other times as occasion may require, and all meetings of the Committee shall be held at their office, or such other places as they may from time to time determine, and subject as aforesaid at such dates and at such times as they may think fit.

10.—(a) Subject to any directions given by the Food Controller in the case of any Provincial Committee, the Committee shall at their first meeting elect one of their members to be Chairman until the first meeting of the Committee in November, 1918.

(b) At the first meeting of the Committee in November, 1918, and in every subsequent November, the Committee shall elect a

Chairman for the ensuing 12 months.

- (c) Any casual vacancy occurring in the office of Chairman shall be filled at the next meeting of the Committee, and the person elected to fill the vacancy shall hold office until the time when the person whose office he has filled would have gone out of office.
- 11. If at any meeting of a Provincial Committee the Chairman is absent, the members present shall choose one of their number to act as Chairman at that meeting.
- 12. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business by a Provincial Committee shall be such number, not being less than three, as may be fixed by the Committee.
- 13. Every question at a meeting of a Provincial Committee shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting on that question, and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman or acting Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

- 14. A Provincial Committee may, subject to the provisions of this Order and to any directions which may from time to time be given by the Food Controller, meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their proceedings as they may think fit.
- 15.—(a) A Provincial Committee may appoint as Secretary a person approved by the Food Controller, who shall be a local auctioneer, or a local solicitor having agricultural connections or a like firm of auctioneers or solicitors or such other person as the Food Controller may approve, but no distributing dealer shall be eligible for the office of Secretary, except with the unanimous approval of the Committee. The Secretary shall hold office during the pleasure of the Committee, and his remuneration shall be such as may be determined by the Committee with the approval of the Food Controller.
- (b) The Committee may, subject to the approval of the Food Controller, provide such offices and appoint such clerks and servants as may from time to time be requisite for carrying out the duties entrusted to them.

PART III .- GENERAL.

- 16. Except as otherwise specifically provided by this Order every member of a Committee shall be appointed by the Food Controller.
- 17. Any member of a Committee may resign therefrom by sending to the Secretary of the Committee notice in writing of his desire so to do, and the Secretary shall forthwith notify the Food Controller of any resignation received by him.
- 18. (a) The Food Controller may at any time revoke the appointment of any member of a Committee, and thereupon such member shall cease to be a member of the Committee. (a)
- (b) The Food Controller may also at any time revoke the appointment of any officer, clerk or servant of a Committee, and thereupon such officer, clerk or servant shall cease to be employed by the Committee.
- 19. The proceedings of a Committee shall not be invalidated by any vacancy in their number or by any defect in the appointment of any member of the Committee, or by reason of any member of the Committee not being properly qualified. If any question arises as to the qualification of any person for membership of a Committee in any capacity such question shall be determined by the Food Controller.

⁽a) DISQUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP.—The Committees (Disqualification for Membership) Order, 1918, printed in Part III. of this Manual, provides that a person who has been summarily convicted of contravening an Order of the Food Controller shall be disqualified for appointment as a member of a Port Feeding Stuffs Committee, or a Provincial Feeding Stuffs Committee, and, if already a member, shall cease so to be.

- 20. Minutes of the proceedings of every meeting of a Committee shall be kept in a proper minute book, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the next ensuing meeting, and when so signed shall be primâ facie evidence of the proceedings at that meeting. Copies of all minutes shall, immediately after the meeting to which they relate, be forwarded to the Food Controller, and also, in the case of the Port Feeding Stuffs Committee for Scotland, to the Chief Live Stock Commissioner for Scotland.
- 21. The powers and duties of a Committee shall be such as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Food Controller, and the Committee shall in the exercise of those powers and the performance of those duties comply with such directions as may from time to time be given by the Food Controller.
- 22. A Committee shall furnish such reports, returns, and information as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller.
- 23. Every Committee shall cause to be kept full and true accounts of all moneys received and paid by them. The accounts shall be open to inspection by any person authorized in that behalf by the Food Controller, and shall be audited as he may direct.
- 24. All expenses incurred by a Committee shall be defrayed in such manner as the Food Controller may from time to time determine, and the Food Controller may if he thinks fit prescribe different methods for defraying the expenses of Port Committees and Provincial Committees or of any different classes of such expenses.
- 25. If any difficulties arise with respect to the constitution of any Committee or otherwise in relation to the foregoing provisions of this Order, the Food Controller may do anything which appears to him necessary or desirable for the establishment of such Committee or otherwise for ensuring the full operation of this Order or of any subsequent Order relating to the constitution powers and duties of a Committee.
- 26. The Food Controller may at any time if he thinks fit discharge any Committee constituted by virtue of this Order and appoint another Committee or body of persons or person to exercise and perform all or any of the powers and duties which may have been entrusted to the Committee so discharged.
- 27. (a) This Order may be cited as the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary of the Ministry of Food.

21st December, 1917.

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First Schedule.

PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE. London Port Feeding Stuffs Committee.

Division of Committee.

London.
Surrey.
Sussex.
Kent.
Essex.
Suffolk.
Cambridgeshire.
Huntingdonshire.
Bedfordshire.

Middlesex.
Hertfordshire.
Buckinghamshire.
Berkshire.
Oxfordshire.
Wiltshire.
Hampshire.
Isle of Wight.

Bristol Channel and West of England Port Feeding Stuffs Committee.

Division of Committee.

Worcestershire.
Warwickshire.
Herefordshire.
Gloucestershire.
Somerset.
Dorsetshire.
Devonshire.
Cornwall.

Monmouthshire. Glamorgan. Carmarthenshire. Pembrokeshire. Cardiganshire. Radnorshire. Brecknockshire.

Liverpool Port Feeding Stuffs Committee. Division of Committee.

Cumberland.
Westmorland.
Lancashire.
Cheshire.
Derbyshire.
Nottinghamshire.
Staffordshire.

Flintshire.
Denbighshire.
Carnarvonshire.
Anglesey.
Merionethshire.
Monugomeryshire.
Shropshire.

Hull Port Feeding Stuffs Committee.

Division of Committee.

Northumberland. Durham. Yorkshire. Lincolnshire. Norfolk. Leicestershire. Rutland. Northamptonshire.

Port Feeding Stuffs Committee for Scotland.

Division of Committee.

Scotland.

Second Schedule.

PROVINCIAL FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEES.

PART I.—ENGLAND AND WALES.

Name of Committee.	Area of Committee.
Newcastle	Northumberland and Durham.
0 71 7	Cumberland and Westmorland.
WW 1	East and North Ridings of Yorkshire.
	West Riding of Yorkshire.
T 1 *	Lancashire.
	Cheshire.
Cheshire North Wales	
North Wales	Flintshire, Denbighshire, Carnarvon- shire, Anglesey, Merionethshire, Mont- gomeryshire.
South Wales	
South Wales	Monmouthshire, Glamorgan, Carmarthen-
	shire, Pembrokeshire, Cardiganshire,
D: 1	Radnorshire, Brecknockshire. Warwickshire, Worcestershire and Here-
Birmingham	
C1 1	fordshire.
Shrewsbury	Staffordshire and Shropshire.
Derby	Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire.
Market Harborough	Leicestershire, Rutland and Northampton-
D : 1 1	shire.
Peterborough	Soke of Peterborough, Holland and Kesteven Divisions of Lincolnshire.
Lincoln	Lindsey Division of Lincolnshire.
Norfolk	Norfolk.
Cambridge	Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire.
Bedford	Bedfordshire.
Ipswich	Suffolk.
Chelmsford	Essex.
London (N.)	Hertfordshire, Middlesex, Buckingham-
(211)	shire and London north of the Thames.
Reading	Oxfordshire and Berkshire.
Southampton	Wiltshire, Hampshire and Isle of Wight.
Gloucester	Gloucestershire.
Yeovil	Somerset and Dorsetshire.
Devon	Devonshire.
Cornwall	Cornwall.
London (S.)	Surrey, Sussex and the Metropolitan
2014011 (0.),	Boroughs of Wandsworth, Battersea,
	Lambeth and Southwark.
London (S.E.)	Kent and the Metropolitan Boroughs of
	Bermondsey, Deptford, Camberwell,
	Lewisham, Greenwich and Woolwich.
	Dewisham, Oreenwich and Woorwich.

PART II.—SCOTLAND.

Name and Headquarters of Committee.	Area of Committee : The Counties or Islands of
South-Western—Dumfries South-Eastern—Edinburgh Western—Glasgow	Linlithgow, Midlothian, East Lothian, Peebles, Roxburgh, Berwick, Selkirk. Lanark, Renfrew, Dumbarton, Argyle,
North-Eastern—Aberdeen	Bute. Elgin, Bauff, Aberdeen, Kincardine, Orkneys, Shetlands.
Central—Perth	Perth, Fife, Forfar, Clackmannan, Kinross, Stirling.
Northern—Inverness Ayrshire—Ayr	Nairn.

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (PRIORITY SUPPLY) ORDER, 1918.

DATED JANUARY 4, 1918.

1918. No. 7.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Priority Certificates. 1. The Food Controller or any person authorised by him may grant to any owner of dairy cattle in milk or such other cattle as the Food Controller may from time to time determine a priority certificate entitling such owner to a priority supply of cattle feeding stuffs of such quantities and such varieties and during such periods as may be stated in the certificate. The Food Controller may revoke any certificate so granted.

Priority Supplies. 2. A person shall in the disposition of any cattle feeding stuff give preference to a person seeking to obtain the same under a priority certificate issued under this Order, and shall not dispose of any cattle feeding stuff, until all orders for the like cattle feeding stuff properly demanded under any priority certificate have been fulfilled by him.

Endorsement of Certificate.

3. On the occasion of a sale of any cattle feeding stuffs under a priority certificate, the seller shall correctly enter or endorse on the certificate in a durable form the quantity and variety of feeding stuffs sold and the date of sale.

Application for Certificate.

4. Every application for a priority certificate shall be made in such manner or on such form as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

False Statements, &c.

5. A person shall not:—

(a) make or connive at the making of any false statement with a view to obtaining a priority certificate for himself or any other person; or

(b) make or connive at the making of any false entry or

endorsement on a priority certificate; or

(c) fail or neglect, or connive at any failure or neglect, to make any entry or endorsement on or to complete any priority certificate in manner directed thereon or required by this Order; or

(d) assign or attempt to assign any priority certificate or any

cattle feeding stuff obtained thereunder; or

(e) falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such certificate applies or has been issued.

6. No person having obtained cattle feeding stuff under a Duty of priority certificate shall use any part of such feeding stuff for Owner of any purpose other than feeding the dairy or other cattle in respect Certificate. of which the certificate was granted.

7. For the purpose of this Order:—

Interpreta-

"Cattle Feeding Stuffs" includes cattle feeding cake and tion. cattle feeding meal of every variety, millers' offals, barley offals, oat offals, malt culms, kiln dust, brewers' grains, distillers' grains, and maize by-products, but does not include any of such products which are suitable for human food.

8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

9. (a) This Order may be cited as the Cattle Feeding Stuffs Title and (Priority Supply) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary of the Ministry of Food.

4th January, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JANUARY 9, 1918, UNDER THE FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 20.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all persons selling flour by retail in cotton bags to make the following extra charges for the bag:—

Where the cotton bag holds not less than a half-quartern of Flour (13 lbs.) and less than 28 lbs. a charge per bag at a rate not exceeding one farthing for every complete halfquartern of flour contained therein;

Where the cotton bag holds 28 lbs. and less than 56 lbs.,

a charge not exceeding 4d. per bag.

The extra charge shall not, unless otherwise agreed, be repayable on the return of the bag.

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⁽a) FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 109.

Deer (Restriction of Feeding) Order, 1918; General Licence under Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.

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General prohibition

against feed-

ing of deer.

Penalty.

Title.

The Licence dated the 12th October, 1917,(a) relating to the charge for cotton bags, is hereby revoked.

By Order of the Food Controller.

9th January, 1918.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

The Deer (Restriction of Feeding) Order, 1918. Dated January 14, 1918.

1918. No. 22.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall after the 21st January, 1918, feed any deer or permit any deer to be fed with any cereals or other provided food except with acorns, chestnuts or salt or with hay grown within the deer forest, park or other area in which the deer are

preserved.

2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

3. This Order may be cited as the Deer (Restriction of Feeding) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th January, 1918.

General Licence, dated January 14, 1918, under the Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.(b)

1918. No. 190.

Pursuant to the above Order the Food Controller hereby authorises the use of molassed foods, cocoa shells and apple residues in the making of a Horse Mixture, and of dried meat unfit for human food in the making of a Poultry Mixture, and the sale and purchase of such mixtures in accordance with the provisions of the above Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th January, 1918.

(b) Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 112.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCE OF OCTOBER 12, 1917.—That Licence was printed as St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1048.

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

1918. No. 58.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. (a) In pursuance of Regulation $2B(\mathbf{a})$ of the Defence of the Existing Realm Regulations, the Food Controller gives notice that he Stocks. hereby takes possession of all cattle feeding stuffs which are in the United Kingdom on the 22nd January, 1918, and are not already in his possession under or by reason of any previous Order.

- (b) This clause shall not apply to cattle feeding stuffs in the hands of a person who at the close of business on the 21st January, 1918, does not hold more than 50 tons of cattle feeding stuffs, or in the hands of a person intending to use the same solely for the feeding of cattle or other animals owned by him.
- 2. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2F(a) of the Defence of the Future Realm Regulations, the Food Controller requires all persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any cattle feeding stuffs which may arrive in the United Kingdom after the 21st January, 1918, to place the same at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver the same to him or to his Order.

Imports.

- (b) Any arbitrator to act for the purposes of this clause shall be appointed by the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.
- 3. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 7(a) of the Defence of the Manu-Realm Regulations, the Food Controller hereby orders that the factured occupier of every factory or workshop in which any cattle feeding stuffs are manufactured, produced or adapted for sale, shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the cattle feeding stuffs which shall be made, produced or adapted for sale by him after the 21st January, 1918, and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his Order.

Compound

- (b) This clause shall not apply to any Oil Cakes or Meals to which the Oils, Oil Cakes and Meals (Requisition) Order, 1917,(**b**) applies.
- 4. (a) Every person holding any cattle feeding stuffs to which Returns. clause 1 of this order applies, shall on or before the 31st January, 1918, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1, a return showing:—

(i) The amounts and varieties of the cattle feeding stuffs held by or in transit to him at the close of business on the 21st January, 1918, and

(ii) The quantity sold and unsold in each case.

(b) OILS, OIL CAKES AND MEALS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917.—That

Order is printed in Group 12 ("Oils and Fats"), p. 450.

⁽a) DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS 2B, 2F AND 7.—These Regulations are printed pp. 5, 8, 13 of this Manual in the form which as conferring powers on the Food Controller they assume.

- (b) Every person to whom clause 2 of this order applies, shall on or before the 31st January, 1918, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1, a return showing:—
 - (i) The amounts and varieties of the cattle feeding stuffs afloat and shipped to the United Kingdom to him or to his order on the 21st January, 1918.
 - (ii) The amounts and varieties of cattle feeding stuffs purchased for shipment to him or to his order, and not shipped on the 21st January, 1918, and
 - (iii) The quantity sold and unsold in each case.

Interpretation.

- 5. For the purposes of this Order:
 - "Cattle Feeding Stuffs" includes cattle feeding cake and cattle feeding meal of every variety, millers' offals, barley offals, oat offals, malt culms, kiln dust, brewers' grains, and distillers' grains, but does not include any of such products which are suitable for human food.

Exception.

6. This Order shall not apply to a flour miller in relation to millers' offals produced or to be produced at his mill, if such mill is a mill to which the Flour Mills Order, 1917, or the Flour Mills Order, No. 2, 1917,(a) applies.

Penalties.

7. Infringements of this Order are offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

8. This Order may be cited as the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st January, 1918.

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals,") (p. 513), restricts as from February 3rd, 1918, the bread and flour to be consumed at meals in public eating places. For restrictions previously in force see the now revoked Public Meals Order, 1917, printed pp. 158-161 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."]

⁽a) FLOUR MILLS ORDERS.—Those Orders are printed, pp. 98, 104.

THE OATS (SCOTLAND AND IRELAND RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.

DATED JANUARY 28, 1918.

1918. No. 92.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. On and after the 1st February, 1918, no person other than a Prohibition person licenced under this Order shall move, consign or ship any on shipment

oats:

(a) from Scotland to any destination outside Scotland; or

(b) from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland; and no person shall buy or agree to buy or take delivery of any oats to be moved, consigned or shipped from Scotland to any destination outside Scotland or from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland, except from a person so licenced.

2. Any licences granted under this Order will be granted in Licences.

duplicate and may be granted

(a) by the Board of Agriculture for Scotland as respects oats consigned from Scotland to Ireland;

(b) by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries as respects oats consigned from Scotland to any other destination; and

- (c) by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland as respects oats consigned from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland.
- 3. Where any oats are delivered to a railway company, shipping Carriers company or other carrier for carriage from Scotland to any destination outside Scotland or from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland, such carrier shall before forwarding the oats require the duplicate of the necessary licence to be lodged with him and shall retain such duplicate and otherwise deal therewith as may be directed by the Department by whom the same was issued.

4. This Order shall not apply to oats consigned or shipped to Exception.

the Order of any Government Department.

5. In this Order the expression "Oats" shall include all oats Interpretawhether mechanically treated or not, except Oatmeal, Oatflour, tion. Rolled Oats and Flaked Oats.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. This Order may be cited as the Oats (Scotland and Ireland Title. Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th January, 1918.

THE RICE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918, DATED JANUARY 28, 1918, AS AMENDED BY THE RICE (RETAIL PRICES) AMENDMENT ORDER, DATED MAY 16, 1918.

> No. 101, as amended by 1918. No. 544.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1.(a) (a) No rice shall be sold by retail at a price exceeding the rate of 4d. per lb. No ground rice, rice flour, flaked rice or other similar rice product shall be sold by retail at a rate exceeding $4\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb., except that where such article is of a proprietary brand and is packed in cartons it may be sold at a rate not exceeding 5½d. per lb.

Provided that a person may sell any rice of the varieties mentioned in the Schedule at a rate not exceeding 6d. per lb. if at the time of such sale there is exhibited in a conspicuous position in the place of sale a notice to the effect that rice is on sale at a rate not exceeding 4d. per lb. and if at the like time he is able and willing to sell to any customer to the extent of his reasonable requirements rice at a rate in accordance with such notice.

(b) No additional charge shall be made for bags or other

packages or for giving credit or making delivery.

2. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or agree to buy any article to which this Order applies at prices exceeding the prices fixed by this Order or in connection with the sale or disposition of any such article enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any

unreasonable charge.

3. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that the price payable under a contract subsisting on the 1st February, 1918, for the sale of any article to which this Order applies is such that the article cannot be sold by retail at the prices permitted by this Order he may, if he thinks fit, cancel such contract or may modify the terms thereof in such manner as may appear to him to be just.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. (a) This Order may be cited as the Rice (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 4th February. 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th January, 1918.

(a) Clause 1(a) first paragraph as printed on p. 119 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual was revoked as from June 1, 1918, by the Rice (Retail Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, and the paragraph as here printed substituted.

Maximum prices.

Offers and fictitious transaction.

Contracts.

Penalty.

Title and

comments of Order.

The Schedule.

Re Milled Java. Re Milled White Bengal (Patna). Re Milled Siam. Garden Siam. Spanish. Carolina and other North American Rices. Japan.

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 29, 1918.

1918. No. 102.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not sell by wholesale cattle feeding stuffs Importers imported or made or produced by him: -

(a) After the 9th February, 1918, unless he has applied for a license authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs

by wholesale as a first hand seller; or

(b) After the 23rd February, 1918, unless he is the holder of a license, for the time being in force, granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs by wholesale as a first hand seller.

2. A person shall not sell by wholesale cattle feeding stuffs not Wholesale

imported or made or produced by him: --

(a) After the 9th February, 1918, unless he has applied for a license authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs by wholesale as a wholesale dealer; or

(b) After the 23rd February, 1918, unless he is the holder of a license, for the time being in force, granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs by wholesale as a wholesale dealer.

3. A person shall not sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing Distributing dealer for consumption or delivery within the area of any dealers to be Provincial Committee as set out in the Second Schedule to this licensed.

Order: -

(a) After the 9th February, 1918, unless he has applied for a license authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing dealer in that area; or

(b) After the 23rd February, 1918, unless he is the holder of a license for the time being in force, granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing dealer in that area.

and makers to be licensed.

dealers to be licensed.

Application for licenses.

- 4. (a) Applications for a license under this Order as a first hand seller may be made by an importer or maker, and applications for a license under this Order as a wholesale dealer may be made by any person desiring to be licensed as a wholesale dealer. All such applications shall, except in the case of Flour Millers, be made to the Port Committee within whose division, as set out in the First Schedule to this Order, the applicant's principal or only trade premises are situate, or to such other person as the Food Controller may prescribe, and shall in the case of Flour Millers be made in such manner as the Food Controller may direct.
- (b) Applications for a license under this Order as a distributing dealer may be made by any person desiring to be licensed as a distributing dealer. All such applications shall, except in the case of Flour Millers, be made to the Provincial Committee within whose area the applicant desires to sell cattle feeding stuffs for consumption or delivery, or to such other person as the Food Controller may prescribe, and shall in the case of Flour Millers be made in such manner as the Food Controller may direct.

Where any person, other than a Flour Miller, desires to sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing dealer for consumption or delivery within the area of more than one Provincial Committee, a separate application for a license shall be made in respect of each such area.

- (c) A person who desires to deal in cattle feeding stuffs in more than one capacity may make application for a license in each of such capacities.
- 5. Every application for a license shall be made on a form prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish upon such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form. Such statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.
- 6. (a) A Port Committee shall, unless otherwise directed by the Food Controller, on receipt of an application for a first-hand seller's license or a wholesale dealer's license made in accordance with this Order from a person, who or whose predecessor in business was on the 1st January, 1917, and who at the date of the application, is carrying on a regular business in cattle feeding stuffs of such a kind as would, had this Order been then in force, have required him to hold a license to sell by wholesale as a first-hand seller, or as a wholesale dealer, issue to such person a license as a first-hand seller or as a wholesale dealer, as the case may be, and shall also issue a first-hand seller's license or a wholesale dealer's license to such other persons as the Food Controller may from time to time direct.
- (b) A Provincial Committee shall, unless otherwise directed by the Food Controller, on receipt of an application for a distributing dealer's license made in accordance with this Order from a person, who or whose predecessor in business was on the 1st January, 1917, and who at the date of the application is carrying on a regular business in cattle feeding stuffs for consumption or delivery within the area of the Committee, of such a kind as would, had this Order been then in force, have required

Form of application.

Issue of licenses.

him to hold a license to sell as a distributing dealer, issue to such person a license to sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing dealer in the area of the Committee, and shall also issue a distributing dealer's license to such other persons as the Food Controller may from time to time direct.

(c) Where any applicant is refused any license, such refusal and the grounds therefor shall forthwith be reported to the Food

Controller.

7. Any license issued under this Order may be made subject Revocation to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine, and of licenses. may at any time be revoked by the Food Controller or with the sanction of the Food Controller by the Committee who granted the same.

8. The holder of a license shall keep or cause to be kept at Duties of some convenient place accurate records relating to his trade or licensee. business in cattle feeding stuffs showing the descriptions and quantities sold, the prices paid or payable, the transport charges (if any) and such other information as the Food Controller may from time to time specify, together with all relevant forms, documents, invoices, and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his trade or business in cattle feeding stuffs as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to such trade or business as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller to inspect all relevant books, documents and accounts relating thereto.

9. Any license granted under this Order shall be produced by Production the holder on demand of any person authorised by the Food of licenses. Controller or the Committee by whom the license was issued.

10. In the event of the transfer of any business in connection Transfer of with which a license is held by any licensee, or in the business. event of the death of a licensee, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the licensee, on making application for a license of the same description as the license held by such licensee, to sell cattle feeding stuffs, from the date of such application until receipt of intimation from the Committee to whom the application is made or from the Food Controller whether or not the license applied for will be granted, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the licensee was entitled to sell the same by virtue of the license held by him.

11. Every Port Committee and every Provincial Committee shall in the exercise of the powers and performance of the duties conferred or imposed upon them by this Order comply with such direction of directions as may from time to time be given to them by the Food Food Controller.

Committees to act under Controller.

12. A person shall not:—

(a) Knowingly make or connive at the making of any false statements. statement in any application or return made in connection with or for any of the purposes of this Order; or

False

Definitions.

(b) Forge or alter any license or other document issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order; or

(c) Personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to

whom a license has been issued or applies.

13. In this Order, and in any license granted under this Order, "Cattle Feeding Stuffs" means cattle feeding cake and cattle feeding meal of every variety, millers' offals, barley offals, oat offals, malt culms, kiln dust, brewers' grains, and distillers' grains, but does not include any of such feeding stuffs as are suitable for and sold as human food.

"Maker" means and includes any seed crusher, compound cake maker, miller, brewer, distiller, or other person

manufacturing or producing cattle feeding stuffs.

"To sell by wholesale as a first-hand seller" means to sell cattle feeding stuffs imported, produced or made by the person in question otherwise than to (a) a person buying for the purpose of feeding his own animals, or (b) a person entitled to sell cattle feeding stuffs without a license.

"To sell by wholesale as a wholesale dealer" means to sell cattle feeding stuffs bought from an importer, producer or maker by the person in question otherwise than to (a) a person buying for the purpose of feeding his own animals, or (b) a person entitled to sell cattle feeding stuffs without a license.

"To sell as a distributing dealer" means to sell cattle feeding stuffs otherwise than as is mentioned in the two

preceding paragraphs of this clause.

"Port Committee" and "Provincial Committee" mean a Port Feeding Stuffs Committee and a Provincial Feeding Stuffs Committee constituted by the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917.(a)

14. Nothing in this Order shall apply to; -

(a) A sale of cattle feeding stuffs by any person if the total of the amount sold on the occasion of such sale and of the amounts of cattle feeding stuffs previously sold by such person during the calendar year in which the sale takes place is not more than 50 tons; or

(b) a sale by a person, licensed in that behalf by the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies, of cattle feeding stuffs imported by the Commission or made or produced solely from any article imported by the Commission.

15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

16. (a) This Order may be cited as the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall not apply to a person who sells in Ireland cattle feeding stuffs for delivery in Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th January. 1918.

Exemption of small businesses.

Penalty.

Title and extent.

⁽a) CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (COMMITTEES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 122.

First Schedule.

PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEES.

LONDON PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE.

Division of Committee.

Middlesex. London. Hertfordshire. Surrey. Buckinghamshire. Sussex. Kent. Berkshire. Oxfordshire. Essex. Wiltshire. Suffolk. Cambridgeshire. Hampshire. Huntingdonshire. Isle of Wight.

BRISTOL CHANNEL AND WEST OF ENGLAND PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE.

Division of Committee.

Worcestershire.
Warwickshire.
Herefordshire.
Gloucestershire.
Somerset.
Dorsetshire.
Devonshire.

Monmouthshire.
Glamorgan.
Carmarthenshire.
Pembrokeshire.
Cardiganshire.
Radnorshire.
Brecknockshire.

Cornwall.

Bedfordshire.

LIVERPOOL PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE.

Division of Committee.

Cumberland.

Westmoreland.

Lancashire.

Cheshire.

Derbyshire.

Nottinghamshire.

Staffordshire.

Flintshire.

Carnarvonshire.

Anglesey.

Merionethshire.

Montgomeryshire.

Shropshire.

HULL PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE.

Division of Committee.

Northumberland.

Durham.

Yorkshire.

Lincolnshire.

Norfolk.

Leicestershire.

Rutland.

Northamptonshire.

PORT FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE FOR SCOTLAND.

Division of Committee.

Scotland.

Second Schedule.

PROVINCIAL FEEDING STUFFS COMMITTEE.

PART I.—ENGLAND AND WALES.

Name of Committee.	Area of Committee.		
Newcastle	Northumberland and Durham County.		
Carlisle	Cumberland and Westmoreland.		
York	East and North Ridings of Yorkshire.		
Leeds	West Riding of Yorkshire.		
Lancashire	Lancashire.		
Cheshire	Cheshire.		
North Wales	Flintshire, Denbighshire, Carnarvonshire,		
	Anglesey, Merionethshire, Montgomeryshire.		
South Wales	Monmouthshire, Glamorgan, Carmarthen- shire, Pembrokeshire, Cardiganshire,		
· · ·	Radnorshire, Brecknockshire.		
Birmingham	Warwickshire, Worcestershire, and Herefordshire.		
Shrewsbury	Staffordshire and Shropshire.		
Derby · ···	Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire.		
Market Harborough	Leicestershire, Rutland and Northampton- shire.		
Peterborough	Soke of Peterborough, Holland and Kesteven divisions of Lincolnshire.		
Lincoln	Lindsey Division of Lincolnshire.		
Norfolk	Norfolk.		
Cambridge	Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire.		
Bedford	Bedfordshire.		
Ipswich	Suffolk.		
Chelmsford	Essex.		
Lendon (N.)	Hertfordshire, Middlesex, Buckingham-		
	shire and London North of the Thames.		
Reading	Oxfordshire and Berkshire.		
Southampton	Wiltshire, Hampshire and Isle of Wight.		
Gloucester	Gloucestershire.		
Yeovil	Somerset and Dorsetshire.		
Devon	Devonshire.		
Cornwall	Cornwall.		
London (S.)	Surrey, Sussex, and the Metropolitan Boroughs of Wandsworth, Battersea,		
	Lambeth and Southwark.		
London (S.F.)	Kent, and the Metropolitan Boroughs of		
London (S.E.)	Bermondsey, Deptford, Camberwell,		
	Lewisham, Greenwich and Woolwich.		
	Bowisham, Greenwich and Woorwich.		

PART II .- SCOTLAND.

Name of Committee.	Area of Committee: The Counties or Islands of—
	Dumfries, Kirkcudbright, Wigtown.
South-Eastern	Linlithgow, Midlothian, East-Lothian, Peebles, Roxburgh, Berwick, Selkirk.
Western	Lanark, Renfrew, Dumbarton, Argyle, Bute.
North-Eastern	Elgin, Banff, Aberdeen, Kincardine, Orkneys, Shetlands.
Central	Perth, Fife, Forfar, Clackmannan, Kinross, Stirling.
Northern	Sutherlandshire, Caithness, Ross, Inverness, Nairn.
Ayrshire	Ayr.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JANUARY 28, 1918, UNDER THE HORSE AND POULTRY MIXTURES ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 116.

On a sale of a poultry mixture in cotton bags provided by the maker of the mixture, a charge may be made for the bags at the rate of 2s. per cwt. of the mixture subject to such charge being shewn as a separate item on the invoice relating to the sale, and the amount thereof being repayable on the return of the bags in good condition.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th January, 1918.

THE OATMEAL (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

1918. No. 166.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall on or after the 10th day of February, 1918, Oatmeal use any oatmeal, oat flour, groats, rolled oats or flaked oats except etc., to be

Oatmeal etc., to be used only for human food.

⁽a) Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.—That Order is printed human food. p. 112.

as human food or in the manufacture of articles suitable for human food or use any article containing or manufactured from any oatmeal, oat flour, groats, rolled oats or flaked oats except as human food.

Exception.

2. This Order shall not apply to any oatmeal, oat flour, groats, rolled oats or flaked oats which on the 10th February, 1918, had been so treated as to be unfit for human food or to any oatmeal, oat flour, groats, rolled oats or flaked oats or to any articles containing or manufactured from them which are or may become unfit for human food.

Damaging oatmeal, etc.

3. No person shall on or after the 10th day of February, 1918, damage or permit to be damaged or treat or permit to be treated any oatmeal, oat flour, groats, rolled oats or flaked oats or any article containing or manufactured from oatmeal, oat flour, groats, rolled oats or flaked oats so as to render the same less fit for the purpose for which under this Order they are reserved.

Samples.

4. Any person authorised by the Food Controller or any Food Committee may take samples of any article which he has reason to suspect is being used contrary to the terms of this Order.

Determination of questions. 5. If any question shall arise whether any article mentioned in this Order is unfit for the purpose of human food, such question may be referred for determination to any person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee.

Interpretation. 6. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) and the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

Penalty.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

8. This Order may be cited as the Oatmeal (Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

7th February, 1918.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Contro Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

1918. No. 173.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders, that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned.

PART I.—MAXIMUM PRICES.

- 1. Subject as hereinafter provided:
 - (a) No cattle feeding stuffs of any of the varieties specified in the Schedule to this Order shall after the date when this Order comes into force be sold at a price exceeding the maximum price applicable thereto according to such Schedule or such other maximum price as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller.
 - (b) No meal produced by grinding a cake of a variety specified in the Schedule to this Order shall after the date when this Order comes into force be sold at a price exceeding the maximum price applicable to such cake according to such Schedule, by more than 15s. per ton, or such other sum as may, either generally or in any particular case or class of cases, from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller.
 - (c) No specially prepared calf meal, pig meal, or lamb food or other specially prepared food for cattle not being of a variety specified in the Schedule to this Order shall after the date when this Order comes into force, be sold at a price exceeding by more than 30s. per ton, or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller, the total of the cost to the maker of the ingredients used as delivered at his factory and of the cost of manufacture.
- 2. On a sale in the cases hereinafter mentioned of any cattle Dealer's feeding stuffs for which a maximum price is prescribed by this Commission Order, a rebate shall be allowed to the buyer off the permitted maximum price of the following amounts.
 - (i) In the case of a sale to a licensed wholesale dealer a rebate of 7s. 6d. per ton.
 - (ii) In the case of a sale to a licensed distributing dealer or to a maker buying for the purpose of making any compound cake or compound meal of a variety specified in the Schedule to this Order a rebate of 5s. per ton.

Maximum Prices for Cattle Feeding

(iii) In the case of a sale to a person, who is both a licensed wholesale dealer and a licensed distributing dealer, a rebate of 7s. 6d. per ton if such person shall declare he is buying as a wholesale dealer, and otherwise a rebate of 5s. per ton, but if on any sale he shall declare that he is buying as a wholesale dealer he shall not (unless he shall have refunded to his seller a sum at the rate of 2s. 6d. per ton) sell the cattle feeding stuffs bought on such sale otherwise than to a licensed distributing dealer.

Small Sales.

- 3. Where the quantity of cattle feeding stuffs of any of the following five classes, that is to say, (i) Cakes and meals, (ii) Millers' Offals, (iii) Brewers' Grains, (iv) Distillers' Grains, and (v) Malt Culms and Kiln Dust sold by any one seller at any one time to one buyer is less than 2 tons of that class, the following sums may be added to the maximum prices prescribed by this Order, for the cattle feeding stuffs of such class, that is to say:—
 - (i) Where such quantity is more than 5 cwt. but less than 2 tons and the cattle feeding stuffs are delivered ex store, other than a maker's store or a first import store, a sum at the rate of 5s. per ton.

(ii) Where such quantity is not more than 5 cwt. and is either not less than 1 cwt. or is less than 1 cwt., but the bulk is not broken, a sum at the rate of 1s. 6d.

per cwt.

(iii) Where such quantity is less than 1 cwt. and the bulk is broken a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{4}d$. per lb.

Kibbling.

4. Where cake is kibbled before being sold a sum at the rate of 5s. per ton, or at such other rate as may either generally or in any particular case or class of cases be prescribed by the Food Controller, may be added to the maximum price prescribed by this Order for such cake.

Transport Charges.

5. (a) The maximum prices prescribed by this Order are fixed on the basis that all transport charges after sale by the first importer in the United Kingdom or by the maker are for the account of the ultimate buyer, and accordingly there may be added to the maximum price all transport charges after sale by such importer ex quay, free on rail or ex importer's warehouse in the case of imported cattle feeding stuffs, and all transport charges after sale by the maker ex factory or mill in the case of cattle feeding stuffs made or produced in the British Islands. Provided that the transport charges so added shall be limited to any reasonable amounts actually and properly paid or payable, and any other reasonable sums representing transport costs properly incurred, not exceeding the customary charges.

Provided also that in the case of a sale of millers' offals of a quantity less than 1 cwt. and where bulk is broken, if the sum permitted by paragraph (iii) of clause 3 of this Order is added to the maximum price, that sum shall be deemed to cover costs of transport and no transport charges shall be added under this subclause to the maximum price payable on such sale.

- (b) In the case of compound cakes and compound meals manufactured in Scotland or Ireland, there may be added to the permitted maximum price (in addition to the transport charges allowed by paragraph (a) of this clause) a charge on account of the transport of the raw materials from any Port in England or Wales to the mill, of such amount (if any) as may be allowed by the Food Controller.
- (c) Any amounts added in respect of transport charges shall be shown as separate items on the invoice relating to the sale.
- 6. (a) Except as provided with reference to millers' offals in Sacks and paragraph (b) of this clause, all cattle feeding stuffs for which a maximum price is prescribed by this Order, whether imported or made or produced in the British Islands, shall if sold in sacks or bags, be sold gross weight, sacks or bags included, and in the case of cattle feeding stuffs made or produced in the British Islands the following charges in respect of sacks or bags may be added to the maximum prices prescribed by this Order, that is to say:-

(i) On a sale of cake or meal a charge at the rate of 25s. per ton if sold in twenty sacks or bags to the ton, and so in proportion according to the number of sacks

or bags used per ton.

(ii) On a sale of millers' offals a charge at the rate of 35s. per ton if sold in sacks or bags containing 1 cwt. or less and 25s. per ton if sold in sacks or bags containing more than 1 cwt.

(iii) On a sale of any other cattle feeding stuffs a charge at the rate of 35s, per ton if sold in twenty sacks or bags to the ton and so in proportion according to the

number of sacks or bags used per ton.

Provided that in any of the foregoing cases the buyer may by arrangement with the seller send his own sacks or bags to be filled, in which event the cattle feeding stuffs shall be sold net weight, sacks or bags excluded, and in that event no charge shall

be added under this clause to the maximum price.

(b) On a sale of millers' offals produced in the British Islands, and sold in sacks or bags bearing a miller's name or trade mark, the seller may at his option notwithstanding anything in paragraph (a) of this clause, sell net weight, sacks or bags excluded, and make a charge at the rate of 2s. 6d. per sack or bag, in which event the charge shall be shown as a separate item on the invoice and be repaid on the return within three months of the date of invoice of any sack or bag which bears the same name or trade mark and is in good condition.(a)

7. (a) In the case of any cattle feeding stuffs, other than Credit. flour millers' offals, the maximum prices prescribed by this Order are on the basis of net cash within fourteen days of date of delivery, ex mill or store or on rail. Where credit is given to a buyer a reasonable extra charge may be made, provided that a

⁽a) IMPORTED MILLERS' OFFALS SOLD IN SACKS.—By General Licence of May 15, 1918, printed p. 167, a charge may be made at the rate specified in par. (a) (ii) of this clause for sacks or bags in which imported millers' offals are sold.

discount for net cash within such fourteen days is quoted on the invoice and is such as to bring such net cash price within the maximum price so prescribed.

(b) In the case of flour millers' offals the maximum prices prescribed by this Order are on the basis of cash within one month from the date of transfer or earlier delivery ex mill or store or on rail, and a discount shall be allowed to the buyer (whether a wholesale dealer, a distributing dealer, or a consumer) off the price for the offals at the rate of 4d. in the £ for payment within seven days from such date, and of 2d. in the £ for payment within twenty-one days from such date. Interest at a reasonable rate may be charged in respect of any monies unpaid at the due date.

Contracts.

8. (a) Where any contract made after the date of this Order, and subsisting on the date when this Order comes into force, for the sale of any cattle feeding stuffs for which a maximum price is prescribed by this Order provides for the payment of a price in excess of such maximum price the contract shall stand so far as concerns goods delivered before the coming into force of this Order, but shall be avoided so far as concerns goods agreed to be sold above such maximum price which have not been so delivered.

(b) Nothing in this Order shall affect any contract made on or

before the date of this Order.

Purchaser may rely on Vendor's Statement. 9. Where the maximum price at which cattle feeding stuffs may be sold by any person (not being the importer or maker) depends upon the amount of any sums paid or charged for transport or upon the cost of any ingredients or of the manufacture of any such cattle feeding stuffs or upon the percentage of oils or albuminoids contained in such cattle feeding stuffs, such person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement with reference to such amount or cost or percentage which may have been given to him by the person from whom he bought the cattle feeding stuffs unless he has reason to disbelieve the truth of such statement.

Fictitious. Transactions. 10. No person shall sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any cattle feeding stuffs at a price exceeding the price applicable thereto under this Order, or in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any cattle feeding stuffs enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any charges exceeding or other than those permitted by this Order.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales to be by weight.

11. After the date when this Order comes into force no cattle feeding stuffs, other than wet brewers' and distillers' grains, shall, except with the permission of the Food Controller, be sold otherwise than by weight.

Shipment to Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

12. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a license granted by the Food Controller no person shall after the date when this Order comes into force ship or consign any cattle feeding stuffs to any destination in the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man.

13. After the date when this Order comes into force no person Restrictions shall sell Linseed Cake made in the United Kingdom and containing less than 8 per cent. of oil when determined in accordance with the Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs (Methods of Analysis) Regulations, 1908,(a) unless a maximum price shall have been prescribed therefor by the Food Controller.

as to Linseed

14. After the date when this Order comes into force no person Restriction shall, except under a license granted by the Food Controller, make or produce any cake or meal as food for cattle with two or more varieties of oleaginous seeds, cereals, or other substances, other than a cake or meal of a variety specified in the Schedule to this Order, and no person shall sell any such cake or meal so made or produced as aforesaid until a maximum price for such cake or meal has been fixed by the Food Controller.

on use of Seeds, etc.

15. After the date when this Order comes into force, no person shall except under a license granted by the Food Controller use any cake or meal or millers' offals of any of the varieties specified pound Cakes in the Schedule to this Order in the manufacture or production of any cake or meal except a meal produced by grinding one variety of cake.

Restrictions as to Comand Meals.

16. Except with the consent of the Food Controller no person Restrictions shall after the date when this Order comes into force manufacture on New any calf meal, pig meal, lamb food, or other specially prepared Business. food for cattle not being of a variety specified in the Schedule to this Order which he did not manufacture in the ordinary course of business during the year 1917.

17. Nothing in this Order shall apply to:

Exceptions.

(a) Any mixture to which the Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917,(b) applies.

(b) A sale by any person, licensed in that behalf by the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies, of cattle feeding stuffs imported by the Commission, or to the manufacture, production or sale by any such person of any cattle feeding stuffs made or produced solely from any article imported by the Commission.(c)

Definitions.

18. In this Order unless the context otherwise requires:— "Cattle Feeding Stuffs" means any cakes, meals, millers' offals, grains, culms, and kiln dust of the varieties specified in the Schedule to this Order, and all specially prepared calf meals, and lamb foods, and other specially prepared foods for cattle, but does not include any of such feeding stuffs as are suitable for and sold as human food.

"Cattle" includes bulls, cows, oxen, heifers, calves,

sheep, goats and swine.

1908, p. 6.
(b) Horse and Poultry Mixtures Order, 1917.—That Order is printed

p. 112.

⁽a) FERTILISERS AND FEEDING STUFFS (METHODS OF ANALYSIS) REGU-LATIONS, 1908.—Those Regulations are printed Annual Volume of St. R. & O.,

⁽c) ROYAL COMMISSION ON WHEAT SUPPLIES.—The offices of the Commission are Trafalgar House, Waterloo Place, S.W.1.

"Maker" means and includes any seed crusher, compound cake maker, miller, brewer, distiller, or other person

manufacturing or producing cattle feeding stuffs.

"Licensed wholesale dealer" means a person (other than an importer or maker) licensed under the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1918, (a) to sell cattle feeding stuffs by wholesale.

"Licensed distributing dealer" means a person licensed under the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1918,(a)

to sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing dealer.

"Port Committee" and "Provincial Committee" respectively mean a Port Feeding Stuffs Committee and a Provincial Feeding Stuffs Committee constituted by the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917:(b)

Penalty.

19. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Commencement and Repeal.

20. (i) Part I. of this Order so far as it relates to cattle feeding stuffs of any of the varieties specified in the schedule to the Cattle Feeding Cake and Meal and Millers' Offals (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, (c) and clauses 11 and 12 of this Order, shall come into force on the 9th February, 1918.

S. R. and O., No. 1107 of 1917.

(ii) Part I. of this Order so far as it relates to any other cattle feeding stuffs and clauses 13, 14. 15 and 16 of this Order shall

come into force on the 20th February, 1918.

(iii) The Cattle Feeding Cake and Meal and Millers' Offals (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, (c) is hereby revoked as from the 9th February, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous infringement thereof.

Transitory Provisions.

S. R. and O., No. 102 of

21. In construing the provisions of this Order during the period between the date when this Order comes into force and the 24th February, 1918, "a licensed wholesale dealer" shall mean a person who has made application under and in accordance with the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1918, (a) for a license authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs by wholesale as a wholesale dealer, and "a licensed distributing dealer" means a person who has made application as aforesaid for a license authorising him to sell cattle feeding stuffs as a distributing dealer.

Ireland.

1918.

22. In the application of this Order to sales taking place in Ireland and to sales by persons in Great Britain to persons in Ireland the following provisions shall have effect:

The expression "licensed wholesale dealer" shall mean

The expression "licensed wholesale dealer" shall mean (i) a person who in the ordinary course of his trade is accustomed to buy cattle feeding stuffs from an importer or maker and to sell the cattle feeding stuffs so bought to a

(b) CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (COMMITTEES) ORDER, 1917.--That Order is printed p. 122.

⁽a) CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 135.

⁽c) CATTLE FEEDING CAKE AND MEAL AND MILLERS OFFALS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 61 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

person buying for resale, and (ii) such other person as the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller shall determine to be a licensed wholesale dealer

for the purpose of this Order.

The expression "licensed distributing dealer" shall mean (i) a person who in the ordinary course of his trade is accustomed either to buy cattle feeding stuffs from an importer or maker and to sell the same to any person, other than a person buying for resale, or to buy cattle feeding stuffs from a person who is a licensed wholesale dealer as above defined, and (ii) such other person as the said Food Control Committee shall determine to be a licensed distributing dealer for the purposes of this Order.

23. This Order may be cited as the Cattle Feeding Stuffs Title. (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

7th February, 1918.

 Im_{I}

Schedule.

Home Manufactured Cakes and Meals.

	Mo	uxin	um	Pri	ces.
	£	s.	d.		
Linseed Cake containing not less					
than eight per cent. oil	19	0	0	per	ton.
Cotton Seed Cake	14	10	0	,,	
Undecorticated Ground Nut Cake	17	5	0	,,	
Semi-Decorticated Ground Nut					
Cake	18		6	,,	
Decorticated Ground Nut Cake	-19		0	,,,	
Palm Kernel Cake	13		0	,,	
Rape Cake Copra Cake	14	0	0	,,	
Copra Cake	16		0	,,,	
Sesame Cake	18		0	,,	
Soya Cake			0	"	
Extracted Palm Kernel Meal			0	,,	
Extracted Rape Meal			0	,,	
Extracted Soya Meal	18	15	0	,,	
ported Cakes and Meals.					
North American Linseed Cake	19	5	0	,,	
Argentine Linseed Cake			0	,,	
Canadian Linseed Cake			0	11	
Australian Linseed Cake			0	1139	

	£	8.	d.	
Spanish and Portuguese Linseed Cake	19 19 20 17 17 15 16	10 0 15 15 15 10 10 0 0 0 5 5	0 p 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	er ton. ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,
Compound Cakes and Meals (made from two or more ingredients when no oil is expressed in the process of manufacture).				
Cakes and Meals containing not less than seven per cent. Oil and not less than twenty per cent. Albuminoids Cakes and Meals containing not less than six per cent. Oil and not less than twenty per cent. Albuminoids Cakes and Meals containing not less than six per cent. Oil and	17	5	0	"
not less than seventeen per cent. Albuminoids	16	17	6	,,
Millers' Offals. Flour Millers' Offals of all kinds Fine Barley Dust Coarse Barley Dust Oat Dust Oat Husks Oat Husk Meal	13 17 8 6 3 5	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	;; ;; ;; ;;
Miscellaneous.			9	
Malt Culms	13 11 15 14	0	0 0 0 0	22 22 22
Dried Brewers' Porter and Mixed Grains	14	0	0	,,,_

Wet Brewers' Ale and Distillers' Grains for October-April	£ s.	d.	
delivery	8	4 pe	r usual trade quarter.
Wet Brewers' Porter and Mixed			
Grains for October-April delivery	7	10	, ;
Wet Brewers' Ale and Distillers' Grains for May-September			
delivery	7	4	>>
Wet Brewers' Porter and Mixed Grains for May-September			
delivery	ϵ	3 10	"

THE BARLEY (EXPORT FROM IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. FEBRUARY 11, 1918.

1918. No. 182.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Prohibition granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, a of export of person shall not after the 18th February, 1918, consign or ship any Barley from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland.

Barley from Ireland.

- 2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringements. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Barley (Export from Title. Ireland) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour. Secretary to the Ministry of Food

11th February, 1918.

THE OATS PRODUCTS (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 19, 1918.

1918. No. 210.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Maximum prices for Oat Flour, Oatmeal, &c.

1. No person shall on or after the 21st February, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy by retail any Oat Flour, Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Flaked Oats or other like products of Oats at prices exceeding the maximum prices applicable thereto according to the following table:—

	Oat	Flour.	Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Flaked Oats or other like products of Oats.		
Place of Sale.	For every 7 lbs. included in the sale.	Rate per lb. for any quantity less than 7 lbs. in- cluded in the sale.	in the sale	Rate per lb. for any quantity less than 7 lbs. in- cluded in the sale.	
England and Wales	s. d. 2 10	d. 5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$d. \ 4rac{1}{2}$	
Scotland and Ireland	2 61	4½	$2 3\frac{1}{2}$	4	

Provided that as respects sales taking place in any part of Scotland other than the mainland, the Food Commissioner for that division in which such sale takes place may authorise the addition of such sum as he thinks reasonable not exceeding a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.(a)

Bags and packages, &c.

2. The maximum price shall include all charges for bags and other packages, and no additional charge shall be made therefor. No extra charge may be made for giving credit or for making delivery.

Proprietary Brands.

3. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine this Order shall apply to proprietary brands of the articles mentioned.(b)

Meaning of Oat Flour.

4. In this Order "Oat Flour" means only such Oat Flour as will pass through a silk or wire sieve having not less than 48 meshes to the inch.

Fictitious transactions.

5. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of any Oat Flour, Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Flaked Oats or other like products of Oats, enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction, or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

(b) LIST OF LICENCES TO SELL PROPRIETARY BRANDS.—See p. 101.

⁽a) PRICE IN SCOTLAND.—A General Licence, dated Feb. 7, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 165), to the same effect as this paragraph, is omitted from this Manual as superseded.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

ment.

7. The Oats Products (Retail Prices) Order, 1917, as subsequently amended(a) is hereby revoked, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Revocation S. R. & O., Nos. 1157, 1200 and 1328 of 1917.

8. This Order may be cited as the Oats Products (Retail Prices) Title. Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour. Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th February, 1918.

THE BARLEY (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1918.

1918. No. 224.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2F and 2G of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. All persons who on the 1st March, 1918, own or have power General to sell or dispose of any Barley whether home grown Barley in requisition. its natural condition, or home grown Barley which has been treated or kiln dried or Barley which has been imported, shall place such Barley at the disposal of the Food Controller, and shall deliver the same to him or such persons as may be named by him in such quantities and at such time as the Food Controller may from time to time direct.

2. Pending any direction no person shall on or after the 1st Interim March, 1918, remove or otherwise dispose of any such Barley directions. (whether in pursuance of a contract existing at the date of the Order or not) and all persons concerned shall take such steps as may be reasonably necessary to maintain the same in good condition.

3. All persons who on the 1st March, 1918, own or have power Statements. to sell or dispose of any such Barley shall on or before 7th March, 1918, furnish to the Secretary (Home Cereals Section), Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, Westminster, London, S.W.1, a statement on forms to be obtained from the Food Controller giving particulars of all such Barley in their possession

⁽a) OATS PRODUCTS (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed in its amended form at p. 64 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

or under their control at the date of this Order and of all contracts made by them before the 1st March, 1918, for the sale of such Barley and of such other matters as are necessary to complete the forms.

Price.

4. The Food Controller will subsequently communicate to the owners of Barley taken over by him the prices which he will be prepared to pay for the same.

Arbitration.

5. The compensation to be paid for Barley requisitioned under this Order shall, in default of agreement, be determined by the arbitration of a judge of the High Court selected by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, of a judge of the Court of Session selected by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland or of a judge of the High Court of Ireland selected by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.

Exceptions.

- 6. This Order shall not apply—
 - (a) to persons who do not own more than 25 quarters (448 lbs. per qr.) of Barley on the 1st March, 1918;
 - (b) to Barley owned by the grower on the 1st March, 1918;
 - (c) to Barley in the hands of or held to the Order of Flour Millers on the 1st March, 1918;
 - (d) to Barley agreed to be sold to the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies;
 - (e) to Barley which is both suitable for and has been bought specifically for the purpose of seed.

Infringements. 7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

8. This Order may be cited as the Barley (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

26th February, 1918.

THE FOREIGN HOLDINGS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 8, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 7A ("Foreign Holdings of Food"), (p. 250), requires returns of cattle feeding stuffs held to foreign account.]

THE FLOUR MILLS (PROHIBITION OF SMOKING) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 13, 1918.

1918. No. 298.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 35A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, (a) and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows: —

1. No person shall smoke in any Flour Mill or in any store or warehouse used for the purposes of or in connection with a flour mill except as permitted by the person having the management

of the Mill.

2. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "Flour Mill" shall mean any premises to which Regulation 2gg of the Defence of the Realm Regulations has been applied by the Flour Mills Order, 1917, or the Flour Mills Order No. 2, 1917.(b)

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. (a) This Order may be cited as the Flour Mills (Prohibition

of Smoking) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 30th March, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th March, 1918.

THE FLOUR (KESTRICTION) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED March 20, 1918.

1918. No. 363.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. (a) No person except in the manner and to the extent Purchases of mentioned in a Control Licence shall in any week directly or Flour by indirectly purchase or otherwise acquire a greater total quantity limited to of flour than the prescribed amount: and no flour shall, except the prein the manner and to the extent mentioned in a Control Licence, scribed be purchased or acquired whether by one person or by several for amount per

(b) FLOUR MILLS ORDERS.—These Orders are printed pp. 98, 104.

⁽a) REGULATION 35A OF THE DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS.— This Regulation is printed in Part I. (p. 16) of this Manual in the form in which it applies to the Food Controller.

use and consumption in any household or establishment so that the total quantity purchased or acquired in any week is in excess of the prescribed amount.

(b) Sub-Clause (a) of this Clause shall not apply to:

- (i) A catering business established on or before the 31st December, 1917, or an Institution established on or before the said 31st December, 1917, purchasing or acquiring flour from the usual suppliers of flour during the year 1917 of such catering business or institution.
- (ii) A miller, factor, dealer in flour, baker or other manufacturer acquiring flour in the course of his business.
- (c) No person except in the manner and to the extent mentioned in a Control Licence shall knowingly sell directly or indirectly or otherwise dispose of whether directly or indirectly to any person, save to such persons as are mentioned in Sub-Clause (b) of this Clause, in any week a greater total quantity of flour than the prescribed amount and no person shall sell or dispose of flour to another person where he has reason to suspect that by such purchase sub-clause (a) of this clause would be infringed.

Forms of application.

2. Every applicant for a Control Licence shall furnish to the Food Control Committee for Ireland (hereinafter called the Committee) upon such form as may be from time to time prescribed for the purpose by the Committee a true statement of the particulars required for completing such form which statement shall be signed by the applicant.

Issue of Control Licences.

3. A Control Licence shall be granted to such persons and subject to such conditions as may be determined by the Committee or a Local Executive Officer of the Committee.

Form and Non-transferability of Control Licences. 4. (a) Every Control Licence shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Committee may from time to time direct, and all persons acting under such Control Licences shall duly comply with the terms thereof.

(b) No Control Licence issued pursuant to this Order shall

be transferable.

(c) Any Centrol Licence issued pursuant to this Order may at any time be varied or revoked by the Committee.

False statements, etc.

- 5. A person shall not:
 - (a) Make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application for a Control Licence.

(b) Forge or alter any Control Licence.

(c) Fraudulently alter or attempt to alter or forge any entry upon any Control Licence.

(d) Personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom a Control Licence has been issued or applies.

(e) Retain any Control Licence or any part of a Control Licence when he has no right to retain it or fail to comply with any directions issued by lawful authority with regard to the return thereof.

- (f) Make or cause to be made or without lawful excuse have in his custody or possession any card, paper or document so made as to resemble or colourably to imitate a Control Licence or any part of a Control Licence either in blank or wholly or partially completed not being a Control Licence or part of a Control Licence issued under this Order.
- (g) Use or attempt to use for the purpose of obtaining flour for himself or for any other person any forged or altered Control Licence or part of a Control Licence or any card or paper or document so made as to resemble or colourably to imitate any Control Licence or part of a Control Licence.
- (h) Knowingly retain, make use of or deal with any Control Licence or any part of a Control Licence issued upon any application made under this Order containing a statement false in any material particular or obtain or attempt to obtain flour by means of a Control Licence so issued.
- 6. (a) A seller shall preserve all Control Licences and all parts Preservation of Control Licences received by him for the delivery of flour, and shall produce the same to and deal therewith as directed by the Committee or a Local Executive Officer of the Committee or any Licences and member of the Royal Irish Constabulary or Dublin Metropolitan Police Forces authorised by a Local Executive Officer or any person authorised by the Food Controller or by the Committee.

and production of Control

- (b) In the case of any sale of flour to any person exceeding the prescribed amount the seller shall keep accurate records of the name and address of the person to whom any such flour was supplied, the quantity supplied the date of such supply and the price paid; and such records shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Committee a Local Executive Officer of the Committee or any member of the Royal Irish Constabulary or Dublin Metropolitan Police Forces duly authorised by a Local Executive Officer or any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.
- (c) Every person dealing in flour or using flour in the course of his business shall make such returns as to his trade as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or the Committee.
 - 7. For the purposes of this Order—

"Prescribed Amount" shall mean such quantity as is from time to time prescribed by the Committee and except in so far as so prescribed, shall mean 28 lbs.

"Control Licence" shall mean a certificate issued under the authority of the Committee authorising the person named in such certificate to purchase a quantity of flour in excess of the prescribed amount.

"Week" shall mean the seven days ending on

Saturday midnight.

Interpretation.

"Local Executive Officer" shall mean a District Inspector of the Royal Irish Constabulary in charge of a Constabulary District or a Superintendent of the Dublin Metropolitan Police in charge of a Division.

"Flour" shall mean any wheatmeal or wheaten flour or

any flour containing flour milled from wheat.

"Catering Business" shall mean the business or undertaking of an inn, hotel, restaurant, railway buffet, club boarding house, refreshment contractor or canteen (other than inns, hotels and boarding houses in which the number of bedrooms let and available for letting does not exceed 5).

(a) "Institution" shall include public or private hospitals, sanatoria, convalescent or nursing homes, workhouses, infirmaries, asylums, corporations or companies not established for the purpose of trading or profit, religious or charitable communities, residential schools and colleges and non-residential schools and colleges at which meals other than teas are provided for the pupils or teachers and residential hostels of all kinds requiring flour for any of their purposes.

(b) The catering or kitchen departments of businesses where meals other than teas are provided for the staffs of the business or their guests but not for other members of the public, and other like establishments, and establishments of public utility not carried on primarily for profit

and requiring flour for any of their purposes.

Flour Hoarding. S. R. and O., No. 317 of 1917.

8. Nothing contained in this Order shall entitle a person to acquire any flour so that the quantity of flour in his possession or under his control at any one time exceeds the quantity which under the Food Hoarding Order, 1917, (a) he is entitled to acquire.

Public meals.

9. Nothing contained in this Order shall entitle a person subject to the provisions of the Public Meals Order, 1918,(b) to use any flour in excess of the quantity prescribed in that Order.

Penalty.

10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title, commencement and extent of Order. 11. (a) This Order may be cited as the Flour (Restriction) (Ireland) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 12th April,

1918.

(c) This Order shall extend only to Ireland.

By order of the Food Controller,

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th March, 1918.

(b) Public Meals Order, 1918.—That Order is printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals"), p. 513.

⁽a) FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Group 8 ("Hoarding of Food"), p. 252.

THE BREAD (USE OF POTATOES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 27,

1918. No. 371.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him under the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders, that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. It shall be lawful for any person in the manufacture of Optional use bread to add to and to mix with the ingredients thereof such of potatoes quantity of potatoes or potato products as the Food Controller in bread. may by notice under this Order from time to time authorise. Until further notice, the quantity authorised shall be such quantity as the maker of the bread shall think fit.

2. (a) The Food Controller may by notice under this Order Compulsory direct that in the manufacture of any bread manufactured for use of sale there shall be used such quantity of potatoes or potato

products as may be specified in the notice.

(b) Subject to the provisions of any such notice, a Food Committee may by notice under this Order exercise the like power as respects all, or any of the bread which is, within their district or any part of their district, manufactured for sale, or sold, or delivered pursuant to a contract of sale.

(c) All persons concerned shall comply with any direction

given under this Order.

3. Any potatoes or potato products used in the manufacture Wheaten of bread pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Order shall flour. be deemed for the purposes of any statute to be wheaten flour.

4. Where any direction has been given pursuant to Clause 2 of this Order, every person concerned shall keep or cause to be kept accurate records showing the quantity of potatoes or potato products used by him in the manufacture of bread, the date of such use, and such other particulars as may be necessary to show that the provisions of such direction have been or are being complied with. Such records shall on demand be produced to and be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or any Food Committee concerned.

5. Where in any proceedings in respect of an infringement Certificate of of this Order any question arises as to the quantity of potato or analyst. potato products contained in any bread, the production of the certificate of the Principal Chemist of the Government Laboratories, or of an analyst appointed under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, (a) shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated unless the Defendant require that the person who made the analysis be called as a witness. The certificate of the principal Chemist or of the analyst shall so far as circumstances permit be in the form required by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.

potatoes.

Records.

⁽a) SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS .- An epitome of these Acts and of the Orders thereunder is given in Appendix VI (16) ("Sale of Food and Drugs Acts and Orders"), p. 506 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

Interpretation.

6. In this Order the expression "Food Committee" shall mean as regards Great Britain a Food Control Committee appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) and as regards Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

Penalties.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Revocation. S. R. & O., No. 1025 of 1917.

8. The Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1917,(c) is hereby revoked as on the date of this Order but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Title.

9. This Order may be cited as the Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1918.

Rhondda.

Food Controller.

27th March, 1918.

THE FLOUR AND BREAD (REGISTRATION) ORDER, 1918, DATED MARCH 27, 1918, AS AMENDED BY ORDER DATED APRIL 22, 1918.

1918. No. 373 as amended by No. 460.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Registration of retailers of flour.

1. (a) A person shall not deal in flour by retail—

(i) after the 1st May, 1918, except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he has applied for a certificate of registration as a retailer of flour under this Order: or

(ii) after the 11th May, 1918, except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retailer of flour for the time being in force granted by the Food Committee for the district in which the premises are situate:

But this shall not prevent a retailer of flour who has duly applied or is duly registered from selling from his cart in the ordinary course of business.

Upon the refusal of a certificate of registration the applicant's title, if any, shall cease.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(c) Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1917.—That Order was printed, p. 60. of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND .— See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this

(b) A retailer of flour may be registered as a hawker or costermonger, and in such case shall sell only from his cart, stall, or barrow and at such other place, if any, as may be named in the certificate.

2. A person shall not manufacture for sale any bread, flour Registration

confectionery, (a) biscuits or cakes—

(a) after the 1st May, 1918, except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he has applied for a certificate of registration as such a manufacturer under this Order; or

(b) After the 11th May, 1918, except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration authorising him in that behalf for the time being in force granted by the Food Committee for the district in which the premises are situate.

3. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be Form of apmade on forms to be prescribed by the Food Controller and every applicant shall furnish on such forms a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent.

a certificate

of other

users of flour '

4. Every application for a certificate of registration shall in Application the case of an applicant other than a hawker or costermonger be made to the Food Committee for the district in which the premises of the applicant, in respect of which a certificate of registration is sought, are situate, and when the same person is applying the approfor registration in respect of premises situate in more than one district, separate application shall be made in each district in district. respect of the premises situated therein. In the case of an applicant who is a hawker or costermonger, application shall be made to the Food Committee for the district in which he resides at the time of such application.

to be addressed to Food Committees for

5. (a) A person who or whose predecessor in business was at Persons the date of this Order carrying on business as a retailer of flour or entitled to manufacturer of any of the articles mentioned in Clause 2 of this receive a Order, shall, on making application before the 1st May, 1918, be entitled to receive the appropriate certificate of registration in respect of the premises in, about or in connection with which such business was being carried on.

(b) A person registered as a hawker or costermonger shall

be so described in his certificate.

6. A Food Committee shall not refuse a certificate of regis- Grounds for tration duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same refusing a under the preceding clause of this Order, except with the consent of the Food Controller and in circumstances, in which the Food Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had already been granted.

certificate of registration.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 2.—This in the Order as originally issued read . . bread, flour, confectionery, . . . ": the correction was made by the Order of April 22, 1918.

Power to Food Committees to grant new certificates. 7. A Food Committee may, in any case in which in their opinion it is desirable to do so in the interests of the public within their district, with the consent of the Food Controller, grant to any other person a certificate of registration under this Order in respect of any premises within their district.

Form of certificate.

8. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Food Controller and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine.

Revocation of certificate.

9. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Order, if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Register of holder of certificate.

10. A Food Committee shall keep in a form prescribed by the Food Controller a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Order.

Transfer of a business.

11. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate on making an application for a certificate of registration to deal in flour by retail or to manufacture for sale any such article as is referred to in Clause 2 of this Order, from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Committee, and in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

Inspection and information and duties.

12. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is registered such records as to flour, potatoes, yeast and all other articles' used in his manufacture as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this clause and all relevant books documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions relating to his trade or business in flour or the other articles mentioned in Clause 2 of this Order or relating to the ingredients to be used therein and the manufacture thereof as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Food Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require.

13. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the pre- Custody and mises or some other premises to which it relates and, in the case production of a hawker or costermonger shall be carried with him whenever of certificate. engaged in selling any article to which such certificate relates, and every holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

14. For the purposes of this Order:—

Interpretation.

"Food Committee" shall mean as regards Great Britain a Food Control Committee appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) and as regards Ireland the Food Control Committee for Ireland appointed by the Food Controller.(b)

- 15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 16. This Order may be cited as the Flour and Bread (Regis- Title and extent of tration) Order, 1918. Order.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th March, 1918.

THE GROWING GRAIN CROPS ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 5, 1918.

1918. No. 402.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not feed any cattle, or permit or suffer any Feeding on cattle to be fed with any growing Wheat, Oats, Barley (except green crops. Winter sown Barley) or dredge Corn in such a way as to prevent the crop coming to maturity or prejudicially to affect the growth of such crop.

2. A person shall not cut or permit or suffer to be cut before Cutting maturity any growing crop of Wheat, Oats, Barley (except Winter green crops. sown Barley) or dredge Corn.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

Definitions.

3. For the purposes of this Order:—
"Cattle" includes, in addition to cattle usually so called,
horses, sheep, goats, deer and swine.

Infringements.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

5. This Order may be cited as the Growing Grain Crops Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th April, 1918.

THE HORSES (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918.(a) DATED APRIL, 10, 1918.

1918. No. 410.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

General prohibition against feeding cereal foodstuffs to horses. 1. No person shall feed any horse or permit any horse to be fed with cereal foodstuffs except as provided in this Order, or under the authority of the Food Controller.

Horses excluded from the operation of this Order. 2. This Order shall not apply to horses falling within the classes mentioned in the first Schedule.

Limited rations to certain horses.

- 3.—(a) Horses falling within the classes mentioned in the second and third Schedules may not on any day be fed with more than the quantity of cereal foodstuffs prescribed for such horses.
- (b) The maximum quantity of cereal foodstuffs which may be fed on any one day is prescribed in the Schedules in terms of oats, but maize, beans, peas, or bran may be used in lieu of oats, and if so used they shall be deemed for the purpose of this Order to be the equivalent of oats in the following proportions:—

 $7\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Maize = 10 lbs. oats.

- 9 lbs. Beans = 10 lbs. oats.
- 9 lbs. Peas = 10 lbs. oats. 12 lbs. Dried brewer's grains ... = 10 lbs. oats.
- 13 lbs. Bran = 10 lbs. oats.

No other cereal foodstuffs may be used.

4. Horses falling within the classes mentioned in the fourth Schedule may not be fed with any cereal foodstuffs.

Prohibition as regards certain horses.

(a) HAY AND STRAW ORDERS.—2 orders dated June 7, and July 18, 1918, made by the Board of Trade, and printed as St. R. & Os., Nos. 631 and 897 of 1918 respectively, make further provisions with regard to the feeding of horses, &c.

5. No restriction is placed by this Order on the use of hay, Hay, straw, straw or roots for the feeding of any horse.

6. Any person or persons in possession of a horse or horses fall-Records. ing within the classes mentioned in the second and third Schedules shall keep records of the number and classes of horses kept, in sufficient detail to show (1) the total maximum rations authorised by this Order, (2) the description and quantities of the foodstuffs fed to such horses per week, and (3) the description and quantities of all cereal foodstuffs purchased; and such records shall at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of an officer of police or any person authorised by the Food Controller.

7. For the purpose of this Order:—

Interpreta-

"Horse" shall include mare, gelding, colt, filly, pony and tion. mule.

"Cereal foodstuffs" shall include all grains and beans and peas and products thereof.

8. If any person owning a horse or horses, or having control or Penalty. management of a horse or horses, for the time being, acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

9.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Horses (Rationing) Order, 1918.

Title and commencement of Order.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 15th April, 1918, and the Horses (Rationing) Order, No. 2, 1917,(a) is hereby revoked as from that day, without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous infringement thereof, and without pre- 1917. judice to any exemptions granted thereunder.

S. R. & O., No. 954 of

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th April, 1918.

Schedule I.

Horses excluded from the operation of this Order:

(a) Horses in the possession of the Army Council or the Admiralty, or exclusively used for the purposes of the Army Council or the Admiralty.

(b) Horses maintained and used exclusively for agricultural purposes.

(c) Stallions used exclusively for Stud purposes.

⁽a) Horses (Rationing) Order, No. 2, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 56 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

Schedule II.

Horses solely or mainly used for trade or business purposes to be rationed:—

	Maximum Daily Ration in terms of Oats.			
Class of horse.	When in hard and continuous Work.	When not in hard and continuous Work.		
(a) Heavy dray and cart horses, and trotting vanners.	14 lbs.	10 lbs.		
(b) Light draught horses, and light trotting	12 ,,	8 ,,		
vanners. (c) Other light horses and cobs	9 "	6 "		
(d) Ponies 14 hands and under	5 ,,	3 "		

- Note.—(1) The jobbing out of horses is not in itself a trade or business purpose within the meaning of this Order.
 - (2) Pit horses and ponies working in the pits or at the pit mouth may be given 4 lbs. extra per day.
 - (3) Horses regularly engaged in work at a slow pace not involving heavy loads and allowing of frequent intervals of standing should be regarded as not in hard and continuous work.

Schedule III.

Horses not used for trade or business purposes to be rationed:—

f

Class of horse.			Maximum daily ration in terms of oats.
(a) Brood Mares .	•••	• • • • • • •	7 lbs.
(b) Weaned Foals .	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6 ,, ,
(c) Yearlings—			
1st Jan. to 3	1st May		6 ,,
1st June to 3	31st Aug.		3 ,,
1st Sept. to 3			6 ,,
(d) Racehorses regist	tered with	the Con-	
troller of Horse			
hall Gardens.			
purposes of	the limited	d racing	
	•••		13 lbs.

Schedule IV.

Horses not to receive any cereal foodstuffs: -

Horses not falling within any of the classes mentioned in schedules I., II., and III., including:—

- (a) Racehorses other than those specified in Schedule 3.
- (b) Carriage horses, hunters, hacks, Char-a-banc horses, poloponies, including all horses let out on hire for these purposes, and horses used in entertainments.
- (c) Horses mainly used for other than business or trade purposes including all horses let out on hire for other than these purposes.

Note.—Correspondence with respect to this Order should be addressed to:—

THE CONTROLLER OF HORSE TRANSPORT,

7, Whitehall Gardens, S.W.1.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MAY 15, 1918, UNDER THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 533.

Where imported Millers' Offals are sold in sacks or bags, a charge may be made for such sacks or bags at the rate specified in Clause 6, paragraph (a) (ii) of the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

15th May, 1918.

⁽a) THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 143.

THE BREAD ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 18TH MAY, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 547.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

New Bread prohibited.

1. Except where delivery is made to sea-going vessels, bread which has not been made for at least 12 hours shall not be sold.

Shape of loaves.

2. No loaf of bread shall be sold except in one of the following shapes:—a one-piece tin loaf (such as can be moulded two at a time), a one-piece coburg (pan or oven bottom loaf), a one-piece sandwich loaf, or the shape known in Scotland and Ireland as a one-piece bottom batch loaf or one-piece pan loaf.(b)

Ingredients.

- 3. No bread shall be made for sale or sold which contains
 - (a) any dried or other fruit; or
 - (b) any eggs or any form of egg products; or
 - (c) any butter, margarine or other form of fat (except fat used for batching or tin greasing purposes); or
 - (d) any sugar, molasses, syrups, honey or other sweetening substances;

or which is made with the addition of any milk, separated milk, skim milk, milk powder or any product of milk other than buttermilk.

Proportion of imported flour.

- 4. (a) No person shall use or permit to be used any imported flour in any dough mixture prepared for bread making purposes in any one bakery on any day unless the proportion of imported flour to other ingredients in all such dough mixture is the same in that bakery throughout such day.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause no regard shall be had to any dough mixture used for the making of wholemeal bread or the making of proprietary bread in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by the Food Controller.

(a) Samples of Flour.—As to the power of Inspectors of Weights and Measures to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller or baker or seller of bread or flour, and as to prosecutions by Inspectors under this Order, are Order of Inna 26, 1918, printed in Part III of this Manual

see Order of June 26, 1918, printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) Shape, Size, and Weight of Bread under Bread Acts.—The special provisions of the Statute Book as to bread are comprised in three Acts passed nearly a century ago. Of these the London Bread Act of 1822 (3 Geo. 4. c. cvi.; local) applies to the area within 10 miles of the Royal Exchange, the Bread Act, 1836 (6 & 7 Will. 4. c. 37) to the rest of England and to Scotland, and the Bread (Ireland) Act, 1838 (1 & 2 Vict. c. 28) to Ireland. These Acts are to a great extent in identical terms: s. 3 of each of them permitted bakers to make and sell bread of any weight or size.

5. No person shall treat or permit to be treated any flour by Flour to be any process of sieving or otherwise so as before baking to alter in used as any way the character of the flour as delivered.

6. No baker or seller of bread shall exchange or offer to Exchanging exchange any bread for any other bread which he has sold.

bread.

7. All bread (other than bread sold for consumption on the Bread to be premises of the seller) shall be sold by weight and not sold by otherwise.(a)

weight

8. No loaf of bread shall be sold unless its weight be one pound Loaves. or an even number of pounds.(b)

9. No roll of bread exceeding 2 ozs, in weight shall be sold.

Rolls.

10. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order to the Licences for contrary, bread which has been made for less than 12 hours may deliveries of on and after the 1st July, 1918, be sold and delivered by the maker thereof to retail dealers in bread, provided that a licence re-sale. to make such delivery has first been obtained from a Food Committee. Any licences now in force authorising such deliveries shall, unless previously revoked, stand revoked as from the 1st July, 1918.

11. Every person making bread for sale shall keep an au-Records. thentic record of materials received and used and articles manufactured or sold in the form contained in the schedule to this Order or in such other form as may be prescribed from time to time by the Food Controller and shall produce such record to any person authorised by or on behalf of the Food Controller or any Food Committee to inspect the same, together with all such invoices, vouchers or other documents as may be necessary or proper for checking such record.

12. Where a person believes or has grounds for believing that Bread used bread sold by him will be used for a purpose which is for the for time being a precluded purpose for flour under the Flour and Bread (Prices) Order, 1917, (c) he shall at the time of such sale enter in a record kept for the purpose

precluded purpose.

- (i) the weight of the bread so sold; and
- (ii) the date of the sale and of the delivery; and
- (iii) the name and address of the buyer.

(b) SHAPE, SIZE, AND WEIGHT OF BREAD UNDER BREAD ACTS.—See footnote

(b) on p. 168 to Clause 2 of this Order.

(c) FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 109.

⁽a) SALE BY WEIGHT .- S. 4 of each of the Bread Acts referred to in footnote (b) p. 168, prohibited the sale of bread throughout the U.K. except by weight, but this provision did not extend to the sale of bread "usually sold as French or fancy bread" when those Acts came into force. See the proviso to s. 4 in each Act and Aerated Bread Co., v. Gregg. (1873) L.R. 8 Q.B., 355; the test of whether bread is "fancy bread" is a question of shape and size rather than of quality. V.V. Bread Co. v. Stubbs (1896) 74 L.T. 704; Bailey v. Persby (1902) 2 K. R. 610. Barsby (1909) 2 K.B 610.

Such record shall be kept on the premises where the bread is made and shall be open on demand to inspection by any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee and the summary shall be entered weekly in the record to be kept in accordance with the provisions of clause 11 hereof.

- 13. Bread which may not under the foregoing provisions of this Order be lawfully sold shall not be offered or exposed or carried for sale or delivered under a contract for sale.
- 14. Any person authorised by the Food Controller, or by a Food Committee, or any Inspector of Weights and Measures(a) or of Foods and Drugs may require any person offering or exposing or carrying any bread for sale or delivering any bread under a contract for sale to weigh such bread in the presence of such person or Inspector or permit such person or Inspector to weigh such bread. Provided that nothing in this clause shall be deemed to compel the carrying of scales in Ireland by a vanman delivering bread.

Penalties.

- 15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 16. The Bread Order, 1917,(b) shall be revoked as from the date when this Order comes into force, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof or to any licences granted thereunder.
 - 17. (a) This Order may be cited as the Bread Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st June, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge.
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

18th May, 1918.

(a) INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—These are officers of, and appointed by, the local authorities, viz. in the City, the Court of Aldermen, in certain English municipal boroughs of over 10,000 population, the Town Council, in Scottish burghs the Magistrates, in Dublin the Commissioners of Police, in Irish boroughs the Town Council, and elsewhere throughout the U.K. the County Councils. See s. 50 and sch. 4 of the Weights and Measures Act, 1878 (41 & 42 Vict. c. 49) as amended by the Local Government Acts.

(b) Bread Order, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 71 of the April, 1918,

Edition of this Manual.

S. R. & O.,

No. 189 of 1917. Revocation.

Commencement and title. The Schedule.

BREAD ORDER, 1918.

		·an l		
		Stale Bread sold " Precluded poses," i.e., Saus	Lbs.	30 -
sold.		Lbs.		
	Flour weighed up and		Lbs. Cwts.	
	otato ni	Quantity of Po Products used baking,	Lbs.	
жc.	səott	Quantity of Pots used in baking.	Cwts.	
Sales,	'səße	for "Precluded poses," i.e., Saus	Lbs.	
e and	ured -ruf	Bread manufact for "Precluded	Lbs. Cwts.	,
factur	Biscuits.	making Biscuits.		0
Manu		Flour used for	Cwts.	
Weekly Record of Manufacture and Sales,	Cake Confectionery, Smalls	Rice, Maize, and other Ce- real Flours,	Lbs.	
skly Re	Cake (tionery	Flour used for making Cakes, &e., lincluding Rice, Maize,	Cwts.	
Wee	Rolls.	Rolls made.	Lbs.	
		Flour used for making Rolls.	280 lb.	
	d.	Bread made.	Lbs.	
	Bread	Flour used for making bread.	280 lb. sacks.	
	Week ending.			
		Salt.	Lbs.	
eived.		YeasY.	Lb2.	
ds rec		Potato Products.	Cwts.	
er Goo		Potatoes.	Owts. Cwts. Cwts.	
ad oth	'sın	Other Cereal Flo Rice, Maize, &c.	Cwts.	
lour an	orted	tht of Sacks.	gi9W	
d of F	Imported Imported Institution Sacks.			
s Recor	G.R. Flour.		280 lb. Sacks	
Continuous Record of Flour and other Goods received	Received from.			STOCK
1		Date.		٠

Note.-Stock should be taken and entered on the first line on the "Goods Received" side before entries are commenced.

TESTING OF SEEDS ORDER, 1918. DATED JUNE 17, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 15 ("Seeds and Nuts"), p. 553, regulates the sale and exposure for sale of *inter alia* wheat and other cereal seeds.]

LICENCE, DATED JULY 17, 1918, UNDER FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES)
ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 915.

The Food Controller hereby gives the following licence, applicable only on a sale by retail in the City of Dublin of loaves of bread by any person (other than a manufacturer or a baker of bread):—

- 1. A 4-lb. loaf may be sold for $9\frac{1}{2}d$. and a 2-lb. loaf for $4\frac{3}{4}d$.
- 2. A 1-lb. loaf may be sold for $2\frac{1}{2}d$. free from the restrictions imposed by Clause 5 (a) (i) of the above Order; but in no event may it be sold at a higher price;

Provided that a copy of this licence is at the time of sale prominently displayed in the shop or premises where the bread is sold.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th July, 1918.

S. R. & O., No. 937 of 1917.

⁽a) FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 109.

4. Brewing, Malting and Intoxicating Liquors.(a)

Beer (Prices and Description) Order, 1918, p. 188.

Brewers Sugar Order, 1917, p. 173. Foreign Holdings (Returns) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 188.

Hops (Restriction) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 181.

Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 174.

Treasury Rules under Part II. of that Order, p. 179.

Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order No. 5, 1917, p. 182.

Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1918, p. 191.

Malt (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 187.

Malt (Restriction on Shipping) Order, 1917, p. 173.

Rum and Gin (Restriction on Sales) Order, 1918, p. 186. Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918, p. 193.

Direction thereunder (Postponing operation of Clause 7),

p. 199.
Direction thereunder (Further postponing operation of Clause 7), p. 200.

Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 181. Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 200.

Whiskey (Restriction on Sales) Order, 1918, p. 185.

THE BREWERS SUGAR ORDER, 1917. DATED FEBRUARY 8 1917.

[This Order, printed in Group 17 ("Sugar") (p. 565) relates to the warehousing of certain "brewers sugar" other than sugar used for brewing, and to the sale by retail of "brewers sugar."]

THE MALT (RESTRICTION ON SHIPPING) ORDER, 1917. DATED March 21, 1917.

1917. No. 259.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall export, ship or consign any malt,

(a) from Ireland to any destination in any part of Great Britain, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man; or

Prohibition of shipping of malt.

⁽a) USE OF GRAIN, SUGAR, &C., FOR MANUFACTURE OF SPIRITS.—Regulation 30D of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, printed in Part VIII of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 408, prohibits the use of Grain (Malted or Unmalted), Rice, Sugar or Molasses in the Manufacture of Whiskey, &c., without a permit from the Minister of Munitions. Further resed Controller's Orders Grain, Rice, Sugar, and Molasses are imposed by the Food Controller's Orders, printed in Groups 3, ("Bread, Flour and Cereals,") and 17, ("Sugar,") of this Manual.

(b) from any part of Great Britain to any destination in Ireland, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man.

Penalty.

2. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or abets any other person, in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(a)

Title and commencement of Order.

- 3. (a) This Order may be cited as the Malt (Restriction on Shipping) Order, 1917.
 - (b) This Order shall come into force on the 26th March, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

21st March, 1917.

THE INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER, 1917, DATED MARCH 29, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER No. 4, 1917,(b) AND BY THE INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER No. 2, 1918.(b)

1917. No. 270 as amended by 1917, No. 1213, and 1918, No. 600.

Whereas the Food Controller is enpowered by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations to make orders regulating, or giving directions with respect to the production, manufacture, treatment, use, consumption, transport, storage, distribution, supply, sale or purchase of, or other dealing in, or measures to be taken in relation to, any article (including orders as to maximum or minimum price) where it appears to him necessary or expedient to make any such order for the purpose of encouraging or maintaining the food supply of the country:

(a) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual") which was added to the Code since this Order was made, provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

(b) OPERATION OF AMENDMENTS.—The Amendment made by Order No. 4, 1917, which took effect as from November 28th, 1917, substituted what is herein printed as Sub-clause 3 of Clause 4 for the former sub-clause, and Order No. 2, 1918, revoked as from June 3, 1918, the principal order in so far as it applied to wine. The Order is also amended by the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order No 5. 1917 (p. 182), and by the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1918 (p. 191).

And whereas it appears to the Food Controller to be expedient, for the purpose of encouraging and maintaining the food supply of the country, to extend the existing restrictions on the output, delivery, and distribution of beer and other intoxicating liquor, in manner appearing in this Order.(a)

Now, therefore, in pursuance of his powers under the said regulations and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders, as follows:-

I.-Beer.

1.—(1) A brewer for sale shall not brew at his brewery in Restriction any quarter more than the maximum barrelage for the quarter(b) as determined under this Order.

(2) The maximum barrelage shall be determined for the purposes of this Order in the same manner as under the Output of Beer (Restriction) Acts, 1916, (c) except that—

(a) in ascertaining the standard barrelage under subsection (2) of Section two of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, 663 per cent. shall be substituted as the amount of reduction where 15 per cent. is under that provision the amount of reduction, and 72 per cent. shall be substituted as the amount of reduction where 30 per cent. is under that provision the amount of reduction; and

(b) ten million barrels shall be substituted for twenty-six million barrels as the rate of the total output of beer in the United Kingdom under the proviso to subsection (2) of Section two of that Act; and

(c) in determining the maximum barrelage for the quarter commencing on the first day of April, 1917, or any subsequent quarter, any surplus barrelage accrued in respect of any quarter previous to that commencing on the first day of April, 1917, shall not be taken into account.

(a) Relief in respect of Restriction of Business caused by Order.— As from March 31st, 1917, the holders of wholesale dealers' licences and of retailers' on-licences and off-licences for spirits, beer or wine, and of (annual) passenger vessel licences are entitled on the expiration of their licences to repayment of 1/16th of the licence duty for every month or part of a month during the currency of both the Order and the licence. This relief is in lieu of that conferred by the Acts of 1914 and 1915 in cases where sale of liquor was curtailed. See Finance Act, 1917 (7 & 8 Geo. 5, c. 31), s. 7.

(b) MAXIMUM BARRELAGE FOR QUARTER COMMENCING JANUARY 1st, 1918.— For that quarter the maximum barrelage is increased by the Intoxicating

Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, No. 5, p. 182.

Similar increase in the maximum barrelage for the last two quarters of 1917 were made by previous Orders referred to in footnote (a) to the said No. 5

Order p. 182.

(c) OUTPUT OF BEER RESTRICTION ACTS.—Those Acts as amended by the Food Controller (Transfer of Powers) Order, 1917, which transferred certain powers conferred by those Acts from the Board of Trade to the Food Controller, are reproduced in consolidated form as Appendix V to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 470.

- (3) Where it appears to the Commissioners of Customs and Excise (hereinafter referred to as the Commissioners)(a) that, owing to the transfer of licensed premises from one brewery to another or for the purpose of meeting any change in the amount of beer required to meet the supply of any localities, it is expedient to transfer barrelage from one brewer to another, the Commissioners may by order make the necessary transfer, and the maximum barrelages of the respective brewers shall be increased or decreased accordingly.
- (4) The rights of brewers under subsection (3) of Section 2 of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, shall be suspended while this Order is in force.
- (5) If the Food Controller, at the request of the Army Council, grants a special certificate to any brewer authorising him to brew beer in excess of the limits prescribed by this Order, on the ground that the addition is required for the use of military canteens, (b) the amount of beer which that brewer is entitled to brew shall thereupon be increased by the number of barrels stated in the certificate; and this Order shall apply accordingly.

Distribution of beer.

- 2.—(1) The same provision shall be applicable in relation to the effect of this Order on contracts as is applicable in relation to the effect of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, on contracts under Section 4 of that Act.
- (2) Licence holders, and persons having the same rights as licence holders under Section 5 of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, as amended by any subsequent Act, shall have the same rights, and brewers shall be under the same obligations, in connection with the output of beer as limited by this Order as under the said Section 5, except that the percentage of reduction in the number of standard barrels which a licence holder is entitled to obtain under that section and the reduction from the amount stated in the certificate for the purpose of ascertaining the reduction and transfer of maximum barrelage shall be increased so as to be 663 per cent. instead of 15 per cent.

(3) Any brewer who has not given to a licence holder any particulars or certificate which the licence holder is entitled to obtain from him under Section 5 of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, shall give the particulars or certificate to the licence holder within fourteen days after a request in writing

therefor is made by the licence holder.

(a) COMMISSIONERS OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.—This Department was formed as from April 1, 1909, by the Excise Transfer Order, 1909 (St. R. & O., 1909, No. 197) which transferred the excise powers of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue to the new Board.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROLLER'S CERTIFICATES AUTHORISING BREWING FOR CANTEENS.—These Certificates can be granted by the Food Controller under s. 6 of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, which as amended by the Amendment Act and by the Food Controller (Transfer of Powers) Order, 1917 (1917, No. 287) which transferred to the Food Controller the powers of the Board of Trade as to granting the special certificates referred to, is printed in Consolidated Form in Appendix V to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 470. For further provisions as to these certificates, see Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1918, p. 191.

- (4) A brewer shall give to a licence holder a copy of any certificate which has been obtained from him for the purpose of Section 5 of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, within fourteen days after a request in writing for the copy is made to him by the licence holder showing that the certificate originally obtained is either lost or for some other reason not available for use by the licence holder.
- (5) Where beer has been supplied to a licence holder through a person recognised by the brewer as his agent-

(a) the agent shall be under the same obligation to give particulars and certificates of the beer as if he was the

brewer: and

- (b) the beer shall be deemed to be beer supplied by the brewer to the licence holder and not by the brewer to
- 3. Expressions to which a special meaning is attached by the Interpreta-Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, have (unless the context tion. otherwise requires) the same meaning when used in this Part of this Order.(a)

of wine and

spirits.

II.—Wine(b) and Spirits.

4.—(1) No wine or spirits shall be delivered from ship's side Restrictions or a warehouse (including a distiller's spirit store) for home on delivery consumption on the payment of duty to any person-

(a) unless he is the holder of an authority for the time being

in force under this provision,

(b) in excess of the amount which is authorised to be

delivered to him under that authority; and

(c) unless particulars as to the warehouse or place from which the wine or spirits are delivered, and of the amount delivered and of the date of delivery are entered on the authority for delivery.

(2) Authorities for the purposes of this provision shall be issued by the Commissioners in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by rules made for the purpose by the Treasury, (c) and the Commissioners shall attach to any authority so issued such conditions as they think fit for ensuring the proper distribution of the wine or spirits authorised to be delivered.

The rules made by the Treasury may provide for the appointment of a committee for the purpose of advising and assisting the Commissioners in the performance of their duties, and the exercise

of their powers under this Part of this Order.(c)

(3) Authority shall (except in cases where special directions are given by the Commissioners) be granted only to the persons to

(c) TREASURY RULES.—These are printed p. 179.

⁽a) Meaning of Expressions.—S. 7 of the 1916 Act defines "brewer" and "quarter." See Appendix V to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual" in which the Act is printed, p. 474.

(b) Revocation as to Wine.—As from June 3, 1918, the delivery of wine for home consumption was freed from any restriction imposed by or under this Order by the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery), No. 2, Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., No. 600 of 1918).

whom or on whose behalf wine or spirits were delivered during the year 1916, and so that the total amount of spirits delivered to a person during the year beginning on the first of April shall not exceed the amount delivered to that person during the year 1916 reduced by 50 per cent.; and the total amount of wine delivered to a person during the half year beginning on the first day of October, 1917, or in any subsequent half year shall not exceed half the amount delivered to that person during the year 1916.

(4) This provision shall not prevent the delivery of spirits in cases where the Commissioners are satisfied that the spirits are—

(a) spirits delivered to a manufacturing chemist, or to a manufacturer of perfumes, for use in their manufactures; or

(b) spirits delivered for scientific purposes; or

(c) spirits supplied for the purpose of making medicines, to registered medical practitioners, to hospitals, and to persons, firms, and bodies corporate entitled to carry on the business of a chemist and druggist;

but the Commissioners may attach conditions to the delivery of any spirits for those purposes in order to ensure their use for the

purposes for which they are delivered.

(5) A person shall not procure, or attempt to procure, the delivery of wine or spirits in contravention of this provision, or make any entry on an authority which is false in any material particular, or make any statement which is false in any material particular, for the purpose of obtaining any authority under this provision.

Every person shall comply with any conditions attached by the Commissioners to an authority issued by them under this provision, or to the delivery of spirits under this provision.

If it is shown to the Commissioners that any condition attached by them to the issue of an authority under this provision has not been complied with, the Commissioners may, if they think fit, withdraw the authority; but the power of the Commissioners to withdraw the authority shall not prejudice the liability of the holder of the authority to any penalty to which he may be liable for not complying with the condition.

III.—General.

Penalty.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences subject to penalties under the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Short title.

6. This Order may be cited as the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917.

Devonport,
Food Controller.

29th March, 1917.

Rules, dated March 29, 1917, made by the Treasury under Part II. of the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917, as amended by Rule made in pursuance of that Order as amended.

1917. No. 375 as amended by No. 1240.

- (1) Authorities for the delivery of Wine and Spirits from ship's side or warehouse (including a distiller's spirit store) for home consumption on the payment of duty as prescribed by section 4 (1) of the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917, (a) shall be issued only to a person who has made application to the Commissioners of Customs and Excise(b) on the form provided for the purpose supplied by the Commissioners, giving the particulars required thereby.
- (2) The authority shall be granted for a period not exceeding six months ending either 30th September, or 31st March; the quantity of wine of which it shall authorise delivery shall not exceed 50 per cent., and the quantity of spirits of which it shall authorise delivery shall not exceed 25 per cent., of the total quantity of wine and spirits, respectively, delivered to the same person or on his behalf during the year 1916. In the case of wine, where an authority for the half year ending 31st March, 1918, has been issued to any person for the delivery of 25 per cent. a supplementary authority for the delivery of an additional 25 per cent. during such period is to be issued to the same person.
- (3) Where special directions are given by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise under section 4 (3) of the Order, Rules (1) and (2) may be varied by order of the Commissioners to meet the circumstances.
- (4) The quantity of spirits to the delivery of which a rectifier or compounder who deposits spirits in a warehouse on drawback shall be entitled shall be determined in the following manner:—

The quantity of spirits so deposited in the period corresponding to that for which an authority is granted shall be deducted from the total quantity delivered to him or on his behalf in the same period, and the authority shall be granted for the amount of the difference reduced by 50 per cent.; but such rectifier or compounder shall be entitled to a special authority for delivery of a quantity of spirits equal to the quantity deposited on drawback in addition to the quantity expressed in his authority. The special authority shall be granted on an application being made to the Commissioners of Customs and Excise by the rectifier or compounder who deposited the spirits, and on production to them

⁽a) INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER, 1917 — That Order is printed p. 174.

⁽b) COMMISSIONERS OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.—See footnote (a), p. 176 to Clause 1 (3) of the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917.

of a certificate of deposit signed by the Officer and the Surveyor of Customs and Excise by whom the warehouse of deposit is controlled.

(5) In any case where a person entitled to apply for an authority is unable or unwilling to clear wine or spirits from warehouse with which to supply a dealer or retailer who purchased wine or spirits from him in 1916, that person shall on demand by the dealer or retailer furnish him with a certificate of the quantity so supplied and on production of that certificate to the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, the Commissioners if satisfied as to the facts, may grant a special authority to the dealer or retailer to obtain delivery of an equivalent quantity less 50 per cent., the authority of the person giving the certificate being decreased by the amount he is unable or unwilling to supply. The special authority may at the option of the dealer or retailer be transferred to a person who is willing to supply the wine or spirits.

This rule shall also apply, with the necessary modifications, where a person who has supplied wine or spirits from a warehouse in 1916 to a dealer or retailer is able or willing to supply the dealer or retailer with a portion only of the restricted quantity of wine or spirits, based upon 1916 purchases, which the dealer or retailer desires to obtain from him.

(6) A Committee, to be known as the Advisory Committee (Customs and Excise), consisting of persons nominated by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, shall be appointed to advise and assist the Commissioners of Customs and Excise in the performance of their duties and the exercise of their powers under Part 2 of the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order 1917, and any action of this Committee done under the authority of the Commissioners shall have the same effect as though it were the action of the Commissioners.(a)

Stanley Baldwin, James F. Hope.

March 29th, 1917.

⁽a) ADVISORY COMMITTEE (CUSTOMS AND EXCISE).—The Members of this Committee are:—Mr. John Archer (Chairman of the Wine and Spirit Association) (Chairman); Mr. R. William Byass (late Chairman of the Wine and Spirit Association); Mr. Henry Tait Moore (of Brook's Wharf, Upper Thames Street); and Mr. J. N. Stickland (late Superintending Inspector of Customs and Excise). The Secretary is Mr. Percy L. Aston, and the address of the Committee is 110, Cannon Street, London, E.C.4.

THE HOPS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917, DATED AUGUST 31, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE HOPS (RESTRICTION) ORDER No. 2, 1917, DATED SEPTEMBER 3, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 914 as amended by No. 925.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller after consultation with the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries hereby orders as follows: -

1. No person shall without a permit issued under the authority Restriction of the Food Controller either on his own behalt or on the behalf on dealings of any other person, buy or sell or agree or offer to buy or sell in Hops. any Hops whether imported or home grown. A person shall not without a permit issued under the authority of the Food Controller make delivery of any hops contracted to be sold by him before the 4th September, 1917.

- 2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
 - 3. (a) This Order may be cited as the Hops (Restriction) Order, 1917.
 - ment of (b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st September. Order. 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour. Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st August, 1917.

THE SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 19, 1917, AS AMENDED.

This Order which restricts the kind and amount of sugar which may be used by brewers is, as amended by the Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, No 2, 1917, printed in Group 17 ("Sugar,") (p. 579.)]

⁽a) Powers as to Hops.—This Order is made under Reg. 2J (5) of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (p. 13). As to the reduction of acreage under hops in England and Wales, see Regulation 2NN, as amended to Jan. 31, 1918 (p. 628 of Addenda to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual.")

THE INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER No. 5, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 24, 1917.

1917. No. 1337.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Increase of maximum barrelage.(a)

- 1. During the quarter commencing on the 1st January, 1918 (hereinafter referred to as the current quarter) the maximum barrelage which a brewer for sale is authorised to brew under the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Order)(b) shall be increased.
 - (a) By twenty per cent. if he gives such notice and complies with such conditions as are hereinafter mentioned and such increase is, in this Order, referred to as the twenty per cent. increase; and
 - (b) By such further amount, if any, as in his case may be authorised by licence of the Food Controller if he complies with the conditions subject to which such a licence is granted, and the increase authorised by such licence is hereinafter called the licensed increase:

Provided that the aggregate amount of the licensed increases shall not exceed such an amount as with the aggregate amount of the twenty per cent. increases will increase the aggregate barrelage to be brewed by all brewers for sale in the current quarter by more than thirty-three and one-third per cent.

Accepting. brewers.

2. A brewer for sale shall be authorised to brew in the current quarter the twenty per cent. increase if he gives notice to the Commissioners of Customs and Excise (hereinafter referred to as the Commissioners)(c) on or before the 26th January, 1918, that ne accepts and will comply with the conditions subject to which the twenty per cent. increase is authorised by this Order, and such brewer is hereinafter referred to as an accepting brewer.

(b) INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 174.

(c) COMMISSIONERS OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.—See footnote (a), p. 176, to Clause 1 (3) of the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917.

⁽a) Increase of Maximum Barrelage.—A precisely similar increase in the maximum barrelage for the last quarter of 1917, i.e., that commencing October 1st, 1917, was made by the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order No. 3 (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1059), printed pp. 78-80 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual" which was in identical terms with the present Order No. 5 except as to dates. A similar increase in the maximum barrelage for the third quarter of 1917, i.e., that commencing July 1st, 1917, was made by the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order No. 2 (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 700), which was in identical terms with the present Order No. 5 and with Order No. 3, except as to dates and except that the "original gravity" referred to in Clauses 3 (a) and 6 (c) of Orders No. 5 and No. 3 was in the No. 2 Order 1036° instead of 1042°.

3. The conditions subject to which the twenty per cent, increase Conditions.

is authorised are the following: -

(a) One-half of the total amount of beer brewed by the accepting brewer in the current quarter (exclusive of the licensed increase) shall be brewed and delivered out of his brewery at a gravity not exceeding an original gravity of 1042°(a):

(b) The remaining half of the beer brewed (exclusive of the licensed increase) shall be brewed at an average original gravity not exceeding the average original gravity of the total beer brewed at his brewery during the quarter commencing on the 1st January, 1917(a):

(c) In the month of January not more than one-third and in the months of January and February not more than two-thirds of the total amount of beer which the brewer is entitled to brew during the current quarter (exclusive of the licensed increase) shall be delivered out of his brewery:

And it shall be the duty of every accepting brewer to comply

with such conditions.

4. The additional barrelage authorised to be brewed by this Order and by licences under this Order shall not be taken into account in reckoning the ten million barrels referred to in subsection (2) of Clause 1 of the principal Order.

Computation under Clause 2 (1) of the principal Order.

beer to free licensed

houses.

- 5. The same provision shall be applicable in relation to the Contracts. effect of this Order on contracts as is applicable in relation to the effect of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, on contracts under Section 4 of that Act. (b)
- 6. The following provisions shall apply with respect to certi- Supply of ficates available for the current quarter granted or to be granted to a licence holder: -

(a) Except under the authority of the Food Controller a certificate granted by an accepting brewer shall not during the current quarter be used to transfer barrelage to a person who is not an accepting brewer.

(b) The number of standard barrels which a licence holder may obtain from an accepting brewer under a

certificate shall be increased by 20 per cent.

(c) An accepting brewer who has undertaken to supply the licence holder with beer under a certificate shall not supply more than one-half of such beer at a gravity exceeding an original gravity of 1042°.

(d) This clause shall apply to persons having the same rights as licence holders in the same way as it applies to

licence holders.

(a) Gravity of Beer.—The Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1918 (p. 191), provides that no beer shall be brewed at a gravity below 1010° or above an average of 1030° in Ireland and 1045° elsewhere in United

(b) OUTPUT OF BEER (RESTRICTION) ACT, 1916 (6 & 7 Geo. 5, c. 26).— That Act as amended by the Amendment Act (6 & 7 Geo. 5, c. 57) and by the Food Controller (Transfer of Powers) Order, 1917, is printed as Appendix V

to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 470.

Gravity of beer.

7. If any question shall arise under this Order as to the average original gravity of beer such question shall be determined by the Commissioners.

Records.

8. Every accepting brewer shall keep such records as to gravity and amount of beer brewed and delivered and other matters as are requisite to determine whether or not the provisions of this Order are being complied with, and all such records and documents connected therewith shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Food Controller and of the Commissioners.

Surplus barrelage.

9.—(a) No account shall be taken of any surplus barrelage accrued since the 1st April, 1917, for the purpose of computing

the increase permitted by Clause 1 of this Order.

(b) In the case of a brewer who was an accepting brewer within the meaning of the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order (No. 2), 1917 or the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, No. 3, 1917,(a) such surplus barrelage may except in such cases as the Food Controller otherwise directs, only be brewed subject to the conditions applicable under conditions (a) and (b) of clause 3 of this Order to the beer therein referred to.

Infringements.

10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and construction.

11. This Order may be cited as the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order No. 3, 1917, and should be read as one with the principal Order.

> Rhondda. Food Controller.

15th October, 1917.

(a) "Accepting Brewer within the Meaning of Orders (No. 2) or (No. 3)," i.e., a brewer for sale who gave notice to the Commissioners of Customs and Excise on or before the 21st July, 1917, that he accepted and would comply with the three following conditions :-

1. One-half of the total amount of beer brewed by the accepting brewer in the quarter commencing on the 1st July, 1917 (exclusive of the licensed increase) shall be brewed and delivered out of his brewery at

a gravity not exceeding an original gravity of 1036°:

2. The remaining half of the beer brewed (exclusive of the licensed increase) shall be brewed at an average original gravity not exceeding the average original gravity of the total beer brewed at his brewery during the quarter commencing on the 1st July, 1916:

3. In the month of July not more than one-third and in the months of July and August not more than two-thirds of the total amount of beer which the brewer is entitled to brew during the quarter commencing on the 1st July, 1917 (exclusive of the licensed increase) shall be delivered out of his brewery:

[See Clauses 1, 2, 3 of Order (No. 2) printed as St. R. & O., 1917, No. 700 and Clause 9 (b) of Order (No. 3) printed p. 80 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual." both of which orders are omitted from this Manual as being, save as reproduced in this footnote, "spent."]

THE WHISKEY (RESTRICTION ON SALES) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 5, 1918.

1918. No. 12.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. No Whiskey shall be sold by auction except at an auction Sales by sale authorised to be held by the Food Controller.

auction.

2. A person shall not either on his own behalf or on behalf of Restrictions on wholesale any other persondealings.

(a) buy, sell or deal in; or

(b) offer or invite an offer or propose to buy, sell or deal in; or

(c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase of or other dealing in;

any Whiskey by way of wholesale sale, wholesale purchase or wholesale dealing; unless

(i) he is the holder of an authority granted by the Food Controller authorising such sale, purchase or dealing;

(ii) he was immediately prior to the 30th September, 1914, a person holding a licence to deal in intoxicating liquor by wholesale taken out in pursuance of the Finance (1909-10) Act, 1910(a); or

(iii) he is the manufacturer of the Whiskey in question.

3. In this Order the expression "a wholesale sale" shall mean Interpretaa sale at any one time to one person of two gallons or more of tion. Whiskey, and the expression "wholesale purchase" "wholesale dealing" shall have corresponding meanings.

4. Nothing in this Order shall prevent any person buying for Exception. the purposes of retail sale or for the purposes of any club to which Section 48 of the Finance (1909-10) Act 1910,(b) applies or a purchase by a person who proves that he is not buying for re-sale.

- 5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. This Order may be cited as the Whiskey (Restriction on Title. Sales) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th January, 1918.

⁽a) Finance (1909-10) Act, 1910.—10 Edw. 7, c. 8.
(b) Club within 10 Edw. 7, c. 8, s. 48.—i.e., a club for the time being registered under the Licensing (Consolidation) Act, 1910 (10 Edw. 7 & 1 Geo. 5. c. 24), or the Licensing (Scotland) Act, 1903 (3 Edw. 7, c. 25), or the Registration of Clubs (Ireland) Act, 1904 (4 Edw. 7, c. 9)

Sales by auction.

dealings.

Restrictions

on wholesale

THE RUM AND GIN (RESTRICTION ON SALES) ORDER, 1918. DATED J'ANUARY 17, 1918.

1918. No. 48.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows: -

1. No rum or gin shall be sold by auction except at an auction

sale authorised to be held by the Food Controller.

2. A person shall not either on his own behalf, or on behalf of any other person-

(a) buy, sell or deal in; or

- (b) offer or invite an offer or propose to buy, sell or deal in;
- (c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase of or other dealing in

any rum or gin by way of wholesale sale, wholesale purchase or

wholesale dealing, unless-

- (i) he is the holder of an authority granted by the Food Controller authorising such sale, purchase or dealing;
- (ii) he was immediately prior to the 30th September, 1914, a person holding a licence to deal in intoxicating liquor by wholesale taken out in pursuance of the Finance (1909-10) Act, 1910(a); or

(iii) he is the manufacturer of the rum or gin in question

3. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "wholesale sale" shall mean a sale at any one time to one person of two gallons or more of rum or gin, and the expressions "wholesale purchase" and "wholesale dealing" shall have corresponding

meanings.

4. Nothing in this Order shall prevent any person buying for the purposes of a retail sale or for the purposes of any club to which Section 48 of the Finance (1909-10) Act, 1910, (b) applies, or a purchase by a person who proves that he is not buying for resale.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Rum and Gin (Restriction on Sales) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th January, 1918.

(a) FINANCE (19)9-10) ACT, 1910.—10 Edw. 7, c. 8. (b) Club Within 10 Edw. 7, c. 8, s. 48.—i e., a club for the time being registered under the Licensing (Consolidation) Act, 1910 (10 Edw. 7 & 1 Geo. 5, c. 24), or the Licensing (Scotland) Act, 1903 (3 Edw. 7, c. 25), or the Registration of Clubs (Ireland) Act, 1904 (4 Edw. 7, c. 9).

Interpretation.

Exception.

Penalty.

Title.

THE MALT (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1918.

1918. No. 225.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Prohibition issued by the Food Controller no person shall on or after the of manufac-1st March, 1918, manufacture any Malt or Malt Extract other than Malt or Malt Extract in process of manufacture on the 28th February, 1918.

ture of Malt.

2. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Prohibition issued by the Food Controller no person shall on or after of use or 1st March, 1918, sell or buy or make or take delivery of or use delivery of any Malt or Malt Extract for any purpose.

This Clause shall not apply to:-

- (a) The use of Malt or Malt Extract by a Brewer for Sale so far as is necessary to enable him to brew the maximum barrelage permitted to him under the Orders of the Food Controller for the time being in force relating to the brewing of beer, and the further barrelage, if any, permitted to him under any licence granted by the Food Controller; or
- (b) the delivery to a brewer for sale under contracts existing at the date of this Order of such quantities of Malt or Malt Extract as together with his existing stocks. are requisite to enable him in the ordinary course to brew such maximum and further barrelage up to and including 30th June, 1918; or
- (c) the purchase of Malt or Malt Extract from a person licenced by the Food Controller to sell Malt or Malt Extract or the use of Malt or Malt Extract by a baker for the purpose of making bread.

3. Where Malt is supplied to a Brewer for Sale by any person Statements. under Clause 2 of this Order, that person shall be entitled to rely on a statement in writing signed by or on behalf of the brewer for sale as to the lawfulness of the proposed supply.

4. For the purposes of this Order:— The expression "Malt, or Malt Exprest," shall include all tion. such Malt, Malt Extract or substitutes for Malt as are manufactured by the steeping, roasting or treatment of any cereal.

Interpreta-

Revocation S. R. & O., Nos. 132, 159 and 345 of 1917.

Infringements.

Title.

5. The Brewers (Malt Purchases) Order, 1917, (a) The Malt (Restriction) Order, 1917,(b) and the Malt (Restriction) No. 2 Order 1917,(c) are revoked as from the 1st March, 1918 but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any infringement thereof.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. This Order may be cited as the Malt (Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food. 26th February, 1918.

THE FOREIGN HOLDINGS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 8, 1918, AS AMENDED.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 74 (" Foreign Holdings of Food ''), (p. 250), requires returns of alcoholic beverages of all kinds held to foreign account.]

THE BEER (PRICES AND DESCRIPTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 19, 1918.

1918. No. 343.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations

shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Sales of cer-1. A person shall not on or after the 1st April, 1918, sell tain draught or offer to sell any beer of the gravities mentioned in Clause 3, beer in or any beverage containing any beer of such gravities, in any licensed prepart of any licensed premises having a public bar or public bars mises having a public bar. unless-

> (a) such beer at the time of such sale or offer for sale is on sale by imperial measure in the public bar or public bars of the licensed premises; and also

> (b) such beer when sold by imperial measure in the public bar or public bars is sold at prices not exceeding the

maximum prices provided by this Order.

Sales of mixtures.

2. A person shall not on or after the 1st April, 1918, sell or offer to sell any beverage containing any beer of the gravities mentioned in Clause 3 in any public bar of any licensed premises unless beer of such gravity is on sale in that public bar.

(a) Brewers (Malt Purchases) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 96 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

(b) MALT (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 97 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

(c) Malt (Restriction) No. 2 Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 98 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

3. Where beer is sold by imperial measure in a public bar, Amount of the maximum price for beer of an original gravity less than 1030° shall be at the rate of 4d. per imperial pint, and for beer price in of an original gravity not exceeding 1034° and not less than 1030° shall be at the rate of 5d. per imperial pint.

maximum public bars.

4. (a) Where beer is delivered on or after the 1st April, 1918, Original in a barrel or cask-

gravity to be stated and beer not to be diluted.

(i) the brewer or dealer disposing of such beer shall state on the invoice, if such be the fact, that the original gravity of the beer exceeds 1034° and, in any other case, the maximum price at which the beer in each such barrel or cask may under this Order be sold in the public bar of licensed premises; and

(ii) the brewer shall also before permitting delivery out of his brewery plainly and durably mark on the head or any barrel or cask containing beer of an original gravity less than 1030° the mark "4d." and on any barrel or cask containing beer of an original gravity not exceeding 1034° and not less than 1030° the mark "5d.," the figures to be not less than two inches

(b) No dealer in or retailer of beer shall alter or deface such mark or permit such mark to be altered or defaced, or dilute or permit to be diluted the beer in any barrel or cask.

5. A person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller Samples for or a Food Committee to procure for analysis samples of beer on analysis. sale in any licensed premises shall have all the powers of pro-curing samples conferred by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts,(a) and a person selling beer by retail shall, on tender of the price for the quantity which he shall reasonably require for the purpose of analysis, sell the same to him accordingly.

6. In any proceedings in respect of an infringement of this Certificate Order the production of the certificate of the principal chemist of analyst. of the Government Laboratories or of an analyst appointed under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, (a) shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated unless the defendant require that the person who made the analysis be called as a witness.

The certificate of the principal chemist or of the analyst shall, so far as circumstances permit, be in the form required by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.(a)

7. If in any proceedings against a retailer of beer in respect Defence. of an infringement of this Order, it is proved that an offence has been committed but the person charged with the offence proves-

(a) that he purchased the beer, in respect of which the offence was committed, from a person who sold the beer as or for beer which might lawfully be sold in a public bar at the price charged;

⁽a) SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.—A Note as to the scope of these Acts and of the Regulations thereunder is given in Appendix VI (16) ("Sale of Food and Drugs Acts and Orders"), p. 506 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual.

- (b) that he had no reason to believe at the time of sale that the gravity of the beer was not such as permitted of it being sold at the price charged or that the provisions of Clause 4 (b) of this Order had not been duly observed; and
- (c) that he has given due notice to the prosecutor that he intended to rely on the provisions of this Clause;

such person shall be entitled to be discharged from the prosecution.

Contracts.

8. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that the price payable under any contract subsisting at the date of this Order for the sale of beer of a gravity not exceeding an original gravity of 1034° is such that the beer cannot at the prices permitted by this Order be sold or supplied by retail in a public bar at a reasonable profit, he may, if he thinks fit, cancel such contract or may modify the terms thereof in such manner as shall appear to him to be just.

Use of words Government Ale and Government Beer. 9. A person shall not, when selling any beer of an original gravity less than 1030°, or in any advertisement, circular, or placard relating to any such beer, describe the same as "Government Ale" or "Government Beer" or use any other form of words calculated to lead to the belief that such beer is brewed under the authority, or pursuant to the directions of His Majesty's Government, or any Government Department.

Notices.

10. Where on or after the 1st April, 1918, Beer in respect of which a maximum price is fixed by this Order, is on sale in any part of the licensed premises other than a Public Bar the licensee of such premises shall cause to be conspicuously exhibited in such part of the premises a notice to the effect that Beer is on sale in the Public Bar or Public Bars at the prices permitted by this Order.

Bottled Beer. 11. Except in Clause 9 the expression "Beer" shall not include Bottled Beer.

Interpretation. 12. In this Order: -

"Food Committee" means in respect of any area in Great Britain the Food Control Committee established for the area pursuant to the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) and in respect of Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

"Beer" includes ale, porter, spruce beer, black beer and any other description of beer.

"Public Bar" means-

(a) where there is only one bar on the licensed premises such bar;

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—The Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

- (b) where there is more than one bar on the licensed premises, all such bars except that bar or those bars, if any, where prior to the 1st October, 1917. beer has customarily been sold at a higher rate than the rate charged for the like beer in some other bar on such premises; and
- (c) any place where beer is sold under a retail off-licence.
- "Licensed Premises" shall not include any registered club, canteen, theatre, music-hall, passenger vessel, railway restaurant car, or any buffet at a railway station, but subject as aforesaid shall include any premises where the sale of intoxicating liquor is carried on under a licence.
- 13. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

ments-

14. The Beer (Prices and Description) Order, 1917, (a) is hereby revoked as on the 1st April, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Revocation S.R. and O., No. 1058 of 1917.

15. This Order may be cited as the Beer (Prices and Description) Order, 1918.

Title.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th March, 1918.

THE INTOXICATING LIQUOR (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 19, 1918.

1918. No. 339.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A Brewer for Sale shall not in any quarter brew any beer No beer to be at his brewery at an original gravity below 1010°.

brewed below gravity of 1010°

2. (a) A Brewer for Sale shall not in any quarter brew beer at his brewery except at such original gravities as secure that the average original gravity of all the beer brewed by him at that brewery during such quarter (other than beer brewed under

Average original gravity of

⁽a) BEER (PRICES AND DESCRIPTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 106 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

any licence granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, specially stating the gravity at which the beer to be brewed thereunder is to be brewed) does not exceed in the case of a brewery situate in Ireland 1045°, or in the case of a brewery situate elsewhere in the United Kingdom 1030°.

(b) Where provision has been made to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise for the dilution with water of beer after brewing, and the dilution is carried out under conditions approved by the Commissioners, the diluted beer shall for the purpose of the foregoing sub-clause be deemed to have been brewed at such original gravity as the Commissioners may determine.

Contracts.

• 3. The same provision shall be applicable in relation to the effect of this Order on contracts as is applicable in relation to the effect of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, on contracts under Section 4 of that Act.(a)

Certificate.

4. Where the title of a Certificate under the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917, (b) arises in respect of Beer which was brewed in Great Britain, such Certificate shall not on or after 1st April, 1918, be available for increasing the Barrelage of a Brewer in respect of any Brewery situate in Ireland; and where the title to such a certificate arises in respect of beer which was brewed in Ireland, such certificate shall not after the same date be available for increasing the barrelage of a brewer in respect of any brewery situate in Great Britain.

Determination of gravity.

5. If any question shall arise under this Order as to the average original gravity of beer, such question shall be determined by the Commissioners.

Infringements.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and Commencement. S.R. and O., No. 270 of 1917.

7. (a) This Order may be cited as the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1918, and shall be read as one with the Intoxicating Liquor (Output and Delivery) Order, 1917.(b)

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st April, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th March, 1918.

(a) OUTPUT OF BEER (RESTRICTION) ACT, 1916, s. 4.—Printed in Appendix V of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," at p. 472.

(b) Intoxicating Liquor (OUTPUT AND DELIVERY) ORDER, 1917.—That

Order is printed p. 174.

THE SPIRITS (PRICES AND DESCRIPTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 22, 1918.

1918. No. 470.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. This Order shall apply only to spirits of the kinds men- Application tioned in the first column of the First Schedule to this Order.

2. A person shall not sell or offer to sell in any part of any Spirits to be licensed premises any spirit otherwise than by reputed quart sold in bottle or by imperial measure or by half or quarter or one-fifth licensed

or one-sixth part of a gill, quartern or noggin.

3.—(a) A person shall not sell or offer to sell in any part of any licensed premises having a public bar any spirit of a kind on certain mentioned in the first column of the first schedule to this Order sales in unless spirit of a kind and (where mentioned) of a strength set opposite to such spirit in the second column of such schedule is on sale by measure in the public bar of such premises.

(b) Nothing in this clause shall apply in England or Wales to any sale in premises licensed only for sale for consump-

tion off the premises.

4. On the occasion of a sale by retail in any licensed premises Maximum of any spirit, the maximum price shall be:-

(a) For sales in a public bar, the price applicable according

to Part I. of the Second Schedule.

(b) For sales elsewhere than in a public bar, the price applicable according to Part II, of the Second Schedule.

5. On the occasion of a sale by wholesale to a licensed trader Maximum of any spirit, the maximum price shall be at the price applicable according to the Third Schedule.

6.—(a) On the occasion of any sale (other than a sale to which either clause 4 or clause 5 applies) of any spirit, the maximum prices on price shall be the price applicable according to Part I. (a) and (b) of the Second Schedule.

(b) The maximum price fixed by this clause shall include the cost of delivery to the buyer's premises, and where the spirit is not so delivered a corresponding adjustment representing the cost of delivery shall be made in the maximum price.

7. (a) On a sale (other than a sale in bond) of any spirit, the Provisions following provisions shall on or after the 1st June, 1918, apply: - affecting

(a) On a sale by bottle—

(i) the strength and category of such spirit; and

(ii) where such sale is in a public bar the maximum price at which such spirit may be sold in a public bar under this Order;

(a) Under a Direction dated May 31, 1918, printed at p. 199, the operation of Clause 7 was postponed until July 1, 1918. Under a further Direction dated June 27, 1918, printed at p. 200, the operation of the Clause was postponed until further notice.

of Order.

premises by measure. Restriction licensed premises.

prices on retail sales in licensed premises.

price on wholesale sales to a licensed trader. Maximum other sales.

shall be legibly marked on a label attached to the bottle;

(b) On a sale otherwise than by bottle—

(i) where such sale is in a public bar, the receptacle or tap from which the spirit is drawn shall be situated in such a position as to be visible to the purchaser and shall be legibly marked with the strength of the spirit at the time of sale and with the maximum price at which such spirit may be sold in a public bar under this Order; and

(ii) where such sale is elsewhere than in a public bar, the strength of the spirit shall be legibly marked on a label attached to the receptacle in which such spirit is delivered or from which

such spirit is drawn.

8. The category to which any spirit sold in bottle belongs shall be determined in accordance with the following provisions:—

(a) Any spirit other than a registered or proprietary whiskey shall be deemed to belong to category A.

(b) A person who owns any registered or proprietary whiskey may by registered letter addressed to the Secretary, Brewing Section, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.1, and despatched before the 8th May, 1918, inform the Food Controller of the name of such whiskey and the price at which such whiskey was being sold on the 30th November, 1917.

(c) The category to which any registered or proprietary whiskey belongs shall be determined by notice given by or under the authority of the Food Controller, and may in like manner be varied from time to time.

(d) Until otherwise determined by any such notice, registered or proprietary whiskey shall be deemed to belong to category D.

Samples for analysis.

Certificate

of analyst.

Provisions

of spirits

sold in

bottle.

as to categories

9. A person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or a Food Committee to procure for analysis samples of spirit on sale shall have all the powers of procuring samples conferred by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, (a) and a person selling spirits by retail shall on tender of the price for the quantity which he shall reasonably require for the purpose of analysis sell the same

to him accordingly.

10. In any proceedings in respect of an infringement of this Order, the production of the certificate of the Principal Chemist of the Government Laboratories or of an Analyst appointed under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated unless the defendant require that the person who made the analysis be called as a witness. The certificate of the Principal Chemist or of the Analyst shall, so far as circumstances permit, be in the form required by the Sale of Food and Drugs Act.

⁽a) SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.—A Note as to the scope of these Acts and of the Regulations thereunder is given in Appendix V (16) ("Sale of Food and Drugs Acts and Orders,") p. 506 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

11. If in any proceedings against a licensed trader for charging Defence. a price in excess of any maximum price applicable under this Order it is proved that an offence has been committed, but the defendant proves:

- (a) that he purchased the spirit in question from a person who sold it as spirit of a kind or strength which justified the price charged by the defendant; and
- (b) that he had no reason to believe at the time of sale that the kind or strength of the spirit was not such as precluded its being sold at the price charged; and

(c) that he has given due notice to the prosecutor of his intention to rely on the provisions of this clause,

the defendant shall be entitled to be discharged from the prosecution.

12. A person shall not sell or offer to sell any spirit at a price General exceeding the maximum price applicable under this Order, or in prohibition. connection with a sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of spirit enter or offer to enter into any artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

13. In this Order—

Interpretation.

The expression "Food Committee" means a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) and the Food Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

The expression "Public Bar" means—

- (a) where there is only one bar on the licensed premises such bar, unless the bar is one in which draught beer is not customarily sold and in which also draught beer was not customarily sold prior to the 1st April, 1918; and
- (b) Where there is more than one bar on the licensed premises all such bars, except that bar or those bars, if any, where prior to the 1st April, 1918, spirit has customarily been sold at a higher price than the rate charged for the like spirit in some other bar on such premises; and
- (c) any place where spirit is sold under a retail Off Licence.

The expression "Sold in bulk" means sold for delivery in vat, cask or jar.

The expression "Bottle" means a reputed quart bottle.

The expression "Case" means twelve reputed quart bottles.

The expression "Wholesale dealer" means a person holding a licence to deal in intoxicating liquors by wholesale.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

The expression "Licensed trader" means any person holding a licence to deal in intoxicating liquors, whether by wholesale or by retail.

The expression "British Brandy" means any Brandy other than imported Brandy derived exclusively from the

grape.

The expression "British Gin" means any Gin other than

imported Gin.

The expressions "Sale by wholesale," "Sale by retail" in respect of the sale of spirits mean the sale of spirit in such quantities as are declared to be sale by wholesale or sale by retail, as the case may be, in any Acts relating to the sale of

intoxicating liquors.

The expression "Licensed premises" has as respects England and Wales the same meaning as in the Licensing (Consolidation) Act, 1910,(a) but shall include clubs, naval or military canteens and railway restaurant cars, as respects Scotland the same meaning as in the Licensing (Scotland) Acts, 1903 to 1913,(b) and as respects Ireland the same meaning as in the Licensing (Ireland) Acts, 1883 to 1905.(c)

Exception.

- 14. Nothing in this Order shall apply to the sale of spirits on passenger vessels.
- 15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

16.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Spirits (Prices and

Description) Order, 1918.

(b) The provisions of this Order relating to such conditions of sale and price as are applicable on a sale of spirit by retail in licensed premises shall not apply to Ireland.

(c) This Order shall, except where otherwise stated, come

into force on the 1st May, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd April, 1918.

(a) LICENSING (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1910.—i.e. 10 Edw. 7. & 1 Geo. 5 c. 24, which consolidated the English Licensing Acts.

(b) LICENSING (SCOTLAND) ACTS, 1903 TO 1913.—i.e. the Act of 1903 (3 Edw. 7. c. 25) which consolidated the Scottish Licensing Acts, and the Temperance (Scotland) Act, 1913, the local option provisions of which are suspended until June 1st, 1920.

(c) LICENSING (IRELAND) ACTS, 1883 TO 1905.—The Irish Acts have never been consolidated, and comprise the 12 Acts of 1833 to 1886 as grouped in Sch. 2 of the Short Titles Act, 1896, together with the Beer Retailers and Spirit Grocers Retail Licences (Ireland) Act, 1900 (63 & 64 Vict. c. 30) and the Licensing (Ireland) Act, 1905 (5 Edw. 7. c. 3.)

Infringe-

Title and extent and commencement of Order.

1st Schedule.

COLUMN I.

COLUMN II.

Whiskey of categories B, C and D.

Whiskey

Whiskey (other than whiskey of categories B, C and D).

Whiskey of a similar strength.

British Gin.

British Gin of a similar strength.

Rum. British Brandy. Rum of a similar strength. British Brandy of a similar strength.

2nd Schedule.

SALE OF SPIRITS OTHER THAN BY WHOLESALE.

PART I.

In a Public Bar of any Licensed Premises.

COLUMN I.

U.P.

COLUMN II.

Kind and strength of spirit.

Maximum Prices at the rate of

(a) sold per bottle Spirit of category A B B 8s. per bottle. The like whiskey or other

9s. 6d. A price reduced proportionately to the reduced percentage of proof spirit.

spirit weaker than 30 Ú.P. Spirit 30 U.P. ... Spirit weaker than 30

47s. 6d. per gallon.

8s. 6d. 9s.

(b) sold in bulk

A price reduced proportionately to the reduced percentage of proof spirit.

(i) Whiskey of categories B, C and D not weaker

2s. 6d. per gill, quartern or noggin.

than 35 U.P. Whiskey of categories B, C and D weaker than 35 U.P.

A price reduced proportionately to the reduced percentage of proof spirit.

(c) Sales. of less than a reputed quart.

(ii) Spirit (other than whiskey of categories B,C and D) not weaker than 35 U.P.

2s. 1d. per gill, quartern or noggin.

The like spirit weaker than 35 U.P. but not weaker than 40 U.P.

1s. $10\frac{1}{2}d$. per gill, quartern or noggin.

The like spirit weaker than 40 U.P.

1s. 8d. per gill, quartern or noggin.

PART II.

In any Part of any Licensed Premises other than a Public Bar.

COLUMN I.

Kind and strength of spirit.

Sales by: Spirit 30 U.P. ... Spirit weaker than 30 U.P.

Sales otherwise than by bottle. Spirit weaker than 30 U.P. ...

COLUMN II.

Maximum Price at the rate of

13s. per bottle.

A price reduced proportionately to the reduced percentage of proof spirit.

4s. per gill, quartern or noggin.

A price reduced proportionately to the reduced percentage of proof spirit

Third Schedule.

SALES OF SPIRITS BY WHOLESALE.

PART I.

Spirits sold in bulk.

COLUMN I.

COLUMN II.

Kind of spirit.

Maximum price at the rate of

Any spirit If sold "in bond," 20s. per regauge proof gallon, less a discount of a minimum of 15 per cent. If sold "duty paid," 37s. 6d. per gallon, 32 U.P., less a discount of a minimum of 4s. 6d. per bulk gallon, or (if of a different strength) a price increased or reduced proportionately according to the percentage of proof spirit.

The maximum price in Part I shall be subject to discount only where the sale is to a person buying for re-sale to a licensed trader.

PART II

Spirits sold in bottle.

COLUMN I.

Kind and strength of spirit. Whiskey of categories B, C and D. 30 U.P.

The like whiskey weaker than 30 U.P.

Spirit of category A 30 U.P. The like spirit weaker than 30 U.P.

COLUMN II.

Maximum price at the rate of

A sum per case not exceeding by more than 14s. the gross invoice charge on a sale of such whiskey by the owner on 30th November, 1917, or if no such sale was made on that date on the nearest previous date ascertainable, but the price shall in no case exceed 83s. per case duty paid.

A price reduced proportionately to the reduced percentage of proof spirit.

75s. per case duty paid.

A price reduced proportionately to the percentage of proof spirit.

The maximum prices in Part II. are based on such terms and conditions as regards discounts, allowances, charges for packing and delivery as were customary between the parties on the 30th November, 1917, or if there were no dealings between the same parties prior to 30th November, 1917, on such terms and conditions as were customary in the trade at that date. Terms and conditions not less favourable to the buyer are to be allowed on any transaction to which the above prices apply.

Direction, dated May 31, 1918, under the Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918.

1918. No. 591.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby directs that the operation of Clause 7 of the Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918,(a) shall be postponed until the 1st July, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st May, 1918.

⁽a) Clause 7 of the Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918, is printed p. 193.

Direction, dated June 27, 1918, under the Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918.

1918. No. 771,

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby directs that the operation of Clause 7 of the Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918,(a) shall be postponed until further notice.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th June, 1918.

SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED JUNE 27, 1918.

[This Order, printed p. 601 in Group 17 ("Sugar"), makes further provisions with regard to Brewers dealings in Sugar, &c.]

⁽a) Clause 7 of the Spirits (Prices and Description) Order, 1918, is printed p. 193.

4^A. Bribery.

THE PREVENTION OF CORRUPTION ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 15, 1918.

1918. No. 321.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that except under the Authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. No person engaged in the sale or delivery or distribution Acceptance of any article of food shall accept or obtain or agree to accept and giving or endeavour to obtain from any other person for himself or for any other person any gift or any consideration (other than the monies properly payable by reason of such sale, delivery or distribution) as an inducement or reward for selling or delivering or distributing any article of food to one purchaser or receiver in priority or in preference to another purchaser or receiver; and no person shall give or agree to give or offer any such gift or consideration.

2. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Article Interpretaof Food " shall include every article which is used for food or tion. drink by man or which ordinarily enters into the composition or preparation of human food and the expression "Consideration" includes valuable consideration of any kind.

3. This Order shall not apply to any sale, delivery or dis Exception tribution of an article of food supplied for consumption on the premises of the seller.

- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Offences. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. (a) This Order may be cited as the Prevention of Corrup- Title and tion Order, 1918.

Commencoment.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st April, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

15th March, 1918.

4^{AA}. Canteens and Hostels.

Canteens and Hostels (Licensing) Order, 1918, p. 202. Order postponing, p. 203.

THE CANTEENS AND HOSTELS (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 31ST MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 583.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller, a person shall not on and after the 14th July, 1918, serve or supply or permit to be served or supplied any article of food in or from any premises to which this Order applies.(a)
 - 2. This Order shall apply only to-
 - (a) premises in which the main business carried on is the sale or supply of food where such sale or supply is not made primarily for the purpose of gain; and
 - (b) huts, hostels, canteens and buffets which are not carried on primarily for the purpose of gain and in or from which food is solely or mainly supplied to members of His Majesty's Forces or of the Forces of His Majesty's Allies or Co-belligerents or to persons employed in the production of Munitions of War.

S. R. & O., No. 223 of 1918. Provided always that the provisions of Clause 1 of this Order shall not apply to any National Kitchen carried on pursuant to the National Kitchens Order, 1918,(b) or to any place where food is supplied by any Local Authority under Statutory powers or to such other establishments as the Food Controller may from time to time determine.

- 3. Applications for licences are to be made in writing to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Food Survey Board), Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.1, on forms to be obtained from him upon application.
- 4. A person shall not make any false or misleading statement in any application under this Order.

(b) NATIONAL KITCHENS ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 442.

⁽a) POSTPONEMENT OF OPERATION.—The date when this clause shall come into force was postponed until further notice by Order dated July 18, 1918, printed p. 203.

- 5. The grant of a licence under this Order shall not exempt any person from the necessity of obtaining a licence or certificate of registration under any Rationing or other Order of the Food Controller for the time being in force.
- 6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 7. (a) This Order may be cited as the Canteens and Hostels (Licensing) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st May, 1918.

Postponement of Canteens and Hostels (Licensing) Order, 1918.(a) Dated July 18, 1918.

1918. No. 900.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that Clause 1 of the Canteen and Hostels (Licensing) Order, 1918, (a) shall not come into force until such date as may be hereafter notified.

By Order of the Food Controller,

S. R. & O., No. 583 of 1918.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

18th July, 1918.

⁽a) CANTEENS AND HOSTELS (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 202.

4^B. Cold Storage.

Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 204. Poultry and Game (Cold Storage) Order, 1918, p. 204.

THE POULTRY AND GAME (COLD STORAGE) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 5, 1918.

[That Order, which is printed in Group 10 ("Meat, Cattle and Eggs") (p. 316), restricts the taking of poultry or game out of cold storage.]

THE COLD STORAGE (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

1918. No. 483.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. It shall be an implied term of every agreement made on or after the 1st May, 1918, for the storage in cold store of any article that such article shall be taken out of cold store within seven days after notice in that behalf given by the Food

Controller.

2. The Food Controller may at any time by notice under this Order prohibit the delivery of any article or class of article into cold store or require any article or class of article to be taken out of cold store and all persons concerned shall comply with the provisions of any such notice.

3. A person having possession or control of any cold store whether public or private shall observe all such directions with regard to the use thereof as may from time to time be given by

the Food Controller.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th April, 1918.

Notice.—Correspondence with respect to this Order should be addressed to:—The Secretary, Ministry of Food (Cold Storage Section), County Hall, Westminster Bridge Road, S.E.I.

5. Conditions on Sale of Food.

THE FOOD (CONDITIONS OF SALE) ORDER, 1917. DATED MARCH 21, 1917.

1917. No. 261.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no Conditions person shall in connection with a sale or proposed on sale of sale of any article of food impose or attempt to food. impose any condition relating to the purchase of any other article.

2. For the purposes of this Order, the expression article of Definition. food includes any article used for food by man and any article which ordinarily enters into the composition or preparation of human food.

3. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids Penalty. or abets any other person, in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(a)

4. (a) This Order may be cited as the Food (Conditions of Title and Sale) Order, 1917.

commencement of

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 23rd March, Order. 1917.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

21st March, 1917.

⁽a) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &C., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48a of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual"), which was added to the Code since this Order was made, provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

6. Dried Fruits.

Currants and Sultanas (Requisition) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 206.

Dried Fruits (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 207. Dried Fruits (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 210.

Greek Currants (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 209.

Importers (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 209.

Persian Dates (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 208.

THE CURRANTS AND SULTANAS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917, DATED OCTOBER 13, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918, (a) DATED MARCH 11, 1918.

1917 No. 1053 as amended by 1918 No. 294.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2F and 2G of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. All persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any currants or sultanas which at the date of this Order are afloat and shipped to the United Kingdom shall place and hold such currants and sultanas at the disposal of the Food Controller.

2. The Food Controller will subsequently communicate to the persons from whom the currants and sultanas are requisitioned under this Order the prices which he will be prepared to pay for the same.

3. The Arbitrator to determine in default of Agreement the compensation to be paid for any article requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, and by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.(b)

4. All persons concerned shall before the 20th October, 1917, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Grosvenor House,

W.1, a return showing:—

(i) Currants and Sultanas afloat;

(ii) Quantity sold and unsold in each case; and shall also furnish such other particulars relating thereto as may from time to time be required.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Currants and Sultanas (Requisition) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.
13th October, 1917.

⁽a) APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS' ORDER, 1918.—This Order substituted a new clause for Clause 3.

⁽b) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 3.—This clause was inserted in its present form by the Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 294).

THE DRIED FRUITS (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 23, 1918.

1918. No. 355.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. For the purpose of this Order, Dried Fruits shall mean all Interpreta-Dried Fruits which may be or may have been after the 23rd tion. March, 1918, sold by wholesale on account of the Food Controller in whatever hands such Dried Fruits may be.

2. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe Form of forms of application and other documents to be used for the application purpose of obtaining or for any other purpose connected with may be Dried Fruits. Any such form or document may contain direc- prescribed. tions to be observed as to the completion of the form or any other matter.

- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, treatment, sale, disposal or use of any Dried Fruits, or as to the price and terms upon which Dried Fruits may be sold of otherwise disposed of
- 3. All persons concerned shall in the completion of such form Completion or document and in the distribution, treatment, sale, disposal of forms. and use of any Dried Fruits comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

4. A person dealing in Dried Fruits shall keep or cause to Records. be kept at some convenient place such records as to the Dried Fruits dealt in and such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe together with all relevant documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating to his dealings in Dried Fruits as the Food Controller may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller to inspect the records to be kept under this clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts.

5. A person shall not:—

False

- (a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statements or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order, or used for the purpose of obtaining or for any other purpose connected with Dried Fruits;
- (b) forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other document;
- (c) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies;

(d) obtain Dried Fruits where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular or deliver Dried Fruits under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in any material particular.

Prescribed form and documents.

6. Any form of application or other document purporting to be prescribed or any direction purporting to be given pursuant to this Order or headed Dried Fruits (Distribution) Order, 1918, shall unless the contrary be proved be deemed to be prescribed or given pursuant to this Order.

Penalty.

7. Infringments of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

8. This Order may be cited as the Dried Fruits (Distribution) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

THE PERSIAN DATES (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 23, 1918.

1918. No. 356.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Retail Price.

1. The maximum price on the occasion of any retail sale of Persian Dates shall be at the rate of 6d. per lb.

Delivery, packages and credit. 2. Where the purchaser on the occasion of a retail sale requires Persian Dates to be delivered to his premises an additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any sum actually paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing or for packages or for giving credit.

Offers, &c.

3. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or knowingly buy or agree to buy any Persian Dates at a price exceeding the price applicable under this Order, or in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any Persian Dates enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. This Order may be cited as the Persian Dates (Retail Prices) Title. Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

THE IMPORTERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 84 ("Importers' Returns") (p. 255), requires returns to be made of imported canned and dried fruits.

THE GREEK CURRANTS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 1ST MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 491.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall buy or sell or offer to buy or sell at prices General exceeding the permitted prices any currants produced in Greece restriction. which have not at the date of this Order arrived in the United Kingdom.

2. The permitted prices shall be the prices prescribed from Maximum time to time by the Food Controller by notice under this Order prices. and shall until further notice be the prices set out in the Schedule to this Order against the varieties of currants therein named.

3. The prices permitted under this Order are fixed on the basis Terms of that the currants: -

trading.

- (i) are packed in customary packages,
- (ii) are sold delivered in bond in the United Kingdom, duty paid,
- (iii) are of good average quality, and in sound dry condition. If any currants to which this Order applies are bought or sold on other conditions or are of inferior quality a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the price.

Exception.

S. R. & O., No. 355 of 1918.

Penalties.

Title.

4. Nothing in this Order shall apply to:

(i) sales of currants by retail,

- (ii) sales of currants by wholesale under the Dried Fruits (Distribution) Order, 1918.(a)
- 5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. (a) This Order may be cited as the Greek Currants (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 11th May, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

1st May, 1918.

Schedule.

per cwt. Currants produced in Greece. Gulf and Vostizza 80s. duty paid. Patras and Zante 778. ,, ,, Amalias ,, 22 ,, Not otherwise 99 specified 725. . . .

THE DRIED FRUITS (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 25TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 761.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

Retail price.

1. (a) A person shall not on or after the 1st July, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or agree to buy by retail any of the varieties of Dried Fruits mentioned in the First Column of the Schedule at a price exceeding the price set out against such variety of fruit in the Second Column of the Schedule.

(b) A person shall not on or after the 1st July, 1918, sell by retail any mixture of dried fruits, of which any of the varieties of dried fruits mentioned in the Schedule forms a part, at a price exceeding the price applicable under sub-clause (a) hereof, ascertained by reference to the proportion of such dried fruits contained in the mixture, and upon the basis that the maximum

⁽a) DRIED FRUITS (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 207.

price of any dried fruit contained in such mixture and not mentioned in the Schedule is a price at the rate fixed in respect of Figs.

2. Where on the occasion of a retail sale to which this Order Delivery, applies Dried Fruits are delivered at the request of the buyer other-packages, wise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery, not exceeding a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any larger sum properly and actually paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing or for packages, or for giving credit.

and credit.

3. A person shall not on or after the 1st July, 1918, sell by Currants and retail any Currants or Sultanas unless they have been cleaned in sultanas to the United Kingdom prior to such sale.

be cleaned.

4. A person shall not in connection with the sale, or disposition Offers, &c. or proposed sale or disposition of any Dried Fruits, enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction, or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

5. Nothing in this Order shall apply:

Exception.

(i) to any dried fruits supplied by a caterer in the ordinary course of his business as part of a meal; or

(ii) to plums grown in France and packed in tins or bottles outside the United Kingdom.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. This Order may be cited as the Dried Fruits (Retail Prices) Title. Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

25th June, 1918.

		The Sc	hedul	e.		
First Column.			•		Sec	and Column.
Variety.						$Per\ lb$.
Dried Pears		• • •		•••		1s. 4d.
,, Apricots	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	1s. 4d.
Valencias	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	1s.2d.
~ .		•••	•••	• • •	•••	1s. 2d.
Sultanas			• • •	• • •	•••	1s. 2d. $1s. 2d.$
Any other variety				•••	•••	1s. 2a. $1s. 2d.$
Currants Dried Plums and	 D	···	• • •	• • •	•••	1s. 2d.
,, Peaches or			•••	•••	•••	1s. 2d.
Apple Rings		ctarries	•••	•••	•••	1s. 2a. $1s. 0d.$
Dried Apples		•••		•••		1s. 0d.
Figs	• • •		•••	•••	•••	$0s.\ 8d.$
<u> </u>						

7. Fish (a).

Canned Salmon (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 242.

Fish (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 246.

Fish (Prices) Order, No. 2, 1918, as amended, p. 230. Fish (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918, p. 226.

General Licence thereunder (Dealers in shell fish), p. 239. Fish (Registration of Dealers) No. 2 Amendment Order, 1918, p. 246.

Fish (Registration of Dealers) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 242.

Freshwater Fish Order, 1918, p. 238.

Freshwater Fish (England and Wales) Order, 1918, p. 223.

Freshwater Fish Order, No. 1, p. 224. Freshwater Fish Order, No. 2, p. 224.

Freshwater Fish (Ireland) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 212.

Table of Local Orders thereunder, p. 213. Importers (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 238.

Pickled Herring (Returns) Order, 1917, p. 218.

Pickled Herrings Order, 1918, p. 239.

Pilchards Order, 1918, p. 248.

Salmon Fisheries (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 237.

Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917, p. 215.

Sea Fishing Order, No. 5, p. 217. Sea Fishing (Scotland) Order, 1917, p. 222. Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order, 1917, p. 219.

Order thereunder, p. 221.

THE FRESHWATER FISH (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917, DATED APRIL 25, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE FRESHWATER FISH (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917, AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918, (b) DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1918.

1917 No. 387 as amended by 1918 No. 226.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller orders as follows:—

1. The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland(c) may by Order authorize—

(a) the use of any methods or appliances for the purpose of taking freshwater fish the use of which would otherwise be unlawful;

Taking of Freshwater Fish in Ireland.

⁽a) COLD STORAGE AND CARRIAGE OF FROZEN FISH .- As to taking of articles out of, and into, cold store, see the Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 204. As to carriage of frozen fish, see Orders in Council referred to in footnote (b), to list of Meat and Cattle Orders, p. 295.

(b) Freshwater Fish (Ireland) Order, 1917, Amendment Order, 1918.

—This Order amended the definition of "freshwater fish" in Clause 3.

⁽c) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND .- As to the constitution of this Department, see Editorial Note at the commencement of Part VII ("Powers and Orders of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland"), p. 379 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

(b) the use of any methods and appliances for the purpose aforesaid at times and places and in circumstances at and in which the use of such methods and appliances would otherwise be unlawful; and

(c) the possession sale and purchase of any freshwater fish at times at which the possession sale and purchase

thereof would otherwise be unlawful;

Any such Order may be made so as to apply to inland waters generally or to any rivers or lakes, or parts thereof specified in such Order or so as to apply generally to all persons or to any particular person or class of persons named or described in the Order, and may contain such qualifications conditions and restrictions as appear to the Department to be necessary or proper.(a)

2. Any Order of the Department may be revoked or varied as Revocation

occasion requires.

(b)3. For the purposes of this Order the expression "fresh-Interprewater fish "shall mean fish, other than salmon or sea trout, which live wholly or partly in fresh water.

4.—(a) This Order shall extend only to Ireland.

(b) This Order may be cited as the Freshwater Fish (Ireland) Order 1917.

Extent and Title of Order.

variation.

and

Devonport. Food Controller.

25th April, 1917.

Table of Local Orders made by the Department of Agricul-TURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND UNDER THE FRESHWATER FISH (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917, AND THE SEA FISHING (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917.

District.	Subject of Order.	Date and No. of Order.	Whether expired.
No. 3 or Waterford District. " Not specified " No. 4 or Lismore	Netting fish (other than salmon, trout and eels) in Barrow River. Netting fish (other than salmon, trout and eels) in Black River. Netting of fish (other than salmon, trout and eels) in part of Black River. Netting mullet, bass, shad and sea fish in part of the Annestown Stream. Trapping eels in Mr. Oliver's Mill Pond Buttevant.	July 17, 1917, No. 18. July 23, 1917, No. 21. April 30, 1918, No. 34, June 25, 1918, No. 8. 8. May 31, 1917, No. 8.	Oct. 1, 1917
District.	Netting brown trout, pike, perch, bream, dace, rudd, roach, mullet, bass and shad. Use of nets, &c., for capture of eels at eel-weirs.	No. 11.	

(a) ORDERS MADE BY THE DEPARTMENT.—Under this power the Department have (July 31, 1918) made 40 Orders, and under this power and that of the Sea Fishing (Treland) Order, 1917 (p. 219), 11 further Orders. A table showing the subjects of these Orders, and which of them are still inforce will be found at the end of this Order. See also footnote (a), p. 220.
(b) AMENDMENTS OF CLAUSE 3.—The clause is here printed as amended by

the Amendment Order of February, 1918, which directed the omission of "pollen" from the definition of "freshwater fish."

		•	
District.	Subject of Order.	Date and No. of Order.	Whether expired.
No. 5 or Cork District Bandon Division)	Netting grey mullet and shad in Bandon River.	May 29, 1917, No. 5.	Extended by Order No. 25, which expired
"	Netting grey mullet and shad in Bandon River.	July 31, 1917, No. 25.	Sept. 30,1917. Expired, Sept. 30, 1917.
>>	Netting grey mullet and shad in Ban- don River.	April 9, 1918, No. S. 6.	1 /
77	Netting mullet, bass, shad, and sea fish	May 15, 1918, No. S. 7.	
> >	Capture of eels at eel-weirs	May 28, 1918, No. 36.	
No. 63 or Bantry District. No. 8 or Limerick District.	Netting mullet, bass or shad in tidal portion of River Snave or Coomhala. Cross-line fishing in Lough Derg	June 28, 1917, No. 16. May 5, 1917, No. 1.	Expired, Sept. 15, 1917. Expired, June 10, 1917.
"	Netting pike, perch, bream, and rudd in Lough Derg.	May 15, 1917, No. 2.	
"	Netting pike, perch, bream, rudd, or roach in Lough Key.	May 21, 1917, No. 3.	
27	Netting pike in River Maigue	May 23, 1917, No. 4.	
29	Netting pike, perch, bream, rudd, or roach in Lough Gara.	May 31, 1917, No. 6.	
**	Netting pike, perch, bream, rudd, or roach in Loughs Owel and Ennel.	May 31, 1917, No. 9.	70 7 0 7
77	Netting and trapping pike, perch, bream, rudd, and roach in Lough Derravaragh.	June 6, 1917, No. 12.	Rev. by Order No. 39.
22	Use of "Otter" and nets for taking fish (other than salmon, trout, char, or pollen) on Knock Drin Estate.	June 20, 1917, No. 14.	
27	Netting, &c., of pike, perch, bream, roach or rudd, carp, tench, char, pollen, eels, and retention of injured brown trout captured, in Lough	June 25, 1918, No. 39.	17
No. 91	Derravaragh. Cross-line fishing in Loughs Mask,	May 31, 1917,	Rev. by Order
or Galway District.	Carra, Nafooey, and Tributary Rivers.	No. 7.	No. 31,
"	Use of "Otters" on certain Lakes	June 5, 1917, No. 10.	,
33	Netting and trapping pike, perch, bream, rudd, and roach in Lough Corrib.	June 9, 1917, No. 13.	Rev. by Order No. 37.
"	Netting mullet, bass, or shad on the sea coast.	July 20, 1917, No. 20.	Rev. by Order No. S. 3.
"	Netting mullet, bass, or shad on the sea	Oct. 18, 1917, No. S. 3.	n 1 0 1
"	Netting mullet, bass, or shad on the sea coast. Netting mullet, bass, or shad on the sea	July 27, 1917, No. 23. Oct. 18, 1917,	Rev. by Order No. S. 4.
"	coast. Capture of eels at eel-weirs, etc	No. S. 4. Aug. 20, 1917,	Am. by Order
"	Capture of eels at eel-weirs, etc	No. 27. Sept. 17, 1917. No. 29.	No. 29.
31	Netting and trapping, etc., pike, perch, bream, rudd, roach, char, pollen, eels, and retention of injured brown	June 4, 1918, No. 37.	
"	trout captured, in Lough Corrib. Use of "Otters" on certain lakes	July 9, 1918,	
27 .	Netting mullet, bass, or shad on the	No. 41. July 16, 1918.	
No. 92 or Connemara District.	sea coast in certain areas. Netting mullet on sea coast in certain areas.	No. S. 10. June 28, 1917, No. 15.	Rev. by Order No. S. 2.
misuriet.	Netting mullet on sea coast in certain areas.	Oct. 18, 1917, No. S. 2.	
"	Capture of eels at eel-weirs	Aug. 9, 1917, No. 26.	
	Netting mullet, bass and shad, in certain tidal waters.	June 29, 1918, No. S. 9.	

District.	Subject of Order.	Date and No. of Order.	Whether expire
No. 10 ¹ or Ballynakill District. No. 12 or Sligo District. No. 17 ¹ or Drogheda District. No. 17 ² or Dundalk	Taking eels by fixed engine in outlet of lake in demesne of Wesport House. Netting pike, perch, bream, rudd or roach in Loughs Gill, Corrigeencor and Belhavel and Templehouse Lake. Netting eels in Gap of Ballinacrad Salmon Weir next to left bank of River Boyne. Netting pike, perch, bream, dace, rudd or roach in Quoile River.	July 20, 1917, No. 19. Sept. 6, 1917. No. 28. July 27, 1917, No. 22. June 30,1917, No. 17.	
District. Not specified	Netting pike, perch, bream, roach or rudd in limited area of Upper Lough Erne and Lower Lough Erne.	Oct. 22, 1917, No. 30.	Rev. by Order No. 32.
"	Netting of pike, perch, bream, roach or rudd, pollen or char in limited area of Upper Lough Erne and Lower Lough Erne.	Mar. 5, 1918, No. 32.	
•,	Netting, &c., of pike, perch, bream, rudd, or roach, carp, tench, char, and pollen by persons authorised by Department, under licence of Woods and Forests or permission of fishery owner.	April 26, 1918, No. 33.	Rev. by Order No. 38.
27	Netting pike, perch, bream, roach or rudd, tench, carp, mullet, bass or shad in parts of Lagan Canal and Lagan River.	May 22, 1918, No. 35.	•
)) -	Netting, etc., of pike, perch, bream, rudd or roach, carp, tench, char, pollen, eels, and retention of injured brown trout captured, by persons authorised by Department, under Licence of Woods and Forests or	June 25, 1918, No. 38.	
17	nteence of Woods and Profess of permission of fishery owner. Netting mullet, bass and shad in parts of the Malahide Inlet and Broad Meadow Water and Ward or Swords River.	June 29, 1918, No. S. F. 1.	

THE SEA FISHING (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1917.

DATED JULY 30, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 768.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controler orders as follows:—

- 1. The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries(b) may by Order authorise:—
 - (a) the use in tidal or territorial waters, for the purpose of taking sea fish, of any method or appliance the use of which would otherwise be unlawful;

Taking of Fish within Tidal and Territorial Waters of England and Wales.

(a) Corresponding Orders for Scotland and Ireland.—The Sea Fishing (Scotland) Order, 1917 (p. 222), makes similar provisions as to the waters adjoining Scotland, and the Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order, 1917 (p. 219), makes similar provision as to the waters adjoining Ireland.

(b) BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.—As to the constitution of this Board see Editorial Note at the commencement of Part V ("Powers and Orders of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries"), p. 257, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

- (b) the use in tidal or territorial waters for the purpose aforesaid of any method or appliance at times and places and in circumstances at and in which the use of such methods or appliance would otherwise be unlawful; and
- (c) the fishing for or removal of sea fish in tidal or territorial waters, or the possession, sale, exposure or consignment for sale or purchase of any sea fish, at times otherwise unlawful.

Any such Order may be made so as to apply to tidal or to territorial waters generally, or to the parts thereof specified in such Order, or so as to apply generally to all persons or to any particular person or class of persons named or described in the Order, or to sea fish generally or to any particular kind of sea fish, and may contain such qualifications, conditions and restrictions as appear to the Board to be necessary and proper.

Provided that no such order shall authorise, without the consent of the Board of Trade first being obtained, any fixed net, stake net or other erection to be placed or used on tidal lands, or authorise any such erection to be placed or used on the foreshore under the control of the Commissioners of Woods and Forests(a) without the consent of those Commissioners first being obtained.(b)

- 2. In this Order the words and expressions hereinafter mentioned shall have respectively the meaning hereby assigned to them, that is to say:—
 - "Sea Fish" means fish of all kinds(c) found in the sea, including crustacea and shell fish.
 - "Tidal Waters" means the sea and every creek, channel, bay, estuary and river as far up the same as the tide flows.

⁽a) COMMISSIONERS OF WOODS AND FORESTS.—i.e., "The Commissioners of H.M.'s Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues" see s. 12 (12) of Interp. Act, 1889 (52 & 53 Vict. c. 63). For the enactments relating to those Commissioners, see the heading "Woods, Commissioners of" in the "Index to the Statutes in Force" (1916 Edit.)

⁽b) Orders made by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries.—Under the Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917, the Board have (July 31, 1918) made five "Sea Fishing Orders": of these No. 1, dated Oct. 24, 1917, relates to fishing in Cardigan Bay, No. 2, dated Oct. 30, 1917, to fishing in Start Bay, and No. 4, dated July 18, 1918, to fishing in the North-Eastern Sea Fisheries District, and being of a local character are omitted from this Manual. Order No. 3, dated April 12, 1918, which varied the Close Season for oysters, was revoked by Order, No. 5, and this latter order being of a general character is printed at the end of this Order.

⁽c) Salmon, &c.—Salmon, sea trout, &c., are excluded from the corresponding Scottish Order (p. 222). In Ireland they were provided for as regards 1917 by the Fisheries (Ireland) Order, but are excluded from the Irish "Freshwater" (p. 212) and Irish "Sea Fishing" (p. 219) Orders.

and

Variation.

Extent and Title of

Order.

"Territorial Waters" means any part of the sea adjoining the coast of England and Wales within which His Majesty's subjects have by International Law the exclusive right of fishing.(a)

3. Any Order of the Board may be revoked or varied, as Revocation

occasion requires.

4. (a) This Order shall, except as otherwise expressly stated, extend only to England and Wales?

(b) This Order may be cited as the Sea Fishing (England and

Wales) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

30th July, 1917.

SEA FISHING ORDER, No. 5.

THE OYSTER (CLOSE SEASON) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 30TH JULY, 1918, MADE BY THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES, UNDER THE DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS.

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the Defence of the Realm Regu-

lations, do hereby Order as follows:

1. (1) Any person entitled to fish for, take, or remove oysters from any oyster bank or bed, in any waters to which this Order applies, may fish for, take or remove oysters therefrom at any time not later than the 13th day June in any year while this Order is in operation, at which the fishing, taking, or removal would, but for this Order, be unlawful.

(2) The sale, exposure for sale, consignment for sale or purchase in England and Wales of oysters during the period commencing on the 15th day of May and terminating on the 14th day of June in any year while this Order is in operation

is hereby authorised.

2. No person shall take ovsters in any waters to which this Order applies during the period commencing on the fourth day of August and terminating on the thirty-first day of August in any year while this Order is in operation.

⁽a) EXCLUSIVE RIGHT OF FISHING WITHIN TERRITORIAL WATERS.—Various International Conventions make provision for the exclusive right of fishery within 3 miles from low-water mark: e.g., Art. II. of the North Sea Fisheries Convention of May 6th, 1882, which is scheduled to the Sea Fisheries Act, 1883 (46 & 47 Vict. c. 22), and was brought into operation May 15, 1884 (see Board of Trade Notice, dated March 26, 1884 St. R. & O., Revised (1904), vol. 8 "Merchant Shipping," p. 133), and Art. II of the Regulations of May 24, 1843, as to fishing in the seas lying between the coasts of England and France which are scheduled to the Sea Fisheries Act, 1843 (6 & 7 Vict. c. 79). The Convention between Great Britain and France of Nov. 11th, 1867, which is scheduled to the Sea Fisheries Act, 1868 (31 & 32 Vict. c. 45) has never (Jan. 31, 1918) been brought into operation (see Board of Trade Notice, Feb. 6, 1869, St. R. & O. Revised (1904), vol. 8 "Merchant Shipping," p. 132, and s. 30 of the 1882 Act)

Provided that this provision shall not apply to any person taking oysters for scientific purposes or for stocking or breeding purposes, or with the authority of the Board.

3. This Order shall not be deemed to authorise:

(a) the taking of any oysters of such size that the taking thereof is illegal, or

(b) fishing in any area in contravention of any Order made by the Naval or Military Authorities; or

(c) fishing by any person without a licence where a licence is by law required.

4. This Order applies only to England and Wales and the

territorial waters thereto adjoining.

5. The Order dated the 12th April, 1918, and made by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries under the Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917, is hereby revoked.(a)

6. This Order may be cited as the Oyster (Close Season) Order.

1918.

Sealed by the Board of Agriculture and Fishseries this 30th day of July, 1918.

(Signed)

HENRY G. MAURICE.

L.S.

An Assistant Secretary to the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries.

THE PICKLED HERRING (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED JULY 31, 1917.

1917. No. 770.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2G of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:--

Particulars

required.

1. Every person owning or having power to sell or dispose of any pickled herrings of the kinds mentioned in the Schedules which were cured on or after the 1st May, 1917, shall on or before the 14th day of each month, beginning with the month of August, 1917, furnish to the Food Controller a return giving-

(a) particulars of all such herrings in his possession or under his control on the last day of the month immediately preceding that in which the return falls to be made;

(b) particulars of all such herrings sold or disposed of by him during that month; and

(c) such other particulars as may be required to complete the prescribed form of return.(b)

(a) ORDER DATED APRIL 12, 1918.—This Order, Sea Fishing Order No. 3, was printed p. 193 of the April, 1918 Edition of this Manual.
(b) DEALINGS IN PICKLED HERRINGS.—See the Pickled Herrings Order

(p. 239), which prescribes maximum prices and regulates certain dealings.

2. The returns shall be made on forms prescribed by the Food Forms. Controller and to be obtained from and when completed to be returned to the Secretary, Cured Fish Committee, Grosvenor House, London, W.1.

3. A person who does not own or have power to sell or dispose Exceptions

of more than 25 barrels of such herrings at the end of any month shall not be required to make a return in respect of that month.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Pickled Herring (Returns) Title Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st July, 1917.

Schedule

CLASSES OF PICKLED HERRINGS.

Large Fulls
Fulls
Mat Fulls
Medium Fulls
Matties
Large Spents
Spents
Tornbellies

Gutted and Ungutted.

Gutted only.

THE SEA FISHING (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917. DATED AUGUST 31, 1917.

1917. No. 915.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction

for Ireland(a) may by Order authorise:—

(a) the use in tidal or territorial waters, for the purpose of taking sea fish, of any method or appliance the use of

which would otherwise be unlawful;

(b) the use in tidal or territorial waters for the purpose aforesaid of any method or appliance at times and places and in circumstances at and in which the use of such methods or appliance would otherwise be unlawful; and

(a) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.—As to the constitution of this Department, see Editorial Note at the commencement of Part VII ("Powers and Orders of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland"), p. 379 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

Taking of fish within Tidal and Territorial Waters of Ireland. (c) the fishing for or removal of sea fish in tidal or territorial waters, or the possession, sale, exposure or consignmen for sale or purchase of any sea fish, at times otherwise unlawful.

Any such Order may be made so as to apply to tidal or to territorial waters generally, or to the parts thereof specified in such Order, or so as to apply generally to all persons or to any particular person or class of persons named or described in the Order, or to sea fish generally or to any particular kind of sea fish, and may contain such qualifications, conditions and restrictions as may appear to the Department to be necessary and proper.

Provided that no such Order shall authorise, without the consent of the Board of Trade first being obtained, any fixed net stake net or other erection to be placed or used on tidal lands, or authorise any such erection to be placed or used on the foreshore under the control of the Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues in charge of the Land Revenues and Hereditary possessions of the Crown in Ireland without the consent of that Commissioner first being obtained.(a) (b) (c)

Interpretation.

- 2. In this Order the words and expressions hereinafter mentioned shall have respectively the meaning hereby assigned to them, that is to say:—
 - "Sea Fish" means fish of all kinds (except salmon and sea trout) found in the sea, including crustacea and shell fish.
 - "' Tidal Waters" means the sea and every creek, channel, bay, estuary and river as far up the same as the tide flows.
 - "Territorial Waters" means any part of the sea adjoining the coast of Ireland within which His Majesty's subjects have by International Law the exclusive right of fishing.(d)

(c) CORRESPONDING ORDER FOR ENGLAND AND WALES AND SCOTLAND.— The Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917 (p. 216), makes similar provisions as to the territorial waters of England and Wales, and the Sea Fishing (Scotland) Order, 1917 (p. 222), makes similar provision for Scottish waters.

(d) EXCLUSIVE RIGHT OF FISHING WITHIN TERRITORIAL WATERS.— Various International Conventions, of which instances are given in footnote (a) to the Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order (p. 217), make provision for the exclusive right of fishery within three miles from low water mark.

⁽a) ORDERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.—The General Order of September 18, 1917, No. S. 1, made by the Department under the Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order as to Drift Net Fishing for Herring, is printed at the end of this Order. The Department under the powers of this Order made Oct. 25th, 1917, and Order (No. S. 5) as to escallop fisheries off the coast of Galway which is spent. The following orders of a local character and specified in the Table on page 213 have also been made (Nos. S. 6, S. 7, S. 8, S. 9, S. 10). The Department has also under the powers of this Order and of the Freshwater Fish (Ireland) Order (p. 212) made (July 31, 1918) 4 further Orders (Nos. S. 2, S. 3, S. 4, and S. F. 1) of a local character which are also specified in the Table, 213.

(b) Commissioners of Woods and Forests. See footnote (a) to Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917 (p. 216).

3. Any Order of the Department may be revoked or varied, as Revocation occasion requires.

and Variation. Extent and Title of

Order.

- 4.—(a) This Order shall, except as otherwise expressly stated, extend only to Ireland.
- (b) This Order may be cited as the Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order, 1917.

· By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st August, 1917.

ORDER (No. S.1) DATED SEPTEMBER 18, 1917, MADE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND UNDER THE SEA FISHING (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917,(a) AS TO DRIFT NET FISHING FOR HERRINGS.

1917. No. 999.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon them by the Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order, 1917,(a) made by the Food Controller on the 31st August, 1917, the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland do hereby suspend, during the months of January, February, March, October, November and December in each year, the operation of Section 7 of the Fisheries (Ireland) Act, 1842 (5 & 6 Victoria, Chapter 106) in so far as concerns the use between sunrise and sunset of drift nets for the capture of herrings in tidal and territorial waters off the coast of Ireland.

In Witness whereof the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland have hereunto set their Official Seal this Eighteenth day of September, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventeen.

(L.S.)

H. G. Smith,

On behalf of the Secretary.

⁽a) SEA FISHING (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 219. As to other Orders made by the Department under the Food Controller's Order see footnote (a) p. 220 to that Order.

Taking of

fish within

the sea

adjoining Scotland.

the parts of

THE SEA FISHING (SCOTLAND) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 10, 1917.

1917. No. 1033.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller Orders as follows:—

1. The Fishery Board for Scotland(a) with the consent of the

Secretary for Scotland may by Order authorise:

(a) the use for the purpose of taking sea fish in the parts of the sea adjoining Scotland whether within or beyond the territorial waters of any method or appliance the use of which would otherwise be unlawful;

(b) the use in such parts of the sea for the purpose aforesaid of any method or appliance at times and places and in circumstances at and in which the use of such methods or appliances would otherwise be unlawful;

(c) the landing and sale in Scotland of any fish which it would otherwise be unlawful to land or sell in Scot-

land; and

(d) the fishing for or removal of sea fish in such parts of the sea or the possession, sale, exposure or consignment for sale or purchase of any sea fish, at times otherwise unlawful.

Any such Order may be made so as to apply generally to all parts of the sea adjoining Scotland or to any such parts specified in such Order, or so as to apply generally to all persons or to any particular person or class of persons named and described in this Order, or to sea fish generally or to any particular kind of sea fish, and may contain such qualifications, conditions and restrictions as appear to the Board to be necessary and proper. $(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{c})$

2. In this Order the expression "sea fish" has the same meaning as in the Sea Fisheries Regulation (Scotland) Act, 1895.(d)

Revocation and Variation.

3. Any Order of the Board may be revoked or varied as occasion requires.

(a) FISHERY BOARD FOR SCOTLAND.—As to the constitution of this Board see footnote (a) to Pickled Herrings Order 1918, p. 240.

(b) Orders of the Fishery Board for Scotland.—Two Orders have (July 31, 1918) been made by the Board under the Sca Fishing (Scotland) Order 1917, viz.:—Order No. 1, dated March 1, 1918, which applied only to a limited stretch of coast and expired April 13th, 1918, and Order No. 2, dated 9th July, 1918, to permit seine flounder net fishing in inshore waters between Red Head, Forfarshire, and Babbet Ness, Fifeshire, during the period from 1st August to 31st October, 1918.

(c) Corresponding Orders for England and Wales and Ireland.—

(c) Corresponding Orders for England and Wales and Ireland.—The Sea Fishing (England and Wales) Order, 1917 (p. 215) makes similar provisions as to the territorial waters of England and Wales, and the Sea Fishing (Ireland) Order, 1917 (p. 219) makes similar provision for Irish waters.

(d) SEA FISHERIES REGULATION (SCOTLAND) ACT, 1895 (53 & 59 VICT. C. 42).—See s. 28 of that Act, which provides that "sea fish" shall not include salmon, sea trout or other migratory fish of the salmon kind.

Title of

Order.

4. (a) This Order shall, except as otherwise expressly stated, Extent and extend only to Scotland.

(b) This Order may be cited as the Sea Fishing (Scotland)

Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

10th October, 1917. Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

THE FRESHWATER FISH (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 14, 1918.

1918. No. 316.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries may by Order Taking of authorise

(a) the use of any methods or appliances for the purpose of taking freshwater fish, the use of which would other- Wales. wise be unlawful;

(b) the use of any methods and appliances for the purpose aforesaid at times and places and in circumstances at and in which the use of such methods and appliances would otherwise be unlawful; and

(c) the possession sale and purchase of any freshwater fish at times at which the possession sale and purchase

thereof would otherwise be unlawful.

Any such Order may be made so as to apply to inland waters generally or to any rivers or lakes or parts thereof specified in such Order or so as to apply generally to all persons or to any particular person or class of persons named or described in the Order, and may contain such qualifications, conditions and restrictions as appear to the Board to be necessary or proper.

2. Any Order of the Board may be revoked or varied by the Revocation

Board as occasion requires.(a)

3. For the purposes of this Order the expression "freshwater Interpretafish "shall mean fish, which live wholly or partly in fresh water.

4. (a) This Order shall extend only to England and Wales.

(b) This Order may be cited as the Freshwater Fish (England and Wales) Order, 1918.

> W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th March, 1918.

freshwater England and

and variation.

tion.

Extent and Title of Order.

⁽a) ORDERS OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.—The only two Orders made (July 31, 1918) by the Board under these powers are printed at the end of this Order.

Freshwater Fish Order, No. 1, dated March 14, 1918, MADE BY THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES UNDER THE FRESHWATER FISH (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1918, AS TO CLOSE SEASON FOR FRESHWATER FISH.

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries by virtue of the power conferred upon them by the Freshwater Fish (England and Wales) Order, 1918,(a) made by the Food Controller on the 14th March, 1918, under the Defence of the Realm Regulations, do

hereby Order as follows:—

1. Subject to the provisions of this Order any person entitled to fish for, catch or kill any freshwater fish in any waters may fish for, catch or kill such fish therein during the period commencing on the fifteenth day of March and terminating on the fourteenth day of April in any year while this Order is in operation and during such period any person may buy, sell, or expose for sale or have in his possession for sale any freshwater fish.

2. This Order shall apply to inland waters generally in England and Wales and shall come into force on the 15th March, 1918, and continue in force until it is revoked or varied by Order

of the Board.

3. This Order shall not be deemed to authorize

(a) fishing in any area in contravention of any Order made by the Naval or Military Authorities, or

(b) fishing by any person without such licence (if any) as is

by law required.

4. For the purposes of this Order the expression "freshwater fish "shall mean fish (other than Salmon and Trout) which live wholly or partly in fresh water.

Sealed by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries this 14th day of March, 1918.

Henry G. Maurice,

An Assistant Secretary to the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries.

FRESHWATER FISH ORDER, No. 2, DATED APRIL 12, 1918, MADE BY THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES UNDER THE FRESHWATER FISH (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1918, AS TO PIKE, EELS AND KELTS.

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries by virtue of the power conferred upon them by the Freshwater Fish (England and Wales) Order, 1918, (a) made by the Food Controller on the 14th March, 1918, under the Defence of the Realm Regulations do hereby Order as follows:—

1. Subject to the provisions of this Order:

(a) Any person entitled to fish for, catch or kill pike in any waters, may fish for, catch or kill such fish

⁽a) FRESHWATER FISH (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 223.

therein during any part of the year while this Order is in operation, and during such period any person may buy, sell, or expose for sale, or have in his posses-

sion for sale any such fish;

Provided that no person shall use any method or appliance other than rod and line for the taking of pike in contravention of any regulation in force in the fishery district in which the fish shall be taken without the consent of the Board of Conservators of such district, and

- (b) Any person may angle for eels during any part of the year while this Order is in operation, in any waters in which he is entitled so to take eels.
- (c) Any person entitled to take and kill salmon in any waters, may take and kill kelts therein during any part of the year while this Order is in operation, except during the annual close season or the weekly close season in force in the fishery district, and any person may buy, sell, or expose for sale, or have in his possession for sale any kelt taken under the authorized.

rity of this provision;

- Provided that no person shall take any kelt by any method or appliance otherwise than by rod and line without the written authority of the Board of Conservators for the fishery district, or if and when the Local Food Control Committee for the district in which any kelt shall be taken shall have issued directions as to the terms and conditions on which and the persons by and to whom kelts may be bought and sold, buy, sell, or expose for sale any kelt except in compliance with such directions.
- 2. This Order shall not be deemed to authorise
 - (a) fishing in any area in contravention of any Order made by the Naval or Military Authorities, or
 - (b) fishing by any person without such licence, if any, as is by law required.
- 3. This Order shall apply to England and Wales, and shall come into force on the 13th day of April, 1918, and continue in force until it is revoked or varied by Order of the Board.

Sealed by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries this 12th day of April, 1918.

Henry G. Maurice,
Assistant Secretary.

THE FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 14, 1918.(a)(b)

1918. No. 322.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

PART I.—LICENSING OF WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH.

Licensing of wholesale dealers.

- 1. A person shall not deal in fish by wholesale either on his own account or on the account of any other person:—
 - (a) After the 10th April, 1918, unless he has applied for a licence as a wholesale dealer in fish; or
 - (b) After the 1st May, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted by the Food Controller authorising him to deal in fish by wholesale.

Mode of application for a licence.

2. Every application for a licence shall be made to the Secretary (Fish Supplies Branch), Ministry of Food, 14, Upper Grosvenor Street, W.1, on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.

Issue and revocation of licences.

3. A licence shall be granted under this part of this Order to such persons and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine and any such licence may at any time be revoked by the Food Controller.

Information and inspection.

4. The holder of any licence issued under this part of this Order shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to his dealings in fish together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee to inspect all such records, books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in fish as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his dealings in fish as may from time to time be required.

(a) By General Licence of May 3, 1918, printed p. 239 dealings in shell fish

by other than licensed or registered dealers were authorised.
(b) The Fish (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918, was revoked as regards Ireland as from July 15, 1918, by the Fish (Registration of Dealers) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 242.

5. Every licence issued under this part of this Order shall be Production produced by the holder upon the demand of any person authorised of licence. by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee.

of retail dealers.

6. This part of this Order shall not apply to a producer who deals in his own fish by wholesale, where such dealings are made only at the port or other place of landing or the nearest town containing a fish market.

PART II.—REGISTRATION OF RETAIL DEALERS IN FISH.

7. (a) Except as provided by sub-clause (b) of this clause a Registration person shall not at any time after the 1st May, 1918, deal in fish by retail except in, about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in fish for the time being in force granted by the Food Committee for the area in which the premises are situate, but this shall not prevent a retail dealer duly registered from selling from his cart in the ordinary course of business in the area in which such premises are situate.

(b) A retail dealer may be registered as a hawker or costermonger and in such case shall sell only from his cart, stall, or barrow and at such other place, if any, as may be named in the

certificate.

8. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be Form of made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller and application. every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent.

9. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be Application made to the Food Committee for the area in which the premises of the applicant in respect of which a certificate of registration is sought are situate, and in the case of a hawker or costermonger Committee. to the Food Committee for the area in which he resides at the time of such application; and where the same person is applying for registration in respect of premises situated in more than one area, separate application shall be made in each area in respect of the premises situated therein.

addressed to Food

10. A person shall be entitled to receive a certificate of regis- Persons tration as a retail dealer in fish in respect of which he or his predecessor was carrying on business as a retail dealer on 1st December, 1917.

entitled to certificates.

11. A Food Committee shall not refuse a certificate of regis- Grounds for tration duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same refusal. under the last preceding clause of this Order except with the consent of the Food Controller and in circumstances in which the Food Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had already been granted.

12. A Food Committee may in any case in which, in their Power to opinion, it is desirable to do so in the interests of the public grant new within their area, with the consent of the Food Controller, grant to any other person a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in fish in respect of any premises within their area.

certificates.

Form of certificate.

- 13. (a) Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Food Controller and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may from time to time determine.
- (b) A hawker or costermonger shall be so described in his certificate.

Revocation of certificate.

14. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this part of this Order if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulation or direction made or given under the authority of the Food Controller relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificate if required to do so by the Food Controller.

Register of holders of certificates.

15. A Food Committee shall keep in a form prescribed by the Food Controller a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this part of this Order.

Transfer of business.

16. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration to deal in fish by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Committee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

Inspection and information.

17. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is registered accurate records as to fish dealt in and such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in fish as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Food Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Food Committee may from time to time require.

Custody and production of certificate.

18. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the premises or some one of the premises to which it relates, and, in the case of a hawker or costermonger shall be carried with him whenever engaged in selling fish; and every holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

19. This part of this Order shall not apply to a producer selling his own fish by retail otherwise than at a shop.

PART III.—GENERAL.

20. A person may be licensed as a wholesale dealer in fish under Power to Part I. of this Order and registered as a dealer in fish by retail under Part II. of this Order.

hold both licences.

21. (a) Nothing in this Order shall affect:—

Exceptions.

- (a) Sales by retail of cooked fish by a person in the ordinary course of his trade: or
- (b) Sales of smoked, pickled, dried or preserved fish.
- 22. For the purposes of this Order:—

Interpretation.

The expression "Food Committee" means a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917.(b)

The expression "the producer" means (i) the catcher or his employer, and (ii) the owner or tenant of the fishery on which the fish was caught.

The expression "his own fish" with reference to a producer means fish caught by him or his employer or caught in the fishery of which he is owner or tenant.

- 23. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 24. Nothing in this Order shall apply to a person who selle Extent of in Ireland fish for delivery in Ireland. Order.
- 25. This Order may be cited as the Fish (Registration of Title. Dealers) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th March, 1918.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order

is printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽a) Dealers in Frozen Fish.—The Fish (Registration of Dealers) No. 2 Amendment Order, 1918, printed p. 246, applied the provisions of the principal Order to dealers in frozen fish as from August 1, 1918.

THE FISH (PRICES) ORDER, No. 2, 1918, DATED THE 14TH MARCH, 1918, AS AMENDED BY AN ORDER, DATED 14TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 323 as amended by No. 529.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) A person shall not on or after the 27th May, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale, or buy or offer to buy any fish at prices exceeding the maximum prices for the time being applicable

under this Order.

(b) Until further notice the maximum price for the fish specified in the first three schedules to this Order shall be at the rates applicable according to such schedules, and the subsequent provisions of this Order.

(c) The Food Controller may from time to time by notice prescribe further or other prices for fish whether or not specified

in the first three schedules to this Order.

2. On a sale (other than a sale by retail) by or on behalf of the producer of his own fish of a kind specified in the first schedule,

the maximum price

(a) shall, where the fish are sold packed in boxes and upon the terms that the price includes costs of packing and all charges incidental thereto and incidental to delivery to the buyer's nearest railway station, be at the rates applicable under the provisions of clauses 3, 4, 6 and 7 of this Order, and so that Clause 4 shall apply as if the producer were a person who had bought fish direct from the producer; and

(b) shall, in all other cases, be at the rates mentioned in

the first column of the first schedule.

- 3. On a sale (other than a sale by retail) by or on behalf of any person other than the producer of fish of a kind specified in the first schedule the maximum prices shall, subject to the provisions of clauses 4, 6 and 7 of this Order, be at the rates mentioned in the second column of such schedule.
 - 4. Where a dealer who has bought any fish of a kind specified in the first schedule direct from the producer is selling the same to another dealer (not being a dealer in the same market) who declares that he is purchasing with a view to reselling to a retail dealer or retail dealers, and, if required by the seller, undertakes to make the further payment prescribed by this clause in case he otherwise deals with the same, then and in every such case the maximum prices shall be reduced from the rates specified in the second column of the first schedule by the following amounts:—

(i) 1s. per stone in the case of fish for which the maximum price, without any of the additions applicable under

clause 7, exceeds 20s. per stone.

General restrictions.

Wholesale sale by producers.

Other sales by wholesale.

First
wholesaler's
reduced price
on sales to
second
wholesaler
of fish
mentioned
in first
schedule.

- (ii) 9d. per stone in the case of fish for which such maximum price exceeds 7s. 6d. per stone and does not exceed 20s. per stone.
- (iii) 4d. per stone in the case of fish for which such maximum price is 7s. 6d. or less per stone; but if the second dealer, having made such declaration, deals with any such fish otherwise than by resale to a retail dealer or retail dealers he shall within 14 days so inform the first dealer in writing and shall pay to the first dealer a further sum equal to the amount of the reduction.
- 5. On a sale (other than a sale by retail) of any fish of a kind Wholesale specified in the second and third schedules the maximum prices shall subject to the provisions of clauses 6 and 7 of this Order be at the rates mentioned in the first columns of such schedules.

sales of fish mentioned in second and third schedules.

6. The maximum price applicable under clause 3 or clause 5 Packing and shall include all cost of packing and all charges incidental transport. thereto and to delivery to the buyer's nearest railway station, and if the fish is sold carriage forward the maximum price shall be diminished by a sum equal to the cost of such carriage.

7. The following additions where applicable may be made to Permitted the maximum price permitted by clauses 3 and 5 of this Order: additions.

- (a) A sum not exceeding the cost of the boxes in which the fish is packed, provided that such sum is repaid to the purchaser on the return of the boxes; and
- (b) Where a wholesale dealer in fish purchases or receives for sale on commission fish from a wholesale dealer and sells to a retail dealer, a sum equal to the cost of carriage (if any) of the fish from his premises or railway station to the retail dealer's nearest railway station.
- 8. (a) On a sale by retail of any fish of a kind specified in Sales by the first three schedules to this Order, the maximum price shall retail be at the rate mentioned in the third column of the first schedule and the second column of the second and third schedules.

- (b) On such sale no additional charge may be made for packing, packages, credit or delivery except that any monies actually payable by the seller for transport from his premises may be added.
- 9. A Food Committee may from time to time by resolution Powers of a vary the maximum retail prices for fish sold fixed for the time Food being by the Food Controller but

Committee.

(a) Every such resolution shall be reported to the Food Controller within seven days, and in the case of a resolution increasing the maximum price shall not take effect until the same has been sanctioned by the Food Controller; and

(b) Every resolution made by the Food Committee under this clause shall be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or varied as he shall direct.

Rules as to

- 10. (a) Except on a sale by retail no fish shall be sold in cuts.
- (b) On sales by retail the following provisions shall have effect:
 - (i) Where a maximum price is for the time being prescribed for a cut, such price shall apply only to the sale of a portion of the fish not exceeding one half of the whole fish and not including any part of the head.
 - (ii) Where a maximum price is for the time being prescribed for a headed fish, such price shall apply only to the sale of a headed and gutted fish.
 - (iii) the maximum price for the time being prescribed for a whole fish shall apply to all sales of the fish headed or not, gutted or ungutted, or any part of the fish except sales to which a maximum price for a cut or for a headed fish applies.
 - (iv) In calculating the price on the sale of a fish or a portion of a fish any broken halfpenny shall count as a halfpenny.
- (c) In the case of any sale a person may sell fish otherwise than by weight provided that the maximum price is not exceeded and provided he weighs the fish if so required by the buyer.

Priority of purchases for bait

- 11. (a) Where a person makes a declaration in writing to a producer that he is desirous of buying any fish for the purposes of bait, the producer shall, against payment in cash of the maximum price, fill any order placed with him by such person before selling any such fish in favour of any other person.
- (b) A person shall not make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statement in any such declaration, or use any fish supplied thereunder except as bait.

Notices.

Contracts.

- 12. Every person selling fish by retail shall keep posted in a conspicuous position so as to be visible to all customers throughout the whole time during which fish are being sold or exposed for sale, a notice showing in plain words and figures the maximum price for such fish for the time being in force under this Order, and also the actual price at which fish are at such times being sold by him.
- (b) This clause shall not apply to a fisherman selling his own fish to consumers otherwise than at a shop.
- 13. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that under any contract subsisting on the 25th March, 1918, fish cannot be sold at a reasonable profit by reason of the maximum prices fixed by this Order, the Food Controller may, if he thinks fit, cancel such contract or modify the terms thereof in such manner as shall appear to him to be just.

14. No person shall, in connection with the sale or proposed Fictitious sale or disposition of fish, enter or offer to enter into any unreasonable or artificial transaction.

15. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Producer" Definitions. means-

- (i) The catcher or his employer;
- (ii) The owner or tenant of the fishery on which the fish was caught.

The expression "his own fish," with reference to a producer, means fish caught by him or his employer or caught in the fishery of which he is the owner or tenant.

The expression "Food Committee" means a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) and the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.

- 16. This Order shall not apply to sales of cooked fish by a Exceptions. person in the ordinary course of his trade.
- 17. The Fish (Prices) Order, 1918, is hereby revoked as on the Revocation S.R. & O., 25th March, 1918, without prejudice to any proceedings in No. 39 of respect of any contravention thereof. 1918.
- 18. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 19. This Order may be cited as the Fish (Prices) Order, No. 2, 1918. ment.

Title and commence-

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th March, 1918.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917 .- That Order is printed in Pt. III. of this Manual.

First Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES.

FRESH FISH.

First Schedule—continued.

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		First Column		Second Column.		Third Column.		nn
		Whole Fish per Stone.	Headed Fish per Stone.	Whole Fish per Stone.	Headed Fish per Stone.	Whole Fish per Pound.	Headed Fish per Pound.	Cuts per Pound.
35. 36. 36 <i>a</i> . 37. 38.	Whiting and Pout (gutted).	s. d. 6 9 6 6 5 9 35 0 5 9 34 0 19 0 3 9 21 0 14 0 12 3 35 0 23 6 7 9 9 9 19 0 6 0	s. d.	8. d. 8 9 8 6 8 0 	8. d.	8. d. 0 10 0 9 3 0 3 2 1 11 0 6 2 0 1 6 1 4 3 0 2 4 1 0 0 11 1 1 1 0 1 11 0 8	s. d	s. d. - 1 5 4 0 - 1 5 - 3 6 - 4 0 3 0 1 6 1 8 1 8

Second Schedule.

SMOKED AND CURED FISH.

	First Column.	Second	Column.
	Per Stone.	Whole Fish per Pound.	Cuts per Pound.
1. Smoked cod 2. Smoked haddock 3. Kippered herring 4. Bloatered herring 5. Herrings filleted (smoked or pickled). 6. Pickled, cured or spiced herrings	s. d. 20 0 20 0 10 9 8 6 11 6 Fixed by Pickled Herrings Order.	s. d. 1 9 1 9 0 11 0 9 1 0	s. d.

S. R. & O., No. 964 of 1917.

Second Schedule-continued.

				. [
			irst umn.	Second Column.			
		Per	Stone.		e Fish	Cuts per Pound.	
7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	Red Herrings and smoked Herrings other than those already mentioned. Smoked Mackerel Mackerel filleted, (smoked or pickled). Pickled, cured or spiced Mackerel Smoked Pilchards Pickled, cured or spiced Pilchards Smoked Sprats Pickled, cured or spiced Sprats Dry Salted Fish, other than those specified above. Wet Salted Fish of all descriptions. Smoked Fish Fillets of all kinds, other than those specified above. All Smoked Fish not specified above or in the Fourth Schedule.	8. 7 11 5 7 5 7 5 15 15 11 19	d. 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 6	8. 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	d. 8 8 0 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 3 11	s. d. 1 6 1 1	
	4440						

Third Schedule.

FROZEN FISH.

Colu				
Per S	rst Second	Second Column.		
	Stone. Whole Fish per Pound.	Cuts per Pound.		
1. Halibut (Headed and Trimmed) 21 2. Salmon, including Grilse 25 3. ,, ,, , (Headed) 28 4. Trout 25 5. ,, (Headed) 28 6 Cod (Headed) 9 7. Haddock (Headed) 9 8. Herring 7 9. Flat Fish other than Halibut (Headed). 10. All frozen fish not specified above 9	d. s. d. 0 1 8 6 2 2 0 2 4 6 2 2 0 2 4 6 0 11 6 0 11 6 0 11 6 0 11	s. d. 2 0 2 9 2 9 2 9 2 9 1 1 1 1 - 1 2		

Fourth Schedule.

UNCONTROLLED.

PART 1.-FRESH FISH.

- 1. Crustacea of all kinds.
- 2. Fresh fish roes.
- 3. Shell fish of all kinds.
- 4. Whitebait.
- 5. Smelts.

PART 2.—SMOKED AND CURED FISH.

- 1 Smoked or pickled fish roes.
- 2. Smoked, kippered or pickled Salmon and Grilse.
- 3. Smoked, kippered or pickled Trout.

PART 3.

- 1. Fish paste.
- 2. Preserved fish not mentioned in any of the foregoing Schedules, and Canned Fish.

THE SALMON FISHERIES (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 21, 1918.

1918. No. 350.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. (a) During such period of the year 1918 as may be the prescribed period in Ireland for the purposes of the Summer Time Act, 1916,(a) Section 24 of the Act 26 & 27 Victoria, Chapter 114, shall take effect in all Fishery Districts in Ireland as if the words "the hours of 9.25 o'clock in the evening" were substituted for the words "the hours of 8 o'clock in the evening" contained in such Section.(b)

⁽a) PRESCRIBED PERIOD FOR PURPOSES OF SUMMER TIME ACT, 1916.—The prescribed period in Ireland under this Act (6 & 7 Geo. 5, c. 14) (as applied to Ireland by the Time (Ireland) Act, 1916 (6 & 7 Geo. 5, c. 45), which assimilated the time adopted for use in Ireland to that so adopted for Great Britain) was fixed for 1918 by Order in Council, Feb. 27, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 274), as the period from 2 o'clock in the morning, Greenwich Time, on Sunday, March 24, to 2 o'clock in the morning, Greenwich Time, on Monday, Sept. 30, 1918

⁽b) S. 24 of Salmon Fishery (I) Act, 1863.—This section as thus amended takes effect as follows:—

[&]quot;24. It shall not be lawful for any person to use any net except a landing net, for the capture of salmon or trout in the fresh-water portion of any river, as defined by the Commissioners under this Act, between the hours of 9.25 o'clock in the evening and 6 o'clock in the morning, except so far as the same may have heretofore been used within the limits of a several fishery next above the tidal flow, and held under grant or charter, or by immemorial usage; and every person offending against the provisions of this section shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds, and to the forfeiture of all boats, nets and gear used in such illegal fishing."

- (b) This provision shall remain in force until and including the last day on which in each Fishery District in the year 1918 it shall be lawful to take salmon by means of nets.
 - 2. This Order may be cited as the Salmon Fisheries (Ireland) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st March, 1918.

THE FRESHWATER FISH ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 19, 1918.

1918. No. 455.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. Any person may until and inclusive of the 15th June, 1918, buy, sell, expose for sale, or have in his possession for sale any freshwater fish certified by the Fishmongers' Company to be freshwater fish imported from abroad or from Scotland or Ireland.
- 2. For the purposes of this Order the expression "freshwater fish" shall have the meaning assigned by the Freshwater Fisheries Act, 1878.(a)
 - 3. This Order may be cited as the Freshwater Fish Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th April, 1918.

THE IMPORTERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 84 ("Importers' Returns") (p. 255), requires returns to be made of imported canned fish.]

⁽a) FRESHWATER FISHERIES ACT, 1878 (41 & 42 V. c. 39).—By s. 11 (1) of this Act "freshwater fish" is defined as including "all kinds of fish (other than pollan, trout, and char) which live in fresh water, except those kinds which migrate to or from the open sea."

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MAY 3, 1918, UNDER THE FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 503.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all persons concerned until further notice to deal (whether by wholesale or retail) in S. R. & O., shell fish of all kinds notwithstanding that such persons have not applied for or obtained licences as wholesale dealers or certificates of registration as retail dealers in fish under the above mentioned Order.

No. 322 of

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

3rd May, 1918.

THE PICKLED HERRINGS ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 3RD JUNE, $1918.(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{c})$

1918. No. 602.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) A person shall not on or after the 17th June, 1918, sell General or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any pickled Restriction. herrings at prices exceeding the maximum prices for the time

being applicable under this Order.

(b) Until further notice the maximum prices for pickled herrings of a kind mentioned in the Schedule to this Order shall be at the rates applicable according to such schedule and the subsequent provisions of this Order.

(c) The Food Controller may from time to time by notice under this Order prescribe further or other prices for pickled herrings whether or not mentioned in the schedule to this Order.

2. (a) On the occasion of a sale by or on behalf of a fish curer Price on sale to a wholesale dealer the maximum prices shall be at the rates by Curer. mentioned in the schedule to this Order.

(b) On the occasion of any other sale (except a sale by retail) the maximum prices shall be at the rates mentioned in the Schedule to this Order plus ten per cent. on such rates.

(a) FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 226.

(b) RETURNS OF PICKLED HERRINGS.—The Pickled Herrings (Returns) Order, 1917, requires monthly returns as to certain kinds of pickled herrings.

(c) CANNED FISH.—The Food Controller is not prepared, save in very

exceptional circumstances, to recommend the issue of licences for the exportation of canned fish. Importers are, therefore, warned not to import grades of canned fish that are unsuitable for home markets. (Notice appearing in the Press, Sept. 6, 1917.)

Terms of sale.

- 3. The maximum prices applicable under this Order are fixed on the basis of the following terms and conditions being applicable to the contract:
 - (i) Payment to be net cash within 31 days of delivery and moneys then unpaid thereafter to carry interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum or Bank rate, whichever shall be the higher.
 - (ii) Delivery to be made at the buyer's option free on rail or ship, in the case of British herrings at the place of curing and in the case of foreign herrings at the port of arrival in the United Kingdom, and all rates of transport subsequently incurred to be for the buyer's account.

(iii) Barrels or other containers to be provided by the seller free of cost.

printed as St. R. & O., 1914, No. 683.

Where the contract is made on terms and conditions other than the above a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price.

4. There may be added to the maximum price applicable under this Order:—

> (i) The cost of insurance against marine or war risk incurred in respect of the herrings in question;

(ii) Charges in respect of cold storage accommodation incurred in respect of the herrings not exceeding a charge at the rate of 3s. 6d. per barrel per month or 14s. per barrel in all, whichever shall be the lower;

- (iii) Charges in respect of ordinary storage accommodation, cooperage and pickling not exceeding the rate per month of 4d. per barrel, 3d. per half barrel, or 2d. per quarter barrel or under, provided that no such charges may be made in respect of a period during which the herrings are in cold store.
- 5. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale herrings in selections other than those mentioned in the schedule to this Order. The selection known as Large Matjes shall not be less than ten and a quarter inches in length. The selection known as Medium Matjes shall not be less than nine and a quarter inches in length, and any other selection for which a minimum length is for the time being prescribed by the current regulations of the Fishery Board for Scotland shall be not less than the length so prescribed.(a)
- 6. A person shall not in connection with a sale or proposed sale of pickled herrings to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into a fictitious or artificial transaction or make or propose any unreasonable charge.

(a) REGULATIONS OF THE FISHERY BOARD FOR SCOTLAND.—This Board was established by the Fishery Board (Scotland) Act, 1882 (45 & 46 Vict., c. 78), which transferred to that Board the powers and duties of the previous Board of British White Herring Fishery. The Regulations, dated April 15, 1913. made by the Board as to construction and capacity of barrels and halfbarrels filled or intended to be filled with Cured White Herrings; and quality, cure, packing, &c., of White Herrings intended for the official crown brand are

Offers and conditions.

Authorised selections

only to be

sold.

additions.

Permitted

Interpreta-

Revocation. S.R. & O., No. 964 of

1917.

7. For the purposes of this Order:

"Pickled Herrings" shall not include herrings which have tion.

been in pickle for less than three days.

8. This Order does not apply to sales for immediate export Exception. where such export is authorised.

9. The Pickled Herrings Order, 1917, (a) is hereby revoked as on the 17th June, 1918, without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

11. This Order may be cited as the Pickled Herrings Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

3rd June, 1918.

Schedule above referred to.

Part 1.—Gutted Her	rings.	Per whole	Per half
		barrel.	barrel.
Large Fulls		 58s.	31s.
Fulls		 58s.	31s.
Matfulls		 53s.	28s. 6d.
Medium Fulls		 53s.	$28s.\ 6d.$
Matties		 46s.	25s.
Large Spents		 42s.	23s.
Spents		 42s.	23s.
Tornbellies		 32s.	18s.
Large Matjes		 . 58s.	31s.
Medium Matjes		 53s.	$28s.\ 6d.$
Imported Pickled Herrin	ags	 40s.	22s.
-	_		

Part 2.—Ungutted Herrings.

Hand packed in barrels, 48s. per whole barrel.

26s. per half barrel.

Hand packed in barrels ex vats or tanks, 48s. per whole barrel.

26s. per half barrel.

Imported Pickled Herrings, 40s. per whole barrel.

22s. per half barrel.

The above prices apply when the sale is a sale of barrels or half barrels. When the goods are sold in packages containing less than a half barrel the rate per package shall be in proportion (according to contents) to the rate per whole barrel plus twenty-ave per cent. If the goods are packed otherwise than as above the price shall be based upon and proportionate to the price per whole barrel.

In calculating the maximum price chargeable by a person other than a curer the ten per cent. addition allowed by Clause 2 is to be made only on the maximum price specified in the Schedule, and not on the price as altered by the addition of transport,

storage and other charges permitted by the Order.

⁽a) PICKLED HERRINGS OBDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 199 of the May, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

THE CANNED SALMON (RETURNS) ORDER. DATED THE 12TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 634.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations

shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Every person who now or hereafter has in Great Britain in his actual custody on the last Saturday of any month 50 cases or more of canned salmon shall furnish to the Food Controller a return giving particulars of all canned salmon in his actual custody at the close of business on such Saturday and the name of the owner of the salmon and such other particulars as may be necessary to complete the prescribed form of return.

2. The returns shall be made on forms prescribed by the Food Controller which may be obtained from and shall be completed and returned to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Statistical Branch) Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.1, not later than

3 days after the Saturday to which the return relates.

3. Failure to make a return or the making of a false return is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

- 4. (a) This Order may be cited as the Canned Salmon (Returns) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th June, 1918.

THE FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 29TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 798.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—LICENSING OF WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH.

Licensing of wholesale dealers.

1. A person shall not deal in fish in Ireland by wholesale either on his own account or on the account of any other person:—

(a) After the 8th July, 1918, unless he has applied for a

licence as a wholesale dealer in fish; or

(b) After the 15th July, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted by the Committee authorising him to deal in fish by whole-

2. Every application for a licence shall be made to the Secre- Mode of tary (Fish Section), Food Control Committee for Ireland, application Kildare Street, Dublin, on a form to be prescribed by the Com- for a licence. mittee, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent where the signature of the applicant by such duly authorised agent is permitted by the Committee.

3. A licence shall be granted under this part of this Order to Issue and such persons and subject to such conditions as the Committee may revocation determine, and any such licence may at any time be revoked by of licences.

the Food Controller or by the Committee.

4. The holder of any licence issued under this part of this Informa-Order shall keep or cause to be kept, at some convenient place tion and accurate records as to his dealings in fish, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee as to the form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or by the Committee to inspect all such records, books. documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in fish as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his dealings in fish as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or the Committee.

5. Every licence issued under this part of this Order shall be Production produced by the holder upon the demand of any officer or con- of licence. stable of police or any person authorised by the Food Controller

or by the Committee.

6. This part of this Order shall not apply to a producer who Exception. deals in his own fish by wholesale, where such dealings are made only at the port or other place of landing or the nearest town containing a fish market.

PART II.—REGISTRATION OF RETAIL DEALERS IN FISH.

7. A person shall not at any time after the 15th July, 1918, Registration deal in fish by retail in Ireland, except in, about or in connection of retail with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in fish for the time being in force granted by the Committee, but this shall not prevent a retail dealer, duly registered, from selling from his cart or other carriage in the ordinary course of business.

8. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be Mode of made to the Committee on a form to be prescribed by the Com- application. mittee, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent when the signature of the applicant by such duly authorised agent is permitted by the Committee.

inspection.

Persons entitled to receive certificates.

Grounds for refusal.

9. A person shall be entitled to receive a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in fish in respect of the premises in, about or in connection with which he or his predecessor was carrying on business as a retail dealer in fish on 1st December, 1917.

10. The Committee shall not refuse a certificate of registration duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under the last preceding clause of this Order except in circumstances in which the Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had already been granted. Upon the refusal of a certificate the applicant's title (if any) shall cease.

Power to grant new certificates.

11. The Committee may in any case in which, in their opinion it is desirable to do so, grant to any other person a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in fish.

Form of certificate.

12. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Committee and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Committee may from time to time determine.

Revocation certificate

13. The Committee may revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this part of this Order if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order, or any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificate if required to do so by the Food Controller.

Register of holders of certificates.

14. The Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom, and the premises in respect of which, certificates of registration have been granted under this part of this Order.

Transfer of business.

15. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration, to deal in fish by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Committee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

Inspection and information

16. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is registered accurate records as to fish dealt in and such other matters as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee as to the form and contents of such records, and shall permit any persor authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in fish as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require.

17. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the pre- Custody and mises or some one of the premises to which it relates, and every production holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for of certificate. inspection upon the demand of any officer or constable of police or any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

18. All forms of application and other documents, instructions Forms, &c., or directions issued, whether before or after the date of this already is-Order, by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the sued to be Committee purporting to be issued under this Order, or headed Fish (Registration of Dealers) (Ireland) Order, 1918, and all applications made upon any such form, and all acts to be done pursuant to any such instructions and directions, shall be deemed respectively to have been issued, made and done under and pursuant to this Order.

19. This part of this Order shall not apply to a producer selling Exception. his own fish by retail otherwise than at a shop, or to a person who sells fish as a hawker or costermonger only.

PART III .- GENERAL.

20. A person may be licensed as a wholesale dealer in fish Power to under Part I. of this Order and registered as a dealer in fish by hold both licences. retail under Part II. of this Order.

21. Nothing in this Order shall affect:

Exceptions.

(a) Sales by retail of cooked fish by a person in the ordinary course of his trade; or

(b) Sales of smoked, pickled, dried or preserved fish, other than frozen fish; or

(c) Sales of shell fish.

22. For the purposes of this Order:— The expression "Committee" means the Food Control tation.

Interpre-

Committee for Ireland. The expression "the producer" means (i) the catcher or his employer, and (ii) the owner or tenant of the fishery on

which the fish was caught.

The expression "his own fish," with reference to a producer means fish caught by him or his employer or caught in the fishery of which he is owner or tenant.

23. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringe-

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

29th June, 1918.

24. The Fish (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918,(a) shall, after the 15th July, 1918, cease to apply to Ireland, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention

ments. S.R. & O., No. 322 of

25. (a) This Order may be cited as the Fish (Registration of Title and

1918, revoked as to Ireland. extent of Order.

Dealers) (Ireland) Order, 1918. (b) This Order shall extend only to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

(a) FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.—Printed at p. 226.

Fish (Registration of Dealers) No. 2 Amendment Order, 1918; Fish (Distribution) Order, 1918.

THE FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) No. 2 AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 1ST JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 857.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

S. R. & O., No. 322 of 1918.

- 1. The provisions of the Fish (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918, (a) (hereinafter called the Principal Order), shall, notwith standing anything to the contrary contained in clause 21 (b) thereof, apply to dealers whether by wholesale or by retail in frozen fish with the substitution of the date "1st August, 1918," for the date "10th April, 1918," in clause 1 (a) of the Principal Order, and of the date "1st August, 1918," for the date "1st May, 1918," in clause 1 (b) and 7 (a) of the Principal Order.
- 2. This Order may be cited as the Fish (Registration of Dealers) No. 2 Amendment Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

1st July, 1918.

THE FISH (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 16TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 879.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.

Directions relating to Fish.

Directions relating to fish.

1. (a) The Food Controller or any person authorized by him in that behalf may from time to time issue directions relating to the allocation and distribution of fish, and in particular may:—

(i) Fix the proportion or quota of the available supplies of fish to be allocated to or by any dealer in fish;

(ii) Fix the proportion or quota of fish which may be retained by a producer for the purposes of his wholesale or retail trade;

⁽a) FISH (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed at p. 226.

(iii) Fix the maximum quantity of fish or of any class of fish which may be bought by any person in any period;

(iv) Order that fish shall not be sold until the same shall

have been landed.

(b) Directions given under this clause may be given so as to apply generally or so as to apply to any special locality or so as to apply to all or any fish or to any special class or selection or catch of fish or to any special producer or dealer or class of producers of dealers.

Where any such directions have been given it shall be the duty of all persons concerned to comply therewith and a person shall not sell or dispose of any fish to which such directions apply

except in accordance with such directions.

PART II.

2. (a) For the purposes of this part of this Order:—

A prescribed port "shall mean a port to which this Order

for the time being applies.

"A prescribed market" in connection with a prescribed port shall mean a place prescribed as a market in respect of that port.

"Specified fish" in connection with a prescribed port shall

mean the fish specified in respect of that port.

3. (a) Until further notice under this Order, the prescribed Prescribed ports shall be the ports mentioned in the first column of the ports and schedule, and the prescribed market and the specified fish for any port shall be the market and fish set opposite that port in the second and third columns of the schedule.

(b) The Food Controller may at any time by notice under this Order prescribe other ports, and markets for prescribed ports

and specify fish in respect of prescribed ports.

4. (a) Where any specified fish are landed in a prescribed port, Specified fish such fish shall not be sold or offered for sale by or on behalf of the only to be person who is the owner thereof at the time of landing except in a prescribed market.

(b) The Food Controller or any person authorized by him in that behalf may from time to time except any fish from the provisions of this clause on such conditions as he shall think fit.

5. (a) A person shall not in a prescribed market:—

(i) buy any specified fish unless he is the holder of a permit only to be given by or under the authority of the Food Controller authorising him to buy such fish in such market or otherwise than in accordance with the provisions and conditions of this permit; or.

(ii) sell or dispose of any specified fish bought under a permit except in compliance with the provisions and con-

ditions of such permit.

(b) The Food Controller or any person authorised by him in that behalf may suspend the operation of this clause as respects such persons, markets or fish, and for such period as he may think fit.

6. This part of this Order shall come into force on the 1st August, 1918.

Definitions.

sold in a prescribed market.

Specified fish boughtunder

PART III.

General.

Penalty.

Title.

- 7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 8. (a) This Order may be cited as the Fish (Distribution) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

16th July, 1918.

The Schedule.

Column 1.	Column 2.	Column 3.
Aberdeen Fleetwood Grimsby Hull : Milford Haven North Shields	Aberdeen Wholesale Fish Market Fleetwood ,, ,, Grimsby ,, ,, Hull ,, ,, Milford Haven ,, ,, North Shields ,, ,,,	All fish except Herrings, Pilchards, Mackerel, Sprats, Salmon, Grilse, Trout, Freshwater Fish (including Freshwater Eels) Crustacea and Shell Fish of all kinds.

THE PILCHARDS ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 16TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 883.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Pilchards for home markets. 1. (a) Where a person makes a declaration in writing to a producer of fish or a wholesale dealer in fish that he is desirous of buying any pilchards in the possession of such producer or dealer, for the purpose of supplying the home markets with fresh, kippered or canned pilchards, such person shall be entitled to have delivery of such pilchards on tendering payment in cash of the maximum price therefor for the time being in force, and such producer or wholesale dealer shall make delivery to such person notwithstanding that he may have agreed to sell or dispose of such pilchards in favour of any other person.

- (b) Where the person to whom payment is made is not by virtue of his ownership of the pilchards or otherwise, entitled to retain for his own use the money paid, he shall forthwith account for the same to the person lawfully entitled thereto.
- (c) Nothing in the foregoing part of this clause shall apply to pilchards which, when the declaration is made, are in the possession of, or have been agreed to be sold or delivered to, a person who states that he intends to place the same in the home markets in a fresh, kippered or canned state, provided that such person shall in fact carry out his intention.
- (d) A person shall not make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statement in any such declaration, or use any fish supplied thereunder except for the purpose mentioned in his declaration.
- 2. Where under the Fish (Prices) Order No. 2, 1918, (a) or any Bait. other Order of the Food Controller for the time being in force, S.R. & O., No. 323 and any person is entitled to claim a supply in respect of fish 529 of 1918. required for bait, such claim shall have priority over a declaration under this Order.

- 3. (a) All persons curing or pickling pilchards shall furnish Returns. a return on the 7th day of every month showing the quantity cured or pickled by him in the preceding month, and such other particulars as the Food Controller may from time to time direct.
- (b) Returns to be made under this Order shall be made on forms to be obtained from and, when completed, returned to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Fish Section), 100, Cromwell Road, S.W.7.
- (c) The first return shall be made in respect of the month of August, 1918.
- 4. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "producer" Definition. shall have the same meaning as in the Fish (Prices) Order, No. 2, 1918.(a)

S. R. & O., No. 323 as amended by No. 529 of

5. Infringements of this Order or failure to make a return, or Infringethe making of a false return thereunder, are summary offences ments. against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

- 6. (a) This Order may be cited as the Pilchards Order, 1918. Title.
- (b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st August, 1918

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

16th July, 1918.

⁽a) FISH (PRICES) ORDER No. 2, 1918.—That Order is printed at p. 230.

7^A. Foreign Holdings of Food.

THE FOREIGN HOLDINGS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918, DATED MARCH 8, 1918, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER, DATED MAY 2, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 293 as amended by 492.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of 'the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Returns of existing foreign holdings 1. Any person who at the date of this Order has in his possession, custody or control within the United Kingdom any article or any warehouse warrant or other document of title in respect of any article mentioned in the Schedule to this Order which to his knowledge is held on foreign account shall before the 16th March, 1918, furnish a return of the articles so held by him or in respect of which he holds such documents of title and of such other matters as are necessary to complete the prescribed form of return.

Returns of future foreign holdings. 2. Any person who after the date of this Order is or becomes to his knowledge the holder on a foreign account of any article or the document of title to any article which is mentioned in the schedule or which may from time to time be added to the schedule by the Food Controller by notice under this Order shall, within 10 days of becoming the holder of such article or document or of the inclusion of any such article in the Schedule to this Order, as the case may be, furnish a return of such article and of such other matters as are necessary to complete the prescribed form of return.

Forms of return.

3. The returns shall be made on forms to be obtained from and when completed to be returned to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, (Statistical Branch), Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1.

4. This Order shall not apply to any article or document in

Exceptions. S. R. & O. No. 1226 of 1917; No. 1311 of 1917; No. 1305 of 1917; No. 55 of 1918.

4. This Order shall not apply to any article or document in respect of which a return has been made to the Public Trustee pursuant to the provisions of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914,(b) or to the Ministry of Food under the Seeds, Nuts and Kernels (Requisition) Order, 1917,(c) the Oils and Fats (Requisition) Order, 1917,(d) the Raw Coffee (Returns) Order, 1917,(e) or the Raw Cocoa (Returns) Order, 1918.(f)

(a) The Amending Order dated May 2, 1918, substituted a new clause for clause 2 and added section 10 to the Schedule.

(b) Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914.—5 & 6 Geo. 5. c. 12.

(c) Seeds, Nots and Kernels (Requisition) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 451.

(d) OILS AND FATS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed

p. 452.
(e) RAW COFFEE (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917.—That Order (which was printed as St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1305) relates to returns to be made by January 14th, 1918, and is omitted from this Manual as "spent."

(f) RAW COCOA (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918.—That Order (which was printed p. 329 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume) relates to returns to be made by February 2nd, 1918, and is omitted from this Manual as "spent."

- 5. Failure to make a return or the making of a false return Penalty. is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. For the purposes of this Order, an article or document is Interpretadeemed to be held on foreign account:—

(i) If by the terms of any sale or agreement or otherwise the article is to be delivered or is intended to be delivered to any place outside the United Kingdom; or

(ii) if the article has been sold to, or has been agreed to be sold to, or is held on account of any person or firm resident or carrying on business outside the United Kingdom;

Provided always that articles destined for His Majesty's Forces or the Forces of His Allies or for any recognised Red Cross Society or individual members thereof or any article in respect of which a licence for export has been granted by lawful authority shall not be deemed to be held on foreign account.

7. This Order may be cited as the Foreign Holdings (Returns) Title. Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

Sth March, 1918.

The Schedule.

1. Articles normally used for human food and the raw materials from which such articles are made.

2. Cattle Feeding Stuffs.

3. Live Stock.

4. Condiments normally used with human food, excluding salt.

5. Casein, Starch, Farina.

6. Alcoholic beverages of all kinds.

7. Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, Cocoa preparations, and Syrups and Juices.

8. Sausage and other Casings.

9. Sacks, Bags (other than paper bags), Casks, Barrels, and Baskets capable of being used for carrying any agricultural produce or any of the above-mentioned articles.

10. Grass seeds, clover seeds, vegetable seeds and root seeds.

8. Hoarding of Food.

Food Hoarding Order, 1917, as amended, p. 252. Authorisation thereunder (Preserved Eggs), p. 253. Authorisation thereunder (Butter), p. 254.

THE FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917, DATED APRIL 5, 1917, AS AMENDED BY FOOD HOARDING (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1918, DATED MAY 1, 1918.

1917. No. 317 as amended by 1918. No. 489.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Ordinary supplies only to be held.

- 1.—(a) Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall after the 9th April, 1917,(a) acquire any article of food so that the quantity of such article in his possession or under his control at any one time exceeds the quantity required for ordinary use and consumption in his household or establishment.(b),(c)
- (b) In any proceedings for breach of this clause, the burden of showing what quantity of any article of food is so required

shall rest upon the person charged.

Prohibition on sellers.

2. No person shall sell any article of food to a purchaser where he has reasonable grounds for believing (whether on account of the quantity of the article sold or any other circumstances) that the quantity of such article which may lawfully be acquired by the purchaser will by reason of such sale be exceeded.

Power of entry.

3. Any person specially authorised in writing by the Food Controller may enter upon any premises in which he has reason to believe that any article of food is being kept in contravention of this Order and carry out such inspection and examination of the premises as he may think necessary.

Exceptions.

4. This Order shall not apply to-

(a) Any article of food acquired or held in the ordinary course of business by any producer, dealer or manufacturer.

(b) Any home-produced or home-made article of food in the possession of the producer or maker or the materials reasonably necessary in the ordinary course for such production.

(b) Eggs for Preserving.—See Authorisation by Food Controller under

this Order as to eggs, p. 253.
(c) Farmers' Butter for Home Preservation.—See Authorisation by Food Controller, p. 254.

⁽a) FOOD HOARDING (AMNESTY) ORDER, 1918.—This Order (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 183), omitted from this Volume as now "spent," provided for the grant by Food Control Committees of certificates of amnesty on the surrender before Feb. 25, 1918, of articles of food held contrary to the terms of the Principal Order.

- 5. For the purpose of this Order, the expression "article of Interpretafood " shall mean every article which is used for food by man tion. and every article which ordinarily enters into or is used in the composition or preparation of human food and shall include tea, coffee and cocoa.(a)
- 6. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids Penalty. or abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a Company every director or officer of the Company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(b)
 - 7. This Order may be cited as the Food Hoarding Order, 1917. Title of Order.

Devonport,

5th April, 1917.

Food Controller.

AUTHORISATION, DATED APRIL 5, 1918, UNDER THE FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917, AS TO EGGS FOR PRESERVING.

1918. No. 399.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the Food Hoarding Order, S.R. & O... 1917,(c) the Food Controller hereby authorises any person to No. 317 of acquire eggs for the purpose of preserving them for use in his own household subject to compliance with the following conditions:

(a) Notice of the number of eggs intended to be acquired and preserved shall be sent to the Food Control Committee for the district within which the person usually resides: and

(b) The number of eggs acquired shall not exceed the number stated in such notice or, if objection is taken by the Committee to the number stated, the number permitted by the Committee.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th April, 1918.

(a) This clause was inserted in its present form by the Food Hoarding (Amendment) Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 489).

(b) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &C., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual") which was added to the Code since this Order was made provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

(c) FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 252.

Authorisation, dated May 17, 1918, under The Food Hoarding Order, 1917; The Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917; The Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918; and The London and Home Counties (Rationing Scheme) Order, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 524.

Notwithstanding the provisions of any of the above Orders, and of any schemes adopted with the consent of the Food Controller under any of such Orders, the Food Controller hereby grants the following authority to all persons concerned:—

1. Farmers' butter for home preservation may be acquired by any person subject to compliance with the following con-

ditions:—

(a) Notice of the amount intended to be acquired and preserved shall be sent to the Food Control Committee for the district within which he usually resides, together with a true statement of such particulars as may be required by the Committee;

(b) The amount of butter preserved shall not exceed the amount stated in the notice or, if objection is taken by the Committee to the amount stated, the amount

(if any) permitted by the Committee;

(c) A certificate in the form prescribed under the authority of the Food Controller shall be given by him to the supplier;

(d) The butter shall be properly salted or otherwise preserved

by him; and

- (e) The butter shall not be consumed or disposed of except at such times and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Food Controller.
- 2. Subject to the receipt, and production, when required by a Food Committee, of the certificate mentioned in Clause 1 (c), Farmers' butter may be supplied up to the amount mentioned in the certificate; Provided that no supply shall be made by any person under this authority so as to interfere with the supply by him to his registered customers of their full ration.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th May, 1918.

(a) FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917.—Printed p. 252.

FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—Printed p. 276.

FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918.—Printed p. 281.

London and Home Counties (Rationing Scheme) Order, 1918.— Printed p. 449 of the April, 1918 Edition of this Manual, revoked by Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

8^A. Importers' Returns.

THE IMPORTERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

19:18. No. 478.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. The importer of any goods to which this Order for the time Importers being applies, shall from time to time make returns to the Food to make Controller showing the amount of such goods bought, shipped returns. or affoat for the United Kingdom or arrived in the United Kingdom, and such other matters as are necessary to complete the

prescribed form of return.

2. The return shall be made on the prescribed forms which Forms of may be obtained from and when completed shall be returned to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Statistical Branch), Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.1.

3. Until further notice the return shall be made weekly and Returns to shall be posted or delivered on or before the Tuesday following the week to which the return relates.

4. This Order shall apply only to such goods as the Food Con- Goods to troller by notice directs and until further notice shall apply to the goods mentioned in the schedule.

5. The expression "importer" shall mean the person to whom Interpretathe goods were or are originally consigned and such other person as may from time to time be designated by the Food Controller, in respect of any goods or class of goods, as the importer.

6. Failure to make a return or the making of a false return Penalty. is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. This Order may be cited as the Importers (Returns) Order, Title.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th April, 1918.

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Schedule.

Canned Meat. Canned Poultry, Game and Rabbits. Canned Fish. Canned Fruit. Condensed Milk. Dried Milk. Cheese. Eggs. Dried Fruits. Cocoa. Coffee.

be made weekly.

which Order applies.

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9. Jam and Fresh Fruit.(a) (b)

Apricot Pulp and Bitter Oranges Order, 1917, p. 256.

Gooseberries Order, 1918, p. 257.

Gooseberries (Sales) (England and Wales) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 258.

amended, p. 258. Jam (Prices), No. 2, Order, 1918, p. 266.

Plum (Sales) Order, 1918, p. 273.

Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, p. 260.

General Licence thereunder (Black Currants), p. 264. General Licences thereunder (Strawberries), pp. 263, 265. Soft Fruit (Sales) Amendment Order, 1918, p. 265.

Strawberries (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 264.

THE APRICOT PULP AND BITTER ORANGES ORDER, 1917. DATED AUGUST 21, 1917.

1917. No. 868.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall on or after the 28th August, 1917, either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person—

(a) Buy, sell, or deal in; or

(b) Offer or invite an offer or propose to buy, sell, or deal in; or

(c) Enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase or other dealing in;

any Apricot Pulp or Bitter or Sour Oranges or Pulp made from such oranges outside the United Kingdom, whether or not the sale or purchase or dealing is or is to be effected in the United Kingdom.

Provided that all persons are authorised to buy, sell and deal in Apricot Pulp and Bitter or Sour Oranges and Pulp made from such Oranges on passage to the United Kingdom at the date of this Order.

Returns.

Prohibition

on dealings in Apricot

Oranges outside the

Pulp and

Bitter

United Kingdom.

2. All persons concerned shall before the 28th August, 1917, furnish to the Secretary of the Ministry of Food, Grosvenor House, Upper Grosvenor Street, W.1, a statement showing the quantity of Apricot Pulp and Bitter or Sour Oranges and Pulp made from such Oranges purchased but not shipped at the date of this Order and the quantity thereof sold or unsold.

(b) SUGAR FOR DOMESTIC PRESERVING—See Sugar (Domestic Preserving)

Order, 1917, printed in Group 17 (Sugar).

⁽a) COLD STORAGE AND CARRIAGE OF REFRIGERATED PRODUCE.—As to taking of articles out of and into cold store, see the Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 204. As to carriage of refrigerated fruit see Orders in Council referred to in footnote (b) to list of Meat and Cattle Orders, p. 295.

3. This Order shall not be construed as prohibiting the insur- Insurance. ance of Apricot Pulp or Bitter or Sour Oranges or Pulp made from such Oranges.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Apricot Pulp and Bitter Title. Oranges Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st August, 1917.

THE GOOSEBERRIES ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 11th May, 1918.

1918. No. 522.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. (a) A person shall not

General (i) on or after 13th May, 1918, pick any gooseberries Restriction.

before the appointed date; or

(ii) on or after 14th May, 1918, sell or expose or offer for sale or buy agree to sell or buy any gooseberries which have been picked before the appointed date.

(b) The appointed date shall be in England and Wales the 1st June, 1918, and in Scotland the 10th June, 1918, or such other

date as the Food Controller may by notice prescribe.

2. (a) Nothing in this Order shall apply to any gooseberries Exception. picked under any Order made under the Destructive Insects and Pests Acts, 1877 and 1907.

(b) Nothing in Clause 1 (a) of this Order shall prevent the picking before the appointed date of gooseberries provided that such gooseberries are not sold.

3. (a) This Order may be cited as the Gooseberries Order, 1918. Title and

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

extent of Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

11th May, 1918.

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THE GOOSEBERRIES (SALES) (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 31ST MAY, 1918, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER, DATED JUNE 7, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 593 as amended by 621.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—RESTRICTIONS.

Delivery of gooseberries outside the United Kingdom. Gooseberries to be sold to Jam Manufacturers or recognised dealers by growers.

- 1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller, a person shall not take delivery in the United Kingdom of any gooseberries which are outside the United Kingdom on the 3rd June, 1918.
- 2. (a) A person who grows gooseberries in the United Kingdom shall not sell or deliver or offer to sell or deliver any gooseberries so grown except to—

(i) a licensed jam manufacturer; or

(ii) a recognised fruit salesman who has given to the grower a dated and written undertaking signed by the salesman that he will re-sell such fruit only to a licensed jam manufacturer.

(b) This clause shall not apply to a grower whose total crop of gooseberries in the United Kingdom during the 1918 season is less than 5 cwt.

Sales by recognised dealers.

3. A recognised fruit salesman who has bought any gooseberries from a grower to whom Clause 2 applies shall sell such gooseberries only to a licensed jam manufacturer.

Purchases by Jam Manufacturers.

4. (a) A licensed jam manufacturer shall not buy or take delivery of gooseberries, wherever grown, in excess of the quantity set out in his licence, or use any gooseberries bought by or delivered to him, for any purpose other than the purpose of manufacturing jam for sale.

(b) This clause shall not apply to gooseberries bought by retail by, and used for the household consumption of, a jam

manufacturer.

PART II .- PRICES

Grower's price.

5. No gooseberies grown in the United Kingdom shall be sold by the grower thereof at a price exceeding a price at the rate of £27 per ton free on rail, ship or barge at the grower's station, port or wharf, together with the additional charges permitted by this Order. Such price shall include all charges for picking and packing.

⁽a) The Amending Order of June 7, 1918, extended the principal Order to Scotland and Ireland as from June 10, 1918, and revoked clause 9 (b) of the principal Order.

6. The additional charges permitted on a sale by the grower Permitted

additions on sale by grower.

(a) Where the gooseberries are delivered by the grower to the buyer's premises or for sale in a market, the customary charges for such delivery not exceeding in any case an amount equal to the cost of transport from the grower's station, port or wharf to the buyer's premises or the market in which the fruit is sold;

(b) Where packages are provided by the grower—

(i) a charge not exceeding the rate of 30s. per ton of fruit for the use of half sieves, pecks or strikes, and · 25s. per ton of fruit for the use of baskets or other usual packages (other than sacks); all half sieves. pecks, strikes, baskets or other packages to be returned to the grower carriage paid.

(ii) 10s. per ton of fruit for the use of sacks provided by the grower, such sacks to be returned to the

grower carriage paid.

(c) All market tolls actually paid in respect of the gooseberries by the grower.

7. No gooseberries grown in the United Kingdom shall be sold Sales by by any person, other than the grower of the fruit sold, at a price persons other exceeding the rate of £28 per ton, together with the additional than the charges permitted by this Order to be raid to the grower to the grower. extent to which the same are payable or have been paid, and together also with the following additions where applicable:—

(d) The amount of the transport charges, if any, paid or payable by such person in respect of the gooseberries and not included in the sum paid to the grower; and

(b) the amount of any market tolls actually paid by such person in respect of such gooseberries;

(c) a sum at the rates and on the terms set out in clause 6 (b) hereof in respect of packages provided by such person.

8. This part of this Order shall not apply to a sale by retail Exception of where the total quantity included in the sale is not more than retail sales. 5 lbs.

PART III.—GENERAL.

9. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may other-Contracts. wise determine all contracts subsisting on the 3rd June, 1918, for the sale of any gooseberries wherever grown shall be cancelled.

10. This Order shall not apply to canned, bottled or preserved Application. gooseberries.

11. In any proceedings in the United Kingdom in respect of Presumpan infringement of this Order it shall be presumed until the tion. contrary be proved, that the gooseberries in question are of the 1918 crop, and were grown in the United Kingdom.

12. A person shall not sell or buy, or offer to sell or buy, any Fictitious gooseberries to which this Order applies at a price in excess of transactions. the price permitted by this Order in connection with the sale or disposal of any such gooseberries, or enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction.

Interpretation.

13. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "licensed jam manufacturer" shall mean a person holding a licence from the Food Controller authorising him to purchase fruit for the manufacture of jam for sale. The expression "recognised fruit salesman" means a person who in the ordinary course of his trade buys gooseberries in wholesale quantities for re-sale.

Penalty.

Title and commencement.

14. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

15. (a) This Order may be cited as the Gooseberries (Sales),

England and Wales Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 3rd June, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st May, 1918.

The Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918. Dated the 14th June, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 641.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—RESTRICTIONS.

Soft fruit only to be imported under licence.

Fruit to be sold to jam manufacturers or recognised dealers by growers.

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller a person shall not take delivery in the United Kingdom of any of the varieties of fruit mentioned in the Schedule (hereinafter called Soft Fruit) or of the pulp of any soft fruit where such soft fruit or such pulp is outside the United Kingdom on the 17th June, 1918.

2. (a) On and after the 17th June, 1918, a person who grows in the United Kingdom any Soft Fruit shall not sell or deliver or offer to sell or deliver any Soft Fruit so grown except to(b):—

(i) a licensed jam manufacturer; or

(ii) a recognised fruit salesman who has given to the grower a dated and written undertaking signed by the salesman that he will re-sell such fruit only to a licensed jam manufacturer.

(b) This clause shall not apply to a grower in relation to any variety of Soft Fruit where his total crop of that variety grown in the United Kingdom during the 1918 Season is less than 1 cwt.

(a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—This Order was amended by Soft Fruit (Sales) (Amendment) Order, 1918, printed, p. 265.

(b) GENERAL LICENCE DATED JUNE 21, 1918.—This Licence, printed, p. 263, permits certain sales of picked strawberries.

3. Where a recognised fruit salesman has bought from a grower Sales by any Soft Fruit to which Clause 2 applies, he shall not sell such recognised

fruit except to a licensed jam manufacturer.

4. (a) On and after the 17th June, 1918, a licensed jam Purchases by manufacturer shall not buy or take delivery of any Soft Fruit jam manuwherever grown or use any fruit bought by or delivered to him for any purpose other than the purpose of manufacturing jam or pulp for sale.

(b) This clause shall not apply to Soft Fruit bought by retail by, and used for the household consumption of a jam

manufacturer.

5. No pulp made from any Soft Fruit shall on or after the Sale and use 17th June, 1918, be sold or delivered to any person other than of soft fruit a licensed jam manufacturer or be used for any purpose except pulp. the manufacture of jam.

PART II.—PRICES.

6. On and after the 17th June, 1918, no Soft Fruit grown in Grower's the United Kingdom shall be sold by the grower thereof at a price. price exceeding a price at the rate set out against such fruit in the Schedule, free on rail, ship or barge at the grower's station, port or wharf, together with the additional charges permitted by this Order. Such price shall include all charges for picking and packing.

7. The additional charges permitted on a sale by the grower Permitted

(a) Where the fruit is delivered by the grower to the buyer's premises or for sale in a market, the customary charges for such delivery, not exceeding in any case an amount equal to the cost of transport from the grower's station, port or wharf, to the buyer's premises or the market in which the fruit is sold.

(b) Where packages are provided by the grower:—

(i) A charge not exceeding the rate of 40s. per ton of fruit for the use of pecks and strikes; 30s. per ton of fruit for the use of half sieves, and 25s. per ton of fruit for the use of baskets or other usual packages (other than chip baskets and punnets), all pecks, strikes, half sieves, baskets or other packages to be returned to the grower carriage paid.

(ii) 40s. per ton of fruit delivered in chip baskets or punnets, the chip baskets and punnets to

be non-returnable.

(c) All market tolls actually paid in respect of the fruit by

(d) Where strawberries are plugged by the grower before delivery to the buyer, a sum at the rate of £4 per ton

of fruit so plugged.

8. On and after the 17th June, 1918, no Soft Fruit grown in Sales by the United Kingdom shall be sold by any person, other than the persons grower of the fruit sold, at a price exceeding by more than 30s. per ton the rate set out against such variety of fruit in the

additions on sale by

other than the grower. Schedule, together with the additional charges permitted by this Order to be paid to the grower to the extent to which the same are payable or have been paid, and together also with the following additions where applicable:—

(a) the amount of the transport charges, if any, paid or payable by such person in respect of the fruit and not

included in the sum paid to the grower; and

(b) the amount of any market tolls actually paid by such person in respect of such fruit;

(c) a sum at the rates and on the terms set out in clause 7 (b) hereof in respect of packages provided by such person;

(d) a sum at the rate of £4 per ton of fruit in respect of strawberries plugged by such person.

Exception of retail sales.

9. This part of this Order shall not apply to a sale by retail where the total quantity included in the sale is not more than 5 lbs. of any one variety of fruit.

PART III. GENERAL.

Contracts.

10. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine all contracts subsisting on the 17th June, 1918, for the sale of Soft Fruit grown or to be delivered in the United Kingdom shall be cancelled so far as the same relates to Soft Fruit not delivered before that date.

Exception.

11. This Order shall not apply to fruit which has already on the 17th June, 1918, been canned, bottled or preserved.

Presumption.

12. In any proceedings in respect of an infringement of this Order it shall be presumed until the contrary be proved that the fruit in question is of the 1918 crop and was grown in the United Kingdom.

Fictitious

13. A person shall not sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any

Soft Fruit at a price in excess of the price permitted by this Order or in connection with the sale or disposal of any such fruit enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transactions.

Interpretations.

transactions.

14. For the purposes of this Order the expression "licensed jam manufacturer "shall mean a person holding a licence from the Food Controller authorising him to purchase Soft Fruit for The expression "recognised the manufacture of jam for sale. fruit salesman " shall mean a person who in the ordinary course of his trade buys Soft Fruit in wholesale quantities for re-sale.

Penalty.

15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

S. R. & O. Nos. 702, 703 and 694 of 1917.

16. The Raspberries (Jam Manufacturers' Prices) 1917(a); the Raspberries (Scotland) Delivery Order, 1917(b); and the Stone Fruit (Jam Manufacturers' Prices) Order, 1917(c); are hereby revoked, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

(c) RASPBERRIES (SCOTLAND) DELIVERY ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 225 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

(c) Stone Fruit (Jam Manufacturer's Prices) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 222 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

⁽a) RASPBERRIES (JAM MANUFACTURER'S PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order

17. This Order may be cited as the Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, Title. 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th June, 1918.

The Schedule.

Black Currants(a) 60 per ton. Red Currants 32 ,, Raspberries(b) 37 ,, Strawberries (Stirling Castle and Scarlets)(c) 44 ,,	Variety of Fruit.	4	Price.
Raspberries(b) 37 ,, Strawberries (Stirling Castle and Scarlets)(c) 44 ,,			_
Strawberries (Stirling Castle and Scarlets)(c) 44	Raspberries(b)	37	11
Strawberries of any other variety 40 ,,	Strawberries (Stirling Castle and S	Scarlets)(\mathbf{c}) 44	,,

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 21, 1918, UNDER THE SOFT FRUIT (SALES) ORDER, 1918.(d)

1918. No. 732.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all persons concerned to sell or buy free of any restrictions imposed by Clause 2 or Clause 3 of the above Order, any picked strawberries which may be offered for sale and delivered to the buyer between 8 a.m. and midnight on the 22nd June, and on any succeeding Saturday until further notice. All the other provisions of the above Order, including the provisions as to price, shall apply to all sales made under this licence.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st June, 1918.

(a) See General Licence, dated July 4th, 1918, printed p. 264.

(d) Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, is printed p. 260.

⁽b) See Soft Fruit (Sales) (Amendment) Order, 1918, printed p. 265. (c) See General Licence, dated July 17th, 1918, printed p. 265.

THE STRAWBERRIES (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 21st June, 1918.

1918. No. 733.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Retail prices for strawberries.

Exception.

Penalty.

Title.

1. (a) On and after the 22nd June, 1918, a person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any strawberries on the occasion of a sale by retail where the total quantity included in the sale is not more than 5 lbs., at a price exceeding the rate of 9d. per lb.

(b) No addition shall be made to the price fixed by this clause in respect of packing, packages or giving credit, but where such strawberries are delivered at the request of the buyer otherwise than at the seller's premises, an addition may be made at a rate not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any larger sum properly and

actually paid by the seller for carriage.

2. Nothing in this Order shall apply in the case of strawberries supplied by a caterer in the ordinary course of his business as part of a meal.

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. This Order may be cited as the Strawberries (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st June, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JULY 4, 1918, UNDER SOFT FRUIT (SALES) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 805.

S. R. & O., No. 641 of 1918. Where Black-currants are sold stemmed or strigged, the maximum price chargeable under the above Order shall be increased by a sum at the rate of £6 per ton.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th July, 1918.

⁽a) Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, is printed p. 260.

Soft Fruit (Sales) (Amendment) Order, 1918; General Licence under Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918.

THE SOFT FRUIT (SALES) (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1918, DATED JULY 4, 1918.

1918. No. 813.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that the Soft Fruit (Sales) Order(a) (hereinafter called the Principal Order) shall be amended as follows:

1. On and after the 5th July, 1918, the Principal Order shall S. R. & O., be amended by the substitution in the Schedule for the words 1918. "Raspberries—£37 per ton" of the words "Plugged Raspberries—£44 per ton" and the words "Raspberries on stalk—£37 per ton" and the Principal Order shall on and after the 5th July, 1918, take effect accordingly.

No. 641 of

- 2. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine, all contracts for the sale of plugged raspberries, subsisting on the 5th July, 1918, are cancelled, save in respect of raspberries delivered before that date.
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Soft Fruit (Sales) (Amendment) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th July, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JULY 17, 1918, UNDER SOFT FRUIT (SALES) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 882.

The Food Controller hereby authorises sales of Strawberries of S. R.& O., the varieties known as President, Garibaldi and Vicomtesse de No. 641 of Thury at the price fixed by the above Order for Strawberries of the Sterling Castle variety.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th July, 1918.

⁽a) Soft Fruit (Sales) Order, 1918, is printed p. 260.

THE JAM (PRICES) No. 2 ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 26, 1918.

1918. No. 930.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale, buy, or offer to buy jam or jelly (hereinafter called jam) at prices exceeding the maximum prices for the time being applicable

under this Order.

(b) Until further notice the maximum prices for jam of a kind mentioned in the Schedules to this Order shall be as follows:—

(i) On the occasion of a sale by wholesale by a manufacturer to a buyer who declares in writing that he is buying the jam for re-sale, by wholesale, the prices set out in the first schedule, less 5 per cent.

(ii) On the occasion of any other sale by wholesale, the

prices set out in the first schedule.

(iii) On the occasion of a sale by retail, the prices set out in the second schedule; or in the cases to which the third schedule applies, the prices set out in such schedule.

(c) The Food Controller may from time to time by notice under this Order prescribe further or other prices for jam whether or not mentioned in the Schedule.

2. On the occasion of a sale by wholesale, the following

provisions shall apply:—

(a) the seller shall, if the buyer so requires, deliver the jam sold to the buyer's premises, or at the option of the buyer where the manufacturer is the seller to any railway station in the United Kingdom nominated by the buyer, and, save as provided in Clause 12 of this Order, no additional charge may be made therefor, provided that a buyer shall not be entitled to require delivery otherwise than at his own premises of any parcel of jam less than 288 lbs. in weight.

(b) No charge may be made for jars or other containers, or

for packing or packages, except that-

(i) the seller may make an additional charge for the cost of the outside package enclosing the jar or other containers; and

(ii) where jam is sold in a returnable container holding more than 7 lbs., provided by the seller, an additional charge not exceeding the market value of such container may be made by the seller.

Provided that in either case, the buyer shall be entitled to recover from the seller the amount so charged on returning to the seller's railway station the outside package or container in good condition.

Maximum Prices.

Conditions on wholesale sale.

3. On the occasion of a sale by retail the following provisions Conditions shall apply:

on retail sale.

- (a) the maximum price shall include the price for jars or other containers (if any) and all charges for packing and packages;
- (b) where delivery is made at the buyer's request otherwise than at the seller's premises an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery at a rate not exceeding ½d. per lb. or any larger sum properly and actually paid by the seller for carriage.
- 4. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale any jam Conunless the same complies with the following provisions:

and descrip.

- (a) the water soluble extract of jam shall not be less than tion of jam 63 per cent. of the total weight of such jam;
- (b) not more than 10 per cent. of the jam measured by weight shall consist of added fruit juice;
- (c) where more than one variety of fruit or vegetable is used in the making of a jam (other than in the form of added fruit juice, not exceeding the quantity specified in sub-clause (b), each such variety must be mentioned in the description, but so that where any fruit or fruits contained in such jam is less than 25 per cent. of the total fruit content, the name of such fruit or fruits shall be prefaced in the description by the words "flavoured with" in such a form as to be easily readable by a buyer.
- 5. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale any jam the description of which contains, or which under the provisions of Clause 4 should contain the words "flavoured with," at a price exceeding the price applicable under this Order to "Jam of any other description."

"Flavoured" mixtures.

6. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale any article Marmalade. under the description of marmalade or under any description of which the word "marmalade" forms part, unless only citrous fruits, citrous fruit juices, and sugar or other sweetening substances have been used in the making thereof.

7. (a) A person shall not on or after the 1st September, 1918, Labels. sell or offer or expose for sale, or deliver pursuant to any contract of sale whether by wholesale or by retail, any jam in a container unless such container bears:

- (i) the name and address of the manufacturer of the jam;
- (ii) except where the jam is packed in usual containers with a net content of 1 lb., 2 lbs., 3 lbs. or 7 lbs., the guaranteed net weight of the contents and the price at which it may be sold by retail.
- (b) A person shall not make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statements as to the matters set out in subclause (a) or alter or deface any label or other writing regarding such matters.

Defence.

8. If in any proceedings against a person in respect of a sale or offer or exposure for sale of jam not made by him, it is proved that an offence has been committed, but the person charged with the offence proves:—

(a) that he sold or offered or exposed for sale the jam in the

container in which he received it;

(b) that he had no reason to believe that the jam did not as respects content, weight, description and labelling, comply with the provisions of this Order;

(c) that he had no reason to believe at the time of sale or offer or exposure for sale that the jam was not such as permitted of its being sold at the price charged or proposed; and

(d) that he has given due notice to the prosecutor that he intended to rely on the provisions of this clause;

Such person shall be entitled to be discharged from the prosecution.

Samples for analysis.

9. A person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or a Food Committee to procure for analysis samples of jam shall have all the powers of procuring samples conferred by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, and a person selling jam shall, on tender of the price for the quantity which he shall reasonably require for the purpose of analysis sell the same to him accordingly.

Certificate of analyst.

10. In any proceedings in respect of an infringement of this Order the production of the certificate of the Principal Chemist of the Government Laboratories, or of an analyst appointed under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated unless the defendant shall require that the person who made the analysis shall be called as a witness. The certificate of the Principal Chemist or of the Analyst shall so far as circumstances permit be in the form required by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.

Prices to be displayed by retailer.

11. Every person selling jam by retail shall on and after 29th July, 1918, keep posted on his premises in a conspicuous position, so as to be easily readable by all customers throughout the whole time during which the jam is being sold or exposed for sale, a notice stating in plain words and figures the maximum prices applicable under this Order for the jam for the time being on sale, and also the actual price at which such jam is at such time being sold by him.

Delivery in remote districts.

12. An addition at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. may be made to the maximum price for jam delivered to any place in the Orkney Islands, Shetland Islands, Outer and Inner Hebrides, or in the Counties of Ross and Cromarty, Sutherlandshire and Caithness.

Contracts.

13. Where any contract subsisting on the 29th July, 1918, for the sale of any jam provides for payment of a price in excess of the permitted maximum price, the contract shall stand so far as concerns jam delivered to the buyer's premises before the 29th July, 1918, but shall, unless the Food Controller otherwise directs, be avoided so far as concerns jam agreed to be sold above the permitted maximum price which has been so delivered.

14. A person shall not in connection with the sale or disposition Fictitious or proposed sale or disposition of any jam to which this Order transactions. applies, enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

15. A person who has given the declaration mentioned in Breach of Clause 1 (b), (i), of this Order shall not, except under a licence declaration. of the Food Controller, re-sell any jam obtained under such declaration otherwise than by wholesale.

Interpreta-

16. The provisions of this Order relating to prices shall not Exceptions. apply to:

(a) jam sold for consumption on the premises of the seller.

(b) jam sold without a container in a quantity of less than 4 ozs. Provided that at the time of sale the seller is able and willing, if the customer so requires, to sell the customer 1 lb. of jam of a like description at the price applicable under this Order.

17. For the purpose of this Order:—

The expression "jam" shall include jelly, conserve and tion.

The expression "sale by wholesale" shall mean-

(a) a sale of any quantity to a person buying for the purpose of re-sale; and

(b) a sale for other purposes of a quantity of not less than 144 lbs. of jam.

The expression "sale by retail" shall mean any sale other than a sale by wholesale.

- 18. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 19. The Jam (Prices) Order, 1918, (a) is hereby revoked as on Revocation the 29th July, 1918, without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of a contravention thereof.

S. R. & O., Nos. 68 and 515 of 1918.

20. All licences granted under the Jam (Prices) Orders, 1918, are revoked as at the 29th July, 1918.

Licences S. R. & O., Nos. 68 and 515 of 1918.

Title and commence-

ment.

21. (a) This Order may be cited as the Jam (Prices) No. 2, Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 29th July, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

26th July, 1918.

⁽a) JAM PRICES ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 228 of the April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual.

The First Schedule.

SALE BY WHOLESALE.

-/		Ma	ximum P	rices.	1
Description of Jam or Jelly.	Wi	nere Conta	iner hold	s :	Over 7 lbs.
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	7 lb.	Per lb.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Strawberry	1 01	1 111	2 111	6 9½	$0 \ 10\frac{1}{2}$
Black Current	0 440	1 10	0.00		
Loganberry	0 113	1 10	$28\frac{1}{2}$	6 4	0 10
Raspberry					
Apricot					
Pineapple	$0 \ 11\frac{1}{2}$	1 91	$27\frac{1}{4}$	6 11/2	$0 9\frac{1}{2}$
Pineapple and Apricot					
Peach	0 11	1 - 81	2 6	5 10	0 9
Red Currant			- 1	_	
Raspberry and Red Currant	0 103	1 8	2 53	5 9	0 9
Raspberry and Gooseberry	0 101	1 73	2 51	5 8	0 83
Strawberry and Gooseberry	~	- '*			$0 8\frac{3}{4}$
Marmalade	$0 \ 10\frac{1}{2}$	$1 7\frac{1}{2}$	$2 ext{ } 4\frac{1}{2}$	5 61	$0 8\frac{1}{2}$
Gooseberry	0 10	1 7	2 4	5 5	0 81
Gooseberry and Red Currant					0 02
Blackberry	0 10	1 61	2.3	5 3	0 8
Greengage S					
Black Current and Apple Raspberry and Apple]	
Raspberry and Plum					
Strawberry and Apple	$0 9\frac{3}{4}$	1 6	$2 2\frac{1}{2}$	5 2	0 8
Rhubarb and Raspberry					
Rhubarb and Strawberry					
Rhubarb and Apple					
Rhubarb and Ginger					
Rhubarb and Lemon	$0 9\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \ 5\frac{1}{2}$	2 1	4 11	$= 0 7\frac{1}{2}$
Rhubarb and Gooseberry					
Rhubarb		-			
Damson	$0 9\frac{1}{4}$	1 5	2 03	4 93	0 71
Plum	0 9	1 41	2 0	4 8	0 7
Blackberry and Apple Jam of any other description	0 81	1 31	1 101	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 61
oam of any other description	0 02	1 02	1 102	1 12	0 02
		1.			

Note.—(1) If jam or jelly is sold in a quantity of less than 7 lbs. in a container holding a quantity not specified above, the maximum price is to be at the rate per lb. applicable to sales in a container holding the next higher quantity specified.

(2) Where the jam or jelly is contained in a 7 lb. returnable container, the buyer shall be entitled to recover from the seller the sum of 6d. for each such jar or container returned by him to the seller in good condition.

(3) Where the jam or jelly is contained in a 7 lb. non-returnable container the maximum price shall be decreased by 3d. in respect of each such container.

(4) Jam or jelly made from rhubarb and lemon, ginger, or apple may be described as "Rhubarb and Lemon," "Rhubarb and Ginger," "Rhubarb and Apple," as the case may be, notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 4 (c) of the Order.

The Second Schedule.

SALE BY RETAIL.

- 110 1 102		Maximum	Prices.			
Description of Jam or Jelly.	Where Container holds:—					
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	7 lb.		
Strawberry Black Currant	s. d. 1 2	s. d. 2 2½	s. d. 3 4	s. d. 7 8		
Loganberry Apricot	1 1½	2 1	3 1	7 2½		
Cherry Pineapple Pineapple and Apricot	1 1	2 01	2 111	7 0		
Peach Red Currant Raspberry and Red Currant	1 0½ 1 0½	1 11½ 1 11	$2 \ 10\frac{1}{2}$ $2 \ 10$	$6 8\frac{1}{2}$ $6 7\frac{1}{2}$		
Raspberry and Gooseberry Strawberry and Gooseberry	1 0	1 10½ 1 10¾	2 10 2 9	6 6½ 6 5		
Gooseberry	0 1112	1 102	2 81/2	6 3½		
Blackberry	0 11½	1 9½	2 71/2	£6 1½		
Raspberry and Apple Raspberry and Plum Strawberry and Apple Rhubarb and Raspberry Rhubarb and Strawberry	0 11	1 9	2 7	6 0½		
Rhubarb and Apple Rhubarb and Ginger Rhubarb and Lemon Rhubarb and Gooseberry Rhubarb	0 11	1 8½	2 5½	5 9½		
Damson	0 10½ 0 10½ 0 10	1 8 1 7½ 1 6½	2 5 2 4½ 2 3	5 8½ 5 6½ 5 3		

Note.—(1) If sold in a container holding a quantity not specified above, the maximum price is to be at the rate per lb. applicable to sales in a container holding the next higher quantity specified, and if the sale is of more than 7 lbs. at the rate per lb. applicable in a sale of 7 lbs.

(2) Where the jam or jelly is contained in a 7 lb. returnable container, the buyer shall be entitled to recover from the seller the sum of 6d. for each such jar or container returned by him to the seller in good condition.

(3) Where the jam or jelly is contained in a 7 lb. non-returnable container the maximum price shall be decreased by 3d. in respect of each such container.

'(4) Jam or jelly made from rhubarb and lemon, ginger, or apple may be described as "Rhubarb and Lemon," "Rhubarb and Ginger," "Rhubarb and Apple," as the case may be, notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 4 (c) of the Order.

The Third Schedule.

SALE BY RETAIL WITHOUT A CONTAINER SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS MENTIONED DELOW.

Description of Jam or Jelly.		Maximum Prices.				
		1 lb.	3/4 lb.	½ lb.	1/4	lb.
0		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	8.	d.
Strawberry		1 1	0 101	0 7	0	31/2
Black Currant)		-			
Loganberry	}	1 01	0 10	0 7	0	31/2
Raspberry	}					
Apricot)					
Cherry	(1 0	0 93	0 6½	0	3½
Pineapple	(2 0	0 02			
Pineapple and Apricot	}					
Peach Red Currant		0.111	0 93	0 64	0	31
Red Currant Raspberry and Red Currant		0 11½	0 9½	0 02	U	95
Raspberry and Gooseberry						
Strawberry and Gooseberry						
Marmalade	}	0 11	0 9	0 6	0	3
Gooseberry		-			Ŭ	
Gooseberry and Red Currant						
Blackberry	5					
Greengage						
Black Currant and Apple						
Raspberry and Apple	[$0.10\frac{1}{2}$	0 83	0 6	0	3
Raspberry and Plum		0 102	0 02	0 0		0
Strawberry and Apple						
Rhubarb and Raspberry						
Rhubarb and Strawberry	1					
Rhubarb and Apple	•••					
Rhubarb and Ginger Rhubarb and Lemon	[0.10	0 8	0 51	0	3
Rhubarb and Lemon Rhubarb and Gooseberry	}	0 10	0 0	0 02	U	9
Rhubarb						
Damson						
Plum	}	0 91	0 8	$0.5\frac{1}{2}$	0	3
Blackberry and Apple)		1			
Jam of any other description		0 9	0 7½	0 5	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$

This Schedule does not apply to:

(a) any sale of jam or jelly except jam or jelly sold without a container, or,

(b) any sale of loose jam or jelly unless the seller is able and willing, if so required, to sell 1 lb. in a container of the like jam or jelly (as the case may be) to the customer at the price applicable under this Order.

Where the quantity sold is not an even \(\frac{1}{4} \) lb., \(\frac{3}{2} \) lb. or \(\frac{3}{4} \) lb. the price is to be at the rate provided on the sale of \(\frac{3}{4} \) lb.

Jam or jelly made from rhubarb and lemon, ginger, or apple may be described as "Rhubarb and Lemon," "Rhubarb and Ginger," "Rhubarb and Apple," as the case may be, notwithstanding the provisions of Clause \(\frac{1}{4} \) of the Order. Clause 4 (c) of the Order.

THE PLUMS (SALES) ORDER, 1918. DATED 27TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 936.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf; the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

PART I.—RESTRICTIONS.

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller a person Stone fruit shall not after the 29th July, 1918, take delivery in the United only to be Kingdom of any plums, whether or not of a variety mentioned under in the Schedule, or of any greengages, or of the pulp of any such licence. plums or greengages where such fruit or such pulp is outside the United Kingdom on the 29th July, 1918.

2. (a) On and after the 29th July, 1918, a person who grows Fruit to be in the United Kingdom any plums of a variety mentioned in the sold to jam Schedule (hereinafter called Scheduled Plums) shall not sell or manufacturers or deliver or offer to sell or deliver any Scheduled Plums so grown recognised except to:

dealers by growers.

(i) a licensed Jam manufacturer; or

(ii) a recognised Fruit salesman who has given to the grower a dated and written undertaking signed by the salesman that he will re-sell such fruit only to a licensed Jam manufacturer.

(b) This clause shall not apply to a grower in relation to any variety of Scheduled Plums where his total crop of that variety grown in the United Kingdom during the 1918 season is less than 1 cwt.

3. Where a recognised fruit salesman has bought from a Sales by grower any Scheduled Plums to which Clause 2 applies he shall recognised not sell the same except to a licensed Jam manufacturer.

dealers.

4. (a) On and after the 29th July, 1918, a licensed Jam Purchases by manufacturer shall not buy or take delivery of any Scheduled jam manufacturer Plums wherever grown or use any Scheduled Plums bought by or delivered to him for any purpose other than the purpose of manufacturing Jam or pulp for sale.

(b) This clause shall not apply to Scheduled Plums bought by retail, and used for the household consumption of a Jam manufacturer.

5. (a) Where a person makes a declaration in writing to a Priority of grower of Scheduled Plums that he is desirous of buying any purchase. Scheduled Plums in the possession of such producer for the purpose of manufacturing Jam or pulp for sale and such fruit has not been sold or agreed to be sold by the grower, such person shall be entitled to have delivery of such Plums on tendering payment in cash of the maximum price therefor for the time being in force and such producer shall make delivery to such person accordingly.

(b) Nothing in the foregoing part of this clause shall apply to plums which when the declaration is made are in the possession

of a licensed jam manufacturer.

(c) A person shall not make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statement in any such declaration or use any plums supplied thereunder except for the purpose mentioned in his declaration.

Sales and use of stone fruit pulp.

6. No pulp made from any Scheduled Plums shall on or after 29th July, 1918, be sold or delivered to any person other than a licensed jam manufacturer or be used for any purpose except the manufacture of jam.

Prohibition of retail sales.

7. No Scheduled Plums shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale by retail in any shop, or in or from any van, stall, cart or barrow or in or from any hotel, restaurant, club, or public eating house.

PART II.—PRICES.

Grower's price.

8. On and after the 29th July, 1918, no Scheduled Plums grown in the United Kingdom shall be sold by the grower thereof at a price exceeding a price at the rate set out against such fruit in the Schedule, free on rail, ship or barge at the grower's station, port, or wharf, together with the additional charges permitted by this Order. Such price shall include all charges for picking and packing.

9. The additional charges permitted on a sale by the grower

are:

(a) Where the fruit is delivered by the grower to the buyer's premises or for sale in a market, the customary charges for such delivery not exceeding in any case an amount equal to the cost of transport from the grower's station, port, or wharf, to the buyer's premises or the market in which the fruit is sold.

(b) Where packages are provided by the grower:—

A charge not exceeding the rate of 40s. per ton of fruit for the use of pecks, strikes and half sieves, and 25s. per ton of fruit for the use of other usual packages (other than bags) and 10s. per ton for the use of bags. All pecks, strikes, half sieves, bags or other packages shall be returned to the grower carriage paid.

(c) All market tolls actually paid in respect of the fruit by

the grower.

10. On and after the 29th July, 1918, no Scheduled Plums grown in the United Kingdom shall be sold by any person other than the grower of the fruit sold, at a price exceeding by more than 30s. per ton the rate set out against such variety of fruit in the Schedule, together with the additional charges permitted by this Order to be paid to the grower to the extent to which the same are payable or have been paid, and together also with the following additions where applicable:—

(a) The amount of the transport charges, if any, paid or payable by such person in respect of the fruit and not

included in the sum paid to the grower; and

.

Permitted additions on sale by grower.

Sales by persons other than the grower.

(b) The amount of any market tolls actually paid by such person in respect of such fruit;

(c) A sum at the rates and on the terms set out in Clause 9 (b) hereof in respect of packages provided by such person.

PART III.—GENERAL.

11. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise Contracts. determine all contracts subsisting on the 29th July, 1918, for the sale of any Scheduled Plums grown or to be delivered in the United Kingdom shall be cancelled so far as the same relates to Stone Fruit not delivered before that date.

- 12. This Order shall not apply to fruit which has already on Exception. 29th July, 1918, been canned, bottled or preserved.
- 13. A person shall not sell, or buy or offer to sell or buy any Fictitious Scheduled Plums at a price in excess of the price permitted by transactions. this Order or in connection with the sale or disposal of any such fruit enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transactions.

14. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Licensed Interpreta Jam manufacturer "shall mean a person holding a licence from tion. the Food Controller authorising him to purchase Soft Fruit for the manufacture of Jam for sale.

The expression "recognised fruit salesman" shall mean a person who in the ordinary course of his trade buys Stone Fruit in wholesale quantities for resale, or sells on commission.

- 15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
 - 16. This Order may be cited as the Plums (Sales) Order, 1918. Title.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th July, 1918.

The Schedule.

Variety of Fruit.		Price.
Pershore or Egg Plum		} £30 0s. 0d. per ton.
Gisbourne		\ 200 0s. 0a. per ton.
Blaisdon	• • •	} £40 0s. 0d. per ton.
Bush or Mogul		}

9A. Local Distribution and Requisitioning.

Authorisation (acquisition of Farmers' Butter for home preservation), p. 294.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,

p. 276.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918, p. 281.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order,

1918, p. 283.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order,
No. 2, 1918, p. 291.
Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order,

No. 4, 1918, p. 293.

Food Control Committees (Requisitioning) Order, 1918, p. 278.

Local Distribution (Misuse of Documents) Order 1918, p. 280.

Powers of Food Control Committees (Interpretation) Order, 1918, p. 291.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 22, 1917.(a)

1917. 1325.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller by resolution adopt a scheme under this Order for controlling within their area the distribution and consumption of

any article of food specified in the Resolution. (b)

2. Upon the adoption of a scheme under this Order, the following provisions shall apply subject to any additions, modifications

or omissions set out in the scheme:-

(a) No person shall sell the specified article by retail at or in connection with any premises within the area of the Committee, unless he is licensed or registered as a retailer in respect of those premises by the Food Committee either under an Order of the Food Controller or, failing such Order, in accordance with any directions given by the Food Committee.

(a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—This Order was amended by Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918, printed p. 281.

⁽b) Adoption of Scheme.—By Order of March 21, 1918, the Food Controller approved the Scheme resolved upon by certain Food Control Committees. See Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, p. 283. Certain other Committees were brought under the scheme by amending Orders of April 6, 1918, printed p. 291, and May 4, 1918, printed, p. 293. Further Amending Orders dated April 13, 1918, and May 18, 1918, brought other Committees under the scheme. (See footnote (b) page 287.)

- (b) No retailer may sell the specified article by retail at or in connection with any premises within the area of the Committee to or for the use of any person except a customer registered with the retailer or in excess of the quantity for the time being prescribed by the Food Committees.
- (c) No person may be registered at the same time in respect of the same specified article with more than one retailer whether in the area or elsewhere, and no supply of the same specified article may be obtained in any one week by or for the use of any person so registered from more than one retailer registered under any scheme adopted under this Order or in excess of the quantity for the time being prescribed by the Food Committee.
- (d) Every retailer shall so far as practicable divide his supplies of the specified article equitably among his registered customers in proportion to the quantities permitted to be supplied to each under any direction of the Food Committee.
- (e) The foregoing provisions shall not apply to the sale of food for consumption on the premises.
- (f) The Food Committee may require or direct any person who sells the specified article by retail within their area to hold at the disposal of the Committee such quantities of the specified article held by him or consigned to him as the Committee may from time to time determine and to deliver the same whether in bulk or not to the Committee or to such person as they may name or otherwise in such manner as the Committee may from time to time determine.(a)
- (g) The Food Committee may give directions as to—

(i) the number of customers who may be registered with any particular retailer;

 (ii) the registration of any particular customer with any particular retailer, and the transfer of customers from one retailer to another;

(iii) the manner and time of sale of the specified article:

(iv) the quantities of the specified article that may be sold to or bought by any person on behalf of any Institution, Caterer or other special class of consumer within the area of the Committee;

(v) the manner of registration

and generally for the purpose of giving effect to the scheme and for prescribing anything that under the order or the scheme is to be prescribed. Provided that in prescribing the quantities of the specified article that may be sold to or

⁽a) REVOCATION OF CLAUSE 2(f).—This sub-clause was revoked by Art. 6 of the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918, p. 281.

bought by or for the use of any person or class of consumer the Food Committee shall not prescribe quantities exceeding those specified in any direction of the Food Controller.

- 3. A Food Committee may combine with any other Food Committee in the exercise of all or any of the powers hereby conferred.
- 4. It shall be the duty of all persons to comply with the provisions of any such scheme or directions given by the Food Committee thereunder and failure to comply therewith shall be a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. A Food Committee may at any time with the consent of the Food Controller vary or revoke any scheme adopted under this Order and every such scheme shall be subject to review by the Food Controller and shall be revoked or varied as he may direct.
- 6. For the purpose of this Order "Food Committee" means Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)
- 7. (i) This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917.

(ii) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd December, 1917.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (REQUISITIONING) ORDER, 1918.

DATED JANUARY 31, 1918.

1918. No. 115.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2r and 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Power to direct provision of foodstuffs.

1. (a) A Food Committee may with a view to the proper distribution of foodstuffs within their area require or direct any person dealing by retail within their area to hold at the disposal of the Committee any foodstuffs, which are for the time being held by him, or are consigned to him for the purposes of retail sale, or which may within a time prescribed by the Committee be so held or consigned, and to deliver the same whether in bulk or not to the Committee or to such persons as they may name and otherwise in such manner as the Committee may from time to time determine.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

- (b) Every person to whom any direction is given under the power conferred by this clause shall duly comply with such direction and shall give to the Committee such information as the Committee may require for the purposes of this Order and no person shall be relieved from the necessity of complying with any such direction by reason of any contracts or arrangements made by him as to the disposal of his foodstuffs.
- (c) A Food Committee may dispose of foostuffs acquired by them pursuant to this Order in such manner as they shall think fit.
- 2. A Food Committee shall in exercise of the powers conferred Directions. upon them by this Order comply with such directions as may from time to time be given to them by the Food Controller.

- 3. The Arbitrator to act for the purposes of this Order shall in Arbitrator. default of agreement be in England and Wales the County Court Judge for the district within which the area of the Committee is situate or, where the Lord Chancellor so allows, a deputy appointed by such Judge and approved by the Lord Chancellor, and in Scotland a person appointed by the Sheriff having jurisdiction in the like district.
- 4. This Order shall not apply to any foodstuffs held by or con- Exceptions. signed to a person for sale for consumption on premises where he carries on a catering business.
- 5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. The Food Control Committees (Margarine Requisition) Revocation. Order, 1917,(a) is hereby revoked as from the 11th February, 1918, but without prejudice to any act done thereunder.
- 7. For the purposes of this Order "Food Committee" means Interpretaa Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(b)
- 8. (a) This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committee Title. (Requisitioning) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st January, 1918.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (MARGARINE REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 215 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

THE LOCAL DISTRIBUTION (MISUSE OF DOCUMENTS) ORDER, 1918.

DATED FEBRUARY 2, 1918.

1918. No. 129.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. Where any Food Committee with the approval of the Food Controller have made or propose to make arrangements for regulating the distribution or consumption of any food within their area, (whether by means of a scheme under the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917, (a) or otherwise), and forms of application, cards, vouchers, authorisations or other documents are issued under the authority of the Committee or the Food Controller for the purpose of those arrangements, a person shall not
 - (a) knowingly make or cause to be made or connive at the making of any statement which is false in any material particular with a view to obtaining any food under such arrangement or with a view to obtaining any such form of application, card, voucher, authorisation or other document;

(b) forge or without lawful excuse alter any application under any such arrangement or any such card,

voucher, authorisation, or other document;

(c) falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application, card, voucher, authorisation or other document applies;

(d) retain any application, card, voucher, authorisation or other document when he has no right to retain it or fail to comply with any directions issued by lawful

authority with regard thereto; or

(e) make or knowingly have in his possession any form of application, card, voucher, authorisation or other document marked so as to resemble or colourably imitate any such form of application, card, voucher, authorisation or other document, either in blank or wholly or partly completed, not being a form of application, card, voucher, authorisation or other document issued under lawful authority.

Information to be confidential.

2. A member of or person employed by a Food Committee or any other person whose duty it is to deal with any application, card, voucher, authorisation, or other document issued for the purposes aforesaid shall not without lawful authority communicate to any person any information acquired by him from any such application, card, voucher, authorisation, or other document.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 276.

- 3. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "Food Interpreta-Control Committee" shall mean a Committee appointed in tion. pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order. 1917.(a)
- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. This Order may be cited as the Local Distribution (Misuse of Title. Documents) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

2nd February, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) AMEND-MENT ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 15, 1918.

1918. No. 197.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917(b) (hereinafter called "the principal Order") shall be amended as

1. Where a Food Committee adopts a scheme(c) under the Principal principal Order for controlling within their area the distribution Order and consumption of any article of food the scheme may, with the (S.R. & O. No. 1325 of consent of the Food Controller, include provisions relating to 1917.) or provisions empowering the Committee to give directions Schemes. relating to-

(a) the regulation of the sale by retail of the specified article Regulation within the district of the Committee by any persons of retail or class of persons, whether such persons are or are sale. not registered under the scheme as retailers in respect of any premises, or from or about any vehicle, stand or other place within the said district, not being premises in respect of which any person is registered

as a retailer under the scheme;

(b) the total quantities of the specified article which may Restriction be consumed or obtained from all sources for con- on consumption by any person or class of persons or may be sumption obtained from all sources by any manufacturer, acquisition.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917 .-

That Order is printed p. 276. (c) Adoption of Scheme.—See footnote (b) to the principal Order, p. 276.

caterer, institution, residential establishment or other establishment or class of establishments within the district whether such person, class, manufacturer, caterer, institution or establishment is or is not a registered customer under the scheme;

Information and returns.

(c) the production of such information and the making of such returns by any persons as may be required for the purposes of the scheme

and generally may include such other provisions and empower the Committee to give such other directions as may be thought requisite for the purpose of controlling within the district the distribution and consumption of the specified article.

Where the scheme includes any such provisions, the Committee may give all necessary directions for giving effect thereto.

Application of scheme to other articles of food.

- 2. (i) Where a Food Committee has with the consent of the Food Controller adopted a scheme for controlling the distribution and consumption of any article of food, and the Food Controller has by a general or other authority issued for the purposes of this clause authorised the application of schemes made under the principal Order or this Order to any other article or articles of food specified in the authority, the Food Committee may by resolution apply the scheme to such other article or articles of food subject to and in accordance with the terms of such authority.
- (ii) Where the Committee has passed any such resolution, then, subject to any directions of the Food Controller contained in such authority; such scheme shall apply to such other article or articles in the same manner as it applies to the first-mentioned article with necessary modifications.
- (iii) The Food Committee shall within seven days from the date of the resolution forward a copy of the same to the Food Controller.

Confirmation of schemes.

3. Where at the date of this Order a scheme has been adopted by a Food Committee under the principal Order, such scheme shall be deemed to have been made under the principal Order and this Order, and shall have effect accordingly.

Compliance with directions.

4. A Food Committee shall comply with any directions or instructions that may be given by the Food Controller in connection with or for any of the purposes of any scheme adopted under the principal Order and this Order or any directions under any such scheme.

Supplies under false documents, tc.

5. A person shall not obtain or attempt to obtain any supply of a specified article by virtue of any card, voucher, authorization or other document issued for the purposes of any scheme where the application upon which such document was obtained was false in any material particular or where according to such scheme, the right to obtain such article thereunder has ceased or is otherwise not properly exerciseable by him.

Revocation.

6. Clause 2 (f) of the principal Order is hereby revoked but without prejudice to any act or thing done thereunder.

7. This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees Title. (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918, and shall be read as one with the principal Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

15th February, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 21, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 351.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,(b) and the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918,(c) the Food Controller hereby consents to the adoption of the Scheme set out in the first schedule hereto by the several Food Control Committees mentioned in the second schedule hereto,(d) such Scheme to control within the respective districts of the said Committees the distribution and consumption of the articles of food specified respectively in the several resolutions of the said Committees adopting the said Scheme.

And further in exercise of all the powers vested in him under the Defence of the Realm Regulations the Food Controller hereby orders that the Scheme, when so adopted by any Committee, shall have effect throughout the district of such Committee in accordance with the terms thereof and of the resolution adopting the same, and that all persons concerned shall comply

with the provisions thereof.

By Order of the Food Controller.

S. G. Tallents,

Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st March, 1918.

First Schedule.

Scheme to be adopted by a Food Control Committee under the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,(b) and the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918.(c)

1. This Scheme shall come into operation on the date specified Date in the resolution of a Food Control Committee adopting the same.

(a) REVOCATION OF ORDER AS REGARDS BUTTER, MARGARINE AND LARD.—This Order is revoked so far as it relates to Butter, Margarine and Lard by Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917 .-

That Order is printed p. 276.

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) AMENDMENT

ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 281.

(d) LIST OF COMMITTEES AUTHORISED TO ADOPT THE SCHEME.—This list was added to by the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, No. 2, 1918, p. 291, and by Order, No. 4, 1918, p. 293. The list was also added to by Orders Nos. 3 and 5 dated April 13, and May 18, 1918, respectively, which have not been printed. (See footnote p. 287.)

Specified articles.

2. The Scheme shall apply to such one or more of the following articles of food as may be specified in the said resolution, or any subsequent resolution, that is to say:—

(a) Butter and margarine (which shall be deemed to be one

article) and (b) Tea, and

(c) Any other article to which the Food Controller may by a general or other authority issued for the purposes of this clause authorise the application of the Scheme.

The Committee shall within seven days from the date of any such resolution as is referred to in this or the preceding clause,

forward a copy of the same to the Food Controller.

The appropriate ration.

Ration cards.

3. The maximum quantity of a specified article which may be obtained for consumption under this Scheme in any one week by or for the use of any one person within the district shall be such quantity as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe for such person.

Until the Food Controller otherwise directs, the prescribed quantity of butter and margarine shall be 4 ozs., and the pre-

scribed quantity of tea shall be 1½ ozs.

The quantity prescribed for any person for any one week is

hereinafter called "the appropriate ration."

4. The Committee shall issue ration cards to persons residing in their district upon such application (if any) as they may direct, and may require an applicant to furnish such information as may be proper for the purpose of registration.

The Committee may at their discretion refuse any application or withdraw any card, and generally do such acts and give such directions as may be proper for the purpose of such issue, refusal

or withdrawal as aforesaid.

- 5. The Committee may at any time issue a ration card in any case in which it is in their opinion proper that such card should be issued.
- 6. (a) Subject to the provisions of Clause 2 (g) (ii) of the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,(a) the holder of a ration card issued by the Committee may be registered as a customer with any retailer in the district of the Committee, and may register with one retailer for one specified article and with another retailer for another specified article. Where any arrangement on that behalf has been made between the Committee and any other Food Committee, the holder of a ration card issued by the Committee may register as a customer with any retailer in the district of such other Committee, and the holder of a ration card issued by such other Committee may register with any retailer in the district of the Committee.
- (b) A customer may not transfer from one retailer to another without the consent of the Committee, but such consent shall not be withheld without good reason.

(c) A customer shall on the occasion of each purchase of a specified article produce his ration card to the retailer with whom

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 276.

he is registered for such article unless he has previously deposited the same with such retailer. Such retailer shall upon each such occasion mark the card or detach the appropriate coupon, or otherwise record such purchase in such manner as the Committee may from time to time direct.

(d) Unless the Committee otherwise direct, no part of the appropriate ration may be taken in advance, and no arrears of the appropriate ration may be made up in any subsequent week.

7. Subject as hereinafter provided the Committee shall grant Registration a certificate of registration as a retailer of a specified article to of retailers. any applicant who makes an application to them on such form of application (if any) as they may direct, and who or whose predecessor in business was during the year 1917, dealing in the specified article by retail in the ordinary way of business in their district and who at the date of his application is so dealing in such article, and may grant such certificate to any other applicant in any case in which in their opinion it is necessary in the interests of the public that such certificate be granted.

8. The Committee may refuse to grant a certificate of registration to an applicant in any case in which in their opinion it is contrary to the interests of the public that such certificate should be granted, but they shall forthwith report any such refusal to

the Food Controller.

The Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller at any time withdraw a certificate of registration, and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

9. The Committee shall keep a record of the persons to whom, and the premises in respect of which, certificates of registration

have been granted under this Scheme.

10. A farmer or other person, not being a farmer or person registered under the Scheme as a retailer in respect of any premises, may sell by retail within the district of the Committee any supplies of a specified article which are produced by him, subject to such conditions as to the making of returns, the marking of ration cards or the detaching of coupons, and otherwise as the Committee may direct, and every such farmer or other person and every purchaser of any such supplies shall comply with any such directions of the Committee.

Except as aforesaid, the Committee may regulate in such manner as they think proper the sale by retail of a specified article within the district of the Committee by any person or class of persons not being persons registered under the Scheme as retailers in respect of any premises, and may give such directions and impose such conditions as may be proper for the purpose.

11. Any person residing outside the district of the Committee Persons who has been accustomed to obtain supplies of a specified article residing outfrom within the said district shall be entitled to a ration card in side district. respect of such article in the same manner and to the same extent as if he were a person residing within the said district, and any such person to whom a ration card is issued shall be subject to the provisions of this Scheme in the same manner and to the same extent as if he were a person so residing as aforesaid. Upon any

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application under this clause, the Committee may direct that the applicant shall forward his application through the Food Committee for the district in which he resides.

12. Subject to any directions that may be given by the Food Controller the Committee may from time to time give directions relating to the total quantities of a specified article which may be consumed or obtained from all sources for consumption by any

person or class of persons within the district.

13. Subject to any directions that may be given by the Food Controller, the Committee shall from time to time give directions as to the total quantity of a specified article which may be obtained from all sources by any manufacturer, caterer, institution, residential establishment, or other establishment or class of establishments within the district. The Committee may give all proper directions for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this clause.

14. The Committee may give directions as to the production of such information and the making of such returns by any persons as may be required for the purposes of this Scheme.

Emergency cards.

15. The Committee may at any time issue emergency cards or permits in such form and on such conditions as the Food Controller or the Committee may direct, to officers and men of the Naval and Military Forces of the Crown on leave, or to any other persons temporarily resident within their district, and may give all necessary directions for the purpose.

Lost cards, removals, &c.

16. (a) If any ration card, registration certificate, or any other like document be defaced, lost or destroyed, the Committee may on such evidence and subject to such conditions as they think fit renew the same.

(b) The Committee may give directions as to the surrender of cards, registration certificates and other like documents on the death or removal from the district of the holder, and in any other case in which such surrender is, in the opinion of the Committee, proper.

Documents. 17. Certi

17. Certificates of registration, ration cards and any other documents issued under the Scheme shall be and remain the property of the Committee.

18. Subject to any directions of the Food Controller any person may with the consent of the Committee obtain for consumption or consume such a supply of a specified article in excess of the appropriate ration as a duly qualified medical practitioner may certify to be required by such person in the interests of health.

Directions of Food Controller. 19. The Committee shall comply with any direction of the Food Controller which may be given for the purpose of this Scheme, and any directions of the Committee given under this Scheme shall have effect subject to any such directions of the Food Controller.

Confirming previous transactions.

20. All forms of application and other documents, instructions and directions issued before the date when this Scheme shall come into operation by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee for the purpose of regulating the distribution and consumption of a specified article within their

district by means of a Scheme under the Food Control Committee (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,(a) and all applications made upon such forms and all acts pursuant to any such instructions and directions shall be deemed respectively to have been made and done under and pursuant to this Scheme, and shall have effect in the same manner and to the same extent as they would have had effect if so made or done.

21. Clause 2 (f) of the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,(a) shall not apply to this Scheme. Except · as aforesaid and subject to the provisions hereinbefore contained, the provisions of Clause 2 aforesaid shall apply to this Scheme.

22. This Scheme may be cited as the Food Control Committees

(Local Distribution) Scheme.

Second Schedule.

LIST OF FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES AUTHORISED TO ADOPT THE SCHEME.(b)

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Committee. County. Newcastle Division. (N.) Northumberland (with Any Committee. Berwick-on-Tweed) Durham Nottingham Division. (N.M.) Derby Leicester Lincoln Any Committee Northampton Nottingham Rutland Cambridge Division. (E.) Bedford Cambridge Any Committee. Huntingdon Norfolk Suffolk

Reading Division. (S.M.)

Berks Oxford Hants Wilts Bucks

Any Committee.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917,-That Order is printed p. 276. Clause 2 (f) thereof was revoked by Clause 6 of the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918.

(b) AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE.—This Schedule was added to by the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, No. 2, 1918, p. 291, and by Order, No. 4, 1918, p. 293. The following Committees were also added to the list by (1) Order, No. 3, April 13, 1918, "Fylde Rural District, County of Lancaster," and (2) Order, No. 5, May 18, 1918, "Hay Urban, County of Brecknock, and Presteign Urban, County of Radnor."

Second Schedule—continued.

County.

Committee.

Bristol Division. (S.W.)

Cornwall
Devon
Dorset
Gloucester
Somerset

Any Committee.

Leeds Division. (N.E.)

York-Any Committee except:-

Great Driffield, Norton, Pocklington, Driffield Rural, Norton Rural, Pocklington Rural, Kirklington-cum-Upsland, Malton, Northallerton, Pickering, Whitby, Aysgarth Rural, Bedale Rural, Croft Rural, Kirkbymoorside Rural, Leyburn Rural, Malton Rural, Northallerton Rural, Pickering Rural, Reeth Rural, Startforth Rural, Stokesley Rural, Thirsk Rural, Whitby Rural, Flockton, Goole, Rishworth, Goole Rural.

Preston Division. (N.W.)

Lancaster—Any Committee except:—

Abram, Billinge, Bispham with Norbreck, Blackpool (C.B.), Clitheroe (M.B.), Colne (M.B.), Formby, Great Harwood, Heysham, Hindley, Huyton-with-Roby, Kirkham, Lytham, Morecambe (M.B.), Preesal, Prescot, Radcliffe, Rainford, St. Anneson-Sea, St. Helens (C.B.), Swinton and Pendlebury, Thornton, Trawden, Burnley Rural, Clitheroe Rural, Fyle Rural, Whiston Rural.

Chester—Any Committee except:—

Compstall, Wilmslow.

Cumberland-Any Committee except:-

Carlisle (C.B.), Holme Cultram, Penrith, Wigton, Alston with Garrigill Rural, Brampton Rural, Carlisle Rural, Longtown Rural, Penrith Rural, Wigton Rural.

Second Schedule—continued.

County.

Committee.

Birmingham Division. (M.)

Salop—Any Committee except:—

Bishops Castle (M.B.), Bridgnorth (M.B.), Church Stretton, Ellesmere, Market Drayton, Newport, Wem, Whitchurch, Atcham Rural, Bridgnorth Rural, Burford Rural, Chirbury Rural, Church Stretton Rural, Cleobury Mortimer Rural, Clun Rural, Drayton Rural jointly with Blore Heath, Ellesmere Rural, Newport Rural, Teme Rural, Wem Rural, Whitchurch Rural.

Staf ord—Any Committee except:—
Gnosall Rural, Tutbury Rural.

Warwick—Any Committee except:—

Bulkington, Sutton Coldfield (M.B.), Brailes Rural.

Worcester—Any Committee except:—

Droitwich (M.B.), Droitwich Rural, Rock Rural, Shipston on Stour Rural, Tenbury Rural.

Hereford-Any Committee except:-

Bromyard, Hereford (M.B.), Kingston, Leominster (M.B.), Ross, Bredwardine Rural, Bromyard Rural, Dore Rural, Hereford Rural, Kingston Rural, Leominster Rural, Ross Rural, Weobley Rural, Whitchurch Rural, Wigmore Rural.

Carnarvon Division. (N. Wales.)

Anglesey—Any Committee except:—

Amlwch, Llangefni, Twrcelyn Rural:

Carnarvon—Any Committee except:—

Bethesda, Carnarvon (M.B.), Criccieth, Portmadoc, Pwllheli (M.B.), Glaslyn Rural, Gwyrfai Rural, Lleyn Rural.

Denbigh—Any Committee except:—
Llansilin Rural, St. Asaph Rural,
Uwchaled Rural.

Flint—Any Committee except:— St. Asaph Rural.

Second Schedule—continued.

County.

Committee.

Carnarvon Division. (N. Wales.)—cont.

Merioneth-Any Committee except:-

Bala, Mallwyd, Deudraeth Rural, Edeyrnion Rural, Penllyn Rural.

Montgomery—Any Committee except:—

Llanfyllin (M.B.), Machynlleth, Montgomery (M.B.), Newtown and Llanllwchairn, Forden Rural, Llanfyllin Rural, Machynlleth Rural, Newton and Llanidloes Rural.

Cardiff Division. (S. Wales.)

Brecknock-Any Committee except:-

Builth Wells, Hay, Llanwrtyd, Builth Rural.

Cardigan—Any Committee except:

Aberayron, Lampeter (M.B.), Aberayron Rural, Lampeter Rural, Llandyssul Rural.

Carmarthen—Any Committee except:—

Kidwelly (M.B.), Llandilo, Newcastle Emlyn, Llandilofawr Rural, Llanbyther Rural, Newcastle Emlyn Rural, Whitland Rural.

Glamorgan-Any Committee except:-

Aberavon (M.B.), and Margam

Monmouth—Any Committee except:—

Nantyglo and Blaina, Tredegar, Blaenavon, Abergavenny Rural, Monmouth Rural.

Pembroke—Any Committee except:—

Fishguard, Haverfordwest (M.B.), Narberth, Neyland, Narberth Rural.

Radnor-Any Committee except:-

Knighton, Llandrindod Wells, Presteign, Colwyn Rural, Knighton Rural, Paincastle Rural, Rhayader Rural.

SCOTLAND.

Any Committee in any County.

THE POWERS OF FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (INTERPRETATION) ORDER. DATED APRIL 5, 1918.

1918. No. 403.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The expressions "Article of Food" and "Foodstuffs" con-S.R. & O., tained in the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, No. 1325 of 1917, (a) the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) No. 197 of Amendment Order, 1918, (b) the Food Control Committees 1918 and (Requisitioning) Order, 1918,(c) shall for the purposes of those No. 115 of Orders mean every article which is used for food by man and 1918. every article which ordinarily enters into or is used in the composition or preparation of human food and shall include tea, coffee, and cocoa; and the said Orders shall be read and take effect as if they had originally contained the foregoing interpretation of these expressions.

2. This Order may be cited as the Powers of Food Control Committees (Interpretation) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th April, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER No. 2, 1918. DATED APRIL 6, 1918.(d)

1918. No. 405.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917,(a) and the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, 1918, (b) the Food Controller hereby consents to the adoption of the Scheme set out in the first schedule of the Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, dated the 21st

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 281.

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (REQUISITIONING) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 278.

* (d) Revocation of Order so far as it relates to Butter, Margarine and Lard.— See Footnote (a), p. 283.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917 .-That Order is printed p. 276.

March, 1918 (Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 351),(a) by the severral Food Control Committees mentioned in the schedule hereto, such Scheme to control within the respective districts of the said Committees the distribution and consumption of the articles of food specified respectively in the several resolutions of the said Committees adopting the said Scheme.

And further in exercise of all the powers vested in him under the Defence of the Realm Regulations the Food Controller hereby orders that the Scheme, when so adopted by any Committee, shall have effect throughout the district of such Committee in accordance with the terms thereof and of the resolution adopting the same, and that all persons concerned shall comply with the provisions thereof.

By Order of the Food Controller.

S. G. Tallents,
Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

6th April, 1918.

Schedule.

List of Food Control Committees authorised to adopt the Scheme.

County.	Committee.
Birmingham Division (M)— Salop Warwick Worcester Hereford	Market Drayton, Wem, Whitchurch, Atcham Rural, Drayton and Blore Heath Rural, Wem Rural, Whitchurch Rural. Sutton Coldfield (M.B.). Droitwich (M.B.). Bromyard, City of Hereford, Kington, Ross, Bredwardine Rural, Bromyard Rural, Hereford Rural, Kington Rural, Ross Rural, Weobley Rural, Wigmore Rural.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER 1918.—That Order is printed p. 283.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER No. 4, 1918. DATED THE 4TH MAY, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 509.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the Food Control S. R. & O., Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917, (b) and the Food No. 1325 of Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment Order, S. R. & O., 1918, (c) the Food Controller hereby consents to the adoption of the No. 197 of Scheme set out in the first schedule of the Food Control Com- 1918. mittees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, dated the 21st March, 1918 (Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 351),(d) by the several Food Control Committees mentioned in the schedule hereto, such Scheme to control within the respective districts of the said Committees the distribution and consumption of the articles of food specified respectively in the several resolutions of the said Committees adopting the said Scheme.

And further in exercise of all the powers vested in him under the Defence of the Realm Regulations the Food Controller hereby orders that the Scheme, when so adopted by any Committee, shall have effect throughout the district of such Committee in accordance with the terms thereof and of the resolution adopting the same, and that all persons concerned shall comply with the provisions thereof.

By Order of the Food Controller,

S. G. Tallents, Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th May, 1918.

⁽a) Revocation of Order so far as it relates to Butter, Margarine and Lard.— See Footnote (a), p. 283

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.— That Order is printed p. 2.6.

⁽c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918. - That Order is printed p. 281.

⁽d) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 283.

Schedule.

LIST OF FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES AUTHORISED TO ADOPT THE SCHEME.

County.	Committee.
Leeds Division (N.E.), York Preston Division (N.W.), Lancaster	Kirklington-cum-Upsland Urban, Bedale Rural, Thirsk Rural, Goole Urban. Abram Urban, Billinge Urban, Hindley Urban, Kirkham Urban, Radcliffe Urban.

AUTHORISATION UNDER FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917; FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917, AND AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918; AND LONDON AND HOME COUNTIES (RATIONING SCHEME) ORDER, 1918. DATED MAY 17, 1918.

[This Authorisation, printed p. 254, in Group "Hoarding of Food" permits under certain conditions the acquisition of Farmers' butter for home preservation.]

10. Meat and Cattle and Eggs.(a)(b)

Canned Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 318.
Canned Meat (Nett Weights) Order, 1918, p. 347.
Cattle and Meat (Returns) Order, 1917, p. 300.
Edible Offals (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 311.

Egg (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 321.

[See next page.

(a) Army Cattle Purchase.—The following Notice appeared in the Press of September 1st, 1917:—"The arrangements made for the purchase of cattle in the United Kingdom for the feeding of the Army during the next few months have been revised in the light of a reduction in the demands of the Army, which were originally estimated at 250,000 head. The reduction in the weekly purchases will be spread over the whole area, and a smaller number of stock will be taken from England, Scotland, and Ireland. The purchases will be carried out in England by traders nominated by the Auctioneers' Institute and in Scotland by a Committee of auctioneers, but in Ireland the Army authorities will buy cattle through their own agents, as the Army has for some time been possessed of an organisation for the direct purchase of agricultural produce in Ireland. The buyers have been instructed to purchase cattle in a condition to yield good lean meat, beyond that of 'stores' three quarters fat but not 'prime.' The purchases will be effected at market rates, which are expected to rule below the maxima fixed by the Food Controller."

(b) Frozen and other Imported Meat.—In 1915 three Orders in Council (all printed as Statutory Rules and Orders), of which the dates and scope are specified below, requisitioned for the carriage of refrigerated produce the

insulated spaces in certain British steamships.

Date of Order in Council.	St. R. & O. number.	British Steamships insulated spaces in which were requisitioned.
April 13, 1915	1915-303	All steamships trading between the Commonwealth of Australia or the Dominion of New Zealand and the United Kingdom.
April 29, 1915	1915–385	Steamships owned by certain Companies trading between the Argentine or Uruguay Republics and the United Kingdom or Europe.
Oct. 14, 1915	1915–999	Certain steamships specified by name trading between the Argentine or Uruguay Republics and the United Kingdom.

Two further Orders in Council of Nov. 10, 1915 (1915, No. 1071), and Dec. 22, 1915 (1915, No. 1219), empowered the President of the Board of Trade to requisition—

(i) any British ship registered in the United Kingdom for the carriage

of food-stuffs;

(ii) the insulated spaces for the carriage of refrigerated produce in any British steamship registered in the United Kingdom or hereafter to be so registered and fitted or hereafter to be fitted with such spaces and not liable to requisition under the three first-mentioned Orders in Council.

All these five Orders in Council are printed pp. 400-409 of Vol. I of the

Annual Volume of St. R. & O. for 1915.

Regulation 39BBB (3) of the Defence of the Realm Regulations empowers the Shipping Controller to requisition any ships or any cargo spaces in any ships "in order that they may be used in the manner best suited for the needs of the country."

The General Regulations for the sale of frozen meat from Australia and New Zealand are printed in Appendix IV. to the "Food (Supply and Production)

Manual."

COLD STORAGE.—As to taking of articles out of and into cold storage, see the Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 204.

Eggs, Authorisation under Food Hoarding Order, 1917, as to preserved eggs, p. 338.

Foreign Holdings (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 328.

Importers (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 338. Irish Pigs (Control) Order, 1918, p. 322. Live Stock (Sales) Order, 1918, p. 339.

General Licence thereunder (Calves' Heads and Feet), p. 348.

London Central Markets Order, 1918, p. 328.

Meat (Control) Order, 1917, p. 305.

Meat (Licensing of Export) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 345. Meat (Licensing of Wholesale Dealers) Order, 1918, p. 317. Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 300.

Direction thereunder (Pig Meat in Ireland), p. 338.

Meat Retail Prices (England and Wales) Order No. 2, 1918, p. 350.

General Licence thereunder (Price of Sausages), p. 345. General Licence thereunder (Price of Sausages), p. 358.

Meat Retail Prices (Scotland) Order, 1918, p. 349. Meat (Retailers' Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 315.

Meat (Sales) Order, 1917, p. 296.

Pig and Pig Products (Prohibition of Export) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 329.

Pigs (Prices) Order, 1918, p. 336.

Poultry and Game (Cold Storage) Order, 1918, p. 316.

Poultry and Game (Prices) Order, 1918, p. 352.

Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 316. Rabbits (Prices) Order, 1918, p. 309.

Rationing Order, 1918, p. 355.

Directions thereunder (Amount of Rationed Food), p. 359.

Directions thereunder (General Butchers and their Customers), p. 359.

Directions thereunder (Pork Butchers and Retailers of Miscellaneous Meat and their Customers), p. 359.

Directions thereunder (Retailers of Bacon and Ham and their Customers), p. 359.

Slaughterhouses (Licensing) Order, 1918, p. 356.

THE MEAT (SALES) ORDER, 1917. DATED MAY 31, 1917.(2)

1917. No. 520

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders

⁽a) Scope of Order.—The Meat (Sales) Order was directed to two matters (1) Sales of fat cattle, sheep, and swine for slaughter, and (2) Sales of dead meat. As to (1) it is revoked except as to Ireland by the Meat (Control) Order, p. 305. Provision as to the sale in the market for slaughter of bulls, bullocks, cows, heifers and pigs and of sheep is made by the Live Stock (Sales) Order, 1918. (p. 339) which does not apply to Ireland.

that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following provisions shall be observed by all persons concerned:

I.—SALES OF FAT CATTLE.(a)

1. A person who has bought any fat cattle (hereinafter called Dealer to the dealer) shall not resell the same except to a person (hereinafter called the permitted buyer) who gives a written undertaking that he is buying such cattle for slaughter, and the permitted buyer shall not sell the fat cattle bought but shall cause the same to be slaughtered within 14 days of the date of his purchase.

sell only for slaughter.

2. When the resale was made to the permitted buyer in a Written cattle market, the written undertaking shall be made and entered undertaking by the permitted buyer in a book to be kept for the purpose by the market authority for such market, and in any other case shall be in the form set forth in the schedule and shall be sent by the dealer to the market authority of the cattle market nearest to the place where the sale was made.

3. The permitted buyer shall within seven days of the cattle Slaughter. being slaughtered forward particulars of the place and time of such slaughter to the market authority to whom the written undertaking was given or sent.

4. Where any cattle are sold in the market, the determination Powers and of the market authority whether such cattle are or are not fat duties of cattle shall be conclusive for all purposes, and the market authority shall not permit any fat cattle to be moved from the market until the necessary written undertaking has been given.

Market Authority.

5. A person shall not make any false statement in the written False undertaking or particulars referred to in this part of this Order.

statements.

6. The market authority shall retain all written undertaking Duties of and particulars received by them, and shall inform the Food the Market Controller, or, as he may direct, of any case where it appears to them that the provisions of this part of this Order have not been complied with.

Authorities in relation to undertakings.

II.—SALES OF DEAD MEAT.

7. This part of this Order shall apply on the occasion of any Application sale of dead meat, by or on behalf of a person (hereinafter called of this part. the salesman) who has bought such meat, or has received for sale on commission meat previously bought as dead meat:

Provided that—

(a) Nothing in this part shall apply to meat imported by the Board of Trade or to a retail sale of meat; and that

(b) Clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall not apply on the occasion of a sale of imported meat by the first importer thereof.

8. The salesman shall not sell any part of such meat except Salesmen to to a retail butcher buying for retail sale or to a person buying for consumption.

sell to retail butchers.

⁽a) SALES OF FAT CATTLE.—Part I of this Order is revoked except as to Ireland by the Meat (Control) Order, 1917, p. 305.

Price for Carcases.

9. The salesman shall not sell any carcase, side or quarter at a price more than 3d. a stone above the cost to him of the meat sold, or in the case of meat consigned to him for sale on commission at more than 3d. per stone above the price at which the meat was bought by the consignor, together with cost of transport to the place of sale.

Price for joints.

10. The salesman shall not sell a carcase, side or quarter cut into smaller joints at such prices as will in the aggregate make the total amount charged by him for the meat sold more than 1d. a stone above the price at which the like carcases, sides or quarters are on the same day being sold or offered for sale.

Price for joints by wholesale butchers and meat importers. 11. No wholesale butcher or meat importer shall sell a carcase, side or quarter cut in smaller joints at such prices as will in the aggregate make the total amount charged by him for the meat sold more than 1d. per stone above the price at which the like carcases, sides or quarters are on the same day being sold or offered for sale.

Burden of proof.

12. In any proceedings for a breach of the provisions of this part of this Order, the burden of proving the amount of the price at which meat was bought and cost of transport shall be upon the person charged.

Statement to be given to Market Authority. 13. Every person selling meat in a market shall furnish to the market authority, as and when required by the market authority, a statement showing classification and weight of meat sold by him in such market and prices realised.

III.—GENERAL.

Offers, etc.

14. A person shall not buy, sell or deal in or offer to buy, sell or deal in, any cattle or meat in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order.

Records.

15. All persons concerned shall keep such records of cattle bought, sold and slaughtered, and meat bought and sold, prices paid and charged and the names of sellers and buyers as are necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the provisions of this Order are being complied with, and such records shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Food Controller or of any local authority(a) or market authority.

Display of Order.

16. The market authority of a market shall cause copies of this Order to be kept affixed in some conspicuous place in such market.

Interpre-

- 17. For the purpose of this Order:—
 "Market" shall include a fair.
 - "Market authority" shall mean any person, company or corporation having the control or management of any market or in receipt of tolls in respect thereof.

⁽a) "LOCAL AUTHORITY."—Clause 2 of the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917 (printed in Part III of this Manual, provides that this expression includes the Food Control Committee for Ireland, as to whom see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, also printed in Part III.

"Cattle" shall include, in addition to cattle usually so called, ram, ewe, wether, lamb, and swine.

"Meat" shall mean any meat obtained from cattle as

defined.

"Sale" shall include barter.

"Stone" shall mean a stone of 8 lbs.

18. If any person acts in contravention of this Order, or aids Penalty. or abets any other person, in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(a)

19.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Meat (Sales) Order, Title and

commence-

(b) Part I. of this Order shall come into force on the 11th Order. June, 1917, and Part II. shall come into force on the 4th June, 1917.

> Devonport, Food Controller.

31st May, 1917.

Schedule.

I declare that the animal[s] described at the foot of this undertaking was (were) bought by me for slaughter and will be slaughtered within 14 days hereof.

It is intended that such animal shall be slaughtered at......

Signature..... Address.....

Date.....

Class of animal.	Name of seller.	Address of seller.	Price.
		•	
•			

⁽a) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual") which was added to the Code since this Order was printed provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

Cattle and Meat (Returns) Order, 1917; Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, as amended.

THE CATTLE AND MEAT (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED JULY 28, 1917.

1917. No. 767.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2G of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders as follows:—

1. All persons engaged in the production, purchase, sale, distribution, transport, storage or shipment of any cattle or any meat, shall furnish such particulars as to their businesses as may from time to time be specified by or on behalf of the Food Controller, and shall verify the same in such manner as he may direct.

2. For the purpose of this Order, the expression "Cattle" shall include in addition to cattle usually so called Ram, Ewe, Wether, Lamb, Deer, Goats and Swine; and the expression "Meat" shall mean any meat

obtained from cattle as defined.

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. This Order may be cited as the Cattle and Meat (Returns) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary of the Ministry of Food.

28th July, 1917.

THE MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917, DATED AUGUST 29
1917, AS AMENDED BY THE MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES,
ORDER, No. 2, 1917, DATED SEPTEMBER 11, 1917, AND THE
AMENDING ORDER OF MARCH 28, 1918.(a)

1917, No. 903, as amended by 1917, No. 943 and 1918, No. 374.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES.

No person shall on or after the 3rd September, 1917:—

 (a) Sell by way of wholesale sale any carcase of any of the kinds of dead meat specified in the Schedule

Maximum wholesale prices.

⁽a) EFFECT OF AMENDMENTS.—The No. 2 Order was confined to the addition of words at the end of Clause 6 (b) of the Principal Order, and the Order of March 28, 1918, substituted a new Schedule of Prices.

or any hind quarter or fore quarter of imported beef or veal at a price exceeding the maximum price therein mentioned. Provided that-

- (i) In the case of Kosher meat the maximum wholesale price shall in each case be $1\frac{1}{2}d$. per stone in excess of the price otherwise applicable under the Schedule; and
- (ii) Where the carcase is cut by the seller into smaller portions a further charge not exceeding a charge at the rate of 1d. per stone may be made for such cutting; or
- (b) Sell by way of wholesale sale in any area any side, quarter, joint, or cut of the kinds of dead meat so specified at a price exceeding such maximum price as the Food Controller may from time to time direct for that area.(a)
- 2. The maximum price applicable under the immediately pre- Price to be ceding clause (hereinafter called the Maximum Wholesale ex-market, Price) shall in each case be the price ex market, warehouse, store, or other place of sale.

3. Nothing contained in this Part of this Order shall exempt Meat (Sales) any person from any of the obligations imposed by Part II. of Order, 1917. the Meat (Sales) Order, 1917.(b)

PART II.—MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES.(c)

4.—(a) No person shall in the fortnight ending the 15th Limitation September, 1917, or any succeeding fortnight sell meat by on aggregate retail in about or from any premises except at such prices as prices in each secure that the aggregate of the prices charged for meat so sold during the fortnight in question does not exceed the actual cost to him of such meat by more than the prescribed percentage of such actual cost or by more than an amount representing 2½d. for every lb. of meat so sold, whichever shall be the less.

- (b) The prescribed percentage shall be 20 per cent. or such other percentage as the Food Controller may from time to time direct either generally or in any particular case or class of case.
- 5. In ascertaining the prices charged for the purpose of Sale price. clause 4 hereof there shall be excluded such sum (not exceeding a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.) as may be charged for delivery and for giving credit.

⁽a) MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES FOR VARIOUS CUTS OF PIG MEAT IN IRELAND.—These were fixed by Direction of April 27, 1918, p. 338.

⁽b) MEAT (SALES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 296. (c) REVOCATION OF PART II.—This Part of the Order was revoked as regards England and Wales by Meat Retail Prices (E. and W.) Order, 1918, which in its turn was revoked by Meat Retail Prices (E. and W.) Order No. 2, 1918, printed p. 330. This Part was also revoked as regards Scotland as from July 21, 1918, by Meat Retail Prices (Scotland) Order, 1918, printed p. 349.

Actual cost.

6. In ascertaining the actual cost for the purpose of clause 4 hereof, regard shall be had to the following rules:—

(a) Where meat sold has been bought as dead meat the actual cost shall be the sum paid or payable for such meat ex Market, warehouse, store, or other place where so

bought without any addition whatsoever.

(b) Where the meat sold is obtained from cattle bought alive by the person in question and slaughtered within 14 days of his purchase, the actual cost shall be taken to be the sum paid for such cattle less the value of any part thereof not sold as meat or the maximum wholesale price for the carcase as at the time of slaughter whichever shall be the less.

(c) Where the person in question imports meat which is sold by him at any premises the actual cost of such meat shall be taken to be its value at the market price for the time being fixed by or under arrangement with the

Food Controller.

(d) In all other cases the actual cost of any meat in respect of which a maximum wholesale price is provided under Part I. of this Order shall be taken to be the maximum wholesale price for the time being applicable thereto in the area'in which the premises are situate, and the actual cost of any side, quarter or other cut, in respect of which there is for the time being no such maximum price, shall be deemed to be such sum as is fair and reasonable on the basis of such maximum wholesale price.

Powers of a Food Control Committee.

- 7.(a)—(a) A Food Control Committee may from time to time prescribe a scale or alternative scales of maximum prices applicable to sales of meat by retail in about or from any premises situate within their area, and may from time to time revoke or vary any scale so prescribed and where alternative scales are prescribed may make such provisions as they shall think fit as to the application of any such scale to any premises or class of premises within their area. Any scale prescribed under the powers conferred by this clause shall be in accordance with any general directions which may from time to time be given by the Food Controller.
- (b) Where any scale has been so prescribed then (subject to any limitations or exceptions prescribed by the Committee) no meat shall be sold by retail in or about or from any premises situate within the area of the Committee at prices exceeding the prices provided by the scale applicable to such premises.
- (c) Where the Food Controller so directs a Food Control Committee shall in exercise of the powers and duties conferred by this clause act in combination with any other Food Control Committee or Committees and in such case the scale or scales prescribed shall apply to the areas of all such Committees.

⁽a) POWERS AS TO OFFALS.—These powers of Committees were as from January 21st, 1918, restricted as regards offals by Art. 10 of the Edible Offals (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 311.

- (d) Compliance with the terms of a scale prescribed under the provisions of this clause shall not relieve any person from the necessity of complying with the foregoing provisions of this part of this Order.
 - (e) This clause shall not apply to Ireland.(a)
- 8. In any proceedings for a breach of any of the provisions Onus of of this part of this Order, the burden of proving the actual cost proof. of the meat sold during any fortnight shall be upon the person charged.

PART III.—GENERAL.

- 9. On and after the 3rd September, 1917, every person selling Notices. meat by retail in any shop shall keep posted in a conspicuous position so as to be clearly visible to all customers throughout the whole time during which the meat is being sold or exposed for sale, a notice stating in plain words and figures the prices for the time being of the usual cuts of meat on sale in about or from such shop and a copy of every such notice shall within 48 hours of the same being posted be sent by him to the Food Control Committee.
- 10. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy Offers and or offer to buy any meat at prices exceeding the maximum prices conditions. provided by or under this Order, or in connection with any sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of meat enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make any unreasonable charge.

11. Every person dealing in meat shall keep accurate records Records. containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order so far as they relate to him or his trade, and shall make such returns as to his trade and otherwise as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or a Food Control Committee. All such records and relevant documents shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

- 12. Where any contract subsisting at the date of this Order for Contracts. the sale of meat provides for the payment of a price in excess of the maximum price fixed by this Order applicable on the occasion of such a sale, the contract shall stand so far as concerns meat delivered before the 17th September, 1917, but unless the Food Controller otherwise determines, shall be avoided so far as concerns meat which is to be delivered on or after that date.
- 13. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

ments.

⁽a) APPLICATION TO IRELAND .- Clause 7 (e) was revoked by the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, printed in Part III . ot this manual.

Title of

Order.

14. For the purpose of this Order:—

"Food Control Committee" shall mean a Committee appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

"Premises" shall include any van, stand, cart, or other

vehicle.

"Cattle" shall include in addition to cattle usually so

called, ram, ewe, wether, lamb and swine.

"Meat" shall except where otherwise stated mean any meat (including sausages and edible offal) obtained from cattle as defined, other than bacon, ham, preserved and potted meats, and cooked meats.

"Kosher Meat" shall mean meat obtained from cattle slaughtered by butchers in accordance with the Jawish

practice of slaughter.

"Stone" shall mean a stone of 8 lbs.

15. This Order may be cited as the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.

Rhondda,

Food Controller.

29th August, 1917.

Schedule of Maximum Wholesale Meat Prices.(b)

	Beef and Veal, price per stone.	Mutton and Lamb, price per stone.	Pork, price per stone.	
Home killed.	Imported.	Home killed and Imported.	Home killed and Imported.	
Carcase. s. d. 8 2	Hind Qtrs. Fore Qtrs. s. d. s. d. 9 3 7 1	Carcase. s. d. 8 8	Carcase. s. d. 10 8	

Note.—In ascertaining weight, the offals are to be excluded. In the case of Pork other than imported Pork, the maximum rate of 10s. 8d. per stone is applicable if the offals are not included in the sale, and the maximum rate shall be 6d. higher if the offals are included in the sale. In each case the weight of the offals shall be excluded in ascertaining the weight of the carcase.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE.—This expression now under Clause 2 of the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual, includes the Food Control Committee for Ireland, as to whom see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, also printed in Part III. The Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, is likewise printed in Part III.

(b) SCHEDULE OF MAXIMUM PRICES.—The Schedule is here printed as it had effect from March 28, 1918, as provided by Order of that date. For prices as between March 4 and March 28, 1918, see Order of March 2, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 247), now superseded, and therefore omitted from this Manual, and for prices as between January 1 and March 4. 1918, see the Schedule as printed at p. 156 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

The General Licences issued Dec. 24, 1917, and Jan. 14, 1918, and printed

pp. 167 and 176 of that Edition are revoked by this amending Order.

THE MEAT (CONTROL) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 27, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1203.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned.

PART I.—REGISTRATION OF RETAIL MEAT DEALERS AND KEEPERS OF SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

1. (a) A person shall not at any time after the 14th January, Registration 1918, deal in dead meat by retail either on his own account of Retail or for the account of any other person except in about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a of Slaughtercertificate of registration as a retail meat dealer for the time houses. being in force issued by the Food Committee for the area in which the premises are situate; but this Clause shall not prevent a retail dealer duly registered from selling from his cart in the ordinary course of business.

(b) A Retail dealer may be registered as a hawker or costermonger and in such case shall sell only from his cart, stall or barrow and at such other place, if any, as may be named in the

certificate.

- (c) A person shall not, at any time after the 31st December, 1917, keep or occupy any premises as a slaughterhouse for Cattle except premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as the keeper or occupier of a Slaughterhouse for the time being in force issued by the Food Committee for the area in which the premises are situate.
- 2. (a) A person who was, at the date of this Order, carrying Persons on business as a retail dealer in dead meat or as a keeper or entitled to occupier of a Slaughterhouse shall be entitled on making registration. application (in the case of a retail dealer in dead meat before the 17th December, 1917, and in the case of a keeper or occupier of a Slaughterhouse before the 3rd December, 1917) to receive a certificate of registration in respect of the premises on which such business was being carried on.

(b) A hawker or costermonger shall be so described in his

certificate.

3. A Food Committee shall not refuse a certificate of registra- Grounds for tion applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under refusing the preceding Clause of this Order, except with the consent of registration. the Food Controller and in circumstances in which the Food Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had been already granted. Upon the refusal of a certificate the applicant's title (if any) shall cease.

⁽a) REVOCATION.—This Order as far as it relates to registration of owners, etc., of Slaughterhouses is revoked as from August 15, 1918, by Slaughterhouses (Licensing) Order, 1918; printed p. 356.

Power to grant new certificates.

4. A Food Committee may, in any case in which in their opinion it is desirable to do so in the interest of the public within their area, with the consent of the Food Controller, grant to any other person a certificate of Registration, either as a retail dealer or as the keeper or occupier of a Slaughterhouse in respect of any premises within their area or as a costermonger or a hawker as the case may be; and unless they shall see any good reason to the contrary, they shall, without any such consent, grant an appropriate certificate to every applicant who has served in the forces of the Crown during the present War and who before so serving was carrying on business as a retail dealer in dead meat or as the keeper or occupier of a Slaughterhouse within the area of the Committee.

Mode of application for a certificate.

5. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish upon such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent.

Application to be addressed to Food Committees for the appropriate areas. 6. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made to the Food Committee for the area in which the premises of the applicant, in respect of which a certificate of registration is sought, are situate. Where the same person is applying for registration in respect of premises situated in more than one area, separate application shall be made in each area in respect of the premises situated therein, and in the case of a hawker or costermonger to the Food Committee for the area in which he resides at the time of such application.

Form of certificate.

7. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Food Controller.

Revocation of certificates.

8. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Order if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Register of holders of certificates.

9. The Food Committee shall keep in a form prescribed by the Food Controller a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Order.

Transfer of a business.

10. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration, to deal in dead meat by retail or to

keep or occupy any premises as a Slaughterhouse from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

11. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or Inspection cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is registered and Inaccurate records as to cattle slaughtered or meat dealt in and such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records. The holder shall also observe such directions as to the trade or business in respect of which he is registered as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Food Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this Clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts.

12. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the Custody of premises or some one of the premises to which it relates, and in the case of a hawker or costermonger shall be carried with him whenever engaged in selling meat; and every holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

PART II.—LICENSING OF LIVE STOCK AUCTIONEERS AND CATTLE DEALERS.

13. (a) A person shall not at any time after the 31st December, Licensing of 1917, sell cattle by auction unless he is the holder of a licence Live Stock granted by the Food Controller authorising him to sell cattle by Auctioneers.

- (b) Applications for a licence under this Clause shall be made before the 3rd December, 1917, to the Live Stock Commissioner for that area in which the applicant usually resides, or to such other person as the Food Controller may prescribe.
- 14. (a) A person shall not at any time after the 31st December, Licensing of 1917, deal in any cattle unless he is the holder of a licence granted cattle by the Food Controller authorising him to deal in cattle.
- (b) Applications for a licence under this Clause shall be made before the 3rd December, 1917, and in the case of an applicant usually residing in Great Britain to the Live Stock Commissioner for that area in which the applicant usually resides, and in any other case to the Live Stock Commissioner for the area of the port at which the applicant usually lands cattle brought by him into Great Britain for purposes of sale, or to such other person as the Food Controller may prescribe.

- (c) For the purposes of this Clause a person shall be deemed to deal in cattle if as a regular and substantial part of his business he buys cattle for the purpose of re-sale and re-sells within 28 days of his purchase, or if he buys or sells cattle by commission.
 - (d) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Clause a person who is for the time being licensed under this Order to sell cattle by auction shall be entitled to buy and sell cattle on commission.

Mode of application for a licence.

15. Every application for a Licence shall be made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish upon such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his authorised agent.

Revocation of Licences.

16. Any licence issued under this Part of this Order may be made subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine and may at any time be revoked by the Food Controller.

Information and inspection.

17. The holder of any licence issued under this Part of this Order, and his servants or agents shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to the trade or business in respect of which he is licensed under this Order together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such record; and the holder shall also observe such directions as to the trade or business in respect of which he is licensed as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his trade or business as may from time to time be required, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller to inspect all relevant books, documents and accounts.

Custody of Licence. 18. Every licence issued under this Part of this Order shall be carried with him by the holder whenever engaged in selling cattle as Live Stock Auctioneer or as Cattle Dealer, as the case may be, and every licence shall be produced by the holder upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller.

PART III.—GENERAL.

Penalty.

19. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Interpreta-

20. "Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

Live Stock Commissioner shall mean as respects any area, the Live Stock Commissioner appointed for that area by the Food Controller.

"Cattle" shall include in addition to cattle usually so called, ram, ewe, wether, lamb, goat and swine.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

"Meat" shall mean any meat including sausages and edible offal obtained from cattle as defined other than Bacon, Ham, preserved and potted meats, and cooked meats.

21. Part I. of the Meat (Sales) Order, 1917,(a) is hereby Revocation. revoked but without prejudice to any proceeding in respect of any

contravention thereof.

22. (a) This Order may be cited as the Meat (Control) Order, Title and 1917.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

extent of Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th November, 1917.

THE RABBITS (PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 4, 1918. 1918. No. 9.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) No person shall after the 14th January, 1918, directly Maximum or indirectly sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy price on sales a rabbit or part thereof at a price exceeding the maximum price of rabbits.

provided by or in pursuance of this Order.

(b) Until further notice the maximum price for a wild rabbit shall be 2s. if the pelt or skin be included in the sale, or 1s. 9d. if the pelt or skin be not included in the sale, and for part of a wild rabbit shall be at the rate of 10d. per lb. on the weight of

the part sold, skinned and cleaned.

(c) The Food Controller may from time to time by notice prescribe other prices for rabbits or parts of rabbits.

2. A Food Committee may from time to time by resolution as Power of a respects sales within their area of rabbits or parts of rabbits vary Food the maximum price under this Order as fixed for the time being Committee. by the Food Controller but;

(a) every such resolution shall be reported to the Food Controller within 7 days, and in the case of a resolution increasing the maximum price shall not take effect until the same has been sanctioned by the Food Controller; and

(b) every resolution made by a Food Committee under this Clause shall be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or modified

as he may direct.

⁽a) MEAT (SALES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 296.

Terms of sale.

3. Subject to any directions to the contrary in any notice issued by the Food Controller under this Order, and subject also as respects the area of a Food Committee to any directions contained in any resolution of a Food Committee varying the maximum price:—

(a) in calculating the price any broken half-penny shall count as a half-penny; and

(b) no additional charge may be made for bags or other packages or for giving credit or making delivery.

Contracts.

4. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that the price payable under any contract for the sale of rabbits is such that the same cannot at the price for the time being permitted under this Order or any notice hereunder be sold by retail at a reasonable profit, he may, if he thinks fit, cancel such contract or modify the terms thereof in such manner as shall appear to him to be just.

Notices.

5. Every person selling rabbits by retail in any shop or from any stand, cart, barrow or other vehicle, shall keep posted in a conspicuous position so as to be clearly visible to all customers throughout the whole time during which rabbits are being sold or exposed for sale a notice showing in plain words and figures the maximum price for the time being in force under this Order as to sales in such shop or from such stand, cart, van or other vehicle.

Fictitious transactions.

6. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposition or the proposed sale or disposition of any rabbit or part thereof enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Exception.

7. This Order shall not apply to a sale of a live rabbit or to a sale by retail of cooked rabbit by a person in the ordinary way of his trade.

Interpreta-

Penalty.

Title.

8. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "Food Committee" shall mean a Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) and the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland.(b)

"Wild rabbit" shall include all rabbits whether imported or

not, except rabbits proved to have been bred in captivity.

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

10. This Order may be cited as the Rabbits (Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th January, 1918.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917. — That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order 1917, printed in Part III. of this Manual.

THE EDIBLE OFFALS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918, DATED JANUARY 12, 1918, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER DATED May 1, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 29, as amended by 494.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. A person shall not after the 21st January, 1918, sell or Maximum offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any offals of the Prices. descriptions set out in the Schedule to this Order at prices exceeding the maximum prices applicable thereto according to the provisions of this Order.

2. The maximum prices per lb. for home killed offals shall be Maximum as follows:-

prices for home killed

(a) On the occasion of any sale by wholesale the prices set out in the first column of the first schedule;

(b) On the occasion of any sale by retail the prices set out in the second column of the first schedule.

3. The maximum prices per lb. for imported offals shall be as Maximum follows: -

prices for imported offals.

(a) On the occasion of any sale by wholesale the prices set out in the first column of the second schedule;

(b) On the occasion of any sale by retail the prices set out in the second column of the second schedule.

4. (a) The maximum prices on the occasion of any wholesale Basis of sale of offals are fixed on the basis that the offals are delivered wholesale on the occasion of a sale of home killed offals by the slaughterer, prices. ex slaughterhouse, and on the occasion of any other sale, ex warehouse or store at the seller's customary place of sale and that packages are in either case provided by the seller.

(b) If the offals are sold on terms other than those mentioned in the foregoing sub-clause of this clause a corresponding variation shall be made in the maximum price.

5. On the occasion of a retail sale of offals no additional charge Packages, may be made for packages or for giving credit or for making etc. delivery.

6. Where home killed offals are sold in sets the total price shall not exceed the maximum price which would have been payable offals sold in if each item had been bought and paid for separately.

Home-killed

7. For the purpose of fixing the price of home killed offals Weighing of the weight of the offals shall be taken to be their weight after they have set.

home-killed offals.

⁽a) Effect of Amendment.—The Amending Order of May 1, 1918, substitutes as from May 2, 1918, the Schedule as here printed for that previously in force.

Fictitious transactions.

8. A person shall not upon the occasion of any sale of offals to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Contracts.

9. Where any contract subsisting on the 21st January, 1918, for the sale of any offals provides for the payment of a price in excess of the permitted maximum price, the contract shall stand so far as concerns offals delivered before the 21st January, 1918, but shall be avoided so far as concerns offals agreed to be sold above the permitted maximum price which has not been so delivered.

Powers of Food Committee in relation to prices for offals. 10. On and after the 21st January, 1918, a Food Committee shall not exercise in relation to offals the power conferred by Clause 7 of the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) except with the consent of the Food Controller, and except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine any maximum prices theretofore prescribed for offals under such powers shall cease to be in force, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous contravention thereof.

Exceptions.

11. This Order shall not apply to a sale of cooked Offals for consumption on the premises of the seller.

Interpretation. 12. For the purposes of this Order "Home-killed offals" shall mean such offals as have been obtained from beasts slaughtered in the British Islands. "Imported offals" shall mean all other offals.

"Food Committee" shall mean as regards Great Britain a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(b) and as regards Ireland the Food Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(c)

Penalty.

13. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

14. This Order may be cited as the Edible Offals (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th January, 1918.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽a) MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—Clause 7 of that Order, printed p. 300, confers powers on a Food Committee as to varying maximum prices.

First Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR EDIBLE OFFAL FROM HOME KILLED STOCK.

(These prices are per lb. except where otherwise stated.)

(These pr	1005 410	per r	D. GAC	epu	where otherwis	C stated.)
					Maximum	Maximum
					wholesale prices.	retail prices.
	Cattle Offe	ıl.			s. d.	s. d.
Head (ex tongue)		• • •	•••	•••	0 3	0 4
Tongue (fresh or	pickled)	•••	• • •	•••	0 11	1 1
Heart (whole)	•••	• • •	•••	•••	0 9	0 11
Heart, cut of	•••	•••	• • •	. •••	0.10	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}$
Liver (whole)	•••	•••	•••	•••	0 10	1 2
Liver, cuts of	•••	•••	• • •	•••	0 2	1 4
Lights and melt Lights	•••	:••	•••	•••	0 2	1 6 per set
Melt	•••	•••	•••	•••		0 4
Tripe (dressed)	•••	•••	•••	•••	0 10	1 0
Tripe, reed and re			• • • •	•••	0 2	_
Feet	***			•••	0 2	0 4 scalded
Tail	•••			•••	1 2	1 4
Heart and throat					$\tilde{1}$ $\tilde{0}$	1 4
Gut breads	•••	•••		•••	0 4	0 6
Skirt and kidney	•••				1 1	1 4
Cheek, boneless					0 10	1 2
Brains	• • •	•••			0 5	0 6
Manifold or fake	***	• • •			0 6 each	_
Runners, middle	es, bung	g, blac	dders,	and	3 0 per set	_
weasands.						
Udder	•••	•••	•••	•••	0 3	_
	Sheep Off	al				
Heads (ex horns)			ether		0 6	
Heads without he				•••	0 3	0 4
PT1	•••				_	1 0
Brains		•••	•••			1 0
Pluck	•••	•••			0 9	. —
Kidneys	•••	• • •			2 0	2 6
Sweetbreads	•••			• • •	1 6	2 0
Trotters	• • •	•••	C) @ @	•••	0 10 per score	
Trotters (raw, cle	eaned and	l ex ho	of)	• • •	0 $1\frac{1}{2}$ each	0 2 each
Runners	***	• • •	•••	• • •	1 0 per set	_
Paunchers	***	• • •	• • •	•••	0 6 each	1 4
Heart	•••	•••	• • •		$\frac{1}{1}$ 2	1 4
Liver	• • •	•••	• • • •	•••	1 2	4 per set
Lights		• • •	•••	•••	0 4	4 per set
Top (plucks ex li	verj	•••	•••	•••	0 1	
Beef	and Mutt	on Fat	s.		s. d.	
Class 1. Fresh la				at	1 1	
Class 2. Fresh sr					0 11	
Class 3. Stale lar			tton fa		0 11	
Class 4. Fresh m	utton ma	tes			0 10	
Class 5. Stale con				•••	0 5	
Class 6. Searchin	gs or pic	kings	•••	•••	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 \end{array}$	
Class 7. Clean sv	veet rop f	at	•••	•••	0 6	
Class 8. Clean st			•••	•••	0 5 0 3	
Class 9. Wet and			ton for	•••	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
Class 10. Other 1	aw beer	or mut	ton rai	S	0 1	
					1	

	Maximun wholesale pri	
Calves' Offal. Tripe (raw) Tripe (dressed) Head (9d. each extra if scalded) Do. (scalded) Pluck Sweetbreads Feet (1d. extra if scalded) Heart Liver Lights Top (plucks ex liver)	 1 0 0 7 0 10 2 0 0 3 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 0 0 3 0	s. d. 0 10 2 6 0 6 if scalded 1 2 1 9 0 6 per set
Pigs' Ofals. Plucks or plucks and fats Inwards or chitterlings Liver and fats Heart Lights Top (plucks ex liver)	 . 0 5 1 0	0 10 1 0 1 4 1 2 0 4 per set.

Second Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR IMPORTED OFFAL.

(These Prices are per lb. except where otherwise stated.)

	-					Maximum wholesale prices	Maximum retail prices.
	Catt	le Offa	, 7.			s, d.	s. d.
Livers	•••		•••			0 10	1 0
Cuts of liver					•••		$1 \cdot 1 \cdot 2$
Tongues						0 11	1 1
Tails				•••	•••	0 10	1 0
Hearts						0 9	0 11
Hearts, cuts o	£	•••	•••	•••	•••	0 0	1 1
		•••	•••	•••	•••	0 111	1 2
Kidneys	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Brains	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	0 4	1 0
Cheeks	•••	7 1	•••		11	$0 9\frac{1}{2}$	1 0
Tripe (scalded					olly	0.40	1 0
or partly co			hipme	ent)	• • •	0 10	1 0
Tripe (other t	han ab	ove,)	• • •	• • •	• • •	0 6	
Thick skirts				• • •	•••	1 1	1 3
Thin skirts	•••	• • •	• • •			0 11	1 1 .
Caul fat				• • •		1 1	1 3
Kidney knobs				•••		$1 \ 3\frac{1}{2}$	1 6
Sweetbreads						1 3	1 6
Beef marrow						1 0	1 3
Calves' tongue	S					1 0	1 2
9							
	Mutte	on Off	al.				
Kidney			•••			1 9 per doz.	2 6 per doz.
Tongue, lamb			•••			0 101	1 01
Livers, lamb			•••	•••		1 0	1 4
Sweetbreads	r sneet	•••				1 3	1 6
Plucks			***	•••	•••	1 6 each	1 10 each
		•••	•••	•••	•••	3 9 per doz.	4 6 per doz.
Hearts, sheep		•••	• • •	•••	•••	3 3 per doz.	4 0 per doz.
Hearts, lamb						0 0	1 4 (

THE MEAT (RETAILERS' RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 12, 1918.

1918. No. 30.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. A person dealing in dead meat by retail shall not:

(a) in any week buy for the purpose of his business cattle or meat in excess of the quantity permitted to be bought by him during that week by or under the authority of

the Food Controller; or

(b) in such week sell in the course of his business a greater quantity of meat than the amount lawfully obtained by him under the preceding sub-clause (including meat derived from any cattle so obtained) or such other quantity as may be permitted to be sold by him by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

2. Every person dealing in dead meat by retail shall keep such Records. records as are necessary to shew whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order and shall make such returns as to cattle and meat bought and dead meat sold as may be required

by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

All such records shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee.(b)

3. For the purpose of this Order—

"Cattle" shall include in addition to cattle usually so called tion. ram, ewe, wether, lamb, but until otherwise determined by the Food Controller shall not include swine.

"Dead Meat" shall include any meat including offal obtained from cattle as defined above except preserved and potted

meat and cooked meat.

"Week" shall mean the 7 days ending on a Saturday.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. (a) This Order may be cited as the Meat (Retailers' Restric- Title and tion) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour.

Secretary to the Ministry of Food 12th January, 1918.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES.—As to these Committees, see the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order. 1917, printed in Part III of this

Manual.

Restriction of retail sales.(a)

Interpreta-

extent of

Order.

⁽a) RESTRICTION OF RETAIL SALES OF MEAT.—Such restriction was initiated by the Meat (Restriction of Retail Sales) Order, 1917 (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1259), which limited the amount to be sold by retail during the four weeks covering the Christmas and New Year period (Dec. 17, 1917—Jan. 13, 1918) to the amount sold during the first four weeks of October. That Order being now spent, is omitted from this Volume.

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, printed under Group 14 ("Public Meals"), p. 513 as from January 25th, 1918, establishes meatless days in public eating places and prohibits the consumption of "meat" at breakfast. The Order further restricts as from February 3rd, 1918, the "meat" to be consumed at other meals. For restrictions previously in force see the now revoked Public Meals Order, 1917, pp. 158-161 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."]

(The Order is revoked as to Great Britain by the Rationing

Order, 1918, p. 522.)

THE POULTRY AND GAME (COLD STORAGE) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 5, 1918.

1918. No. 155.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) A person shall not after the 5th February, 1918, deliver or permit to be delivered or take delivery of any poultry or game out of any cold store except under and in accordance with the

terms of a licence granted by the Food Controller.(a)

(b) Any licence granted for the purposes of this clause may be issued subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may think fit for ensuring the proper distribution of the poultry or

game authorised to be delivered out of the cold store.

(c) On any sale, purchase or delivery of any poultry or game delivered out of a cold store pursuant to a licence under this Order, the person selling or purchasing or taking delivery of the same shall comply with all directions whether of general application or otherwise which may be given by the Food Controller with regard to the use or disposal of such poultry or game and the price at which the same may be sold.

2. All poultry and game which shall be imported into the United Kingdom after the 5th February, 1918, shall forthwith

be delivered into a cold store.

Imported poultry and game to be delivered into cold store.

Delivery of

out of cold

poultry

store.

and game

Exception.

3. During the month of February, 1918, a person shall not require a licence under this Order except in so far as the total of all deliveries to him from the same cold store exceed in the case of poultry 3 tons or in the case of game 5 cwts.

4. For the purposes of this Order—

Controller in that hahalf

The expression "cold store" shall not include any cold store where the total refrigerated space does not exceed 5,000 cubic feet or any refrigerated transit shed.

The expression "poultry" shall include chickens, fowls,

Interpretation.

ducks, turkeys, guinea fowls and geese. (a) TAKING OUT OF COLD STORE.—The Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918 (p. 204), provides for articles being taken out of or into cold store on

The expression "game" shall include rabbits, hares and any kind of bird killed for food other than poultry.

- 5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. This Order may be cited as the Poultry and Game (Cold Title. Storage) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th February, 1918.

Applications for licences under this Order are to be made to the Secretary (Fish and Poultry Section), Ministry of Food, 14, Upper Grosvenor Street, W.1, from whom the necessary application forms can be obtained.

THE MEAT (LICENSING OF WHOLESALE DEALERS) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 12, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 196.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not deal in dead meat by wholesale either on Licensing of his own account or for the account of any other person: -

pig buyers.

- (a) after the 15th March, 1918, unless he has applied for a licence as a wholesale dealer in dead meat; or
- (b) after the 31st March, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted by the Food Controller authorising him to deal in dead meat by wholesale.
- 2. Every application for a licence shall be made to the Mode of Secretary (Meat Section), Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, Whitehall, S.W.1, on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent.

application for a licence

3. A licence shall be granted under this Order to such persons Issue and and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may deter- revocation of mine, and any such licence may at any time be revoked by the licences. Food Controller.

⁽a) REVOCATION.—This Order was revoked as to Ireland as from June 17. 1918, by the Meat (Licensing of Export) (Ireland) Order, 1918, printed p. 345.

Information and inspection.

4. The holder of any licence under this Order shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to his dealings in dead meat together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller to inspect all such records, books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in dead meat as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his dealings in dead meat as may from time to time be required.

Production of licence.

5. Every licence issued under this Order shall be produced by the holder upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller.

Interpreta-

6. For the purposes of this Order "Dead Meat" shall mean any meat, including sausages and edible offal, obtained from cattle, sheep, lamb, goats or swine, other than bacon, ham, preserved and potted meat and cooked meats.

- Penalty.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and Extent of Order. 8. (a) This Order may be cited as the Meat (Licensing of Wholesale Dealers) Order, 1918.

(b) Nothing in this Order shall prevent the purchase or sale by wholesale in Ircland by a person not licensed under this Order of dead meat for delivery in Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th February, 1918.

THE CANNED MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 13, 1918.

1918. No. 192.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Maximum prices.

1. (a) A person shall not on or after the 14th February, 1918, sell or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any canned meats at prices exceeding the maximum prices for the time being applicable under this Order.

(b) Until further notice the maximum prices for canned meats of the descriptions set out in the schedule to this Order shall be as follows:-

(i) On the occasion of any sale other than a retail sale by or on behalf of the importer prices at the rates set out in

the first schedule:

(ii) On the occasion of a wholesale sale by or on behalf of any person other than the importer prices at the rates set out in the second schedule; and

(iii) On the occasion of a retail sale prices at the rates set out

in the third schedule.

2. (a) The maximum prices applicable on the occasion of any Basis of sale other than a retail sale are fixed on the basis that:

(i) containers are labelled and lacquered or painted; and

(ii) the goods are delivered ex warehouse.

Where the goods are not sold on these terms a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the price.

(b) On the occasion of any sale no additional charge shall be

made for containers or for cases or other packages.

(c) On the occasion of a retail sale no additional charge shall be made for giving credit or making delivery.

3. A person shall not on the occasion of any sale of Canned Meats to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Fictitious transactions.

maximum price.

4. When any contract subsisting on the 14th February, 1918, Contracts. for the sale of any Canned Meats provides for the payment of a price exceeding the permitted maximum price, the contract shall stand so far as concerns Canned Meats delivered before the 14th February, 1918, but shall, unless the Food Controller otherwise directs, be avoided so far as concerns Canned Meats agreed to be sold above the permitted maximum price which have not been so delivered.

5. This Order shall not apply to a sale of Canned Meats for Exception. consumption on the premises of the seller.

6. For the purposes of this Order: "Containers" shall include tins, glasses, jars and other vessels.

Interpretation.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

8. This Order may be cited as the Canned Meats (Maximum Title. Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th February, 1918.

Schedule I.

IMPORTERS' MAXIMUM PRICES,

				Pe	r case.
					8
1st Grade—12	6s C.C. Beef, C.C. Mutton		At the ra	ate of	107
12	6s Roast Beef, Boiled Beef		22	79	107
12	6s Roast Mutton, Boiled Mutton		"		107
2nd Grade-12	6s C.C. Beef, C.C. Mutton		"	77	100
	6s Roast Reef, Boiled Beef		"	79	100
12	6s Roast Mutton, Boiled Mutton	• • •	"	"	100

· Note.—The above prices are for cases containing 72 lbs. of meat nett weight. Cases containing less are to be charged at a proportionate rate.

	8				0	I	T-F-						
		Ra			ase.				te pe				
			8.	d.					8.	d.			
24	2s C.C. Beef,	*											
	C.C. Mutton		62	6	if in	24 0	z. tins		83	4	if in	32	oz. tins
21	2s Roast Beef,												
~	Boiled Beef		62	6	,,	94			83	4		32	
91	2s Roast Mutton,	•••	02	U	"	24 7	"	•••	00	•	"	02	22
44	Boiled Mutton		62	c		94			83	1		20	
		•••	02	O	22 -	44	"	•••	00	4	77	34	"
48	1s C.C. Beef,			_						_			
	C.C. Mutton		66	0	٠,	12	"		88	0	22	16	27
48	1s Roast Beef,												
	Boiled Beef,		66	0	22	12			88	0		16	
48	1s Roast Mutton,				,,		,,				*		,
	Boiled Mutton		66	0	,,	12			88	0		16	
	Zamed medicon	•••	00	0	22	- 24	22	•••	-00		77	. ()	27

Schedule II.

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS' MAXIMUM PRICES.

Per case

					rer case	Ĵ,
					8.	
1st Grade—12	6s C.C. Beef, C.C. Mutton		At the r	ate	of 110	
. 12	6s Roast Beef, Boiled Beef		,,	,,	110	
12	6s Roast Mutton, Boiled Mutton		22	22	110	
2nd Grade—12	6s C.C. Beef, C.C. Mutton	•••	22	22	103	
12	6s Roast Beef, Boiled Beef		"	27	103	
12	6s Roast Mutton, Boiled Mutton		22	11	103	

Note.—The above prices are for cases containing 72 lbs. of meat net weight Cases containing less are to be charged at a proportionate rate.

Ou	oob ,	contaminate ross are	, 00 K	,,,	JII CO.	-50		, a p.	oporti	01166		-				
		ь.	Rat		$\frac{\mathbf{er}}{d}$		e.		•	R	ate		case.			
24	2s	C.C. Beef, C.C. Mutton		-			in S	24 oz	tins				if in	32	oz. tins.	
24	2s	Roast Beef, Boiled Beef													,,	
24	2s	Roast Mutton, Boiled Mutton						24	17						"	
48	1s	C.C. Beef, C.C. Mutton							"						"	
48	1s	Roast Beef,							"							
48	1s	Boiled Beef Roast Mutton,							"				"			
		Boiled Mutton		70	U	22	, Ł	2	22		93	4	22	10	22	

Schedule III. RETAILERS' MAXIMUM PRICES.

											Ra	te per lb.
		rade.—12 6s C. 12 6s Rc 12 6s Rc rade.—12 6s C. 12 6s Rc 12 6s Rc 12 6s Rc	oast Boast M C. Bee oast Bo	eef ut f, eef	Boiled on, Boi C.C. Mu Boiled	Beef iled M atton Beef	lutton	•••			•••	s. d. 1 11 1 11 1 11 1 9 1 9 1 9
				8.	d.				8.	d.		
24	28	C.C. Beef,										
		C.C. Mutton		3	0 per	tin of	24 oz.		4	0 per	tin o	of 32 oz.
24	2s	Roast Beef,								· F·		
		Boiled Beef		3	0		24 ,,		4	0		32 "
24	2s	Roast Mutton,				11	,,	•••			"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Boiled Mutton		3	0		24 "		4	0		32 "
48	18	C.C. Beef,				77	,,			•	"	· ,,
		C.C. Mutton		1	7		12 ,,		2	1		16 ,,
48	18	Roast Mutton,				77	39			-	"	10 ,,
		Boiled Mutton		1	7		12 ,,		2	1		16 "
48		Roast Beef,				"	,,	•••	_	_	77 .	10 ,,
		Boiled Beef		1	7		12 ,,		•	1		16 "
						"	;,		_		•••	,,

THE EGG (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 15,

1918. No. 200.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Restriction granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller no on use of person shall—

(a) use any eggs or any egg products for any purpose other than human consumption or for the manufacture of articles for human consumption; or

(b) sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any eggs or any such products except for human consumption or in the manufacture of such articles; or

(c) damage or waste or permit to be damaged or wasted or otherwise treat or permit to be treated any egg or egg products so as to render the same less fit for human consumption or for the manufacture of such articles.

2. This Order shall not affect—

(a) the sale, purchase, or use of eggs for breeding purposes;

(b) the sale, purchase, use or treatment for any purpose of the shells of eggs or of such eggs or egg products as are unfit either for human consumption or for the manufacture of articles for human consumption.

3. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "eggs" Interpreshall include the eggs of any bird whatsoever, and "egg tation. products " shall include canned eggs, dried eggs and desiccated eggs and any article containing any part of an egg other than the shell.

Exception

Penalty.

Title and Commencement.

- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. (a) This Order may be cited as the Egg (Restriction) Order.
- (b) This Order shall come into force on the 25th February, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

15th February, 1918.

THE IRISH PIGS (CONTROL) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 21, 1918.

1918. No. 207.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned.

PART I.—LICENSING OF PIG BUYERS.

Licensing of pig buyers.

Mode of

application

- 1. A person shall not at any time after the 1st March 1918, buy any pigs in Ireland unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted by the Committee authorising him to buy pigs.
- 2. Every application for a licence shall be made to the Committee on a form prescribed by the Committee, and every applifor a licence. cant shall furnish upon such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant, or by his duly authorised agent, where the signature of the applicant by such duly authorised agent is permitted by the Committee.
 - 3. A licence shall be granted under this Part of this Order to such persons and subject to such conditions as the Committee may determine and any such licence may at any time be revoked by the Committee or by the Food Controller.

weight, vouchers, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee as to the form and contents of such

4. The holder of any licence issued under this Part of this and Order, and his servants or agents shall keep or cause to be kept inspection. at some convenient place accurate records showing the prices paid for pigs and such other particulars as are necessary to show whether or not the provisions of this Order are being complied with as to the trade or business in respect of which he is licensed under this Order, together with all relevant books, certificates of

Information

Issue and revocation

of licences.

records; and the holder shall also observe such directions as to the trade or business in respect of which he is licensed under this Order as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to such trade or business as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect all relevant books, documents and accounts.

5. Every licence issued under this Part of this Order shall be Custody of carried with him by the holder whenever engaged in buying pigs, licence. and every licence shall be produced by the holder upon the demand of any Officer or Constable of Police, or any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

on place and time of

dealings in

6. A person shall not after the 21st February, 1918, either Limitation on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person:-

(a) buy, sell, or deal in, or

(b) offer or invite an offer or propose to buy, sell or deal

(c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase or other dealing in any pig;

except in a lawfully established market or fair, and during the hours for holding such market or fair prescribed by the lawful authority in that behalf before the making of this Order empowered, or, where no such hours have been prescribed, after the hour of 8 o'clock a.m. on the day of such market or fair.

Provided always that in special circumstances the Committee may authorise the sale and purchase of pigs in such other places and at such other times as they think fit.

7. A pig buyer shall, if and when required by the Committee, sell any pigs in his possession to such persons being holders of Certificates of Registration under Part II. of this Order as the Committee may direct.

Pig buyers to sell as directed.

8. The Committee may direct any pig buyer to buy pigs in Pig buyers such places only and at such times only as are directed by the may be Committee, and every pig buyer so directed shall comply with such directions.

limited to certain markets.

PART II.—REGISTRATION.

9. The Committee may, with a view to the distribution or Registration allocation of supplies of pigs, issue or cause to be issued a Certificate of Registration to such of the persons as are licensed pursuant to the provisions of Part I. of this Order as they may butchers, think fit and subject to such conditions as they may impose.

of Irish bacon curers, Irish pork and British importers of Irish pigs.

10. The Committee shall grant a Certificate of Registration to Persons any applicant who makes an application to them on or before entitled to the 1st March, 1918, and who or whose predecessor in business was on or prior to the 1st January, 1916, regularly carrying on business as a bacon curer in Ireland, a pork butcher in Ireland, or a British importer of Irish pigs.

registration.

Grounds for refusing a Certificate of Registration 11. The Committee shall not refuse a Certificate of Registration duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under the preceding clause of this Order, except in circumstances in which the Committee might have revoked the Certificate if it had been already granted. Upon the refusal of a certificate, the applicant's title (if any) shall cease.

Power to grant new certificates.

12. The Committee may, in any case in which, in their opinion, it is desirable so to do, grant to any other person a certificate of registration.

Mode of application for a certificate.

13. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made to the Committee on a form to be prescribed by the Committee, and every applicant shall furnish upon such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent when the signature of the applicant by such duly authorised agent is permitted by the Committee.

Form of ertificate.

14. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Committee, and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Committee may from time to time determine.

Revocation of certificate 15. The Committee may revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Order if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulation or direction, made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee, relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Register of holders of certificates.

16. The Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom certificates of registration have been granted under this part of this Order.

Transfer of a business.

17. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee, or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate on making an application for a certificate of registration to receive an allocation of supplies of pigs from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

Inspection and information.

18. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or cause to be kept at his registered or principal office or place of business accurate records showing the prices paid for pigs and such other particulars as are necessary to show whether or not the provisions of this Order are being complied with as to the trade or business in respect of which he is registered under this Order together with all relevant books, certificates of weight, vouchers, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee as to the form and contents of such records. The holder shall also observe such directions as to the trade or business in

respect of which he is registered as may be given to him from time to time or by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating to such trade or business as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this Clause and all relevant books, documents, and accounts.

19. Every Certificate of Registration shall be kept by the Custody of person registered at the registered or principal office or place certificates. of business for inspection upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

PART III.—DISTRIBUTION OR ALLOCATION OF SUPPLIES.

20. A person shall not at any time after the 1st March, 1918, receive an allocation of supplies of pigs unless he has entitled to applied for or at any time after the 15th March, 1918, unless he is the holder of a certificate of registration for the time being in force issued pursuant to the provisions of Part II. of this Order. registered.

All persons distribution or allocation to be

21. (a) The Committee may from time to time prescribe forms Forms of of application and other documents to be used for the purpose application, of obtaining, or for any purpose connected with supplies of pigs proposed to be distributed or allocated, or for the time being in the course of distribution or allocation by or under the authority of the Committee. Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or any other matter.

&c., may be prescribed.

- (b) The Committee may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution or allocation of supplies of pigs to such persons as are holders of certificates of registration issued pursuant to the provisions of Part II. of this Order, and especially:-
 - (1) may in such directions have regard to the supplies of pigs already obtained since the 1st day of October, 1917, or such other date as may be prescribed by the Committee by such persons as are holders of such Certificates of Registration;
 - (2) may fix a proportion or quota of available supplies to be allocated to each such person; and
 - (3) may fix the maximum number of pigs to be allocated to each such person during any specified period.
- 22. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such Completion form or document and in the distribution or allocation of supplies of pigs comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

of forms of application,

23. A holder of a Certificate of Registration for the time No person to being in force shall not directly or indirectly purchase, or purchase in attempt to purchase, a supply in excess of the quantity permitted to be bought by him by or under the authority of the Committee.

excess of his

PART IV .- GENERAL.

Interpretation. 24. For the purposes of this Order:—(a) "Pig" or "Pigs" shall, in addition to live pigs, include pig carcases, whether with or without the offals; (b) "Pig buyer" shall mean a buyer of live pigs or pig carcases, whether with or without the offals; (c) the "Committee" shall mean the Food Control Committee for Ireland.

False statements, &c. 25. A person shall not-

- (a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or return or other document made or prescribed in connection with or pursuant to or for any of the purposes of this Order;
- (b) forge or without lawful excuse alter any form or other document issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order;
- (c) fraudulently alter or attempt to alter or forge any entry upon any such form or other document;
- (d) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom a licence or other document has been issued or applies;
- (e) retain any form or other document issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order when he has no right to retain it, or fail to comply with any directions issued by lawful authority with regard to the return thereof;
- (f) make or cause to be made, or without lawful excuse have in his custody or possession, any paper or document so made as to resemble or colourably to imitate a form or other document issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order, either in blank or wholly or partially completed, not being a form or other document issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order:
- (g) use or attempt to use any forged or fraudulently altered form or other document or any paper or document so made as to resemble or colourably to imitate any form or other document issued under or for the purposes of this Order;
- (h) obtain supplies of pigs when any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular or deliver supplies of pigs under any such application when he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular;
- (j) sell or offer for sale any pig except to a person being the holder of a licence issued under Part I. of this Order;
- (k) in connection with the sale or disposal of any pigs enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

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26. All forms of application, licences and other documents, Forms, &c., instructions and directions issued, whether before or after the date already of this Order, by or under the authority of the Food Controller or issued to be the Committee purporting to be issued under this Order or headed "Irish Pigs (Control) (Ireland) Order, 1918," and all applications made upon any such form and all acts to be done pursuant to any such instructions and directions shall be deemed respectively to have been issued made and done under and pursuant to this Order.

27. A person employed by the Food Controller or member of Information or a person employed by the Committee shall not without lawful authority communicate to any person any information acquired by him from any application or other document made or issued in connection with this Order.

to be confi-

28. The Committee shall in the exercise of the powers conferred upon the Committee by this Order comply with such directions as may from time to time be given to them by the Food Controller, and it shall be the duty of every person to comply with any requirement or instruction given by the Committee under the the direcpowers conferred by this Order.

The Food Control Committee for Ireland to act under tions of the Food Controller. Exception.

29. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to:

(a) Boars or pedigree sows bought and sold specifically for breeding purposes;

(b) Breeding sows;

(c) Small pigs weighing at the time of sale less than 50 lbs. live weight which are bought for store purposes; and

(d) Pigs slaughtered pursuant to the provisions of the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1914,(a) or any order made thereunder.

30. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

31. (a) This Order may be cited as the Irish Pigs (Control) (Ireland) Order, 1918.

Title and extent of Order.

(b) This Order shall extend only to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st February, 1918.

⁽a) DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS.—As to these Acts and Order thereunder, see Appendix VI (6. "Diseases of Animals Acts and Orders") to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

THE LONDON CENTRAL MARKETS ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 7, 1918.

1918. No. 279.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby Orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. On and after the 8th March, 1918, no person shall sell or offer to sell meat within the limits of the wholesale sections of the London Central Markets except by way of wholesale sale.
- 2. The Food Controller may give directions as to the days and times within which and the manner in which meat may be sold within the limits of the said markets and as to the storage, treatment, sale or distribution of any meat which shall come within the limits of or be in transit to the said market, and it shall be the duty of all persons concerned to comply with any such direction.
- 3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. This Order may be cited as the London Central Markets Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

7th March, 1918.

THE FOREIGN HOLDINGS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 8, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 7^A ("Foreign Holdings of Food") (p. 250), requires returns of live stock held to foreign account.]

THE PIG AND PIG PRODUCTS (PROHIBITION OF EXPORT) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 20, 1918.

1918. No. 344.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) Except under and in accordance with the terms of a General licence granted to him by or under the authority of the Depart-restriction ment of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland a person shall not on or after the 25th March, 1918, send, ship or consign any live pig from any part of Ireland to any destination outside Ireland.

- (b) Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted to him by or under the authority of the Food Control Committee for Ireland a person shall not on or after the 25th March, 1918, send, ship or consign any carcase or part of a carcase of a pig or any Bacon, Ham or Lard or other pig product from any part of Ireland to any destination outside Ireland.
- 2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Pig and Pig Products Title, (Prohibition of Export) (Ireland) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th March, 1918.

THE MEAT RETAIL PRICES (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER No. 2, 1918. DATED MARCH 27, 1918.

1918. No. 372.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. No person shall directly or indirectly sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy in England or Wales any meat by retail at prices exceeding the maximum prices provided by or in pursuance of this Order.
- 2. Until further notice the maximum prices for meat sold by retail in the area comprised in the Administrative County of London and the Counties of Essex. Hertfordshire, Middlesex, Kent, Surrey, Sussex, Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Berkshire, Wiltshire, Hampshire and the Isle of Wight, shall be at the rates mentioned in the first schedule hereto, and the maximum prices for meat sold by retail in any other part of England or in Wales shall be at the rates mentioned in the second schedule hereto.
- 3. No additional charge may be made for bags, or other packages, but where credit is given, or delivery is made or where both credit is given and delivery is made, a charge may be made not exceeding a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.
- 4. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of any meat to which this Order applies enter into or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.
 - 5. This Order shall not apply to sales of cooked meat.
- 6. Offences under this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 7. The Meat Retail Prices (England and Wales) Order, 1918,(a) is hereby revoked, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof or to the revocation thereby effected as respects England and Wales of Part 2 of the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.(b)
- 8. This Order may be cited as the Meat Retail Prices (England and Wales) Order, No. 2, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. II. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th March, 1918.

⁽a) MEAT RETAIL PRICES (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 284). revoked Part 2 of the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, as respects England and Wales.

(b) MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 300.

UNIFORM SCALE OF MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES FOR MEAT.(a) (b)

First Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES IN COUNTIES MENTIONED IN CLAUSE 2.

MAXIMUM I RICES IN COL		MENTIO	NED IN		
Beef Joi	nt.			Price	e per lb.
					d.
Topside of Round	•••			1	8
Do. do. best cut, b	oneles	\$		1	10
Silverside, with bone		3	• • •	1	
70 7 1		•••	• • •	1	9
	• • •	• • •	• • •		-
Thick Flank	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	•
Do. best cut	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	~
Do. knuckle end	• • •			1	6
Aitch Bone				1	0
Aitch Bone Do. boneless				1	5
Sirloin				1	7
Do. cut		•••		1	
Do. rolled, boneless	•••		•••	1	
Thin Flank	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	
	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	_
Do. rolled, boneless	* * *	• • •	• • •	1	_
Leg and Shin, whole	• • •	• • •		0	_
Do. do. boneless				1	
Suet				1	. 6
Fore Ribs				1	6
Do. boneless				1	9
Wing Ribs, four bones				1	_
Long Ribs	•••		• • •	1	
Do. rolled, boneless	• • •	• • •	•••	1	
Do. Toffed, bofferess	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	
Back Ribs	• • •		• • •]	
	• • •	• • •	• • •]	
Top Ribs		• • •		1	
Do. boneless]	1 7
Brisket]	0
T) 1 1				1	4
Clod and Sticking with bone				1	0
Do. do. boneless				1	4
				1	
Rump	• • •	• • •	• • •	2	44
Rump steak, boneless Fillet steak	• • •	• • •	•••		
Fillet steak		• • •	***	2	
Duttock steak, boneless			• • •	2	
			• • •	1	
Chuck steak				1	8
Gravy beef				1	4
Minced beef	•••	•••	•••	1	6
Sausage to contain not less				of	
meat				-	3
Sausage meat to contain not	loce 4	han 50			
				1	1 .
of meat	• • •	•••	•••	1	1

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCE DATED MAY 11, 1918.—This General Licence

authorises a variation in the price of certain kinds of pork sausages.

(b) General Licence Dated July 18, 1918.—This General Licence authorises a variation in the price of certain sausages.

lb.

	Beef J	oint.				\mathbf{Price}	7
Sausage to contain	not less	than	67	ner cent	of	s.	d.
				per cent	. 01	1	6
Sausage meat to conta			an 6	7 per cen	t. of	•	0
meat			• • •			1	4
Bones		• • •		•••	• • •	0	2
M	utton o	and La	amb	Joint.			
Leg, whole	• • •					1	7
Leg cut, fillet						1	$7\frac{1}{2}$
Do. shank		=				1	$7\frac{7}{2}$
Do. middle				• • •		1	10
Loin, whole	• • •					1	5
Do. best end			• • •	• • •		1	8
Do. chump end		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	5
Loin chops, not to be t			• • •	• • •	• • •		10
Saddles	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	5
Shoulders, whole	1	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	1	5
Do. cut, knuck Do. do. blade s	ile side	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	5
Do. do. middle	siae	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	5
Neck, whole		• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	1	$\frac{6}{2}$
T) 1 1 1	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	1	6
Do. middle	0		•••	•••	• • •	1	2
Do. scragg				•••			11
Best neck chops					• • •	1	8
Breasts, whole				•••		-	11
Do. cut, best end			•••			1	0
Do. do. fat end				•••		_	10
Do. do. sliced	• • •				• • •	1	2
Suet		• • •				1	2
					,		
	Pork	Laint					
T						1	0
Legs, whole		.:.	•••	•••	• • •	1	8
Do. cut, knuckle end Do. middle		• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	1 1	11
T) (211 /	• • • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •		10
Hind loin, whole	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •		10
Do. chump end				• • •		1	9
TO 1				•••			11
Fore loin or griskin (o							
Hand with foot				• • •	•••	1	4:
Loin, ex back fat	• • •		• • •	• • •		1 1	10
Do. best end				• • •		1 :	11
	•••		• • •		• • •	1	8
Shoulder without hock	k	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	1	7
Blade bone	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	1	7
Belly	•••	• • •		•••		1	8
Do. best or rib end		•••	***		• • •	1	9
Do. in slices	•••	• • •	• • •	7101		1	9
Do. thin end	•••	• • •	• • •			1	7

							Pr	ice per lb.
								s. d.
Flare or	leaf					• • •		1 5
Back fa	t					• • •		1 2
Chops or	r steak	S	•••					2 0
Heads, i			gue				1	0 11
Do. e		0	•••					0 10
Tongues	0							1 6
Eve-piec	_			1-				0 5
~ 1								1 4
Hocks								0 10
77 .				•••	• • •			0 5
Tenderlo		_		•••	•••	• • •	•••	2 0
Pork box				mr ha	•••	• • •	***	0 5
						• • •	• • • •	-
Sausage								1 7
Sausage	meat t	o conta	in not	less th	an 50 p	er cen	t. pork	1 5
					-		-	

Pickled pork can be sold at 1d. per lb. above fresh pork prices, but must not be sold as bacon.

For sausages and sausage meat containing less than 50 per cent. of meat (including pork) the price is not to exceed 10d. per lb.

The Second Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES IN ENGLAND AND WALES OTHER THAN COUNTIES MENTIONED IN CLAUSE 2.

Beef Joint.	Price per lb.
	s. d.
Round of beef, whole	1 7
Topside of round, boneless	1 8
Do. best cut, boneless	1 10
Silverside of round with marrow bone	1 6
Do. boneless	1 9
Thick flank, first cutting. Bedpiece or brail	1 6
Thick flank, first cutting. Bedpiece or brail, best	
cut	1 8
Thick flank, first cutting. Bedpiece or brail,	
knuckle end	1 3
Tail end of rump	1 6
Do. boneless	1 8
Middle rump	1 5
Do. boneless	1 8
Shell bone, whole	1 5
Do. boneless	1 8
Do. best end	1 8
Do. do. boneless	1 9
Do. other end	1 4
Sirloin	1 7
Do	1 8
10.	•

	Price per 1b
	s. d.
Sirloin, boneless	1 11
Thin flank	1 1
Do. rolled, boneless	1 3
Leg or shin, whole	0 7
Do. boneless	1 4
Suet	1 4
Standing ribs, fore ribs, crop or best chine	1 6
Do. do. do. do. boneless Wing ribs	1 9
Wing ribs	1 7
Do. boneless	1 10
Chuck, back ribs, or shoulder piece with blade bone	1 3
Chuck, back ribs, or shoulder piece without blade	
bone	1 4
Chuck, back ribs, or shoulder piece, boneless	1 7
Neck of beef, boneless	1 4
Top ribs, leg-of-mutton cut, thick flat ribs, score or	1 5
middle rand	1 5
Top ribs, leg-of-mutton cut, thick flat ribs, score or	1 ~
middle rand, best cut	1 7
Top ribs, leg-of-mutton cut, thick flat ribs, score or	1 ~
middle rand, boneless	1 7
Point end of brisket, 5 bones Do. do. boneless	1 0
Do. do. boneless	1 4
Best end of brisket	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{array}$
Do. boneless Thin flat ribs	1 1
T) I I	1 5
Clod or shift or knee bone and sticking, with bone	1 0
Clod or shift or knee bone and sticking, with bone	1 4
Rump or hip or pin bone steak, boneless	$\stackrel{1}{2}$ $\stackrel{4}{0}$
Fillet steak	$\tilde{2}$ 0
Round or buttock steak	1 10
Chuck, blade bone, or shoulder steak	1 8
Chuck, blade bone, or shoulder steak Minced beef	1 6
Sausage to contain not less than 50 per cent. of	1 0
meat	1 3
Sausage meat to contain not less than 50 per cent.	
of meat	1 1
Sausage to contain not less than 67 per cent. of	- 7 . 1
meat	1 6
Sausage meat to contain not less than 67 per cent.	
of meat	1 4
Bones	0 2
77 77 77	
Mutton and Lamb Joint.	
Log whole	1 7
Leg, whole	1 71
Leg, cut, fillet	$1 7\frac{1}{2}$
Do. middle	1 10
middle	1 10

					Price	per lb.
					s.	
Loin, whole					1	5
Do. best end		• • •			1	8
Do. chump end		• • •	• • •	•••	1	5
Loin chops, not to be trimp	ned	• • •			1	10
Saddles		•••			1	5
Shoulders, whole		• • •			1	5
Do. cut, knuckle si	de	•••	• • •	• • •	1	5
Do. do. blade side		• • •		•••	1	5
Do. do. middle					1	6
Neck, whole		• • •			1	2
Do. best end		• • •			1	6
Do. middle		• • •			1	2
Do. scragg					0	11
Best neck chops		• • •			1	8
Breasts, whole					0	11
Do. cut, best end				• • •	1	0
Do. do. fat end			•••	***	_	10
Do. do. sliced	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	1	2
Suet				•••	î	$\tilde{2}$
Suet	•••	•••	• • •	• • •		~
	Pork J	oint.				
Legs, whole					1	8
Do. cut. knuckle end	• • • •		•••		1	_
Do. middle		•••	•••	• • •	_	11
Do. fillet		•	• • •	•••	1	10
Hind loin, whole	•••	• . •	• • •		1	10
Do. chump end	• • •	•••	•••	•••	1	9
T) 1 1 1	•••		• • •		1	11
	o mih	mithout	hlada	hono	1	10
Fore loin or griskin or spare Hand, with foot					1	4
T . 1 1 0 .	• • •	•••	• • •		1	10
	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	1	11
Do. best end		•••	• • •		1	8
Neck end	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	7
Shoulder, without hock		• • •	• • •	•••	1	7
Blade bone	• • •	• • • • •	•••	•••	1	8
Belly	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	1	9
Do. best, or rib end	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	1	9
Do. in slices	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	7
Do. thin end	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	1	5
Flare, or leaf	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •		_
Back fat	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$	2
Chops or steaks	• • •	•••	***	***		
Heads, including tongue	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	0	11 10
Do. ex tongue	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	1	6
Tongues	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••		5
Eve-piece or face	• •••	•••	• • •	• • •	0	
Chaps	•••	• • •	•••	•••	1	4
Hocks		•••	•••	•••	0	10
Feet	•••	•••	•••	•••	0	5
Tenderloin, without bone		•••	•••	• • •	2	0
Pork bones, excluding factor	ory bo	ne	***	• • • •	0	5

Price per lb.

Sausage to contain not less than 50 per cent. pork ...

s. d. 1 7

Sausage meat to contain not less than 50 per cent.

1 5

Pickled pork can be sold at 1d. per lb. above fresh pork prices, but must not be sold as bacon.

For sausages and sausage meat containing less than 50 per cent. of meat (including pork) the price is not to exceed 10d. per lb.

THE PIGS (PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 27, 1918. 1918. No. 375.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following Regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1 (a) Where a person sells any live pig otherwise than by dead weight, the maximum price shall be at the rate of 21s. per score

of the live weight.

(b) Where a person sells any live pig by dead weight or sells any dead pig, the maximum price shall, if the offals are included in the sale, be at the rate of 28s. per score of the dead weight, and if the offals are not included in the sale, shall be at

the rate of 26s. 9d. per score of the dead weight.

2. (a) Where a live pig is sold otherwise than by dead weight, its weight for the purposes of this Order shall be its weight as ascertained at the time of sale by the live stock auctioneer engaged in the sale or the market authority in whose market the pig is sold, or as ascertained at any time after sale by a person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or a Food Committee; or if not so ascertained its weight at the place of slaughter.

Any directions given by any such live stock auctioneer, market authority or other person with a view to the weighing of a pig for the purposes of this Order shall be duly complied with by all persons concerned.

(b) Where a pig, live or dead, is sold by dead weight, the dead weight of the pig shall for the purposes of Clause 1 of this Order be the weight of the dressed carcase excluding the weight

of the offals.

Controller or a Food Committee.

3. Every person who in the course of his business buys any pigs and slaughters or causes to be slaughtered such pigs for the purpose of his business shall keep accurate records showing the prices paid for such pigs and such other particulars as are necessary to show whether or not the provisions of this Order are being complied with, and shall make such returns as to his business as the Food Controller or a Food Committee may from time to time require. All such records and relevant documents shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food

Maximum Price for pig live or dead.

Ascertaining weight.

Records.

4. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy Offers, &c. or agree to buy any pig, live or dead, at a price exceeding the price applicable under the Order, or in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any pig enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

5. The foregoing provisions of this Order shall not apply to— Exception.

(a) boars or pedigree sows bought and sold specifically for breeding purposes;

(b) breedings sows; and

(c) pigs weighing at the time of sale less than 80 lbs. live weight.

6. (a) No person shall sell or buy or offer to buy for slaughter Prohibition any pig weighing at the time of sale or offer for sale less than 112 lbs. live weight.

(b) Until the contrary be proved, a pig shall be deemed to have been sold and bought for slaughter if it be slaughtered 112 lbs.

within 28 days of the sale.

(c) This clause shall not apply to any sale or purchase for slaughter of a pig weighing less than 112 lbs. weight, where slaughter is for any exceptional reason or purpose authorised by a Live Stock Commissioner or his representative, or by an officer of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, or the Board of Agriculture for Scotland, or the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland.

7. For the purposes of this Order—

"Score" means 20 lbs.

"Food Committee" means, as regards Great Britain, a Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) and as regards Ireland, the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

9. The Pigs (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(c) and the S.R. & O. Licences thereunder, dated 20th November, 1917, and 10th December, 1917,(d) are hereby revoked but without prejudice to 1917. any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

10. This Order may be cited as the Pigs (Prices) Order, 1918.

on sales for slaughter of pigs weighing less than

Interpre-

tation.

1124, 1193 and 1248 of

Title.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th March, 1918.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That

Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

(c) Pigs (Mayimum I Rices) ()RDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 157

of the January, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

(d) General licences of Nov. 20 and Dec. 10, 1917.—Those Licences are printed pp. 158 and 163 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

AUTHORISATION, DATED APRIL 5, 1918, UNDER THE FOOD HOARDING ORDER, 1917.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 8 ("Hoarding of Food") (p. 253), authorises the preserving of eggs for household use.]

THE IMPORTERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 8^A ("Importers' Returns") (p. 255), requires returns to be made of imported canned meat, canned poultry, game and rabbits, and eggs.]

Direction, dated April 27, 1918, under the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.

1918. No. 485.

8.R. & O., No. 903 of 1917. The Food Controller hereby directs pursuant to Clause 1 (b) of Part I. of the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) that on and after the 29th April, 1918, until further notice the maximum wholesale prices for the various cuts of pig meat mentioned in the Schedule shall in Ireland be at the rates specified in the Schedule.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food

27th April, 1918.

Schedule.

(Price in all cases per cwt.)	d.
Fillets 214	0
Shoulder Steak or Pockets 172	0
Tongues (fresh or pickled) 136	O
Griskens or Skirt or Kidneys 118	0
Flare or Leaf (Lard Sheets unrendered) 112	0
Heads split, tongues in, fresh or pickled 112	0

⁽a) MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 300.

					8.	d.
Heads split, tongues out,	fresh	or pick	led		 110	0
Ribs and Small Bones		1			 95	0
Knees (hocks)			11		 84	0
Breast Bones					 78	0
Loin Bones					 60	0
Neck and Tail Bones					 46	8
Neck Griskens		• • •		• • •	 46	0
Feet, fresh or pickled					 44	0
Back bone, including tail					 40	0
Back bone				• • •	 24	0

 $9\frac{1}{2}d$. each.

Maws (not sold by weight)

THE LIVE STOCK (SALES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 8TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 517.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1.—(a) No person shall bring or send or cause to be brought Pregnant or sent to any market for sale for slaughter or sell or buy for slaughter or cause or permit to be slaughtered, any in-pig sow of any age, in-lamb ewe of any age, in-calf cow or in-calf heifer, or sell or buy for slaughter or slaughter or cause or permit to be slaughtered any calf.

animals and calves not to be sent or sold for slaughtered

- (b) The foregoing prohibition shall not apply to a calf of the Avrshire breed born in Scotland, or a calf which has been marked by a person authorised by the Food Controller in that behalf with the prescribed mark and which bears such mark at the time of slaughter.
- (c) The prescribed mark shall be a broad arrow branded in hot pitch or a mixture of hot pitch and tar on the head, the shaft and two barbs of the arrow to be a 2-inch in width and the length of the shaft and of the barbs (outside measurement) to be 21 inches, or such other mark as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller.
- (d) No person shall mark any calf with the prescribed mark or with a mark colourably resembling the prescribed mark unless he be authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller.

Veal.

Beast and sheep not

slaughtered

unless sold

in a market.

to be

- 2.—(a) No veal shall be sold, supplied, or offered or exposed for sale except: —(a)
 - (i) to persons who in the ordinary course of their business are manufacturers of sausages, meat pies, and other similar article and for the purposes of such business; or

(ii) as part of the contents of a sausage, meat pie, or other similar article.

(b) The prohibition contained in this clause shall not apply to veal proved to have been obtained from a calf born outside of the British Islands.

3.—(a) No person shall slaughter any beast or any sheep unless such beast or sheep has within the 14 days immediately preceding the date of slaughter been bought and sold in a market in Great Britain in accordance with the provisions of this Order relating to the sale of beasts or sheep fit for slaughter.

(b) The restriction of slaughter imposed by this clause shall not

apply to:-

(i) Slaughter of an animal under the powers conferred by the Diseases of Animal Acts, 1894 to 1914, (b) or any Order made thereunder; or

(ii) Slaughter of an animal when such slaughter is authorised by an officer of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries or the Board of Agriculture for Scotland; or

(iii) Slaughter of an animal when such slaughter is immediately necessary or desirable on account of accidental injury to the animal or its illness, or for any other exceptional reason or purpose; or

(iv) Slaughter by a farmer for consumption in his own

household of a sheep owned by him;

provided that notice of such slaughter and such other particulars as may from time to time be required shall be given within seven days thereafter to the Food Control Committee for the district in which the owner of the animal at the time of the slaughter is at such time residing.

4. No person shall sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any beast or sheep for slaughter unless such beast or sheep is at the

time of such sale or offer in a market.

5. Except as otherwise provided by this Order no beast fit for slaughter shall be bought or sold in any market except in accordance with the following provisions:-

(a) The beast shall before sale be graded as belonging to one of the four grades mentioned in the Schedule to this Order by a person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller;

(b) The beast shall be sold only to a person who is authorised by the Food Controller to buy live stock in a market on his behalf (hereinafter called a Government buyer).

Sales of beasts or sheep to be

at a market. Restrictions on sales of beasts in markets.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCE OF JUNE 10, 1918.—This General Licence authorises the sale of calves' heads and feet free from the restrictions imposed by this clause.

⁽b) DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS.—As to these Acts and Orders thereunder, see Appendix VI. (6. "Diseases of Animals Acts and Orders") to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

- (c) The price on the occasion of a sale to a Government buyer shall not exceed the maximum price ascertained on the basis of such grading in accordance with the provisions of the Schedule:
- 6. Except as otherwise provided by this Order no sheep fit for Restrictions slaughter shall be bought or sold in any market except in accord. on sales of ance with the following provisions:

(a) The sheep shall have been valued by a person authorised by the Food Controller to ascertain its fair value;

(b) The sheep shall be sold only to a Government buyer; and

(c) The price, on the occasion of a sale to a Government buyer, shall not exceed the fair value so ascertained.

7. For the purposes of ascertaining the fair value of a sheep Ascertainthe person authorised under clause 6 (a) hereof shall estimate the weight of the dressed carcase of the sheep, and the current market value of the skin, and the fair value of the sheep shall be a sum at the rate of 1s. $2\frac{1}{4}d$. per lb. of the weight of the dressed carcase as so estimated together with the current market value of the skin as so estimated, less the sum of 1s. 6d.

sheep in markets.

ment of fair

8. (a) The person authorised in that behalf by the Food Determina-Controller may at any time determine whether a beast or sheep in a market is fit for slaughter, and the determination of such person shall be conclusive upon the question whether a beast or sheep is fit for slaughter and as to the weight and grading of any beast, and as to the weight and fair value of any sheep;

questions.

- (b) When an authorised person has determined that a beast or a sheep in any market is fit for slaughter, such beast or sheep shall not be moved from the market except with the permission of the person authorised by the Food Controller.
- 9. All persons concerned shall comply with any directions as to the weighing of any beast or any sheep and as to the method of sale, whether in lots or otherwise, of any sheep, and as to any other matter relating to the maximum price of any beast or sheep which may be given for the purpose of this Order by any person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller.
- 10. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order any Sales by beast or sheep fit for slaughter may if the seller so desires dead weight. and the Live Stock Commissioner consents be sold by dead weight, that is to say on the footing that the price payable to the seller shall be ascertained by reference to the weight of the dressed carcase certified as hereinafter provided, and in that case the following provisions shall have effect:

(i) The price of a beast (including the offals) shall not

exceed:—

(a) In the case of beasts other than beasts fit only for boning, the sum of 1s. $2\frac{1}{4}d$. per • lb. of the certified weight of the dressed carcase; and

(b) In the case of beasts fit only for boning the sum of 11d. per lb. of the certified weight of the dressed carcase;

or in either case such other sum as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe

by notice under this Order.

The determination of the person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller shall be conclusive upon the question whether a beast is fit only for boning.

(ii) The price of a sheep, including the offals, shall not exceed the sum of 1s. 2¼d. per lb. of the certified weight of the dressed carcase, in addition to the current market value of the skin less the sum of ¼d. per lb. or part of a lb. of the certified weight of the dressed carcase.

(iii) The weight of the dressed carcase shall be certified in such manner as the Food Controller may direct; but the seller of any beast or sheep shall be entitled to a reasonable opportunity of checking the weight of the carcase of any beast or sheep sold by him under the

provision of this Clause.

(iv) (a) In the case of a beast, if the dressed carcase is weighed less than two hours after slaughter the certified weight shall be the weight then ascertained with a deduction at the rate of 2 lbs. per cwt. calculated to the nearest cwt.; if the weighing takes place two or more than two but less than twelve hours after slaughter the deduction shall be at the rate of 1 lb. per cwt. calculated to the nearest cwt; if the weighing takes place twelve hours or more after slaughter the certified weight shall be the weight then ascertained without any deduction whatsoever.

(b) In the case of a sheep, if the dressed carcase is weighed less than six hours after slaughter the certified weight shall be the weight then ascertained less 1 lb.; if the weighing takes place six hours or more after slaughter the certified weight shall be the weight then ascertained without any deduction

whatsoever.

Restriction on markets.

11. (a) 'The Food Controller may at any time prescribe the market or markets in which any live stock shall be sold for slaughter, and no person shall thereafter send or cause to be sent such live stock for sale for slaughter to, or sell for slaughter such live stock in, any market other than such prescribed market or markets.

(b) A person shall not move any live stock fit for slaughter from one area to any other area without the permission of the Food Controller; provided that live stock fit for slaughter may be moved from any area to any other area without such

permission:

(i) if the lands and premises on which such stock are ordinarily kept by the owner lie within more than one area and such live stock are moved only from one part of such lands and premises to another in the ordinary course; or

- (ii) if the owner of such stock occupies other lands and premises situate in an area other than the area in which the stock are ordinarily kept and the live stock in question are moved to such lands and premises, provided that in this case notice of such removal shall within 7 days thereof be given in writing to the Live Stock Commissioner for one or other of such areas.
- 12. For the purpose of executing and enforcing this Order any Entry and officer of, or other person authorised by the Food Controller may inspection. enter into any slaughterhouse or other premises on which he suspects animals are being or have been slaughtered for human food and examine any animals or carcases or hides therein, and inspect and require production of any books documents relating to animals slaughtered on such premises; and no person shall impede or obstruct such officer or other person in the exercise of his powers under this Clause.

Interpreta-

- 13. For the purpose of this Order:
 - "Live stock" includes beasts, sheep and calves.
 - "Beasts" includes bulls, bullocks, cows and heifers.
 - "Sheep" means any ovine animal.
 - "Calf" means a bovine animal in which the first or permanent molar or grinder tooth is not cut or visible.

"Veal" means meat derived from a calf.

- "Market" shall include fair, Government slaughterhouse, and any other place which the Food Controller shall determine to be a market for the purposes of this Order.
 - "Dressed carcase" shall mean:-
 - (a) In the case of a beast, the carcase without the offal (edible and inedible). The thin skirt shall be deemed to be part of the carcase. shall include the tail (cut off between the 2nd and 3rd bones), kidneys, thick skirt, heart fat and all other loose fat and all other internal organs of the beast;
 - (b) In the case of a sheep, the carcase including the kidneys, but without the offal and the skin. The offal shall include the head, pluck, intestines, loose fat, feet and shanks. The feet and shanks shall be cut off at the hocks and knees respectively.

"Live Stock Commissioner" means the Live Stock Commissioner appointed by the Food Controller. "Area" means in England and Wales the district of a Live Stock Commissioner, and in Scotland the district of a Deputy Live Stock Commissioner.

An animal shall be deemed to have been brought or sent or sold or bought for slaughter if it be slaughtered within 14 days of its sale.

14. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Revocation.
S. R. & O.
No. 1336 of
1917,
S. R. & O.
No. 37 of
1918,
S. R. & O.
No. 325 of
1918.
Title and
extent of
Order and

ment.

15. The Cattle (Sales) Order, 1917, (a) the Sheep (Sales) Order, 1918, (b) and the Live Stock (Restriction of Slaughter) Order, 1918, (c) are hereby revoked as from the 13th May, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention of any of the said Orders.

16. (a) This Order may be cited as the Live Stock (Sales) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall not extend to Ireland.

(c) This Order shall come into force on 13th May, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

Price ner cut

8th May, 1918.

Schedule of Maximum Prices for Cattle.

BULLS, BULLOCKS AND HEIFERS.

Gradina

Grading.	Little per out.
1st Grade 56 per cent. and over	75s.
2nd Grade 52 per cent. to 56 per cent.	70s.
3rd Grade 48 per cent. to 52 per cent	65s.
4th Grade under 48 per cent	\dots 55s.
Cows.	
Grading.	Price per cwt.
1st Grade 52 per cent. and over	70s.

Grauing.	E TUCE	s per
1st Grade 52 per cent. and over		70s.
2nd Grade 46 per cent. up to 52 per cent.		62s.
3rd Grade 42 per cent. up to 46 per cent.		53s.
4th Grade under 42 per cent		45s.

All inferior cattle will be placed in the 4th Grade and valued accordingly. No cattle in the 4th Grade will be covered by the Central Live Stock Insurance Scheme.

If in the opinion of the person grading a beast it is likely to yield an unusually small or large proportion of bone, the above prices may (except in the case of 4th Grade cattle) be varied by 1s., 2s. or 3s. more or less, but in no case shall the first grade price exceed 76s. per cwt. for bulls, bullocks and heifers and 71s. for cows.

(b) Sheep (Sales) Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 275 of the April 1918, Edition of this Manual.

⁽a) CATTLE (SALES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 266 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

⁽c) LIVE STOCK (RESTRICTION OF SLAUGHTER) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 290 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

General Licence under Meat Retail Prices (England and Wales) Order, No. 2, 1918; Meat (Licensing of Export) (Ireland) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MAY 11, 1918, UNDER MEAT RETAIL PRICES (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, No. 2, 1918.(a).

1918. No. 523.

The Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice sales by retail at a price not exceeding 1s. 10d. per lb. of sausages containing not less than 67 per cent. of pork, provided that:

- (i) such sausages have been manufactured by a person duly licensed to sell such sausages by wholesale at a price not exceeding 1s. 7½d. per lb.;
- (ii) that they have been received by the retailer enclosed in a band or bearing a label which bears the following

"These sausages are warranted to contain not less "than 67 per cent. of pork and may, under a licence "of the Food Controller, be sold by retail at a price "not exceeding 1s. 10d. per lb.;" and

(iii) that they are enclosed in such band or bear such label as aforesaid when exposed for sale by the retailer.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

11th May, 1918.

THE MEAT (LICENSING OF EXPORT) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 29TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 580.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not either on his own account or for the Licensing of account of any other person sell by wholesale meat which is in wholesa Ireland for delivery to any destination outside Ireland.

(a) after the 17th June, 1918, unless he has applied for a licence under this Order; or

(b) after the 15th July, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted under this Order by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland (hereinafter called the Department).

wholesale

⁽a) MEAT RETAIL PRICES (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, No. 2, 1918 .-That Order is printed, p. 330.

Mode of application for a licence.

2. Every application for a licence under this Order shall be made to the Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland (Veterinary Branch), Upper Mount Street, Dublin, on a form to be prescribed by the Department, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.

Information and inspection.

3. The holder of any licence under this Order shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to his dealings in dead meat together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Department as to the form and contents of such records, and shall permit any person authorised by the Department to inspect all such records, books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in dead meat as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Department, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his dealings in dead meat as may from time to time be required by the Department.

Permits for export.

4. No meat shall after the 17th June, 1918, be sent, taken, consigned or shipped from any part of Ireland to any destination outside Ireland except under the authority and subject to the conditions of a Permit granted in respect of such meat by an officer of the Department duly authorised in that behalf.

Conditions of licences and permits.

5. Every licence or permit issued under this Order shall be subject to the conditions (if any) specified therein, and shall be produced by the holder upon the demand of any person authorised by the Department or any officer of Police or Customs.

Consignments to be made to authorised persons.

6. A person shall not after the 17th June, 1918, send, take, consign, or ship any meat from Ireland to any person other than a person authorised by the Food Controller to take delivery of meat sent, taken, consigned, or shipped from Ireland, and no person shall take or agree to take delivery of any meat, sent, taken, consigned or shipped from Ireland except a person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller.

Interpre tation.

7. For the purposes of this Order, "Meat" shall mean any meat including sausages and edible offal, obtained from cattle (including calves) sheep, lambs and goats; but not preserved or potted meat.

Penalty.

8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

S. R. & O., No. 196 of 1918, revoked as to Ireland. 9. The Meat (Licensing of Wholesale Dealers) Order, 1918,(a) shall after the 17th June, 1918, cease to apply to Ireland, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

⁽a) MEAT (LICENSING OF WHOLESALE DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 317.

10. This Order may be cited as the Meat (Licensing of Export) Title. (Ireland) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. II. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th May, 1918.

THE CANNED MEAT (NETT WEIGHTS) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 3RD JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 598.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Detence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that, exceptunder the authority of the Food Controller, the following Regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not after the 31st August, 1918, sell or Canned offer or expose for sale, or deliver pursuant to any contract of sale, whether by wholesale or by retail, any canned meat unless the container in which such canned meat is so sold. offered or exposed for sale or delivered bears a label stating clearly the nett nett weight weight of the meat therein.

meats not to be sold except in container labelled with of meat.

Warranties.

- 2. If in any proceedings for an infringement of Clause 1 of this Order it is proved that the container in question bears a label with an untrue statement of the nett weight of the meat in the container, but the defendant proves-
 - (a) that the canned meat in question was delivered to him in a container bearing that label, or had been sold to him with a guarantee in writing that the nett weight was the weight stated on the label; and
 - (b) that he had no reason to believe that the weight stated upon such label was untrue; and
- (c) that he has given due notice to the prosecutor of his intention to rely on the provisions of this clause, he shall be entitled to be discharged from the prosecution.
- 3. A person shall not either on a label or in a guarantee or False stateotherwise make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statement as to the nett weight of meat in a container which is sold, exposed or offered for sale or delivered pursuant to a con- guarantee tract of sale, or fraudulently alter any label attached or to be or otherwise. attached to any such container.

ments either on a label or Interpretation.

- 4. For the purpose of this Order: "Canned Meat" shall include canned, preserved, and potted meat of all kinds, including the meat of rabbits, game and poultry, whether such meat is the whole or only part of the contents of the container in which the same is sold or delivered.
- "Container" includes tins, glasses, jars, and other like vessels.

Mxception.

5. This Order shall not until further notice apply to canned meat which is proved to have been in the possession of a retail dealer before the 1st August, 1918.

Penalty.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

7. This Order may be cited as the Canned Meat (Nett Weights) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

3rd June, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 10, 1918, UNDER LIVE STOOK (SALES) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 624.

S. R. & O., No. 517 of 1918. The Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice sales of calves' heads and feet free from the restrictions on the sale of veal imposed by Clause 2 of the above Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th June, 1918.

⁽a) LIVE STOCK (SALES) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 339.

THE MEAT RETAIL PRICES (SCOTLAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 13TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 862.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall apply to all persons concerned:

1. (a) On and after the 21st July, 1918, no meat may be sold Maximum by retail at a price exceeding the maximum prices for the time retail prices. being applicable under this Order.

- (b) The maximum prices applicable on a sale by retail of meat shall be such prices as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller by notice under this Order, and shall until further notice be the prices set out in the Schedule.
- 2. Where on the occasion of a retail sale the meat is delivered Terms of at the request of the buyer otherwise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery not exceeding ½d. per lb., or any larger sum actually and properly paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing or packages or for giving credit.

3. (a) Where any minced steak is sold or offered or exposed Mince, for sale, such minced steak shall be deemed to be exclusively Minced composed of shoulder steak, and the price determined accord- Steak and ingly, unless such steak has been minced at the request of the customer.

- (b) Where any person buys any kind of steak and requires the same to be minced, such steak shall be minced by the selier without charge.
- (c) Where any mince or minced steak or sausages are exposed for sale, the retailer shall exhibit in connection therewith a notice clearly stating the quality thereof and the maximum price chargeable therefor.
- 4. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or Fictitious offer to buy any meat by retail at prices exceeding the prices transactions fixed by or under this Order or in connection with the sale or disposition of any meat enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

- 5. This Order shall not apply to sales of cooked meat.
- 6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 7. On and after the 21st July, 1918, Part 2 of the Meat S.R. & O., (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, (a) as subsequently amended shall Nos. 903 and be revoked as respects Scotland but without prejudice to any pro- 943 of 1917. ceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

5789

⁽a) MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 300.

Title and extent of Order.

- 8. (a) This Order may be cited as the Meat Retail Prices (Scotland) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall apply only to Scotland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th July, 1918.

Uniform Scale of Maximum Retail Prices for Meat. Scotland.

BEEF.

Joint.	THEF.				70 '		77
Joine.					Price		lb.
70 4 79 80					s.		
Pope's Eye Steak			Best St	eak		2	
Heuk Bone Steak			,,		2	2	
Rump Steak			,,		2 2	2	
Aitch Bone Steak			,,			2 2 2	
Fillet			,,		2	2	
Round Steak (Rump)					1	10	
Roast Steak			• • •		1	10	
Shoulder Steak					1	8	
Stewing Beef					1	6	
Thick or Face of Flank		•••			$\bar{1}$	6	
Sirloin Roast					ī	8	
Rib Roast					î	6	
Boiling Cuts—		•••	•••	•••	•	0	
Nineholes					1	2	
Flank (Loin)	•••		•••	• • • •	1	$\tilde{2}$	
Thin Ribs				• • • •	1	2	
Brisket with bone	•••		•••	• • •	1	õ	
Do. boneless		•••		• • •	- 1	8	
Runner or other boiling	or out	with	hono		1	3	
Hough or Skink—	ig cuts	with	попе	• • •	1	0	
					0		
First or top cuts Middle cut		• • •	• • •	• • •	0	9	
	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	1	3	
Without bone	• • •			• • •	1	5	
Rump Rounds, Pickled		•••		• • •	1	10	
Brisket Rounds, Pickled	l		• • •	• • •	1	8	
				•••	1	0	
Suet	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	.1	3	
Beef Bones			***	• • •	0	3	
Mince, other than Minc					1	4	
Sausage to contain 50 pe				ess			
than 67 per cent. of	f meat		•••	• • •	1	3	

BEEF-cont.

DEET-COICE.			
Joint.	Price	per	lb.
·		d.	
Sausage Meat containing 50 per cent. or more			
but less than 67 per cent. of meat	. 1	1	
Sausage containing not less than 67 per cent. of	į.		
meat		6	
Sausage meat containing not less than 67 per			
cent. of meat	. 1	4	

The maximum price per lb. for minced steak is the same as the maximum price for the steak from which it is minced.

MUTTON AND LAMB. .

Joint.		Price per lb.				
			s. d.			
Gigots (Whole)	 	 	1 6			
Do. (Short Cut)	 	 	1 8			
Do. (Centre Cut)	 	 	1 10			
Chump	 	 	0 10			
Loin (Whole)	 	 	1 7			
Do. (Cut)	 	 	1 8			
Shoulders whole or cut	 	 	1 6			
Flanks	 	 	1 2			
Gigot Chops	 	 	1 10			
Loin Chops	 	 	1 10			
Shoulder Chops	 	 	1 6			
Breast and Shank	 	 0 0.0	1 0			
Short Necks	 	 	0 9			
Suet	 	 	1 3			
-						

PORK.

Joint.			P	rice per lb.	
				s. d.	
Legs (Whole)			 	1 10	
Do. cut knuckle end			 	1 8	
Do. cut middle			 	2 0	
Do. sliced (boneless)			 	2 0	
Loin (piece)	• • •	• • •	 	1 10	
Loin Chops			 	2 0	
Back Ribs or Shoulder	Chop	S	 	1 10	
Shank			 	0 9	
Runner			 	1 8	
Brisket			 	1 4	
Flank or Belly			 • • •	1 8	
Leaf Lard	•••	• • •	 	1 5	
5789				M 2	

PORK-cont.

Joint.					ì	Price	per	lb.
						S.	d.	
Heads, including	tongue					0	10	
Heads ex tongue						0	9	
Tongue						1	8	
Hocks						0	9	
Feet				,		0	5	
771 771						ĭ	ŏ	
Pork Bones	•••				•••	õ	5	
Sausage containin		less	than	50 per	cent	•	0	
				oo per	CCH U.	1	7	
Sausage meat con						1	•	
			ress	than of	per	-	-	
cent. of pork	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	5	

Pickled pork can be sold at 1d. per lb. above fresh pork prices, but must not be sold as bacon.

For Sausages and Sausage Meat containing less than 50 per cent. of meat (including pork) the price is not to exceed 10d. per lb.

THE POULTRY AND GAME (PRICES) ORDER, 1918 DATED THE 18TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 886.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned;

General restriction.

- 1. (a) A person shall not on or after the 1st August, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale, or buy or offer to buy any poultry or game alive or dead, or any part thereof, at prices exceeding the maximum prices for the time being applicable under this Order.
- (b) Until further notice the maximum prices for poultry and game of a kind mentioned in the Schedule to this Order shall be at the rates applicable according to such Schedule and the subsequent provisions of this Order.
- (c) The Food Controller may from time to time by notice under this Order prescribe further or other prices for poultry and game whether or not mentioned in the Schedule.
- 2. (a) On the occasion of a sale, other than a sale by retail, of any poultry or game of a kind mentioned in the Schedule, the maximum price shall be the price applicable according to the First Column of such Schedule.

Maximum prices on sales by wholesale.

- (b) The maximum price is fixed on the basis of the following terms and conditions being applicable to the transaction:-
 - (i) Payment to be net cash within 7 days of completion of delivery, and moneys then unpaid thereafter to carry interest not exceeding the rate of 5 per cent. per annum or Bank Rate, whichever shall be the higher.
 - (ii) Delivery to be at the seller's expense to the buyer's nearest railway station.
 - (iii) No charge to be made for killing, trussing, plucking, packing, or any matter incidental thereto; except that the seller may make an additional charge for the cost of the packages in which the poultry or game is packed; provided that such sum shall be re-paid by the seller to the buyer on return of such packages in good condition to the seller's nearest railway station.
- (c) Where the contract is made on terms and conditions other than the above a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price. In particular, where any poultry or game is sold carriage forward, the maximum price shall be decreased by a sum equal to the cost of such carriage.
- 3. (a) On the occasion of a sale by retail of any poultry or game Maximum of a kind mentioned in the Schedule the maximum price shall be prices on the price applicable according to the Second Column of such sales by Schedule.

(b) Where any poultry or game is delivered at the request of the buyer otherwise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery not exceeding a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb., or any larger sum properly and actually paid by the seller for carriage.

No charge may be made for killing, trussing, plucking, packing packages, or for giving credit.

4. For the purposes of this Order the following provisions shall Rules have effect as regards all sales namely:— (i) The weight of any live poultry shall be deemed to be

applicable to all sales.

- 10 per cent. less than the actual live weight thereof.
- (ii) The weight of dead poultry shall be taken to be the weight thereof, without feathers but with all offal.
- (iii) The weight of any cockerel, pullet, cock or hen, or domestic duck shall be deemed not to exceed 6 lbs. per bird.
- (iv) In estimating the maximum price of any poultry any broken halfpenny shall count as a halfpenny.

5. A Food Committee may from time to time by resolution Powers of a vary the maximum price applicable on a sale of poultry or game Food by retail within their area or any part of their area, but

(a) Every such resolution shall be reported to the Food Controller within 5 days and shall not take effect until 3 days after the same has been sanctioned by the Food Controller; and

Committee.

(b) Every resolution by a Food Committee under this Clause shall be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or varied as he may direct.

Increased prices in certain cases.

6. Where poultry or game is sold by wholesale to a person carrying on business in an area in which the maximum price applicable on a sale of poultry by retail has been increased by the Food Committee for that area, the seller may add to the maximum price applicable under this Order a sum at a rate not exceeding the rate by which the maximum price applicable on a sale of poultry or game by retail has been so increased.

Notices.

- 7. (a) Every person selling poultry or game by retail shall keep posted in a conspicuous position so as to be easily readable by all customers throughout the whole time during which poultry or game is being sold or exposed for sale a notice showing in plain words and figures the maximum price for such poultry or game for the time being in force under this Order, and also the actual price at which poultry or game are at such times being sold by him.
- (b) This clause shall not apply to a person selling poultry by retail at the premises on which such poultry were reared, provided that the total stock of such person does not exceed 100 head.

Contracts.

8. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that under any contract for the sale of poultry or game subsisting on the 1st August, 1918, the poultry or game cannot be sold at a reasonable profit by reason of the maximum prices fixed by this Order, the Food Controller may, if he thinks fit, cancel such contract or modify the terms thereof in such manner as he shall think fit.

Fictitious transactions.

9. A person shall not, in connection with the sale or proposed sale or disposition of any poultry or game, enter or offer to enter into any unreasonable or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Definition.

10. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Food Committee" means any Food Control Committee constituted in any part of the United Kingdom under the authority of the Food Controller.

Exception.

- 11. Nothing in this Order shall apply to the sale or purchase of any poultry for breeding, laying, or rearing purposes, provided that:—
 - (i) The purchaser declares in writing that the purchase is made for such purpose; and
 - (ii) No poultry which is killed within 1 month of such purchase shall be deemed to have been bought for breeding, laying, or rearing purposes; and

- (iii) In any proceedings against a person for purchasing any poultry at a price exceeding the maximum price permitted by the Order, the burden of proving that such poultry was purchased for breeding, laying, or rearing purposes shall be on the person charged.
- 12. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 13. (a) This Order may be cited as the Poultry and Game Title and commencement of the Chicago Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st August, 1918. Order.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

18th July, 1918.

The Schedule.

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR POULTRY AND GAME.

		-				
	First C	Column.	Second	Column.		
	At a rate per lb. of.	Not exceeding for any one bird.	At a rate per lb. of.	Not exceeding for any one bird.		
Cockerels, Pullets, Cocks and Hens. Guinea Fowls Turkeys Domestic Ducks Geese Grouse and Black Game (Young birds hatched in the year 1918 and sold prior to 1st November, 1918). All other Grouse and Black Game.	s. d. 2 2 — 2 2 1 10 1 4 —	s. d. 13 0 5 6 11 0 4 3	s. d. 2 8 — 2 8 2 3 1 8 —	s. d. 16 0 7 0 13 6 5 6		

RATIONING ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 17TH, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 14_A ("Rationing Schemes"), (p. 522), prescribes Meat to be a Rationed Food.]

THE SLAUGHTERHOUSES (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 19TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 896.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Licensing of slaughterhouses.

- 1. A person shall not keep or occupy any premises as a slaughterhouse for cattle—
 - (a) after the 15th August, 1918, unless he has applied for a licence under this Order in respect of such premises; or
 - (b) after the 31st August, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted under this Order in respect of such premises by or on behalf of the Food Controller.
- 2. (a) Every application for a Licence under this Order shall be made to the Live Stock Commissioner for the area in which the premises are situate on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.
- (b) Applicants for a licence under this Order who are the holders of Certificates of Registration as keepers of slaughter-houses issued under the Meat (Control) Order, 1917,(a) shall on making application for a licence under this Order return such Certificates for cancellation.

S. R. & O., No. 1203 of 1917.

Inspection and information.

3. The holder of any licence under this Order shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to cattle slaughtered by him and his dealings in the carcases thereof together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller to inspect all such records, books, documents and accounts and also to inspect the premises in respect of which he is licensed under this Order. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his trade or business as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his trade or business as the Food Controller may from time to time require.

Issue and revocation.

4. A licence shall be granted under this Order to such persons and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine, and any such licence may at any time be revoked by the Food Controller.

⁽a) MEAT (CONTROL) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 305.

- 5. Every licence under this Order shall be produced by the Production holder upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food of licences. Controller.
- 6. In the event of the transfer of a slaughterhouse in respect of Transfer of which a licence is granted under this Order or in the event of premises and the death of the holder of such a licence it shall be lawful for licensee. the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such licence on making an application for a new licence in respect of the licensed premises to keep or occupy such premises as a slaughterhouse from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Live Stock Commissioner in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of the licence was entitled to by virtue thereof.

7. "Live Stock Commissioner" means in England and Wales Interpretaa Live Stock Commissioner and in Scotland a Deputy Live Stock tion. Commissioner appointed by the Food Controller.

- "Cattle" shall include in addition to cattle usually so called, calves, sheep, lambs, goats, and swine.
- 8. The provisions of this Order shall have effect in addition to Existing and shall not be in substitution for any existing statutory pro- statutory visions.

9. The Meat (Control) Order, 1917,(a) so far as it relates to the Revocation, registration of persons keeping or occupying premises as S. R. & O., slaughterhouses for cattle, and Certificates issued under this Order to such persons, are hereby revoked as from the 15th August, 1918.

No. 1203 of

- 10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 11. (a) This Order may be cited as the Slaughterhouses Title and (Licensing) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall not extend to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th July, 1918.

⁽a) MEAT (CONTROL) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 305.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JULY 18, 1918, UNDER MEAT RETAIL PRICES (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, No. 2, 1918.(a).

1918. No. 921.

S.R. & O., No. 372 of 1918. The Food Controller hereby authorises, until further notice, sales by retail of sausages manufactured by any of the persons named in the Schedule hereto at a price not exceeding by more than 1d. per lb. the maximum retail price for the time being in force which but for this licence would be applicable to such sausages provided that:—

- (i) The sausages so sold have been received by the retailer enclosed in a band or bearing a label which bears the name of the manufacturer of the sausages and the following words:—Special Price. By licence of the Food Controller these sausages may be sold by retail for 1d. per lb. more than the ordinary maximum retail price for this kind of sausage; and that
- (ii) They are enclosed in such band or bear such label as aforesaid when exposed for sale by the retailer.

Provided also that the list of persons mentioned in the Schedule hereto may be varied from time to time by public notice made by the Food Controller.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

18th July, 1918.

SCHEDULE.

Annacker, Ltd., 19, William Street, Glasgow.
Aplin & Barrett, Wanton Road, Yeovil.
G. G. Baxter, 52, Minories, London, E.
Bowyer, Philpot & Payne, Fore Street, Trowbridge.
Central Wilts Bacon Co., Ltd., Devizes.
Davy & Sons, Paternoster Row, Sheffield.
Oliver Dring, Brixton Road, London, S.W.
Drings, Ltd., 14, King Street, West Smithfield.
Excel Co., Ltd., Carpenter's Road, Stratford, E.
Fuller & Son, Brooksby Walk, Homerton.
Goodwins, Ltd., Poole, Dorset.
W. Gunstane & Son, Broad Street, Sheffield.
C. & T. Harris & Co., Ltd., Calne, Wilts.
Hillier's Bacon Co., Nailsworth, near Stroud.
Highbridge Bacon Factory, Highbridge.

⁽a) MEAT RETAIL PRICES (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, No. 2, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 330.

Marsh & Baxter, Brierly Hill, Staffs. J. Morgan, 111, Digbeth, Birmingham. Myerscough, Ltd., 30, Shepherd Street, Preston, Lancs. Oake, Wood & Co., Gillingham, Dorset. Palethorpes, Ltd., Dudley Port, Staffs. G. & G. Prideaux, Ltd., Motcomb, Dorset. Pullin, Thomas & Slade, Bristol. R. Seager, St. Peter Street, Ipswich. C. Shippam, Ltd., 47, East Street, Chichester. J. R. Smith & Son, Ltd., 7-19, Whitley Hill, Bradford. Spear Bros. & Clark, Broad Plain, Bristol. Victoria Provision Co., 40, Chelmer Road, Homerton, N.E. R. D. Waddell, Ltd., 81, Napiershall Street, Glasgow. T. Wall & Sons, 113, Jermyn Street, London, S.W. S. Ward, Ltd., 219, Broad Street, Birmingham. G. Wilkinson, Melton Works, Leicester. Wiltshire Bacon Curing Co., Ltd., Chippenham. S. J. Wright & Co., Ltd., Taunton.

DIRECTIONS FOR RETAILERS OF BACON AND HAM; AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^A. ("Rationing Schemes") (p. 540)].

DIRECTIONS FOR PORK BUTCHERS AND FOR RETAILERS OF MISCEL-LANEOUS MEAT AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^A. ("Rationing Schemes") (p. 541)].

DIRECTIONS FOR GENERAL BUTCHERS AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^A. ("Rationing Schemes") (p. 544)].

DIRECTIONS RELATING TO THE AMOUNT OF RATIONED FOOD, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14⁴. ("Rationing Schemes") (p 546)].

11. Milk, Butter and Cheese. (a) (b)

British Cheese Order, 1917, as amended, p. 370.

Notices thereunder (First-hand prices), pp. 421, 434.

British Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 425.

General Licence thereunder (Supply to employees, &c.), p. 434 Butter Order, 1918, p. 439.

Butter (Distribution) Order, 1917, p. 382.

Directions thereunder (Retail Prices), p. 431.

Directions thereunder (Licensing of Wholesale Dealers), p. 438.

Butter (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 394.

Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, p. 363.

Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 367.

Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, No. 3, 1917, p. 367. Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, No. 4, 1917, p. 369.

Butter (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1917, p. 376.

Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, No. 5, 1917, p. 379.

Butter (Maximum Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 421.

Caerphily Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 433.
General Licence thereunder (Supply to employees, &c.), p. 434.
Canada Candanad Milly (Pagasicities) Order, 1918, p. 410.

Canned Condensed Milk (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 419. Canned Condensed Milk (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 432.

(a) Carriage of Refrigerated Dairy Produce.—In 1917 three Orders in Council (all printed as Statutory Rules and Orders) of which the dates and scope are specified below requisitioned for the carriage of refrigerated produce the insulated spaces in certain British steamships.

Date of Order in Council.	St. R. & O. number.	British Steamships insulated spaces in which were requisitioned.
April 13, 1915	1915—303	All steamships trading between the Commonwealth of Australia or the Dominion of New
April 29, 1915	1915—385	Zealand and the United Kingdom. Steamships owned by certain Companies trading between the Argentine or Uruguay Republics
Oct. 14, 1915	1915—999	and the United Kingdom or Europe. Certain steamships specified by name trading between the Argentine or Unguay Republics and the United Kingdom or Europe.
*		

Two further Orders in Council of Nov. 10, 1915 (1915, No. 1071), and Dec. 22, 1915 (1915, No. 1219), empowered the President of the Board of Trade to requisition,—

(i) any British ship registered in the United Kingdom for the carriage of food-stuffs;

(ii) the insulated spaces for the carriage of refrigerated produce in any British steamship registered in the United Kingdom or hereafter to be so registered and fitted or hereafter to be fitted with such spaces and not liable to requisition under the three first-mentioned Orders in Council.

All these five Orders in Council are printed pp. 400-409 of Vol. I of the

Annual Volume of St. R. & O. for 1915.

Regulation 39BBB (3) of the Defence of the Realm Regulations empowers the Shipping Controller to requisition any ships or any cargo spaces in any ships "in order that they may be used in the manner best suited for the needs of the country."

(b) COLD STORAGE.—As to taking of articles out of, and into, cold store,

see the Cold Storage (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 204.

Cheese (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 428.

Directions thereunder (Retail price), p. 437.

Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 362. Cocoa-Butter (Provisional Prices) Order, 1918, p. 413

Cocoa-Butter (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 424.

Condensed Milk (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 400. Condensed Milk (Returns) Order, 1917(a), p. 389.

Cream Order, 1917, p. 385.

Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 386.

Notice thereunder (First-hand Prices), p. 398.

Dutch Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 415.
Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, p. 414.

Food Control Committees (Milk Requisition) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 383.

Ice Cream (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 393.

General Licence thereunder (Water Ice, &c.), p. 427.

Imported Canned Condensed Milk (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 412.

Importers (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 421.

Margarine (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 417.

Margarine (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, p. 381.

General Licence thereunder (Wholesale Price in Ireland),
p. 420.

Margarine (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1917, p. 390.

Margarine (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 398. Margarine (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 416.

Notice thereunder (Date of Operation in Scotland), p. 420.

Notice thereunder (Prices), p. 436. Milk (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 426.

Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918, p. 401.

Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1), 1918 (Power of Local Authorities under the Order), p. 403.

Circular to Local Authorities, p. 404.

Milk Products (Import Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 436,

Milk (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 394. General Licence thereunder (Exemption of Small Retailers), p. 400.

General Licence thereunder (Sales by Wholesale and Accomodation Sales), p. 406.

Milk (Returns) Order, 1917, p. 363.

Milk (Summer Prices) Order, 1918, p. 406.

General Licence thereunder (Small Quantities), p. 431. Milk (Summer Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, p. 429. Milk (Use in Chocolate) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 388.

Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 399. Rationing Order, 1918, p. 436.

Directions thereunder (Retailers of Sugar, Butter and Margarine and Lard, and their Customers), p. 438.

Directions thereunder (Amount of Rationed Food), p. 438.

Use of Milk (Licensing) Order, 1918, p. 422.

General Licence thereunder (Milk Preparations), p. 430.

⁽a) CONDENSED MILK (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917.—This Order also restricts dealings in imported milk.

THE CHEESE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917, DATED MAY 29, 1917, AS AMENDED BY APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918,(a) DATED MARCH 11, 1918.

1917 No. 510, as amended by 1918 No. 294.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders

1. All cheese which shall after the date of this Order arrive in the United Kingdom from the United States of America, the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, or the Dominion of New Zealand shall be placed and held at the disposal of the Food Controller.

2. The cheese is taken over by the Food Controller from the original consignees, and the Food Controller will subsequently communicate to them the prices which he will be prepared to pay

for the same.

3. Except as otherwise determined by the Food Controller in any particular case, all contracts for sale of any such cheese made by the original consignees or any persons claiming under them are cancelled and sellers and/or buyers are to stand released from all liability as to brokerage.

4. The arbitrator to determine in default of agreement the compensation to be paid for any article requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, and by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland. (a)

5. Original consignees of cheese are required to furnish to the Board of Trade, Whitehall Gardens, S.W. 1, on or before the 9th June, 1917, full particulars of all engagements for cheese taken over whether bought, consigned, or agreed to be bought or consigned, date of shipment, invoice price and such other particulars as may from time to time be required.

6. This Order shall not apply to cheese agreed to be bought by

the Board of Trade.(b)

7. This Order may be cited as the Cheese (Requisition) Order. 1917.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

29th May, 1917.

(a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 4.—This clause was inserted in its present form

by the Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 294).

(b) IMPORTED CHEES' ROUGHT BY BOARD OF TRADE.—The General Regulations for the sale and distribution of cheese imported from Australia, Canada, New Zealand, and United States on account of H.M.'s Government are printed in Appendix IV. 1 ("Cheese") to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 465.

THE MILK (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED JULY 31, 1917.

1917. No. 776.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2G of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders as follows :-

- (1) All persons engaged in the production, purchase, sale, distribution, transport, storage of any milk, shall furnish particulars as to their businesses as may from time to time be specified by or on behalf of the Food Controller, and shall verify the same in such manner as he may direct.
- (2) Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- (3) This Order may be cited as the Milk (Returns) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour. Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st July, 1917.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED AUGUST 31, $1917.(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{c})$

1917. No. 913.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F First hand of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers Price. enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1.—(a) On and after the 3rd September, 1917, butter shall not be sold by or on behalf of the importer or the maker thereof at a price exceeding the maximum price for the time being prescribed by the Food Controller as the first hand price.

(b) APPLICATION TO IRELAND.—This Order ceased to apply to Ireland as from April 19, 1918. See Butter (Maximum Prices) (I) O., 1918, p. 421.

(c) REVOCATION.—This Order is revoked as from August 7, 1918, by the

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—This Order was amended by the Butter (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1917, printed p. 376, and also as to First Hand Prices as from various dates by the series of Orders specified in footnote (a) to p. 364.

Butter Order, 1918, printed p. 439.

(b) Until further notice the first hand price shall for the several varieties of butter mentioned in the schedule to this Order be a price at the rate set forth in the Schedule as applicable thereto.(a)

Wholesale Price. 2.—(a) On and after 3rd September, 1917, no person (other than an importer in respect of butter imported by him or a maker in respect of butter made by him) shall sell any butter at a price which exceeds by more than the permitted amount whichever shall be the less of the two following prices namely:—

(i) the price paid by him for such butter or

- (ii) the first hand price fixed by this Order or where further or other first hand prices are fixed under this Order the first hand price in force at the time of his purchase.
- (b) The permitted amount shall be a sum at the rate of 7s. 6d. per cwt., with the addition of—

(i) all monies, if any, actually paid for transport, after sale

by the importer or maker; and

(ii) necessary cold storage charges or expenses (not exceeding the rates current in the district where stored) incurred by the seller before the 3rd September, 1917.

(c) The amount of the monies paid for transport or paid or charged for cold storage shall be shown separately on the invoice.

(d) In any proceedings the burden of proving the amount actually paid for transport shall lie upon the person charged.(b)

3. Clauses 1 and 2 of this Order shall not apply to a retail sale. 4.—(a) On and after 10th September, 1917, no person shall sell butter by retail at a rate per lb. exceeding by more than $2\frac{1}{2}d$. the actual cost to him of the butter sold.

(b) An additional sum not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. may be charged for giving credit and for delivery otherwise than by post

or rail. No additional charge may be made for packages.

(c) The actual cost shall in the case of all butter (other than butter imported or made by the person in question) be the net price paid for such butter (not exceeding the maximum price applicable under Clause 2 hereof) together with all monies actually paid for transport not included in such price, and in the case of all butter [imported or made by the person in question](a) in respect of which there is for the time being a first hand price

.(a) ALTERATION OF FIRST HAND PRICE FOR BUTTER.—By the Butter (Maximum Prices) Orders Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5 the first hand prices were varied as follows:—

As from Sept. 24 by Order No. 2, printed p. 367.
,, Oct. 2 by Order No. 3, printed p. 367.
,, Oct. 26 by Order No. 4, printed p. 369.

,, Nov. 6 (or as regards Danish butter, Nov. 13) by Order, No. 5,

printed p. 379.

(b) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Butter (Maximum Prices) Amendment Order, 1917, printed p. 376, revoked Clauses 2 (d) and 4 (d) of the present Order and directed the insertion of the words inserted within brackets in Clause 4 (c): it also made other amendments. Clause 5 (e) was revoked by the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual. But by the Butter (Maximum Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1918 (p. 421), the whole of this O der ceased to apply to sales in Ireland of Butter made in Ireland, until the Food Controller by Notice otherwise directs.

Exception from Clauses 1 and 2.

shall be the first hand price in force at the time of sale, together with any monies actually paid for transport in the United

(d) In any proceedings the burden of proving the actual cost

of the butter sold shall lie on the person charged.(a)

5.—(a) A Food Control Committee may from time to time prescribe Powers of a scale of maximum prices applicable to sales of butter by retail a Food in their area, and may from time to time revoke or vary any scale Control so prescribed. Any scale prescribed under the powers conferred by this clause shall be in accordance with any general directions which may from time to time be given by the Food Controller.

(b) Where any scale has been so prescribed then (subject to any limitations or exceptions prescribed by the Committee) no butter shall be sold by retail within the area of the Committee at prices

exceeding the prices provided by the scale.

(c) Where the Food Controller so directs a Food Control Committee shall in exercise of the powers and duties conferred by this clause act in combination with any other Food Control Committee or Committees and in such case the scale or scales prescribed shall apply to the areas of all such Committees.

(d) Compliance with the terms of a scale prescribed under the provisions of this clause shall not relieve any person from the necessity of complying with the provisions of clause 4 of this

Order.

(e) This clause shall not apply to Ireland. (a) (b)

6. A person shall not sell or offer for sale or buy or offer to buy Offers and any butter at prices exceeding the maximum prices provided by or conditions. under this Order, or in connection with any sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of butter enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make any unreasonable charge.

7. Every person dealing in butter shall keep accurate records Records. containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order so far as they relate to him or his trade, and shall make such returns as to his trade in butter as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or a Food Control Committee. All such records and relevant documents shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

8. For the purposes of this Order the expression "importer" Interpretashall include the person sighting the shipper's draft; but this provision shall not be construed so as to limit the general inter-

pretation of that expression.

The expression "maker" shall include a blender of butter. The expression "retail sale" shall include any sale of a quantity not exceeding 4 lbs. of butter by the maker of such butter where the total quantity of butter so sold by the maker to the buyer in any one calendar week does not exceed 8 lbs.

Committee.

(a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—See footnote (b), p. 364. (b) IRISH BUTTER TRADE. This has been hitherto regulated by the Butter Trade (Ireland) Acts of 1812 (52 Geo. 3, c. 134), 1827 (7 & 8 Geo. 4, c. 61), and 1829 (10 Geo. 4, c. 41). Those Acts were repealed as to the borough of Cork which has a special Butter Market Act (47 & 48 Vict. c. cxix).

Penalty. '

Title of Order.

The expression "Food Control Committee" shall mean a committee appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

10. This Order may be cited as the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st August, 1917.

The Schedule.

FIRST HAND PRICES.(b)

					Per doz. lbs.
French Fresh Rolls (ex po	rt)				24s,
•	Í				Per 112 lbs.
,, Paris (unsalted) (e	x port)				220s.
Australian	,,				206s.
New Zealand		• • •			208s.
Argentine	,,	•••	•••		206s.
C J:	99 .				206s.
Amaniaan	.99	•••	•••	•••	000
Irish Creamery, or other k			•••	,	2000.
56-lb. boxes					206s. net.
28-lb. boxes and casks					207s. ,,
Kegs			•••		208s. "
Irish Creamery or factory	for :-		• • •		Per doz. lbs.
Rolls or bricks (1 or 2					
(1 lb)	2-10.)	•••	•••	•••	203. Het.
$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb.)	•••	•••	•••		
Prints (1-lb.)				•••	25s. 9d. ,,
Blended Butter, English I					0.5
Rolls and bricks (1 or	2-10.)	•••	• • •	• • •	25s.
", $(\frac{1}{2}-lb)$.					
Prints $(\frac{1}{2}$ -lb.)					25s. 9d.
(All unsa	Ited 3s.	per cwt.	extra.)	
77 . 1 .1 .		7		7.	. 2 27 2

Except where the price is stated as a net price, discount shall be allowed at 2d. in the £ for cash within 7 days and at 1d. in the £ for cash within one calendar month.

(b) ALTERATION IN FIRST HAND PRICES.—By the Butter (Maximum Prices) Orders Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5 the First Hand Prices were varied as follows:—

⁽a) "FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE."—This expression now under Clause 2 of the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual, includes the Food Control Committee for Ireland, as to whom see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, also printed in Part III. The Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, is also printed in Part III.

As from Sept. 24 by Order No. 2, printed p 367. "Oct. 2 by Order No. 3, printed p. 367. "Oct. 26 by Order No. 4, printed p. 369. "Nov. 6 (or as regards Danish butter Nov. 13) by Order No. 5,

printed p. 379.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, No. 2, 1917. DATED SEPTEMBER 20, 1917.

1917. No. 965.

Pursuant to Clause 1 (a) of the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) the Food Controller hereby prescribes maximum prices at the rates set forth in the Schedule hereto as the first-hand prices for the several varieties of butter mentioned in such Schedule upon all sales of butter by or on behalf of the importer or maker thereof for delivery on or after the 24th September, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th September, 1917.

The Schedule.

FIRST HAND PRICES.(b)

Per doz. lbs. French Fresh Rolls (ex port) ... 26s.

Per 112 lbs.

Paris (unsalted) (ex port) 238s.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, No. 3, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 2, 1917.

1917. No. 1009.

Pursuant to Clause 1 (a) of the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) the Food Controller hereby prescribes maximum prices at the rates set forth in the Schedule hereto as the first hand prices for the several varieties of butter mentioned in such Schedule upon all sales of butter by or on behalf of the importer or maker thereof for delivery on or after the 2nd October, 1917.

Rhondda,

Food Controller.

2nd October, 1917.

⁽a) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.- That Order is printed p. 363.

⁽b) FIRST HAND PRICES.—By the Butter (Maximum Prices) Orders Nos, 2, 3, 4, and 5 the First Hand Prices were varied as follows:-

As from Oct. 2 by Order No. 3, printed below.

" Oct. 26 by Order No. 4, printed p. 369.

" Nov. 6 (or as regards Danish butter, Nov. 13) by Order No. 5, printed p. 379.

The Schedule.

FIRST HAND PRICES.(a)

				,			
		S.	d.				
Australian (ex port)	•••	206	0	per	112	lbs.	
New Zealand (ex port)		208	0	,,	99	22	
Argentine (ex port)		206	0	99	99	99	
Canadian (ex port)	• • •	206	0				
American (ex port)		206	0				
56 lb. boxes		224	0	99	22	99	net.
28 lb. boxes and casks		225	0				,,
Kegs	• • •	226	0				"
Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)		238	0				19
Rolls, Bricks, or Prints (1 lb.)	·	242	8				"
		•		,,	,,	,,	77.
56 lb. boxes		220	0		••		net.
	• • • •		_				,,

Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)	•••						"
Rolls, Bricks or Prints († lb.)							22
Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.O.R							"
British made Butter (ex Creamery	Fac-		Ŭ	"	"	"	"
tory, or Farm)		230.	0				
				"			
Rolls, Bricks or Prints (4 lb.)							
·- /							, 1
				er.	II u	nsaı	tea,
3s. per cwt. extra	ın eac						
French Fresh Rolls (ex port)	• • •	26	0	per	doze	n lb	s.
" Paris unsalted (ex port)	• • •	238	0	,,	112	,,,	
Blended Butter, English Fact	tory,						
delivered:—							
Rolls and Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)	'	25	0	99	doze	n lb	s.
	•••	25	3	39	,,	•	,
Prints $(\frac{1}{2} lb.)$	•••	25	9	99	99	9	,
The first hand prices for French	and	Blend	ьа	But	tare		
	New Zealand (ex port) Argentine (ex port) Canadian (ex port) American (ex port) Irish Creamery, F.O.R.:— 56 lb. boxes 28 lb. boxes and casks Kegs Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks, or Prints (½ lb.) Irish Factory or Farmers' Butto original packages, F.O.R.:— 56 lb. boxes 28 lb. boxes and casks Kegs Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks or Prints (½ lb.) Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.O.R British made Butter (ex Creamery, tory, or Farm) Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks or Prints (½ lb.) Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.O.R British made Butter (ex Creamery, tory, or Farm) Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks or Prints (½ lb.) NOTE.—The above prices are all for 3s. per cwt. extra French Fresh Rolls (ex port) Rolls and Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)	New Zealand (ex port) Argentine (ex port) Canadian (ex port) American (ex port) Irish Creamery, F.O.R.:— 56 lb. boxes 28 lb. boxes and casks Kegs Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks, or Prints (½ lb.) Irish Factory or Farmers' Butter in original packages, F.O.R.:— 56 lb. boxes 28 lb. boxes and casks Kegs Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks or Prints (½ lb.) Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.O.R. British made Butter (ex Creamery, Factory, or Farm) Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks or Prints (½ lb.) Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.O.R. British made Butter (ex Creamery, Factory, or Farm) Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.) Rolls, Bricks or Prints (½ lb.) NOTE.—The above prices are all for salt 3s. per cwt. extra in eac French Fresh Rolls (ex port) Paris unsalted (ex port) Rolls and Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)	Australian (ex port)				

The first hand prices for French and Blended Butters are the same whether salted or unsalted.

Except where the price is stated as a net price, discount shall be allowed at 2d. in the £ for cash within seven days, and at 1d. in the £ for cash within one calendar month.

⁽a) FIRST HAND PRICES.—By the Butter (Maximum Prices) Orders, Nos. 4 and 5, the First Hand Prices were further varied as follows:—

As from Oct. 26 by Order No. 4, printed p. 369.

[&]quot; Nov. 6 (or as regards Danish Butter, Nov. 13) by Order No. 5, printed p. 379.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, No. 4, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 26, 1917.

1917. No. 1093.

Pursuant to Clause 1 (a) of the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, (a) the Food Controller hereby prescribes maximum prices at the rates set forth in the Schedule hereto as the first hand prices for the several varieties of butter mentioned in such Schedule upon all sales of butter by or on behalf of the importer or maker thereof for delivery on or after the 26th October, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

26th October, 1917.

The Schedule.

FIRST HAND PRICES.(b)

			7			
Australian (an mont)		S. (110	11	
Australian (ex port)	2		0 per			
		24	() ,,	,,	99	
	2	20	0 ,,	,,	,,	
	2	24	0 ,,	,,	,,	
American (ex port)	2	20	0 ,,		,,	
Irish Creamery, F.O.R.:—						
F 0 13 3	2	24	0	,,		net.
00 11 1 1 1		25 .	0 ,,			
T		26	0 ,,		"	"
		38	0			"
D 11 D 1 D 1 (1 11)	_	42	0		,,,	, ,
		i~	8 ,,	21	"	31
5	n.					
original packages, F.O.R.:—	00	20	0			
		20		,,	23	,,
		21	0 ,,	٠,,	,,	,,
			0 ,,	,,	,,.	,,
Rolls or bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)	23	34	0 ,,	,,	,,	,,
Rolls, Bricks, or Prints $(\frac{1}{2} lb.)$.	23	38	8 ,,		,,	22
Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.O.R	2. 21	10	0 ,,	, ,	,,	£ 3
British Made Butter (ex Creamery					•	1 .
Factory or Farm)		30	0 ,,	,,	,,	
Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)			~ ′′	,,	"	
Rolls, Bricks, or Prints (1/2 lb.)			8 ,,			
			,,		"	
Note.—The above prices are all for sal				II u	nsal	ted,
3s. per cwt. extra in e	ach c	ease.				

⁽a) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 363.
(b) FIRST HAND PRICES.—By the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order (No. 5) (printed p. 379), the first hand prices were varied as from Nov. 6, or as regards Danish Butter from Nov. 13

French Fresh Rolls (ex port) ,, Paris unsalted (ex port) Blended Butter, English F	28	
delivered:		
Rolls and Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)	25	0 per dozen lbs.
Rolls and Bricks ($\frac{1}{2}$ lb.)		
Prints $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.})$	25	9 ,, ,,

The first hand prices for French and Blended Butters are the same whether salted or unsalted.

Except where the price is stated as a net price, discount shall be allowed at 2d. in the £ for cash within seven days, and at 1d. in the £ for cash within one calendar month.

THE BRITISH CHEESE ORDER, 1917, DATED OCTOBER 31, 1917 (a) AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER OF MARCH 28, 1918.(b)

1917 No. 1105 as amended by 1918 No. 386.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Extent and Interpretation.

1. This Order applies only to Cheese made in the United Kingdom other than and except cream cheese, soft cheese and re-made cheese and the word "Cheese" as used in this Order extends only to Cheese so made and with the same exceptions. (a)

First Hand Prices.

- 2. (a) Upon any sale of cheese by or on behalf of the maker thereof (not being a sale by retail), the Maximum price shall be the price for the time being prescribed by the Food Controller as the Maximum First Hand Price for the cheese sold with the additions mentioned in Clause 7 of this Order in cases to which that clause applies.
- (b) Until further notice the Maximum First Hand Price for each of the varieties of Cheese specified in the Schedule hereto shall be a price at the rate mentioned in relation thereto in the second column of the same Schedule.
- (c) A Maximum price for the time being in force under this clause is hereinafter referred to as a "maximum first hand price" and the actual price at which any cheese is sold by the maker thereof (being a price not greater than the maximum first hand price) is hereinafter referred to as the "actual first hand price" of such cheese.

⁽a) EXTENSION OF ORDER TO DUTCH CHEESE.—This Order is by the Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917 (p. 386), applied with certain modifications to Dutch Cheese.

⁽b) AMENDING ORDER OF MARCH 28, 1918.—This Order added new Clauses 7A and 7B and varied the Schedule of maximum prices.

- (d) Where the cheese is carried by the maker in his own cart or van for or in the course of delivery to the purchaser the maker may charge for such carriage at a rate not exceeding 6d. per cwt. if the distance in a straight line is less than 10 miles or 1s. per cwt. if such distance equals or exceeds that limit.
- 3. (a) Upon a sale of cheese by or on behalf of any person other than the maker thereof (not being a sale by retail and except as provided by Clauses 4 and 5 of this Order) the maximum price shall be a price at the same rate per cwt. as the actual first hand price of the cheese with the addition of the following sums or such of them as may be applicable, viz .: -

Wholesale Dealers' Prices.

- (i) A sum at the rate of 8s. per cwt. in the case of Caerphilly Cheese and at the rate of 6s. per cwt. in the case of any other variety of cheese. The addition authorised by this sub-clause is hereinafter referred to as "The Wholesale Bulk Profit."
- (ii) A further sum at the rate of 1s. 6d. per cwt. upon a sale of not exceeding 56 lbs. in weight such sum to be added once only to the price of any cheese.

(iii) The amount, if any, paid or payable in respect of the

carriage or transport of the cheese.

- (iv) Where the cheese has been or is, either on the purchase or on the sale thereof, carried by the seller in his own van or cart the seller may charge for such carriage at a rate not exceeding 6d. per cwt. if the distance in a straight line is less than 10 miles or 1s. per cwt. if such distance equals or exceeds that limit.
- (b) The total sum charged in respect of carriage or transport shall be separately stated in the invoice upon any sale but the details of the charge need not be stated unless required by the purchaser.
- (c) The sum at the rate of 1s. 6d. per cwt. authorised by subsection (a) (ii) of this clause shall not be added upon any sale of cheese if in the same week other cheese is sold by the same seller to the same buyer amounting therewith to a quantity exceeding 56 lbs. and if in any such case any part of the said sum is added upon an earlier sale the amount so added shall be allowed by way of deduction on the later sale.
- 4. Where a dealer in cheese who has purchased any cheese First Wholedirect from the maker thereof (hereinafter called "a first dealer") saiers' or is selling the same to a dealer in cheese (hereinafter called "a second dealer ") who is purchasing with a view to re-selling to on sales to a retail dealer or retail dealers and if required by the seller so Second certifies in writing and undertakes to make the further payment prescribed by this clause in case he otherwise deals with the same then and in every such case the sum which may be added by the first dealer in respect of the wholesale bulk profit shall be reduced to 5s. per cwt. in respect of Caerphilly cheese and 4s. per cwt. in respect of any other cheese. But if the second dealer deals with any such cheese otherwise than by resale to a retail dealer or retail dealers he shall within fourteen days so inform the first dealer in writing and shall pay to the first dealer a further sum

Factors' reduced profit Wholesalers equal to the difference between the wholesale bulk profit actually added by the first dealer in respect of the cheese so dealt with and the amount which he might have added if the second dealer had not purchased for resale to a retail dealer or retail dealers.

Maximum Price on Sale by Second Wholesaler. 5. Where a dealer sells by wholesale any cheese purchased by him at a price which included a sum in respect of the wholesale bulk profit he may upon such resale add to the price such a further sum in respect of wholesale bulk profit (not exceeding the sum which he might have so added if he had purchased the cheese direct from the maker) as will make up the total sum added to the price of the cheese in respect of the wholesale bulk profit to the rate of 10s. per cwt.

Sale by Retail.

- 6. (a) The maximum price upon a sale of Cheese by retail shall be the actual cost of the cheese sold with an addition thereto at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}d$. per pound and such price shall include all charges for making delivery or giving credit.
- (b) For the purpose of this clause the actual cost of cheese not made by the retailer shall be taken at the price paid or payable by him for the cheese (not exceeding the maximum price authorised by this Order) together with the amount (if any) paid or payable or deemed to have been paid by him in respect of transport and not included in such price and the actual cost of cheese made by the retailer shall be the maximum first hand price of such cheese together with the amount, (if any) paid or deemed to have been paid by him in respect of transport.
- (c) Where the price paid by a retail dealer for cheese does not include delivery to his own retail premises and the cheese is carried to his retail premises in his own cart or van he shall be deemed to have made a payment for such carriage at the rate of 6d. per cwt. if the distance in a straight line is under ten miles or at the rate of 1s. per cwt. if such distance equals or exceeds ten miles.

Additions to price for shrinkage. 7.(a) (a) Any maker of cheese or dealer who after the date when this Order comes into force holds a Whole Milk Cheese (other than cheese of the Caerphilly, Stilton or Wensleydale types) for a period of not less than 14 days may upon a sale of the cheese add to the price authorised by the preceding clauses of this Order a sum at the rate of 1s. per cwt. for every complete period of 14 days during which he has so held the same, such sum to be calculated according to the weight of the cheese when resold, provided always that:—

(i) In applying this clause to any cheese the first 21 days after the making thereof shall not be taken into

account;

(ii) In applying this clause to cheese held by the maker thereof no time prior to the 1st December, 1917, shall be taken into account as part of a period of 14 days; and

⁽a) ADDITIONS FOR SHRINKAGE.—Clause 7 has no application to Dutch Cheese to which other provisions of this Order are applied by the Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 386.

- (iii) This clause shall not apply to any cheese made after the date when this Order comes into force unless it is indelibly marked immediately after it is made with the date of its manufacture.
- (b) Except as provided by this clause no addition shall be made to the price per pound of cheese to compensate for shrinkage.
- (c) Where any addition is made to the price of any cheese by virtue of this clause by any person other than the maker of the cheese a corresponding addition shall be deemed to have been made to the actual and maximum first hand prices of the cheese.
- (d) No person shall mark any cheese with a false or misleading date.
- (e) The time in respect of which additions may be made to this price under this clause shall cease so soon as the cheese is cut.
- 7. A. The provisions of Clause 7 of this Order shall not apply in the case of cheese delivered by or on behalf of the maker thereof on or after the 1st April, 1918, and the following provisions shall have effect as regards such cheese:-

(a) The maker of any such cheese (other than cheese of the Caerphilly, Wensleydale, Stilton and "Small Holder "types) shall cause the same to be indelibly marked immediately after it is made with the date of its manufacture.

- (b) No addition shall be made to the price of any such cheese to compensate for shrinkage.
- 7. B. For the purpose of Clause 7 of this Order, no time after March 31st, 1918, shall be taken into account as part of a period of 14 days.(a)
- 8. (a) A Food Control Committee may from time to time prescribe a scale of maximum prices applicable to sales of cheese by stail in their area, and may from time to time revoke or vary any scale so prescribed. Any scale prescribed under the powers conferred by this clause shall be in accordance with any directions which may from time to time be given by the Food Controller.

(b) Where any scale has been so prescribed then (subject to any limitations or exceptions prescribed by the Committee) no cheese shall be sold by retail within the area of the Committee at

prices exceeding the prices provided by the scale.

(c) Where the Food Controller so directs a Food Control Committee shall in exercise of the powers and duties conferred by this clause act in combination with any other Food Control Committee or Committees and in such case the scale or scales prescribed shall apply to the areas of all such Committees.

(d) Compliance with the terms of a scale prescribed under the provisions of this clause shall not relieve any person from the necessity of complying with the provisions of clause 6 of this

Order.

Powers of a Food Committee.

⁽a) CLAUSES 7 A and 7 B .- These new clauses were inserted by the amending Order of March 28, 1918.

Restriction on Sales.

9. No cheese other than Caerphilly cheese shall be delivered by the Maker thereof within twenty-one days after it is made.(a)

Discount.

10. Where on any sale of Cheese a discount is allowed at a rate of 2d. in the £ for cash in seven days or at a rate of 1d, in the £ for cash in one month the price upon such sale shall for the purpose of this Order be reckoned at the full price before deducting the discount.

Wrappings included in Prices.

- Purchasers may rely upon Vendors' statements.
- 11. The Maximum Prices prescribed by this Order include in each case suitable wrappings or packages.
- 12. Where the Maximum price at which cheese may be sold by any person depends upon the amount of any sum or sums paid or payable in relation thereto by any former seller such person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement as to the amount of the sum or sums so paid or payable that may have been made to him by the person from whom he bought the cheese unless he has reason to suspect the truth of such statement.

Prices to be exhibited.

13. Every retailer of cheese shall so long as he shall have any cheese on sale display prominently at the shop or other place of sale a statement or statements showing the prices at which he is selling cheese at such shop or place and when he is selling different varieties of cheese at different prices the statement or statements shall be in such form or so displayed as to show which is the price of each variety and shall on reasonable demand give to any person authorised pursuant to clause 14 of this Order all such information as may be necessary for showing which of the documents and records mentioned in that clause relate to the cheese which he has for the time being on sale. No retailer of cheese shall sell cheese at a price higher than that shown on any statement so displayed.

Records.

14. Every person dealing in Cheese shall keep accurate records containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or no he is complying with the provisions of this Order, so far as they relate to him or his trade, and shall make such returns(b) as to his trade in cheese as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or a Food Control Committee. All such records and relevant documents shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee.

Offers and Conditions 15. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any cheese at prices exceeding the maximum prices provided by or under this Order, or in connection with any sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of cheese enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or propose any unreasonable charge.

⁽a) Delivery Within 21 days of making.—Clause 9 has no application to Dutch Cheese to which other provisions of this Order are applied by the Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 386.

⁽b) RETURNS.—By Notice of December 21st, 1917 (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1319), omitted from this Manual as now "spent," a return of all British Cheese in stock on December 31st, 1917, was required.

16. For the purpose of this Order the expression "Food Interpreta-Control Committee" means a committee appointed in pursuance tion. of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) or as respects Ireland the Committee constituted for Ireland by the Food Controller.(b)

A sale of cheese by the maker thereof shall not be deemed to be a sale by retail if the quantity sold exceeds 4 lbs. or if the quantity sold together with any other cheese sold in the same calendar week by the same maker to the same purchaser exceeds a total of 8 lbs.

17. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

18. This Order shall not apply to sales of cheese for immediate Exception. consumption in the ordinary course of a catering business.

19. The Cheese (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, is hereby Repeal. revoked as on the date when this Order comes into force, but without prejudice to any proceedings for infringements thereof.(c)

20. (a) This Order may be cited as the British Cheese Order, Title and Commence. 1917.

ment.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 5th November, 1917

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st October, 1917.

The Schedule (d)

Variety of Cheeses.	First hand Prices for delivery until 31st March, 1918, inclusive.
Wensleydale and similar makes, ripened Stilton, ripened Any Whole Milk Cheese not exceeding 2 lbs. weight uncut. Caerphilly All other Whole Milk Cheese Partially skimmed (British)	1 6 per lb. 129 0 per cwt. of 112 lbs.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND .- See the Food Control Com-

(c) CHEESE (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed at p. 126 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual." The first hand prices under that Order were varied by the Cheese (Maximum Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917, printed at p. 137 of the said Manual—such prices from November 1st onwards being identical with those fixed by the present Order. onwards being identical with those fixed by the present Order.

(d) Variation in First hand Prices.—This Schedule was inserted by the

amending Order of March 28, 1918. The First hand Prices were further varied by notices dated May 14, 1918, and July 17, 1918, printed at pp 421 and 434

respectively.

	First hand Price	es for Delivery—
Variety of Cheeses.	Between 1st April, 1918 and 30th April, 1918, inclusive.	On and after 1st May, 1918, until further notice.
Caerphilly Whole Milk Partially skimmed Wholly skimmed	1s. $4\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. 1s. 3d. ,, 1s. $1\frac{1}{2}d$. ,,	1s. 2d. per lb. 1s. 0½d. ,, 0s. 11d. ,,
	First hand Price	es for Delivery—
Variety of Cheeses.	Between 1st April, 1918 and 31st May, 1918, inclusive.	On and after 1st June, 1918, until further notice.
Ripened Stilton and Wensleydale (blue) Dorset—Hand skummed blue ,, —Separated blue ,, —White All other whole milk cheese ,, partially skimmed cheese ,, wholly skimmed cheese	1s. 7d. per lb. 1s. $4\frac{1}{2}d$. ,, 1s. $3d$. ,, 1s. $1\frac{1}{2}d$. ,, 1s. $6d$. ,, 1s. $3d$. ,, 1s. $1\frac{1}{2}d$. ,,	1s. 7d. per lb. 1s. 2d. " 1s. $0\frac{1}{2}d$. " 0s. $11d$. " 1s. $0\frac{1}{2}d$. " 1s. $0\frac{1}{2}d$. " 0s. $11d$. "

In all cases prices are ex factory or ex farm.

All these prices are subject to the following terms, namely: For cash within seven days 2d. in the £ discount.

For cash within one month 1d. in the £ discount.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 31, 1917.(a)(b)

1917. No. 1110.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders as follows:-

1. The Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(c) is in this

Order referred to as the "Principal Order."

2. (a) For the purposes of the Principal Order the first hand price for Irish Creamery Factory or Farmers' Butter in Firkins shall be at the same rate as the first hand price for the same butter in 56 lb. boxes.

(b) The first hand price for any butter in rolls bricks or prints of any greater weight than 1 lb. shall be at the same rate as for butter of the same variety in rolls bricks or prints of 1 lb. and the first hand price of any butter in rolls bricks or prints of less

(a) APPLICATION TO IRELAND.—This Order ceased to apply to Sales in

Ireland of butter made in Ireland as from April 19, 1918, until the Food Controller by Notice otherwise directs, see Butter (Maximum Prices) (I.) Order, 1918, p. 421.
(b) REVOCATION.—This Order is revoked as from August 7, 1918, by the

Butter Order, 1918, printed p. 439.
(c) Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed

p. 363.

Principal Order. First hand price.

weight than 1 lb. shall be at the same rate as for the butter of

the same variety in rolls bricks or prints of $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

(c) Where butter of any variety is sold in a form in respect of which no first hand price is for the time being specifically provided, the lowest first hand price for the time being applicable to that variety of butter in any form shall apply.

(d) Where in relation to any variety of imported butter no first hand price is for the time being prescribed, the Principal Order shall apply with the substitution of the price at which the butter is actually sold by the Importer for the first hand price.

3. (a) Butter blended in Great Britain shall in no case be sold Blended by wholesale by the blender at a price exceeding the first hand butter. price or the alternative maximum price specified in the following

sub-clauses of this clause whichever shall be the less.

(b) The Alternative Maximum price of blended butter shall be the cost price of the butter to the blender with an addition at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. of the butter as blended if sold in rolls bricks or prints of 1 lb. or upwards and at the rate of 3d. per lb. if sold in rolls bricks or prints of less than 1 lb. and at the rate of 10s. per cwt. if sold in any other form. The prices fixed by this clause are on the basis that the butter is delivered to the purchaser's ordinary business premises or to the consumer's premises and if the sale is made for delivery elsewhere the price shall be

correspondingly reduced.

(c) The cost price of the butter to the blender shall be taken to be the first hand price for the time being of the butter or the price actually paid by the blender whichever is the less with the addition of any cost of transport or marine or war risks insurance not covered by the first hand price including a fair charge for carriage in the blender's own van or cart on the occasion of the purchase by the blender not exceeding the rate authorised by Clause (6) (a) of this Order, except that where the butter of any variety used for blending is bought by the blender in bricks, rolls or prints he shall be deemed to have purchased the same at the first hand price of bulk butter of the same variety.

(d) Clause 4 of this Order shall not apply to a sale of blended

butter in rolls bricks or prints.

4. Upon a sale by wholesale not exceeding 24 lbs. of butter not Small sales constituting a whole original package a charge at the rate of by wholesale. \$d. per lb. may be made in addition to the maximum charge authorised by Clause 2 of the Principal Order but if two or more sales are made by a dealer to the same purchaser in the same week the said charge shall not be made in respect of any butter

after the first 24 lbs. so sold in the week.

5. (a) Where a quantity of butter not exceeding 56 lbs. is sold Sales by to a retail dealer by a dealer who upon his own purchase paid a price which included the whole or part of the wholesale profit of 7s. 6d. per cwt. permitted by Clause 2 of the Principal Order, the dealer may on the occasion of such sale add to the price authorised by Clause 2 of the Principal Order a further sum at the rate of 4s. per cwt.; provided that if two or more sales are made by a dealer to the same purchaser in the same week the further charge authorised by this clause shall not be made in respect of any butter after the first 56 lbs. so sold in the week.

wholesaler.

(b) The additional charge authorised by this clause may, in cases to which Clause 4 of this Order applies, be made in addition to the charge at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. authorised by that clause.

Carriage of butter by wholesale dealer.

6. (a) Where butter is either on the purchase or on the sale thereof carried by a wholesale dealer in his own van or cart, he shall be deemed to have paid for carriage at the rate of 6d. per cwt. if the distance measured in a straight line is less than ten miles or at the rate of 1s. per cwt. if the distance equals or exceeds that limit, but if the dealer carries the butter in his own cart or van both upon his own purchase thereof and upon the sale thereof, the distances upon the two occasions measured separately in manner aforesaid shall be added together and the charge regulated by the total distance.

(b) Where butter is transported by sea any sum paid for marine and war risk insurance shall be treated as part of the

cost of transport.

(c) On any wholesale dealing the part of the price which represents the cost of transport or carriage shall be separately stated in the invoice but the details of the charge need not be stated

unless required by the purchaser.

7. Where the price paid by a retail dealer for butter does not include delivery to his own retail premises and the butter is carried to his retail premises in his own van or cart he shall be deemed to have made a payment for such carriage at the rate of 6d. per cwt. if the distance measured in a straight line is under ten miles or at the rate of 1s. per cwt. if the distance equals or exceeds ten miles.

8. Where a retailer blends butter in a blending factory registered before the date of this Order pursuant to the Butter and Margarine Act, 1907.(a) he may in respect of such blending treat the cost price of the butter as increased by a sum at the rate of 4s. per cwt. calculated according to the weight of the

butter as blended.

9. Where on a sale of butter a discount is allowed at a rate not exceeding 2d. in the £ for cash within any specified period not exceeding one calendar month the price upon such sale shall for the purpose of this Order be reckoned at the full price before

deducting discount.

10. Where the maximum price at which butter may be sold by any person depends upon the amount of any sum or sums paid or payable in relation thereto by any former seller such person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement as to the amount of the sum or sums so paid or payable that may have been made to him by the person from whom he bought the butter, unless he has reason to suspect the truth of such

11. The maximum prices prescribed by the Principal Order or this Order include in each case suitable wrappings or packages.

Wrappings included in prices.

(a) REGISTERED BLENDING FACTORIES.—As to the registration of such factories under the 1907 Act (7 Fdw. 7. c. 21), see as to England and Wales, Order of the Local Government Board of Dec. 28, 1907 (St. R. & O., 1907, No. 1021); as to Scotland, Order of the Local Government Board for Scotland of Jan. 1, 1908 (St. R. & O., 1908, No. 12); and as to Ireland, Order of the Local Government Board for Ireland of Dec. 11, 1907 (St. R. & O., 1907, No. 985).

Retail prices.

Butter Blended by a retailer.

Discount.

Purchasers may rely

upon

vendor's

statements.

12. Every retailer of butter shall so long as he shall have any Prices to be butter on sale display prominently at the shop or other place exhibited. of sale a statement or statements showing the prices at which he is selling butter at such shop or place and when he is selling different varieties of butter at different prices the statement or statements shall be in such form or so displayed as to show which is the price of each variety and shall on reasonable demand give to any person authorised pursuant to Clause 7 of the principal Order all such information as may be necessary for showing which of the documents and records mentioned in that clause relate to the butter which he has for the time being on sale. No retailer of butter shall sell butter at a price higher than that shown on any such statement.

13. The Principal Order and this Order shall not apply to sales Exception. of butter for immediate consumption in the ordinary course of a

catering business.

14. There shall be inserted after the word "butter" in the Amendment sixth line of Clause 4 (c) of the Principal Order the words "im- of Clause 4 ported or made by the person in question."

15. The Principal Order shall be read as varied so far as Principal necessary to bring it into conformity with the provisions of this Order and shall take effect as if the provisions of this Order had been originally incorporated therein and Clauses 2 (d) and 4 (d) of the Principal Order are hereby rescinded.

16. (a) This Order may be cited as the Butter (Maximum Title and

Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 5th November, Order. 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st October, 1917.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER (No. 5), 1917.

1917. No. 1122.

Pursuant to Clause 1 (a) of the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order 1917, (a) the Food Controller hereby prescribes maximum prices at the rates set forth in the Schedule hereto as the first hand prices for the several varieties of butter mentioned in such schedule upon all sales of butter by or on behalf of the importer or maker thereof for delivery, as to Danish Butter on or after the 13th November, 1917, and as to all other varieties of butter on or after the 6th November, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

3rd November, 1917.

(c) of the Principal

Order to take effect as amended.

Commencement of

⁽a) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 363.

The Schedule:

			S.	d.				
Australian (ex port)	••		220	0	per	112	lbs.	
N 7 . 1 . 1	17		224	0	,,	,,	,,	
A (••		220	0	99 -	,,	"	
C 1. (1)	••		224	0	99	,,	29	
American (ex port)			220	0	99	,,	,,	
Daniel (229	0	99	22	,,	
Donat also (or as a such)	••		229	0	99	22	,,	
Irish Creamery, F.O.R.:—								
56 lb. boxes	••		224	0	,,	,,	22	net.
28 lb. boxes and casks	••		225	0	99	,,	22	33
Kegs			226	0	,,	,,	: ,	"
Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)			238	0	22	,,	29	99
Rolls, Bricks, or Prints (½ lb.)		• • •	242	8	99	,,	22	95
Irish Factory or Farmers' B	utter	in						
original packages, F.O.R.:-	_							
56 lb. boxes	••		220	0	,,	"	٠,	15
28 lb. boxes and casks			221	0	22	,,	22	99
Kegs	• •		222	0	22	: 9	22	29
Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)			234	0	99	59	19	37
Rolls Bricks or Prints (½ lb.)			238	8	22	55	19	,,
Irish Farmers' Lump Butter, F.	O.R.		210	0	,,	,,	,,	,,
British made Butter (ex Creame	ery Fa	c-						
tory or Farm)			230	0	99	99	9 92	,,
Rolls or Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)			244	0	,,	99	,,	99
Rolls Bricks or Prints $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.})$	• •		248	8	99	99	99	99
Note.—The above prices are a	all for	sal	ted bu	ıtt	er.	If	unsa	lted
3s. per cwt. ex								
				_				
F . I F . I Della (s.	d.		3	71	
French Fresh Rolls (ex port)		• • •	28		per		_	os.
,, Paris unsalted (ex port)		• • •	256	ð	,,	112	٠,) 9
Blended Butter, English	iacto	ry						
delivered:—			96	0		J	11	
Rolls and Bricks (1 or 2 lbs.)		• • •	26		per	uoz	en II	JS.
Rolls and Bricks $(\frac{1}{2} lb.)$.		••;	26		99	99		"
Prints $(\frac{1}{2}$ lb.)	••	•••	26	9	99.	"		"
mi e i i e ta	1.1	7 1	D1 1	7	D	4		4.7

The first hand prices for French and Blended Butters are the same whether salted or unsalted.

Except where the price is stated as a net price, discount shall be allowed at 2d, in the £ for cash within seven days, and at 1d. in the £ for cash within one calendar month.

THE MARGARINE (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 10, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1162.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. On and after the 26th November, 1917, no margarine may Maximum be sold at prices exceeding the maximum prices applicable under

the provisions of this Order.

2. (a) The maximum price applicable on the occasion of any Prices on sale of Margarine, other than a retail sale, shall be at the rate wholesale of 10d. per lb., except that "Oleo Margarine," one of the wrappers of which bears the words "Oleo Margarine" and the name and address of the maker, may be sold at the rate of 1s. 2d. per lb.

(b) The maximum prices fixed by this Clause shall include all charges for packages and for transport and handling incident to delivery to the Buyer's Railway Station or Buyer's premises and no person shall on any sale to which this clause applies sell any Margarine except upon the terms that all such charges are borne by him.

3. (a) On the occasion of a retail sale of Margarine the Prices on maximum price shall be at the rate of 1s. per lb. except that retail sale. Oleo Margarine having such a wrapper as is hereinbefore mentioned and sold in the original package may be sold at the rate

of 1s. 4d. per lb.

(b) The maximum prices fixed by this Clause shall include all charges for delivery, credit and suitable wrappings, and no

additional charge may be made in respect thereof.

4. Where any contract for the sale of any Margarine provides Contracts. for the payment of a price in excess of the maximum price, such contract shall be avoided except so far as concerns any

Margarine delivered before the 17th November, 1917.

5. Where the maximum price at which Margarine may be sold Vendor's by any person depends upon the constituents of such Margarine statements. such person shall be entitled to rely upon a written statement as to such constituents made to him by the person from whom he has bought the Margarine unless he has reason to suspect the truth of such statement.

6. No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or agree Offers and to buy Margarine at a price exceeding the price applicable under fictitious this Order or in connection with a sale or proposed sale or dis- transaction. position of any Margarine enter or offer to enter into any fictitious

or artificial transaction.

prices for Margarine.

(b) INCREASE OF PRICE ON CERTAIN SALES.—A General Licence, dated April 10, 1918, printed p. 420, authorises an increased price on sales other than retail

in Ireland.

⁽a) EXTENT OF APPLICATION.—This Order was wholly revoked so far as it applies to Great Britain as from April 8, 1918, by the Margarine (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 416.

Meaning of "Oleo-Margarine."

7. "Oleo Margarine" shall mean Margarine which contains not less than 55 per cent. in weight of the following fats:-Oleo Oil; Oleo Stearine; Premier Jus; and Choice and Extra Choice Neutral Lard, but does not contain any hardened Oil.

Penalty.

8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences under the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

9. This Order may be cited as the Margarine (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th November, 1917.

THE BUTTER (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 14, 1917.

1917. No. 1163.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Forms of application, &c., may be prescribed.

1. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe forms of application and other documents to be used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with, butter proposed to be distributed or for the time being in the course of distribution by or under the authority of the Food Controller (hereinafter called Government Butter). Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or any other matter.

(b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, disposal and use of Government

Butter.(a)(b)

2. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such form or document and in the distribution, disposal or use of any Government Butter comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

False statements, &c.

Completion

of forms of application,

&c.

3. A person shall not:

(a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order or used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with, Government Butter.

1918, printed p. 438, all dealers in Government Butter must hold, as from

August 17, 1918, a licence issued by the Food Controller.

⁽a) FIXING OF MAXIMUM PRICES.—By directions dated June 22, 1918, printed p. 431, the Food Controller fixed Maximum prices for Government Butter as from June 24, 1918. These directions are revoked as from Aug. 7, 1918, by Butter Order, 1918, printed p. 439.

(b) LICENSING OF WHOLESALE DEALERS.—Under Directions, dated July 31, 1919.

(b) Forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other

(c) Personate, or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document

applies.

(d) Obtain Government Butter where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular, or deliver Government Butter under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular.

4. Any form of application, or other document purporting to Prescribed be prescribed pursuant to this Order, or headed Butter (Distribu- forms. tion) Order, 1917, shall, unless the contrary be proved be deemed

to be prescribed pursuant to this Order.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Butter (Distribution) Order, Title. 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th November, 1917.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (MILK REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 19, 1917, (a) AS AMENDED BY APPOINT-MENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918,(b) DATED MARCH 11, 1918, AND BY AMENDING ORDER OF MARCH 25, 1918.(c)

1917 No. 1186, as amended by 1918 Nos. 294 and 370.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulations 2F and 2J of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller

hereby Orders as follows:-

1. (a) Where a Food Committee are of opinion that there is Power to an insufficient supply of milk available for consumption within requisition their area and that such insufficiency arises from a diversion milk. or withholding of supplies formerly retailed within their area, the Committee shall have power to require or direct any producer of milk who, in the opinion of the Committee, is diverting

(b) APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918.—This Order substituted

a new clause for Clause 3.

⁽a) FOOD COMMITTEE'S GENERAL POWERS OF REQUISITIONING FOODSTUFFS FROM RETAILERS.—In addition to the power of the present Order of requisitioning milk from producers, Committees have under the Food Control Committees (Requisitioning) Order, 1918 printed in Group 9A ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning"), p. 278, a general power subject to the Food Controller's directions of requisitioning any foodstuffs from any retailers in Great Britain

⁽c) AMENDING ORDER OF MARCH 25, 1918.—This Order substituted a new clause for Clause 2.

or withholding any milk, to hold at the disposal of the Committee such quantities of milk produced by him as the Committee may from time to time determine and to deliver the same in bulk to the Committee or such persons as they may name in the customary vessels and otherwise in such manner as the Committee may from time to time determine.

(b) Every person to whom any direction is given under the power conferred by this Clause shall duly comply with such direction and no person shall be relieved from the necessity of complying with any such direction by reason of any contracts, or arrangements made by him as to the disposal of his milk.

(c) A Food Committee shall exercise the powers hereby conferred upon them only with the previous consent of the Food Controller, and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller

may from time to time prescribe.

(d) A Food Committee may dispose of milk acquired by them pursuant to this Order in such manner as they shall think fit.

- 2. A Food Committee shall agree to pay in respect of milk requisitioned under this Order the maximum price payable to a producer under any Order of the Food Controller for the time being in force and applicable to such producer.(a)
- 3. The Arbitrator to determine in default of Agreement the compensation to be paid for any article requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, and by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.(b)

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. For the purposes of this Order, "Food Committee" means a Food Control Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(c)

6. (a) This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees (Milk Requisition) Order. 1917.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 21st November.

(c) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th November, 1917.

(a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 2.—This Clause was inserted in this form by the amending Order of March 25, 1918.

(b) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 3.—This Clause was inserted in its present form by the Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 294).

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

Price.

Arbitrator.

Penalty.

Meaning of "Food Committee."

Title, Commencement, and extent of Order.

1917.

THE CREAM ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 20, 1917, AS CON-TINUED BY ORDER OF APRIL 27, 1918.(a)

1917 No. 1192, as amended by 1918 No. 480.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. No person shall after the 8th December, 1917, use any cream Use and sale except for the purpose of making butter or for such other pur- of Cream. poses as the Food Controller may from time to time authorise; and no person shall after the 8th December, 1917, sell, supply or acquire or offer to sell or supply or attempt to acquire any cream except for such purposes.

2. Clause 1 of this Order shall not affect:—

(a) Before the 15th January, 1918, the use, sale, supply or from Order. acquisition of preserved or sterilized cream made

before the 20th November, 1917.

(b) The consumption of fresh cream by children under the age of five years, patients in hospitals and other similar institutions, and invalids or other persons needing cream in the interests of their health, or the sale, supply or acquisition of cream for the purpose of such consumption, or with a view to its sale or supply for such consumption: Provided that where cream is sold, supplied or acquired for the purpose of such con-

> sumption it shall not be sold, supplied or acquired otherwise than in accordance with such a statement

as is hereinafter mentioned.

3. (i) Where cream is sold or supplied for the purpose of such Statements. consumption as is permitted under Clause 2 (b) of this Order, the person selling or supplying the same shall require to be furnished with a statement in writing signed by his customer stating:-

(a) In cases where the cream is to be supplied for consumption by a child, the name, age, and address of the child, the maximum amount to be supplied, and the person to whom it is supplied;

(b) In case where the cream is to be supplied for consumption by patients in hospitals or other similar institutions, the name and address of the hospital or other institution and the maximum amount to be supplied;

(c) In cases where cream is to be supplied for consumption by an invalid or other person needing cream in the interests of his health, the name and address of the invalid or such other person, the maximum amount to be supplied, the period of supply, and the name and address of a duly qualified medical practitioner who has authorised such supply, and the date of such authority.

Exceptions

⁽a) CONTINUATION OF CREAM ORDER, 1917.—By the amending Order of April 27, 1918, this Order was continued until further notice, and Clause 8(b) was revoked.

(ii) All such statements shall be preserved by the person supplying any cream thereunder, and shall be produced and dealt with by him as directed by any person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

Disclosure to be required and given. 4. All parties to any transaction affecting cream shall require or correctly disclose (as the case may be) all such information as may be necessary or required by such parties as aforesaid or by or under the authority of the Food Controller or any Food Committee for the purpose of satisfying them or him that the provisions of this Order have not been or are not being contravened.

False statements.

5. A person shall not knowingly make or connive at the making of any false statement for the purpose of obtaining a supply of cream.

Interpreta-

6. The expression "Food Committee" shall mean in respect of any area in Great Britain the Food Control Committee established for such area pursuant to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) and in respect of Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller. (b)

Penalty.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and duration of Order. 8.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Cream Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall cease to be in force on the 30th April, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous contravention thereof. (c)

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th November, 1917.

THE DUTCH CHEESE (PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 8, 1917.

1917. No. 1247.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under

was continued in force until further notice, and Clause 8 (b) was revoked.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

(c) DURATION OF ORDER.—By the Order of April 27, 1918, the Cream Order

the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations

shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. Subject to the provisions hereinafter contained the British Cheese Order, 1917,(a) shall apply to Dutch Cheese in the same way as it applies to British Cheese other than Caerphilly Cheese, with the following modifications:—

(a) The word "importer" shall be substituted for the word

"maker."

(b) Upon any sale of Dutch Cheese by or on behalf of the importer thereof not being a sale by retail the maximum price shall be the price for the time being prescribed by the Food Controller as the maximum first hand price for such cheese.(b)

(c) Until the 17th January, 1918, the maximum first hand price for each of the varieties of Dutch Cheese specified in the schedule hereto shall be a price at the rate mentioned in relation thereto in such schedule.

(d) Clauses 7 and 9 of the British Cheese Order, 1917.(a)

shall not apply to Dutch Cheese.

2. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "importer" shall include the person sighting the shipper's draft, but this provision shall not be construed so as to limit the general interpretation of that expression.

3. (a) This Order may be cited as the Dutch Cheese (Prices)

Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall come into force as respects all sales other than a retail sale on the 10th December, 1917, and as respects retail sales on the 17th December, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

Sth December, 1917.

The Schedule.

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		140s. 153s. 146s. 139s. 6d. 129s. 6d. 155s. 148s. 141s. 131s.	140s. ,, 153s. ,, 146s. ,, 139s. 6d. ,, 129s. 6d. ,, 155s. ,, 148s. ,, 141s. ,,

All these prices are subject to the following terms, namely:-

For cash within seven days, 21. in the £ discount. For cash within one month, 1d. in the £ discount.

(a) BRITISH CHEESE ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 370.

⁽b) MAXIMUM FIRST HAND PRICES AFTER JANUARY 14th, 1918.—By Notice of January 14th, 1918 (p. 398) the Food Controller fixed these as those in the Schedule to the present Order.

THE MILK (USE IN CHOCOLATE) ORDER, No. 2, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 14, 1917.(a)(b)

1917. No. 1296.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Use of milk in chocolate.

- 1. No person shall after the 17th December, 1917, use in the manufacture of chocolate any milk, condensed milk, milk powder, dried milk or any other milk preparation except—
 - (i) milk powder, condensed milk, dried milk, or any other milk preparation which he has in stock at the close of business on the 15th December, 1917, or which is in the United Kingdom on that day and then in course of actual transit to him; and
 - (ii) any other milk delivered to him before the 24th December, 1917.

Contracts.

2. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that a contract subsisting at the date of this Order, providing for the purchase of any milk, condensed milk, milk powder, dried milk or any other milk preparation was made for the purpose of using the article to be supplied in the manufacture of chocolate, he may, if he thinks fit, cancel or determine such contract or modify the terms thereof in such manner as he shall think fit.

Penalty.

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

4. This Order may be cited as the Milk (Use in Chocolate) Order, No. 2, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th December, 1917.

(b) REVOCATION.—This Order was revoked as respects Great Britain as from June 17, 1918, by Use of Milk (Licensing) Order, 1918, printed p. 422.

⁽a) Order as to Milk, etc., produced in Spring of 1917.—The Milk (Use in Chocolate) Order, 1917, printed p. 123 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," but omitted from this Volume as being "spent," prohibits the use in the manufacture of chocolate of (1) milk produced between January 5th and April 1st, 1917, and (2) milk powder or condensed milk manufactured between those dates.

THE CONDENSED MILK (RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 14, 1917.(a)

> 1917. No. 1297.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. All persons engaged in the purchase, sale, distribution or Returns of storage of Condensed Milk shall on or before the 24th December, 1917, furnish to the Food Controller a return giving particulars as to their stocks and purchases of Condensed Milk at the close Milk. of business on the 17th December, 1917, and such other particulars as may be required to complete the prescribed form of return.

stock and purchases of Condensed

2. The return shall be made on forms prescribed by the Food Prescribed Controller to be obtained from and when completed to be returned to The Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1.

3. No return shall be required from

Exceptions.

(a) a manufacturer in respect of Condensed Milk manufactured by him;

(b) a person whose total holding of Condensed Milk (including purchases not yet delivered to him) does not exceed 100 cases; or

(c) a person who has made a return in respect of Condensed Milk to the Food Controller since the 12th December, 1917.

4. No person who has contracted to buy Condensed Milk for importation into the United Kingdom shall deal with such Condensed Milk or the benefit of such contract, so as to divert such milk from the United Kingdom.

Restrictions dealings in imported Condensed Milk.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. For the purposes of this Order, Condensed Milk shall include Full Cream Sweetened and Full Cream Unsweetened Condensed Milk, Evaporated Milk and Machine Skimmed Condensed Milk.

Interpretation.

Penalty.

7. This Order may be cited as the Condensed Milk (Returns) Order, 1917.

Title.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th December, 1917.

⁽a) PROVISIONS OF ORDER IN FORCE.—This Order in so far as it related to returns to be made of stocks of condensed milk as on December 17th, 1917, is spent and printed in italics, but as to Clause 4 continues in force.

THE MARGARINE (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1917.
DATED DECEMBER 21, 1917.

1917. No. 1315.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders, that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned.

PART I.—LICENSING OF WHOLESALE DEALERS IN MARGARINE.

Licensing of wholesale dealers.

- 1. A person shall not deal in margarine by wholesale either on his own account or for the account of any other person:—
 - (a) after the 15th January, 1918, unless he has applied for a licence as a wholesale dealer in margarine; or
 - (b) after the 31st January, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted by the Food Controller authorising him to deal in margarine by wholesale.

Mode of application for a licence.

2. Every application for a licence shall be made to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, Whitehall, S.W. 1, on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.

Issue and revocation of licences.

3. A licence shall be granted under this part of this Order to such persons and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine, and any such licence may at any time be revoked by the Food Controller.

Information and inspection.

4. The holder of any licence under this part of this Order shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to his dealings in margarine together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee to inspect all such records, books, documents, and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in margarine as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his dealings in margarine as may from time to time be required.

Production of licence.

5. Every licence issued under this part of this Order shall be produced by the holder upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee.

Exception.

6. This part of this Order shall not apply to a person who deals only in margarine made by himself.

PART II .- REGISTRATION OF RETAIL DEALERS IN MARGARINE.

6. (a) A person shall not at any time after the 31st January, 1918, deal in margarine by retail, except in about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in margarine for the time being in force granted by the Food Committee for the area in which the premises are situate; but this shall not prevent a retail dealer duly registered from selling from his cart in the ordinary course of business.

Registration of retail dealers in margarine.

- (b) A retail dealer may be registered as a hawker or costermonger and in such case shall sell only from his cart, stall or barrow, and at such other place, if any, as may be named in the certificate.
- 7. Every application for a certificate of registration shall Form of be made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent.

application certificate of registration.

8. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be Application made to the Food Committee for the area in which the premises of the applicant, in respect of which a certificate of registration is sought, are situate, and when the same person is applying for Committees registration in respect of premises situated in more than one for the area, separate application shall be made in each area in respect appropriate of the premises situated therein.

to be addressed to

9. (a) A person who or whose predecessor in business was, at Persons the date of this Order carrying on business as a retail dealer in margarine, shall, on making application before the 15th January, 1918, be entitled to receive a certificate of registration in respect of the premises in about or in connection with which such business was being carried on.

entitled to receive a certificate of registration.

- (b) A person registered as a hawker or costermonger shall be so described in his certificate.
- 10. A Food Committee shall not refuse a certificate of registration duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under the preceding Clause of this Order except with the consent of the Food Controller and in circumstances in which the Food Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had already been granted. Upon the refusal of a certificate the applicant's title (if any) shall cease.

Grounds for refusing a certificate of registration.

11. A Food Committee may, in any case in which in their Power to opinion it is desirable to do so in the interests of the public Food within their area, with the consent of the Food Controller, grant to any other person a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in margarine in respect of any premises within their area; and unless they shall see any good reason to the contrary, they shall, without any such consent, grant a certificate of registration to every applicant who has served during the present war in the

Committees to grant new certificates.

forces of the Crown, and who before so serving, was carrying on business as a retail dealer in margarine within the area of the Committee.

Form of certificate.

12. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Food Controller and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may from time to time determine.

Revocation of certificates.

13. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Part of this Order if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulations or directions made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Register of holder of certificates.

14. A Food Committee shall keep in a form prescribed by the Food Controller a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this part of this Order.

Transfer of a business.

15. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration to deal in margarine by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Committee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

Inspection and information.

16. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is registered accurate records as to margarine dealt in and such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this Clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his trade and as to his dealings in Margarine and the disposal thereof as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Food Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require.

Custody and production of certificates.

17. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the premises or some one of the premises to which it relates; and every holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

Interpreta-

tion.

PART III .- GENERAL.

18. For the purposes of this Order, "Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a) "Premises" shall include a van, stand, cart or other vehicle.

19. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

20. Part I. of this Order shall not apply to a person who sells Extent of in Ireland Margarine for consumption in Ireland.

Part II. of this Order shall not apply to Ireland.

21. This Order may be cited as the Margarine (Registration of Title of Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st December, 1917.

THE ICE CREAM (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 29, 1917.

1917. No. 1350.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall after the 1st January, 1918,(b) make for sale or sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any Ice Pudding, Ice Cream, Water Ice or any article in the making of which any Ice Cream, Water Ice or Ice Pudding

has been used.(c)

2. Infringements of this Order are summary Offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

3. This Order may be cited as the Ice Cream (Restriction) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th December, 1917.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

(c) GENERAL LICENCE DATED JUNE 3, 1918.—This General Licence, printed p. 427, authorises the sale of water ice, &c. under certain conditions.

⁽b) POSTPONEMENT OF DATE.—By General Licence of January 2, 1918, omitted from this Manual as "spent," this date was altered to January 8, 1918, as regards ice cream made substantially from material manufactured for that purpose and in the hands of retailers on the 31st December, 1917.

THE BUTTER (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 3, 1918

1918. No. 5.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations

shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. After the 5th January, 1918, until further notice no person, other than a person licensed by the Food Controller under this Order, shall send consign or ship any butter from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland, and no person shall buy or agree to buy or take delivery of any butter to be sent or consigned from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland, except from a person so licensed.

2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

3. This Order may be cited as the Butter (Ireland) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

3rd January, 1918.

THE MILK (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918, DATED JANUARY 8, 1918, AS AMENDED BY MILK (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) POSTPONEMENT ORDER, 1918, (a) DATED FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

1918, No. 24, as amended by No. 161.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders, that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned.

Part I.—Licensing of Wholesale Dealers in Milk.

Licensing of wholesale dealers

1. (b) A person shall not deal in milk by wholesale either on his own account or for the account of any other person-

(a) after the 16th February, 1918, unless he has applied for a licence as a wholesale dealer in milk; or

(a) GENERAL LICENCES UNDER THIS ORDER.—See General Licences of

Feb. 4 and March 8, 1918, printed pp. 400, 406.

(b) Postponement of Date.—By the Milk (Registration of Develers)
Postponement Order, 1918, "16th" in Clause 1 (a) was substituted for "?th" and "2nd March" in Clause 1 (b) for "23rd February."

- (b) after the 2nd March, 1918, unless he is the holder of a licence for the time being in force granted by the Food Controller authorising him to deal in milk by wholesale.
- 2. Every application for a licence shall be made to the Mode of Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.1, on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form, which statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.

application for a licence

3. A licence shall be granted under this Part of this Order Issue and to such persons and subject to such conditions as the Food revocation Controller may determine, and any such licence may at any time be revoked by the Food Controller.

of licences. pica

4. The holder of any licence issued under this Part of this Order shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records as to his dealings in milk together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee to inspect all such records, books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in milk as may be given to him from time to time by or under the authority of the Food Controller and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars as to his dealings in. milk as may from time to time be required.

Information inspection.

5. Every licence issued under this Part of this Order shall be produced by the holder upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee.

Production. of licence.

Part II.—Registration of Retail Dealers in Milk.(a)

(b)6. (a) A person shall not at any time after the 2nd March, 1918, deal in milk by retail, except in about or in connection with premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in milk for the time being in force granted by the Food Committee for the area in which the premises are situate; but this shall not prevent a retail dealer duly registered from selling from his cart in the ordinary course of business in the area in which such premises are situate.

Registration of retail dealers.

(b) The holder of any such certificate shall not after the 2nd March, 1918, deliver milk to a customer in any area other than that in which the premises mentioned in his certificate are situate unless he shall have deposited a copy of the certificate with the Food Committee for such other area.

(a) EXEMPTION FROM PART II.—By General Licence of Feb. 4, 1918, printed p. 400, the Food Controller exempted certain small retailers.

(b) Postponement Order, 1918, the date 2nd March, 1918, was substituted for 23rd February, 1918, in Clauses (a) (b).

Form of application for a certificate of registration.

Application to be addressed to Food Committees for the appropriate area.

Persons entitled to receive a certificate of registration.

Grounds for refusing a certificate of registration.

Power to Food Committees to grant new certificates.

Form of certificate.

Revocation of certificates.

7. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller and every applicant shall furnish on such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the same which statement shall be signed by the applicant or by his duly authorised agent.

8. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made to the Food Committee for the area in which the premises of the applicant, in respect of which a certificate of registration is sought, are situate, and when the same person is applying for registration in respect of premises situated in more than one area, separate application shall be made in each area in respect of the premises situated therein.

9. A person who or whose predecessor in business was, at the date of this Order carrying on business as a retail dealer in milk, shall, on making application before the 9th February, 1918, be entitled to receive a certificate of registration in respect of the premises in about or in connection with which such business was being carried on.

10. A Food Committee shall not refuse a certificate of Registration duly applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under the preceding Clause of this Order except with the consent of the Food Controller and in circumstances in which the Food Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had already been granted. Upon the refusal of a certificate the applicant's title (if any) shall cease.

11. A Food Committee may, in any case in which in their opinion it is desirable to do so in the interests of the public within their area, with the consent of the Food Controller, grant to any other person a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in milk in respect of any premises within their area; and unless they shall see any good reason to the contrary, they shall, without any such consent, grant a certificate of registration to every applicant who has served during the present war in the forces of the Crown, and who before so serving, was carrying on a business as a retail dealer in milk within the area of the Committee.

12. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Food Controller and shall be granted and held subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine.

13. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Part of this Order if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents; and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

14. A Food Committee shall keep in a form prescribed by the Food Controller a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Part of this Order.

Register of holders of certificates.

15. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection Transfer of with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of a business. the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration to deal in milk by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

16. The holder of a certificate of registration shall keep or Inspection cause to be kept at the premises in respect of which he is regis- and tered accurate records as to milk dealt in and such other matters information. as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, together with all relevant books, documents and accounts and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee to inspect his premises and the records to be kept under this Clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts. The holder shall also observe such directions as to his dealings in milk as may be given to him from time to time by the Food Controller or the Food Committee, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating thereto as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require.

17. Every certificate of registration shall be kept at the Custody and premises or some one of the premises to which it relates; and every production of holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon the demand of any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

PART III.—GENERAL.

18. Nothing in this Order shall affect:—

Exceptions.

- (a) dealings in condensed milk, dried milk, or other milk preparation;
- (b) sales of milk for consumption on the premises of the
- (c) a wholesale sale of milk by the producer of the milk sold;
- (d) a sale of milk to his own employees or servants by the producer of the milk sold.

19. For the purposes of this Order—

Interpretation.

"Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

A sale of 17 imperial gallons or more to be delivered at any one time shall be deemed to be a dealing in milk by wholesale; and any other sale shall be deemed to be a dealing in milk by retail.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

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Notice under Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917; Margarine (Requisition) Order, 1918.

Penalty.

20. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and extent of Order.

21. (a) This Order may be cited as the Milk (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918;

(b) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th January, 1918.

Notice, dated January 14, 1918, under the Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 33.

Pursuant to Clause 1 (b) of the Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917, the Food Controller hereby prescribes that on and after the 17th January, 1918, until further notice the maximum first hand prices for Dutch Cheese shall be prices at the rates mentioned in the Schedule to such Order.(b)

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food

14th January, 1918.

THE MARGARINE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 17, 1918.

1918. No. 49.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. In pursuance of Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the Food Controller requires the occupier of every factory or workshop engaged either wholly or partly in the

Requisitioning of margarine factory output.

⁽a) DUTCH CHEESE (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 386.
(b) FIRST HAND PRICES.—On December 8, 1917, the prices for Dutch cheese were provisionally fixed by the Dutch Cheese (Prices) Order, 1917 (p. 386). The Food Controller, however, revised these prices in favour of those set out in the British Cheese Order, 1917, printed p. 370. (Food Journal, Jan. 9, 1918, p. 192, footnote.) This Notice prescribes that the provisional prices shall remain.

manufacture of margarine to place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the margarine which is produced after the 26th January, 1918, at such factory or workshop and to deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his order.

2. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Requisition-Realm Regulations the Food Controller requires all persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any margarine which may arrive in the United Kingdom after the 26th January, 1918, to place the same at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver the same to him or his order.

imported margarine.

- (b) Any arbitrator to act for the purpose of this Order shall be appointed by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.
- 3. All persons concerned shall when required by the Food Con-Returns. troller furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, S.W.1, a return shewing: -

(a) The amount and quality of all margarine manufactured

by them in any given period or periods.

(b) The amount and quality of any margarine affoat and shipped to the United Kingdom to their order or consigned to them in any period or periods; and

(c) The amount and quality of any margarine purchased to be shipped to the United Kingdom on any specified dates.

Together with such other particulars as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

- . 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. This Order may be cited as the Margarine (Requisition) Title. Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th January, 1918.

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals") (p. 513), as from February 3rd, 1918, prohibits the consumption in public eating places of milk as a beverage except with tea, coffee, cocoa or chocolate, and restricts the amount of butter or margarine to be consumed at meals therein. For restrictions previously in force see the now revoked Public Meals Order, 1917, pp. 158-161, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual." (The Order was revoked as regards Great Britain by the Rationing Order, 1918, p. 522.)

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General Licence under Milk (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918; Condensed Milk (Distribution) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED FEBRUARY 4, 1918, UNDER THE MILK (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 156.

The Food Controller hereby excepts from the operation of Part II. of the above Order producers of milk who on the average sell by retail less than five imperial gallons of milk per day.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th February, 1918.

THE CONDENSED MILK (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 8, 1918.

1918. No. 174.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—.

Forms of application, &c., may be prescribed.

- 1. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe forms of application and other documents to be used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with Condensed Milk proposed to be distributed or for the time being in the course of distribution by or under the authority of the Food Controller (hereinafter called Condensed Milk). Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or any other matter.
- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue instructions relating to the distribution, disposal or use of Condensed Milk.

Completion of forms, &c.

2. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such form or document and in the distribution, disposal or use of any Condensed Milk comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

False statements, &c. 3. A person shall not-

(a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order or use for the purpose of obtaining or for any other purpose connected with Condensed Milk; or

⁽a) MILK (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 394.

(b) forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other document; or

(c) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies;

- (d) Obtain Condensed Milk where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular or deliver any Condensed Milk under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in any material particular.
- 4. Any form of application or other document purporting to Prescribed be prescribed pursuant to this Order or headed Condensed Milk forms. (Distribution) Order, 1918, shall be deemed, unless the contrary be proved, to be prescribed pursuant to this Order.

- 5. For the purposes of this Order Condensed Milk shall Interpretainclude Full Cream Sweetened, and Full Cream Unsweetened tion. Condensed Milk, Evaporated Milk and Machine Skimmed Condensed Milk.
- 6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 7. This Order may be cited as the Condensed Milk (Distribu- Title. tion) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th February, 1918.

THE MILK (MOTHERS AND CHILDREN) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 8, 1918.

1918. No. 189.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. Any local authority within the meaning of the Notification Supplies of of Births Act, 1907,(a) may, and, when required by the Local food and

milk to mothers or children.

⁽a) LOCAL AUTHORITIES FOR PURPOSES OF ORDER.—These are the Common Council of the City of London and the Councils of Metropolitan and Municipal Boroughs, of Urban and Rural Districts and of the Isles of Scilly (i.e., the same local authorities who are concerned with the administration of food control throughout England and Wales, see Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, footnote (a), printed Part III., p. 624, which gives details as to such authorities and their districts) and in addition the County Councils of every administrative county except London. See the Notification of Births Act, 1907 (7 Edw. 7. c. 40) which as extended by the Notification of Births (Extension) Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5 c. 64) applies to each of the above-named local authorities as if they had adopted the 1907 Act.

Government Board, (a) shall arrange for the supply of food and milk for expectant mothers and nursing mothers and of milk for children under 5 years of age, subject to such conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller.

Conditions.

- 2. Until further notice, the following conditions shall be observed:—
 - (a) The quantities of food and milk to be supplied shall not in any case exceed the amount certified to be necessary by the Medical Officer of Health, or the Medical Officer of a Maternity or Child Welfare Centre working in co-operation with the Local Authority, or by a person authorised in that behalf by either of such Medical Officers, or by some other person appointed by the Local Authority for this purpose.
 - (b) In necessitous cases in which the Medical Officer of Health or the Medical Officer of a Maternity or Child Welfare Centre working in co-operation with the Local Authority, or any person authorised in that behalf by either of such Medical Officers or by some other person appointed by the Local Authority for this purpose, certifies that the provision of food or milk is necessary, food or milk may be supplied free or may be sold at less than cost price.

Combination of Local Authorities.

3. A Local Authority may, and, when required by the Local Government Board shall, combine with another Local Authority or with any Local Food Control Committee in the exercise of the powers hereby given to the Local Authority, or may, with the approval of the Local Government Board, delegate all or any of such powers to the Committee.

Interpretation. 4. The expression "Milk" for the purpose of this Order shall include any preparation of milk which may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health or by the Medical Officer of a Maternity or Child Welfare Centre working in co-operation with the Local Authority.

Title and extent of Order.

- 5. (a) This Order may be cited as the Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall apply only to England and Wales.

Rhondda, Food Controller.

8th February, 1918.

⁽a) ORDER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.—See the Local Authorities (Food C ntrol) Order (No. 1), 1918 (p. 403), conferring power on local authorities for the purposes of this Order.

Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1), 1918:—Powers of Local Authorities under Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918.

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 1), 1918, DATED FEBRUARY 8, 1918, MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

1918. No. 277.

64,868.

To the Councils of the several Administrative Counties in England and Wales, other than the London County Council;—

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled;—

To the Councils of the several Metropolitan Boroughs, Municipal Boroughs and other Urban Districts in England and Wales;—

To the Councils of the several Rural Districts in England and Wales;—

To the Council of the Isles of Scilly ;-

And to all all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by Regulation numbered 21. of the Defence of the Realm Regulations it is among other things provided that We, the Local Government Board, may, by arrangement with the Food Controller, confer and impose on any local authorities and their officers any powers and duties in connection with the enforcement of certain of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and any powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge of any functions assigned to local authorities by any Order made by the Food Controller under the said Regulations;

And whereas the Food Controller has, in pursuance of the said Regulations, made the Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918.(a)

Now, therefore, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, and by arrangement with the Food Controller, We hereby Order as follows:—

Article I.—We hereby confer and impose upon every Local Authority within the meaning of the Notification of Births Act, 1907,(b) and upon such of their officers as they may designate or appoint for the purpose the powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge within their District, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, of the functions assigned to Local Authorities by the Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918:(a)

⁽a) MILK (MOTHERS AND CHILDREN) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed

⁽b) Local Authorities Within the 1907 Act.—See footnote (a) to Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918, specifying the same.

Article II.—(1) Any expenses incurred by a Local Authority in the execution of this Order shall be defrayed in the same manner as expenses of the Local Authority are defrayed under the Notification of Births Act, 1907.

(2) Where any Local Authorities have combined for the purposes of this Order, any expenses incurred by those Local Authorities under this Order shall be defrayed in such proportions as may be agreed upon, or in default of agreement as may be determined by the Local Government Board.

Article III.—This Order may be cited as "The Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1), 1918."

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this Eighth day of February, in the year One thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

(L.S.)

W. Hayes Fisher,

President.

H. C. Monro,

Secretary.

Note.—The Orders of February 8th, 1918, of the Food Controller and of the Local Government Board were accompanied by the following Circular (S. R. & O., 1918, No. 277*) to County Councils and Sanitary Authorities: -

> LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, Whitehall, S.W. 1, 9th February, 1918.

I am directed by the President of the Local Government Board to enclose for your information copies of Orders which have been made by the Food Controller and the Local Government Board(a) with reference to the supply of food and milk for expectant and nursing mothers and of milk for infants and children under five years of age. The Orders provide that any local authority within the meaning of the Notification of Births Act, 1907,(b) may, and when required by the Local Government Board, shall, arrange for such a supply of food or milk, subject to the conditions set out in the Orders conditions set out in the Orders.

2. With regard to infants under nine months of age it is important that the Orders should be so administered as not to favour the abandonment of breast feeding whenever this is practicable. The officer referred to in paragraph 4 should use every effort to secure the continuance of breast feeding for such infants.

1918 (p. 403). (b) Notification of Births Act, 1907 .- 7 Edw. 7. c. 40. See also foot-

note (a) to p. 401.

⁽a) Orders Referred to .- These are the Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1918 (p. 401) and the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1),

- 3. The conditions prescribed by the Food Controller are set out in his Order, and relate to the quantity of milk which may be given in each case and the cases in which it may be supplied at less than cost price.
- 4. The quantity of food and milk provided may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health or the Medical Officer of a Maternity and Child Welfare Centre working in co-operation with the local authority, or by a person authorised by one of these officers or appointed by the local authority. The amount of milk should, in ordinary cases, be
 - (a) For children under eighteen months, not more than one and a half pints daily.
 - (b) For children between eighteen months and five years, not more than one pint daily.
 - (c) For expectant and nursing mothers, the quantity specified by the officer referred to in this paragraph.
 - If dried milk or preparations of milk are used the quantity should be such as would, when properly reconstituted, approximate to the quantities of fresh milk given above.
- 5. The cases in which food or milk may be supplied at less than cost price are those in which the officer referred to in paragraph 4, certifies that such provision is necessary and that the women supplied cannot afford to pay the full price. The Board leave to the discretion of the local authority the direction to the officer as to what should constitute a necessitous case. In some districts a scale has been adopted based on the income of the family after taking into account the number of the children.
- 6. In providing dinners for expectant and nursing mothers the local authority should not supply or arrange for the supply of any food which is the subject of an Order of the Food Controller or of a scheme made by a local food committee under such an Order with regard to rationing without consultation with the local food committee.
- 7. In some cases the Board have already sanctioned schemes submitted to them by local authorities for the provision of food and milk for expectant and nursing mothers and of milk for infants and young children in anticipation of the powers conferred by the Orders. Where no scheme has yet been submitted the Board hereby sanction the provision of food and milk by the local authority from the date of their Order on the conditions laid down in the circular and on the further condition that the arrangements made and an estimate of the cost up to the 31st March, 1918, are communicated to them at an early date. Where a local authority wishes to vary the conditions laid down the Board's sanction should be previously obtained. The Board's grant for maternity and child welfare is available in respect of expenditure on the purposes of the Orders, and will amount to half the expenditure on the approved scheme. Application for the grant may be made after the 31st March next in connection with the general grant for maternity and child welfare.
- 8. It is open to the local authority to arrange for the supply of food and milk under the Orders by a voluntary agency engaged in maternity and child welfare work in their district. In such a case the Board suggest that the local authority should pay the expenditure of the voluntary agency in supplying food and milk at less than cost price, and should apply to the Board in due course for a grant in aid of the expenditure.
- 9. The Board trust that the local authority, if they have not already done so, will at once consider the needs of their district in respect of the provision of food for expectant and nursing mothers and of milk for these mothers and for children under five, both in regard to the ability of the women concerned to pay for the necessary food and milk and to the sufficiency of the supply of milk. Where the supply is insufficient the local authority should urge the local food committee to take action under the Priority Scheme of the Food Controller.

General Licences under Milk (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1918; Milk (Summer Prices) Order, 1918.

10. The Board learn from the Food Controller that some of a stock of dried milk which he purchased last year is still undisposed of. As indicated in the enclosed letter which he circulated last autumn, this milk can be supplied to Medical Officers of Health, Infant Welfare Centres and other similar institutions at cost price. Where difficulty exists in obtaining an adequate supply of fresh or dried milk for mothers and young children locally, the local authority should avail themselves of the Food Controller's offer. The Orders apply to such milk, and the Board's grant is available in respect of expenditure in supplying it on the same conditions as obtain for fresh milk supplied under the Orders.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

H. C. MONRO, Secretary.

To the Clerk to the Council.

GENERAL LICENCES, DATED MARCH 8, 1918, UNDER THE MILK (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 281.

S. R. & O., No. 24 of 1918. The Food Controller hereby authorises in addition to the dealings permitted by the above Order the following dealings in milk:—

(a) A Sale in bulk by a producer who is not registered as a retail dealer under the above Order of less than 17 gallons if such sale comprises substantially the whole of the output of the producer;

(b) A Sale by a person licensed to deal in milk by wholesale of any quantity of milk to a registered retail dealer

in milk;

(c) An accommodation Sale by a person licenced to deal in milk by wholesale or by a registered retail dealer in milk to any other person so licensed or registered.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th March, 1918.

THE MILK (SUMMER PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 8, 1918.(b)

1918. No. 296.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except

(a) MILK (REGISTRATION OF DEALERS) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is

printed p. 394.

⁽b) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—This Order was amended by the Milk (Summer Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, printed p. 429, which among other provisions increased, as from June 9, 1918, the prices of milk applicable under the principal order by 4d. per imperial gallon.

under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. No person shall directly or indirectly sell or offer for sale or Maximum buy or offer to buy any milk at prices exceeding the maximum prices. prices provided by or in pursuance of this Order.

2. Until otherwise determined pursuant to this Order the Retail maximum price applicable on the occasion of a retail sale of milk maximum shall be:—(a)

- (a) For milk delivered during the month of April, 1918, at the rate of 2s. 8d. per imperial gallon, for milk delivered during the months of May, June and July, 1918, at the rate of 2s. per imperial gallon, and thereafter until the end of September, 1918, at the rate of 2s. 4d. per imperial gallon.
- (b) Where at the request of the buyer the milk is required to be delivered in bottles, and is so delivered to the buyer's premises, an addition may be made to the foregoing prices at the rate of 1d. per quart provided the Milk is bottled under proper sanitary conditions at or before reaching the seller's premises.
- (c) The foregoing prices shall include all charges for delivery, but it shall be permissible for a Food Committee for any area, from time to time subject to the provisions of this Order, to fix for all or any of the milk sold within their area and not delivered to the purchaser's premises, a rate different from the rate for the time being applicable to milk which is so delivered.(b) (c)
- 3. (a) Where milk is sold wholesale by or on behalf of the Wholesale producer the maximum price chargeable for milk delivered sales by during the months mentioned in the first column of the following producers. table shall be at the rate per imperial gallon set opposite the same in the second and third columns thereof. (b)

Month of 1918		Rate per impérial gallon	Rate per imperial gallon
in which delivery		for delivery in	for delivery in
takes place.		England and Wales.	Scotland.
April May June August September		s. d. 1 8 1 0 1 0 1 2 1 3 1 3	s. d. 1 8 1 2 1 0 1 0 1 2 1 4

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—This Order was amended by the Milk (Summer Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, printed p. 429. which among other provisions increased, as from June 9, 1918, the prices of milk applicable under the principal Order by 4d. per imperial gallon.

(b) VARIATION IN PRICE.—See footnote (a) above.

⁽c) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—By the Milk (Summer Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, printed p. 429, as from June 9, 1918, these powers are exercisable only with the sanction of the Food Controller.

together in each case with a sum equal to the net amount of the charges for railway transport actually incurred by the seller. Provided that the Food Controller may by notice under this Order fix as respects any area such higher prices as he may deem to be just when in his opinion it is proper so to do having regard to

cost of production.

(b) The rates applicable under sub-clause (a) of this clause are fixed on the basis that the milk is delivered at the seller's expense to the buyer's premises or (at the option of the seller) to the buyer's railway station and that in the latter case all charges for transport beyond the buyer's railway station are borne by the buyer. Where milk is not sold on this basis a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the rates, and for this purpose the cost of delivery to the buyer's premises or the seller's railway station shall be reckoned at a sum not less than a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$, per gallon.

(c) No additional charges may be made for the provision of

churns or other vessels.

- 4. Where milk is sold wholesale by or on behalf of any person other than the producer the maximum prices chargeable shall until otherwise determined pursuant to this Order be as follows:—(a)
 - (a) In the case of milk delivered by the producer to or for the account of the buyer in accordance with the directions of the seller the rate shall until the end of September, 1918, be ½d. per imperial gallon higher than the rate (not exceeding the maximum price) payable therefor to the producer by the seller.

(b) In the case of milk not so delivered, the rate shall be in accordance with the following table:—

	Delivery in England, Wales and Scotland.	
Month of 1918 in which delivery takes place.	* Rate per imperial gallon when delivery is made to buyer's railway station.	Rate per imperial gallon when delivery is made to buyer's premises.
April June July September	s. d. *1 10 *1 2 *1 2 *1 2 *1 6 *1 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

[&]quot;* In addition to the railway charges paid by the seller for transportation from the seller's station to the buyer's station.

(c) The rates mentioned in Sub-clause (b) are fixed upon the basis that the cost of providing churns or other vessels is borne by the seller; and where milk is not sold on this basis, then the rate shall be ascertained by deducting from the rate applicable under such sub-clause the sum of \(\frac{1}{4}d\). per imperial gallon.

Wholesale sales by persons other than producers.

- (d) Except in the cases to which Sub-clause (a) of this Clause applies no milk shall be sold wholesale by or on behalf of a person other than the producer of the milk sold except upon the terms that the milk is to be delivered by or at the expense of the seller to the buyer's premises or the buyer's railway station.
- 5. A Food Committee may, except in the case of wholesale Power to sales by or on behalf of producers, from time to time by resolution vary vary the maximum price(a) for milk delivered within their area or any part of such area but:

maximum prices.

- (a) Every such resolution shall be reported to the Food Controller within five days and shall not take effect until three days after the same has been sanctioned by the Food Controller, and
- (b) Every resolution of a Food Committee under this clause shall be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or varied as he may direct.
- 6. (a) Where milk is sold to an establishment as herein defined Price to by any person (whether he be the producer of the milk sold or establishnot) in a quantity of not less than 17 imperial gallons to be delivered in any one day the maximum price (including charges for delivery to the buyer's premises) shall be, whichever shall be less, namely:

- (i) 2d. per imperial gallon higher than the maximum price chargeable in the district in which the establishment is situate for milk delivered to the buyer's premises on a sale by wholesale by a person other than a pro-
- (ii) the maximum retail price for the time being in force in such district.
- (b) Any other sale to an establishment shall for the purposes of this Order be deemed to be a retail sale and the maximum price shall be determined accordingly.
- (c) "An establishment" for the purposes of this Order shall mean a public or private hospital, sanatorium, convalescent or nursing home, workhouse, infirmary, asylum, corporation or company not established for purposes of trading or profit, a religious or charitable community, a residential school or college, and a canteen.
- (d) A Food Committee shall have power with the consent of the Food Controller:—
 - (i) to apply the provisions of this Clause whether with or without modifications to a sale of milk to any body of persons which in the opinion of the Committee should be treated as an establishment as defined;
 - (ii) to vary the provisions of this Clause in its application to any establishment.

Small wholesale sales.

7. Where a person who sells milk from a retail shop sells from such shop milk to a person buying for re-sale the maximum price shall as to the milk so sold on any day be 2d. per gallon less than the maximum price applicable to sales of milk by retail in the area in which such shop is situate, if the quantity sold on that day to such person does not exceed 8 imperial gallons.

Milk to be sold retail by measure.

8. No milk shall be sold or offered for sale by retail otherwise than by imperial measure.(a)

Additions of colouring matter prohibited.

9. No colouring matter shall be added to milk or cream intended for sale, and no milk or cream to which any colouring matter has been added shall knowingly be sold, or offered or exposed for sale.

Addition of water prohibited.

10. No water shall be added to milk intended for sale, and no milk to which any water has been added shall knowingly be sold, or offered or exposed for sale.

Cans and bottles. 11. No person may use for the purpose of his trade or business any milk can, milk churn or milk bottle which bears the name or trade name or the trade mark or trade device of some person other than himself or his employer, except with the consent of such person.

Artificial transaction.

12. No person shall, in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any milk enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Powers of Food Committees.

- 13. A Food Committee may subject to the consent of the Food Controller
 - (a) buy milk from any person and sell milk so bought at a price estimated to cover at least the cost of purchasing and distributing such milk; and
 - (b) make arrangements as to the distribution of milk in their area.
 - 14. (a) A Food Committee may(b)
 - (i) direct any person delivering milk in their area to deliver such milk to any consumer or class of consumers in priority to any other person in their area(b); and
 - (ii) direct any person selling milk by retail within their area to deliver in that area only within such parts thereof as the Committee may prescribe; and

(a) GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 22, 1918—This General Licence, printed p. 431, authorises the sale of small quantities of milk provided the maximum price is not exceeded.

(b) EXTENSION OF POWERS.—Under the Milk (Summer Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, printed p. 429, a Food Committee may, with the consent of the Food Controller, exercise these powers in relation to condensed milk, dried milk and milk preparations, and to the retailers thereof.

(iii) with the consent of the Food Controller give directions in their area for securing the purity, cleanliness and wholesomeness of milk, provided that any directions so given shall not relieve Local Authorities of their powers and duties under existing statutory provisions in regard to milk or relieve cowkeepers, dairymen, purveyors of milk or occupiers of milk shops from

their obligations under any such provisions. (b) Every person to whom any direction is given under the powers conferred by this clause shall comply with such directions.

15. A Food Committee shall not without the consent of the Consent of Local Authority or Authorities by whom they were appointed, Local exercise the powers conferred upon them by the two immediately when preceding clauses in such a manner as may involve an expense required. which is ultimately to be borne by such authority or authorities; provided that the validity of any direction given by a Food Committee under any such powers shall not be questionable on the ground that such consent has not been obtained.

16. Where any contract subsisting on the 1st April, 1918, for Contracts. the sale of milk provides for the payment of a price in excess of the maximum price fixed by this Order applicable on the occasion of such a sale, the contract, unless otherwise determined by the Food Controller, shall be avoided so far as concerns milk which is

to be delivered on or after that date.

17. The provisions of this Order relating to prices shall not Interpretaapply to

(a) milk sold for consumption on the premises of the seller

(b) Condensed Milk, Dried Milk or Milk preparations.

18. For the purposes of this Order:—

"Food Committee" shall mean a Committee appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

"Buyer's premises" shall not include any roadside collecting place for milk or any other premises which the Food Controller shall in any particular case determine not to

be buyer's premises for the purposes of this Order.

"Buyer's Railway Station" shall mean the railway station to which in the ordinary course of business the milk

would be consigned by the seller to the buyer.

19. The Milk Order, 1917,(b) and the Price of Milk Order, No. 2, 1917,(c) and the Milk (Amendment) Order, 1917,(d) are hereby revoked as on the date when this Order comes into force, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous contravention thereof.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

(b) MILK ORDER, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 183 of the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

(c) PRICE OF MILK ORDER, No. 2, 1917.—That Order which was revoked by the Milk Order, 1917, was printed p. 61 of the May, 1917, Edition of the Food Supply Manual.

(d) MILK (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 219 of

the January, 1918, Edition of this Volume.

tion.

Revocation.

Penalties.

Title and commencement and extent of Order.

20. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

21. (a) This Order may be cited as the Milk (Summer Prices)

Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 1st April, 1918.

(c) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th March, 1918.

THE IMPORTED CANNED CONDENSED MILK (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 12, 1918.

1918. No. 299.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Requisition of imported condensed milk.

- 1. (a) The Food Controller hereby requires all persons owning or having power to dispose of any Canned Condensed Milk which may arrive in Great Britain after the 1st April, 1918, to place the same at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver same to him or to his order.
- (b) This clause shall not apply to any Canned Condensed Milk which in the opinion of the Food Controller is either unequal in quality to the U.S.A. Standard Condensed Milk or is not in

good merchantable condition.

Prohibition of dealings.

2. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall on or after the 1st April, 1918, either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person—

(a) buy, sell or deal in; or

(b) offer or invite an offer, or propose to buy, sell or deal in; or

(c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase of or other dealing in

any Canned Condensed Milk for the time being outside Great Britain whether or not the sale, purchase or dealing is or is to be effected in Great Britain.

Returns.

3. All persons concerned shall on or before 20th March, 1918, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers. S.W.1, a return showing—

(a) the amount and quality of Canned Condensed Milk affoat and shipped to Great Britain to their order on 18th

March, 1918; and

(b) the amount and quality of Canned Condensed Milk purchased for shipment to Great Britain to their Order, and not shipped on the 18th March, 1918;

and shall also from time to time furnish such other particulars as may be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

4. For the purpose of this Order, "Condensed Milk" shall Interpretainclude full cream sweetened and full cream unsweetened Con-tion. densed Milk, evaporated Milk and machine-skimmed Condensed Milk.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Imported Canned Condensed Title. Milk (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th March, 1918.

THE COCOA-BUTTER (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED March 19, 1918.

1918. No. 340.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer Maximum to buy any Cocoa-Butter at prices exceeding the maximum prices prices.

permitted by this Order.

2. On the occasion of a sale of Cocoa-Butter other than a sale Sales by

by retail the maximum price shall be as follows:— (a) Where the sale is by the manufacturer thereof at the rate

of 1s. 6d. per lb.;

(b) where the sale is by a person other than the manufacturer thereof at the rate of 1s. 7d. per lb.

3. (a) The maximum price applicable under the foregoing Charges on a clause is fixed upon the basis of the following terms and conditions sale by being applicable to the transaction:

(i) Delivery is to be made at the seller's expense to the

buyer's railway station;

(ii) The Cocoa-Butter is to be packed free of charge in non-

returnable bales provided by the seller;

(iii) Payment is to be made within one month of the date of the contract subject to discount of 21 per cent. for payment within that period, and monies then unpaid are to carry interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum or Bank rate whichever shall be the higher.

(b) Where the Cocoa-Butter is sold on terms or conditions other than the terms and conditions stated in the foregoing part of this Clause, a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price.

wholesale.

wholesale.

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Sales by retail.

4. On the occasion of a sale by retail of Cocoa-Butter the maximum price shall be at the rate of 2s. per lb.

Charges on a sale by retail.

5. Where the purchaser on the occasion of a sale by retail requires Cocoa-Butter to be delivered to his premises, an additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any sum actually paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing or packages or for giving credit.

Contracts.

6. Where any contract subsisting on the 19th March, 1918, for the sale of Cocoa-Butter provides for the payment of a price in excess of the permitted maximum price the contract shall stand so far as concerns Cocoa-Butter delivered on or before the 25th March, 1918, but shall, unless the Food Controller otherwise directs, be avoided so far as concerns Cocoa-Butter agreed to be sold above the permitted maximum price which has not been so delivered.

Fictitious transactions.

7. No person shall in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any Cocoa-Butter enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Interpretation. 8. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Cocoa-Butter" shall include any mixture of Cocoa-Butter and other substances but shall not include any chocolate, cake; biscuit or other article manufactured partly from Cocoa-Butter.

Infringements.

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

10. (a) This Order may be cited as the Cocoa-Butter (Pro-

Title and commencement.

visional Prices) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force as regards sales by

(b) This Order shall come into force as regards sales by retail on the 2nd April, 1918, and as regards any other sale on the 25th March, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th March, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 21, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group **9A** ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 283), provides for the local distribution by certain Committees of butter and Margarine.]

THE DUTCH CHEESE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 23, 1918.

1918. No. 358.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the Food Controller requires all persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any cheese which shall on or after the 26th March, 1918, arrive in the United Kingdom from Holland to place such cheese at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver the same to him or his Order.
- (b) The compensation payable for such cheese shall in default of agreement be determined by a single arbitrator appointed when the cheese arrives in England by the Lord High Chancellor of England, when the cheese arrives in Scotland by the Lord President of the Court of Session, and when the cheese arrives in Ireland by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland.
- 2. All persons concerned shall on or before the 4th April, 1918, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1, a return showing—
 - (a) the stocks of cheese afloat or shipped from Holland to the United Kingdom to their order on the 26th March, 1918;
 - (b) the amount of Dutch cheese agreed to be shipped to the United Kingdom to their order and not shipped on the 26th March, 1918;
 - (c) the quantity sold and unsold in each case, and shall furnish such other particulars relating to Dutch Cheese or their dealings therein as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.
- 3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. This Order may be cited as the Dutch Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

THE MARGARINE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED March 23, 1918.

1918. No. 359.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Retail price margarine.

1. The maximum price on the occasion of a sale by retail of Margarine shall on or after the 25th March, 1918, be at such rate or rates as the Food Controller may by notice from time to time prescribe and until further notice shall on all sales by retail be at the rate of 1s. per lb. except that where margarine is sold by retail to any person at one sale in a quantity of not less than 28 lbs. to be delivered in any one week ending on a Saturday the maximum price shall be at the rate of 11d. per lb.(a)

2. Where the purchaser, on the occasion of a sale by retail, requires the margarine to be delivered to his premises additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any sum actually paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing, packages or wrappers or for

giving credit.

3. (a) This Order shall not before the 8th April, 1918, apply to margarine which is proved to have been bought by the seller before the 25th March, 1918, and which is sold at a price not exceeding the price permitted for such margarine under the provisions of the Margarine (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, (a) or any licence thereunder applicable to such margarine.

(b) This Order shall not apply to margarine supplied on special terms and conditions authorised by the Food Controller.

4. (a) On the occasion of any sale by retail of margarine sold for special purposes, and packed in tins or otherwise specially packed, the seller may, if authorised so to do by licence granted by the Food Controller, charge in addition to the maximum prices prescribed by this Order for such margarine, such additional sum as may be allowed by the Food Controller.

- (b) Any additional sum charged under this clause shall be shown as a separate item on the invoice relating to the sale.

5. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or agree to buy any margarine by retail at a price exceeding the price applicable under this Order, or in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any margarine enter or offer to enter into any artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

6. The Margarine (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917, (a) and all licences granted thereunder are hereby revoked as at the 25th March, 1918, so far as they apply to Great Britain except so far as such Order and licences relate to margarine excluded from

Delivery, packages and credit.

Exception.

Special consignments.

Offers, &c.

Revocation. S. R. & O., No 1162 of 1917.

(b) MARGARINE (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed

p. 381.

⁽a) VARIATION IN PRICE — Under Notice dated July 18, 1918, printed p. 436, these prices were varied as from July 22, 1918.

the operation of this Order by Clause 3 hereof, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention of such Order.

- 7. This Order shall in its application to Scotland have effect Scotland. with the substitution of the date 15th April, 1918, for the date 25th March, 1918, and the date 29th April, 1918, for the date 8th April, 1918, or in either case such later date as the Food Controller may by notice prescribe. (a)
- 8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Penalty. Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 9. (a) This Order may be cited as the Margarine (Retail Prices) Title and Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall extend only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

THE MARGARINE (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 23, 1918.

1918. No. 360.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe Forms of forms of application and other documents to be used for the purapplication, pose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with acc, may be margarine proposed to be distributed or for the time being in the prescribed. course of distribution by or under the authority of the Food Controller. Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or document or any other matter.

- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, disposal, sale and use of, Margarine, and as to the price and terms upon which any such margarine may be sold or otherwise disposed of.
- 2. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such Completion form or document and in the distribution, disposal, sale or use of of forms of Margarine comply with the instructions and directions relative application, thereto for the time being in force.

⁽a) DATE OF OPERATION IN SCOTLAND.—By General Licence of April 11, 1918, printed p. 420, the date 29th April, 1918, is substituted for 25th March, 1918, and 13th May, 1918, for 8th April, 1918.

Records & inspection.

3. Every maker or importer of Margarine and every dealer in Margarine shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records relating to his trade or business in Margarine and to such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall make such returns as to his manufacture and dealings in Margarine as the Food Controller may from time to time require. Every such maker, importer and dealer shall also permit any person authorised by or under the authority of the Food Controller to enter any premises where Margarine is made, stored or dealt in, and to inspect such premises and any stocks of Margarine therein and all such records kept by him and all relevant books, documents and accounts relating to his trade or business in Margarine.

False statements, &c.

4. A person shall not:-

(a) Knowingly make or connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order or used for the purpose of obtaining, or in connection with the purchase or sale of or for any other purpose connected with Margarine;

(b) Forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other

document;

- (c) Personate, or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies;
- (d) Obtain Margarine where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular, or deliver Margarine under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular.

Prescribed forms.

5. Any form of application, direction or other document purporting to be prescribed pursuant to this Order, or headed Margarine (Distribution) Order, 1918, and any form of application, direction or other document headed "Margarine Distribution Scheme," or otherwise issued under the authority of the Food Controller and relating to the distribution of margarine shall, unless the contrary be proved, be deemed to be prescribed pursuant to this Order.

Penalty.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

7. This Order may be cited as the Margarine (Distribution) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

THE CANNED CONDENSED MILK (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 23, 1918.

1918. No. 361.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. In pursuance of Regulation 2 (B) of the Defence of the Requisition Realm Regulations the Food Controller gives notice that he of existing hereby takes possession of all Canned Condensed Milk which is in Great Britain and in the hands of the manufacturers thereof at the close of business on the 31st March, 1918.

2. In pursuance of Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Requisition Regulations the Food Controller hereby orders that the occupier of future of every factory or workshop in Great Britain engaged either wholly or partly in the manufacture of condensed milk shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the condensed milk which shall be produced at such factory or workshop on or after the 1st April, 1918, and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller, or to his order.

output.

3. The occupier of every such factory or workshop as is men- Returns. tioned in Clause 2 shall on or before the 5th April, 1918, furnish to the Secretary (Milk Section), Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1, a return showing-

- (i) the amount of condensed milk of his manufacture held by him on the 31st March, 1918; and
- (ii) the average weekly output of the factory or workshop under his control; and

shall furnish such other particulars as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

4. This Order may be cited as the Canned Condensed Milk Title. (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

General Licence under Margarine (Maximum Prices) Order 1917; Notice under Margarine (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE APPLICABLE TO IRELAND, DATED APRIL 10, 1918. UNDER THE MARGARINE (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.

1918. No. 408.

The Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice a charge of ½d. a lb. to be made in addition to the charge of 10d.

S. R. and O., or 1s. 2d. a lb. applicable under clause 2 (a) of the Margarine No. 1162 of (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.(a)

This licence shall apply only where all the following conditions are complied with, namely:—

- (a) The seller is selling margarine not made by himself;
- (b) The sale is made in Ireland for delivery in Ireland; and
- (c) The sale is not a retail sale.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

· 10th April, 1918.

Notice, dated April 11, 1918, under the Margarine (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.(b)

1918. No. 416.

S. R. & O., No. 359 of 1918.

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Pursuant to clause 7 of the above-mentioned Order the Food Controller hereby prescribes that the above Order in its application to Scotland shall have effect with the substitution of the date 29th April, 1918, for the date 25th March, 1918, and of the date 13th May, 1918, for the date 8th April, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

11th April, 1918.

⁽a) MARGARINE (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 381.

⁽b) MARGARINE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 416.

Butter (Maximum Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1918; Notice under British Cheese Order, 1917.

THE BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 19, 1918.

1918. No. 454.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. The Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) and the S.R. & O., Butter (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1917,(b) shall as 913 and 1110 from the date of this Order and until the Food Controller by notice under this Order otherwise directs, cease to apply to sales in Ireland of butter made in Ireland.

2. Nothing in this Order shall affect any proceedings in respect of any previous contravention of the said Orders.

3. This Order may be cited as the Butter (Maximum Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th April, 1918.

THE IMPORTERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 84 ("Importers'), requires returns to be made of imported Returns '') (p. condensed and dried milk.]

NOTICE, DATED MAY 14, 1918, UNDER BRITISH CHEESE ORDER, 1917.(**c**)

1918. No. 531.

Pursuant to the powers reserved to him by Clause 2 of the above-mentioned Order as amended, the Food Controller hereby S. R. & O., prescribes the prices set out in the Schedule as the maximum first No. 1105 hand prices upon all sales made on and after the 18th May, 1918, of 1917, and of cheese as described in the Schedule.

No. 386 of 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th May, 1918.

(b) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 376.

(c) British Cheese Order, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 370. The Firsthand Prices are further varied by Notice, dated July 17th, 1918, printed p. 434.

⁽a) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 363.

The Schedule.

Variety of Cheeses.,	First-hand Prices for delivery on and after 18th May, 1918, until further notice.
Caerphilly Whole Milk	Per lb. s. d . 1 $2\frac{1}{2}$ 1 1 0 11 1 6

	First-hand Prices for Gheese manufactured—		
Variety of Cheeses.	Before the 11th May, 1918.	On and after 11th May, 1918, until further notice.	
Ripened Stilton and Wensleydale (Blue). Dorset—Hand skimmed Blue , Separated Blue , White All other whole-milk cheese , partially skimmed cheese. , wholly skimmed cheese	Per lb. s. d. 1 7 1 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 3 1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 6 1 3 1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Per lb. s. d. 1 $7\frac{1}{2}$ 1 $2\frac{1}{2}$ 1 $0\frac{1}{2}$ 0 11 1 4 1 $0\frac{1}{2}$ 0 11	

In all cases prices are ex Factory or ex Farm. All these prices are subject to the following terms:—

For cash within seven days ... 2d. in the £ discount.

For cash within one month ... 1d, in the £ discount.

THE USE OF MILK (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 21ST MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 552.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by the Food Controller, a person shall not on or after the 17th June, 1918, use any milk, skimmed milk, separated milk, dried milk, condensed milk, butter milk, or any milk preparation in the manufacture for sale of any chocolate,

Licensing of users of milk for manufacturing purposes. sugar confectionery, or other sweetmeats, or for any other manufacturing purpose except the manufacture of articles intended for human consumption.

2. (a) Except under and in accordance with the terms of a Licensing of licence granted by the Food Controller, a person shall not on or after the 17th June, 1918, make for sale any condensed milk, milk. dried milk, milk preparation, butter or cheese.

- (b) This clause shall not apply to the making of butter or cheese by a farmer or other producer on the farm where the milk is produced.
- 3. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Reconstitugranted by the Food Controller, a person shall not after the 17th tion of milk June, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale as milk, or under any forbidden. description of which the word milk forms part, any liquid in the making of which dried milk or condensed milk has been used.(a)

- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. The Milk Factories (Restriction) Order, 1917,(b) and, as respects Great Britain, the Milk (Use in Chocolate) Order No. 2, 1917, (c) are hereby revoked as at the 17th June, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Nos. 1081 & 1296 of 1917.

- 6. (a) This Order may be cited as the Use of Milk (Licensing) Title. Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st May, 1918.

Note.—Applications for licences under this Order correspondence with respect to this Order should be addressed to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Milk Section), County Hall, Westminster Bridge Road, S.E.1.

(b) MILK FACTORIES (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 329 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

(c) MILK (USE IN CHOCOLATE) ORDER, No. 2, 1917.—Printed p. 388.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCE DATED JUNE 22, 1918.—This General Licence printed p. 430, authorises the sale of certain milk preparations.

THE COCOA BUTTER (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 21ST MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 553.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Output of Factories.

1. The occupier of every factory or workshop engaged either wholly or partly in the crushing or extracting or otherwise in the production of Cocoa Butter from the Cocoa Bean shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the resultant Cocoa Butter which he has in stock at the close of business on the 29th June, 1918, or which is produced after that day at such factory or workshop, and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his order.

Imports.

2. (a) All persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any Cocoa Butter which may arrive in the United Kingdom after the 29th June, 1918, shall place the same at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver the same to him or his order.

(b) The arbitrator to determine, in default of agreement, the price to be paid for any cocoa butter requisitioned under this clause shall be appointed as to cocoa butter arriving in England or Wales by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain, as to cocoa butter arriving in Scotland by the Lord President of the Court of Session, and as to cocoa butter arriving in Ireiand by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland.

Records.

- 3. All persons concerned shall when required by the Food Controller furnish a return showing:—
 - (a) the amount and quality of all cocoa butter manufactured by them in any specified period or periods;

(b) the amount and quality of any cocoa butter afloat and shipped to the United Kingdom to their order or consigned to them in any period or periods; and

(c) the amount and quality of any cocoa butter purchased to be shipped to the United Kingdom on any specified date

together with such other particulars as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

Penalty.

Title.

- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 5. This Order may be cited as the Cocoa Butter (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st May, 1918.

BRITISH CHEESE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 29TH MAY, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 578.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

- 1. This Order shall apply to all British made Whole Milk Application Cheese manufactured in Great Britain on or after the 1st June, of Order. 1918, other than-
 - (1) Caerphilly Cheese.
 - (2) Wenslevdale Cheese.
 - (3) Stilton Cheese.
 - (4) Soft Cheese.
- (5) Cheese weighing 2 lbs. or less uncut. The expression "Stilton Cheese" shall not include Loaf Cheddar.
- 2. (a) Every person who manufactures in Great Britain any Requisition. Cheese to which this Order applies shall place all such cheese at the disposal of the Food Controller and shall deliver the same to such persons and in such quantities and at such times as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe by directions under this Order.

(b) This Clause shall not, except the Food Controller in any Exception. particular case otherwise directs, apply to a person who normally while manufacturing cheese manufactures less than 56 lbs. of cheese per week.

3. Pending any such direction no person concerned shall dispose Cheese to be of any such cheese, whether in pursuance of any contract or held pending otherwise and shall take such steps as may be reasonably necessary direction. to preserve such cheese in good condition.

4. The arbitrator to determine in default of agreement the Arbitrator. compensation to be paid for any cheese requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain as respects cheese manufactured in England or Wales, and by the Lord President of the Court of Session as respects cheese manufactured in Scotland.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty, the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

(a) GENERAL LICENSES, DATED MAY 29, AND JULY 13, 1918.—These General Licences authorise the supply of cheese to employees, etc., of every person from whom cheese is requisitioned under this order. The licence of May 29 is revoked by that of July 13, which is printed at p. 434.

Title.

6. This Order may be cited as the British Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th May, 1918.

Note.—All correspondence with respect to this Order should be addressed to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Cheese Section),

Palace Chambers, London, S.W.1.

Makers whose cheese is requisitioned will be required to deliver their cheese to the Food Controller through a factor nominated by them and approved by the Food Controller. The official forms of nomination should be in the hands of makers before the 10th June, 1918. Any maker who by that date has not received an official form or nomination should at once communicate with the Ministry of Food.

THE MILK (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 30TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 582.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Milk" shall include Buttermilk, Separated Milk, and Skimmed Milk.

2. No person shall directly or indirectly sell or offer for sale or buy or offer to buy any Milk at prices exceeding the maximum

prices prescribed by or in pursuance of this Order.

3. (a) On and after the date of this Order the Food Control Committee for Ireland (hereinafter called the Committee) may from time to time prescribe a scale or scales of maximum prices applicable to any sale or sales of Milk in Ireland or any part thereof, and may from time to time revoke or vary any scale or scales so prescribed.

(b) Provided that any scale or scales already prescribed by any Sub-Committee of the Committee after the 30th April, 1918, shall be deemed to have been prescribed under and pursuant to

this Order.

(c) Any scale prescribed or to be prescribed under this clause shall be subject to review by the Food Controller and shall

be withdrawn or modified as he may direct.

4. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any Milk enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transactions or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

5. The Committee may: -

(a) buy Milk from any person and sell Milk so bought at a price estimated to cover at least the cost of purchasing and distributing such Milk; and

(b) Make arrangements as to the distribution of Milk.

Maximum prices.

Power of Food Control Committee to fix maximum prices for milk.

Artificial transactions.

Powers of Committee. 6. (a) The Committee may:—

(i) direct any person or dealer selling Milk to sell Milk powers of to any consumer or class of consumers in priority to any other person; and

Further Committee.

Exception

(ii) direct any producer or dealer to sell such Milk within such areas as the Committee may prescribe; and

- (iii) give directions for securing the purity, cleanliness and wholesomeness of Milk, provided that any directions so given shall not relieve Local Authorities of their powers and duties under any existing statutory provisions in regard to Milk or relieve producers or dealers from their obligations under any such provisions.
- (b) Every person to whom any direction is given under the powers conferred by this clause shall comply with such direction.

7. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to: (a) Condensed Milk, Dried Milk, or, save as in Clause 1 of

this Order, to Milk preparations. (b) Milk sold for consumption on the premises of the seller.

8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

9. (a) This Order may be cited as the Milk (Ireland) Order, Title and 1918.

(b) This Order shall apply only to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

30th May, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 3, 1918, UNDER THE ICE CREAM (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 599.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the Ice Cream (Restriction) S. R. & O., Order, 1917, there may until further notice be sold and offered No. 1350 of and exposed for sale any water ice, ice pudding or article containing the same, provided that there has not been used in the making thereof any cream, milk or sugar, except such sugar, if any, as is contained in the cordials, mineral waters, syrups, or essences used.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

3rd June, 1918.

⁽a) ICE CREAM (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p.[393.

The Cheese (Distribution) Order, 1918. Dated the 7th June. 1918.

1918. No. 618.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Forms of application, &c., may be prescribed.

- 1. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe forms of application and other documents to be used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with cheese proposed to be distributed or for the time being in the course of distribution by or under the authority of the Food Controller (hereinafter called Government Cheese). (a) Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or document or any other matter.
- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, disposal and use of Government Cheese.(b)

Completion of forms of application, &c.

2. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such form or document and in the distribution, disposal or use of any Government Cheese comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

False statements, &c.

- 3. A person shall not
 - (a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order or used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with, Government Cheese;
 - (b) forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other document;
 - (c) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies:
 - (d) obtain Government Cheese where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular, or deliver Government Cheese under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular.

Prescribed forms.

4. Any form of application or other document purporting to be prescribed pursuant to this Order, or headed Cheese (Distribution) Order. 1918, shall unless the contrary be proved be deemed to be prescribed pursuant to this Order.

1918, p. 433.
(b) MAXIMUM PRICE.—Directions, dated July 23, 1918, printed p. 437, fixed as from July 23, 1918, the maximum retail price for Government Cheese.

⁽a) CHEESE (REQUISITIONING) ORDERS ARE.—Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 362, Dutch Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 415, British Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 425, and Caerphilly Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 433

- 5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. This Order may be cited as the Cheese (Distribution) Order, Title. 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

7th June, 1918.

THE MILK (SUMMER PRICES) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 8TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 622.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him ir. that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. On and after the 9th June, 1918, until further notice, the maximum price for milk applicable under the Milk (Summer S. R. & O Prices) Order, 1918.(a) (hereinafter called the Principal Order) No. 296 shall be increased by the sum of 4d. per imperial gallon.

of 1918.

2. Where in exercise of the powers conferred by Clause 2 or Clause 5 of the Principal Order the maximum price for milk has been duly varied by a Food Control Committee, then as from the 9th June, 1918, antil the Committee shall have otherwise determined, the maximum price as so varied shall be deemed to be increased by a sum at the rate of 4d. per imperial gallon.

3. The following provision shall have effect in relation to any contract for the sale of milk (excluding butter milk, skimmed milk, condensed milk, dried milk and other milk preparations) subsisting on the 9th June. 1918, so far as the same relates to

milk to be delivered on or after that date:—

The Contract price for any such milk shall be deemed to be increased by a sum at the rate of 4d. per imperial gallon, the buyer having the option (to be exercised by notice in writing to the seller before the 19th June, 1918) of determining the contract as at the 19th June, 1918: Provided that the provisions of this clause shall not apply to such contracts as may be excepted from the operation thereof by the Food Controller.

4. The Food Controller may cancel or modify in such manner as he thinks fit any contract subsisting on the 9th June, 1918 for the sale of any milk (including butter milk, skimmed milk, condensed milk, dried milk, or other milk preparation) so far as the same relates to milk to be delivered thereunder on or after that date.

⁽a) MILK (SUMMER PRICES) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 406.

- 5. A Food Control Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller exercise the powers conferred by clause 14 (a) of the Principal Order in relation to Condensed Milk, Dried Milk, and milk preparations and so that directions under sub-clause (i) of that clause may be given to any retailer of any of those articles within their area.
- 6. (a) On and after the 9th June, 1918, the powers conterred on a Food Control Committee under Clause 2 (c) of the Principal Order shall be exerciseable only with the sanction of the Food Controller.
- (b) As from the 9th June, 1918, any price fixed by a Food Control Committee under the provisions of Clause 2 (c) of the Principal Order shall unless the Food Controller has previously sanctioned the same cease to have effect.
- 7. (a) This Order may be cited as the Milk (Summer Prices) Amendment Order, 1918, and shall be read as one with the Principal Order.

(b) This Order shall apply only to Great Britain.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th June, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 22, 1918, UNDER THE USE OF MILK (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 734.

S. R. & O, No. 552 of 1918.

S. R. & O.,

No. 296 of

1918.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all persons concerned until further notice to sell or offer or expose for sale any of the following preparations, whether in liquid form or otherwise, subject always to the provisions of the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts(b):—

Malted Milk.
Coffee and Milk.
Cocoa and Milk.
Milk Cocoa.
Milk and Cocoa.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd June, 1918.

⁽a) Use of Milk (Licensing) Order, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 422.
(b) Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.—A note as to the scope of these Acts and of the Regulations thereunder is given in Appendix VI (16) p. 506 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

General Licence under the Milk (Summer Prices) Order, 1918; Directions under the Butter (Distribution) Order, 1917.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 22, 1918, UNDER THE MILK (SUMMER PRICES) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 735.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 8 of the above Order, S. R. & O. the Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice: -No. 296 of 1918.

(a) Sales of milk by the pennyworth or two pennyworth; and

(b) Sales of any fraction of a gill, pint, quart, or gallon of milk:

Provided that the maximum price is not exceeded.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd June, 1918.

DIRECTIONS, DATED JUNE 22, 1918, UNDER THE BUTTER (DISTRI-BUTION) ORDER, 1917.(b)(c)

1918. No. 736.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order S. R. & U., and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food No. 1163 of 1917. Controller hereby directs as follows:—

1. Except on the occasion of a Sale by retail no Government Butter released for distribution under the Butter Distribution Scheme on or after the 24th June, 1918, shall, until further notice, be sold at prices exceeding the following: -

(a) for butter delivered in rolls, bricks, prints or pats of 1 lb. in weight or less, a price at the rate of 2s. 11d. per lb.

- (b) for butter delivered otherwise, a price at the rate of 2s. 1d. per lb.
- 2. No Government Butter released for distribution under the Butter Distribution Scheme on or after June 24th, 1918, shall until further notice be sold by retail at a price exceeding the rate of 2s. 4d. per lb.
- 3. The prices fixed by these directions are fixed on the basis that the cost of packing and packages is borne by the seller and that no charge is made for giving credit or making delivery, and no Government Butter shall be sold on any other terms.
- 4. On the occasion of any sale of Government Butter on and after the 24th June, 1918, the seller shall deliver to the buyer an invoice stating the price charged for such butter and whether

(c) REVOCATION.—These Directions are revoked as from August 7, 1918, by the Butter Order, 1918, printed p. 439.

⁽a) MILK (SUMMER PRICES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 406. (b) BUTTER (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 382.

such butter was released for distribution before or on or after the 24th June. Provided that no such invoice need be given upon the occasion of a retail sale unless the buyer demands the same.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd June, 1918.

THE CANNED CONDENSED MILK (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918.

DATED THE 27TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 769.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall apply to all persons concerned:—

Maximum retail prices.

1. (a) On and after the 28th July, 1918, no canned condensed milk may be sold by retail at a price exceeding the maximum

prices for the time being applicable under this Order.

(b) The maximum prices applicable on a sale by retail of canned condensed milk shall be such prices as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller by notice under this Order, and shall until further notice be the prices set out in the Schedule.

Terms of sale.

2. Where on the occasion of a retail sale, canned condensed milk is delivered at the request of the buyer otherwise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per tin, or any larger sum actually and properly paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing or packages or for giving credit.

Fictitious transactions.

Penalty.

Title and

extent of

Order.

3. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or agree to buy any canned condensed milk at prices exceeding the prices fixed by or under this Order or in connection with the sale or disposition of any canned condensed milk enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. (a) This Order may be cited as the Canned Condensed Milk (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th June, 1918.

The Schedule.

CANNED CONDENSED MILK.

Kind.		A price at the rate of			
Full Cream	(Sweetened)	 1s. $2\frac{1}{2}d$.			
,,	(Evaporated)	 $11\frac{1}{2}d$.	per 1	6 oz.	nett.
,,	(Unsweetened)	 $11\frac{1}{2}d$.	per 1	2 oz.	nett.
Machine Ski	immed	 1s. 1d.	per :	l6 oz.	gross.

CAERPHILLY CHEESE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 13TH JULY, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 860.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. This Order shall apply to all Caerphilly Cheese manufac- Application

tured in Great Britain on and after the 29th July, 1918.

Application of Order.

2. Every person who in Great Britain manufactures any Caerphilly Cheese to which this Order applies shall place all such cheese at the disposal of the Food Controller and shall deliver the same to such persons and in such quantities and at such times as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe by directions under this Order.

3. Pending any such direction no person concerned shall dis- Cheese to be pose of any such cheese, whether in pursuance of any contract or held pending otherwise, and shall take such steps as may be reasonably neces- direction.

sary to preserve such cheese in good condition.

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4. The arbitrator to determine in default of agreement the Arbitrator. compensation to be paid for any cheese requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain as respects cheese manufactured in England or Wales, and by the Lord President of the Court of Session as respects cheese manufactured in Scotland.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Caerphilly Cheese (Requisi- Title. tion) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th July, 1918.

Note.—All correspondence with respect to this Order should be addressed to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Cheese Section), New County Hall, London, S.E.1.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JULY 13, 1918.—This General Licence, printed p. 434, authorises the supply of cheese to employees, &c., of every person from whom cheese is requisitioned under this Order.

General Licence under British Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, and Caerphilly Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918; Notice under the British Cheese Order, 1917.

Makers whose cheese is requisitioned will be required to deliver their cheese to the Food Controller through a factor nominated by them and approved by the Food Controller. forms of nomination should be in the hands of makers before the 19th July, 1918. Any maker who by that date has not received an official form of nomination should at once communicate with the Ministry of Food.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JULY 13, 1918, UNDER BRITISH CHEESE (Requisition) Order, 1918,(a) and Caerphilly Cheese (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918.(b)

1918. No. 861.

S.R. & O., Nos. 578 and 860 of 1918.

The Food Controller hereby authorises every person from whom cheese is requisitioned under either of the above Orders to continue until further notice to consume in his household, and to supply to his employees, and, in the case of a cheese factory, also to suppliers of milk to that factory and to the employees of such suppliers of milk, cheese for consumption in the households of recipients only, at the first-hand price for the time being in force; provided that fortnightly returns are made to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Cheese Section), New County Hall, Westminster Bridge Road, S.E.1, showing the total quantities of cheese disposed of under this licence during the preceding fortnight and the number of persons supplied together with such further particulars as may from time to time be required.

S.R. & O., No. 579 of 1918.

S.R. & O., No. 1105 of

1917 and

Nos. 386 and

The General Licence, dated the 29th May, 1918, issued under the British Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918, is hereby revoked.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th July, 1918.

NOTICE, DATED JULY 17, 1918, UNDER THE BRITISH CHEESE ORDER, 1917.(c)

1918. No. 884.

Pursuant to the powers reserved to him by Clause 2 of the above named Order, as amended, the Food Controller hereby prescribes the prices set out in the Schedule as the maximum first hand prices in respect of the varieties of cheese set out in the 531 of 1918. Schedule.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food. 17th July, 1918.

(c) British Cheese Order, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 370.

⁽a) British Cheese (Requisition) Order, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 425.

⁽b) CAERPHILLY CHEESE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 433.

The Schedule.

	Maximum first hand prices for delivery.				
Variety of Cheeses.	Before 9th August, 1918.	On and after 9th August, 1918, until further notice.			
4	Per lb.	Per lb.			
Caerphilly, whole milk Caerphilly, partially skimmed, i.e., containing at least 25 per cent. of fat in the dry matter,	$egin{array}{cccc} s. & d. & & & & & \\ 1 & 5rac{1}{2} & & & & & \\ 1 & 4 & & & & & \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
caerphilly, wholly skimmed, i.e., containing less than 25 per cent. of fat in the dry matter.	0 11	0 11			
Any whole milk cheese not exceeding 2 lbs. weight uncut, other than Caerphilly.	1 9	1 10			

	Maximum first hand prices for Cheese manufactured.					
Variety of Cheeses.	Before 9th June, 1918.	On and after 9th June until 30th June, 1918, inclusive. On and af 1st July 1918, uni 31st July 1918, uni 1918, inclusiv		1st August. 1918, until further		
	Per lb.	Per lb.	Per lb.	Per lb.		
Ripened Stilton and Wensleydale (Blue). Dorset hand skimmed (Blue) Dorset separated (Blue) All other whole milk cheese (i.e., cheese containing at least 25 per cent. of fat in the dry matter). All other wholly skimmed cheese (i.e., cheese containing less than 25 per cent. of fat in the dry matter).	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	s. d. 1 8½ 1 3 1 0½ 0 11 1 5 1 1	s. d. 1 10 1 4 1 0½ 0 11 1 7 1 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

In all cases prices are ex Factory or ex Farm. All these prices are subject to the following terms:—

 Notice under the Margarine (Retail Prices) Order, 1918; Milk Products (Import Restriction) Order, 1918.

RATIONING ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 17TH, 1918.

[This Order printed in Group 14a ("Rationing Schemes") (p. 522), prescribes Butter and Margarine to be Rationed Food.]

Notice, dated July 18, 1918, under the Margarine (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 899.

S.R. & O., No. 359 of 1918. Pursuant to the powers reserved to him by Clause 1 of the above Order the Food Controller hereby prescribes that on and after the 22nd July, 1918, and until further notice the maximum price on the occasion of a sale by retail of Margarine shall be at the rate of 1s. 2d. per lb., except that—

(a) where margarine is sold by retail to any person at one sale in a quantity of not less than 28 lbs. to be delivered in any one week ending on a Saturday the maximum price shall be at the rate of 1s. 1d. per lb.;

and

(b) in estimating the maximum price any broken halfpenny shall count as a halfpenny.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

18th July, 1918.

THE MILK PRODUCTS (IMPORT RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 20TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 901.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Prohibition of Dealings.

1. (a) Except under a licence issued by or by the authority of the Food Controller a person shall not on or after the 1st August, 1918, either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person:

(a) buy sell or deal in; or

(b) offer or invite an offer or propose to buy sell or deal in; or

(c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase or other dealing in

any article mentioned in the Schedule to this Order for shipment

to the United Kingdom.

(b) Nothing in this Clause shall apply to purchases, sales or dealings in any of the articles mentioned in the Schedule which are on the 1st August, 1918, on passage to the United Kingdom.

⁽a) MARGARINE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 416.

2. All persons concerned shall on or before the 15th August, Returns. 1918, furnish to the Secretary to the Ministry of Food (Milk Section), a return showing the quantities of the articles mentioned in the Schedule which were purchased for shipment to the United Kingdom but were not shipped before the 1st August, 1918, and the quantity thereof sold and unsold.

3. This Order shall not be construed as prohibiting the insur-

ance of any article mentioned in the Schedule.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Milk Products (Import Title. Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th July, 1918.

Schedule.

- 1. Condensed Milk other than canned condensed milk.
- 2. Dried Milk.

3. Sugar of Milk.

DIRECTIONS, DATED JULY 23, 1918, UNDER THE CHEESE (DISTRIBU-TION) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 920.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order, S.R. & O., and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food No. 618 of Controller hereby orders and directs as follows:—

1. Until further notice no Government Cheese which is released for distribution on or after the 23rd July, 1918, shall be sold by retail at a price exceeding the rate of 1s. 8d. per lb.

2. (a) No charge may be made for packing or packages or for

giving credit.

(b) Where the cheese is delivered at the buyer's request, otherwise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery not exceeding the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any larger sum actually and properly paid by the seller for carriage.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd July, 1918.

⁽a) CHEESE (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 428.

DIRECTIONS FOR RETAILERS OF SUGAR, BUTTER AND MARGARINE, AND LARD AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^A. ("Rationing Scheme") (p. 542).]

DIRECTIONS RELATING TO THE AMOUNT OF RATIONED FOOD, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^A. ("Rationing Scheme") (p. 546).]

Directions, dated July 31, 1918, under the Butter (Distribution) Order, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 975.

S. R. & O. No. 1163 of 1917. In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby directs that a person shall not sell any Government Butter by wholesale on or after the 17th August, 1918, unless he is the holder of, and except in compliance with, the conditions of a licence issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, .

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st July, 1918.

⁽a) BUTTER (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 382.

THE BUTTER ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 31ST JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 976.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or Maximum offer to buy any butter at prices exceeding the maximum prices Prices not to applicable under this Order.

be exceeded.

2. The maximum prices shall be such prices as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe by notice under this Order and until further notice shall be the prices hereinafter provided.

Maximum Prices.

3. (a) On the occasion of a sale (other than a sale by retail) of British made butter by or on behalf of the maker or the blender thereof, the maximum price shall be as follows:-

Maker's Prices for British made butter.

(i) if the butter be sold in rolls, bricks, prints or pats of 1 lb. weight or less, at the rate of 2s. $1\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.;

(ii) in any other case, at the rate of 2s. 1d. per lb.

Provided that, where the buyer declares in writing that he is buying such butter for re-sale to a retail dealer, the prices applicable under this sub-clause shall be reduced by a sum at the rate of $1\frac{1}{4}d$. per lb.

- (b) The prices fixed by this clause are prices ex creamery, factory, farm or blender's premises and include all charges for packages, packing and credit.
- 4. (a) On the occasion of a sale of British made butter (not Sales by being a sale by retail or a sale to which Clause 3 applies) or on the occasion of a sale of Government butter (not being a sale by retail) the maximum price shall be as follows:-

(i) if the butter be sold in rolls, bricks, prints or pats of

1 lb. or less, at the rate of 2s. $1\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb.

(ii) in any other case at the rate of 2s. 1d. per lb. (b) The maximum prices fixed by this clause are fixed on

the basis that the cost of packing and packages and the cost of delivery to the buyer's premises is included in the price.

5. (a) On the occasion of a sale to which Clause 4 applies, the Terms of terms of sale shall be at the seller's option either;

(i) payment before delivery, with discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, for two months;

(ii) payment within 7 days of date of invoice with discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for two months;

(iii) payment after 7 days of date of invoice with discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for the unexpired portion of 2 months and 3 days from the date of invoice.

wholesale of any butter except sales by the maker of British made

payment on sales governed by Clause 4.

(b) For the purposes of this clause "date of invoice" shall mean the date of despatch of the goods to the buyer, or the date borne by the invoice whichever shall be the later, excepting in cases where butter is detained pending buyer's instructions, in which case it shall mean the date when the goods were ready for despatch to the buyer.

Retail sales of any butter.

6. (a) On the occasion of a sale by retail of any butter, the maximum price shall be at the rate of 2s. 4d. per lb. except that in calculating the maximum price chargeable on any sale any broken halfpenny included in the maximum price shall count as a halfpenny.

(b) No charge may be made for packing, packages or giving credit, but if the butter is delivered at the buyer's request, otherwise than at the seller's premises, an additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$, per lb. or any larger sum actually and properly paid by the seller for

carriage.

Powers of Food Control Committee to vary maximum Retail Price.

7. A Food Committee may from time to time by resolution vary the maximum price for butter sold by retail within their area or any part of such area; but

(a) Every such resolution shall be reported to the Food Controller within 5 days and shall not take effect until three days after the same has been sanctioned by the Food Controller; and

(b) Every such resolution of a Food Committee under this Clause shall be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or varied as

he may direct.

8. On the occasion of a sale of any butter, the seller shall deliver to the buyer an invoice stating accurately the description of the butter as Government or British made butter, as the case may be, the price charged and the quantity sold, and the invoice shall also state whether the butter sold in prints, pats, bricks, or rolls of 1 lb. or less or otherwise: Provided that no such invoice need be given upon the occasion of a retail sale unless the buyer demands the same.

Artificial transaction.

9. A person shall not in connection with any sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of butter, enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Exception.

10. Nothing in this Order shall apply to the sale of any butter by a caterer in the ordinary course of his business as part of a meal.

Penalty.

11. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

12. For the purposes of this Order "Government Butter" means-

Interpretation.

(a) all butter (whether made in the United Kingdom or imported) which is from time to time distributed for sale in Great Britain by the Food Controller under the Butter (Distribution) Order, 1917, or under any directions or regulations given or made or to be given thereunder; and

(b) all butter made, blended or collected by any blender holding a licence as such issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

"British made Butter" means all butter other than

Government Butter.

13. The Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(a) as amended by the Butter (Maximum Prices) Amendment Order, 1917, (b) and the Directions, dated June 22nd, 1918,(c) under the Butter (Distribution) Order, 1917, are hereby revoked as from the 7th August, and 736 of 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Revocation S. R. & O., Nos. 913 and 1110 of 1917

14. (a) This Order may be cited as the Butter Order, 1918.

Title, Commencement

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 7th August, and Extent. 1918.

(c) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridae.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st July, 1918.

(a) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed

(b) BUTTER (MAXIMUM PRICES) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1917 .- That Order

is printed p. 376.

(c) DIRECTIONS, DATED JUNE 22, 1918, UNDER BUTTER (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917.—Those Directions are printed p. 431.

11A. National Kitchens.

National Kitchens Order, 1918, as amended, p. 442.

Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 2), 1918, (Powers of English Local Authorities under Order) p. 444.

Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 3), 1918

(Extension of (No. 2) Order), p. 446.

Local Authorities (National Kitchens) (Scotland) Order, 1918 (Powers of Scottish Local Authorities under Order) p. 445.

THE NATIONAL KITCHENS ORDER, 1918, DATED FEBRUARY 25, 1918, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER, DATED JULY 16, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 223, as amended by 881.

Provision of National Kitchens.

- 1. A Local Authority may, subject to such conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller-
 - (a) establish and maintain in their area a National Kitchen or Kitchens together with such distributing depôts as may be thought proper;
 - (b) sell (whether for consumption on or off the premises or to a person for purposes of distribution) food and drink prepared in the Kitchen or proposed to be distributed by or under the authority of the Food Controller: and
 - (c) do such other acts and things as are necessary or incidental to the due exercise of the above powers. (b)

Delegation of powers.

2. A Local Authority may delegate all or any of their powers under this Order to, or in the exercise of such powers associate themselves with, any Food Committee or other Committee appointed by the Authority, and may, with the consent of the Food Controller, combine with any other Local Authority or Authorities for all or any of the purposes of this Order. (b)

Directions.

3. A Local Authority shall comply with any direction given by or on behalf of the Food Controller in relation to a National Kitchen or depôt established or carried on pursuant to this Order and the food and drink sold or supplied therefrom or from any premises used in connection therewith, and every such kitchen and depôt shall at all times be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller.

(a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Amending Order of July 16, 1918, added

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Amending Order of July 16, 1918, added the words "in such cases...........County," at the end of Clause 4 (a).

(b) Orders Ancillary to the National Kitchens Order, 1918.—The Local Government Board, by the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 2), 1918 (p. 444), and by the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 3), 1918 (p. 446), and the Secretary for Scotland, by the Local Authorities (National Kitchens) (Scotland) Order, 1918 (p. 445), conferred powers on local authorities in England and Scotland respectively for discharge of functions, and provision of expenses under the National Kitchens Order. provision of expenses under the National Kitchens Order.

- 4. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "Local Interpretation." shall mean(2):—
 - (a) As respects England and Wales, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London in Common Council assembled, the Council of a Metropolitan Borough, the Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District, the Council of a Rural District, or the Council of the Isle of Scilly; and in such cases as the Food Controller may approve the Council of a County.(b)
 - (b) as respects Scotland, in a County (exclusive of any Burgh comprised therein) the County Council, and in a Royal Parliamentary or Police Burgh, the Town Council.
- "Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(c)
- 5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 6. (a) This Order may be cited as the National Kitchens Order, Extent and 1918.

 * Title of Order.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

25th February, 1918.

(a) LOCAL AUTHORITIES FOR PURPOSES OF ORDER.—These are in England and Wales the same local authorities who are concerned with the general administration of food control, see footnote (a) p. 624, Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III. of this Manual, which gives details as to such authorities and their districts.

In Scotland on the other hand certain town councils are not separate local authorities for the purposes of the said Order constituting the food control committees being represented on joint committees of County and Town Councils; but for the purposes of the National Kitchens Order every Town Council which does not combine with another county or town council is a separate local authority.

(b) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The words "in such cases...........County" at the end of Clause 4 (a) were added by the Amending Order of July 16, 1918.

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 2), 1918.

DATED FEBRUARY 25, 1918, MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

1918. No. 388.

64,823.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of

London, in Common Council assembled;-

To the Councils of the several Metropolitan Boroughs, Municipal Boroughs and other Urban Districts in England and Wales;—

To the Councils of the several Rural Districts in England

and Wales; -

To the Council of the Isles of Scilly;—And to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by Regulation numbered 2j of the Defence of the Realm Regulations it is among other things provided that We, the Local Government Board, may, by arrangement with the Food Controller, confer and impose on any local authorities and their officers any powers and duties in connection with the enforcement of certain of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and any powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge of any functions assigned to local authorities by any Order made by the Food Controller under the said Regulations;

And whereas the Food Controller has, in pursuance of the said Regulations, made the National Kitchens Order, 1918:(a)

Now, therefore, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, and by arrangement with the Food Controller, We hereby Order as follows:—

Article I.—In these Regulations, unless the contrary intention

appears:-

(a) The expression "Local Authority" means, as the case may be, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London in Common Council assembled, the Council of a Metropolitan Borough, the Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District, the Council of a Rural District, or the Council of the Isles of Scilly;

(h) The expression "District" means the District subject to the jurisdiction of the Local Authority for the purposes of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, or of the Public Health Act, 1875, as the case may be.(b)

Article II.—We hereby confer and impose upon the Local Authority and upon such of their officers as they may designate or appoint for the purpose the powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge within their District, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, of the functions assigned to

(a) NATIONAL KITCHENS ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 442.
(b) LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND THEIR DISTRICTS FOR PURPOSES OF ORDER.—See footnote (a) to National Kitchens Order, 1918, p. 443.

Local Authorities (National Kitchens) (Scotland) Order, 1918:— Powers of Scottish Local Authorities under National Kitchens Order.

Local Authorities by the National Kitchens Order, 1918(a): Provided that no Local Authority shall delegate any power to levy a

rate or borrow money.

Article III.—(1) Any expenses incurred by a Local Authority in the execution of this Order shall be defrayed in like manner as if the expenses had been incurred in the execution of the Public Health Act, 1875, or the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, as the case may be.

(2) Where any Local Authorities have combined for any of the purposes of this Order, any expenses incurred by those Local Authorities under this Order shall be defrayed in such proportions as may be agreed upon, or in default of agreement as may be

determined by the Local Government Board.

Article IV.—This Order may be cited as "The Local

Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 2), 1918."

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this Twenty-fifth day of February, in the year One thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

W. Hayes Fisher, (L.S.) President. H. C. Monro, Secretary.

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (NATIONAL KITCHENS) (SCOTLAND) ORDER, 1918, DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1918, MADE BY THE SECRETARY FOR SCOTLAND.

1918, No.
$$\frac{206}{S.5}$$
.

In pursuance of the powers conferred on me by Regulation 21 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and by arrangement with the Food Controller, I hereby order as follows:-

(1) In this Order—

(a) the expression "Local Authority" shall mean in a County (exclusive of any Burgh comprised therein), the County Council and in a Royal Parliamentary or Police Burgh the Town Council(b):

(b) the expression "Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order,

1917.(c)

(2) I hereby confer and impose upon the Local Authority and upon such of their officers as they may designate or appoint for

(a) NATIONAL KITCHENS ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 442. (b) LOCAL AUTHORITIES FOR PURPOSES OF ORDER.—See footnote (a) to

National Kitchens Order, 1918, p. 443.

(c) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed in Part III. of this Manual.

the purpose the powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge within their district, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, of the functions assigned to Local Authorities by the National Kitchens Order, 1918.(a)

(3) Any expenses incurred by a Local Authority in the execution of this Order shall be defrayed out of the public health general assessment provided that such expenses shall not be reckoned in any calculation as to the statutory limits of that assessment.

- (4) A District Committee, Parish Council, School Board, or other local body may make available, without charge, or on such terms as may be agreed, to a Local Authority or to any Food Committee or other Committee appointed by the Authority, any of their premises and the services of any of their officers for the purposes of the National Kitchens Order, 1918.(a)
- (5) This Order may be cited as the Local Authorities (National Kitchens) (Scotland) Order, 1918.

Robert Munro,

His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland.

(L.S.)

Scottish Office, Whitehall, 26th February, 1918

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 3), 1918, DATED JULY 16, 1918, MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

1918. No. 1013.

65,009.

To the County Councils of the several Administrative Counties in England and Wales;—

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled;—

To the Councils of the several Metropolitan Boroughs, Municipal Boroughs, and other Urban Districts in England and Wales:—

To the Councils of the several Rural Districts in England and Wales:—

To the Council of the Isle of Scilly;—And to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by Regulation numbered 21 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations it is among other things provided that We, the Local Government Board, may, by arrangement with the Food Controller, confer and impose on any local authorities and their officers any powers and duties in connection with the enforcement of certain of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and any powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge of any functions assigned to local authorities by any Order made by the Food Controller under the said Regulations; And whereas by the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order

⁽a) NATIONAL KITCHENS ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 442.

(No. 2), 1918(a) (herein-after referred to as "the Principal Order "), made in pursuance of Regulation numbered 21 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, We conferred and imposed upon every Local Authority as therein defined, and upon such of their officers as they might designate or appoint for the purpose, the powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge within their District, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, of the functions assigned to Local Authorities by the National Kitchens Order, 1918, made by the Food Controller:

And whereas the Food Controller has, in pursuance of the said Regulations, made an Order(b) bearing even date herewith, amending the National Kitchens Order, 1918, so as to include County Councils within the scope of that Order in such cases as the Food Controller may approve:

Now therefore, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, and by arrangement with the Food Controller, We hereby

Order as follows:—

ARTICLE I .- The expression "Local Authority" as defined by Article I. of the Principal Order shall be extended to include the County Council of an Administrative County, the expression "District" as defined by that Article shall be extended to include, in relation to a County Council, the area subject to the jurisdiction of the County Council as the local education authority for the purposes of Part III. of the Education Act, 1902, and a reference to the National Kitchens Order, 1918, as amended as aforesaid, shall be substituted in Article II. of the Principal Order for the reference to the National Kitchens Order, 1918, and subject to the provisions of Article II. of this Order the Principal Order shall be construed and have effect accordingly.

ARTICLE II.—Any expenses incurred by a County Council in the execution of the Principal Order as amended by this Order shall be charged and defrayed in like manner as expenses incurred by a County Council as local education authority under the Education (Provisions of Meals) Acts, 1906 and 1914, are

required to be charged and defraved.

ARTICLE III .- This Order may be cited as "the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 3), 1918."

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this Sixteenth day of July, in the year One thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

(L.S.)

W. Hayes Fisher.

President.

H. C. Monro,

Secretary.

with the principal order as printed p. 442.

⁽a) LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 2), 1918 :- That Order is printed p. 444.

(b) ORDER OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER.—The amending order is incorporated

11_B. Notice by Retailer of Prices (a).

THE NOTICE IN SHOPS (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 27, 1918.

1918. No. 400.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Coniroller the following regula-

tions shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

Powers of Food Control Committee for Ireland as to notices in shops.

Duty to comply.

Penalties.

Title and Extent of

Order.

1. The Food Control Committee for Ireland(a) may from time to time by notice under this Order direct that a person selling by retail in any shop an article, in respect of which a maximum price is for the time fixed by any Order of the Food Controller or the Food Committee, shall keep or cause to be kept posted at such times and in such form and manner as may be specified by the Committee a notice showing the maximum price for such article for the time being in force as to sales in such shop and also if the Committee as respects any article so think fit, the actual price at which such article is being sold in such shop. (b)

Any such notice may be made so as to apply to all or any of such articles or so as to apply generally to all persons or to any particular person or class of persons named or described in the notice and may contain such consequential provisions as appear to the Committee to be necessary or proper. Any such notice may be revoked or varied by the Committee as occasion requires.

2. All persons concerned shall comply with the provisions of any notice issued under this Order.

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. (a) This Order may be cited as the Notice in Shops (Ireland) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall apply only to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller, W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th March, 1918.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND .- See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III. of this Manual.

(b) NOTICE OF PRICE OF PARTICULAR ARTICLE:-The exhibition by retailers at their shops of the prices at which the undermentioned articles are sold is provided for by the Orders mentioned in connection with each of such articles :-

Bacon, Ham and Lard (Bacon, Ham and Lard (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917) p. 51, and (Bacon, Ham and Lard (Prices) Order, 1918), p. 69.

Bread (Sale by retail in the City of Dublin), p. 172. Butter (Butter (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1917), p. 376.

Cheese (British Cheese Order, 1917), p. 370. Fish (Fish Prices) Order No. 2, 1918), p. 230.

Jam and Jelly (Jam (Prices) No. 2 Order, 1918), p. 266. Meat (Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917), p. 300, and (Meat Retail Prices (Scotland) Order, 1918), p. 349.

Potatoes (Potatoes Order, 1917), p 472. Poultry and Game (Poultry and Game (Prices) Order, 1918), p. 352.

Rabbits (Rabbits (Prices) Order, 1918), p. 309. Rice (Rice (Retail Prices) Order, 1918), p. 134.

oils and acid

oils pro-

12. Oils and Fats.

Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917, p. 455. Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Licensing) Order, 1918, p. 455.

Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 455. Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Priority Supply) Order, 1918, p. 455.

Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 455. Edible Oils and Fats and Oil and Fat Compound (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 458.

Hardened Fat (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 450.

Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 462.

Home Melt Tallows and Greases (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 465.

General Licences thereunder (Retail Butchers), pp.466,467.

Oil Splitting Order, 1917, p. 449.

Oil and Fat Compound (Licensing of Manufacturers and Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 457.

Oils and Fats (Requisition) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 452.

Oils and Fats (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 456.

Oils, Oil Cakes and Meals (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 450.

Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 455.

Raw Beef and Raw Mutton Fat (Licensing of Purchases) Order, 1918, p. 461.

General Licences thereunder (Retail Butchers), pp. 466, 467. Refined Vegetable Oils (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 454. Seeds, Nuts and Kernels (Requisition) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 451.

THE OIL SPLITTING ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1917. 1917. No. 1134.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence Splitting of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him of certain in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. No person shall on or after the 12th November, 1917, split (otherwise than in the due course of manufacture into Soap) any of the Oils specified in the Schedule hereto or any of the Acid Oils arising from refining any of such Oils, into its com-ponent parts of fatty acid and Glycerine except under and in accordance with the terms of a Licence issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

3. This Order may be cited as the Oil Splitting Order, 1917. Title.

Nigerseed Oil.

The Schedule.

Coconut Oil. Cotton Oil.

Palm Kernel Oil. Gingelly (Sesame) Seed Oil. Rape-seed Oil. Ground Nut Oil. Soya Oil.

Kapokseed Oil.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

9th November, 1917. 5789

THE OILS, OIL CAKES AND MEALS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917.

DATED NOVEMBER 28, 1917.

1917. No. 1224.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The occupier of every factory or workshop engaged either wholly or partly in the crushing or extracting of oil from Oleaginous Seed, Nuts and Kernels, or in the production of Oils, Oil Cakes or Meals from any of such substances, shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the resultant crude oils, Oil cakes, Meals and residues which he has in stock at the close of business on the 30th November, 1917, or which are produced after that day at such factory or workshop, and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his Order.

2. This Order may be cited as the Oils, Oil Cakes and

Meals (Requisition) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th November, 1917.

THE HARDENED FAT (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 28, 1917.

1917. No. 1225.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The occupier of every factory or workshop engaged either wholly or partly in the manufacture by hydrogenation of hardened fats shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the hardened fats which he has in stock at the close of business on 30th November, 1917, or which are produced after that date at such factory or workshop and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his Order.

2. This Order may be cited as the Hardened Fat (Requisi-

tion) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

THE SEEDS, NUTS AND KERNELS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 29, 1917, AS AMENDED BY APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918, (a) DATED MARCH 11, 1918.

1917 No. 1226, as amended by 1918 No. 294. .

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2B of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the Food Controller gives notice that he hereby takes possession of all oleaginous seeds, nuts and kernels of the varieties mentioned in the Schedule of this Order which are in the United Kingdom on the 1st December, 1917.

(b) This Clause shall not apply to seeds, nuts and kernels in the hands of a person who, at the close of business on the 30th November, 1917, does not hold more than 5 tons of any one

variety.

2. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the Food Controller requires all persons owning or having power to sell or dispose of any oleaginous seeds, nuts and kernels of the varieties mentioned in the said Schedule which may arrive in the United Kingdom after the 1st December, 1917, to place the same at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver the same to him or to his Order.

(b) The arbitrator to determine in default of agreement the compensation to be paid for any article requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, and by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.(a)

3. All persons concerned shall, on or before the 8th December, 1917, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace

Chambers, S.W.1, a return showing:—

(a) the amount of seeds, nuts and kernels mentioned held by him at the close of business on the 30th November, 1917;

(b) the amount of such seeds, nuts and kernels afloat and shipped to the United Kingdom to him or to his order on the 30th November, 1917;

(c) the amount and quality of seeds, nuts and kernels purchased to be shipped to the United Kingdom and not

shipped on the 30th November, 1917; and

(d) the quantity sold and unsold in each case;

and shall furnish such other particulars as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller. (b)

4. Infringements of this Order are offences against the Defence

of the Realm Regulations.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 2(b).—This Clause was inserted in its present form by the Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 294)

⁽b) RETURNS.—The Foreign Holdings (Returns) Order, 1918, printed in Group 7A ("Foreign Holdings of Food,") (p. 250), does not apply to articles in respect of which a return has been made under this present Order.

5. This Order may be cited as the Seeds, Nuts and Kernels (Requisition) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th November, 1917.

Schedule.

Babassu Seed.
Castorseed.
Copra.
Cotton Seed.
Gingelly (Sesame Seed).
Ground Nuts (Undecorticated).
Ground Nuts (Decorticated).
Hemp Seed.
Illipe.
Kapok Seed.

Linseed.
Mowrah Seed.
Niger Seed.
Palm Kernels.
Poppy Seed.
Rapeseed.
Shea Nuts.
Soya Beans.
Sunflower Seed.

THE OILS AND FATS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917, DATED DECEMBER 21, 1917, AS AMENDED BY APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS ORDER, 1918, (a) DATED MARCH 11, 1918.

1917 No. 1311, as amended by 1918 No. 294.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2B of the Defence of the Realm Regulations the Food Controller gives notice that he hereby takes possession of all Oils and Fats of the varieties mentioned in the Schedule to this Order which are in the United Kingdom on the 1st January, 1918, of any description whatsoever, whether Crude, Refined, Deodorised, Pressed or Bleached, or whether in the form of Soap stocks, Acid Oils or Black Grease arising from refining or pressing, or of Fatty Acids arising from the splitting of any of the said Oils and Fats.

(b) This Clause shall not apply to Oils and Fats in the hands of any person who at the close of business on the 31st December,

1917, does not hold more than 5 tons of any one variety.

2. (a) In pursuance of Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the Food Controller requires all persons owning any of the said Oils and Fats which may arrive in the United Kingdom after the 1st January, 1918, to place the same at the disposal of the Food Controller and deliver the same to him or to his Order.

(b) The arbitrator to determine in default of agreement the compensation to be paid for any article requisitioned under this Order shall be appointed by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain in England, by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, and by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.(a)

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 2(b).—This Clause was inserted in its present form by the Appointment of Arbitrators Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 294).

3. No person shall after the date of this Order treat or permit to be treated any of the said Oils and Fats in such manner as to render the same unfit or less fit for use in the manufacture of human or animal Food.

4. All persons concerned shall on or before the 8th January, 1918, furnish to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, S.W.1, a Return showing:—

(a) The amount of the said Oils and Fats held by them at the close of business on the 31st December, 1917.

(b) The amount and quality of the said Oils and Fats affoat and shipped to the United Kingdom to their Order on the 31st December, 1917.

c) The amount and quality of the said Oils and Fats purchased to be shipped to the United Kingdom and

not shipped on the 31st December, 1917.

(d) The quantity sold and unsold in each case, and shall furnish such other particulars as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

No return shall be required from any person who at the close of business on the 31st December, 1917, does not hold more than five tons of any one variety of the said Oils or Fats.(a)

5. Infringements of this Order are offences against the Defence

of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Oils and Fats (Requisition) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary of the Ministry of Food.

21st December, 1917.

The Schedule.

Castor Oil.
Coconut Oil.
Cotton Seed Oil.
Gingelly (Sesame) Oil.
Ground Nut.
Hemp Seed Oil.
Kapok-seed Oil.
Linseed Oil.
Maize Oil.
Mowrah Seed Oil.
Niger Seed Oil.

Olive Oil.
Palm Oil.
Palm Kernel Oil.
Poppy Seed Oil.
Rape Seed Oil.
Shea Butter or Oil.
Soya Bean Oil.
Sunflower Seed Oil.
Oleine distilled.
Stearine distilled.
Vegetable Tallow.

Neutral Lard.
Oleo Oil.
Premier Jus.
Imported Tallow.
Stearine (Beef and Mutton).

⁽a) RETURNS.—The Foreign Holdings (Returns) Order, 1918, printed in Group 7^A (p. 250), does not apply to articles in respect of which a return has been made under this present Order

THE REFINED VEGETABLE OILS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917.

DATED DECEMBER 21, 1917.

1917. No. 1314.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The occupier of every factory or workshop engaged either wholly or partly in applying to any of the oils specified in the Schedule all or any of the following processes, viz;

(a) Refining for technical purposes; or

(b) Refining and bleaching for technical purposes; or

(c) Refining and finishing for common Edible purposes; or
 (d) Refining, deodorising and finishing for fine edible purposes; or

(e) Pressing and Deodorising to produce technical pressed oil and fine edible stearine.

shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the Crude Oils and the whole of the Refined and Bleached, Deodorised, Finished or Pressed Oils or Stearine and residues therefrom which he has in stock at the close of business on the 22nd December, 1917, or which are produced after that day at such factory or workshop, and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his Order.

- 2. Infringements of this Order are offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Refined Vegetable Oils (Requisition) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st December, 1917.

The Schedule.

Cocoanut Oil.
Cotton Oil.
Gingelly (sesame) Oil
Ground Nut Oil.
Kapokseed Oil.
Linseed Oil.
Maise Oil.

Nigerseed Oil.
Palm Kernel Oil.
Poppy Oil.
Rapeseed Oil.
Shea Oil.
Soya Oil.
Sunflower Oil.

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (COMMITTEES) ORDER, 1917.

DATED DECEMBER 21, 1917.

[This Order, which relates to Cereals as well as to cattle feeding cakes, &c., containing oils, is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals"), p. 122.]

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (PRIORITY SUPPLY) ORDER, 1918.

DATED JANUARY 4, 1918.

[This Order, which relates to Cereals as well as to cattle feeding cakes, &c., containing oils, is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals"), p. 128.]

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, which relates to Cereals as well as to cattle feeding cakes, &c., containing oils, is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals"), p. 131.]

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals"), p. 513, restricts as from February 3rd, 1918, the amount of fats used in or by any public eating place. For restrictions previously in force see the now revoked Public Meals Order, 1917, pp. 158-161, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."] (The Order was revoked as regards Great Britain by the Rationing Order, 1918, p. 522.)

THE CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (LICENSING) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 29, 1918.

[This Order, which relates to Cereals as well as to cattle feeding cakes, &c., containing oils, is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals"), p. 135.]

CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

[That Order, which relates to Cereals as well as to Linseed, Soya, and other Cakes or Meals, is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals"), p. 143.]

THE OILS AND FATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 23, 1918.

1918. No. 357.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted after the date of this Order by or under the authority of the Food Controller, no person shall after the 20th April, 1918, use any of the oils or fats mentioned in the schedule hereto or any mixtures thereof except for the purpose of, or in the manufacture of, human or animal food or drink.
- 2. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence issued after the date of this Order by or under the authority of the Food Controller, no person shall after the 20th April, 1918, treat or cause or permit to be treated any oils or fats mentioned in the schedule hereto or any mixture thereof in such manner as to render the same unfit or less fit for human or animal food or drink or for the manufacture thereof.
- 3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. This Order may be cited as the Oils and Fats (Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd March, 1918.

The Schedule.

Cocoanut Oil.
Cotton Seed Oil.
Gingelly (Sesame) Oil.
Ground Nut Oil.
Kapok-seed Oil.
Maize Oil.
Mowrah Seed Oil.
Niger Seed Oil.

Palm Kernel Oil.
Poppy Seed Oil.
Shea Butter or Oil.
Soya Bean Oil.
Sunflower Seed Oil.
Neutral Lard.
Oleo Oil.
Premier Jus.

Tallow.
Stearine (Beef and Mutton).
Dripping.
Lard.

THE OIL AND FAT COMPOUND (LICENSING OF MANUFACTURERS AND REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 17, 1918.

1918. No. 446.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller the following Regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a Licence Oil and Fat issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller no person Compound shall on or after the 22nd April, 1918, manufacture for sale any manufacmixture or compound containing any one or more of the Oils or Fats mentioned in the Schedule hereto, whether hardened

of certain Oil and Fat

Compounds.

2. In pursuance of Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Requisition Regulations, the occupier of every factory or workshop engaged either wholly or partly in the manufacture of any mixture or compound (other than Margarine) manufactured either wholly or partly from any two or more of the Oils and Fats mentioned in the Schedule hereto, whether hardened or not, shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the resulting mixture or compound which he has in stock at the close of business on the 18th April, 1918, or which shall be manufactured at such factory or workshop on or after the 18th April, 1918, and shall deliver the same to the Food Controller or to his Order.

3. The occupier of every factory or workshop to which Clause 2 Returns. of this Order applies shall on or before the 24th April, 1918, furnish to the Secretary, Oils and Fats Branch, Ministry of Food, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W. 1, a Return showing the amount of all such Mixture or Compound which he has in stock at the close of business on 18th April, 1918, and shall furnish such other particulars as may from time to time be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

4. This Order shall not apply to any Mixture or Compound Exceptions. of the said Oils and Fats which is not manufactured for purposes of human food.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. This Order may be cited as the Oil and Fat Compound Title. (Licensing of Manufacturers and Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th April, 1918.

The Schedule.

VEGETABLE OILS.

Coconut Oil.
Cotton Oil.
Gingelly (Sesame) Oil.
Ground Nut Oil.
Kapokseed Oil.
Linseed Oil.
Maize Oil.
Nigerseed Oil.
Palm Kernel Oil.
Poppy Oil.
Rapeseed Oil.
Shea Oil or Butter.
Soya Oil.
Sunflower Oil.

ANIMAL OILS AND FATS.

Neutral Lard.
Oleo Oil.
Premier Jus.
Tallow (Beef).
,, (Mutton).
Stearine (Beef and Mutton).
Whale Oil.
Lard.

EDIBLE OILS AND FATS AND OIL AND FAT COMPOUNDS (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED 25TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 566.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Definition.

1. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Edible Oils and Fats" means any of the Oils and Fats mentioned in the Schedule hereto, whether crude, refined, deodorised or otherwise treated, and any mixtures or compounds (other than Margarine) manufactured either wholly or partly from any two or more of such oils or fats whether hardened or not, but does not include any of such oils, fats, mixtures or compounds which are not suitable, or intended for use, as food for human consumption, or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of such food.

2 (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe forms of application and other documents to be used for the purpose of obtaining, or for any other purpose connected with, Edible Oils and Fats proposed to be distributed or for the time being in the course of distribution by or under the authority of the Food Controller. Any such form or document may contain instructions to be observed as to the completion of the form or document or any other matter.

Forms of application, etc., may be prescribed.

- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, disposal, sale or use of Edible Oils and Fats and as to the prices and terms upon which any Edible Oils and Fats may be sold or otherwise disposed of and may by such directions restrict the use of such Edible Oils and Fats to such purposes and by such persons as he may prescribe.
- 3. All persons concerned shall in the completion of any such Completion form or document and in the distribution, disposal, sale or use of Edible Oils and Fats comply with the instructions and directions application, relating thereto for the time being in force.

of forms of

4. Every person dealing in or using for the purposes of his Records and trade or business any Edible Oils and Fats shall if required by inspection. the Food Controller keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place accurate records relating to his trade or business in Edible Oils and Fats, the purposes for which any Edible Oils and Fats are used by him and such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall make such returns as the Food Controller may from time to time require. Every such person shall also permit any person authorised by or under the authority of the Food Controller to enter any of his premises where Edible Oils and Fats are stored, dealt in or used, and to inspect such premises and any Edible Oils and Fats therein, and any records kept by him and all relevant books, documents and accounts relating to his trade or business.

5. A person shall not:—

(a) knowingly make or connive at the making of any false False or misleading statement in any application or other statements. document prescribed pursuant to this Order or used for any purpose connected with Edible Oils and Fats;

'3) forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other document:

- (c) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies;
- (d) obtain Edible Oils and Fats where any statement made on the relative application is false in any particular;
- (e) sell or deliver Edible Oils and Fats under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular.

460 Edible Oils and Fats and Oil and Fat Compounds (Distribution)

Order, 1918.

Prescribed Forms.

6. Any form of application, direction or other document purporting to be prescribed pursuant to this Order, or headed "Edible Oils and Fats and Oil and Fat Compound (Distribution) Order, 1918," or otherwise issued under the authority of the Food Controller and relating to the distribution, disposal, sale or use of Edible Oils and Fats shall, unless the contrary be proved, be deemed to be prescribed pursuant to this Order.

Penalty.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

8. This Order may be cited as the Edible Oils and Fats and Oil and Fat Compound (Distribution) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

25th May, 1918.

The Schedule.

VEGETABLE OILS.

Coconut Oil. Cotton Oil. Gingelly (Sesame) Oil. Ground Nut Oil. Kapokseed Oil. Linseed Oil. Maize Oil. Nigerseed Oil. Palm Kernel Oil. Poppy Oil. Rapeseed Oil. Shea Oil or Butter. Soya Oil. Sunflower Seed Oil.

ANIMAL OILS AND FATS.

Neutral Lard. Oleo Oil. Premier Jus. Tallow (Beef). Tallow (Mutton). Stearine (Beef and Mutton). Whale Oil. Lard.

THE RAW BEEF AND RAW MUTTON FAT (LICENSING OF PURCHASES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 12TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 635.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Restriction issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller, a person on purchase shall not after the 1st July, 1918—(a)

or treating of fats.

- (a) buy or otherwise acquire any raw beef fat or raw mutton fat of any description; or
- (b) for the purpose of sale render, melt or treat any such fat.
- 2. No licence under this Order shall be required—

Exceptions.

- (a) in respect of fat which is acquired and used for the purpose of human consumption by domestic consumers. caterers, residential establishments and institutions; or
- (b) in respect of fat acquired and used for the manufacture of meat products (other than dripping); or
- (c) as respects butchers, in respect of sales and purchases of meat in the ordinary course of their trade, provided that nothing in this clause shall exempt any butcher who desires to render, melt or treat any such fat from the necessity of obtaining a licence under this Order.
- 3. Applications for licences under this Order shall be made on Applications forms to be obtained from and returned to the Secretary, Ministry for licences. of Food (Oils and Fats Section), County Hall, London, S.E.1.

4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

This Order may be cited as the Raw Beef and Raw Mutton Title. Fat (Licensing of Purchases) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

· W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th June, 1918.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCES TO RETAIL BUTCHERS.—Printed pp. 466, 467.

Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918. Dated the 12th June, 1918.

1918. No. 636.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Maximum Prices. 1. A person shall not on or after the 24th June, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy any Home Melt Tallow or Grease at a price exceeding the maximum price for the time being applicable under this Order.

Manufacturer's price for Technical Tallows and Greases.

- 2.—(a) Until further notice the maximum price applicable on a sale by or on behalf of the manufacturer of any Home Melt Tallow or Grease of a variety specified in the Schedule to this Order shall be at the rate specified against such variety in such schedule.
- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time, by notice under this Order prescribe further or other prices for any variety of Home Melt Tallow or Grease, whether or not such variety is specified in the schedule hereto.

Terms of sale.

- 3. The maximum price fixed under Clause 2 is fixed on the basis that:—
 - (a) The goods are sold ex works, all transport charges thereafter being for the buyer's account; and
 - (b) the goods are packed in casks provided by the seller free of cost to the buyer.

Manufacturer's price for edible bone-fat and dripping.

- 4. On and after the 24th June, 1918, until further notice, the maximum price applicable on a sale (other than a sale by retail) of any edible bone-fat or dripping, by or on behalf of the manufacturer thereof, shall—
 - (a) Where the sale is to a person who declares that he is buying as a wholesale dealer in the articles sold, be at the rate of 1s. 7d. per lb.; and
 - (b) in any other case, be at the rate of 1s. 8d. per lb.

Terms of sale.

- 5.—(a) The maximum price fixed under Clause 4 (a) is fixed on the basis that the goods are sold ex works, all transport charges thereafter being for the buyer's account, and that the goods are packed in boxes containing 28 lb. or 56 lb. nett weight of bonefat or dripping and provided by the seller free of cost to the buyer.
- (b) The maximum price fixed under Clause 4 (b) is fixed on the basis that the goods are to be delivered to the buyer at the seller's expense, and are packed in boxes containing 28 lb. or 56 lb. nett weight of bone-fat or dripping and provided by the seller free of cost to the buyer.

6.—(a) On and after the 24th June, 1918, until further notice the maximum price applicable upon the sale of any Edible Bone Fat or Dripping (other than a sale by the manufacturer or a sale by retail) shall be at the rate of 1s. 8d. per lb.

Wholesale price for edible bonefat and dripping.

- (b) The maximum price fixed by this clause is fixed on the basis:-
 - (i) That the goods are to be delivered to the buyer at the seller's expense; and
 - (ii) that the goods are packed in boxes containing 28 lb. or 56 lb. nett weight of bone-fat or dripping, and provided free of cost to the buyer.
- 7.—(a) On and after the 24th June, 1918, until further notice the maximum price applicable upon the sale of any edible bone-fat or dripping by retail shall be a price at the rate of 1s. 10d. per lb. inclusive of all costs of packing, packages or giving credit.

Retail prices for edible bone-fat and dripping.

- (b) Where on a retail sale the bone-fat or dripping is delivered at the request of the buyer otherwise than at the seller's premises an additional charge may be made in respect of such delivery not exceeding any sum properly and actually paid by the seller for carriage or a sum at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$, per lb., whichever shall be the higher.
- 8. No Sale of Home Melt Tallow or Grease in respect of which a maximum price is fixed by or under this Order shall, except under a licence granted by the Food Controller, be made upon terms other than the terms on the basis of which the maximum price is expressed to be fixed.

Contracts on other terms prohibited.

9. Where any contract for the sale of any Home Melt Tallow Contracts. or Grease subsisting on the 24th June, 1918, provides for the payment of a price in excess of the maximum prices fixed by this Order, the contract shall stand so far as concerns any such Tallow or Grease delivered before the 24th June, 1918, but shall, unless the Food Controller otherwise directs, be avoided so far as concerns any Tallow or Grease agreed to be sold above such maximum price which has not been so delivered.

10.—(a) A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or Limitation knowingly buy or offer to buy as Edible bone-fat or dripping, any on sales of bone-fat or dripping unless it con lies with the following require- articles as ments:-

edible bone fat or

- (i) It shall have been manufactured in the United Kingdom dripping. from raw beef fat or raw mutton fat or beef or mutton bones:
- (ii) It shall have been so manufactured by a process other than the acid process; and
- (iii) It shall not contain more than 1 per cent. water and impurities (taken together) or more than 2 per cent. of free fatty acids.

Any bone-fat or dripping not complying with these requirements shall be deemed to be technical tallow, and its maximum price shall be determined accordingly.

Warranty and certificate.

- 11. In any proceedings for an infringement of this Order:
 - (i) A buyer shall be entitled to rely upon any written warranty to the matters referred to in clause 10, which was given to him by the person from whom he bought the article, if he satisfies the Court that he had no reason to suspect that such warranty was untrue and has given due notice to the prosecutor of his intention to rely on such warranty;
 - (ii) the production of the certificate of the Principal Chemist of the Government Laboratories or of any analyst appointed under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated unless the Defendant requires that the person who made the analysis be called as a witness. Such certificate shall, so far as circumstances permit, be in the form required by the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.(a)

Fictitious transactions.

12. A person shall not on a sale of Tallow or Grease to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Interpretation.

13. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Home Melt Tallow and Grease" shall mean any tallow or grease (whether edible or inedible) which has been rendered or melted in the United Kingdom, and the expression "sale by retail" shall not include any sale where the total amount of edible bone-fat and dripping sold by the same seller to the same buyer in any one calendar week exceeds 14 lbs.

Penalty.

14. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

15. This Order may be cited as the Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th June, 1918.

⁽a) SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.—A Note as to the scope of these Acts and of the Regulations thereunder is given in Appendix VI (16), p. 506 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

. The Schedule.

TECHNICAL HOME MELT TALLOWS AND GREASES.

	Per	ton.
	£	S.
Industrial Mutton Fine Basis 46° Titre	91	0
Mutton and Beef Tallow for Industrial use Basis 44°		
_ Titre, good	90	10
Home Melt Tallow Basis 43½° Titre, minimum; 43°		
Titre, fair to good	89	10
Home Melt Tallow Basis 43° Titre, minimum; 41½°		
Titre, fair to good	89	0
Home Melt Tallow Basis 43½° Titre, minimum; 43°		
Titre, dull to fair	88	0
Home Melt Tallow Basis 43° Titre, minimum; 41½°		
Titre, dull to fair	87	10
No Colour Tallow Basis 43½° Titre, minimum; 42½°		
Titre	86	0
White Bone Fat	86	0
Melted Stuff	82	0
Brown Bone Fat Water	81	0
Benzine Bone Fat	80	0
White Skin Grease Water	84	0
Brown Skin Grease Water	80	0
Benzine Skin and similar Greases	79	0
Horse Grease, Pale	83	0
Horse Grease, Brown	79	0

If Technical Tallows and Greases are packed in canvas headed casks, the maximum price applicable shall be reduced by £1 per

Except where a minimum Titre is fixed if the Titre is below the basis Titre a deduction from the maximum prices of one-fifth per cent. for every one-tenth degree Centigrade below basis shall be made.

All Titres are expressed in degrees Centigrade.

THE HOME MELT TALLOWS AND GREASES (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 12TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 637.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 7 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows: -

1. The occupier of every factory or workshop engaged wholly or Requisition partly in the rendering, melting, and treating of Raw Beef Fat of home or Raw Mutton Fat or otherwise in the production of Home Melt Tallows and Greases from such Fats shall place at the disposal of the Food Controller the whole of the resultant Home Melt Tallows and Greases which he has in stock at the close of business on the 29th June, 1918, or which is produced after that day at such

melt tallows and greases.

General Licence under the Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Requisition) Order, 1918, and the Raw Beef and Raw Mutton Fat (Licensing of Purchases). Order, 1918.

factory or workshop and shall deliver the same to the Food Con-

troller or to his Order.(a)

Records and returns.

2. On and after the 1st July, 1918, every person to whom the provisions of Clause 1 of this Order shall apply shall keep or cause to be kept records accurately showing the cost of manufacture of the Home Melt Tallows and Greases produced by him (including the price of all raw materials used by him in such manufacture) and shall forward to the Secretary, Ministry of Food (Oils and Fats Section) County Hall, London, S.E.1, at such times and in respect of such periods and in such form as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe a Return of the cost of such manufacture.

Penalty.

Title.

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. This Order may be cited as the Home Melt Tallows and Greases (Requisition) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th June, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 28, 1918, UNDER THE HOME MELT TALLOW AND GREASE (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918,(b) AND THE RAW BEEF AND RAW MUTTON FAT (LICENSING OF PURCHASES) ORDER, 1918.(c)

1918. No. 785.

S.R. & O., Nos. 637 and 635 of 1918. The Food Controller hereby authorises until the 1st August, 1918, every retail butcher notwithstanding the provisions of the Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Requisition) Order, 1918,(a) and the Raw Beef and Raw Mutton Fat (Licensing of Purchases) Order, 1918,(b) to render, melt or treat any raw beef fat, or raw mutton fat acquired by such person in the ordinary course of his retail trade, and to sell by retail any products obtained therefrom, subject however to compliance with the provisions of the Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918,(d) and to any Order of the Food Controller relating to meat rationing for the time being in force.

S.R. & O., No. 636 of 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th June, 1918.

(a) GENERAL LICENCES TO RETAIL BUTCHERS.—Printed pp. 466, 467.

(b) Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Requisition) Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 465:

(c) RAW BEEF AND RAW MUTTON FAT (LICENSING OF PURCHASES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 461.

(d) HOME MELT TALLOW AND GREASE (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918.— That Order is printed p. 462. General Licence under the Raw Beef and Raw Mutton Fat (Licensing of Purchases) Order, 1918, and the Home Melt Tallows and Greases (Requisition) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JULY 27, 1918, UNDER THE RAW BEEF AND RAW MUTTON FAT (LICENSING OF PURCHASES) ORDER, 1918,(a) AND THE HOME MELT TALLOWS AND GREASES (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918.(b)

1918. No. 931.

General Licence.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the Raw Beef and Raw Mutton Fat (Licensing of Purchases) Order, 1918,(a) and of the Home Melt Tallows and Greases (Requisition) Order, 1918,(b) every retail butcher who in the ordinary course of his trade during the 6 months ending 30th June, 1914, rendered, melted or treated raw beef and mutton fats-

S. R. & O. Nos. 635 and 637 of 1918.

(a) may render, melt or treat, any raw beef fat or raw mutton fat, which is acquired by him in the ordinary course of his trade, for the production of edible dripping as defined in Clause 10 of the Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, (c) and

S. R. & O. No. 636 of 1918.

(b) may sell by retail any such dripping subject however to compliance with the provisions of the Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, (c) and to the Orders of the Food Controller relating to Meat Rationing for the time being in force.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th July, 1918.

That Order is printed p. 465.

(c) Home Melt Tallow and Grease (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.— That Order is printed p. 462.

⁽a) RAW BEEF AND MUTTON FAT (LICENSING OF PURCHASES) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 461.

(b) Home Melt Tallows and Greases (Requisition) Order, 1918.—

13. Potatoes and other Vegetables and Roots.(a)

Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order No. 2, 1917 p. 497.

Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order, 1918, p. 506.

British Onions Order, 1917, p. 500.

Early Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1918, p. 510.

Mangels and Swedes (Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1917, p. 498.

Potatoes Order, 1917, as amended, p. 472.

General Licence thereunder (Sale by Growers at prices below Minimum), p. 494.

General Licence thereunder (Sale in United Kingdom of Varieties Specified in Cl. 10), p. 497.

General Licence thereunder (Non-Returnable Bags outside Ireland), p. 498.

General Direction thereunder (Invoice by Wholesale Dealers), p. 499.

General Licence thereunder (Sale in Midlands of Varieties specified in Cl. 10), p. 505.

Potatoes Order (No. 2), 1917, as amended, p. 494.

Potato Bags Order, 1918, p. 502.

Potatoes (Base Price) Order, 1918, p. 509. Potatoes (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 504.

Notice thereunder (Application to South-west England), p. 505.

Potatoes (Distribution) Order, No. 2, 1918, p. 512. Potatoes (Export from Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 503. Potatoes (Growers' Returns) Order, 1917, p. 485. Potatoes (Growers' Returns) Order, 1918, p. 508.

Potatoes (Protection) Order, 1918, p. 506.

Potatoes (Registration of Wholesale Dealers) Order, 1918, as amended, p. 511.

Potato (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 507.

Seed Potatoes (Immune Varieties) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 469.

Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 486.

Swedes (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 468. Testing of Seeds Order, 1918, p. 512.

THE SWEDES (PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED MARCH 21, 1917. 1917. No. 260.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall sell or offer to sell any Swedes or Swedish Turnips at a price (including the cost of bags or other packages) exceeding the rate of 1½d. per lb.(b)

Maximum price for Swedes.

(b) PRICE IN IRELAND.—A revised price for swedes in Ireland is fixed by the Mangels and Swedes (Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1917, p. 498.

⁽a) DISEASES OF POTATOES.—An epitome of the Destructive Insects and Pests Acts and of the Orders thereunder will be found in Appendix VI. (5) to the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 491.

- 2. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids Penalty. or abets any other person, in doing anything in contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(a)
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Swedes (Prices) Order, Title of 1917.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

21st March, 1917.

THE SEED POTATOES (IMMUNE VARIETIES) ORDER, 1917, DATED SEPTEMBER 5, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE SEED POTATOES (1917) CROP) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 12, 1917.

1917 No. 935 as amended by No. 1155.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and all other powers enabling him in . that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) No potatoes of the varieties "King George V.," Restrictions "Great Scot," "Lochar," and "Templar" grown in Scotland of certain or in England or Wales in the year 1917, may be sold or other-immune wise disposed of or moved from the premises on which they were varieties of situate on the 6th September, 1917, except under a licence issued seed potaby the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries(b) or by the Board of Agriculture for Scotland.(c)

⁽a) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &C., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual"), which was added to the Code since this Order was made, provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

⁽b) BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.—As to the constitution of this Board, see Introductory Note to Part V. of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 257.

⁽c) BOARD OF AGRICULTURE FOR SCOTLAND .- As to the constitution of this Board, see Introductory Note to Part VI. of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 341.

- (b) Contracts existing at the date of this Order for the sale of any such potatoes shall stand cancelled except so far as relates to potatoes which are delivered prior to the 6th September, 1917, or which may be delivered on or after that date under and in accordance with the terms of any licence that may be granted under this clause.
- (c) The foregoing provisions of this Order shall not affect the use of any potatoes by the grower thereof in his own household or as seed for the purpose of his farm or holdings.
- 2. Clause (1) of this Order shall apply only to potatoes in the hands of a person who has in his hands upwards of 5 tons of potatoes of the description mentioned in Clause (1) or who has under cultivation upwards of a half acre of such potatoes.

Returns.

- 3. (a) Every such person as is mentioned in Clause 2 shall before the 15th September, 1917, make a return on the form prescribed in the Schedule, showing the quantity in tons of potatoes of the descriptions mentioned in clause (1), in his possession on that day and the acreage which he has under potatoes of such description and the situation of such potatoes and acreage.
- (b) The returns shall be made as to potatoes in England and Wales to the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries and as to potatoes in Scotland to the Board of Agriculture for Scotland.

Riddle.

4. This Order shall not apply in Scotland to potatoes which will pass through a riddle having a mesh of one and a quarter inches, (a) or in England or Wales to potatoes which will pass through a riddle having a mesh of one and a quarter inches.

Penalties.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and extent of Order

- 6. (a) This Order may be cited as the Seed Potatoes (Immune Varieties) Order, 1917.
 - (b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th September, 1917.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 4.—This clause is here printed as amended by Clause 21 (a) of the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917 (p. 486), which substituted " $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch" for "1 inch."

The Schedule.

Name (of owner of potatoes)	• • • • • • • • • •
Address	
Nearest Railway Station	

PARTICULARS OF POTATOES.

Variety.	* Acreage.	Quantity (If lifted).	Place where potatoes are situate. (Address of farm and name of field if growing or in pits or address of premises if stored.)
King George V.	Acres.	Tons. Cwts.	
Great Scot.			
Lochar.			
Templar.			

^{*} Where the potatoes are in the ground the acreage alone should be given.

I declare that the particulars given in the Schedule regarding the potatoes of the above-mentioned varieties in my possession are to the best of my knowledge and belief accurate.

Signature of	Owner	
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Copies of this form may be obtained on application (1) the Director-General of Food Production, Food Production Department of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, 72, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1., (2) The Secretary, Board of Agriculture for Scotland, 29, St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.

THE POTATOES ORDER, 1917, DATED SEPTEMBER 13, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE POTATOES (POSTPONEMENT OF DATE) ORDER, 1917, DATED SEPTEMBER 27, 1917, THE SEED POTATOES (1917 CROP) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 12, 1917, THE POTATOES (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1918, DATED APRIL 17, 1918, AND THE AMENDING ORDER OF JUNE 12, 1918.(a)(b)

1917 No. 949 as amended by 1917 Nos. 998 and 1155, and 1918 Nos. 445 and 639.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—DEFINITION AND RESTRICTIONS.

1. In this Order:-

A "Wholesale Dealer" means a person for the time being authorised under this Order to sell potatoes by wholesale. (c)

A "Retail Dealer" means a person for the time being authorised under this Order to sell potatoes by retail.

The "Food Committee" means in respect of any area in Great Britain the Food Control Committee established for the area pursuant to the Food Control Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917,(d) and in respect of Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(e)

(a) Modifications of Potatoes Order.—The Potatoes (Postponement of Date) Order, 1917, varied the dates in Clauses 4, 11 and 12 (a) of the Potatoes Order which is here printed as thus varied. The Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917 (p. 486), makes various modifications in the present Order in its application to seed potatoes dealt in as for seed besides those specific amendments which are embodied in the Order as here printed. The Potatoes (Amendment) Order, 1918, varies the prices and charges for transport, etc. The amending Order of June 12, 1918, substituted the Second Schedule as here printed for that as printed in the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual. The Early Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1918 (p. 510), provides that clauses 9, 27, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 41 and 46 and the First and Second Schedules of this Order shall not apply to dealings in the 1918 crop before August 1, 1918.

(b) Government Guarantee to Grower and Control of Potato Trade.—This Order gives effect to the Government guarantee to the grower in respect of "ware potatoes" sold on and after September 15th, 1917, by prescribing (Art. 26) a minimum grower's price of £6 a ton. It provides also for control of the potato trade at all stages by prescribing (Art. 28) a maximum grower's prices of £6 10s. 0d. per ton, by limiting (Art. 32) the profits of wholesalers and fixing (Art. 36) a scale of maximum retail prices, and by requiring (Part II.) all dealers in potatoes whether by wholesale or by retail to be registered. This control applies in general as from 8th October, 1917. A Notice by the Food Controller appearing in the Press of September 13th, 1917, states that the grower's maximum price will hold good until further notice, but will be adjusted if necessary later in the season to compensate for the wastage and expense involved in keeping back potatoes that have good lasting quality.

See further as to the Government guarantee the Potatoes Order (No. 2) 1917

(c) SALE BY WHOLESALE DEALER.—See General Direction of December 24, 1917, as to invoices, p. 499.

(d) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

(e) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

Definitions.

"Seed Potatoes" means potatoes grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year 1917, or grown in England or Wales in the year 1917 from seed grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year 1916, which will pass through a riddle having a 15 inch mesh, and will not pass through a riddle having a 14 inch mesh.

"Ware Potatoes" means potatoes which will not pass

through a riddle having a 15 inch mesh.

The expression "his own potatoes" with reference to a grower of potatoes means the potatoes grown by such

- 2. Ware potatoes which are fit for human food shall not be sold Potatoes or offered for sale or bought for any purpose except for seed or for human food.
- 3. Except where a grower is selling under the authority of clause 44 of this Order no person shall on or after the 15th September, 1917, sell or buy potatoes otherwise than by weight.
- 4. Except a grower selling his own potatoes no person shall Potato after the 7th October, 1917, sell potatoes by wholesale either on his own account or as agent on commission unless he is entitled to and has applied for registration as a wholesale dealer, or by retail unless he is entitled to and has applied for registration as a retail dealer under part II of this Order, and except a grower selling his own potatoes, no person shall after the 31st October, 1917, sell potatoes by wholesale either on his own account or as agent on commission unless he holds a certificate of registration as a wholesale dealer under part II of this Order for the time being in force or by retail unless he holds a certificate of registration as a retail dealer under part II of this Order for the time being in force. Provided that this clause shall not prevent a wholesale dealer from selling direct to consumers in quantities of not less than 1 cwt.
- 5. No person other than the grower thereof shall on or after Dealers in the 15th September, 1917, sell potatoes as or for seed unless he holds a certificate of registration as a dealer in potatoes for seed under part II of this Order.
- · 6. After the 31st October, 1917, a retail dealer (unless registered as a hawker or costermonger) shall not sell potatoes by retail except at a place in respect of which he holds a certificate of registration as a retail dealer, but this shall not prevent a retail dealer from selling from his cart in the ordinary course of his business. A retail dealer registered as a hawker or costermonger shall sell only from his cart stall or barrow and at such other place if any as may be named in his certificate.
- 7. A grower of potatoes shall not on or after the 15th Minimum September, 1917, sell or offer for sale his own potatoes (being sound marketable ware potatoes of the 1917 crop) at a price below the lowest or minimum price fixed by Part III. of this Order, and no person shall on or after the same date buy or offer to buy any such potatoes from the grower at a price below the

only to be sold for human food. Potatoes to be sold by

dealers to be registered.

potatoes for seed to be specifically registered.

Retail dealer only to sell at registered premises.

price for

same price; (a) provided that this clause shall not apply to sales

in quantities of less than 1 cwt.(b)

Maximum prices on all sales.

8. A grower or retail dealer shall not on or after the 15th September, 1917, directly or indirectly sell or offer or expose for sale any potatoes of the 1917 crop (other than potatoes to which the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, applies at prices above the maximum prices authorised by Part III. of this Order in relation to sales by growers and retailers respectively, except for actual delivery before the 1st October, and a wholesale dealer shall not sell or offer to sell any such potatoes at such a price as to infringe the provisions of Part III. of this Order restricting the profits of wholesale dealers.

9. No potatoes shall after the 30th September, 1917, pass through the hands of more than two wholesale dealers between the grower and the retail dealer, and, accordingly, all persons concerned shall on and after the 1st October, 1917, observe the rules in relation to wholesale dealings contained in the First

Schedule to this Order.

Restriction on the sale of certain varieties.

Limiting of

transactions.

wholesale

10. On and after the 1st October, 1917, and until further notice from the Food Controller, no sound marketable ware potatoes of the following varieties shall be sold or otherwise dealt with (except by the grower for his own consumption) without the licence of the Food Controller. (c) namely:-"King Edward," "Arran Chief," "Langworthy," "What's Wanted," and "Golden Wonder," and every grower shall comply with any general or special direction that may be issued by or on behalf of the Food Controller prohibiting the removal of sound marketable ware potatoes of any other variety from the premises of the grower. The prohibition contained in this clause shall not apply to potatoes grown by a grower whose whole acreage of potatoes of all varieties in 1917 has not exceeded one acre. $(\mathbf{d})(\mathbf{e})$

PART II.—REGISTRATION.(f)

11. Every person who or whose predecessor in business was on the 1st January, 1916, and now is dealing in potatoes by wholesale as a regular part of his business shall be entitled, on making application pursuant to this Order on or before the 8th October, dealers. 1917, to receive a certificate of registration as a wholesale dealer in potatoes.

(a) SALES BY GROWERS AT PRICES BELOW MINIMUM.—See General Licence

of November 17th, 1917, p. 494.

(b) SEED POTATOES "FOR SEED."—As to such potatoes see Clause 16 (a) of

the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, p. 486.

(c) LICENCES OF FOOD CONTROLLER.—See General Licences of November 23rd, 1917 (p. 497), and February 11th, 1918 (p. 505), authorising sales of and dealings in these varieties.

(d) APPLICATION OF CLAUSE 10 TO SEED POTATOES.—This Clause ceased as from Nov. 12th to apply to seed potatoes of the varieties mentioned if sold as or for

seed. See Clause 16 (c) of the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917 (p. 486).

(e) REVOCATION.—Clause 10 was revoked as from May 15th, 1918, by the Potatoes (Base Price) Order, 1918, printed p. 509.

(f) Grant of Certificates of Registration as Wholesale Dealers.— Under the Potatoes (Registration of Wholesale Dealers) Order, 1918, p. 511, the grant of such certificates by Food Control Committees was prohibited, except as regards the Irish Committee. The order also revoked existing certificates issued in Great Britain, limited dealings under Irish certificates, and made provision for the grant of new certificates.

Persons entitled to registration as wholesale

12. (a) Every person who or whose predecessor in business was Persons on the 1st January, 1916, and who now is dealing in potatoes by entitled to retail as a regular part of his business shall be entitled, on making application pursuant to this Order on or before the 8th October, 1917, to receive a certificate or certificates of registration as a retail dealer in potatoes in respect of the premises at which at the date of this Order he is carrying on such business or as a hawker or costermonger as the case may be.

registration

- (b) A retail dealer who carries on his business (including the selling of potatoes by retail) at more than one shop or place shall be entitled on making the proper applications to receive a separate certificate of registration in respect of each such shop or place. Sales in quantities of 1 cwt. and upwards direct to consumers by a person whose business is substantially wholesale shall not for the purposes of this clause be deemed to be sales
- (c) A hawker or costermonger shall be so described in his certificate.
- 13. The Food Committee shall not refuse a certificate of registration applied for by a person entitled to receive the same under the foregoing provisions except with the consent of the Food Controller and in circumstances in which the Food Committee might have revoked the certificate if it had been already granted. Upon the refusal of a certificate the applicant's title (if any) shall cease.

Grounds for refusing registration.

14. Any applicant for registration whether as a wholesale or as a retail dealer may include in his application an application for registration as a dealer in seed potatoes and any application for registration may be made in respect of seed potatoes only, but the Food Committees shall have full discretion as to granting or refusing every such application and any certificate of registration granted in respect of seed potatoes may so far as it relates to seed potatoes be revoked by the Food Committee at any time at its discretion and shall be revoked if the Food Controller so directs.

Registration of dealers in potatoes.

15. The Food Committee for any area or the Food Committee Power to Ireland, may in any case in which in their opinion it is desirable so to do in the interest of the public within their area with the consent of the Food Controller grant to any other person a certificate of registration either as a wholesale dealer or as a retail dealer in respect of any premises within their area or as a costermonger or hawker and unless they see any good reason to the contrary they shall without any such consent grant an appropriate certificate to every applicant who has served in the Forces of the Crown during the present war and before so serving was carrying on business as a wholesale or retail potato dealer within their area.

grant new certificates

16. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller and every applicant shall furnish upon such form a true statement of the particulars required for completing the form which statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.

Manner of application certificate.

Application to be addressed to Committees for the proper areas. 17. Every application in Great Britain shall in the case of a wholesale dealer be made to the Food Committee for the area in which his only or principal place of business at the date of this Order is situated and in the case of a retail dealer (other than a hawker or costermonger) to the Food Committee for the area in which his premises are situated at the date of this Order (in cases where the retail dealer is applying in respect of premises situated in more than one area separate applications being made in each area in respect of the premises situated therein) and in the case of a hawker or costermonger to the Food Committee for the area in which he resides at the time of such application. In Ireland every application shall be made to the Food Committee as that Committee may direct.

Registration as wholesaler and retailer. 18. A person duly entitled may receive certificates of registration both as a wholesale dealer and as a retail dealer on making due application in both capacities.

Registration of grower as dealer.

19. A grower of potatoes shall not be entitled to receive a certificate of registration merely by reason of his having sold his own potatoes whether by wholesale or by retail but he shall be qualified to receive appropriate certificates if on the 1st January, 1916, he or his predecessor was and he now is as a regular part of his business dealing in potatoes other than those grown by him.

Form of certificate.

20. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Food Controller.

Revocation of certificates. 21. The Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration if they are satisfied that any of the provisions of this Order or regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to potatoes has not been observed by the holder of such certificate or any of his servants or agents, and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Register of certificates.

22. The Food Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom, and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Order.

Transfer of business.

23. In the event of the transfer of any business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making an application for a certificate of registration, to sell and deal in potatoes from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Controller, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled to deal by virtue thereof.

Information and inspection.

24. The holder of any certificate of registration, his servants and agents, shall give to the Food Committee such information, reports and returns relating to his stocks of potatoes and dealings in potatoes as the Food Controller or Food Committee may from time to time require, and shall produce all books, documents and accounts relating thereto for inspection on lawful demand.

25. Every certificate of registration as a wholesale dealer shall Preservation be kept by the holder at his only or principal place of business, and proand every certificate of registration of a retail dealer shall be kept at the premises to which the same relates, or in the case of a hawker or costermonger shall be carried with him wherever engaged in selling potatoes, and every certificate shall be produced by the holder on lawful demand.

duction of certificates.

PART III.—PRICES.

26. The lowest or minimum price at which potatoes of the Minimum 1917 crop (being sound marketable ware potatoes) may be price for sold by the grower thereof on or after the 15th September, 1917, growers. shall be £6 per ton, but this provision shall not apply upon a sale of any quantities of less than 1 cwt.

27. As respects every sound crop of potatoes, the grower shall Separation cause the ware potatoes to be dressed out so that they may be sold separately at not less than the authorised lowest price.

potatoes.

28.(a) The highest or maximum prices at which potatoes of the Maximum 1917 crop (other than seed potatoes sold as or for seed) may be prices for sold by the grower thereof shall be as follows:—

growers.

£ s. (a) for potatoes delivered prior to 15th April, 1918 6 10

(b) for potatoes delivered between 15th April, 1918,

and 14th May, 1918, inclusive

(c) for potatoes delivered after 14th May, 1918 ... 7 10 Except that a grower of potatoes may sell quantities of less than 1 cwt. to consumers at a price not exceeding 1d. per lb.

> adjustments where the basis is

29. The foregoing minimum and maximum prices are fixed on Basis of the basis (i) that the potatoes are either loaded by the seller into prices and trucks at the seller's railway station, or (at the buyer's option) into a ship or barge not less convenient to the seller than the seller's railway station, (ii) that bags (if required) are supplied varied. by the buyer, and (iii) that no commission is paid. If the potatoes are delivered otherwise than as above, a corresponding variation shall be made in the price and in particular if bags are supplied by the grower, the above-mentioned minimum and maximum prices shall each be increased by a sum of 5s., whether the bags are returnable or not, and if any commission is paid by the grower to a wholesale dealer not exceeding the rate authorised by Clause 32 the minimum and maximum prices shall each be increased by the amount of the commission.

> labour or transport.

30. Upon a sale of his own potatoes by a grower, it may be Purchaser made a condition of the sale that the buyer supplies any labour may supply required for lifting or otherwise handling the potatoes, or undertaking the carriage of the potatoes from the seller's premises to station, ship, barge or other place of delivery. Provided that by the contract of sale a fair value is placed upon the services so agreed to be rendered by the buyer, and in any such case the value so agreed shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Order, to form part of the price paid by the buyer for the potatoes.

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⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 28.—By the Potatoes (Amendment) Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 445) a new Clause 28 was substituted.

Special provisions where grower is 1300 also dealer.

31. The foregoing provisions in relation to sales by a grower are subject to the special provisions contained in the First Schedule hereto in case where the grower is also a wholesale dealer, and such provisions shall be observed by all persons concerned accordingly.

Limitation on wholesale dealer's prices over each week & and on com-u missions.

- 32. (a) No wholesale dealer shall, in the week ending 6th October, 1917, or in any succeeding week sell potatoes, other than potatoes to which the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, applies, except at such prices as secure that the aggregate of the prices charged for potatoes so sold during the week in question does not exceed the cost to him of such potatoes by more than an amount representing 7s. 6d. for every ton of potatoes so sold.
- (b) No wholesale dealer shall after the 30th September, 1917, sell potatoes other than seed potatoes as agent on commission at a commission exceeding 7s, 6d. per ton. 3 of ton 16 yields agent of the second
Reckoning of cost to a wholesale dealer.

University of

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- 33. The cost of potatoes to a wholesale dealer for the purpose of the preceding clause shall be reckoned as including the following items and no more, viz.:
 - (a) The price actually paid or payable or by virtue of clause 30 deemed to have been paid by him for the potatoes, including the authorised charge for bags where the potatoes are bought by him already bagged.
- direction of exceeding 5s. per ton for bags where the direction of respectatoes are bought by, him unbagged and bags no beach en (whether returnable or not) are supplied by him;
- of a (c) Any reasonable costs of transportation (including marine (noise insurance) or cartage borne by him in respect of add the potatoes; and who seed to a grad to the

beild (d) Any market charges or port dues paid or payable by him anihogenia respect of the potatoer.

Records.

34. Every wholesale dealer shall keep accurate records containing such particulars as may be necessary for showing whether or not he is complying with the foregoing provisions of this Order and shall make such returns as to his wholesale trade in potatoes as may from time to time be required by the Food Controller or by the Food Committee for any area in which he has a place of business. All such records and relevant documents shall be produced by the dealer on lawful demand.

Branch businesses to observe conditions separately.

Purchaser

may supply

Retailer to observe maximum prices according to schedule.

- T35. Where a wholesale dealer carries on business in different places the requirements of clauses 32 and 34 of this Order shall be satisfied in respect of the transactions at each of his places of business separately.
- a retail dealer on a sale of potatoes shall (except as may be otherwise determined for any area by the Food Committee) vary according to the prices actually paid for the potatoes by the retail dealer and shall be in accordance with the scale set out in the

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Second Schedule hereto, provided that this clause shall not apply to potatoes to which the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, applies by a dealer authorised to deal in seed potatoes di in lister

37. The cost of potatoes to a retail dealer for the purpose of the Reckoning preceding clause shall be reckoned as including the following items and no more, viz.:—

of retailer's cost prices.

(a) The actual price paid for the potatoes by the retail dealer; (b)(a) The amount actually paid or payable by the retailer for carriage and porterage to his shop except any amount included under sub-clause (a) of this clause.

A retail dealer if he is ready and willing to sell potatoes Retailer's over the counter at prices not exceeding the maximum prices applicable under this Order may in addition to the foregoing prices make such charges as may be agreed between him and the purchaser, for the delivery of potatoes ordered for delivery at the purchaser's premises, not exceeding 2d, for any quantity not exceeding one stone with a further penny for each further half stone or part of a half stone so delivered, such payment to cover any charge for giving the usual credit in respect of the sale.

charge for delivery.

39. Where potatoes of which the cost to the retailer is differ- Maximum ent are mixed for sale the scale of maximum prices for the mixture shall be the scale applicable to the potatoes the cost of being used again, require a deposit to be paid teswol si his heing

prices where potatoes are mixed.

40. Every retail dealer shall so long as he shall have any potatoes on sale display prominently at the shop or other place of sale (including his cart, stall or barrow if he is a hawker or costermonger) a statement or statements showing the prices at which he is selling the potatoes at such shop or place, and when he is selling different potatoes at different prices the statement or statements shall be in such a form or shall be so displayed as to show clearly which are the prices for each lot. but even bloow robnev sid as

Prices to be displayed by retailer.

41. Every retail dealer shall keep an account in which he shall regularly and punctually and at the earliest practicable time enter the particulars of all his purchases of potatoes showing the description of potatoes purchased, the quantity purchased, the price paid or payable for the potatoes, and all sums (if any) paid or payable for the carriage of the potatoes, and he shall in the same account enter the prices per stone, per half stone; and per lb. at which he has sold the potatoes or is offering them for sale, and he shall preserve for not less than three months all invoices, bills, receipts, and other documents relating to his purchases of potatoes, and he shall ondlawful demand produce such account and all such invoices, bills, receipts, and other documents for inspection, and point out which entries in his account and which of the invoices, bills, receipts, or other documents relate to the potatoes which he has on sale at the time of the demand, and give such other information as to his dealings in potatoes as the person making such demand shall reasonably reduire reduced (d)

Retail dealer to keep records. .banor

To such potatoes, so thurs 16 (a), (b), of the Seed Potatoes (1917 then) (trate) (a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSE 37 (b).—By the Potatoes (Amendment) Order, 1918 (St. R. & O., 1918, No. 445), and new Clause 37 (b) was substituted.

Committee may vary prices or fix a standard maximum.

- 42. A Food Committee may from time to time by resolution vary the scheduled scale of maximum prices for potatoes sold by retail within their area or any part of such area or fix a standard maximum price for all kinds of potatoes or standard maximum prices for sound and damaged or undersized potatoes or for different qualities of potatoes, but—
 - (a) every such resolution shall be reported to the Food Controller within seven days, and shall not take effect (i) in the case of a resolution reducing any scheduled maximum price until three days after it shall have been so reported or such later time as the Food Controller may direct, and (ii) in the case of a resolution increasing a scheduled maximum price or fixing any standard prices until the same has been sanctioned by the Food Controller; and
 - (b) every resolution of a Food Committee under this clause shall be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller, and shall be withdrawn or varied as he may direct.

Deposit on bags.

43. Wherever upon any sale of potatoes the seller supplies and is entitled to charge for bags, he may, if the bags are of such quality and in such condition as to be reasonably capable of being used again, require a deposit to be paid by the buyer of not exceeding 1s. 6d. for each bag, in addition to the sum charged for, the use of the bag, which deposit shall be refunded upon the return of the bag in such condition as is reasonable having regard to its condition when supplied and to ordinary wear and tear in use. Where a buyer is a wholesale dealer he may on re-sale of t' e potatoes require the amount, if any, of the deposit paid in relation thereto to be re-imbursed to him by the buyer of the potatoes, who shall in that event have the like right as his vendor would have had to repayment of the deposit upon a return of the bags.(a)

Sales in the ground.

- 44. A grower may sell his potatoes in the ground by auction or otherwise to a wholesale dealer but in every such case the buyer of the potatoes so sold shall be deemed for all the purposes of this Order to be the grower thereof and the terms of this Order shall apply to any such potatoes subject to the following variations namely:—
 - (a) the minimum price upon subsequent sales by the person who is deemed to be the grower shall be £6 7s. 6d. per ton in lieu of £6 per ton(b); and
 - (b) on every sale of such potatoes by him he shall be deemed to sell as a wholesale dealer and not as grower.

(a) Non-Returnable Bags Outside Ireland.—See General Licence of December 11, 1917, p. 498.

⁽b) SEED POTATOES "FOR SEED."—As to application of Clauses 44(a), 45, 46 to such potatoes, see Clause 16(a), (b), of the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917 (p. 486).

PART IV.—Subsidiary and Miscellaneous Provisions.

45. Whenever potatoes which are not sound marketable ware Undersized potatoes are sold by or on behalf of a grower at prices less than the minimum price for sound marketable ware potatoes the potatoes so sold shall be expressly sold and invoiced as "undersized potatoes" or as "damaged potatoes" or as "undersized and damaged potatoes" with the addition (if the parties think proper) of any further particulars of the damage and any such potatoes shall not be sold either by a wholesale dealer or by a retail dealer except under the same description with or without any such addition as aforesaid and any retail dealer who exposes any such potatoes for sale shall show by a notice prominently displayed in connection with such potatoes the description of such potatoes as above.(a)

or damaged potatoes to be so described on all sales.

46. No potatoes which are not sound marketable ware potatoes shall be mixed by any grower or wholesale or retail dealer with any potatoes which are sound marketable ware potatoes.(a)

No other potatoes to be mixed with sound marketable ware potatoes. Accommoda tion sales.

- 47. Nothing contained in this Order or either of the Schedules to this Order shall prevent accommodation sales from one retail dealer to another retail dealer but the purchasing dealer shall not sell potatoes so purchased by him at prices higher than those at which the selling dealer might have sold them and the purchasing dealer shall upon every such accommodation sale take from the selling dealer a note of the transaction showing the scale of highest prices at which the selling dealer might have sold.
- 48. A grower of potatoes shall not knowingly deliver to the Minimum purchaser thereof in connection with any sale of potatoes or to be evaded. any other person for the use or benefit of the purchaser or by his directions, a greater quantity of potatoes than the quantity paid or agreed to be paid for by the purchaser or agree to give more than the usual credit or make or agree to make any remission or rebate, or return of purchase money or pay or offer to pay any commission or make or offer to make any gift in money or in kind unless, after deduction of the amount or value of the rebate commission or gift, the purchase price paid upon such sale
- 48A. On every sale of potatoes, except to consumers the seller shall after the 30th April, 1918, furnish the buyer with accounts, invoices or receipts giving full particulars of the quantities sold and the prices paid or payable.(b)

amounts to or exceeds the appropriate minimum price according to the foregoing provisions; and no person shall propose to a grower of potatoes or invite him to do any act or thing which

(b) INSERTION OF CLAUSE 48A.—By the Potatoes (Amendment) Order, 1918

(St. R. & O., 1918, No. 445), a new Clause 48A was added to this Order.

would constitute an infringement of this Clause.

prices not to

⁽a) SEED POTATOES "FOR SEED."—As to application of Clauses 44(a),45, 46 to such potatoes, see Clause 16 (a), (b), of the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917 (p. 486).

Fictitious transactions 20122770

- INC.

49. No person shall, in connection with the sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of any potatoes, enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction, or make or

demand any unreasonable charge.

Meaning of " lawful demand."

Penalties.

Cooked or dried

potatoes.

Saving and

revocation.

50. Whenever in this Order or any Schedule hereto any person is required to produce any documents or class of documents, or give any information on lawful demand, he shall produce or give the same at all reasonable times and places on demand of any officer or constable of police, or any person authorised by the Food Controller or Food Committee to make such demand either particularly or as holding any office or position, and either generally or in the particular case.

51. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

52. Nothing contained in this Order shall prejudice or affect Saving of existing conany contract entered into before the date of this Order for the tracts for the sale of potatoes not being potatoes of the 1917 main crop sale of early varieties. potatoes.

> 53. This Order shall not apply to cooked, dried or evaporated potatoes.

> 54. (a) This Order is without prejudice to the Seed Potatoes

(Immune Varieties) Order, 1917.(a)

(b) The Potatoes 1916 Main Crop (Prices) Order (No. 2), 1917, (b) and the 1917 Crop (Restriction) Order, 1917, (c) so far as not already revoked are hereby revoked without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

55. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes Order, 1917. ក្រុម នៅ ខាន់ ស្ត្រី ខេត្តក្រុម ក្បាល់គ្នាក្រុម

Short Title. 25

07 7-20 1-23 Pobotto en Rhondda, 13th September, 1917.

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Rules for restricting wholesale dealings and adjusting the terms of the Order to the case of wholesale dealers who are also growers or retail dealers.

1. In this Schedule:

"Grower-dealer" means a grower of potatoes who is also a wholesale dealer.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer" means a person who is a wholesale dealer and also a retail dealer.

sale dealer. 2

Definitions.

No sale to a 10 2. A wholesale dealer shall not re-sell to or through the agency third whole- of another wholesale dealer (whether or not such other dealer is also a retail dealer) any potatoes which he has himself bought or agreed to buy from a wholesale dealer or from a grower-dealer

(c) 1917 Crop (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917,—That Order was revoked except as to Potatoes by Art. 15 of Grain (Prices) Order 1917, p. 105.

⁽a) SEED POTATOES (IMMUNE VARIETIES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 469.

⁽b) POTATOES 1916 MAIN CROP (PRICES) ORDER (No. 2) 1917.—That Order is printed at p. 74 of the May, 1917, Edit, of the "Food Supply Manual."

selling either as a wholesale dealer or through a wholesale dealer on commission.

3. Every wholesale dealer shall keep the potatoes which he is Dealers to at liberty to re-sell to a wholesale dealer separate from those which he is not at liberty so to re-sell, and shall keep separate accounts in relation to the two classes of potatoes, and shall cause his accounts to be kept in such a form as to show clearly from which sell to wholeclass the potatoes delivered upon each sale made by him have sale dealers. been taken.

keep separate the potatoes which they may not re-

4. A wholesale and retail dealer may as respects any potatoes bought by him treat the purchase (and enter the same in his books) as made by him for the account of his retail trade, or transfer any part of a purchase at cost price to the account of his retail trade. In every such case the potatoes so dealt with shall be disregarded in applying the provisions of clause 32 of this Order, and the transaction shall be dealt with in the account relating to the dealer's retail trade as if he had not been also a wholesale dealer.

Wholesale and retail dealer's purchases for retail

5. A wholesale and retail dealer may also and in the alternative treat any potatoes as sold by his wholesale business or department to his retail business or department at any price and on any terms which would have been permissible under this Order as between him and a retail dealer buying such potatoes from him and in that case: -

Wholesale and retail dealer may sell from wholesale to retail department.

- (a) In the application of clauses 32 and 34 of this Order the potatoes shall be treated as having been sold by the dealer at that price and on those terms in the course of his wholesale business; and
- (b) in determining the maximum prices that may be charged for the potatoes on the sale thereof by retail such potatoes shall be treated as having been purchased by the dealer at that price and on those terms in the course of his retail business.
- 6. A grower-dealer may sell his own potatoes either as a grower (froweror as a wholesale dealer, but he shall be deemed to sell as whole- dealer may sale dealer unless he expressly sells as the grower.

sell as grower

- 7. Where a grower-dealer sells his own potatoes as grower the Sales as sale shall be subject to the provisions applicable under this Order grower. to a sale by a grower.

8. Where a grower-dealer sells his own potatoes as a wholesale dealer the sale shall be subject as respects price and conditions of sale to the provisions applicable under this Order to a sale by a grower except that the maximum price shall be increased by the sum of 7s. 6d. per ton and by any reasonable costs of transportation (including marine insurance) or cartage, and the amount of the market charges and port dues (if any) incurred by the vendor in relation to the potatoes sold over and above the charges which would have been included in the maximum prices applicable if the sale had been made by him as 1918, which is a dur of Jen 12, 118. grower.

Sales by a dealer as

Grower-dealer to keep separate accounts of dealings in his own potatoes. Onus of proof in the case of large sales.

- 9. Sales of his own potatoes made by a grower-dealer as a wholesale dealer shall in his account be kept separate from any other sales made by him, and shall not be taken into account for the purpose of clause 32 of this Order.
- 10. For the purpose of this Schedule every sale of potatoes in excess of one ton to a single purchaser not being a public institution or body or otherwise known to be a large consumer shall be deemed to be a sale to a wholesale dealer unless it is proved that in fact—
 - (a) the purchaser is not a wholesale dealer; and
 - (b) the purchaser is either a retail dealer or purchases the potatoes for his own consumption.

Second Schedule.(a)

SCALE OF MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES.

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	${f R}$ eta	iler's	buyi	ng price	e per cwt.		sto 14 1 po solo of 1	te per one of lbs. for tatoes l in lots 4 lbs. or wards.	Rate per half stone of 7 lbs for potatoes sold in lots of 7 lbs. or upwards but less than 14 lbs.	Rate per lb. for lots of less than ½ stone.
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					0.00	- 1				

⁽a) AMENDMENT.—This Schedule as here printed was substituted for the Schedule as printed in the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual, as from June 14, 1918, by the Amending Order of June 12, 1918.

potatoes.

THE POTATOES (GROWERS' RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 30, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1101.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by regulation 2g of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. All growers of potatoes shall within eight days from the Monthly first day of each month beginning with the month of November, returns as to

1917, furnish monthly returns of: -

(a) Estimated quantity of potatoes in his possession on the first day of the month in which the return falls to be

(b) Quantity of potatoes consumed or delivered in the pre-

ceding month; and

(c) Such other particulars as may be necessary to complete

the prescribed forms of return:

Except that the return to be made as respects Ireland in the month of November, 1917, shall state the quantity of potatoes in the possession of the grower on the 8th November, 1917, instead of the 1st November, 1917, and may be furnished at any time before the 16th November, 1917.

The last return shall be made in respect of the month of May,

1918.

2. The returns shall be made on the forms prescribed by the Completion Food Controller. The appropriate forms of return may be of return. obtained from and when completed are to be returned to or in accordance with the directions of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, London, S.W.1. as respects England and Wales, the Board of Agriculture for Scotland, Edinburgh, as respects Scotland, and the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, Dublin, as respects Ireland.(b)

3. A grower shall not be required to make a return under this Exception.

Order-

(a) as respects potatoes grown in Wales or Monmouthshire if his total acreage there under potatoes in the year 1917 was less than two acres; or

(b) as respects potatoes grown in the rest of Great Britain if his total acreage there under potatoes in the year

1917 was less than five acres; or

(c) as respects potatoes grown in Ireland if his total acreage there under potatoes in the year 1917 was less than one acre.

4. Failure to make a return or the making of a false return Penalty. is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regula-

tions.

⁽a) DURATION OF ORDER.—This Order expires in June, 1918. The Potatoes Growers' (Returns) Order, 1918 (p. 508), provides for a return as to potato crops in Great Britain.

⁽b) AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENTS .- As to the constitution of the three Agricultural Departments see the Introductory Notes to Part V (England and Wales), p. 258, Part VI (Scotland), p. 342, and Part VII (Ireland), p. 380, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

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Application of this

Definitions.

Order.

5. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Growers' Returns) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

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undio he to her excitally Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

30th October, 1917.

THE SEED POTATOES (1917 CROP) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 12, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE SEED POTATOES (1917 CROP) ORDER, 1918, (a) DATED FEBRUARY 4, 1918.

I. It grower of policies scall within eight lays for

1917 No. 1155, as amended by 1918 No. 138.

-9%, 91. Di Lerendon en reseveran concerna In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Centroller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. The provisions of this Order shall apply only to seed potatoes dealt in as or for seed. All other dealings in potatoes shall be subject to the provisions of the Potatoes Order, 1917.(b)

2. For the purposes of this Order the following expressions shall except where the context otherwise requires have the following meanings:

"A Wholesale Seed Dealer" means a person for the time being authorised under the Potatoes Order, 1917, to sell

potatoes as or for seed by wholesale.

"A Retail Seed Dealer" means a person for the time being authorised under the Potatoes Order, 1917, to sell potatoes as or for seed by retail.

"His Own Potatoes," with reference to a grower of potatoes

means the potatoes grown by such grower.

"Seed Potatoes" means potatoes of the classes hereinafter mentioned and potatoes which under this Order are

deemed to be seed potatoes.
"Class I." shall mean potatoes of the variety Arran Chief grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year 1917 which will pass through a riddle having a 21-inch mesh and will not pass through a riddle having a 11-inch mesh, and potatoes of any other variety grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year 1917 which will pass through a riddle having a 2-inch mesh and will not pass through 9 STUTES 9. a. riddle having a. 14-inch mesh.

Class II." shall mean potatoes grown in England or Wales in the year 1917 from seed grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year-1916 which will pass through a riddle having a 2-inch mesh and will not pass through a riddle having

a 11-inch mesh.

⁽a) SEED POTATOES (1917 CROP) ORDER, 1918.—This amending Order prescribed a new class (IV) of potatoes controlled by the principal Order.

(b) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

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- "Class III." shall mean potatoes grown in England or Wales in the year 1917 from seed grown in England or Wales in the year 1916 (such seed having been obtained from seed grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year 1915) which will pass through a riddle having a 12-inch mesh, and will not pass through a riddle having a 11-inch mesh.
- "Class IV." shall mean potatoes of the varieties "Myatt's Ashleaf Kidney," "Duke of York," "Sharp's Express," "Eclipse," "British Queen," "Royal Kidney," and "King Edward" grown in England or Wales in the year 1917, other than potatoes belonging to Class III. which will pass through a riddle of 13 inch mesh, and will not pass through a riddle of 11 inch mesh.(a)

3.—(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Potatoes Order, Certain 1917, potatoes of the varieties named in the First Schedule and varieties may of the first four varieties named in the Second Schedule respectively grown as mentioned in the definitions of Class I., Class II., Class III. and Class IV., and potatoes of the varieties Evergood and Queen Mary grown in Scotland or Ireland in the year 1917, may be sold "as grown" by the grower thereof, as or for seed: Provided that there shall be removed all large potatoes and all such potatoes as will pass through a riddle having a 14-inch mesh.

be sold for seed as grown.

- (b) Where any such potatoes are or have been sold "as grown" as or for seed, such potatoes shall for all purposes be deemed to be seed potatoes and the class of such potatoes shall be determined in accordance with the definitions contained in Clause 2 of this Order except so far as such definitions relate to riddles.
- 4. Except where seed potatoes are sold as or for seed for export, a person shall not directly or indirectly sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or agree to buy any seed potatoes at prices above the maximum prices permitted by this Order.
- 5. The price which may be charged on any sale as or for seed of Maximum seed potatoes of any of the varieties mentioned in the First Schedule shall not exceed the maximum price applicable under such Schedule according to the variety and class of potatoes sold.
- 6. The price which may be charged on a sale as or for seed of seed potatoes of the varieties referred to in the Second Schedule by the grower of the potatoes sold shall not exceed £6 10s. per ton together with the addition of the sum (if any) mentioned in the Second Schedule applicable according to the variety and class of seed potatoes sold; except that where a grower sells quantities of 1 cwt. or less of his own seed potatoes of these varieties to persons buying for planting the price shall not exceed 1s. 3d. per stone and such charges may be made for delivery as may under this Order be made by a retail seed dealer.

Maximum prices on sales of seed potatoes as or for seed.

price for sales of seed potatoes specified in Schedule 1.

Grower's maximum price for other seed potatoes.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF CLAUSES 2 AND 3.—The Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Prices Order, 1918, added the provisions as to potatoes of Class IV.

Basis of prices and adjustments where the basis is varied. 7. The maximum prices applicable under the last clause are fixed on the basis (i) that the potatoes are either loaded by the seller into trucks at the seller's railway station, or (at the buyer's option) into a ship or barge not less convenient to the seller than the seller's railway station, (ii) that bags (if required) are supplied by the buyer, and (iii) that no commission is paid. If the potatoes are delivered otherwise than as above, a corresponding variation shall be made in the price and in particular, if bags are supplied by the grower, the above-mentioned maximum price shall be increased by a sum of 10s. whether the bags are returnable or not, and if any commission is paid by the grower to a wholesale dealer not exceeding a commission at the rate of 7s. 6d. per ton the maximum price shall be increased by the amount of the commission.

Wholesale seed dealer's maximum prices.

- 8. (a) The maximum price which may be charged by a whole-sale dealer on a sale as or for seed of seed potatoes of the varieties referred to in the Second Schedule shall be a sum not exceeding the cost to him of the seed potatoes so sold by more than fifteen shillings per ton.
- (b) No wholesale dealer shall after the 12th November, 1917, sell seed potatoes as or for seed as agent on commission at a commission exceeding 7s. 6d. per ton.

Reckoning of cost to a wholesale seed dealer for the purpose of the preceding clause shall be reckoned as including the following items and no more, viz.:—

(a) The price actually paid or payable by him for the potatoes, including the authorised charge for bags where the potatoes are bought by him already bagged.

(b) A sum not exceeding 10s. per ton for bags where the potatoes are bought by him unbagged and bags (whether returnable or not) are supplied by him.

(c) Any reasonable costs of transportation (including marine insurance) or cartage borne by him in respect of the potatoes; and

(d) Any market charges or port dues paid or payable by him

in respect of the potatoes.

Retail seed dealer's maximum prices. 10. The maximum price which may be charged by a retail seed dealer on a sale as or for seed of seed potatoes of the varieties referred to in the Second Schedule shall—

- (a) in the case of a sale of more than 1 ton of any one variety, be a sum not exceeding the cost to him of the seed potatoes so sold by more than £1 per ton; and
- (b) in the case of a sale of 1 ton or less, but of more than 1 cwt. of any one variety, be a sum not exceeding the cost to him of the seed potatoes so sold by more than £2 5s. 0d. per ton; and
- (c) in the case of a sale of 1 cwt. or less of any one variety, vary according to the cost to him of the seed potatoes so sold and shall be in accordance with the scale set out in the Third Schedule hereto.

11. The cost of seed potatoes to a retail seed dealer for the purpose of the preceding Clause shall be reckoned as including the following items and no more, viz: -

(a) The price actually paid or payable by him for the

potatoes; and

reasonably require.

- (b) sums actually paid or payable by him for the carriage of the potatoes except sums paid or payable for the carriage of the potatoes from the place at which in the ordinary course of business seed potatoes would be delivered to him.
- 12. A retail seed dealer, if he is ready and willing to sell at his Retailer's premises seed potatoes as or for seed at prices not exceeding the charge for maximum prices applicable under this Order, may in addition to the foregoing prices make such charges as may be agreed between him and the purchaser for the delivery of potatoes ordered for delivery to the purchaser not exceeding (whichever shall be the greater) (i) any reasonable charges for such delivery actually paid by the retail seed dealer or (ii) 2d. for any quantity not exceeding 1 stone with a further penny for each further half stone or part of half stone so delivered.

delivery.

and at the earliest practicable time enter the particulars of all his purchases of seed potatoes as or for seed showing the variety and class of potatoes purchased, the quantity purchased, the price paid or payable for such potatoes, and all sums (if any) paid or payable for the carriage thereof and he shall in the same account enter the prices at which he has sold the seed potatoes or is offering them for sale, and he shall preserve for not less than six months all invoices, bills, receipts and other documents relating to his purchases of seed potatoes as or for seed, and he shall on lawful demand produce such account and all such invoices, bills, receipts and other documents for inspection and point out which

entries in his account and which bills, invoices, receipts and other documents relate to the seed potatoes which he has on sale as or for seed at the time of the demand, or which have been sold by him, and give such other information as to his dealings in seed potatoes as or for seed as the person making such demand shall

13. Every wholesale seed dealer and every retail seed dealer Dealers to shall keep an account in which he shall regularly and punctually keep records.

14. Where a person sells his potatoes in the ground to a wholesale dealer, the buyer of the potatoes so sold shall be deemed for all the purposes of this Order to be the grower thereof and the terms of this Order shall apply to any seed potatoes dressed out for sale as such save that on every sale of such potatoes by him he shall be deemed to sell as a wholesale dealer and not as a grower.

Sales in the ground.

15. (a) The provisions of Clause 9 of the Potatoes Order and the first Schedule thereto shall apply to dealings in seed potatoes of the first as or for seed, references to the Potatoes Order, 1917, and the provisions thereof being for the purpose of such application deemed to be references to this Order and the corresponding provisions thereof, and the words "the sum of 15s. per ton" being substituted for the words "the sum of 7s. 6d. per ton" in

Application schedule to the Potatoes Order, 1917.

clause 8 of such Schedule and the words "a grower of potatoes" and "for his own planting "being substituted for the words "a public institution or body or otherwise known to be a large consumer "and" for his own consumption "in Clause 10 of such potatoe ; und Schedule.

(b) Clauses 43 and 47 of the Potatoes Order, 1917, relating to deposits on bags and Accommodation Sales shall apply to dealings in seed potatoes sold as or for seed to 93 111 100

od6. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Potatoes Order,

telivered to him. 1917:-(a) [A grower shall be entitled to dress out seed potatoes so

ody oniho as to separate the same from the rest of his crop and modulible shall keep seed potatoes intended for sale as seed hoores of separate from other potatoes, if any, for the time being dealt, in by him mand no person need in relation to ravadridwseed potatoes oso dressed outland sold as or for seed varied (comply with the provisions of Clause 7 of the Potatoes your not Order; 1917, sor in a sale of seed potatoes as or for does not seed comply with the provisions of Clause 44 (a) of the Potatoes Order 1917! to trag to prote that real time

(b) No grower, wholesale seed dealer, or retail seed dealer Illuminum need in relation to seed potatoes sold as or for seed or Ils to mintended for sale as seed, comply with the provisions of Clauses 45 or 46 of the Potatoes Order 1917;

(c) As from the date of this Order Clause 10 of the Potatoes Order, 1917, shall cease to apply to seed potatoes of the varieties therein mentioned, if sold as or for seed.

217. (a) The Potatoest Order, 1917, shall be amended in the manner appearing in the Fourth Schedule to this Order.

2011 (b) Copies of the Potatoes Order, 1917; hereafter to be printed by His Majesty's Stationery Office shall be printed with the additions, omissions and substitutions directed to be made by the Fourth Schedule hereto and such Order shall as from the date when this Order comes into force be construed and take effect, as if it had been made with such additions substitutions and omissions. And woo bound of the demand, or which Legisland

6-18. Whenever in this Order any person is required to produce any documents or class of documents or give any information on lawful demand, he shall produce or give the same at all reasonable times and places on the demand of any officer or constable of police, or any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Control Committee to make such demand either particularly or as holding any office or position, and either generally or in the particular case ston such sale on every sale of such notes as a such such sale of s

19. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of any potatoes enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any

20. Where any contract subsisting at the date of this Order for the sale of any seed potatoes of the varieties mentioned in the Second Schedule provides for the payment of a price in excess of the permitted maximum price, the contract shall, if

Modification of the Potatoes Order, 1917. delivery.

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Amendments of the Potatoes Order, 1917.

Meaning of lawful demand.

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Fictitious transactions. Application of the list

achedule to the Pot to Contracts.

otherwise lawful, stand so far as concerns any seed potatoes delivered on or before the date of this Order but shall except in such cases as the Food Controller otherwise determines be avoided so far as concerns any seed potatoes agreed to be sold above the permitted maximum prices which have not been so delivered.

21. (a) Clause 4 of the Seed Potatoes (Immune Varieties) Seed Order, 1917, (a) shall be amended by the substitution of the words "It inch" for the words "I inch."

(b) Nothing in this Order shall so long as the Seed Potatoes (Immune Varieties) Order, 1917, remains in force authorise a sale or disposal of any potatoes to which that Order applies.

22. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

23. (a) This Order shall come into force on the 12th November,

1917.
(b) This Order may be cited as the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917.

Potatoes (Immune Varieties) Order, 1917

Penalty.

Commencement and Title.

By Order of the Food Controller,

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U. F. Wintour.

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

King Elmad VII.

Arran (hin Langworth ... What's Went d Goldon Wenter

2 3

0

12th November, 1917.

Variety of Potato.

Myatt's Ashleaf Kidney Edzell Blue Early Puritan ...

Sharp's Express ...
Eclipse ...
May Queen ...
Midlothian Early ...
Sir John Llewelyn ...

Beauty of Hebron ...

Ninetvfold

Early Rose ... Epicure ...

Duke of York og was hower

Schedule I.

Highest author	rised selling pr	
100		Scottish Fara
Class I.		Class III.
Class 1.	Class II.	Class III.
	oge ton esiter	
	1 8.0 d. nf	
7.9	THE PARTY OF	US TOT TOTA
the constitution with	n babbs od z	Wo come of
(I CM1/111) / 2013	ווו ממשפת ווו	to Class IV.
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The highest authorised selling price per stone for potatoes of the varieties "Sharps Express," "Eclipse," "Myatt's Ashleaf Kidney" and "Duke of York," belonging to Class IV. shall be 2s. 6d.(b)

3 0

⁽a) SEED POTATOES (IMMUNE VARIETIES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 469.

⁽b) AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE.—These words were added by Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Prices Order, 1918.

Schedule II.

Variate	of Dotate		Sums which m	nay be added u	nder Clause 6.
variety	of Potato.		Class I.	Class If.	Class III.
(a) King George V.)	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.
Great Scot Lochar Templar		}	2 10 0	1 0 0	10 0
(b)	•••			,	
Royal Kidney British Queen Pioneer	•••	{	1 0 0	0 5 0	Nil.
Queen Mary	***)		200	
Evergood (d)	•••	•••	0 15 0	Nil.	Nil.
King Edward VII Arran Chief Langworthy	[]			
What's Wanted Golden Wonder Irish Queen	•••		0 10 0	Nil.	Nil.
Shamrock Abundance	•••			1111	
Iron Duke Scottish Farmer	•••				
(e) Any other varietie					
either Schedule and not sold un		e II. }	0 5 0	Nil.	Nil.

No sum may be added under Clause 6 on the sale of any potatoes belonging to Class IV.(a)

⁽a) POTATOES OF CLASS IV.—Provisions as to these potatoes were added to the principal Order by Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Prices Order, 1918.

Schedule III.

Scale of Maximum Retail Prices for Seed Potatoes sold in Lots of 1 Cwt. or Less of any One Variety.

delivered	ing price per of at the place a parily takes de	ewt. for potato t which he elivery.	es	Highest retail selling price for lots of 1 cwt. or less of any one variety. (Rate per stone.)
Up to and includin Exceeding 5s. 6d., 6s. 0d. 6s. 6d. 7s. 0d. 7s. 6d. 8s. 6d. 9s. 0d. 10s. 6d. 11s. 0d. 11s. 6d. 12s. 0d. 12s. 6d. 13s. 0d. 14s		6s. 6d. 7s. 0d. 7s. 6d. 8s. 0d. 8s. 6d. 9s. 0d.		s. d. 1 0 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 6 1 7 1 8 1 9 1 10 1 11 2 0 2 1 2 2 2 3 2 4 2 5 2 6

For lots of less than one stone, the rate per stone may be charged and the price may be levelled up to the nearest penny.

Schedule IV.

Clause of Potatoes Order, 1917, amended.	Amendment.
Clause 5	The words "sell seed potatoes or" shall be omitted. The words "other than potatoes to which the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, applies;" shall be substituted for the words "other than seed potatoes.
Clauses 28 and 32	The words "other than potatoes to which the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, applies," shall be substitute for the words "other than seed potatoes."
Clause 36	The words "potatoes to which the Seed Potatoes (1917 Crop) Order, 1917, applies," shall be substituted for the words "seed potatoes or to potatoes sold as seed."

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917, UNDER THE POTATOES ORDER, 1917.(a)

SCALE OF MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES FOR SEED POTATORS SOLD IN LOTS OF I CW. 1811 John 971914 ONE VARIETY.

The Food Controller hereby authorises every grower of potatoes to sell and offer to sell his own potatoes at prices lower than the minimum prices fixed by the Potatoes Order, 1917, but otherwise subject to the provisions of such Order.

I g in f.1, but not exceeding fr. 11. W. H. Beveridge,

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R. tel.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

November 17th, 1917.

98, 00. ... 101, 107. ... 98. 64. ... 98. 64. ... 1818. Od. THE POTATOES ORDER (No. 2), 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 19, 1917. AS AMENDED BY POTATOES ORDER (No. 2), 1917, AMEND-MENT ORDER, 1918.(b)

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[30, 11] 1917. No. 1188, as amended by 1918. No. 518.

Whereas with a view to encouraging the growth of potatoes in the year 1917, it was announced on behalf of His Majestv's Government that a minimum price of £6 per tony free on rail or free on board, would be guaranteed to growers for all sound marketable ware potatoes delivered as required in lots of 4 tons or more.

Now therefore for the purpose of giving effect to such announcement and in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. For the purposes of this Order: (7 border and 1)

The expression "Ware Potatoes" means sound marketable potatoes of the 1917 crop (except potatoes sold as or for seed) which will not pass through a riddle having a mesh of 15/8 inches.

The expression "Grower," as respects any ware potatoes means such person as may be determined by or under the authority of the Food Controller to be the grower of such potatoes for the purposes of this Order and subject to any such determination

Interpretation.

⁽a) POTATOES ORDER. 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

(b) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Amendment Order added the 2nd paragraph of Clause 2 and also Clauses 2A and 5 (iii) to the principal Order.

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means the person who was on the 19th November, 1917, the occupier of the land on which such potatoes were grown or, if such a potatoes have been or shall be sold in the ground, the person to whom such potatoes have been or may be so sold. [10] bool of

The expression: "The base price" means as respects ware potatoes grown in any larea, the rate per ton fixed by the Food Controller from time to time as the base price for that area.

The expression "the selling price" means in the case of a sale of ware potatoes, free on rail, barge or ship (grower's station, wharf or port) the rate per ton according to the contract and in the case of a sale of potatoes on other terms such rate adjusted in accordance with directions given by the Food Controller to a rate free on rail, barge or ship (grower's station, wharf or port).

For the purpose of ascertaining the time of delivery, potatoes shall be deemed to be delivered when they are first put on rail, barge or ship, or, if not put on rail, barge or ship, when they are removed from the grower's farm in the course of distribution.

Where potatoes are delivered otherwise than by rail, barge or ship, they shall be deemed to be delivered in a lot of 4 tons or more if the quantity delivered to a single purchaser in any consecutive period of 7 days equals or exceeds 4 tons and the whole of such lot shall be deemed to be delivered on the last day on which any part of it is so delivered.

2. Where pursuant to a bona fide contract for sale a grower Claims by has in any month or other period prescribed by the Food Con- grower. troller delivered in lots of 4 tons or more ware potatoes grown by him he may make application to the Food Controller for payment to him in respect of each ton so delivered during that period of a sum equal to the amount by which the average selling price of all ware potatoes so delivered by him during that period falls short of the prescribed sum; provided that for the purpose of calculating the average selling price, ware potatoes delivered in lots of 4 tons or more and sold at a rate below the base price shall be deemed to have been sold at the base price. (a)

The prescribed sum shall as respects potatoes delivered before the 15th April, 1918, be £6, and as respects potatoes delivered between the 15th April, 1918, and 14th May, 1918, inclusive, be £6 10s., and as respects potatoes delivered after the 14th May,

1918, be £7.

2A. Where after the 31st March, 1918, a grower of potatoes dresses his clamped potatoes and riddles the same so as to extract therefrom the seed potatoes and re-clamps his ware potatoes he may make application for payment of a sum of 10s. in respect of each ton of such re-clamped potatoes; provided that a claim shall not be made or allowed under this clause in respect of a greater quantity of ware potatoes than a quantity which bears the same proportion to the total quantity of ware potatoes extracted from the original clamp as the quantity of seed potatoes extracted and planted or sold for planting by the grower bears to the total quantity of seed potatoes so extracted.

⁽a) VARIATION OF BASE PRICE.—The Base Price was varied as from May 15, 1918, by the Potatoes (Base Price) Order, 1918, printed p. 509.

Making and determination of claims.

- 3.—(a) Claims for payment shall be lodged within such time and in such manner and shall be proved by such evidence and shall be made to and determined by such persons and bodies as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe.
- (b) The decision of any person or body appointed by the Food Controller to act for the purposes of this Order shall be final and conclusive for all purposes, and payments will be made on the basis of such decision accordingly; except that any decision made by any such person or body may at any time be reviewed and if thought fit, modified or set aside by the Food Controller, notwithstanding that any monies shall have been paid thereunder.

False statements.

4. A person shall not, for the purpose of obtaining a payment under this Order either for himself or any other person make any false statement or false representation.

Exclusion of certain persons from making claims

- 5. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine, no claim under this Order shall be allowed if the person on whose behalf such claim is made
 - (i) shall, after the 19th November, 1917, have contravened any Order of the Food Controller for the time being in force relating to potatoes; or
 - (ii) shall have failed to comply with any special or general direction of the Food Controller relating to the disposal or delivery or withholding of delivery of any potatoes of which he is the grower; or
 - (iii) shall have failed to make any return required by or under the authority of the Food Controller or shall have made any false statement in any such return.

Potatoes delivered prior to 19th November, 1917. Contracts.

- 6. This Order shall not apply to ware potatoes delivered before the 19th November, 1917.
- 7. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine and except in respect of potatoes delivered prior to the 19th November, 1917, all contracts subsisting at the date of this Order for the sale of ware potatoes are cancelled, other than contracts for sale in the ground.

Penalty.

8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

9. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes Order (No. 2), 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th November, 1917.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED NOVEMBER 23, 1917, UNDER THE POTATOES ORDER, 1917.(a)(b)

1917. No. 1199.

The Food Controller hereby authorises, notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 10 of the Potatoes Order, 1917, sales of and dealings in potatoes of any of the varieties mentioned in such clause ("King Edward" "Arran Chief" "Langworthy" "What's Wanted" and "Golden Wonder") except sales of and dealings in any such varieties grown in any of the Counties of York, Lincoln, Cambridge, Norfolk, Huntingdon, Hertford, Warwick, Worcester and Notts by a grower whose whole acreage of potatoes of all varieties in those counties in the year 1917 exceeds 5 acres. (c)

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd November, 1917.

The Bread (Use of Potatoes) Order No. 2, 1917. Dated December 8, 1917.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 121) relates to the use of potatoes supplied for bread making.

⁽a) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 472.

⁽b) SUPERSEDED LICENCES.—The Licence of November 23rd appears to supersede the Licence of October 30th, 1917 (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1100), as to Sale in Ireland of potatoes of the varieties specified in Clause 10 of the Order, and also the Licence of November 8, 1917 (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1170), as to Sale in Scotland of the variety Arran Chief. Those two Licences are omitted from this Manual accordingly.

⁽c) LICENCE AS TO SALES BY SUCH GROWERS.—A General Licence of Feb. 11, 1918, p. 505, provides for such excepted sales.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED DECEMBER 11, 1917, UNDER THE POTATOES ORDER, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1257.

The Food Controller hereby authorises a sum not exceeding 10s. per ton in lieu of 5s. per ton to be charaged for non-returnable bags on sales of potatoes to be consigned from Ireland to a destination outside Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

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Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

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11th December, 1917.

THE MANGELS AND SWEDES (PRICES) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 22, 1917.

1917. No. 1326.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

Maximum Price.

Power of

Food Control Com-

mittee to fix

Mangels and Swedes.

Maximum

Prices for

- 1. No person shall on or after the 1st January, 1918, directly or indirectly sell or offer for sale or buy or offer to buy any Mangels or Swedes or Swedish Turnips at prices exceeding the maximum prices prescribed by or in pursuance of this Order.
- 2. (a) The Food Control Committee for Ireland (hereinafter called the Committee)(b) may from time to time prescribe maximum prices applicable on the occasion of any sales or any classes of sales in Ireland of Mangels or Swedes or Swedish Turnips and may from time to time revoke or vary maximum prices so prescribed.

(b) Any Maximum prices prescribed under this Clause shall be subject to review by the Food Controller and shall be with-

drawn or modified as he may direct.

Maximum Prices.

3. (a) Until otherwise prescribed pursuant to Clause 2 hereof the maximum price for Mangels shall be at the rate of 30s. per ton and for Swedes or Swedish Turnips at the rate of 25s. per ton.

(a) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order 1917, printed in Part III. of this Manual

(b) The foregoing maximum prices are fixed on the basis that the roots are either loaded by the seller into trucks at the seller's railway station, or (at the buyer's option) into a ship or port not less convenient to the seller than the seller's railway station. and that no commission is paid. If the roots are delivered otherwise than as above, a corresponding variation shall be made in the price and in particular if any commission is paid, the sum paid (not exceeding the customary amount) shall be added in determining the maximum price. (outlied) and the third the determining the maximum price.

(c) The provisions of this clause shall not apply to the sale of Mangels or Swedes or Swedish Turnips, where the total quantity of the article sold by the seller to the buyer in any period of 7 consecutive days including the day of sale does not

exceed 1 cwt.

4. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any Mangels or Swedes or Swedish Turnips enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

5. Where any contract subsisting at the 1st January, 1918, for the sale of any Mangels or Swedes or Swedish Turnips provides for the payment of a price in excess of the maximum price fixed by this Order, such contracts shall stand so far as concerns the deliveries made before the 1st January, 1918, but unless otherwise determined by the Committee shall be avoided so far as concerns deliveries to be made on or after that date.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. (a) This Order may be cited as the Mangels and Swedes (Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall extend only to Ireland.

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By Order of the Food Controller.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd December, 1917. In the state of the sta

GENERAL DIRECTION, DATED DECEMBER 24, 1917, UNDER THE POTATOES ORDER, 1917.(a)

exceed as see en pounds. 787. No. 1327. Shows a second exceed as second exception of the second except

The Food Controller hereby directs every wholesale dealer on the occasion of any sale of potatoes by him to furnish a proper invoice to the purchaser.

dealer outclass a controller.

24th December, 1917 as all la ai di 7 to vita up a to a conse

rediction of the M. H. Beveridge, and all the state of the Ministry of Food. I Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food. I have any to see part of the Ministry of Food.

Artificial and **Fictitious** Transactions.

Contract.

Title and Extent of Order,

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Purchas of

THE BRITISH ONIONS ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 24, 1917.

1917. No. 1331.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except by the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—DEFINITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

1. In this Order-

"British Onions" means onions grown in the year 1917 within the British Islands, but it does not include pickled onions or onions sold cooked in the course of a catering business.

"Regular Wholesale Dealer" means a person who at the date of this Order is carrying on a business in the ordinary course of which he sells onions by wholesale in their natural state, and the successors in business of any such person.

"Retail Dealer" means a person who is for the time being registered under the Potatoes Order, 1917, (a) as a retail

dealer in potatoes.

"Grower" as respects any onions sold in the ground means the owner of them at the time when they are lifted.

"A week" means the seven days ending with Saturday.

Onions to be sold by authorised dealers only

- 2. (a) No person shall sell British Onions by retail unless he is a retail dealer as defined by clause 1 of this Order.
- (b) No person shall sell British Onions by wholesale except a regular wholesale dealer or to a retail dealer, and no person shall buy British Onions by wholesale except a regular wholesale dealer or retail dealer, and no wholesale dealer or retail dealer shall sell or dispose by wholesale of British Onions purchased by him except in the ordinary course of his business as a dealer in onions.

(c) A seller of onions may, if he reasonably believes the same to be true, accept the written certificate of a purchaser that he is

a regular wholesale dealer or retail dealer.

(d) For the purpose of this clause every sale of a quantity exceeding seven pounds shall be deemed to be a sale by wholesale.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this clause a grower whose whole crop of British Onions does not exceed 10 cwt. may sell such onions by retail subject to the restrictions imposed by the subsequent clauses of this Order.

Purchases of onions for consumption limited to seven pounds per week.

3. (a) No person (except a regular wholesale dealer or retail dealer purchasing for re-sale) shall in any week directly or indirectly purchase a greater total quantity of British Onions than 7 lbs. in all, and no British Onions shall be purchased whether by one person or by several for consumption in any household in excess of a quantity of 7 lbs. in all in any week.

^{° (}a) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

(b) No retail dealer shall knowingly sell directly or indirectly to any one person in any week a greater total quantity of British Onions than 7 lbs. in all, and no retail dealer shall sell any British Onions to a purchaser where he has reason to suspect that by such purchase sub-clause (a) of this clause would be infringed.

(c) For the purposes of this clause an Institution or Catering Business within the meaning of the Sugar Order, 1917,(a) shall be

deemed to be a household.

4. Every grower and regular wholesale dealer or other person Accounts. selling British Onions by wholesale shall keep a regular and punctual account showing the particulars of all British Onions bought or sold by him by wholesale, including the names and addresses of the vendor or purchaser as the case may be and the amount purchased or sold and the price charged and shall upon every reasonable demand produce such account and all relevant documents to any person authorised to inspect the same by or on behalf of the Food Controller or any Food Control Committee.

PART II.—PRICES.

5. (a) The maximum price on the occasion of a sale of British Retail Onions by retail shall be at the rate of 3d. per lb.

maximum price.

(b) No additional charge may be made for packages or for giving credit or for making delivery.

6. (a) The maximum price on the occasion of a sale of British Grower's Onions by the grower shall be at the rate of £15 per ton on the basis (i) that the onions are either loaded by the seller into trucks at the seller's railway station or (at the buyer's option) into a ship or barge not less convenient to the seller; (ii) that bags (if required) are supplied by the buyer and (iii) that no commission is paid.

maximum price.

(b) If the onions are sold on terms other than those mentioned in sub-clause (a) of this clause a corresponding variation shall be made in the maximum price, and in particular if bags are provided by the seller the price per ton may be increased by a sum not exceeding 10s. whether the bags are returnable or not and if any such commission is paid as is authorised by Clause 8 the maximum price and terms of sale shall be varied as mentioned in that clause.

7. (a) The maximum price on the occasion of any sale of Wholesale British Onions other than a sale thereof by the grower or a sale dealer's by retail shall be at the rate of £19 per ton, on the basis that maximum the onions are delivered ex warehouse or market at the seller's customary place of sale and that bags are provided by the seller.

price.

(b) If the onions are sold on terms other than those mentioned in sub-clause (a) of this clause, a corresponding variation shall be made in the maximum price and in particular if bags are provided by the buyer the maximum price per ton shall be reduced by a sum of 10s.

⁽a) SUGAR ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Group 17 ("Sugar"), p. 568.

Commission sales.

- 8. (a) Where a grower sells onions grown by him direct to a retail dealer through the agency of a regular wholesale dealer at a commission, he may add the amount of the commission to the price authorised by clause 6, not exceeding the amount provided for by sub-clause (b) of this clause.
- (b) Where a commission is paid under sub-clause (a) of this clause the seller shall be bound to deliver the onions to the purchaser's railway station or (if more convenient to the seller) more a too the purchaser's place of retail sale and may add to the maximum price authorised by clause 6 any railway or canal charges so incurred, but the total amount added to the price per ton under sub-clauses (a) and (b) of this clause shall not together exceed £3 10s. per ton if bags are provided by the purchaser, or £4 if bags are provided by the seller. forma our reasonable derical arribate such account and all relovant

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Contracts.

9. Except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine and except in respect of onions delivered prior to 31st December, 1917, all contracts subsisting at the date of this find Order for the sale of British Onions are cancelled ad I in

Penalty. . serie

10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations. I contribbe of (8)

Title and mentammizaan

- 11. (a) This Order may be cited as the British Onions Order, 6. (a) The maximum price on the occasion of a sale of Briffel Grandmono
 - January, 1918, but otherwise the Order shall come into force on the 14th January, 1918, but otherwise the Order shall come into force on the 31st December, 1917.

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(b) If the polysper H. W. terrander that the sententioned

llada mitsurar guth Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

ora spad in the maximum price and in particular if bags are until by the relief the per ren 1917, and pales at the price per ren 1917, and pales are un not exceeding 10s, what is the bags are returnable or not

The maximum price and terms of sale shall be varied as mentioned THE POTATO BAGS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 23, 1918

and if any such commission is a supported by Clause 8

algested // dealer's ammixent price.

7. (a) The maximum price on the precession of any sale of living Onions other than \$60.00 of the grower or a sale In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of

the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:

I. No bag which is or has been sold or supplied by or on behalf of the Food Controller for use as a potato bag shall be used for Potato Bags supplied by any purpose other than the carrying of potatoes or sold or otherwise disposed of by any person at a price exceeding the sum of 6d.

the Food Controller. False statements.

Use of

-2. A person shall not make any false statement in any applications to the Food Controller for the sale or supply to him of (any such bag.

- 3. In any proceedings it shall be presumed unless the contrary Presumption be proved, that a bag marked "M.F." is a bag which has been sold or supplied by or on behalf of the Food Controller for use as a potato bag.(a)
- 4. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Potato Bags Order, 1918.

Title.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

such are, except drom a percet so thebest.

23rd January, 1918.

THE POTATOES (EXPORT FROM IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED

JANUARY 24, 1918. (b)

9. Their turning amics the Coder that apply to the store

the Derme of the February 1918. No. 93.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. After the 3rd February, 1918, until further notice no person other than a person licensed by the Food Controller shall consign or ship any Potatoes from Ireland to any destination outside Ireland, and no person shall buy or agree, to buy or take delivery of any Potatoes to be consigned from Ireland, to any destination outside Ireland except from a person so licensed.
- 2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 3. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Export from Ireland) Order, 1918.

Becond Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

24th January, 1918, To the state of the stat

(a) RETURN AS TO POTATO BAGS.—The Potato Bags (Returns) Order, 1917 (printed p. 156 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual") provided for returns to the Food Controller giving particulars as to all potato bags owned as on October 22nd, 1917, that Order is omitted from this Manual as now "spent."

(b) POTATOES OF THE 1918 CROP.—The Early Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 510, provides that this Order shall not apply to potatoes of the

1918 crop.

The Potatoes (Distribution) Order, 1918. Dated January 24, 1918. (a)

1918. No. 94.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. After the 3rd February, 1918, until further notice no person other than a person licensed by the Food Controller shall move or consign any Potatoes from any place outside the area to which this Order for the time being shall be applied to any place within such area, and no person shall buy or agree to buy or take delivery of any Potatoes to be moved or consigned to any place within such area except from a person so licensed.
- 2. Until further notice this Order shall apply to the area mentioned in the Schedule.
- 3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Distribution) Order, 1918.

Schedule.(b)

The Counties of:—
Brecknock.

Cardigan.
Carmarthen.
Glamorgan.
Monmouth.
Pembroke.
Radnor

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

24th January, 1918.

⁽a) POTATOES OF THE 1918 CROP.—The Early Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 510, provides that this Order shall not apply to potatoes of the 1918 crop.

⁽b) AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE.—A Notice, dated February 20, 1918 (p. 505), applies this Order to the counties of south-west England as from February 25, 1918.

General Licence under Potatoes Order, 1917; Notice under Potatoes (Distribution) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED FEBRUARY 11, 1918, UNDER THE . POTATOES ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 188.

The Food Controller hereby authorises, notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 10 of the Potatoes Order, 1917, sales of and dealings in potatoes of any of the varieties mentioned in such clause ("King Edward," "Arran Chief," "Langworthy," "What's Wanted" and "Golden Wonder") except sales of and dealings in potatoes of the "King Edward" variety grown on warp limestone marsh or silt lands in any of the Counties of York, Lincoln, Cambridge, Norfolk, Huntingdon, Hertford, Warwick, Worcester and Notts by a grower whose whole acreage of potatoes of all varieties in those counties in the year 1917 exceeds 5 acres.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

11th February, 1918.

Notice, dated February 20, 1918, under the Potatoes (Distribution) Order, 1918.(b)

1918. No. 204.

The Food Controller hereby directs that the area to which S. R. & O., the above Order applies shall as from the 25th February, 1918, No. 94 of include the following counties:—

Cornwall,
Devon,
Dorset,
Gloucester,
Hampshire,
Somerset—and
Wiltshire.

in addition to the counties mentioned in the schedule to the Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th February, 1918.

(a) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—This Order is printed p. 472.

⁽b) POTATOES (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 504.

No. 14 of

THE POTATOES (PROTECTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 21, 1918.

19180 No 3 211.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

- 1. Every person who is the owner of potatoes or who has potatoes in his possession or under his control or under the control of his employees or servants shall at all times take or cause to be taken all reasonable precautions to protect such potatoes from frost, damp or other damage whether such potatoes are growing or are in transit or are in store or otherwise.
 - 2. In particular any person who consigns potatoes for transport by railway in open trucks either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person during the months of December, January, February, March and April shall take or cause to be taken all necessary steps whether by strawing the trucks into which such potatoes are loaded or otherwise, to protect such potatoes from frost damp or other damage.
- 3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
 - 4. (a) This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Protection) Order, 1918.
- (b) This Order shall come into force on the 25th February, 1918.

 The Food Controller hereby directs that the area to which S. R. & C.

the above Order lord Spool and the area to which the above Order lord Spool and the following counties:—

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st February, 1918.

Gloucester, Hampshire, Somerset—and Wiltshire,

and dition to the counties mentioned in the schedule to the Order.

THE BREAD (USE OF POTATOES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 27,

[This Order, which is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals,") (p. 159), authorises the use of potatoes in bread.]

toth February, 1918.

⁽a) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—This Order is print d p. 472.
(b) POTATOES (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 501.

THE POLITORS GROWERS' RETTRES ORDER; 1918. DATES THE POTATO (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 10, 1918.

1918. No. 411.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. (c) Except under a licence of the Food Controller no person General shall after 15th April, 1918, use or treat any potatoes or any Restriction. product obtained from potatoes or any article containing potatoes or containing any such product except for the purposes permitted by this clause.

- by this clause.

 (b) The permitted purposes, in the case of ware potatoes which are fit for human food, are seed or human food, and in all other cases are seed, human and animal food, and the manufacture of articles of human and animal food, but do not include the manufacture of spirits. W listing of of six to used
- (c) Nothing in this clause shall prevent the use or treatment for any purpose of potatoes or products of potatoes for articles containing potatoes or containing any such product which are unfit to be used for any of the permitted purposes and
- 12. Any person authorised by the Food Controller may if he Power to suspects that any article mentioned in Clause 1 of this Order is enter and being dealt with in contravention of this Order: with the miles inspect.

- (a) enter any premises on which the superconduction article to enter any premises on which he superconduction is dee, or the
- (b) inspect and take supplies of such article; or to anishem
- (c) demand from any person in possession or control of such article production of any licence granted funder this
- all mi morder obstor to toerer mi berimper ed llade muter made microscib, this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. This Order may be cited as the Potato (Restriction) Order, Title. 1918.

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Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th April, 1918. Bereridge 1918. Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th April, 1918.

Order, 1918.

THE POTATOES (GROWERS' RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 19, 1918.

1918. No. 453.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

- 1. Every person farming one or more acres of land shall on or before the 27th April, 1918, furnish a return showing:
 - (a) the estimated quantity of sound ware potatoes of the 1917 crop remaining on the 22nd April, 1918, on any farm or holding in his occupation;
 - (b) the estimated quantity of potatoes of seed size of the 1917 crop not required for planting;
 - (c) the number of acres on such farm or holding which have been or are to be planted with potatoes during 1918;
 - (d) the number of acres on such farm or holding under potatoes in 1917; and
 - (e) such other matters as may be necessary to complete the prescribed form of return.
- 2. The return shall be made in a form prescribed by or under the authority of the Food Controller, which may be obtained from any police station in Great Britain, and is, when completed, to be posted in accordance with the directions printed thereon.
- 3. Failure to make a return by the prescribed date, or the making of a false return, is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 4. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, no return shall be required in respect of potatoes grown in the Orkney or Shetland Islands until further directions have been issued by the Food Controller and such return shall be made by the date and in the manner provided in those directions.
 - 5. This Order shall not apply to Ireland.
- 6. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Growers' Returns) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th April, 1918.

THE POTATOES (BASE PRICE) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 15TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 534.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. On and after the 15th May, 1918, the "Base Price" for S. R. & O., ware potatoes, for the purposes of the Potatoes Order (No. 2), 1917,(a) and any amendment thereof, shall be the rate per ton set out in the Schedule to this Order.

No. 1188 of No. 518 of

- 2. Except in cases of contracts for the sale of ware potatoes by the grower thereof at prices not less than the base price fixed by Clause 1 of this Order and in such other cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine all contracts for the sale of ware potatoes subsisting on the 15th May, 1918, are hereby cancelled, except in respect of potatoes delivered before that date.
- 3. As from the 15th May, 1918, Clause 10 of the Potatoes Order, S. R. & O., 1917,(b) is revoked, but without prejudice to any preceedings in No. 949 of respect of any contravention thereof.

4. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Base Price) Order, 1918, and shall be read as one with the Potatoes Order, No. 2, 1917, as amended.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

15th May, 1918.

Schedule.		
Area.	Rate 1	per ton.
England and Wales	£7	
The Counties of:—		
Renfrew, Dumbarton, Stirling, Linlithgow,		
Edinburgh, Haddington and all Counties in		
Scotland South thereof (except the County		
of Bute)	£6]	10 0
The Counties of:—		
Argyll, Perth, Forfar, Kincardine, Fife,		
Clackmannan and Kinross	£6	0 0
The remainder of Scotland, including the County		
of Bute	£5]	10 0
Ireland	£5	$0 \cdot 0$

⁽a) POTATOES ORDER (No. 2), 1917.—That Order is printed p. 494.
(b) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

THE EARLY POTATOES (PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 21ST MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 554.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall between the 20th May, 1918, and the 31st July, 1918, inclusive, sell or offer or expose for sale and no person shall buy or offer to buy any potatoes of the 1918 crop at prices exceeding the maximum prices applicable under the Schedule to

this Order.

2. On the occasion of any sale of potatoes to which this Order applies the maximum prices hereby prescribed include all charges for bags barrels or other packages or the use thereof, and for delivery and for giving the usual credit in respect of the sale; provided that a retail dealer if he is ready and willing to sell potatoes to which this Order applies over the counter at prices not exceeding the maximum prices prescribed by this Order may on sales to consumers make such additional charges as may be agreed between him and the purchaser for delivery of potatoes ordered for delivery at the purchaser's premises not exceeding 2d. for any quantity of one stone or less and 1d. for each further half-stone or a part of a half-stone so delivered.

3. This Order shall not apply to cooked, dried or evaporated

potatoes.

S. R. & O. No. 949 of

1917, and Nos. 93 &

94 of 1918

4. No person shall in connection with the sale or disposal or proposed sale or disposal of any potatoes to which this Order applies enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

5. (a) The provisions of Clauses 9, 27, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 41 and 46 and the First and Second Schedules of the Potatoes Order, 1917,(a) shall not apply to sales of and dealings in

potatoes of the 1918 crop before the 1st August, 1918.

(b) The Potatoes (Export from Ireland) Order, 1918,(b) and in respect of potatoes imported by sea, the Potatoes (Distribution) Order, 1918,(c) shall not apply to potatoes of the 1918 crop.

6. This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

8. This Order may be cited as the Early Potatoes (Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st May, 1918.

⁽a) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

⁽b) POTATOES (EXPORT FROM IRELAND) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 503.
(c) POTATOES (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 504.

The Schedule.

	Period for which Maximum Price applies.	Maximum Price per lb.
For	deliveries between—	
	From 20th May, 1918, to 31st May, 1918	4d.
	From 1st June, 1918, to 15th June, 1918	$3\frac{1}{2}d$.
	From 16th June, 1918, to 30th June, 1918	$3\overline{d}$.
	From 1st July, 1918, to 15th July, 1918	$2\frac{1}{2}d$.
	From 16th July, 1918, to 31st July, 1918	2d.

All dates inclusive.

THE POTATOES (REGISTRATION OF WHOLESALE DEALERS) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 22ND MAY, 1918, AS AMENDED BY AMENDING ORDER, DATED 6TH JUNE, 1918.(a)(b)

1918. No. 555 as amended by 623.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1. All certificates of registration heretofore granted under the Revocation Potatoes Order, 1917, (c) by a Food Control Committee in Great of wholesale Britain to any person as a wholesale dealer shall stand revoked dealers' as at the 1st July, 1918, so far as the same relate to eating potatoes, and as at the 1st September, 1918, so far as the same Great relate to seed potatoes.

certificates granted in Britain, S. R. &O., No. 949, of 1917.

2. A certificate of registration as a wholesale dealer in potatoes Limitation granted or to be granted by the Food Control Committee for on Irish Ireland shall not authorise any dealings by such dealer outside certificates. Ireland in eating potatoes on or after the 1st July, 1918, or in seed potatoes on or after the 1st September, 1918.

3. Applications for new certificates of registration in Great New Britain under the Potatoes Order, 1917, may be made by such certificates. persons and in such manner as the Food Controller may from time to time direct. All such certificates shall be subject to such conditions as may be endorsed thereon or as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe, and shall be revocable by the Food Controller at any time.

printed in Clauses 1 and 2 of the principal Order.

(b) General Licence, DATED JUNE 28, 1918.—This General Licence authorised all registered wholesale dealers to sell, until July 15, 1918, eating

potatoes, notwithstanding the provisions of this Order.

(c) POTATOES ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 472.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Amending Order of June 6, 1918, substitutes the dates July 1 and September 1 for June 1 and July 1 respectively, as

Dealers to comply with directions.

Food Committee in Great Britain not to issue certificates. Title. 4. The holder of any certificate of registration as a wholesale dealer in potatoes shall comply with such directions as to his dealings in potatoes as may from time to time be given by the Food Controller or under his authority.

5. After the date of this Order a Food Control Committee in Great Britain shall not grant to any person a certificate of regis-

tration as a wholesale dealer in potatoes.

6. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Registration of Wholesale Dealers) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd May, 1918.

Tye Potatoes (Distribution) Order, No. 2, 1918. Dated the 6th June, 1918.

1918. No. 617.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regula-

tions shall be observed by all persons concerned: -

1. On and after the 10th June, 1918, until further notice, no person, other than a person licensed for this purpose by the Food Controller, shall move or consign any potatoes of the 1917 crop from Scotland to any part of England or Wales except the Counties of Northumberland and Durham; and no person shall buy or agree to buy or take delivery of any such potatoes of the 1917 crop to be moved or consigned from Scotland to any part of England or Wales (other than the two counties named) except from a person so licensed.

2. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

3. This Order may be cited as the Potatoes (Distribution) Order, No. 2, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

6th June, 1918.

THE TESTING OF SEEDS ORDER, 1918. DATED JUNE 17, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 15 ("Seeds") (p. 553), regulates the sale and exposure for sale of, *inter alia*, seeds of mangels, swedes and turnips.].

14. Public Meals.

Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 513.

General Licence thereunder (Meat meals of members of H.M's.

Forces), p. 519.

Amending Order, p. 520. Rationing Order, 1918, p. 520.

Directions thereunder (Amount of Rationed Food), p. 520.

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.(a)(b)

1918. No. 59.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. The provisions of this Order shall apply to every inn, hotel, Public eating restaurant, refreshment house, club, boarding house and every place. place of refreshment open to the general public (hereinafter

referred to as a public eating place).

2. (a) No meat, poultry or game may be served or consumed in Meat, poultry any public eating place

(i) between the hours of 5 a.m. and 10.39 a.m. on any day;

(ii) at any time on the days prescribed as meatless days.

(b) The prescribed days shall be such days as the Food Controller may from time to time appoint either generally or as respects any particular area. Until further notice the prescribed days shall in the area of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police District be Tuesday and Friday and elsewhere in the United Kingdom be Wednesday and Friday in every week. (c)

3. (a) No milk may be served or consumed in a public eating Milk. place as or as part of a beverage except with tea, coffee, cocoa or chocolate as usually served.

(b) This provision shall not apply to milk consumed by a

child under the age of 10 years.

4. Notwithstanding Clause 2 or Clause 3, meat, poultry, game Medical or milk may be served to and consumed by a person for the time exceptions. being residing in a public eating place during the period mentioned on a certificate of a duly qualified medical practitioner which states that such person for such period needs the article served in the interests of his health.

and/o

(b) REVOCATION.—This Order was revoked as to Great Britain by Rationing

Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

⁽a) OPERATION OF ORDER.—Clause 2 of this Order came into force January 25th, 1918, the remainder of the Order came into force February 3rd, 1918; as to the provisions as to public meals until then in force see the Public Meals Order, 1917, p. 158 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

⁽c) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—Under the Amending Order, dated May 16, 1918, printed p. 520, Clause 2 ceased to apply to any public eating place in Great Britain.

Sugar.

5. No sugar may be used, supplied or consumed in a public eating place except that:—

(a) sugar may be used for cooking purposes;

(b) a person may consume in a public eating place sugar provided by himself or supplied to him under the provisions of the next succeeding clause.

Supply of sugar to hotel residents.

6. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Order and of the Sugar (Registration of Dealers) Order, 1917, and the Sugar (Rationing) Order, 1918, (a) sugar may be supplied by any inn, hotel, club or boarding house to any person residing therein for the major portion of any week up to an amount not exceeding 1 oz. for every complete day of his residence provided that:—

(a) The total amount so supplied to any person in any week shall not exceed 6 ozs.;

(b) The person having charge of the inn, hotel, club, or boarding house is reasonably satisfied that no sugar ration for that week has been obtained in respect of such person;

(c) The total of the amounts so supplied to all such persons shall be accurately entered in the Register hereinafter referred to in the column provided for that purpose;

(d) An accurate record is kept of the full names and permanent addresses of all persons to whom sugar is so supplied.

Meals between 3 and 5.30 p.m.

7. No person shall be served with or consume at any meal whatsoever which begins between the hours of 3 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. more than $1\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. in the whole of bread, cake, bun, scone and biscuit.

Rationing in bulk.

8. The total quantities of meat, flour, bread and sugar (except sugar consumed or supplied pursuant to Clauses 5 and 6 of this Order) and of butter, margarine and other fats used in or by any public eating place in any week shall not exceed the gross quantities allowed for the meals served during the week, ascertained in accordance with the scale of average quantities per meal set out in the following scale, or such other scale as may for the time being be prescribed by the Food Controller.

· ·	Meat.	Sugar.	Bread.	Flour.	Butter, margarine and other fats.
Breakfast Luncheon, including middle day dinner.	Nil , 3-ozs.	Nil	3-ozs. 2-ozs.	Nil 1-oz.	$\frac{\frac{1}{3} - OZ}{\frac{1}{3} - OZ}.$
Dinner, including supper and meat tea.	3-ozs.	⅓-OZ.	3-ozs.	1-oz.	1/3-OZ.
Tea	Nil	Nil	1½-ozs.	Nil	1/4-OZ.

⁽a) SUGAR (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918.—That Order was printed p. 502 of the April Edition of this Manual. Revoked by Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

In addition to the fats allowed under the foregoing scale, salad Ascertaining oil may be served at table at any meal, but separate records shall weight, &c. be kept of all salad oil so used.

- 9. The following provisions shall have effect:— Meat, poultry and game.
 - (a) $2\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. of poultry or game are to be reckoned as 1 oz.
 - (b) The weight of meat is to be uncooked weight including bone as usually delivered by the butcher, and the weight of poultry and game is to be the uncooked weight as usually delivered by the poulterer without feathers or without skin as the case may be, but including offal.
 - (c) 25 per cent. is to be added to the weight of meat delivered cooked into the public eating place and 50 per cent. when delivered cooked and without bone.

Sugar, Bread, Flour and Fats.

- (d) 4 ozs. of bread are to be reckoned as 3 ozs. of flour.
- (e) Of the fats authorised, not more than one half shall consist of butter and margarine.
- (f) Where the flour or sugar or fat used in any articles is not otherwise brought into account, cakes and buns are to be reckoned as containing 40 per cent. of flour; scones and biscuits as containing 70 per cent.; and macaroni and other like articles as containing 90 per cent.; cakes and buns are to be reckoned as containing 10 per cent. of sugar and 10 per cent. of fat and biscuits as containing 5 per cent. of sugar and 10 per cent. of fat.
- 10. In reckoning the quantities of meat, sugar, bread, flour, Exclusion of butter, margarine and other fats that may be used in any week, certain meals no credit shall be taken for any meal which begins before 5 a.m. from compuor after 9.30 p.m. unless such meal is served to a person passing the night in the inn, hotel, club, or boarding house, and in reckoning the quantity of meat, poultry or game that may be used in any week no credit shall be taken for any meal served on any day prescribed as a meatless day under this Order, except meals containing meat, poultry, or game served to a person pursuant to Clause 4 of this Order.

11. The provisions of Clause 8 of this Order shall not apply to Railway food served over the counter of a buffet at a railway station.

Buffets.

12. The person or persons having the control or management Records. of any public eating place shall be responsible for securing that the total quantities permitted to be used therein in any week are not exceeded and shall, for the purpose of this Order, keep on the premises a register containing an authentic record of meals and quantities in the form contained in the Schedule to this Order or such other form as may be prescribed from time to time by the

Food Controller and shall produce such register and every other record required to be kept under this Order to any person authorised by or on behalf of the Food Controller or any Food Committee to inspect the same, together with all such invoices vouchers and other documents as may be necessary or proper for checking the entries in the register.

Powers of a Food Control Committee.

- 13. A Food Committee may give directions:—
 - (a) Reducing the total quantities of meat, flour, bread, sugar, butter, margarine, or other fats which may under this Order be used in or by any public eating place or class of public eating places within their area; or
 - (b) Limiting the quantity of any Food stuffs which may be supplied to or be used in or acquired by any such public eating places or class of public eating places:

provided that any directions given by a Food Committee under this Clause shall be reported to the Food Controller within seven days and be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or varied as he may determine.

All persons concerned shall comply with any such directions given by a Food Committee.

Interpretation. 14. For the purposes of this Order:

The expression "Food Committee" means as respects Great Britain a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution)

Order, 1917, (a) and as respects Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller. (b)

The expression "meat" includes butcher's meat, sausages, ham, pork, bacon, venison, preserved and potted meats, offals and other meats of all kinds, and fats bought as part of the meat, but does not include soup not containing meat, poultry or game in a solid form.

The expression "poultry and game" includes rabbits, hares and any kind of bird killed for food.

The expression "fats" includes all animal or vegetable fats natural or prepared which are not bought as part of the meat.

The expression "flour" means any product obtained either wholly or in part from wheat, rye, maize, barley and oats except cereal products used as porridge supplied at breakfast.

The expression "sugar" includes glucose and all sweetening matter except honey, jam, treacle, syrup, saccharine or sweetened beverage.

The expression "week" means seven days ending on a Saturday midnight.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

15. (i) Clauses 2, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 shall not apply to:—

Exceptions

- (a) Any public eating place where no meal is served at a price exceeding 1s. 2d. (exclusive of the usual charges for beverages) and there is exhibited on every tariff card and also in a conspicuous position in every public room a notice to this effect and where also the maximum charge for bed and attendance does not exceed 1s. 6d. per night;
- (b) Any boarding house or unlicensed hotel where the number of bedrooms available for letting in connection therewith whether in or outside the boarding house or hotel does not exceed 5.
- (ii) Clause 7 shall not apply to any public eating place where:—
 - (i) No customer is ever charged more than 5d. (including the charge for beverages) in respect of a meal begun between 3 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. which does not include meat, fish or eggs; and
 - (ii) There is exhibited on every tariff and also in a conspicuous position in every room where meals are usually served a notice to the effect that no customer will be so charged.
- 16. The Public Meals Order, 1917,(a) as amended is hereby Revocation. revoked as on the 3rd February, 1918.
- 17. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 18. (a) This Order may be cited as the Public Meals Order, Title. 1918;
- (b) This Order shall come into force on the 3rd February, 1918, except as to Clause 2 which shall come into force on the 25th January, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st January, 1918.

⁽a) Public Meals Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 158 of the Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

The Schedule.

REGISTER OF MEALS AND OF FOOD USED.

Specimen showing the Form prescribed (to be kept in Book Form)

1	SALAD OIL.	sə	dianap	Total besu.	19	•
	Total quantity of butter and margarine used (included in column 17),				18	
	ATS.	lo	uantity s used.	p latoT tal lla	17	
	ALL FATS.	-u	al lie ic	mixelf ytit otlius	91	•
, m,		ÁŢ	itasup	Total besu	15	
are a strict properties of helps in thone a strict.	SUGAR.	-B.	ilaans	edmuN ylish snoit rreferr	14	
777		tity	rised.	oding oding	13	
Jour of	FLOUR.	£1	dusnt	Total used.	13	
200	FL	Lity	rised.	Maximo	11	
1000	MEA	A:	itreup	Total besu.	10	
I've con		Kity	rised.	Maximi	6	
	Total number of all meals served.					
	√ Number of teas served.					
2	Number of dinners, meat teas, or suppers served.		Othor	days.	9	
Sur House Survey Ja			Moot boo	days.	ıò.	
2	Number of luncheons or midday dinners served,		į	days.	4	
			Mont loss	days.	ec	
	Number of Breakfasts served,				2	
	.ееk.	77 10	Lest day	Date of	-	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR KEEPING THE REGISTER

This Register must be kept up to date, the entries for each week being made not later than the Wednesday of the following week. Col. 1.—The "week" is the period of seven days ending on Saturday midnight.

Col. 9.—To calculate the quantity of Meat permissible, multiply the sum of figures in Cols. 4 and 6 by 3. This will give the number of ounces authorized.

Col. 11.—To calculate the quantity of Flour authorized multiply column 2 by 24; Cols. 3 and 4 by 24. Cols. 5 and 6 by 34, Col. 7 by 14, and add the products. This will give the amount authorized in

Col. 12.—For the entries in this Column Bread should be converted into Flour at the rate of 14 ozs. of Flour for every 2 ozs. of Bread, as shewn above.

Cols. 13 and 14.—To calculate the quantity of sugar authorized multiply the sum of the figures 3, 4, 5, and 6 by 3, and add the figures in Col. 14, and this sum will give the quantity authorized in ounces.

Cols. 15, and the sum will give one quantity of all Fats authorized mountes.

Cols. 16 and 17.—To calculate the quantity of all Fats authorized multiply the sum of the figures in Cols. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 by ½ and column 7 by ¼, and the sum of the products will give the quantity of all Fats authorized in ounces. The figures in Col. 18 must not exceed 50 % of those in Col. 17.

General Licence under Public Meals Order, 1918, and London and Home Counties (Rationing Scheme) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED FEBRUARY 23, 1918, UNDER THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918,(a) AND THE LONDON AND HOME COUNTIES (RATIONING SCHEME) ORDER, 1918.(b)

1918 No. 217.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all persons concerned to give effect to the following provision:—

In any place of refreshment a meat meal may be served to

- (a) A member of His Majesty's Forces travelling in uniform at any time and on any day on presentation of a meal order issued by the Admiralty or the Army Council which is chargeable to His Majesty's Government; and
- (b) A member of His Majesty's Forces travelling at any time and on any day on presentation of a journey meat meal card issued by the Admiralty or Army Council, and subject to detachment of the appropriate coupon in accordance with instructions on the card, or, until the 25th March, 1918, on presentation of his furlough papers.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd February, 1918.

(a) Public Meals Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 513.

(b) London and Home Counties (Rationing Scheme) Order, 1918.—That Order, p. 449 of the April, 1918, Edit. of this Manual, was superseded as to Meat to which the present Licence exclusively relates by the Meat Rationing Order, p. 301 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual. The Meat Rationing Order has since been revoked by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

ORDER OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER, DATED THE 16TH MAY, 1918, AMENDING THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 542.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations the Food Controller hereby orders that Clause 2 of the Public Meals Order, 1918,(a) shall hereafter cease to apply to any Public Eating place in Great Britain but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous contravention thereof.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

16th May, 1918.

RATIONING ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 17, 1918.

[This Order printed in Group 14^A. ("Rationing Schemes" (p. 522), makes certain provisions with regard to Catering Establishments, etc.]

DIRECTIONS RELATING TO THE AMOUNT OF RATIONED FOOD, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^{A} . ("Rationing Schemes") (p.~546).]

⁽a) Public Meals Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 513.

14A. Rationing Schemes.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Order, 1917, p. 521.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Amendment

Order, 1918, p. 522.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, p. 522.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order,

No. 2, 1918, p. 522.

Local Distribution (Misuse of Documents) Order, 1918, p. 521.

Public Meals Order, 1918 p. 521. Rationing Order, 1918, p. '522.

Directions thereunder (Amount of Rationed Food), p. 546.

Directions thereunder (General Butchers and their Customers), p. 544.

Directions thereunder (Pork Butchers and Retailers of Miscel laneous Meat and their Customers), p. 541.

Directions thereunder (Retailers of Bacon and Ham and their Customers), p. 540.

Directions thereunder (Retailers of Sugar, Butter and Margarine and Lard and their Customers), p. 542.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 22, 1917.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 9A ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 276), makes provision for a scheme to be adopted locally for the distribution of supplies.]

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals") (p. 513), relates to the rationing of meat, milk, sugar, bread, butter, margarine and other fats, used in public eating places.] (This Order was revoked as to Great Britain by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.)

THE LOCAL DISTRIBUTION (MISUSE OF DOCUMENTS) ORDER, 1918
DATED FEBRUARY 2, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 94 ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 280), relates to the misuse of decuments and information in connection with arrangements for the distribution or consumption of food.]

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 15, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 9A ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 281), makes further provision for a scheme to be adopted locally for distribution of supplies.]

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 21, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 9^A ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 283), provides for the local distribution by certain Committees of butter, margarine, and tea.] (The Order was revoked as regards Butter, Margarine and Lard by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.)

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION)
SCHEME ORDER, No. 2, 1918. DATED APRIL 6, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 9^A ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 291), provides for the local distribution of butter, margarine and tea by certain other Food Control Committees.] (The Order was revoked as regards Butter, Margarine and Lard by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.)

THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 17TH JULY, 1918.

1918. No. 894.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.—GENERAL RESTRICTION.

General restriction.

1. Except under and in accordance with the provisions of this Order or any directions issued thereunder, a person shall not obtain or attempt to obtain, or supply or offer or attempt to supply any Rationed Food for household consumption, or any Rationed Food or edible fats for the purposes of any establishment.

2. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe Rationed the articles of food which shall be Rationed Foods for the pur- Foods. poses of this Order, the amount of the ration for each article and in the case of any Rationed Food the amount of any particular kind which may be obtained.

(b) Until the Food Controller otherwise prescribes the

Rationed Foods shall be:-

(i) Sugar:

(ii) Butter and Margarine:

(iii) Meat: and (iv) Lard.

(c) The Food Controller may from time to time direct that any Rationed Food shall, subject to any conditions and to the extent specified in the directions, be supplied and obtained ration free, that is to say, as if such food were not rationed food.

3. This Order shall not affect:

(a) Members of the forces of His Majesty or of His Majesty's Allies or to belligerents in relation to rations supplied to them as members of such forces.

(b) Seamen engaged on the work of a ship in relation to food duly supplied to them by the owner or the master of the ship.

PART II .- HOUSEHOLDS.

4. Rationed Food may be obtained for household consumption only up to the prescribed amount and only by means of a ration book or leaf or other ration document available for lawful use and lawfully used.

Rationed food to be obtained by ration documents.

5. A person may obtain Rationed Food for household consumption from a retailer where the following conditions are complied rationed with: -

Obtaining food from retailer.

(a) Except where the Food Controller otherwise directs, he may obtain such food only from the retailer with whom he is registered for the purpose;

(b) Except where the relative leaf or relative part of the leaf is for the time being deposited with the retailer in the prescribed manner, he must produce his ration book and relative leaf or relative part or other ration document available for lawful use;

(c) The appropriate coupon or coupons representing the amount of food obtained must be detached and retained by the retailer and not more may be obtained on any coupon than the amount prescribed for that coupon; and

(d) Any directions that may be prescribed are obeyed.

6. The retailer may supply or offer to supply to any person for Supply by household consumption any Rationed Food only where the con-retailer. ditions mentioned in the foregoing clause have been complied with, and he has reasonable grounds for believing that the ration book, leaf or coupon or other ration document, under which the supply is made or is to be made, is available for lawful use by the person to whom the supply is made or offered.

Registration with Retailers.

Obtaining rationed food other than meat from a person other than retailer.

- 7. A person may not be registered with a retailer for the supply of any Rationed Food otherwise than in accordance with the directions given from time to time by the Food Controller.
- 8. A person may obtain Rationed Food (other than meat) for household consumption from any supplier other than a retailer where the following conditions are complied with:—
 - (a) Except where the relative leaf or relative part of a leaf is for the time being deposited with such supplier in the prescribed manner, he must produce his ration book or relative leaf or relative part or other ration document available for lawful use;
 - (b) The appropriate coupon or coupons representing the amount of food obtained must be detached and retained by the supplier and not more may be obtained on any coupon than the amount prescribed for that coupon; and

(c) Any directions that may be prescribed are obeyed.

Supply by person other than retailer.

9. A person other than a retailer may supply or offer to supply to any person for household consumption any Rationed Food, (other than meat) only where the conditions mentioned in the foregoing clause have been complied with, and he has reasonable grounds for believing that the ration book, leaf, or coupon or other ration document, under which the supply is made or is to be made, is available for lawful use by the person to whom the supply is made or offered.

Saving for meat and Occasional supplies. 10. Notwithstanding the two foregoing clauses, a person may obtain meat and occasional supplies of other Rationed Food for household consumption from a supplier other than a retailer, provided that he forthwith cancels, detaches, retains, and when required produces to a Food Committee, the appropriate coupon or coupons representing the amount of meat or other Rationed Food so obtained; and the supplier may supply meat, and make such occasional supplies of other Rationed Food accordingly.

It shall be the duty of the head of the household to which any such supply is made to secure that the provisions of this clause

are complied with.

Use of
Rationed
Food by
Dealers for
private
purposes.

11. Where any Rationed Food is not otherwise obtained for the purpose of his household consumption by a dealer, he may supply such food for the purposes of his own household to the like extent and in the like manner and subject to the like conditions as would be applicable if he obtained such food from a retailer, but save as aforesaid no dealer shall use for his own purposes any Rationed Food for the time being held by him for the purposes of his trade or business.

Presumption.

12. Until the contrary be proved, it shall be presumed that Rationed Food supplied, obtained or offered or attempted to be supplied or obtained is supplied, obtained or offered or attempted to be supplied or obtained for household consumption.

Exception.

13. This part of this Order shall not apply to—
(a) the distribution of any Rationed Food among the members of a household or to guests sharing household meals; or

(b) the provision of home produce for consumption by the producer and others as self-suppliers in accordance with any directions relating thereto issued under this Order.

PART III.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

(a) Catering Establishments.

14. Rationed Food and edible fats may be obtained for the Supply to purposes of a catering establishment onlyestablish.

(a) By means of an official order form, voucher or permit issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller for the purposes of this Order;

(b) Except to the extent to which the Food Controller otherwise directs, from the retailer or other dealer with whom the establishment is registered for the purpose;

(c) Up to the amount specified in the relative preliminary demand note, voucher or permit; and

(d) In accordance with any directions issued for the pur-

poses of this Order;

and Rationed Food and edible fats may be supplied for such purposes only where the foregoing provisions are complied with. Provided that until further notice under this Order sugar shall be obtained and supplied for the purposes of any such establish. S. R. & O., ment only in accordance with the provisions of the Sugar Order, 1917.(a)

No. 1049 of 1917.

ments.

15. No meat meal shall be supplied to any person by or on Serving of behalf of a caterer, whether for consumption on the premises of meat meals. the caterer or elsewhere, except—

- (a) Where the person served produces a ration book with the relative leaf or the relative part of the leaf containing an appropriate coupon or half-coupon and such coupon or half-coupon is detached and retained by the caterer;
- (b) Where the person served has made the declaration prescribed for persons entering Great Britain; or
- (c) Where the person served produces some other authority available for the purpose and such authority is dealt with in the manner prescribed thereon; and

In accordance with any directions issued for the purposes of this Order.

16. The total quantity of meat (other than any meat lawfully Accounting supplied ration free) supplied by or on behalf of any caterer for meat in a catering establishment in any week or other prescribed period shall not exceed the amount of meat which is represented by the coupons, declarations, and other like authorities duly received by the catering establishment during such week or other period and produced by the caterer to the Food Committee.

Detaching of coupons.

17. Where a person resides in a catering establishment for any period, the caterer shall in respect of each 7 consecutive nights included in that period and also in respect of any consecutive 5 nights which is not part of any such 7 nights, forthwith detach from the relative leaves of that person's ration book the appropriate coupon for each of the Rationed Foods (other than meat and such other Rationed Foods as may for the time being be excepted from this clause) and shall retain, and when required shall produce the coupons to the Food Committee, and it shall be the duty of such person to produce his ration book and relative leaves for this purpose and permit such coupons to be so detached.

For the purposes of this clause the appropriate coupon shall be the coupon available for the week during which such 5 nights or 7 nights begin, or failing any such coupon being available for the purpose, the coupon available for the following week.

Restriction on use of sugar.

18. No sugar may be used, supplied or consumed in any catering establishment, except that—

(a) Sugar may be used for cooking purposes to the amount allowed under the provisions of this Order; and

(b) A person may consume sugar provided by himself or supplied to him under the next succeeding clause.

Supply of sugar in a catering establishment.

- 19. Where a person resides in a catering establishment for more than one night in any week, the caterer shall on the request of such person sell or supply to him 6 ozs. of sugar or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed provided that:—
 - (a) The person supplied produces his Ration Book and relative leaf and the person supplying the sugar detaches and retains the appropriate coupon for that week or the next succeeding week; and
 - (b) The total amount so supplied to all such persons shall be accurately entered in the register hereinafter referred to in the column provided for that purpose.

Rationing in bulk.

20. The total quantities of sugar (except sugar consumed or supplied pursuant to the preceding clause), butter and margarine, lard and edible fats, used in or by any catering establishment in any week, shall not exceed the gross quantities allowed for the meals served during the week ascertained in accordance with the average quantities per meal, set out in the following scale, or such other scale as may for the time being be prescribed by the Food Controller:—

Meal.	Sugar.	Butter and Margarine.	Lard and Edible Fats.	
Breakfast Luncheon, including middle day dinner.	Nil - 1/7 oz.	1/5 oz. 1/5 ,,	1/4 OZ.	
Dinner, including supper and meat tea or fish tea.	1/7 ,,	1/5 ,,	1/4 ,,	
Tea	Nil	1/5 ,,	Nil.	

In addition to the edible fats allowed under the foregoing scale, salad oil may be served at table at any meal.

Of the lard and edible fats authorised, not more than one-third may consist of lard.

For the purposes of the scale contained in or prescribed under this clause, sugar shall include glucose and all sweetening matter except honey, jam, treacle, syrup, saccharine or sweetened beverage.

- 21. The person having the control or management of any Records. catering establishment shall be responsible for securing that the total quantities of Rationed Foods and edible fats permitted to be used therein in any week, or other prescribed period, are not exceeded, and shall keep on the premises a register containing an accurate record of meals supplied and quantities. of Rationed Foods and edible fats obtained and used in such form as may be prescribed from time to time by the Food Controller, and shall produce such register and every other record required to be kept under this Order to any person authorised by or on behalf of the Food Controller or any Food Committee to inspect the same, together with all such invoices, vouchers, permits and other documents as may be necessary or proper for checking the entries in the register.
- 22. Except in so far as the Food Controller may otherwise Exemption direct, the two immediately preceding clauses of this Order shall of certain not apply to any railway buffet, or to any catering establishment establishwhere no meal is served at a price exceeding 1s. 2d. (exclusive of the usual charges for beverages) and there is exhibited on every tariff card and also in a conspicuous position in every public room a notice to this effect, and where also the maximum charge for bed and attendance where such is afforded does not exceed 1s. 6d. per night. Provided that a Food Committee may and if so directed by the Food Controller shall from time to time determine the amounts of Rationed Foods and of edible fats (if any) which may be obtained for the purpose of any such railway buffet or establishment.

- 23. A Food Committee may give instructions:—
 - (a) Reducing the total quantities of Rationed Foods and Food Comedible fats which may under this Order be used in or by any catering establishment within their district; or instructions.
 - (b) Limiting the quantity of any food which may be used in any such establishment.

Provided that any instructions given by a Food Committee under this clause shall be reported to the Food Controller within seven days and be subject at any time to review by the Food Controller and shall be withdrawn or varied as he may determine. All persons concerned shall comply with any such instructions given by a Food Committee.

Power of

(b) Institutions.

Supply to Institutions.

S. R. & O.,

No. 1049 of

Delivery of

1917.

Ration

Books.

24. Rationed Food and edible fats may be obtained for the purposes of an institution only:—

(a) By means of an official order form, voucher or permit issued by or under the authority of the Food Con-

troller for the purposes of this Order;

(b) Except to the extent to which the Food Controller otherwise directs, from the Retailer or other dealer with whom the Institution is registered for the purpose;

(c) Up to the amount specified in the relative preliminary

demand note, voucher or permit; and

(d) In accordance with any directions issued for the purposes

of this Order;

and such Rationed Food and edible fats may be supplied for such purposes only where the foregoing provisions are complied with. Provided that until further notice sugar may be obtained and supplied for the purposes of any such Institution only in accord-

ance with the provisions of the Sugar Order, 1917.(a)

25. The person having the control or management of any institution shall collect from each person for the time being residing therein his ration book or books and other ration documents (if any), complete with all the leaves, and shall retain the same so long as he so resides, and shall at the end of such residence before returning the same detach, retain, and when so required by the Food Committee produce the appropriate coupons corresponding to the period of residence, and it shall be the duty of every person coming to reside in any Institution to deliver his ration books or documents (if any) complete with all the leaves to the person or persons having the control or management of the Institution for the purpose aforesaid.

Meals for non-residents.

26. Where in any institution any meals are provided for persons other than the persons residing therein, the total quantities of Rationed Foods and edible fats used or supplied for such meals shall not exceed the total quantities which might be used or supplied for such meals under the provisions of this Order if the same were served in a catering establishment, and where any meat meal is so served, the provisions of this Order relating to the serving of a meat meal shall apply in the same way as they apply in a catering establishment; provided that any person who, though not residing in the institution, habitually takes all his meals there, may be deemed to be a resident in such institution for the purposes of this Order.

Limit on consumption.

27. The total quantities of Rationed Foods and edible fats used

in any institution in any week shall not exceed

(i) the total quantities allowed for the persons residing or deemed to be residing in the institution in that week ascertained in accordance with the scale (if any) that may be prescribed for such institution or for an institution of that class or for any persons therein, or failing any such scale the quantity which might be lawfully obtained by such persons if they were members of a household; and

⁽a) SUGAR ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 568.

- (ii) the total quantities allowed under the immediately preceding clause in respect of persons who are not residing or deemed to be residing in the institution.
- 28. No sugar may be supplied to or consumed by any person in any institution, other than a person residing or deemed to be on supply residing therein, except that such a person may consume sugar provided by himself.

Restriction of sugar to residents.

29. The person having the control or management of any institution shall be responsible for securing that the total quantity of Rationed Foods and edible fats permitted to be used therein in any week or other prescribed period is not exceeded, and shall keep on the premises a register containing an accurate record of the Rationed Foods and edible fats obtained and used, in such form as may be prescribed from time to time by the Food Controller, and shall produce such register and every other record required to be kept under this Order to any person authorised by or on behalf of the Food Controller or a Food Committee to inspect the same together with all such invoices, vouchers, permits and other documents as may be necessary or proper for checking the entries in the register.

Records.

(c) Residential Establishments.

30. (a) Rationed food may be obtained for the purposes of a Supply to residential establishment only by means of the ration books of residential the persons residing in such establishment, and upon the footing and subject to the conditions which would be applicable under Part II. of this Order if in the matter of obtaining such food the person having the control or management of such establishment were the duly authorised agent of all such residents and such residents were the registered customers of the retailer with whom he is registered either by lodging of the preliminary demand note or otherwise relating to such food, and rationed food shall only be supplied or offered to be supplied for such purposes accordingly. Provided that where such person is at the date of this Order lawfully obtaining sugar from a wholesale dealer in sugar who is not also a retailer, he may continue so to obtain sugar, and shall detach, retain, and when required produce to the Food Committee, the appropriate coupon or coupons from the Ration Books of the residents representing the amount of sugar so obtained.

establish-

- (b) Edible fats may, until further notice, be obtained for the purposes of a residential establishment without restriction.
- 31. Where a person having the control or management of a Supply of residential establishment obtains a supply of sugar in respect of any week by means of the ration book of any resident of the establishment, or detaches a coupon for sugar from such ration book, he shall if so requested supply to the resident 6 ozs. of sugar or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed in respect of each such week or each coupon so detached.

sugar in a residential establish-

(d) General.

Registration of establishments.

- 32. In accordance with any directions of the Food Controller a Food Committee may at any time and, if so required by the Food Controller, shall—
 - (a) register any place as an establishment, that is to say, a catering establishment, a residential establishment or an institution, as the case may be;
 - (b) revoke the registration of any establishment so registered or deemed to be registered for the purposes of this Order;
 - (c) transfer the registration of any such establishment from one class to another class of establishment.

Establishments deemed to be registered.

33. Where any place is registered or deemed to be registered as a catering establishment, a residential establishment or an institution for the purposes of the Meat Rationing Order, 1918,(a) or of any Order relating to rationing other than the Sugar Order, 1917, it shall be deemed to be so registered for the purpose of this Order.

34. (a) Where butter is provided by a person out of his home produce for consumption by himself or a member of his family while residing in a catering establishment, then—

- (i) the caterer need not, in respect of any week during which the supply is made, detach the appropriate coupon or require production of the ration book or relative leaf;
- (ii) the caterer shall not for the purpose of determining the quantities of butter and margarine permitted to be used by him during that week include among the meals served by him during that week any meal served to any such person or member of his family; and
- (iii) the butter shall be accounted for in accordance with any directions relating to home produce as if it were consumed in the household of that person.
- (b) (i) Where any Rationed Food is provided by a person out of his home produce for consumption by himself or a member of his family while residing in an institution, such person shall not be included in the number of persons taken into account for the purpose of determining the quantity of such Rationed Food which may be consumed or supplied by the institution during that week.
- (ii) The Rationed Food shall be accounted for in accordance with any directions relating to home produce as if it were consumed in the household of that person, and the person having the control or management of the institution need not detach and retain the appropriate coupon or require production of the relative leaf.

Home produce in catering establishments and institutions.

⁽a) MEAT RATIONING ORDER, 1918.—That Order was printed p. 301 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

35. (a) No milk may be served or consumed in any catering Restriction or residential establishment as or as part of a beverage except on serving

with tea, coffee, cocoa or chocolate as usually served.

(b) This provision shall not apply to milk supplied to any person residing in the establishment or to milk supplied at any school to any person under 18 years of age, whether residing at the school or not, or to milk supplied to children under 10 years of age.

36. No person shall in any inn; hotel, restaurant, refreshment house, club, boarding house, or place of refreshment open to the general public be served with or consume at any meal whatsoever which begins between the hours of 3 p.m. and certain 5.30 p.m. more than 1½ oz. in the whole of bread, cake, scone and hours. biscuit.

Restriction on serving of bread, cake, in

This clause shall not apply to any such place where:—

- (1) No customer is ever charged more than 5d. (including the charge for beverages) in respect of a meal begun between 3 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. which does not include meat, fish or eggs; and
- (2) There is exhibited on every tariff and also in a conspicuous position in every room where meals are usually served a notice to the effect that no customer will be so charged.

PART IV.—HOME PRODUCE AND SELF SUPPLIERS.

37. Where under this Order directions have been given relating Home to the provision of home produce by the producer for consump- produce. tion by himself and others as self-suppliers, such produce shall be accounted for in the manner prescribed by the directions.

Such directions may, among other matters, relate to-

- (i) the slaughter of any animal and the giving of notice thereof to any person;
- (ii) the rate of consumption of any home produce;
- (iii) the surrender, cancellation, marking, production or other dealing with any ration book or other ration document:
- (iv) the keeping of records.

PART V.—RATION DOCUMENTS.

38. The Food Controller may with a view to the distribution of Issue of any Rationed Food from time to time issue or cause to be issued documents. to such persons and subject to such conditions as may from time to time be thought fit, ration books and other ration documents to be used for the purposes of the distribution or rationing of such food.

39. (a) For the purpose of enabling officers and men of the Navy, Army, Naval and Military Forces and of the Air Force and other persons, and Air who ordinarily are provided with any Rationed Food by the Force. Naval, Military or Air Force Authorities, to obtain supplies of

such food during periods in which owing to their being on leave or for other reasons the provision of such food by those Authorities is not available, the Admiralty, Army Council and Air Council may, with the consent of the Food Controller, issue to such persons special leave or duty ration books or other permits with or without coupons, in a form to be approved by the Food Controller, authorising them to obtain such food to such an extent in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be specified thereon or on any document issued in connection therewith.

(b) The Admiralty, Army Council, and Air Council, and the Governments of any of His Majesty's Allies or Co-belligerents, may, with the consent of the Food Controller, issue the like books and permits for use by the officers and men of the forces of such Governments.

Ownership and custody of documents.

- 40. (a) Except as otherwise provided by or directed under this Order, every ration document issued or to be issued for the purposes of this Order is, and will remain, the property of the Food Controller, but the person in respect of whom a ration document is issued shall be entitled to its custody.
- (b) The person for the time being having possession of any ration document shall deal therewith as provided by this Order or as may from time to time be directed by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

Persons in unauthorised possession of documents. 41. Where any person is in possession of a ration document and such possession is not authorised by virtue of this Order, then unless within 7 days of the same having come into his possession he shall have returned the same to the person entitled to the custody thereof or otherwise dealt therewith as provided by or under this Order he shall forthwith deliver the same to the Food Controller or to any Food Committee or otherwise as directed on the book.

Ration document or part thereof to be inalienable. 42. A ration document shall be inalienable and no person shall assign or attempt to assign or otherwise dispose thereof.

Lost ration document.

43. If any ration document be defaced, lost or destroyed, the Food Controller, or a Food Committee in accordance with the directions of the Food Controller, may on such evidence as he or they think fit, issue a new document in place thereof. Every such document may be issued subject to such conditions as may be notified thereon or otherwise imposed, and it shall be the duty of the person to whom the same is issued to comply with all such conditions and forthwith to return to a Food Committee a lost ration document, in place of which a new ration document has been issued, when such lost ration document has been found.

Availability of Ration Books, &c.

- 44. A ration book or leaf or other ration document shall be available for lawful use only:—
 - (a) When used by or on behalf of the person in respect of whom it is issued; and

- (b) While such person is living and is in Great Britain. Provided that where the ration book is a supplementary ration book issued to any person in respect of his work or class of work, it shall not be available for lawful use except so long as the person to whom the same was issued continues on such work or class of work for which the book is available as the case may be.
- 45. A leaf or part of a leaf shall be available for lawful use Availability only where it forms part of a ration book, or where it is for the time being deposited in the manner prescribed, or where having been so deposited it has been recovered and is produced with the ration book.

of Leaves.

46. (a) Where a person dies the person registering the death Death of shall use his best endeavours to obtain possession of any ration document and every part thereof issued in respect of the person so dying, and on registering the death to deliver the same to the registrar with whom such death is registered.

- (b) The person having possession of any such ration document or part thereof shall deliver the same to any person who in his reasonable belief proposes to register the death, but, if he does not so deliver it he shall forthwith deliver the same to the registrar with whom the death is registered, or to a Food Committee.
- 47. (a) A person shall not embark or attempt to embark at any Persons port in Great Britain as a passenger on a ship for any place leaving outside Great Britain other than Ireland, the Channel Islands, or the Isle of Man unless if so required: —

Britain.

- (1) Where he does not intend to return to Great Britain within four weeks of his departure he delivers to the alien's officer any ration document issued in respect of him under this Order together with the prescribed declaration or delivers to the officer the declaration prescribed in default of delivery of the ration document: or
- (2) Where he intends to return to Great Britain within four weeks of his departure he delivers to the officer the prescribed declaration and produces any such ration document for inspection or delivers to such officer the declaration prescribed in default of production of the ration document.
- (b) Where any directions have been issued by the Food Controller for the purposes of this sub-clause a person shall not embark or attempt to embark at any port in Great Britain as a passenger on a ship for Ireland, the Channel Islands, or the Isle of Man, unless he shall have complied with those directions.
- (c) This clause shall not apply to any person leaving Great Britain on naval or military duties.
- (d) For the purposes of this clause the expression "passenger" includes any person carried on a ship other than the master or a person employed in the work or service of the ship.

Persons joining His Majesty's forces or the allied forces. 48. Where a person to whom a ration book or other ration document was issued becomes a member of any of His Majesty's Forces, or of the Forces of any of His Majesty's Allies or Co-belligerents, or becomes entitled to receive a Government Ration in kind of any Rationed Food, in respect of which there is a leaf in any ration book or other ration document issued to him, he shall forthwith deliver the ration book or books complete with all the leaves and other ration documents to a Food Committee or otherwise deal with the same in the prescribed manner, and the Food Committee may in any such case issue to him in exchange such ration documents in such manner and on such conditions as they may think fit.

Credit Notes for small sales.

- 49. (a) For the purpose of facilitating the purchase of any Rationed Food by persons who are accustomed to purchase it in smaller quantities than the amount of the ration prescribed for a coupon, a Food Committee may, if they think fit, prepare and submit to the Food Controller for his approval a scheme for securing that retailers in whose business it is a practice to sell the food in such smaller quantities shall be required to issue to any customer purchasing a quantity of the Rationed Food less than the ration a credit note or other document representing the difference between the amount purchased and the prescribed ration, and that any such document shall be treated by the retailer by whom it is issued as though it was an authority for the amount which it represents.
- (b) Any scheme so prepared may contain all necessary incidental and consequential provisions and in particular may authorise the Food Committee to determine conclusively whether in any case the business of a retailer is of such a kind as to fall within the scope of the scheme.
- (c) Any scheme approved by the Food Controller shall have effect in the area of the Committee for the period specified in the approval subject to such amendments in or additions to the scheme, if any, as may from time to time be submitted by the Committee to the Food Controller and approved by him, and it shall be the duty of all persons to comply with the provisions of any such scheme as though such scheme was incorporated in this Order.

PART VI.-MISCELLANEOUS.

Issue of directions.

50. The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions prescribing the matters to be prescribed under this Order or otherwise for the purpose of giving effect to any of the provisions of this Order or any matter connected therewith, and it shall be the duty of all persons concerned to comply with any such directions.

Instructions on Ration Documents.

51. Instructions printed on any ration book or other ration document and the instructions additional to those printed on a ration book as set out in the document headed "National Rationing—July 14th, 1918, N.R.1," shall have effect as directions issued under this Order.

52. (a) A Food Committee may give instructions:—

(i) limiting the number of persons who may be registered Food Comwith any retailer;

(ii) transferring a person so registered from one retailer to

(iii) requiring any retailer to accept or prohibiting a retailer from accepting any particular person or persons or

class of persons as a customer or customers;

(iv) subject to the provisions of the Shops Act, 1912, and any other Statutory provisions for the time being in force, determining the manner in which and the times at which a retailer shall sell, distribute, or dispose of any Rationed Food among his customers.

(b) A Food Committee may, in accordance with any directions of the Food Controller, issue temporary licences exempting from the provisions of this Order any Rationed Food of a perishable nature where in the opinion of the Committee the food would

otherwise be likely to perish.

53. Every Food Committee shall in the exercise of any powers conferred upon such Committee for the purposes of this Order comply with such directions as may from time to time be given by the Food Controller, but the validity of the exercise of any such power shall not be questionable on the ground that such exercise is not in compliance with such directions. It shall be the duty of every person to comply with any instructions given by the Committee under such powers.

54. A person shall in making and completing any application or return, or other document issued or to be made in connection with this Order, follow the directions or instructions relating thereto issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller

or a Food Committee.

55. Any act required to be done by a person under this Order may in the case of a person under the age of 16 years be done on his behalf by one of his parents or by his guardian or by the person having custody of him, and in the case of a person of unsound mind by the person for the time being having charge of his affairs.

56. The total quantities of Rationed Food sold or disposed of by a retailer in any week or other prescribed period (other than Rationed Food lawfully sold ration free) shall not exceed the amount of such food which is represented by the coupons, official order forms, declarations and other authorities issued for the purposes of this Order, duly received by him during such week or other prescribed period in the course of his business and produced by him to the Food Committee.

57. Every retailer and other person shall as and when so

required by the Food Controller or a Food Committee:

(a) deliver to him or them all coupons, ration documents, official order forms, vouchers, declarations and other authorities and documents delivered to him under or for the purpose of this Order; and

(b) furnish such particulars relating to his dealings in and

stocks of Rationed Food as may be required.

Powers of mittee.

[2 and 3 Geo. V. c. 3.]

Food Committees to act in accordance with directions.

Applications, returns and other documents.

Acts on behalf of young persons and persons of unsound mind.

Accountability of Retailers for supplies of Rationed Food.

Duty of persons to deliver coupons, &c. Information to be confidential. 58. A person employed by the Food Controller or a member of or a person employed by a Food Committee or any person whose duty it is to deal with any application, return, ration book or other document made or issued for the purposes of this Order shall not without lawful authority communicate to any person any information acquired by him from any such document.

Birth Certificates. 59. Where for the purposes of any application under this Order or otherwise in connection therewith the birth or age of any individual is required to be proved by the production of a certificate of birth, any person shall, on presenting a written requisition in such form and containing such particulars as may from time to time be prescribed by the Local Government Board for England(a) or by the Secretary for Scotland as the case may be, and, on payment of a fee of sixpence, be entitled to obtain a certified copy of the entry of the birth of that person in the birth register under the hand of the registrar or superintendent registrar having the custody thereof.

Marking in lieu of detaching.

60. The Food Controller may direct in respect of any Rationed Food that coupons or spaces on the relative leaf shall be marked in lieu of being detached and in such case the provisions of this Order shall apply with the necessary modifications.

False Statements, Forgeries, &c.

61. A person shall not:—

- (a) Make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statement on an application or return made in connection with or for any of the purposes of this Order, or make or knowingly connive at the making of any false statement for the purpose of obtaining any Rationed Food, or obtain or attempt to obtain any Rationed Food where any such false statement on the relative application or return has been made.
- (b) Forge, alter or without lawful authority deface or remove any leaf from any ration document or other document issued or deemed to be issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order.
- (c) Personate or falsely represent himself to be the person to whom such ration document or other document has been issued or applies.
- (d) Retain any such ration document or other document when he has no right to retain it or fail to comply with any directions issued by or under the direction of the Food Controller with regard to the return thereof.
- (e) Use a ration book or other ration document issued in respect of any other person or lend or give his own ration book or other ration document issued in respect of him to any other person.

⁽a) Order of Local Government Board.—An Order dated February 23, 1918, printed p. 588, prescribes form of requisition for copy of birth certificate.

- (f) Obtain or use, or attempt to obtain or use, any such ration document or other document when he has no right to obtain or use it.
- (g) Make or cause to be made or without lawful excuse have in his custody or possession any paper or document so made as to resemble or colourably imitate any such ration document or other document.
- (h) Use or attempt to use for the purpose of obtaining any rationed food for himself or for any other person, any paper or ticket so made as to resemble or colourably to imitate any such ration document or other document or any forged or altered ration document or any other document.
- (i) Fraudulently alter, or attempt to alter or forge, any entry upon any such ration document or other document.
- (j) Without lawful authority have in his possession or use or attempt to use more than one ration document.
- (k) Forge any die or stamp used by or under the direction of the Food Controller in the making and marking of any such ration document or other document or otherwise for the purposes of this Order.
- (1) Fraudulently print or make any impression on any material with such forged die.
- (m) Fraudulently print or make any impression upon any material by the genuine die used by or under the authority of the Food Controller for the purposes aforesaid.
- (n) Without lawful excuse (the burden whereof shall lie upon the person accused) make, or cause to be made, or have in his custody or possession, any paper in the substance of which shall appear any words, letters, figures, threads, marks, lines, or other devices peculiar to any appearing in the substance of any paper provided or used by or under the direction of the Food Controller for any such ration document or other document.

Interpreta-

- 62. In this Order, and in all authorities and other documents issued for the purpose of this Order the following expressions shall have the following meanings:—
 - "Food Committee" shall mean, in respect of any district, the Food Control Committee constituted for such district.
 - "Week" shall mean the 7 days ending at midnight on Saturday, the 20th July, 1918, and any subsequent period of 7 days ending on a Saturday night.
 - "Catering Establishment," "Residential Establishment," and "Institution" shall severally mean the establishments registered or deemed to be registered by a Food Committee as such for the purposes of this Order.
 - "Caterer" shall mean the person or persons having control or management of any catering establishment.

"Retailer" shall mean a person who has been registered as a retailer for the purposes of this Order, or who, otherwise, has been or may be registered under the authority of the Food Controller as a retailer of any Rationed Food or who in the ordinary way of his trade deals in a rationed food by retail, but shall not include a farmer or home producer who disposes only of his own produce and does not carry on trade at premises distinct from his farm or holding.

"Ration Book" shall (except where the context otherwise requires) include the several documents headed "National Ration Book," "Supplementary Ration Book," "Child's Ration Book," "Traveller's Ration Book," "Leave or Duty Ration Book," and any other book issued

or to be issued for the purpose of this Order.

"Ration Document" shall mean any Ration Book, Emergency Ration Card, Overtime Meal Ticket, Weekly Seaman's Meat Card, Weekly Seaman's Provision Card, Continuous Food Record, Invalid's Leaf, Special Fats Leaf, Special Emergency Ticket, or any other like Ration Book, document or authority issued or to be issued for the purposes of this Order, or any part of any such Ration Book, document or authority.

"Butcher's Meat" shall include Beef, Mutton, Lamb,

Veal and Pork and the bones of any such meat.

"Meat" shall mean butcher's meat, suet and offal, sausages, ham, bacon, horseflesh, and venison, canned preserved and potted meats, and other meats of all kinds, rabbits and hares, and any kind of bird killed for food and the bones of any such meat.

"Meat Meal" shall mean any meal containing any meat, but shall not include soup not containing meat in a solid

form.

"Home Produce" shall mean as respects any person (in this Order called the producer), any Rationed Food the produce of or the result of the produce of any animal killed, caught or kept by him or for his purposes.

"Edible Fats" shall include all animal and vegetable fats, natural or prepared, other than butter, margarine and lard, which are not meat or bought as part of the meat.

"Prescribed" shall mean prescribed by directions of the Food Controller.

"Household consumption" shall mean all consumption of food other than food consumed in or supplied by a catering establishment, residential establishment or institution or food expressly excepted under Clause 3 of this Order.

Inclusion of Documents.

63. All forms of application, ration books, ration documents, instructions and directions or other documents issued whether before or after the date of this Order by or under the authority of the Food Controller purporting to be issued under or for the purposes of this Order or of the scheme to which this Order gives effect or headed "Rationing Order, 1918," and all applications

made upon any such form and all acts done pursuant to any such instructions or directions shall be deemed respectively to have been issued, made or done under and pursuant to this Order.

64. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalties. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

65. The Orders and Schemes mentioned in the first column of Revocation. the Schedule hereto are hereby revoked to the extent specified in the second column of the Schedule, provided that the revocation is without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention of any such Order or Scheme.

66. (a) This Order may be cited as the Rationing Order, 1918. Title

and extent of Order.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

J. R. Clynes, Food Controller.

17th July, 1918.

THE SCHEDULE.

Orders and Schemes.

(a) The Sugar Order, 1917

(b) The Sugar (Rationing)

Order, 1917. (c) The London & Home

Counties (Rationing Scheme) Order, 1918.
(c) The Meat Rationing Order,

1918.

(d) The Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, and subsequent Orders similarly named and numbered 2, 3, 4 and 5, and all schemes adopted pursuant to such Orders.

(e) The Public Meals Order, 1918.

(f) The Cake and Pastry Order, 1917.

Extent to which revoked.

Clause 21.

The whole Order.

The whole Order and the directions thereunder.

The whole Order and the directions thereunder.

So far as they relate to Butter, Margarine and Lard.

The whole of the Order so far . as the same applies in Great Britain.

Clause 8.

(a) SUGAR ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 568.

(c) This Order and the directions thereunder were printed in the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

(d) These Orders are printed in Group 9A (Local Distribution and Requisitioning).

(e) Public Meals Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 513. (f) CAKE AND PASTRY ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 94.

⁽b) SUGAR RATIONING ORDER.—That Order was printed p. 502 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

Directions for Retailers of Bacon and Ham, and their Customers, dated the 29th July, 1918, under The Rationing Order, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 957.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders and directs that the following directions relating to the supply of uncooked bacon and ham by retailers, shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. For the purposes of these directions:—

"Bacon and Ham" means uncooked bacon and ham.
"Emergency Customer" means a person holding and producing at the time of purchase a soldier's or sailor's leave or duty ration book, a traveller's ration book or an emergency ration card which is not marked with the name of another retailer of bacon and ham.

A person in respect of whom a visitor's declaration form has been handed to and accepted by a retailer is deemed to be registered with that retailer during the period for which the form is valid.

2. The retailer may supply bacon and ham only: -

(a) to his registered customers; or

(b) to emergency customers without registration (if he has more than sufficient supplies for his registered customers).

3. A person may obtain bacon and ham only from the retailer with whom he is registered for the purpose. This restriction does not apply to an emergency customer.

4. Bacon and Ham may be supplied without the surrender of

any meat coupon.

5. A retailer may supply any miscellaneous meat in accordance with the Directions for Retailers of Miscellaneous Meat and their

Customers for the time being in force.

- 6. These Directions do not affect sales to Residential Establishments, Catering Establishments or Institutions in accordance with the special directions for such establishments, or sales on a seaman's card in accordance with any directions issued for such sales.
- 7. Failure to comply with any of these directions is a summary offence under the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th July, 1918.

⁽a) RATIONING ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 522.

Directions for Pork Butchers and for Retailers of Miscellaneous Meat and their Customers, dated the 29th July, 1918, under The Rationing Order, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 958.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders and directs that the following directions relating to the supply of pork and miscellaneous meat shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. For the purpose of these directions:—

- "Miscellaneous Meat" shall mean suet, offal, sausages, horseflesh, venison, cooked, canned, preserved and potted meats, rabbits, hares, poultry and game, and other meats of all kinds, and the bones of such meats, excluding only butcher's meat and uncooked bacon and ham and bones thereof.
- "Pork butcher" means a butcher who sells pork by retail but no other kind of butcher's meat.
- "Retailer of Miscellaneous Meat" means a person who sells miscellaneous meat by retail but does not sell butcher's meat.
- "Retailer" means a pork butcher and a retailer of miscellaneous meat.
- 2. A person may obtain pork or miscellaneous meat from any retailer entitled to sell such meat and the retailer may supply pork or miscellaneous meat accordingly.
- 3. Pork or miscellaneous meat may be so obtained or supplied only against the coupons marked "meat," "butcher's or other meat," or "other meat only."

Whenever the retailer supplies pork or miscellaneous meat he must detach the proper number of appropriate coupons for the amount supplied from his customer's ration book or card.

4. The retailer may supply without detaching coupons—

- (a) such kinds of pork or miscellaneous meat as are from time to time declared by the Food Controller to be obtainable from such retailer without coupons; and
- (b) any perishable stocks in respect of which a licence has been issued by his Food Committee.
- 5. Each coupon represents the worth or weight of meat set out in the Official Table of Equivalent Weights of Meat for the time being in force, and not more than that amount may be supplied or obtained against it. Where worth of meat is set out, such worth shall be ascertained at the maximum retail price therefor for the time being applicable under the Orders of the Food Controller.

⁽a) RATIONING ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 522.

- 6. The number on each coupon corresponds with a particular week and the coupon can only be used for supplies made in the period from the Sunday of that week up to and including the Wednesday in the week following. Thus the coupons numbered 1 are valid from Sunday, July 14th, up to and including Wednesday, July 24th. Those numbered 2 are valid from Sunday, July 21st, to Wednesday, July 31st, and so on.
- 7. Wherever any ration book or card produced bears instructions that the book or card is valid only between particular dates, a retailer shall supply only in accordance with such instructions.
- 8. Coupons which have not been used in the proper coupon period cannot be used later without permission of the Food Committee.
- 9. These directions do not affect sales to Residential Establishments, Catering Establishments, or Institutions in accordance with the special directions issued for such establishments or sales on a seaman's meat card in accordance with any directions issued for such sales.
- 10. The retailer must keep prominently displayed in his shop a copy of such parts of the Official Table of Equivalent Weights of Meat for the time being in force as relate to all the kinds of meat sold by him.
- 11. Failure to comply with any of these directions is a summary offence under the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th July, 1918.

DIRECTIONS FOR RETAILERS OF SUGAR, BUTTER AND MARGARINE. AND LARD AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 959.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders and directs that the following directions relating to the supply of sugar, butter and margarine, and lard by retailers shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. These directions apply to sugar, butter and margarine, and

lard.

⁽a) RATIONING ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 522.

2. In these directions "leaf" means with respect to any of these foods, the appropriate leaf of the Ration Book for such food, or other the appropriate leaf for such food.

"Retailer" means with respect to any of these foods, a

retailer thereof.

"Emergency customer" means a person holding and using a soldier's or sailor's leave or duty ration book, traveller's ration book or an emergency ration card which is not marked with the name of another retailer.

A person in respect of whom a visitor's declaration form has been handed to and accepted by a retailer is deemed to be registered with that retailer during the period for which the form is valid.

3. A retailer may supply sugar, butter and margarine, and lard only—

(a) to his registered customers; or

(b) to emergency customers without registration (if he has more than sufficient supplies for his registered customers).

4. A person may obtain sugar, butter and margarine, and lard only from the retailer with whom he is registered for the purpose. This restriction does not apply to an emergency customer.

5. The customer may deposit with the retailer with whom he is registered for any food, the appropriate leaf in accordance with the instructions on the Ration Book. Unless the leaf is for the time being deposited with the retailer, the customer must produce his ration book on the occasion of each purchase.

6. Each coupon on the leaf represents the amount of the weekly ration and not more than that amount may be obtained or supplied upon it, and the retailer must, on supplying, detach

the proper number of coupons for the amount supplied.

7. A retailer may supply to any person without detaching coupons any perishable stocks in respect of which a licence has

been issued to him by his Food Committee.

8. The number on each coupon corresponds with a particular week. The coupon numbered 1 is valid for the week ending 20th July. The coupon numbered 2 is valid for the week ending 27th July, and so on. A coupon can only be used for supplies made in the week to which it corresponds, but in the case of sugar, a retailer may also supply to a registered customer in any week any part of the sugar ration which the customer was entitled to obtain during the immediately preceding 3 weeks and which was not in fact supplied.

9. Whenever the book or card produced bears instructions that the book or card is valid only between particular dates, a retailer

shall supply only in accordance with such instructions.

10. The retailer must divide what supplies he has as fairly

as possible between his registered customers.

11. Coupons which have not been used in the proper week cannot be used later without the permission of the Food Committee, even though the retailer has been unable to supply the full ration in the proper week.

- 12. These directions do not affect sales to Residential Establishments, Catering Establishments or Institutions in accordance with any special directions issued for such establishments or sales, on a seaman's card in accordance with any directions issued for such sales.
- 13. Failure to comply with any of these directions is a summary offence under the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th July, 1918.

DIRECTIONS FOR GENERAL BUTCHERS AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 960.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders and directs that the following directions relating to the supply of meat by a general butcher shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. For the purpose of these directions "general butcher" means a butcher who sells butcher's meat other than pork, whether

or not he also sells pork and offal.

"Emergency customer" means a person lawfully holding and using a soldier's or sailor's leave or duty ration book, traveller's ration book or an emergency ration card which is not marked with the name of another general butcher.

A person in respect of whom a visitor's declaration form has been handed to and accepted by a general butcher is deemed to be registered with that butcher during the period for which the form is valid.

2. A general butcher may supply butcher's meat (including pork) only—

(a) to his registered customers; or

- (b) to emergency customers without registration (if he has more than sufficient supplies for his registered customers).
- 3. A person may obtain butcher's meat (including pork) from a general butcher only if he is registered with him for the purpose.

This restriction does not apply to an emergency customer.

⁽a) RATIONING ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 522.

- 4. Butcher's meat (including pork) may be obtained or supplied only against the coupons marked "meat," "butcher's meat or other meat" or "other meat only."
- 5. The customer may in accordance with the instructions on the ration book deposit with the butcher with whom he is registered the current meat leaf of a ration book (A or B). Unless the current meat leaf is for the time being deposited with the butcher, the customer must on the occasion of each purchase produce his ration book or card to the butcher.
- 6. Whenever a general butcher supplies any meat, he must detach the proper number of coupons for the amount supplied from his customer's ration book or card.
- 7. A general butcher may supply to any person without detaching coupons—
 - (a) such meat or meat articles as are from time to time declared by the Food Controller to be obtainable from a general butcher without coupons; and

(b) any perishable stocks in respect of which a licence has been issued to him by his Food Committee.

- 8. Each coupon represents the worth or weight of meat set out in the official Table of Equivalent Weights of Meat for the time being in force, and not more than that amount may be supplied or obtained on it. Where the worth of meat is set out, such worth shall be ascertained at the maximum retail price therefor for the time being applicable under the Orders of the Food Controller.
- 9. After the 11th August, 1918, a half coupon may be used for supplying and obtaining meat. The provisions of these directions shall apply to a half coupon in the same way as they apply to a coupon; but the amount of meat to be supplied against a half coupon shall only be half the amount which may be supplied against a whole coupon.
- 10. The number on each coupon corresponds with a particular week, and the coupon can only be used for supplies made in the period from the Sunday of that week up to and including the Wednesday in the week following. Thus, the coupons numbered 1 are valid from Sunday, July 14th, up to and including Wednesday, July 24th. Those numbered 2 are valid from Sunday, July 21st, to Wednesday, July 31st; and so on.
- 11. Whenever the ration book or card produced bears instructions that the book or card is valid only between particular dates, a general butcher shall supply only in accordance with such instructions.
- 12. Coupons which have not been used in the proper coupon period cannot be used later without permission of the Food Committee, even though the butcher has been unable to supply the full ration in the proper coupon period.
- 13. (a) A general butcher may supply suet, tongue, kidney and ox-skirt only to a person to whom he may supply butcher's meat and otherwise in accordance with these directions.

(b) A general butcher may supply any miscellaneous meat other than suet, tongue, kidney and ox-skirt to any person, but

otherwise in accordance with these directions.

(c) "Miscellaneous meat" means suet, offal, sausages, horseflesh, venison, cooked, canned, preserved and potted meats, rabbits, hares, poultry and game, and other meats of all kinds and the bones of such meats, excluding only butcher's meat, uncooked bacon and ham, and bones thereof.

14. A general butcher must divide his supplies of butcher's meat (including pork) as fairly as possible between his registered customers. He is not bound to supply the full ration to first comers unless he is certain of having enough to give full

rations to all

15. These directions do not affect sales to Residential Establishments, Catering Establishments or Institutions in accordance with special directions issued to such establishments, or sales on a Seaman's meat card in accordance with any directions issued for such sales.

16. A general butcher must keep prominently displayed in his shop a copy of such parts of the official Table of Equivalent Weights of Meat for the time being in force as relate to all kinds

of meat sold by him.

17. Failure to comply with any of these directions is a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th	July,	1918.
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Directions relating to the amount of Rationed Food, dated the 29th July, 1918, under The Rationing Order, 1918.(a)

1918. No. 961.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders and directs that the following directions relating to the amount of rationed food shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. The appropriate leaves and coupons of the Ration Books (A

and B) and of the Traveller's Ration Books shall be: —

For sugar, the Leaf numbered 1 and coupons thereon.

For Butter and Margarine, the Leaf numbered 2 and coupons thereon.

For Meat, the Leaves numbered 3, 3x, 3y, and 3z and coupons thereon.

For Lard, the Leaf numbered 4 and the coupons thereon.

⁽a) RATIONING ORDER, 1913.—This Order is printed p. 522.

The coupons of a special Fats Leaf are butter and margarine coupons.

- 2. The coupon numbered 1 on a leaf relates to the week ending on Saturday the 20th July, 1918, and the other coupons relate to the subsequent weeks in due numerical order.
- 3. Each coupon, except a meat coupon, is available for use only during the week to which such coupon relates. Each meat coupon is available for use during that week and also the subsequent four days.

A sugar coupon may also be used for obtaining sugar from a retailer in accordance with any directions relating to the purchase

of sugar from retailers.

- 4. Until further notice the amount of the weekly ration of sugar shall be 8 ozs., of butter and margarine 5 ozs., and of lard 2 ozs; and not more than the prescribed amount may be obtained or supplied on the coupon.
- 5. Until further notice the amount of meat which may be obtained on any meat coupon shall be the amount in weight or worth of meat prescribed as the value of a coupon according to the Table of Equivalent Weights for the time being in force. Where worth of meat is prescribed, such worth shall be ascertained at the maximum retail price therefor for the time being applicable under the Orders of the Food Controller. Until further notice such Table shall be the Table set forth in the Schedule hereto.
- 6. Until further notice any meat coupon may be used for obtaining any kind of meat or for obtaining a meat meal from a catering establishment, or in the case mentioned in the Rationing Order, 1918, for obtaining a meat meal from an institution.
- 7. Coupons on Leave or Duty Ration Books and Emergency Ration Cards and Invalids' leaves may be used as shown thereon.
- 8. Until further notice no coupon on a Supplementary Ration Book (C, D, E and F) shall be available for obtaining any kind of meat or a meat meal.
- 9. Where under any directions of the Food Controller or instructions of a Food Committee or under the Table of Equivalent Weights for the time being in force any kind of rationed food may be obtained without coupons, such rationed food may, unless otherwise directed, be obtained from any retailer whether he is the retailer with whom the customer is registered or not.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

29th July. 1918.

Schedule.

TABLE OF EQUIVALENT WEIGHTS OF MEAT.

There may be obtained upon One Meat Coupon the amounts specified below. All meat coupons are of the same value.

Note.—This table does not apply to meals purchased from or supplied by caterers. In the case of such meals, caterers are required to account for their total consumption of meat by coupons collected from their customers in accordance with the directions in N.R. 12.

PART I.

BUTCHER'S MEAT AND MISCELLANEOUS MEATS (OTHER THAN POULTRY AND GAME).

POULTRY AND GAME).					
	Unco	oked.	Coo	ked.	
	With the usual bone.	Without bone.	With the usual bone.	Without bone.	
1. Butcher's meat (including pork) 2. Suet, loose fat, tongues,	5 <i>d</i> . w		4 ozs.		
kidneys, and ox skirt 3. Venison 4. Horseflesh (other than thin flank and forequarters,	5 <i>d.</i> w 16 ozs.	12 ozs.	12 ozs.	9 ozs.	
except foreribs) 5. Bones of any meat 6. Any sausages not obtainable	$\begin{bmatrix} 32 \text{ o} \\ 5d. \text{ w} \end{bmatrix}$		32		
without coupons 7. Edible offal (other than tongues, kidneys or ox	16 ozs.		16 ozs.		
skirt), except the kinds released from coupons 8. Canned or preserved meat	• 20 <i>d</i> . worth.		20 ozs.		
(except the meat of rabbits and birds), and all meat pastes containing more than 33½ per cent. of meat, according to the weight of the actual meat without					
the container 9. Canned or potted goods (not being of a kind released from coupon) containing no meat except edible offal other than tongues, kidneys	00		3 0)ZS.	
and ox-skirt 10. Meat pies, sandwiches and similar articles according to the weight of the actual		•	24	ozs.	
meat 11. Any kind of brawn not obtainable without coup-		•	3 (ozs.	
ons, prepared in the usual trade manner; pickled pig's head or haggis	32 (ozs.	32	ozs.	

COUPON-FREE ARTICLES.

The following kinds of meat or meat articles may be obtained without coupons:—

1. Bacon and ham.

2. Horseflesh:—Thin flank and forequarters (except foreribs).

3. Meat of goats and kids.

4. Tripe, chitterlings, lights; sheep's heads, calves' heads, eye pieces from pigs' heads; ox heels, cow heels, calves' feet, pigs' trotters, sheep's trotters.

5. The following articles, if containing no meat except edible offal of the kinds shown under item (4):—Sausages,

polonies, brawn, canned or potted goods.

6. Blood sausages, black puddings or white puddings, provided they are meat articles usually so called, prepared in the usual trade manner, and containing no meat except blood, fat, and edible offal other than tongues, kidneys or ox skirt.

7. Faggots or savoury ducks, provided they are meat articles usually so called, prepared in the usual trade manner, and containing no meat except edible offal, other than tongues, kidneys or ox skirt, and are sold by retail at a price not exceeding \$\frac{1}{2}d\$. per oz.

8. Meat pastes containing not more than 33½ per cent. of meat; meat extract, meat essence, soup cubes, tinned soups, and canned goods containing less than 5 per

cent. of meat.

9. Rissoles made from the waste trimmings of beef, provided:—

(a) The quantity of rissoles sold without coupons in any week shall not exceed 2 per cent. of the total value of meat or meat articles sold in the shop during that week.

(b) This exemption shall only apply to such rissoles as are sold at a price not exceeding 1d. per

ounce.

10. Beef sausages, cooked and uncooked, including saveloys, polonies and similar articles containing no meat other than beef.

11. Dripping.

12. With authority of Food Control Committee, meat pies not exceeding 6 ozs. in weight (cooked) of a kind usually sold in the district, may be sold without coupons, provided that the total weight of cooked meat in the pie does not exceed 20 per cent. of the whole weight of the pie, and that such authority is confined to retailers who have customarily sold meat pies of the class described.

Bacon and Ham may be obtained only from the Retailer with whom the customer is registered.

PART II.

POULTRY AND GAME.

- A. IN THE CASE OF POULTRY, RABBITS AND HARES.
- 1. Uncooked:—The weights given in the table are equivalent to the number of coupons shown at the head of the column.

Coupons.	1	2	2 3		5
Fowls and Chickens sold as a whole	Up to 3 lbs.	Up to 5 lbs.	Over 5 lbs.	_	_
Domestic Ducks and Geese sold as a whole Turkeys sold as a whole	Up to 4 lbs.	Up to 6 lbs.	Up to 8 lbs. Up to 6 lbs.	Up to 10 lbs. Up to 8 lbs.	Up to 12 lbs.* Up to 10 lbs.*
Any of the above sold in parts by weight per Rabbits, wild and tame	1½ lbs.	_	_	-	_
(with edible offal but without skin), sold as a whole Rabbits, wild and tame,	Up to 13 lbs.	Over 1 ³ / ₄ lbs.	-	_	-
with edible offal and skin, sold as a whole	Up to 2 lbs.	Over 2 lbs.	-	_	-
Parts of Rabbit or Hare	1½ lbs.	_	_	_	_
Blue Hares and Leverets (with all offal and skin)	_	each	_	_	-
Brown Leverets (with all offal and skin)	_	_	each	_	-
Brown Hares (with all offal and skin)			_	each	-

- * And one coupon for each additional 2 lbs., or part of a lb. up to 8 coupons as a maximum.

 N.B.—All poultry is reckoned as containing all offal, but with no feathers. If it is sold trussed without edible offal, one-third is to be added to the weight of the bird as so sold.
 - 2. Cooked, Canned and Preserved Poultry:—Half the weights specified above for the same number of coupons in each case.
 - 3. Cooked Rabbit and Hare:—11 lbs. for one coupon.
 - 4. Tinned Rabbit:—

A 1 lb. tin for two coupons.

A 2 lb. ,, four ,,

B. IN THE CASE OF GAME BIRDS AND WILD FOWL, COOKED OR UNCOOKED OR PRESERVED:—

UNCOOKED OR PRESERVED:—
One coupon for each one of the following birds Pheasants wild duck guinea-

Une	coupon	for each	one of	the following	birds		Pheasants, wild duck, guinea-
							fowl, capercailzie.
	22	11	two	22	22		Grouse, partridges, black
							game, widgeon.
	22	,,	four	22	22		Teal, ptarmigan, woodcock.
	"	22	six	12	22		Plover, pigeon.
	22	22	eight	22	22	• • •	Quail, snipe.

The following may be obtained without coupons:-

- (1) Wood pigeons, rooks and other birds not included in the above table.
- (2) Poultry, where the price charged therefor by a retailer does not exceed the sum of one shilling per lb.

(3) Edible offal of poultry.

15. Seeds and Nuts.

Beans and Peas, General Licence as to Seeds, p. 551. Damaged Grain, Seeds and Pulse (Prices) Order, 1917, p. 551. Desiccated Cocoanut (Maximum Prices) Order, 1918, p. 551. Seeds, Nuts and Kernels (Requisition) Order, 1917, p. 551. Testing of Seeds Order, 1918, p. 553.

THE DAMAGED GRAIN, SEEDS AND PULSE (PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 17, 1917.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 3 (" Bread, Flour and Cereals ") (p. 116), applies also to damaged seeds.]

THE SEEDS, NUTS AND KERNELS (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1917. DATED NOVEMBER 29, 1917.

This Order, which is printed as amended in Group 12 ("Oils and Fats") (p. 451), applies to oleaginous seeds.]

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JANUARY 31, 1918, UNDER BEANS, PEAS AND PULSE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.

[This Licence, which is printed in Group 2 ("Beans, Peas and Pulse ") (p. 84), relates to seed beans and peas.]

THE DESICCATED COCOANUT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 2, 1918.

1918. No. 243.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or Maximum offer to buy any Desiccated Cocoanut at prices exceeding the prices.

maximum prices permitted by this Order.

2. The maximum price on the occasion of any sale of Desiccated Wholesale Cocoanut, other than a retail sale, shall be at the rate of £4 10s. sales.

per cwt.

3. (a) The maximum prices on the occasion of any sale other Transport than a retail sale are fixed on the basis that all transport charges on charges after sale by the first importer in the United Kingdom wholesale are for the account of the ultimate buyer, and accordingly there

may be added to the maximum price all transport charges after sale by such importer ex quay, free on rail, or ex importers warehouse: Provided that the transport charges so added shall be limited to any reasonable amounts actually and properly paid or payable and any other reasonable sums representing transport costs properly incurred and not exceeding the customary charges.

(b) Any amounts added in respect of transport charges shall be shown as separate items on the invoice relating to the sale.

4. (a) The maximum price on the occasion of a retail sale shall

be at the rate of 1s. per lb.

(b) Where on the occasion of a retail sale the buyer requires the Desiccated Cocoanut to be delivered to his premises, a reasonable additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding \forall d. per lb. or any reasonable sum actually paid by the seller for carriage; but no charge shall be made for giving credit.

5. The maximum price on the occasion of any sale shall include the cost of packages and packing, and no additional charge may be

made therefor.

6. Where the maximum price at which Desicented Cocoanut may be sold to any person depends upon the amount of any sum paid or charged for transport, such person shall be entitled to rely upon any written statement with reference to such amount which may have been given to him by a person from whom he bought the same unless he has reason to disbelieve the truth of such statement.

7. A person shall not on the occasion of any sale or disposition of Desiccated Cocoanut enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable

charge.

8. Where any contract subsisting on the 4th March, 1918, for the sale of Desiccated Cocoanut provides for the payment of a price exceeding the permitted maximum price, the contract shall stand so far as concerns Desiccated Cocoanut delivered on or before the 4th March, 1918, but shall, unless the Food Controller otherwise directs, be avoided so far as concerns Desiccated Cocoanut agreed to be sold above the permitted maximum price, which has not been so delivered.

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

10. (a) This Order may be cited as the Desiccated Cocoanut

(Maximum Prices) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force as respects retail sales on the 11th March, 1918, and as respects any other sale on the 4th March, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge.

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

2nd March, 1918.

Retail sales.

Packages.

Reliance on vendor's statements.

Fictitious transactions.

Contracts.

Penalty.

Title.

THE TESTING OF SEEDS ORDER, 1918. DATED 17TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 648.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller or of a Government Department nominated by him for the purpose, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. On and after the 1st July, 1918, no person, except as herein-Regulation after provided, or under the authority of a licence issued by or of sale and

under the authority of the Food Controller shall:

(a) sell or expose for sale for sowing or keep deposited in any place for the purpose of sale for sowing, any seeds named in the First Schedule to this Order, unless a sample of the seed has previously been taken and tested in accordance with the provisions of this Order, either by or on behalf of the seller or at one of the following Government Stations:—For England and Wales at the Seed Testing Station, Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, Food Production Department, 72, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1; for Scotland at the Seed Testing Station, Board of Agriculture for Scotland, 29, St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh; for Ireland at the Seed Testing Station, Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin; or

(b) sell or expose for sale for sowing any seeds named in the

First Schedule to this Order unless:

(i) In the case of a sale the particulars required by this Order are correctly declared to the purchaser at or before the time of sale or delivery, in writing, either in an invoice of the seeds or in some other form; provided that it shall be sufficient for the purposes of this provision if the declaration is made by reference to a printed catalogue or to a price list containing the particulars required by this Order;

(ii) In the case of seeds exposed for sale, a copy of the declaration required by this Order in the case of sale is conspicuously exposed on or in

connection with the seeds.

Provided that in the case of a packet containing Pea or Bean seed (not exceeding 2 lbs.), or Garden Turnip, Garden Cabbage, Garden Kale, Garden Kohl Rabi, Brussels Sprouts, Broccoli, Cauliflower, Carrot, Parsnip, Beet, or Onion (not exceeding 8 ozs.), where the germination of the seed sold or exposed for sale is at or above that standard specified in Part (IV.) of the first Schedule, the declaration mentioned in sub-clause (b) shall not be required and where the germination is below that Standard, the declaration need only state that fact.

Regulation of sale and exposure for sale of seeds.

Particulars required to be declared. 2. The particulars required by Clause 1 of this Order are: —

(a) In all cases the name and address of the seller;

(b) In all cases the kind of seeds sold or exposed for sale and, in the case of cereals, clovers and sainfoin, the

name of the variety of the seeds;

(c) Except in the case of cereals, the percentage by weight of pure seed, provided that in the case of Seeds named in Parts III. or IV. of the First Schedule to this Order a statement that such percentage is not less than 07 shall be sufficient.

than 97 shall be sufficient.

(d) Except in the case of cereals, the total percentage by weight of injurious weed seeds present, where such total exceeds 1 per cent., provided that for the purposes of this Order no seeds but those of Docks or Sorrels (Rumex spp.), Cranesbills (Geranium spp.), Wild Carrot (Daucus Carota L.), Yorkshire Fog (Holcus Lanatus L.), Soft Brome grass (Bromus mollis, L. et spp.), are to be regarded as injurious weed seeds.

(e) A statement that dodder is present if it is present to the extent of more than one seed thereof in 2 oz. in the case of Alsike Clover, White Clover, or Timothy or in 4 oz. of Red Clover, Crimson Clover or Lucerne.

(f) In the case of sainfoin where more than 5 per cent. by weight of Burnet (Poterium spp.) is present in the

sample, the percentage so present.

(g) In the case of White Clover, Wild White Clover, and Alsike Clover, where more than 2 per cent. by weight of any or all of the following, taken collectively, namely, Suckling Clover (Trifolium dubium Sibth.), Hop Clover (T. procumbens L.), T. parviflorum Ehrh., T. angulatum Waldst, and T. glomeratum L. is present in the sample, the percentage so present.

(h) The percentage of seeds by number of the kind of which the sample purports to consist or of the pure seed as defined in Clause 8 (6) which germinate during a germination test, provided in the case of the seeds named in Parts II. or IV. of the First Schedule to this Order if the percentage of germination is not less than the Standard of Germination as set out in that Schedule a statement to that effect shall be sufficient.

(i) In the case of Clovers, Trefoil, Lucerne, Sainfoin the

percentage by number of hard seeds;

(j) In the case of Perennial Ryegrass, Italian Ryegrass, Meadow Fescue, Cocksfoot, Timothy, Clovers, Lucerne, and Sainfoin seed, the country of origin (England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland being for this purpose treated as different countries) or, if the country of origin is not known to the seller, a statement to that effect:

(k) In the case of mixtures of grasses or of clovers or of grasses and clovers, which may be sold or exposed for sale for agricultural purposes, the particulars mentioned in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i),

(i) shall be given in respect of each kind of grass or clover seed in the mixture, and the proportion by weight of each kind shall also be given, provided that in a mixture of Perennial Rye-grass and Italian Rye-grass the proportion by weight of each kind need not be stated if such mixture be declared to be a mixture of Perennial Rye-grass and Italian Rye-grass.

(l) In the case of a blend of varieties of the same species having different countries of origin, the country of origin of each of the components shall be given and the other particulars required by this Order shall be given in respect of the blend as a whole and not in respect of each component part.

(m) The month and year in which the test was made unless such test has been made within 6 months from the

date of sale or exposure for sale.

3. The particulars of the percentage of pure seed or of the Scales of percentage of seeds which germinate during a germination test latitude as shall not for the purposes of these provisions be deemed to be impurity incorrectly stated if they do not differ from the actual percentage and as determined by a Government Station as defined in Clause 1 (a) germination by more than the percentage permitted by the Scale of Latitude in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Any person authorised for England and Wales by the Board Powers of of Agriculture and Fisheries, for Scotland by the Board of entry and Agriculture for Scotland, and for Ireland by the Department of sampling. Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland(a) (hereinafter called the Official Sampler) may take without payment samples of any seeds which have been sold or are being exposed for sale or are kept deposited in any place for purposes of sale, and may enter on any premises for the purpose of taking such samples. The person on whose premises the sample is taken or his representative shall give the Official Sampler all or any of the particulars required by Clauses 1 and 2 of this Order in respect of the samples so taken, and also the name and address of the person from whom the seeds were procured. The Official Sampler shall provide the person on whose premises the sample is taken or his representative at the time of sampling with a duplicate sample in a sealed packet on which the particulars as so furnished shall be stated.

Where a sample is taken by an Official Sampler it shall be sent by him to the Agricultural Department for that part of the United Kingdom in which the sample was taken and the result of any test there made shall be regarded as conclusive evidence as against the person by whom the seeds were sold or exposed for sile unless such person or his representative shall within 14 days from the date of his receipt of a copy of the certificate of such reult by notice in writing to the Government Department concemed require that further portions of the sample shall be tested

⁽a) AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENTS.—As to the constitution of the three Agricultural Departments see the Introductory Notes to Part V (England and Wals), p. 257, Part VI (Scotland), p. 341, and Part VII (Ireland), p. 379 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

by each of the Government Stations named in Clause 1 (a) of this Order in which case the sample shall be so tested and the average result of the tests by the three Government Stations shall be regarded as conclusive evidence as against the person by whom the seeds were sold or exposed for sale.

Certificate of

5. In any proceedings in respect of an infringement of this Order the production of the certificate as to the result of a test carried out in England or Wales given by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, or as to the result of a test carried out in Scotland given by the Board of Agriculture for Scotland or as to the result of a test carried out in Ireland given by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated unless the Defendant requires that the person who made the test shall be called as a witness.

Exception of certain sales.

6. Samples taken in Ireland under the "Weeds and Agricultural Seeds (Ireland) Act, 1909" (9 Edw. 7, c. 31) shall be deemed to be samples taken for the purpose of this Order.

7. This Order shall not apply to:—

(a) A sale of seeds as grown, if the seeds are not bought by the purchaser for the purpose of his own sowing; but nothing in this exception shall affect the liability of the seller for failure to deliver seed of the variety named at the time of sale;

(b) a sale for delivery outside the United Kingdom.

Definitions

8. For the purposes of this Order-

(1) "a sample" means a sample taken in the following manner:—

(a) In the case of seeds sold retail and in the case of seeds sold wholesale in quantities of 4 bushels or under, portions shall be drawn from the top, middle and bottom of the bag or bags in which the seeds are contained. All the portions so taken shall be well mixed and a representative sample of the whole shall be used.

shall be used.

(b) In the case of seeds sold wholesale in quantities of over 1 sack (4 bushels) or bag, portions shall be drawn from each sack or bag by means of a sampling instrument, these portions shall be thoroughly mixed and a representative sample of the whole shall be taken provided that when the amount sold consist of over 5 sacks or bags and not more than 1) sacks or bags portions need only be taken from one sack or bag in three; and that if the amount sold is over 10 sacks or bags and rot more than 50 sacks or bags portions need only be taken from one sack or bag in five; and tlat if the amount sold exceeds 50 sacks or bigs portions need only be taken from one sacl or bag in ten. In the case of seeds stored in heaps or bins the sample shall be a sample

from representative portions taken from various parts of the heap or bin so as fairly to represent the bulk.

(c) A sample shall be deemed to have been correctly taken if drawn from various parts of the seed whilst passing from a cleaning machine.

(2) The sizes of samples for testing shall be as follows:—

Garden Turnip ,, Cabbage ,,, Kale

" Kohl Rabi

Brussels Sprouts

Broccoli

Cauliflower Carrot

Parsnip

Onion Ryegrasses

Meadow Fescue

Cocksfoot

Crested Dogstail

Timothy Alsike

White Clover Field Turnip

Swede

Rape Field Cabbage

,, Kale

,, Kohl Rabi

Mangel Beet

Wheat

Oats

Barley Rve

Tares or Vetches

Red Clover Crimson Clover

Trefoil Lucerne Sainfoin

Peas Dwarf French Beans

Broad Beans

Scarlet Runner Beans

Not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

Not less than 2 oz.

Not less than 4 oz.

Not less than 6 oz.

Not less than 8 oz.

(3) Where a sample has been taken in the presence of and sealed and marked by the seller or his representative, and the person drawing the sample or his representative, the sample shall be deemed to have been duly taken.

(4) When a sample of seed purporting to be one of a kind mentioned in the First Schedule to this Order contains an amount exceeding 15 per cent. by weight of one or more other kinds of seeds mentioned in the Schedule, the sample shall be deemed to be a mixture.

- (5) "Impurities" mean all seeds or portions of seeds other than those of which the parcel purports to consist, whether they are those of weeds, harmless plants, or other cultivated plants, and also broken seeds of the kind of which the parcel purports to consist, so far as they are incapable of germinating, and also foreign matter, sand, grit, soil, fragments of roots, stems or flowers, single glumes, single flowering glumes and single pales, smut, ergot and other sclerotia, and also in the case of mangel and beet seed, all material which passes through a sieve having circular holes of 2 millimetres diameter.
- (6) "Pure seed" means the seed after the impurities, as defined above, are eliminated, but, in the case of those species, varieties, stocks or strains of plants, the seeds of which cannot be distinguished from one another by expert examination, does not imply that the seed is genuine or true to name. In the case of Rye Grass, Meadow Fescue, Cocksfoot and Crested Dogstail, the seed shall be considered to be "pure" if it consists at least of the two united pales, regardless of the state of development or even the entire absence of the caryopsis or kernel within the pales.

Revocation.

9. The Testing of Seeds Order, 1917, (a) is hereby revoked as at the 1st July, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

Penalty.

10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Short title.

11. This Order may be cited as the Testing of Seeds Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th June, 1918.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

KINDS OF SEEDS OF WHICH THE SALE AND EXPOSURE FOR SALE IS REGULATED.

PART I.

Perennial Ryegrass. Italian Ryegrass. Meadow Fescue. Cocksfoot. Crested Dogstail. Timothy. Red Clover.
Alsike Clover.
White ,,
Crimson ,,
Trefoil.
Lucerne.
Sainfoin.
Under whatever
Trade names sold.

⁽a) TESTING OF SEEDS ORDER, 1917.—That Order was printed p. 465 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

PART II.

		9			Germination for purposes of Clause 2 (h).
Wheat	 		• • •		90 per cent.
Barley	 				90 ,,
Oats	 • • •				85 ,,
Rye	 • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	80 ,,

PART III.

Tares	01	Ve	tch	ies.
Field	Tu	rn	ip.	
Swede			•	,
Rape.				

Field Cabbage. Field Kale. Field Kohl Rabi. Mangel.

Standard of

PART IV.

						dard of
						nation for
						oses of
					Claus	se 2 (h).
Pea					75 pe	er cent.
Dwarf and Broad B	Beans	***	• • •		80	,,
	• • •		• • •		65	,,
1	• • •			• • •	80	,,
,,,	• • •	• • •	• • •		75	,,
,, Kale	• • •	.,.	• • •	• • •	75	,,
,, Kohl Rabi	• • •				75	,,
Brussels Sprouts		• • •			75	,,
Broccoli	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	75	,,
Cauliflower	• • •	• • •	• • •		70	,,
Carrot	• • •	• • •	• • •		60	,,
Parsnip	• • •	• • •	• • •		50	,,
Beet	• • •	• • •	• • •		100	,,
Onion					65	,,

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Scales of Latitude.

Germination.

Where the percentage of germination stated in the prescribed particulars are, except in the case of Mangel and Beet:—

							ATTOW	her	Ce
Aţ.	or	between	100-95	and	1-5	• • •		± 4	
,,	,,	,,	94-90	,,	6-10		• • •	± 6	
	,,		89–85	,,	11-15			± 7	
,,	,,	,,	84–75			• • •			
,,	,,	,,	74–55			• • •		± 9	
,,	,,	,,	54-49	,,	46–50	• • •		± 10	

In the case of Mangel and Beet the scale of latitude allowed shall be, where the percentage of germination does not exceed 100, ±10; where it exceeds 100, ±15.

Purity.

Where the percentages of total pure seed stated in the prescribed particulars are:—

				Allow	per
At or	between		 	 	± 2
,, ,,	,,	89-80	 	 	± 4
Below		80	 	 	± 5

cent.

Where the percentage is stated by the seller with a range, e.g., 94-90 per cent., the percentage for the purposes of the Scale of Latitude shall be the mean, i.e., in the above case 92 per cent.

Injurious Weed Seeds.

	Allow per cent
Where the percentage of injurious w	reeds
does not exceed 2 per cent	± .2
Exceeds 2 per cent. but does not exce	
per cent	±1
Exceeds 5 per cent. but does not excee	d 10
per cent	± 2
Exceeds 10 per cent	±4

NOTICE.

By arrangement with the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, the Board of Agriculture for Scotland and the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, the Food Controller has (until further notice) nominated those Departments, jointly, as the Government Department, by or under the authority of which licences under Clause 1 of the above Order are to be issued. All applications for licences should, until further notice, be addressed to:—

Food Production Department,
Board of Agriculture and Fisheries,
72, Victoria Street,
S.W.1.

Ships' Stores.

THE SHIPS' STORES ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 5, 1917.

1917. No. 1233.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No food shall be delivered or supplied for consumption on a Supply for ship whether as ships' stores or otherwise except to and by a person named in an authority issued for the purposes of this Order and to the extent mentioned in such authority.

2. Authorities for the purposes of this Order shall be issued by or pursuant to the directions of the Food Controller in such form and in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may from time to time determine.(a)

Issue of authorities.

3. Any authority issued under this Order may be withdrawn by the Food Controller.

Authorities to be revocable. Duty of compliance with

4. Every person shall comply with any condition subject to which an authority is issued under this Order.

conditions. Attempts, false statements, &c.

5. A person shall not deliver or supply or offer to deliver or supply or procure or attempt to procure the delivery or supply of food in contravention of this Order, or make or connive at the making of any statement which is false in any material particular for the purpose of obtaining an authority under this Order or for any other purpose connected with any such authority, or forge, alter, or tamper with any such authority.

6. This Order shall not apply:—

Exceptions.

- (a) To His Majesty's Ships flying the White Ensign(b); or
- (b) To coasting ships within the meaning of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876(c); or

(a) AUTHORITIES FOR PURPOSES OF ORDER.—By Notice of December 7th, 1917 (appearing in the Press) the Controller directed as follows:—"Authorities "to be issued for the purposes of the Order shall be in the form from time to "time prescribed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise for the purpose "of making entry and obtaining clearance before shipment as Stores under "Section 2 of the Customs (War Powers) Act, 1915."

(b) WHITE ENSIGN.—In accordance with Order in Council of July 9th, 1864, the white ensign is used by all H.M.'s ships in commission. See Memorandum, p. xviii, of the Admiralty "Flags of all Nations." Hitherto, under Admiralty Warrant of 1829, the white ensign has been flown by vessels of the Royal Yacht

Squadron.

(c) "COASTING SHIPS."—" Coasting ship" in the Customs Consolidation Act 1876 (39 & 40 Vict. c. 36) has the same meaning as "ship employed in the coasting trade" in the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894. See "The Winstead" Law Rep., 1895, p. 170.

(c) To such other Home Trade Ships(a) or classes of Home Trade Ships or to such Hospital Ships and Troopships as may from time to time be exempted under the authority of the Food Controller from the provisions of this Order(**b**); or

(d) To the delivery or supply by any person of food not exceeding 10s. in value to any one person on any day or to the procuring by any one person of food not exceeding such value on any one day from one or

more suppliers.

Disclosure.

7. All parties to any transaction to which this Order applies shall require or disclose (as the case may be) all such information as may be necessary for or required by such parties or under the authority of the Food Controller for the purpose of satisfying them or him that the provisions of this Order have not been or are not being contravened.

Records.

8. All persons engaged in supplying food as ships' stores shall keep accurate records of food supplied to any ship and the date of such supply, and such records shall at all times be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller.
9. For the purpose of this Order "food" shall include live

Interpretation.

Penalty.

Title and

stock and every article used for food or drink by man, other than water, and any article which ordinarily enters into or is used in the manufacture or preparation of human food, other than flavouring matters and condiments.

10. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

11. Nothing in this Order shall exempt any person from any Limits of obligation to comply with any Order of the Commissioners of Order. Customs and Excise as to pre-entry of goods -intended for exportation or shipment as stores.(c)

12. (a) This Order may be cited as the Ships' Stores Order,

commence-1917. ment.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 10th December,

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th December, 1917.

(c) Order of Commissioners of Customs and Excise.—See Order dated January 26, 1917 (St. R. & O. 1917, No. 74) as to pre-entry of export or coastwise goods and ships' stores, as amended by Order dated March 19, 1917 (St. R.

& O., 1917, No. 264).

⁽a) "Home Trade Ship."-S. 742 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 (57 & 58 Vict. c. 60) provides that this expression includes "every ship employed "in trading or going within the following limits; that is to say, the United "Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and Isle of Man, and the continent of Europe

[&]quot;between the River Elbe and Brest inclusive."

(b) EXEMPTED VESSELS.—The following Notice, dated December 7th, 1917, appeared in the Press:—"The Food Controller gives notice that the following including in the Press is the following in the press in the "classes of ships shall be exempted from the provisions of the Ships Stores "Order:—Home-trade ships clearing for the voyage to and from Brest and "ports in France north and east of Brest, hospital ships and troop-ships."

17. Sugar.(a)

Bread Order, 1918, p. 566.

Brewers' Sugar Order, 1917, p. 565. Cake and Pastry Order, 1917, p. 567.

Dealings in Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 566.

Ice Cream (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 587.

General Licence thereunder (Water Ice), p. 600.

Public Meals Order, 1918, p. 589.

Rationing Order, 1918, p. 601.

Directions thereunder (Amount of Rationed Food), p. 601.

Directions thereunder (Retailers of Sugar, Butter and Margarine and Lard and their Customers), p. 601.

Sale of Sweetmeats (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 592.

General Licence thereunder (Crystalised Fruits, etc.), p. 594.

General Licence thereunder (Prisoners of War), p. 597. Sale of Sweetmeats (Restriction) (Ireland) Order, 1918, p. 598.

Sugar Order, 1917, p. 568.

General Licence thereunder (Excess delivery against Voucher)

General Licence thereunder (Period of Delivery against Voucher), p. 589.

Sugar Order (Ireland), 1917, p. 581.

General Licence thereunder (Excess Delivery against Vcucher), p. 590.

Sugar (Brewers' Restriction) Order, 1917, as amended, p. 579.

Sugar (Brewers' Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 601.

Sugar (Confectionery) Order, 1917, p. 564.

General Licence thereunder (Retail of Crystallized and Glacé Fruits), p. 579.

General Licence thereunder (Weight of Wrappers), p. 589.

Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918, p. 590.

General Licence thereunder (Supply by Retailer), p. 600. Sugar (Rationing) Order, 1918, (Rev. by Rationing Order, 1918).

Notice thereunder (Weekly Ration), p. 587.

Order of Local Government Board thereunder (Requisition for copy Certificate of Birth) p. 588.

Sugar (Registration of Retailers) Order, 1917, p. 567.
Sugar (Registration of Retailers) (Ireland) Order, 1917, p. 577.

Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 595.

Sugar (Sales for Ireland Returns) Order, 1917, p. 575.

⁽a) USE OF SUGAR FOR MANUFACTURE OF SPIRITS.—Regulation 30D of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, printed in Part VIII. of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual," p. 408, prohibits the use of Sugar or molasses in the Manufacture of Whiskey, &c., without a permit from the Minister of Munitions. Further restrictions on the use of Sugar are imposed by the Food Controller's Orders, printed in this Group

THE SUGAR (CONFECTIONERY) ORDER, 1917. DATED JANUARY 11, 1917.

1917. No. 65.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food

Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Retail price of hocolates and Sweetmeats.(a)

1.—(a) Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall after the 1st day of February, 1917, manufacture or supply or offer to supply from goods manufactured by him any chocolate for sale by retail in the United Kingdom at a price exceeding the rate of 3d. per oz., or any other sweetments for sale by retail in the United Kingdom at a price exceeding the rate of 2d. per oz., (b) and no person shall after the 1st day of May, 1917, sell or buy or offer to sell or buy by retail any chocolate or other sweetmeats at a price exceeding the rate specified above in each case.

(b) The price specified in the foregoing paragraph shall in each case include the price of any box, package, or covering in

which the goods are sold by retail.

2. Except under the authority of the Food Controller, no person shall after the first day of February, 1917, use any sugar (whether icing sugar or not) or chocolate for the external covering of any cake, pastry, or any other like article, or after the 1st day of March, 1917, sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any cake, pastry, or other like article which had been covered with sugar or chocolate.

(c)3.—(a) Except under the authority of the Food Controller no person shall in any of the prescribed periods use in the manufacture of sugar confectionery or chocolate more than 50 per cent. of such an amount of sugar as bears the same proportion to the total amount of sugar used by him for the same purpose in the year 1915 as the length of the same prescribed period bears to a whole year.

(b) The prescribed periods shall be the several periods of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, commencing in each case on the first day of

January, 1917.

4. Any person acting in contravention of this Order is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regu-

5. This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Confectionery) Order, 1917.

11th January, 1917.

Devonport, Food Controller.

(b) CRYSTALLIZED AND GLACÉ FRUITS.—By General Licence, dated Nov. 9, 1917 (p. 579) the sale of these at rates not exceeding 3d. per ounce was

(c) FURTHER RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF SUGAR.—The Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917 (p. 479 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual), repeals Art. 3 of the Sugar (Confectionery) Order and restricts the use of sugar for manufacturing purposes except as regards jam, marmalade, or condensed milk.

Use of sugar and chocolate for covering cakes, etc.

Restriction of use of sugar in confectionery.(c)

Penalty.

Short Title.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCE OF FEBRUARY 18, 1918.—By General Licence (p. 589), the weight of certain wrappings was included in ascertaining the prices of chocolates and other sweetmeats.

THE BREWERS SUGAR ORDER, 1917. DATED FEBRUARY 8, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 90.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:-

1.—(a) Except under the authority of the Food Controller all Brewers brewers sugar in a ship arrived or to arrive, or on quay shall be delivered into a warehouse, and no brewers sugar shall be delivered from any warehouse.

Sugar to be warehoused.

(b) This article shall not apply to—

(i) British West India Grocery Crystallised Sugar or British West India Muscovado Sugar or British

West India Grocery Syrup Sugar;

(ii) any brewers sugar which has been or shall be sold to any brewer or to any manufacturer of brewers sugar to be used for the purpose of their respective trades;

(iii) any brewers sugar which has been or shall be imported under any licence issued by the Royal Commission on the Sugar Supply(b) the terms whereof provide that such sugar shall be sold only to brewers or brewers sugar manufacturers.

2. Except under the authority of the Food Controller no Sale of brewers sugar shall be sold by retail at a price exceeding the Brewers current retail price for granulated sugar.

Sugar by retail.

3. For the purpose of this Order the expression "hrewers Interpretasugar" shall mean sugar which when tested by the polariscope tion. indicates a polarisation not exceeding 89 degrees.

4. Any person acting in contravention of this Order is guilty Penalty. of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

5. This Order may be cited as the Brewers Sugar Order, 1917.

Title of Order.

Devonport, Food Controller.

February 8, 1917.

(a) RETURNS AS TO BREWERS SUGAR.—The Brewers Sugar Order was accompanied by another Order of the same date—"The Brewers Sugar (Returns) Order, 1917" (1917, No. 91) requiring Returns to be made by owners by Feb. 22nd, 1917. That Order is omitted from this Manual as "spent."

(b) Sugar Supply Commission.—The names of the present Commissioners are as follows:—The Lord Bledisloe of Lydney (chairman); The Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Primrose, K.C.B., C.S.I.; Sir Robert Park Lyle, Bart.; Sir Joseph White Todd, Bart., J.P.; Sir George E. May, K.B.E.; Sir Alan Anderson, K.B.E.; Mr. C. H. Liddell; Mr. B. Tillett, M.P.; Mr. C. J. Gladwell (Secretary). The address of the Royal Commission on the Sugar Supply is "14, Great Smith Street, Westminster, S.W.1." THE DEALINGS IN SUGAR (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED FEBRUARY 8, 1917.

1917. No. 131.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Prohibition on dealings in sugar outside the United Kingdom.

- 1. No person shall on or after the 15th February, 1917, without a permit issued under the authority of the Royal Commission on the Sugar Supply, (a) either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person—
 - (a) buy, sell, or deal in, or
 - (b) offer or invite an offer, or propose to buy, sell, or deal in, or
- (c) enter into negotiations for the sale or purchase of or other dealing in, any sugar outside the United Kingdom, whether or not the sale, purchase or dealing is or is to be effected in the United Kingdom.

If any person acts in contravention of this Order, or aids or abets any other person, whether or not such other person is in the United Kingdom, in doing anything which if done in the United Kingdom would be a contravention of this Order, that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company, every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations, unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent. (b)

Insurance.

2. This Order shall not be construed as prohibiting the insurance of sugar.

Title of order.

3. This Order may be cited as the Dealings in Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917.

Devonport,

Food Controller.

February 8th, 1917.

THE BREAD ORDER, 1918. DATED MAY 18, 1918.

[Art. 3 of this Order, which is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 168), prohibits the use of sugar in the making of bread.]

(a) SUGAR SUPPLY COMMISSION.—See footnote (b), p. 565.

⁽b) LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS, &c., OF COMPANY.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Prov sions as to Offences," p. 433, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual"), which was added to the Code since this Order was made, provides that directors and officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

THE CAKE AND PASTRY ORDER, 1917. DATED APRIL 18, 1917.

[Art. 3 of this Order, which is printed in Group 3 (" Bread, Flour and Cereals ") (p. 94), restricts the percentage of sugar in cakes, buns and biscuits, and prohibits its use in scones; and Art. 2 prohibits the adding of edible substances to cakes, &c., after baking.]

THE SUGAR (REGISTRATION OF RETAILERS) ORDER, 1917. DATED AUGUST 23, 1917.

1917. No. 885.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regula-

tions shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not on or after the 1st October, 1917, sell or Registration deal in sugar by retail on any premises unless he is the holder in of retailers respect of such premises of a certificate of registration for the of sugar. time being in force granted by the Food Control Committee (hereinafter called the Committee)(a) within whose area such premises are situate.

2. Every person who applies for a certificate of registration shall furnish on the prescribed form a true statement of the for

particulars therein required to be specified.

Application certificate.

Grant by Committee

3. The Committee shall grant a certificate of registration to any applicant who makes an application to them before the 15th September, 1917, and who or whose predecessor in business was during the year 1915 dealing in sugar by retail in the ordinary way of his trade in their area, and who at the date of his application is so dealing in sugar, and may grant such certificate to any other applicant in any case in which in their opinion it is necessary in the interests of the public within their area that such certificate should be granted.

4. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form pre- Form of

scribed by the Food Controller.

certificate.

5. The Committee may, with the consent of the Food Con- Revocation troller, revoke any certificate of registration if they are satisfied that any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to sugar has not been observed by the holder of such certificate or any of his servants or agents, and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

6. The Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom, Register. and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Order.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES.—As to these Committees, see the Orders printed in Part III of this Manual.

Transfer of a business.

7. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate on making an application for a certificate of registration, to sell and deal in sugar by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled to deal.

Information and Inspection.

8. The holder of any certificate of registration, his servants and agents, shall give to the Committee such information, reports and returns relating to his stocks of sugar and dealings in sugar as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect all relevant books, documents and accounts.

Penalties.

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and extent of Order.

10.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Registration of Retailers) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

23rd August, 1917.

THE SUGAR ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 12, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1049.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART 1.—(DEFINITIONS).

Definitions.

1. In this Order and in all authorities, vouchers, forms of application, directions and other documents issued or deemed to be issued under this Order the following words and expressions shall bear the following meanings, viz.:—

"Food Control Committee" shall mean in respect of any area the Committee constituted for such area in pursuance of the Food

Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(b)

Order is printed in Part III of this Manual.

⁽a) GENERAL LICENCES UNDER ORDER.—The General Licence of November 8th, 1917, is printed p. 578, and that of January 4th, 1918, p. 589.

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That

"Wholesaler" shall mean a wholesale dealer in sugar or person obtaining sugar for the purpose of selling the same by wholesale or a person deemed under this Order to be a wholesale dealer in sugar and "Wholesale business" shall have a corresponding meaning.

"Retailer" or "Registered Retailer" shall mean a person registered as a retailer of sugar under the Sugar (Registration of Retailers) Order, 1917,(a) and "Retail Business" shall bear a

corresponding meaning.

"Catering Business" shall mean the business or undertaking of an inn, public house, hotel, restaurant, railway buffet, coffee stall, or other place of refreshment open to the public, or of any club, boarding house (other than a boarding house in which the number of bedrooms let and available for letting does not exceed 10), refreshment contractor or canteen, and "Caterers" shall bear a corresponding meaning.

A "Manufacturing Business" shall mean any other business in the course of which sugar is used otherwise than in catering for the persons engaged therein, including among other businesses the business of a pastry cook or confectioner or baker and confectioner, and "manufacturer" shall bear a corresponding meaning.

"Institution" shall include: -

- (a) Public or private hospitals, sanatoria, convalescent or nursing homes, workhouses, infirmaries, asylums, corporations, or companies not established for the purpose of trading or profit, religious or charitable communities, residential schools and colleges, and non-residential schools and colleges at which meals other than teas are provided for the pupils or teachers, and residential hostels of all kinds.
- (b) Boarding Houses which are not catering businesses as herein defined, and the catering or kitchen Departments of businesses where meals other than teas are provided for the staffs of the business or their guests but not for other members of the public, and other like establishments, and establishments of public utility not carried on primarily for profit and requiring sugar for any of their purposes-

Provided that in any case a Food Control Committee may decide that an Institution within the area of such Committee be treated as private consumers, and so long as any such decision remains in force the institution shall be exempted from the restrictions hereinafter contained in relation to Institutions.

2. Upon any application to a Food Control Committee for an Food Control authority to procure sugar the Committee shall have power con- Committee clusively to determine in all cases of doubt whether or not the to decide application is made on behalf of an Institution or for the purposes doubt.

⁽a) SUGAR (REGISTRATION OF RETAILERS) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 567.

of a catering or manufacturing business, and every such determination shall be conclusive for all purposes unless and until it shall have been varied by the Food Control Committee or the Food Controller.

PART II .- (BUSINESSES AND INSTITUTIONS).

Authorities and vouchers for the purchase of Sugar. 3. A person shall not purchase or take delivery of any sugar after the 4th November, 1917, for the purposes of any catering or manufacturing business, or after the 30th December, 1917, for the purposes of any wholesale or retail business or Institution, except under and to the extent specified in an authority issued by a Food Control Committee or by the Food Controller pursuant to this Order authorising him to take delivery of the sugar for that purpose, and a person having the disposal of sugar shall not after the same respective dates knowingly deliver sugar for any of the purposes aforesaid except against a voucher issued by a Food Control Committee or the Food Controller pursuant to this Order authorising such delivery.

By whom vouchers are to be issued.
Wholesalers.

4. (a) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a wholesaler's business may be issued by the Food Control Committee for any area in which he has an office for transacting such business, and if he has two or more such offices in different areas the Committee for any one of such areas may issue authorities and vouchers covering the whole of his business or the Committees for different areas may issue authorities and vouchers covering different parts thereof.

Retailers.

(b) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a retailer's business may be issued by the Food Control Committee for the area in which the retailer is registered in respect of such business.

Manufacturers. (c) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a manufacturing business may be issued by the Food Control Committee for the area in which the manufacture is carried on, but a manufacturer who manufactures for sale by wholesale may if he so desires apply to the Food Controller for authorities and vouchers in relation to his business and the Food Controller may if he so thinks proper issue authorities and vouchers accordingly.

Caterers or Institutions.

- (d) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a catering business or an Institution may be issued by the Food Control Committee for the area in which the catering business or Institution is situated or carried on.
- (e). Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for any purpose may be issued by the Food Controller in any case in which he thinks proper so to do.

Forms of Application.

5. Every applicant for authorities and vouchers under this Order shall furnish to the proper Food Control Committee or—in the cases provided for in Clause 4 (c)—to the Food Controller, upon such form as may be from time to time prescribed for the purpose by or on behalf of the Food Controller, a true statement of the particulars required for completing such form.

6. Authorities and vouchers shall be issued in such manner and Food Conin respect of such quantities of sugar and periods of time and troller to subject to such conditions as may from time to time be prescribed or directed whether generally or in particular cases by the Food Controller, and any person requiring the issue of any authority and vouchers. or voucher shall apply to the Food Control Committee authorised to issue the same or to the Food Controller, as the case may be, within such time as may be prescribed by the Food Controller.

regulate the issue of Authorities

7. A person shall not (except as expressly provided by Sugar to be Clause 13) use any sugar obtained by virtue of an authority used for issued pursuant to this Order except for the purposes of the which business or Institution in respect of which the authority has been obtained. issued, and shall until the sugar is so used cause the same to be stored in the place in which the sugar supplies of such business or Institution are usually stored, or in such other place as the Food Control Committee or the Food Controller may direct or authorise, and permit the same to be inspected upon lawful

8. A wholesaler or retailer shall in the disposition of sugar Dealer to act obtained by him for the purpose of his wholesale or retail business by virtue of an authority issued pursuant to this Order observe any directions whether general or special that may from Controller. time to time be given to him by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

directions of the Food

9. Every wholesaler shall keep accurate and punctual accounts and records showing the disposition of all sugar dealt with or used by him in the course of his business and shall produce all such accounts and all relevant vouchers and documents on lawful demand, and every retailer shall keep all such accounts in relation to the sugar disposed of by him as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe.

Dealers' Accounts and records.

10. A wholesaler or retailer shall preserve all vouchers received by him for the delivery by him of sugar and upon making any application to a Food Control Committee for authority to take delivery of sugar, he shall produce such vouchers and deal therewith as any Food Control Committee may direct, and so long as any such vouchers are retained by him he shall produce the same on lawful demand.

Preservation and deposit of vouchers.

11. Any authority or voucher issued pursuant to this Order may Revocation at any time be revoked by the Food Control Committee by whom it was issued or by the Food Controller.

of authorities and vouchers

12. All authorities and vouchers for the purpose of this Order shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Food Controller may from time to time direct, and all persons acting upon any such authority or voucher shall duly comply with the terms thereof.

Form of authorities and vouchers.

13. Notwithstanding clause 7 of this Order a caterer, pastry Use of sugar cook, baker, or other like manufacturer who provides for his by manufachousehold wholly or partly out of the food supplies used or manufactured in his business may (unless the Food Control Committee otherwise directs) use for the consumption of his household sugar or the products of his manufacture containing sugar obtained for the purpose of his business.

turers and

Brewer's sugar and syrup.

14.—(a) Where an authority is issued under this Order for the purpose of any manufacture in respect of sugar other than brewer's sugar, any brewer's sugar supplied thereunder or under any corresponding voucher shall be reckoned at the amount of brewer's sugar so supplied less 20 per cent. For the purpose of this Clause brewer's sugar means sugar which when tested by the polariscope indicates a polarisation not exceeding 89 degrees but does not include West India Grocery Crystallised Sugar, or British West India Muscovado Sugar, or British West India Grocery Syrup Sugar.

(b) The preparation of sugar syrup whether pure or flavoured shall for the purposes of this Order be deemed to be a manufacture and the syrup as manufactured, shall be deemed to be sugar equivalent to the quantity of sugar contained therein, but nothing in this Order contained shall prevent a pharmaceutical chemist or chemist and druggist from obtaining syrup (whether flavoured or unflavoured) for the purpose only of compounding medicines: Provided that no person shall use any syrup obtained

for that purpose for any other purpose whatsoever

PART III.—(MULTIPLE AND COMBINED BUSINESSES).

Branches to be deemed separate businesses.

Different
businesses
(with exceptions) to be
kept
separate.

15. A person who carries on a catering, manufacturing or retail business at two or more places shall for all the purposes of and incidental to this Order be deemed to carry on a separate business at each such place.

16.—(a) Where a person carries on the business of a caterer and in conjunction therewith the business of a pastry cook or baker or baker and confectioner or any other manufacturing business in such a manner that the sugar consumed in the separate businesses cannot be distinguished, he may if the Food Control Committee so decide receive authorities and vouchers covering a single supply of sugar for the combined businesses.

(b) In every other case in which a person carries on two or more of the businesses of a wholesaler, a retailer, a caterer or a manufacturer, whether at the same premises or not, such businesses shall be deemed to be separate businesses, and where a manufacturer carries on the manufacture of two or more classes of products, the manufacture of each class shall be deemed to constitute a separate business and manufacturers shall for this purpose be classified in such manner as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe.

Institutions to be kept separate from associated businesses.

Separate authorities and vouchers and sugar stores for separate businesses. 17. Where an Institution or a person providing the meals taken at an Institution carries on any wholesale, retail, manufacturing or catering business, the business so carried on shall be deemed to be a separate business and shall be deemed not to be one of the purposes of the Institution.

18. In every case in which a person or Institution carries on or is deemed to carry on any two or more separate businesses or any separate business, separate authorities and vouchers shall be required in respect of each such business and in respect of such Institution, and the sugar obtained for the purposes of each business or Institution shall be kept and stored wholly separate and

distinguished from the sugar obtained for the purpose of every other Institution or business, and where the sugar obtained for different purposes is stored at the same premises, the owner or other person having control of the sugar shall cause records to be kept showing the quantities of sugar from time to time taken out of store for each purpose and the sugar remaining in store and the records kept pursuant to this Clause shall be open for inspection on lawful demand.

19. A person who carries on two or more separate businesses, Purchase of whether retail or manufacturing or catering, or who manages sugar in bulk an Institution having two or more branches, and procures sugar in bulk for distribution among such businesses or branches, shall be deemed to procure the same as a wholesaler and to carry on a separate wholesale business in respect of such sugar, and he shall deliver for the purposes of each of the manufacturing or retail or catering businesses or branches so much only of the sugar obtained by him as wholesaler as shall accord with the authority held by him in relation to such manufacturing or retail business or branch, and every delivery so made shall be made against and in satisfaction of a voucher issued in respect of such business or branch covering the sugar so delivered, and every such person shall keep a full and accurate account recording all deliveries of sugar for the purpose of each of such businesses or branches.

for distribution to separate businesses of same owner.

20. Where a person carries on a business as a caterer and Combined also as a manufacturer and uses the products of his manufacturer businesses of turing business partly in the course of a catering business and caterer and partly for sale or for use in some other business, he may notwithstanding anything contained in this Order use the products of his manufacturing business in the course of his catering business.

PART IV .- (MISCELLANEOUS AND SUBSIDIARY PROVISIONS).

21. For the purpose of facilitating a just distribution to private Sugar persons of the sugar from time to time available for household Registration consumption there may be issued by or with the authority of the Food Controller sugar registration cards to such persons and upon such application and in such form and to be used in such manner and to carry such rights or privileges and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe. Sugar Registration Cards already issued by any Food Control Committee shall be deemed to have been issued under this

22. No authority, voucher, or card issued under this Order Authorities shall be transferable.

23. A person shall in making and completing any application or return or other documents issued or to be made in connection returns, and with this Order, follow the instructions relating thereto issued by other docuor under the authority of the Food Controller.

not transferable. Applications,

⁽a) REVOCATION.—Clause 21 was revoked by Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

Food Control Committee to act under directions of Food Controller.

False statements, &c. 24. Every Food Control Committee shall in the exercise of the powers conferred upon the Committee by this Order comply with such directions as may from time to time be given to them by the Food Controller, and it shall be the duty of every person to comply with any requirement or instruction given by the Committee under the powers conferred by this Order.

25. A person shall not:—

(a) Knowingly make or connive at the making of any false statement in any application or return made in connection with or for any of the purposes of this Order;

(b) Forge or alter any authority, sugar registration card, voucher, licence or other document issued under or for

any of the purposes of this Order;

(c) Personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom such an authority, sugar registration card, voucher, licence or other document has been issued or applies;

(d) Retain any authority, sugar registration card, voucher, licence or other document when he has no right to retain it, or fail to comply with any directions issued by lawful authority with regard to the return thereof.

- (e) Make or knowingly have in his possession any card or paper marked so as to resemble or colourably imitate a sugar registration card or any part of a sugar registration card, either in blank or wholly or partly completed, not being a sugar registration card or part of a sugar registration card issued under this Order;
- (f) Knowingly retain, make use of or deal with any sugar registration card or any part of a sugar registration card issued upon any application made or deemed to be made under this Order containing a statement false in any material particular, or obtain or attempt to obtain sugar by means of any sugar registration card so issued.

Information to be confidential.

26. A person employed by the Food Controller or a member of or a person employed by a Food Control Committee shall not without lawful authority communicate to any person any information acquired by him from any application, return, sugar card, voucher, certificate, or other document made or issued in connection with this Order.

Meaning of "Lawful Demand."

27. Whenever in this Order or in any authority, voucher, rules or direction issued under this Order any person is required to produce any documents or give any information on lawful demand, he shall produce or give the same at all reasonable times and places on demand of any person empowered by or under the authority of the Food Controller to make such demand either particularly or as holding any office or position and either generally or in the particular case.

Forms, &c., already issued to be dated. 28. All forms of application, authorities, vouchers, instructions and directions issued, whether before or after the date of this Order, by or under the authority of the Food Controller purporting to be issued under this Order or headed "Sugar Order, 1917," and all applications made upon any such form, and all

acts to be done pursuant to any such instructions and directions shall be deemed respectively to have been issued made and done under and pursuant to this Order.

29. Nothing in this Order shall effect the consignment or Limits of

delivery of sugar to Ireland.

30. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

31. (a) This Order may be cited as the Sugar Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

Title and extent of Order.

sugar

supplied to

Rhondda. Food Controller.

12th October, 1917.

THE SUGAR (SALES FOR IRELAND RETURNS) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 20, 1917.

1917. No. 1072.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Every person carrying on business in England, Scotland or Returns to Wales as a wholesale dealer in sugar who is supplying sugar in be made of accordance with the Rules of the Royal Commission on the Sugar Supply(a) as set out in the Schedule to this Order directly to any customers in customer in Ireland, and who desires to continue such supply, Ireland. shall, not later than the 31st October, 1917, make a return to the Food Controller, on a form to be obtained from the Ministry of Food, showing (i) the name and address of every such customer to whom he is so supplying sugar, (ii) the amount of sugar supplied by him to each customer during the year 1915 as ascertained for the purpose of the said rules, and (iii) whether as regards each customer such customer is to his knowledge a manufacturer and if so of what products.

2. Every person making such return shall communicate to Customer to each customer shown in the return not later than the 7th Novem- beinformed ber, 1917, a statement of the particulars shown in the return in

relation to such customer.

3. The making of a false return is a summary offence against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Sales for Ireland Title, Returns) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th October, 1917.

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⁽a) SUGAR SUPPLY COMMISSION.—For names of Commissioners, Secretary, &c., see footnote (b) to p. 565.

The Schedule.

1. It has been decided to continue, until further notice, the present scheme of wholesale distribution based on the distribution of 1915, and that for this purpose the first day of January shall be considered to be the commencement of a fresh period, no adjustment being made in this period as the result of any irregularity in the preceding period.

2. In all calculations the basis is the quantity supplied during the whole of 1915 and not during any particular portion of that

year.

3. British Refiners will continue to issue sugar only to their 1915 customers. The quantities to be issued will be proportioned to those of 1915, but the proportion will vary from time to time in accordance with the general proportion which all available supplies bear to the total quantity used or distributed in 1915.

4. The Sugar Commission will continue to distribute its imported sugar (and such quantities of British Refined Sugar as it may have at its disposal) to its 1915 buyers according to the index number of each. This will give each buyer as his share of available supplies, the amount proportional to his total use or distribution in 1915 of all sugar other than British refined.

5. British West Indian Sugar.—The sale of this and other sugar imported under licence will continue to be regulated by the West India Brokers' Committee, which will report all sales to the Sugar Commission. These will be taken into account when determining the quantities of Royal Commission sugar which should be allotted to the buyers. There will thus be no "free" sugar in 1917.

6. All wholesale dealers are instructed to distribute to their customers on the same principle; that is to say, to let each of their customers of the year 1915 have his equivalent proportion of the supplies of all descriptions, and from all sources, which they have at their disposal.

7. Experience has shown during the past six months that for a wholesale dealer who has some thousands of customers, a distribution on the basis of a fixed percentage of each customer's purchases in 1915 would be the most satisfactory method of

procedure.

It will be readily understood that it is quite impossible under present circumstances to determine in advance the exact percentage of 1915 supplies which will be available, and the Commission accordingly recommends to all wholesale dealers who experience a difficulty in carrying out the instructions contained in this Memorandum:—

(a) Forthwith to agree with their 1915 customers as to the quantity delivered to each in 1915, which is the quantity upon which the distribution for 1917 should be based. This basis quantity should be the total of all descriptions obtained from all sources.

(b) To distribute during January on a fixed low basis of, say,

50 per cent.

(c) To distribute during February on the fixed percentage of all supplies actually received during January, and so on from month to month.

This method will tend to obviate the difficulties arising from the adoption of too high a basis at the commencement, and the consequent inconvenience caused by subsequent adjustments.

8. The Commission must impress upon all those engaged in carrying out the distribution the extreme importance of adhering rigidly to the rules laid down. Haphazard distribution by the Wholesalers leads to innumerable complications and hardships for others. Any departure from these rules will render the offending Wholesaler liable to be excluded from obtaining further supplies.

9. Copies of this Memorandum may be obtained through the

same sources as those through which sugar is supplied.

THE SUGAR (REGISTRATION OF RETAILERS) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 27, 1917.

1917. No. 1094.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. A person shall not on or after the 4th December, 1917, sell Registration or deal in sugar by retail on any premises in Ireland unless he is of Retailers the holder in respect of such premises of a certificate of registration for the time being in force granted by the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller (hereinafter called the Committee).(a)

2. Every person who applies for a certificate of registration Application shall furnish on the prescribed form a true statement of the for

particulars therein required to be specified.

3. The Committee shall grant a certificate of registration to Grant by any applicant who makes an application to them before the 18th Committee. November, 1917, and who or whose predecessor in business was during the year 1915 dealing in sugar by retail in the ordinary way of his trade in Ireland, and who at the date of his application is so dealing in sugar, and may grant such certificate to any other applicant in any case in which in their opinion such certificate should be granted.

4. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form pre- Form of

scribed by the Food Controller.

5. The Committee may, with the consent of the Food Controller, Revocation. revoke any certificate of registration if they are satisfied that any regulation or direction made or given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to sugar has not been observed by the holder of such certificate or any of his servants or agents, and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

of sugar.

certificate.

certificate.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—As to this Committee, see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III. of this Manual.

Register.

Transfer of business.

6. The Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom and the premises in respect of which certificates of registration have been granted under this Order.

7. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection with which a certificate of registration is held, or in the event of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration, it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate on making an application for a certificate of registration, to sell and deal in sugar by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled to deal.

Information and inspection.

8. The holder of any certificate of registration, his servants and agents, shall give to the Committee such information, reports and returns relating to his stocks of sugar and dealings in sugar as the Food Controller or the Committee may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Committee to inspect all relevant books, documents and accounts.

Penalties.

Title and extent of Order.

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

10. This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Registration of Retailers) (Ireland) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th October, 1917.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED NOVEMBER 8, 1917, UNDER THE SUGAR ORDER, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1140.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all dealers in Sugar to deliver against any voucher issued under the above Order sugar beyond the amount specified in the voucher to such extent as may be necessary to enable delivery to be made in a usual complete package, provided that the excess amount shall be deducted on the occasion of the next delivery; and that the relative invoice shall clearly state the period which, on the basis of the voucher, is covered by the whole amount delivered.

The Food Controller hereby authorises persons to take delivery

of sugar pursuant to the terms of this Licence.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th November, 1917.

General Licence under Sugar (Confectionery) Order, 1917; Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, 1917, as amended.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1917, UNDER THE SUGAR (CONFECTIONERY) ORDER, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1135.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all persons concerned to buy and sell by retail Crystallized and Glacé Fruits at a price (including the charge for the box, package or other covering) not exceeding the rate of 3d. per ounce: Provided that this Licence may be revoked at any time by the Food Controller either generally or as respects any particular person.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

9th November, 1917.

THE SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 19, 1917, AS AMENDED BY THE SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER No. 2, 1917, DATED DECEMBER 21, 1917.

1917 No. 1185, as amended by No. 1312.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A brewer for sale may, subject to the limitation as to Restriction quantity hereinafter contained, use in the brewing of beer:—(b) on kinds of

(a) Solid Glucose;

(b) Invert of Low Grade Cane Sugar of a polarisation not exceeding 89° from which not less than 40 per cent. of its weight in the form of Crystal Sugar or Grocery Syrup or Grocery Honey Sugar has been extracted;

(c) Any caramelised products of Solid Glucose or of such Invert of Low Grade Cane Sugar as is hereinbefore

described; and

(d) Mixtures of Solid Glucose and the Invert and caramelised products hereinbefore mentioned or of any of them.

But, except that a brewer for sale may use in the brewing of beer any sugar which at the date of this Order he had in stock or which was in course of transit to his brewery from any manufacturer in the United Kingdom, he shall not use any sugar other than sugar of the kinds hereinbefore specifically mentioned.

on kinds of sugar which may be used by brewers.

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⁽a) SUGAR (CONFECTIONERY) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 564.
(b) SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.—This Order, printed p. 601, provides that Brewers' dealings in the articles mentioned in this clause may be made only in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by the Food Controller.

Restriction on amount of sugar which may be used by brewer.

Prescribed amount

2. A brewer for sale shall not during any of the periods hereinafter referred to use in the brewing of beer more sugar than the amount prescribed for use in that period.

3. The prescribed amount shall be ascertained by reference to the total amount of sugar used in the year 1915 for the purpose of brewing beer by the brewer for sale or, in the case where there has been a transfer of the brewing business from a brewer for sale in or since the year 1915, by such brewer for sale and his predecessors in that business.

The prescribed amount shall for each period mentioned in the first column of the subjoined table be the percentage of such total

amount shown in the second column thereof.(a)

Period for which percentages are applicable.	Percentage of 1915 Sugar which may be used.
1st January, 1918, to 31st March, 1918 1st January, 1918, to 30th June, 1918 1st January, 1918, to 30th September, 1918 1st January, 1918, to 31st December, 1918	10 20 30 40

Supply of sugar to brewer.

Interpreta-

Penalties.

Revocation.

Title.

tion.

4. (a) A person shall not supply to a brewer for sale for the purposes of his brewery any sugar of a kind not permitted under this Order to be used in the brewing of beer, and a brewer for sale shall not take delivery of any such sugar.

(b) Until the contrary be proved, sugar supplied to a brewer for sale shall be deemed to be supplied for the purposes of his

brewerv.

5. In this Order:—

The expression "Sugar" includes every description of sugar, whether cane sugar, or invert, or glucose, or other saccharine substance or extract or syrup, and partially or fully caramelised products of the above or any mixture of them.

The expressions "brewer for sale" and "beer" have the same meaning as in the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1885.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary Offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. As from the 1st October, 1917, the Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1917, as amended, shall cease to apply to brewers for sale in relation to the brewing of beer, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any previous contraventions thereof.

8. This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Brewers Restriction)

Order, 1917.

Rhondda. Food Controller.

. 19th November, 1917.

⁽a) Table of Percentages.—This Table is here printed as provided by the Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order No. 2, 1917: for the percentages applicable until December 31st, 1917, after which the Table as here printed had effect, see the Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, 1917, as originally issued, as St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1185.

THE SUGAR ORDER (IRELAND), 1917. DATED DECEMBER 24, 1917.

1917. No. 1330.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Part 1.—(Definitions).

1. In this Order and in all authorities, vouchers, forms of Definitions. application, directions and other documents issued or deemed to be issued under this Order the following words and expressions shall bear the following meanings, viz.:-

"Committee" shall mean the Food Control Committee

appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller.(a)

"Wholesaler" shall mean a wholesale dealer in sugar or person obtaining sugar for the purpose of selling the same by wholesale or a person deemed under this Order to be a wholesale dealer in sugar and "Wholesale business" shall have a corresponding meaning.
"Retailer" or "Registered Retailer" shall mean a person

registered as a retailer of sugar under the Sugar (Registration of Retailers) Ireland Order, 1917, (b) and "Retail Business" shall

bear a corresponding meaning.

"Catering Business" shall mean the business or undertaking of an inn, public house, hotel, restaurant, railway buffet, coffee stall, or other place of refreshment open to the public, or of any club, boarding house (other than a boarding house in which the number of bedrooms let and available for letting does not exceed 10), refreshment contractor or canteen, and "Caterers" shall bear a corresponding meaning.

A "Manufacturing Business" shall mean any other business in the course of which sugar is used otherwise than in catering for the persons engaged therein, including among other businesses the business of a pastry cook or confectioner or baker and confectioner, and "manufacturer" shall bear a corresponding

meaning.

"Institution" shall include:-

. (a) Public or private hospitals, sanatoria, convalescent or nursing homes, workhouses, infirmaries, asylums, corporations, or companies not established for the purpose of trading or profit, religious or charitable communities, residential schools and colleges, and non-residential schools and colleges at which meals other than teas are provided for the pupils or teachers. and residential hostels of all kinds.

(b) SUGAR (REGISTRATION OF RETAILERS) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1917.- That

Order is printed p. 577.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—As to this Committee, see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III of this Manual.

(b) Boarding Houses which are not catering businesses as herein defined, and the catering or kitchen Departments of businesses where meals other than teas are provided for the staffs of the business or their guests but not for other members of the public, and other like establishments, and establishments of public utility not carried on primarily for profit and requiring sugar for any of their purposes—

Provided that in any case the Committee may decide that an Institution within the area of such Committee be treated as private consumers, and so long as any such decision remains in force the institution shall be exempted from the restrictions hereinafter contained in relation to Institutions.

Food Control Committee to decide cases of doubt. 2. Upon any application to the Committee for an authority to procure sugar the Committee shall have power conclusively to determine in all cases of doubt whether or not the application is made on behalf of an Institution or for the purposes of a catering or manufacturing business, and every such determination shall be conclusive for all purposes unless and until it shall have been varied by the Committee or the Food Controller.

PART II .- (BUSINESSES AND INSTITUTIONS).

Authorities and vouchers for the purchase of Sugar.

3. A person shall not purchase or take delivery of any sugar after the 6th January, 1918, for the purposes of any catering or manufacturing business, or after 3rd March, 1918, for the purposes of any wholesale or retail business or Institution, except under and to the extent specified in an authority issued by the Committee or by the Food Controller pusuant to this Order authorising him to take delivery of the sugar for that purpose, and a person having the disposal of sugar shall not after the same respective dates knowingly deliver sugar for any of the purposes aforesaid except against a voucher issued by the Committee or the Food Controller pursuant to this Order authorising such delivery. (a)

By whom vouchers are to be issued.

Wholesalers.

Retailers.

Manufacturers.

Caterers or Institutions.

4. (a) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a wholesaler's business may be issued by the Committee and if he has two or more offices for transacting such business there may be issued authorities and vouchers covering the whole of his business or authorities and vouchers covering different parts thereof.

(b) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a retailer's business may be issued by the Committee.

(c) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of the business of a brewer for sale may be issued by the Food Controller and for the purposes of any other manufacturing business may be issued by the Committee.

(d) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for the purposes of a catering business or an Institution may be issued by the Committee.

⁽a) Delivery against Voucher.—By General Licence of March 16, 1918; (p. 590), certain excess deliveries of sugar were authorised.

- (e) Authorities and vouchers for the delivery of sugar for any purpose may be issued by the Food Controller in any case in which he thinks proper so to do.
- 5. Every applicant for authorities and vouchers under this Forms of Order shall furnish to the Committee or—in the case provided for in Clause 4 (c)-to the Food Controller, upon such form as may be from time to time prescribed for the purpose by or on behalf of the Food Controller, a true statement of the particulars required for completing such form.

Application.

6. Authorities and vouchers shall be issued in such manner and Food Conin respect of such quantities of sugar and periods of time and subject to such conditions as may from time to time be prescribed or directed whether generally or in particular cases by the Food Controller, and any person requiring the issue of any authority andvouchers. or voucher shall apply to the Committee or to the Food Controller, as the case may be, within such time as may be prescribed by the Food Controller.

troller to regulate the Authorities

7. A person shall not (except as expressly provided by Sugar to be Clause 13) use any sugar obtained by virtue of an authority used for issued pursuant to this Order except for the purposes of the business or institution in respect of which the authority has been obtained. issued, and shall until the sugar is so used cause the same to be stored in the place in which the sugar supplies of such business or Institution are usually stored, or in such other place as the Committee or the Food Controller may direct or authorise, and permit the same to be inspected upon lawful demand.

purpose for which

8. A wholesaler or retailer shall in the disposition of sugar Dealer to obtained by him for the purpose of his wholesale or retail business by virtue of an authority issued pursuant to this Order observe any directions whether general or special that may from time to time be given to him by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

act under directions of the Food Controller.

9. Every wholesaler shall keep accurate and punctual accounts Dealers' and records showing the disposition of all sugar dealt with or used by him in the course of his business and shall produce all such accounts and all relevant vouchers and documents on lawful demand, and every retailer shall keep all such accounts in relation to the sugar disposed of by him as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe.

Accounts and records.

10. A wholesaler or retailer shall preserve all vouchers received Preservation by him for the delivery by him of sugar and upon making any application to the Committee for authority to take delivery of sugar, he shall produce such vouchers and deal therewith as the Committee may direct, and so long as any such vouchers are retained by him he shall produce the same on lawful demand.

and deposit of vouchers.

11. Any authority or voucher issued pursuant to this Order may Revocation at any time be revoked by the Committee or by the Food of authori-Controller.

ties and vouchers. Form of authorities and vouchers.

12. All authorities and vouchers for the purpose of this Order shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Food Controller may from time to time direct, and all persons acting upon any such authority or voucher shall duly comply with the terms thereof.

Use of sugar by manufacturers and others for household purposes. 13. Notwithstanding clause 7 of this Order a caterer, pastry cook, baker, or other like manufacturer who provides for his household wholly or partly out of the food supplies used or manufactured in his business may (unless the Committee otherwise directs) use for the consumption of his household sugar or the products of his manufacture containing sugar obtained for the purpose of his business.

Brewer's sugar and syrup.

- 14.—(a) Where an authority is issued under this Order for the purpose of any manufacture in respect of sugar other than brewer's sugar, any brewer's sugar supplied thereunder or under any corresponding voucher shall be reckoned at the amount of brewer's sugar so supplied less 20 per cent. For the purpose of this clause brewer's sugar means sugar which when tested by the polariscope indicates a polarisation not exceeding 89 degrees but does not include West India Grocery Crystallised Sugar, or British West India Grocery Syrup Sugar.
- (b) The preparation of sugar syrup whether pure or flavoured shall for the purposes of this Order be deemed to be a manufacture and the syrup as manufactured, shall be deemed to be sugar equivalent to the quantity of sugar contained therein, but nothing in this Order contained shall prevent a pharmaceutical chemist or chemist and druggist from obtaining syrup (whether flavoured or unflavoured) for the purpose only of compounding medicines: Provided that no person shall use any syrup obtained for that purpose for any other purpose whatsoever.

PART III.—(MULTIPLE AND COMBINED BUSINESSES).

Branches to be deemed separate businesses. 15. A person who carries on a catering, manufacturing or retail business at two or more places shall for all the purposes of and incidental to this Order be deemed to carry on a separate business at each such place.

Different businesses (with exceptions) to be kept separate.

- 16.—(a) Where a person carries on the business of a caterer and in conjunction therewith the business of a pastry cook or baker or baker and confectioner or any other manufacturing business in such a manner that the sugar consumed in the separate businesses cannot be distinguished, he may, if the Food Control Committee so decide, receive authorities and vouchers covering a single supply of sugar for the combined businesses.
- (b) In every other case in which a person carries on two or more of the businesses of a wholesaler, a retailer, a caterer or a manufacturer, whether at the same premises or not, such businesses shall be deemed to be separate businesses, and where a manufacturer carries on the manufacture of two or more classes

of products, the manufacture of each class shall be deemed to constitute a separate business and the manufacturers shall for this purpose be classified in such manner as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe.

17. Where an Institution or a person providing the meals taken at an Institution carries on any wholesale, retail, manufacturing or catering business, the business so carried on shall be deemed to be a separate business and shall be deemed not to be one of the purposes of the Institution.

Institutions to be kept separate from associated businesses.

18. In every case in which a person or Institution carries on or is deemed to carry on any two or more separate businesses or any separate business, separate authorities and vouchers shall be required in respect of each such business and in respect of such Institution, and the sugar obtained for the purposes of each business or Institution shall be kept and stored wholly separate and distinguished from the sugar obtained for the purpose of every other Institution or business, and where the sugar obtained for different purposes is stored at the same premises, the owner or other person having control of the sugar shall cause records to be kept showing the quantities of sugar from time to time taken out of store for each purpose and the sugar remaining in store and. the records kept pursuant to this Clause shall be open for inspection on lawful demand.

Separate authorities and vouchers and sugar stores for separate businesses.

19. A person who carries on two or more separate businesses, whether retail or manufacturing or catering, or who manages an Institution having two or more branches, and procures sugar in bulk for distribution among such businesses or branches, shall be deemed to procure the same as a wholesaler and to carry on a separate wholesale business in respect of such sugar, and he shall deliver for the purposes of each of the manufacturing or retail or catering businesses or branches so much only of the sugar obtained by him as wholesaler as shall accord with the authority held by him in relation to such manufacturing or retail business or branch, and every delivery so made shall be made against and in satisfaction of a voucher issued in respect of such business or branch covering the sugar so delivered, and every such person shall keep a full and accurate account recording all deliveries of sugar for the purpose of each such businesses or branches.

Purchase of sugar in bulk for distribution to separate businesses of same owner.

20. Where a person carries on a business as a caterer and Combined also as a manufacturer and uses the products of his manufacturing business partly in the course of a catering business and partly for sale or for use in some other business, he may notwithstanding anything contained in this Order use the products of his manufacturing business in the course of his catering business.

businesses of caterer and facturer.

PART IV .— (MISCELLANEOUS AND SUBSIDIARY PROVISIONS.)

21. For the purpose of facilitating a just distribution to private persons of the sugar from time to time available for household consumption there may be issued by or with the authority of the

Registration

Food Controller sugar registration cards to such persons and upon such application and in such form and to be used in such manner and to carry such rights or privileges and subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe. Sugar Registration Cards already issued by the Food Control Committee shall be deemed to have been issued under this Order.

Authorities not transferable. 22. No authority, voucher, or card issued under this Order shall be transferable.

Applications, returns, and other documents.

23. A person shall in making and completing any application or return or other documents issued or to be made in connection with this Order, follow the instructions relating thereto issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller.

Food Control Committee to act under directions of Food Controller. 24. The Committee shall in the exercise of the powers conferred upon the Committee by this Order comply with such directions as may from time to time be given to them by the Food Controller, and it shall be the duty of every person to comply with any requirement or instruction given by the Committee under the powers conferred by this Order.

False statements, &c.

- 25. A person shall not:—
 - (a) Knowingly make or connive at the making of any false statement in any application or return made in connection with or for any of the purposes of this Order;
 - (b) Forge or alter any authority, sugar registration card, voucher, licence or other document issued under or for any of the purposes of this Order;
 - (c) Personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom such an authority, sugar registration card, voucher, licence or other document has been issued or applies;
 - (d) Retain any authority, sugar registration card, voucher, licence or other document when he has no right to retain it, or fail to comply with any directions issued by lawful authority with regard to the return thereof.
 - (e) Make or knowingly have in his possession any card or paper marked so as to resemble or colourably imitate a sugar registration card or any part of a sugar registration card, either in blank or wholly or partly completed, not being a sugar registration card or part of a sugar registration card issued under this Order;
 - (f) Knowingly retain, make use of or deal with any sugar registration card or any part of a sugar registration card issued upon any application made or deemed to be made under this Order containing a statement false in any material particular, or obtain or attempt to obtain sugar by means of any sugar registration card so issued.

26. A person employed by the Food Controller or a member Information of or a person employed by the Committee shall not without to be lawful authority communicate to any person any information acquired by him from any application, return, sugar card, voucher, certificate, or other document made or issued in connection with this Order.

confidential.

27. Whenever in this Order or in any authority, voucher, rules or direction issued under this Order any person is required to produce any documents or give any information on lawful demand, he shall produce or give the same at all reasonable times and places on demand of any person empowered by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee to make such demand either particularly or as holding any office or

Meaning of " Lawful Demand."

position and either generally or in the particular case.

28. All forms of application, authorities, vouchers, instruc- Forms, &c. tions and directions issued, whether before or after the date of already this Order, by or under the authority of the Food Controller be dated.

purporting to be issued under this Order or headed "Sugar" Order, Ireland, 1917," and all applications made upon any such form, and all acts to be done pursuant to any such instructions and directions shall be deemed respectively to have been issued made and done under and pursuant to this Order.

29. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty.

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

30.—(a) This Order may be cited as the Sugar Order (Ireland). 1917.

Title and extent of Order.

(b) This Order shall apply only to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

24th December, 1917.

THE ICE CREAM (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 29, 1917.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 11 ("Milk, Butter and Cheese ") (p. 393), restricts the making of ice creams.]

Notice, dated December 31, 1917, as to Sugar Ration under THE SUGAR (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918.(a)

1917. No. 1353.

In exercise of the powers reserved by the above Order, the Food Controller hereby determines that, until further notice, the weekly sugar ration shall be 1 lb.

31st December, 1917.

Rhondda, Food Controller.

⁽a) Sugar (Rationing) Order, 1918.—That Order, printed p. 502 of the April, 1918 Edition of this Manual, was revoked by the Rationing Order, 1918 printed p. 522.

ORDER OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, DATED FEBRUARY 23, 1918, UNDER ARTICLE 20 OF THE SUGAR (RATIONING) ORDER; 1918, PRESCRIBING FORM OF REQUISITION FOR COPY CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH:

1918. No. 236.

64,867

To all Superintendent Registrars and Registrars of Births and Deaths in England and Wales;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by virtue of Article 20 of the Sugar (Rationing) Order, 1918, (a) made by the Food Controller under the Defence of the Ream Regulations, We, the Local Government Board, are empowered to prescribe, as regards England and Wales, the form of written requisition which shall entitle a person to obtain, on payment of a fee of sixpence, a certified copy of the entry of the birth of an individual in the birth register:

Now therefore, We, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, hereby Order and Prescribe that the requisition to be made to entitle any person to obtain a certified extract from an entry of a registry of birth under Article 20 of the Sugar (Rationing) Order, 1918, (a) shall be in the Form set forth in the Schedule to

this Order.

Schedule.

MINISTRY OF FOOD.

To the Superintendent Registrar or the Registrar of Births and Deaths:—

I hereby apply for an Extract from the Entry of the Birth of the person named below:—

Surname

Maiden Surname (in case of married woman)
Christian Names (in full)
Date of Birth (Month).... (Day of Month)... (Year).
Place of Birth
Name of Father
Name of Mother
Maiden Surname of Mother
Applicant's Signature
Applicant's Address
to which Extract
should be sent.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this Twenty-third day of February, in the year One thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

(L.S.)

W. Hayes Fisher,

President.

H. C. Monro, Secretary.

⁽a) SUGAR (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918.—That Order, printed p. 502 of the April, 1:18 Edition of this Manual, was revoked by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.

General Licences under Sugar Order, 1917; and under Sugar (Confectionery) Order, 1917.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JANUARY 4, 1918, UNDER THE SUGAR ORDER, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 8.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all dealers in Sugar to deliver sugar against any voucher issued under the above Order during a period of not more than seven days after the expiration of the currency of such voucher.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th January, 1918.

THE PUBLIC MEALS ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 21, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 14 ("Public Meals") (p. 513), prohibits, as from February 3rd, 1918, the consumption in a public eating place of any sugar except (1) that used for cooking, (2) that brought by the customer, (3) that supplied to hotel, &c., residents, and further restricts the amount of sugar to be consumed in such eating places. For restrictions previously in force see the now revoked Public Meals Order, 1917, pp. 158-161 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual." (The Order was revoked as regards Great Britain by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522, in Group 14^A ("Rationing Schemes.")]

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED FEBRUARY 18, 1918, UNDER THE SUGAR (CONFECTIONERY) ORDER, 1917.(b)

1918. No. 202.

On a retail sale of chocolate or other sweetmeats there may, in ascertaining the weight of the articles sold for the purposes of the above Order, be included the weight of any tinfoil, wax paper or other like wrappings of a size, weight and character customarily in use on a sale of the like articles before the 11th January, 1917; and the maximum prices chargeable shall be ascertained accordingly.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

18th February, 1918.

(a) Sugar Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 568.

⁽b) SUGAR (CONFECTIONERY) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 564.

General Licence under Sugar Order (Ireland), 1917; Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MARCH 16, 1918, UNDER THE SUGAR ORDER (IRELAND), 1917.(a)

1918. No. 326.

The Food Controller hereby authorises all dealers in sugar to deliver against any voucher issued under the above Order sugar beyond the amount specified in the voucher to such extent as may be necessary to enable delivery to be made in a usual complete package, provided that the excess amount shall be deducted on the occasion of the next delivery and that the relative invoice shall clearly state the period which on the basis of the voucher is covered by the whole amount delivered.

The Food Controller further authorises all dealers in sugar to deliver sugar against any voucher issued under the above Order during a period of not more than seven days after the expiration of the currency of such voucher.

The Food Controller hereby authorises persons to take delivery of sugar pursuant to the terms of this licence.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

16th March, 1918.

THE SUGAR (DOMESTIC PRESERVING) ORDER, 1918. DATED
MARCH 28, 1918.

1918. No. 387.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Sugar for domestic preserving.

590

1. When any person receives any sugar issued by the Royal Commission on the Sugar Supply (hereinafter called the Sugar Commission)(b) for the purpose of the preserving of fruit grown by the preserver, such person shall not dispose of or deal with such sugar so as to divert the same to any other purpose or use the same except for the purpose of preserving fruit grown by him.

Statement on invoice. 2. On any sale of any such sugar the vendor shall on the invoice or package clearly state that the sugar may be used only for the preserving of fruit grown by the preserver.

(a) SUGAR ORDER (IRELAND), 1917.—That Order is printed p. 581.
(b) SUGAR SUPPLY COMMISSION.—For names of Commissioners, Secretary, &c., see footnote (b) to p. 565.

3. Where the invoice relating to or the package containing Sugar any sugar bears a statement to the effect that the same may be deemed to be used only for the preserving of fruit grown by the preserver the domestic sugar shall be deemed to have been issued by the Sugar Com- preserving. mission for the purpose stated.

4. (a) No retailer shall sell or dispose of any sugar issued by Disposition the Sugar Commission for the purpose of the preserving of fruit of sugar. grown by the preserver except to a person named in and to the amount authorised by a permit issued by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Sugar Commission.

- (b) Every retailer shall in respect of such sugar comply with such directions as the Food Controller or the Sugar Commission may give from time to time.
- 5. Any person who shall have acquired any such sugar and Directions as who for any cause is thereafter unable to use or fails to use the to use of same for the purpose for which it was issued shall give notice of sugar. the fact forthwith to the Food Committee for the area in which he resides and shall hold such sugar at the disposal of such Committee.

6. Every person dealing with any such sugar shall keep records. of the persons to whom such sugar was supplied and of the quantities supplied to them and the dates upon which supplies were made, and such records shall at all times be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller or the Food Committee.

7. A person shall not—

False state-

(a) Acquire or attempt to acquire or apply for any such ments, etc. sugar except for the purpose for which the same may

(b) Make or connive at the making of any false statement on any application or declaration to be made in connection with such sugar;

(c) Forge or alter any permit issued for the purposes of this

Order:

(d) Obtain or attempt to obtain any such sugar on a permit issued for the purposes of this Order where the application therefor contained a statement false in any material particular;

(e) Fail to comply with any conditions subject to which any permit under this Order is granted to him; or

(f) Personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such permit has been issued or applies.

8. For the purposes of this Order the expression "Food Com- Interpretamittee" means a Food Control Committee established in pursu-tion. ance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

9. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Infringethe Defence of the Realm Regulations.

ments.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917 .- That Order is printed in Part III. (p. 621) of this Manual.

Revocation, S. R. & O., No. 537 of 1917.

Title.

10. The Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1917,(a) is hereby revoked but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

11. (a) This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th March, 1918.

THE SALE OF SWEETMEATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918, DATED APRIL 12, 1918.

1918. No. 418.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority(b) of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

Registration of retail dealers.

- 1. Except where dealings in sweetmeats are made in or about premises the rateable value of which does not exceed £40 a year, and which are used at the date of this Order for the purpose of such dealings, a person shall not deal in sweetmeats by retail
 - (a) after 31st May, 1918, except in or about premises in respect of which he has applied for a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in sweetmeats in respect of those premises; or
 - (b) after 30th June, 1918, except in or about premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in sweetmeats for the time being in force, granted by the Food Committee for the district in which the premises are situate. Upon the refusal of a certificate of registration the applicant's title, if any, to deal in sweetmeats shall cease.

Form of application

2. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made on a form to be prescribed by the Food Controller, and every applicant shall furnish on such form a statement of the particulars required for registration which statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly authorised agent.

⁽a) SUGAR (DOMESTIC PRESERVING) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 291 of the January, 1918, Edition of the Food Controller's Orders.

⁽b) GENERAL LICENCES.—Two General I icences, dated May 10 and May 27, 1918, are printed at pp. 594 and 597 respectively.

3. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be Mode of made to the Food Committee for the district in which the application. premises of the applicant in respect of which the certificate of registration is sought are situate, and when the same person is applying for registration in respect of premises situate in more than one district a separate application shall be made in each. district in respect of the premises situate therein.

4. A Food Committee shall not without the consent of the Persons Food Controller grant a certificate of registration to a person in entitled to respect of any premises unless they are satisfied that not less than 20 per cent. of the gross receipts during the year 1916 of all the trades and businesses conducted by the applicant within the district of the Food Committee within which the premises are situate were received in respect of retail dealings in sweet-Where the Food Committee are of opinion that the foregoing condition has been satisfied they shall not refuse a certificate of registration to the applicant except with the consent of the Food Controller.

receive a certificate.

5. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form Form of prescribed by the Food Controller and shall be granted and held certificate. subject to such conditions as the Food Controller may determine.

6. A Food Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Order if they are satisfied that any regulation or direction given by or under the authority of the Food Controller relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Power to revoke certificate.

7. The Food Committee shall keep in a form prescribed by Register of the Food Controller a register of the person to whom and the premises in respect of which a certificate of registration has been granted under this Order.

holders of certificates.

8. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection Transfer of with which a certificate of registration is held or in the event a business. of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate on making application for a certificate of registration to deal in sweetmeats by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Food Committee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue

9. Every certificate of registration shall be kept on the premises to which it relates and every holder of a certificate of registration shall produce the same for inspection upon demand by any person authorised by the Food Controller or a Food Committee.

Custody and production of certificate.

10. Where an application in that behalf is made to them by a Determinaperson desiring to deal in sweetmeats by retail, a Food Committee shall have power conclusively to determine the rateable value of any premises for the purposes of this Order.

tion of rateable Principle of determination.

11. In determining the rateable value of premises for the purposes of this Order, there shall be taken into account the rateable value of every part of the premises in which a trade or business of any description is being carried on by the applicant.

Interpreta-

12. For the purposes of this Order—

"Sweetmeats" shall include chocolate and sugar con-

fectionery.

"Food Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee established in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

Application to Scotland.

13. In the application of this Order to Scotland the expression "rateable value" shall mean the yearly value according to the valuation roll.

Exception.

14. Nothing in this Order shall affect the sale of sweetmeats by hawkers from a cart, stall or barrow or sales by means of an automatic machine used for that purpose at the date of this Order.

Penalty.

15. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title and extent of Order.

16. (a) This Order may be cited as the Sale of Sweetmeats (Restriction) Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

12th April, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MAY 10, 1918, UNDER THE SALE OF SWEETMEATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.(b)

1918. No. 520.

S. R. & O., No. 418 of 1918. The Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice the sale of the following articles free from any restriction contained in the above-named Order:—

Preserved Ginger, Candied Peel, Crystallised and Glacé Fruits, Angelica, Carlsbad and Elvas Plums, Crystallised Violets, Crystallised Rose Leaves.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

10th May, 1918.

(b) SALE OF SWEETMEATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 592.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed in Part III. (p. 621) of this Manual.

THE SUGAR (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 13TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 528.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. No person shall, during any of the periods hereinafter Restriction referred to, use in the manufacture of articles which belong to any one of the classes mentioned in the first schedule and which are manufactured by him for sale more sugar than the amount facturing permitted for such period.

on use of sugar for manupurposes.

Datum period.

2. The permitted amount shall be ascertained as respects each class of article by reference to the total amount of sugar used in the year 1915 for that class of article by the person in question or, in the case where there has been a transfer of a continuing business in or since the year 1915, by such person and his predecessors in business. The permitted amount for each period shall be such percentage as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe by notice under this Order and until further notice shall be the percentage of such total amount shown for that period in the following table:—

Period to which such percentage Percentage of total. sugar used in 1915. is applicable. 64 per cent. 1st June, 1918, to 31st Aug., 1918. 123 to 30th Nov., 1918. 183 to 28th Feb., 1919. ,, 25 to 31st May, 1919. ,, ,,

Provided that there shall be excluded from such total amount any S.R. & O., sugar remaining in stock on the 1st June, 1918, which might law- Nos. 252, 281 fully have been used since the 1st June, 1917, by the person in & 458 of question pursuant to the provisions of the Sugar (Restriction) 1917. Order, 1917, as subsequently amended.(a)

- 3. This Order shall not apply to the use of sugar in the manu- Exception facture of jam or marmalade or condensed milk, or in the manufacture of beer by a brewer for sale.
- 4. All persons to whom the provisions of this Order apply Register to shall keep or cause to be kept a register correctly showing in be kept. respect of each quarter commencing with the quarter beginning on the 1st June, 1918-

(a) the quantity of sugar held in stock at the beginning of the quarter for the purposes of all classes of manufacture to which this Order applies;

⁽a) SUGAR (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917, AS AMENDED.—That Order was printed p. 479 of the April, 1918 Edition of this Manual, but is omitted from this Edition as spent.

- (b) the quantity of sugar delivered to him for such purpose during the quarter in question and the date of the delivery of such sugar;
- (c) the quantity of sugar used for such purposes during the quarter in question, and, where more than one class of manufacture is carried on, showing the quantity of sugar used in each class of manufacture;
- (d) the quantity of sugar held for such purposes at the close of the quarter.

Such register shall be kept in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Food Controller, and until further notice shall be kept in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Inspection of Register.

5. The person having the control or management of any trade or business to which this Order applies shall produce the register on demand to any person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller or by a Food Committee, together with such invoices, vouchers or other documents as may be necessary for the purpose of checking the entries made in such register.

Prohibitions under other orders. 6. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to permit the use of sugar in any manufacture prohibited by any Order made or to be made by lawful authority.

Penalty.

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Interpretation. 8. The expression "Beer" and "Brewer for sale" have the same meaning as in the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1885.

Title.

9. This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

13th May, 1918.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Classes of Manufacture.

- A. Drugs and Medicinal Preparations.
 B. Sugar Confectionery and Chocolate.
- C. Pastries.
 D. Biscuits.
- E. Candied Peel and Preserved and Crystallised Fruits.

F. Mineral Waters.

- G. Other beverages (except beer and stout).
- H. Any other manufactures for human consumption (except jam, condensed milk and marmalade).
 K. Any manufactures not for human consumption.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Sugar in stock and received during quarter.			Sugar used during quarter.			
Date.	Supplier's Name.	Quantity.	Date.	Quantity used.	Analysis of consumption. ABCDEFGHK	
Total	*** *** ***			Total		
Less que used perio	during \		- Address of the second			
Stock a of pe	t close } · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Notes .- 1. Sugar received from the Navy or Army or the Navy and Army Canteen Board should not be included in this register.

2. The letters A, B, C, &c., in the Analysis column refer to the Classes of Manufacture set out in the First Schedule

to this Order.

3. The first entry on the "Sugar in stock and received during the quarter" side of the Register should be the amount of sugar in stock at the beginning of the quarter in question.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MAY 27TH, 1918, UNDER THE SALE OF SWEETMEATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.(a)

> 1918. No. 576.

The Food Controller hereby authorises until further notice all S. R. & O. persons who hold an authority from the Central Prisoners of No. 418 of War Committee to pack parcels for prisoners of war, to deal in sweetmeats purchased from them for, and despatched by them to, prisoners of war in such parcels, whether or not such persons have applied for or hold a licence to deal in sweetmeats under the above-mentioned Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th May, 1918.

⁽a) SALE OF SWEETMEATS (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 592.

THE SALE OF SWEETMEATS (RESTRICTION) (IRELAND) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 31ST MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 590.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

Registration of retail dealers.

1. Except where dealings in sweetmeats are made in or about premises the rateable value of which does not exceed £25 a year, and which are used at the date of this Order for the purpose of such dealings, a person shall not deal in sweetmeats by retail-

(a) after 15th June, 1918, except in or about premises in respect of which he has applied for a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in sweetmeats in respect

of those premises; or

(b) after 15th July, 1918, except in or about premises in respect of which he is the holder of a certificate of registration as a retail dealer in sweetmeats for the time being in force granted by the Food Control Committee for Ireland (hereinafter called the Committee).

Upon the refusal of a certificate of registration the applicant's

title, if any, to deal in sweetmeats shall cease.

2. Every application for a certificate of registration shall be made to the Secretary, Food Control Committee for Ireland, Kilworth House, Kildare Street, Dublin, on a form to be prescribed by the Food Committee and every applicant shall furnish on such form a statement of the particulars required for registration which statement shall be signed by the applicant or his duly

authorised agent.

3. The Committee shall not without the consent of the Food Controller grant a certificate of registration to a person in respect of any premises unless they are satisfied that not less than 20 per cent. of the gross receipts during the year 1916 of all the trades and businesses conducted by the applicant in any County or County Borough within which the premises are situate were received in respect of retail dealings in sweetmeats. Where the Committee are of opinion that the foregoing condition has been satisfied they shall not refuse a certificate of registration to the applicant except with the consent of the Food Controller.

4. Every certificate of registration shall be in the form prescribed by the Committee and shall be granted and held subject

to such conditions as the Committee may determine.

5. The Committee may with the consent of the Food Controller revoke any certificate of registration issued by them under the provisions of this Order if they are satisfied that any regulation or direction given by or under the authority of the Food Controller or the Committee relating to the trade or business of the holder of such certificate has not been observed by him or by any of his servants or agents and shall revoke such certificate if required so to do by the Food Controller.

Form of application.

Persons entitled to receive a certificate.

Form of certificate.

Power to revoke certificate.

6. The Committee shall keep a register of the persons to whom Register of and the premises in respect of which a certificate of registration has been granted under this Order.

holders of certificates

7. In the event of the transfer of the business in connection Transfer of with which a certificate of registration is held or in the event a business. of the death of the holder of a certificate of registration it shall be lawful for the transferee or other person claiming under the holder of such certificate, on making application for a certificate of registration, to deal in sweetmeats by retail from the date of such application until the decision thereon is intimated by the Committee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the holder of such certificate was entitled by virtue thereof.

8. Every certificate of registration shall be kept on the premises Custody and to which it relates and every holder of a certificate of registration production shall produce the same for inspection upon demand by any person authorised by the Committee.

of certificate.

9. Where an application in that behalf is made to them by a Determinaperson desiring to deal in sweetmeats by retail, the Committee tion of shall have power conclusively to determine the rateable value value. of any premises for the purposes of this Order.

rateable

10. In determining the rateable value of premises for the pur- Principle of poses of this Order, there shall be taken into account the rateable determinavalue of every part of the premises in which a trade or business of any description is being carried on by the applicant.

11. For the purposes of this Order—

Interpreta-

"Sweetmeats" shall include chocolate and sugar confectionery, but shall not until further notice include preserved ginger, candied peel, crystallised and glacé fruits, angelica, Carlsbad and Elvas plums, crystallised violets or crystallised rose leaves.

"Rateable value" shall mean the annual rateable value

under the Irish Valuation Acts.

12. Nothing in this Order shall affect the sale of sweetmeats Exception. by hawkers from a cart, stall or barrow or sales by means of an automatic machine used for that purpose at the date of this Order.

- 13. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 14. (a) This Order may be cited as the Sale of Sweetmeats Title and (Restriction) (Ireland) Order, 1918. Order.

extent of

(b) This Order shall apply only to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

31st May, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 3, 1918, UNDER ICE CREAM (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.

[This General Licence, printed p. 427 in Group 11 ("Milk, Butter and Cheese") authorizes the sale of Water Ice under certain conditions.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED JUNE 5, 1918, UNDER THE SUGAR (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918, and The Sugar (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918.

1918. No. 609.

1. The Food Controller hereby authorises every retailer of sugar to supply sugar for the purpose of the preserving of fruit grown by the preserver out of any sugar for the time being in his hands, subject to compliance with the following conditions:

(a) The retailer shall be reasonably satisfied that the withholding of the sugar supplied would result in fruit being wasted, and that after he has supplied such sugar, his remaining stocks will be sufficient to meet the ordinary requirements of his retail trade;

- (b) The sugar shall be supplied by and to the persons named, and up to the amount specified in an available permit issued under the Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918;(a) and shall be taken subject to the conditions applicable under such Order and permits issued thereunder.
- 2. The Food Controller also authorises any retailer who has supplied sugar under this licence to use a like amount of sugar thereafter issued to him under Clause 4 of the above-named Order for the purpose of his ordinary retail trade in accordance with the conditions of the Sugar (Rationing) Order, 1918.(b)

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

5th June, 1918.

(a) Sugar (Domestic Preserving) Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 590.

S. R. & O., No. 387 of 1918.

S. R. & O., No. 1352 of 1917.

⁽b) SUGAR (RATIONING) ORDER, 1918.—That Order, printed p. 502 of the April, 1918 Edition of this Manual, was revoked by Rationing Order, 1918, printed p.

THE SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 27TH JUNE, 1918.

1918. No. 773.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations

shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. Except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence Restriction. in writing granted by or under the authority of the Food Controller a person shall not on or after the 1st July, 1918, sell or offer to sell or deliver to a Brewer for sale, and a Brewer for sale shall not buy or offer to buy or take delivery of any article mentioned in Clause 1 of the Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, No. 1312

2. For the purposes of this Order the expression Brewer for sale shall have the same meaning as in the Customs and Revenue

Act, 1885.

3. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

4. This Order may be cited as the Sugar (Brewers Restriction) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

27th June, 1918.

RATIONING ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 17TH, 1918.

[This Order, printed in Group 14^A ("Rationing Schemes") (p. 522), prescribes Sugar to be a Rationed Food.]

DIRECTIONS FOR RETAILERS OF SUGAR, BUTTER AND MARGARINE, AND LARD AND THEIR CUSTOMERS, DATED 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 14^A ("Rationing Schemes ") (p. 542).]

DIRECTIONS RELATING TO THE AMOUNT OF RATIONED FOOD, DATED THE 29TH JULY, 1918, UNDER THE RATIONING ORDER, 1918.

[These Directions are printed in Group 144 ("Rationing Schemes ") (p. 546).]

S. R. & O., No. 1185 of 1917 as amended by of 1917. Interpretation.

Penalty.

Title.

⁽a) SUGAR (BREWERS RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 579.

18. Tea, Coffee, and Cocoa.

Cocoa-Butter (Provisional Prices) Order, 1918, p. 613.

Cocoa-Butter (Requisition) Order, 1918, p. 617.

Cocoa Powder Order, 1918, p. 610.

General Licence thereunder (Sales before June 1, 1918), p. 615.

Coffee (Retail Prices) Order, 1917, p. 604.

Food Control Committees (Local Distribution) Scheme Order, 1918, p. 614.

Foreign Holdings (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 609.

Importers (Returns) Order, 1918, p. 615.

Raw Cocoa (Prices) Order, 1918, p. 613. Tea (Distribution) Order, 1918, p. 608.

Directions thereunder (Charges for blending or packeting), p. 617.

Tea (Nett Weight) Order, 1917, p. 602.

Tea (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, p. 615. Tea (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, p. 603.

Tea (Provisional Prices) Order No. 2, 1917, p. 606.

General Licence thereunder (Green Teas in Bond), p. 609.

THE TEA (NETT WEIGHT) ORDER, 1917. DATED APRIL 5, 1917. 1917. No. 318.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Regulation 2r of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons con-

Tea to be sold nett weight.(a)

Any state-

ment as to

true nett weights.(a)

Exceptions

from

weight to be

1.—(a) On and after the 1st July 1917, all tea sold by retail, whether contained in a package or not, shall be sold by nett weight and in ounces or pounds or in multiples of ounces or pounds and not otherwise.

(b) This Article shall not apply to tea sold in a quantity of

less than 2 ounces.(a)

2. Where on or after the 1st July 1917 any package of tea or any wrapper, band or label on such package contains any statement as to weight, no person shall sell such package by retail or offer or have the same in his possession for sale by retail unless such statement is a true statement of the nett weight of the tea contained in such package. (2)

3. Articles 1 and 2 shall not apply to a package of tea proved to have been delivered to the retailer before the 15th May, 1917, and to be in the same state as it was when delivered to him.

4. On and after the 1st May 1917 no person shall place on any package of tea intended for sale or on any wrapper, band or label affixed thereto any statement as to weight which is not a true statement of the nett weight of the tea contained in such package.

Articles 1 and 2. Packers and Distributors.

⁽a) Weighing by Retailers of Packages.—As to the powers of an Inspectors of Weights and Measures, to require the weighing of a package of tea or its contents in his presence and to prosecute offences against this Order, see Order of June 11, 1917, printed in Part III., (p. 638), of this Manual.

5. The provisions of the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts relating Warranties. to warranties and invoices shall apply to any proceedings under Articles 1 and 2 of this Order in the same way as they apply to

proceedings under those Acts.(a)

6. If any person acts in contravention of this Order or aids or Penalty. abets any other person in doing anything in contravention of this Order that person is guilty of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and if such person is a company every director and officer of the company is also guilty of a summary offence against those regulations unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or consent.(b)

7. This Order may be cited as the Tea (Nett Weight) Order, Title of

1917.

Devonport, Food Controller.

5th April, 1917.

THE TEA (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED OCTOBER 17, 1917.(c)

1917. No. 1063.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. The "Tea Control Scheme" shall mean the scheme Interpreta-commonly known as "The 90 per cent. Tea Control, 1917."(d) tion. Class A Tea, Class B Tea and Class C Tea shall respectively mean such Teas as have been or may be so classified under that

scheme, whether as originally framed or as amended.

2. No Class A Tea, Class B Tea, or Class C Tea shall be sold Dealings in or disposed of at prices exceeding the prices permitted under the Tea Control Scheme or except in accordance with the provisions of such scheme.

Tea of classes A, B

and C.

(a) Provisions of Sale of Food and Drugs Acts as to Warranties and

(b) Liability of Directors, &c., of Company.—Reg. 48A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (printed in Part IX, 4 "Miscellaneous Provisions as to Offences," p. 433, of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual"), which was added to the Code since this Order was made, provides that directors and

officers shall be liable for offences by their corporation or company.

(c) Revocation of Order.—This Order which was amended by the Tea Provisional Prices) Order No. 2, 1917 (p. 606), was revoked by the Tea (Prices) Order, 1918 (p. 525 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual), so far as regards National Control Tea on Feb. 18, 1918, so far as regards other teas, in England and Wales on March 18, and in Scotland on April 1 (or locally in Great Britain on such later day as Food Control Committees may fix), and in Ireland on such later day as the Food Control Committee for Ireland may fix. The Tea (Prices) Order, 1918, was revoked by the Tea (Retail Prices) Order, 1918, printed p. 615.

(d) The 90% Tea Control, 1917.—By arrangement with the trade

30 per cent. of the total imports of tea from India and Ceylon is allocated to be sold to the public retail at 2s. 4d. per lb., 35 per cent. at 2s. 8d., and 25 per cent. at 3s. The balance of 10 per cent. consists of fine teas at above 3s. a lb.

Maximum Price for other Teas. 3.(a) No Tea other than Class A Tea, Class B Tea, and Class C Tea shall, after the 31st October, 1917, be sold or be delivered pursuant to any contract for sale made before that date at a price exceeding a price at the rate of 4s. per lb.

Provided that as respects sales in Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland(b) by the Food Controller may, subject to any directions of the Food Controller, vary such rate either generally or in any particular case or class of cases.

charge for

either generally or in any particular case or class of cases.

4. Where the purchaser requires Tea to be delivered to his

4. Where the purchaser requires Tea to be delivered to his premises, a reasonable additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding a charge at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any

reasonable sum actually paid by the seller for carriage.

Offer and fictitious Transactions.

Delivery.

5. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or make delivery of or knowingly buy or agree to buy or take delivery of any Tea at a price exceeding the price applicable under this Order, or in connection with a sale or disposition of Tea, enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

6. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

7. This Order may be cited as the Tea (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917.

Rhondda,
Food Controller.

17th October, 1917.

THE COFFEE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 1, 1917.(c)

1917. No. 1228.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. (a) No roasted or ground coffee may be sold by retail at a price exceeding the rate of 1s. 6d. per lb. and no raw coffee may be sold by retail at a price exceeding the rate of 1s. 4d. per lb.;

Provided that—

(i) a person may sell to a customer roasted or ground coffee at any rate not exceeding 2s. 6d. per lb., if at the

at any rate not exceeding 2s. 6d. per lb., if at the

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, printed in Part III (p. 649) of this Manual

Infringements.

Title.

Maximum prices. .

⁽a) REVOCATION OF CLAUSE 3.—Clause 3 was revoked "as on December 17th, 1917" by Clause 7 of the Tea (Provisional Prices) Order, No. 2, 1917, p. 606.

⁽c) Return of Raw Coffee.—The Retail Prices Order was followed by the Raw Coffee (Returns) Order, 1917, which provided for a return to the Food Controller giving particulars of all raw coffee in bond on December 31st, 1917. That Order (St. R. & O., 1917, No. 1305), is omitted from this Manual as now spent."

time of such sale there is exhibited in a conspicuous position in the place of a sale a notice to the effect that roasted or ground coffee is on sale at a rate not exceeding 1s. 6d. per lb. and if at the like time he is able and willing to sell to any customer to the extent of his reasonable requirements roasted or ground coffee at a rate in accordance with such notice; and

- (ii) a person may sell to a customer raw coffee at any rate not exceeding 2s. 4d. per lb. if at the time of such sale there is exhibited in a conspicuous position in the place of sale a notice to the effect that raw coffee is on sale at a rate not exceeding 1s. 4d. per lb. and if at the like time he is able and willing to sell to any customer to the extent of his reasonable requirements raw coffee at a rate in accordance with such notice.
- (b) No additional charge may be made for giving credit or for making delivery.
- 2. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale, or buy or Fictitious agree to buy any Coffee at prices exceeding the prices fixed by this Order or in connection with the sale or disposition of Coffee enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or artificial transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

transactions.

3. Where the Food Controller is of opinion that the price Contracts. payable under a contract for the sale of Coffee subsisting at the date when this Order comes into force is such that the Coffee cannot be sold by retail at the prices permitted by this Order, he may if he thinks fit cancel such contract or may modify the terms thereof in such manner as may appear to him to be just.

4. For the purpose of this Order, the expression "Coffee" shall Interpretainclude any mixture of which Coffee forms a part and commonly sold under the name of Coffee, but it shall not include Coffee essence or Coffee and Chicory essence or preparations of Coffee and milk.

5. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

6. (a) This Order may be cited as the Coffee (Retail Prices) Order, 1917.

Title and commencement of

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 10th December, Order. 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

1st December, 1917.

THE TEA (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, No. 2, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 14, 1917.(a)

1917. No. 1295.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned.

Interpretation.

- 1. The "Tea Control Scheme" shall mean the scheme commonly known as "The 90 per cent. Tea Control, 1917."(b) "Class C Tea" and "Class D Tea" shall respectively mean such teas as may have been or may be so classified under that scheme, whether as originally framed or as amended.
- "Controlled Tea" shall mean tea which has been or may be sold under the "Tea Control Scheme." "Uncontrolled Tea" shall mean tea which has not been sold under the "Tea Control Scheme."

Maximum prices.

- 2. (a) On and after the 17th December and until the 31st December, 1917, the maximum price on the occasion of any sale of Class D Tea or of Uncontrolled Tea, whether wholesale or retail, shall be at the rate of 4s. per lb. including import duty, or 3s. per lb. excluding such duty.
- (b) On and after the 31st December, 1917, the maximum price on the occasion of any sale of Class "D" Tea, whether wholesale or retail, shall be at the rate of 3s. 8d. per lb. including import duty, or 2s. 8d. per lb. excluding such duty. (c)
- (c) On and after the 31st December, 1917, the maximum price on the occasion of any sale of Uncontrolled Tea, whether wholesale or retail, shall be at the rate of 2s. 8d. per lb. including import duty, or 1s. 8d. per lb. excluding such duty.
- (d) On and after the 31st December, 1917, the maximum price on the occasion of any sale in Ireland of Class C Tea, whether wholesale or retail, shall be the maximum price for the time being in force under Sub-Clauses (a) and (b) of this Clause in relation to Class D Tea. Provided that as respects any sale of tea in Ireland the Food Control Committee appointed for Ireland by the Food Controller may, subject to any directions of the Food Controller, vary the maximum prices fixed by this Clause either generally or in any particular case or class of cases.

Order, 1917, p. 603.
(b) THE 90 PER CENT. TEA CONTROL, 1917.—See footnote (d) to the Tea

⁽a) REVOCATION OF ORDER - See footnote (c) to Tea (Provisional Prices)

⁽Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, p. 603.

(c) PRICE OF GREEN TEA.—By General Licence of March 8, 1918 (p. 609). the Controller authorised the sale for export of Green Teas in bond at prices exceeding these maxima.

3. The maximum prices fixed by this Order and by the Tea No extra (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917,(a) shall, as from the 17th charge for December, 1917, include all charges for chests or other packages, credit. and no extra charge shall be made therefor, or for giving credit.

4. Where the Purchaser requires tea to be delivered to his Charge for premises, a reasonable additional charge may be made for such delivery. delivery, not exceeding a charge at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. a lb. or any reasonable sum actually paid by the seller for carriage.

5. A person shall not on and after the 15th January, 1918, Mixtures of sell or offer or expose for sale, (a) any controlled tea which has Tea. been mixed with uncontrolled tea or (b) any mixture of different classes of controlled tea at a price exceeding the maximum price of tea of that class included in the mixture which has the lowest maximum price.

6. A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or know- Offer and ingly buy or agree to buy any tea at a price exceeding the price conditions. applicable under this Order, or in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any tea enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

7. Clause 3 of the Tea (Provisional Prices) Order, 1917, (a) is Revocation. hereby revoked as on the 17th December, 1917, but without prejudice to any proceedings in respect of any contravention thereof.

- 8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
 - 9. This Order may be cited as the Tea (Provisional Prices) Title. Order No. 2, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour,

Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th December, 1917.

⁽a) TEA (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 603. As to the extent to which it is revoked see footnote (c) thereto.

THE TEA (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 14, 1918.

1918. No. 193.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

Interpreta-

1. For the purpose of this Order, National Control Tea shall mean all Indian or Ceylon Tea which may after the 17th February, 1918, be sold by wholesale on account of the Food Controller in whatever hands such tea may be.

Form of application may be prescribed.

- 2. (a) The Food Controller may from time to time prescribe forms of application and other documents to be used for the purpose of obtaining or for any other purpose connected with National Control Tea. Any such form or document may contain directions to be observed as to the completion of the form or any other matter.
- (b) The Food Controller may from time to time issue directions relating to the distribution, treatment, blending, sale, disposal or use of any National Control Tea, or as to the price and terms upon which any such Tea may be sold or otherwise disposed of. (a)

Completion of Forms.

3. All persons concerned shall in the completion of such form or document and in the distribution, treatment, blending, sale, disposal and use of any National Control Tea comply with the instructions and directions relative thereto for the time being in force.

Records.

4. A person dealing in National Control Tea shall keep or cause to be kept at some convenient place such records as to Tea dealt in and such other matters as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe together with all relevant documents and accounts, and shall comply with any directions given by or under the authority of the Food Controller as to the form and contents of such records, and shall make such returns and furnish such particulars relating to his dealings in Tea as the Food Controller may from time to time require, and shall permit any person authorised by the Food Controller to inspect the records to be kept under this Clause and all relevant books, documents and accounts.

False Statements. 5. A person shall not—

- (a) make or knowingly connive at the making of any false or misleading statement in any application or other document prescribed pursuant to this Order, or used for the purpose of obtaining or for any other purpose connected with, National Control Tea;
- (b) forge, alter or tamper with any such application or other document:

⁽a) DIRECTIONS, DATED MAY 4, 1918.—These directions printed p. 617, refer to the authorised charges in relation to the blending or packeting of National Control Tea.

(c) personate or falsely represent himself to be a person to whom any such application or other document applies;

(d) obtain National Control Tea where any statement made on the relative application is false in any material particular, or deliver National Control Tea under any such application where he has reason to believe that any statement in such application is false in a material particular.

6. Any form of application or other document purporting to Prescribed be prescribed or any direction purporting to be given pursuant form and to this Order, or headed Tea (Distribution) Order, 1918, shall unless the contrary be proved be deemed to be prescribed or given pursuant to this Order.

documents.

- 7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty. the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 8. This Order may be cited as the Tea (Distribution) Order, Title. 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th February, 1918.

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED MARCH 8, 1918. UNDER THE TEA (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER No. 2, 1917.(a)

1918. No. 282.

The Food Controller hereby authorises, until further notice, S. R. & O., the sale for export of green teas in bond at prices exceeding the No. 1295 of maximum price fixed by Clause 2 (c) of the above-mentioned 1917. Order.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

8th March, 1918.

THE FOREIGN HOLDINGS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 8, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 7A ("Foreign Holdings of Food ") (p. 250), requires returns of tea, coffee, cocoa, etc., held to foreign account.]

⁽a) TEA (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER No. 2, 1917 — That Order is printed p. 606.

THE COCOA POWDER ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 19, 1918.

1918. No. 341.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

PART I.

Manufacture and Sale of Cocoa Powder.

General restriction.

1. No person shall manufacture cocoa powder except such cocoa powder as contains

(a) not more than 5 per cent. of cocoa bean shell; and

(b) not less than $22\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. and not more than 30 per cent. of cocoa butter.

Sales by manufacturer.

2. Except as provided by Clause 3 of this Order, no manufacturer shall sell any such cocoa powder save as Grade B cocoa powder and in accordance with the following provisions:—

(a) The cocoa powder shall be invoiced as Grade B cocoa

powder; and

(b) The cocoa powder shall be packed in barrels or cases;
Provided that the manufacturer may at the request
of the purchaser pack the cocoa powder in cartons
bearing the words "Grade B Cocoa Powder."

Grade A cocoa powder.

3. A manufacturer may sell as Grade A cocoa powder any cocoa powder which contains not more than 2 per cent. of cocoa bean shell: Provided that

(a) Not more than 60 per cent. of the cocoa powder sold by him in any month may be sold as Grade A cocoa

powder; and

(b) The cocoa powder shall when sold by him be either—

(i) packed in cartons and sold under the manufacturer's name or trade mark; or

(ii) sold to a person duly authorised by the Food Controller to purchase Grade A cocoa powder not packed in cartons.

Records.

- 4. Every manufacturer of cocoa powder shall keep accurate records containing such particulars as are necessary to show whether or not he is complying with the provisions of this Order, and shall within 7 days of the end of each month forward to the Secretary, Ministry of Food, Palace Chambers, Westminster, London, S.W.1, a return showing as respects the preceding month:—
 - (a) the total amount of cocoa powder manufactured; and
 - (b) the amount of cocoa powder sold as Grade B cocoa powder, and the amount sold as Grade A cocoa powder; and shall make such other returns as to his manufacture of and dealings in cocoa powder as may from time to time be required.

PART II.

Maximum Prices.

5. No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or General offer to buy any cocoa powder at prices exceeding the maximum prices permitted by this Order.

6. (a) On the occasion of any sale of Grade B cocoa powder, other than a sale by retail, the maximum price shall be at the rate of 196s. per cwt.

Sales by wholesale of Grade B powder.

(b) The maximum price is fixed on the basis of the following terms and conditions being applicable to the transaction:

(i) delivery is to be made at the seller's expense to the buyer's railway station,

(ii) the cocoa powder is to be packed free of charge in nonreturnable cases or barrels provided by the seller,

(iii) payment is to be made within one month of the date of the contract subject to discount for payment within that period of 1½ per cent.

- (c) Where the cocoa powder is sold on terms or conditions other than the terms and conditions stated in the foregoing part of this clause, a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price; and in particular, if the seller at the request of the buyer packs the cocoa powder in cartons, he may add to the maximum price permitted by this clause a further sum at a rate not exceeding 37s. 4d. per cwt.
- 7. (a) On the occasion of any sale of Grade A cocoa powder Sales by other than a sale by retail, the maximum price shall be at the wholesale of rate of 2s. 8d. per lb.

Grade A cocoa.

- (b) The maximum price is fixed on the basis of the follow- powder. ing terms and conditions being applicable to the transaction:
 - (i) delivery is to be made at the seller's expense to the buyer's railway station.

(ii) the cocoa powder is to be packed free of charge in nonreturnable cartons provided by the sellers.

- (iii) payment is to be made within one month of the date of the contract subject to discount for payment within that period of 14 per cent.
- (c) Where the cocoa powder is sold on terms or conditions other than the terms and conditions stated in the foregoing part of this clause, a corresponding adjustment shall be made in the maximum price.
- 8. On the occasion of a sale by retail of Grade B cocoa powder, Sales by the maximum price shall be at the rate of 2s. 2d. per lb.; Provided that if the powder is sold packed in cartons, the maximum price shall be at the rate of 2s. 6d. per lb.
- 9. On the occasion of a sale by retail of Grade A cocoa powder, the maximum price shall be at the rate of 3s. 2d. per lb.

retail of Grade B cocoa powder. Sales by retail of Grade A

cocoa powder. Delivery packages and credit.

10. Where the purchaser on the occasion of a sale by retail requires cocoa powder to be delivered to his premises, an additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding \frac{1}{2}d. per lb. or any sum actually paid by the seller for carriage. No charge may be made for packing or packages or for giving credit.

Labels on Grade B cocoa powder.

11. No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale by retail any Grade B cocoa powder packed in cartons unless such cartons bear a label to the effect that the cocoa powder contained therein is Grade B cocoa powder, and that the price must not exceed 2s. 6d. per lb.

Labels on Grade A cocoa powder.

12. No person shall sell or offer or expose for sale by retail Grade A cocoa powder except in accordance with the following provisions:-

(a) The cocoa powder shall be packed in cartons;

(b) To each carton shall be attached a label to the effect that the cocoa powder contained therein is Grade A

cocoa powder.

Sales by retail of other cocoa powder. Maximum price.

13. On and after the 22nd April, 1918, on the occasion of a sale by retail of any cocoa powder other than Grade A cocoa powder, the maximum price shall be at the same rate as that applicable to Grade B cocoa powder.

PART III.

General.

Cocoa shell.

14. (a) No person shall on or after the 8th April, 1918, sell or offer or expose for sale or buy or offer to buy by retail any cocoa shell or any mixture, other than chocolate, which contains more than 5 per cent. cocoa shell at a price exceeding 6d. per lb.

(b) Where the purchaser on the occasion of a sale by retail requires any article to which this clause applies to be delivered to his premises, an additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. or any sum actually paid by the seller for carriage, but no charge may be made for packing or packages or for giving credit.

Fictitious transactions.

15. No person shall in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any cocoa powder, or other article to which this Order applies, enter or offer to enter into any fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Penalties. Title and

commence-

ment.

16. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against

the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

17. (a) This Order may be cited as the Cocoa Powder Order, 1918.

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 8th April, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th March, 1918.

THE COCOA-BUTTER (PROVISIONAL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED March 19, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 11 (" Milk, Butter and Cheese ") (p. 413), fixes the maximum wholesale and retail prices of cocoa-butter.]

THE RAW COCOA (PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 19, 1918.(a)

> 1918. No. 342.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. No person shall sell or buy or offer to sell or buy any raw cocoa except in accordance with the following provisions:-

Restriction on Sales.

(a) The price shall not exceed the fair value ascertained as hereinafter provided, and

(b) The contract shall be in writing and in a form approved

by the Food Controller.

2. For the purpose of ascertaining the fair value, the raw Fair Value. cocoa shall be graded by a person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller, and the fair value shall be ascertained by him on the basis of such grading in accordance with general directions to be issued from time to time by the Food Controller. The determination of such a person shall be conclusive as to the fair value.

3. The person so grading shall issue a grading certificate Dealings in specifying the fair value for each parcel in respect of which a Grading certificate is issued. The grading certificate issued in respect of Certificates. all raw cocoa sold shall be attached to the contract by the seller prior to delivery of the cocoa, provided that where a parcel of cocoa has been graded and is sold in more than one lot, a copy of the grading certificate certified under the authority of the Food Controller shall be attached to the contract instead of the original grading certificate.

4. (a) Where at the date of sale, the raw cocoa is outside the United Kingdom, the sale shall be on the terms that such raw cocoa is to be graded upon arrival in the United Kingdom, and the fair value and limit of price shall be determined accordingly.

Time of

(b) Where at the date of sale the raw cocoa is in the United Kingdom, no sale shall be made thereof unless the fair value has been ascertained in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

preceded by the Raw Cocoa (Returns) Order, 1918, was preceded by the Raw Cocoa (Returns) Order, 1918, which provided for a return to the Food Controller giving particulars of all raw cocoa in bond on January 22nd, 1918. That Order which is printed p. 329 of the January, 1918, Edition of the Food Controller's Orders, is omitted from this Manual as now "speut."

Fictitious transactions.

5. No person shall in connection with a sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any raw cocoa enter or offer to enter into any fictitious or unreasonable transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

Records.

6. Every person dealing in raw cocoa shall keep such records of raw cocoa bought and sold, prices paid and charged, and the names of buyers and sellers and such other particulars as are necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the provisions of this Order are being complied with, and shall make such returns as to his dealings in raw cocoa as may be required by or under the authority of the Food Controller. All such records shall be open to the inspection of any person authorised by the Food Controller.

Exception.

- 7. This Order shall not apply to—
 - (a) any purchase of raw cocoa where the cocoa is not in the United Kingdom and also is neither bought for delivery in the United Kingdom nor otherwise intended to be consigned to the United Kingdom; or
 - (b) any purchase by a manufacturer of cocoa powder when both the seller and any agent employed on behalf of the seller are resident outside the British Islands; or
 - (c) such other purchases as the Food Controller may from time to time determine.

Infringements. 8. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Title.

- 9. (a) This Order may be cited as the Raw Cocoa (Prices) Order, 1918.
 - (b) This Order shall come into force on the 2nd April, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, .
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

19th March, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (LOCAL DISTRIBUTION) SCHEME ORDER, 1918. DATED MARCH 21, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 9A ("Local Distribution and Requisitioning") (p. 283), provides for the local distribution by certain Committees of tea. (This Order is revoked so far as it relates to butter, margarine and lard by the Rationing Order, 1918, printed p. 522.)]

GENERAL LICENCE, DATED APRIL 17, 1918, UNDER THE COCOA POWDER ORDER, 1918.(a)

> 1918. No. 447.

The Food Controller hereby authorises until 1st June, 1918, a person who has bought before 8th April, 1918, (a) any pure cocoa powder containing more than 5 per cent. of cocoa shell, or (b) any cocoa powder mixture containing not more than 15 per cent. of cocoa shell, to sell such pure cocoa powder, or such cocoa powder mixture by retail at a price not exceeding the maximum price and subject to the terms and conditions applicable on a sale by retail of Grade B Cocoa Powder under the Cocoa Powder Order, 1918.(a) Provided that in any proceedings the burden of proving that such article was bought before 8th April, 1918, shall 1918 rest on the person selling under this licence, and that in no case shall the person purchasing from him be concerned therewith.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge, Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

17th April, 1918.

THE IMPORTERS (RETURNS) ORDER, 1918. DATED APRIL 27, 1918.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 8A ("Importers' Returns ") (p. 255), requires returns to be made of imported cocoa and coffee.]

THE TEA (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. DATED THE 4TH MAY, 1918.

1918. No. 506.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:-

1. For the purposes of this Order, the expression "National Interpreta-Control Tea" shall mean all Indian or Ceylon Tea which after tion the 17th February, 1918, may have been or may be sold by wholesale on account of the Food Controller in whatever hands such tea may be.

⁽a) COCOA POWDER ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 610.

The expression "Institution" shall mean a public or private hospital, sanatorium, convalescent or nursing home, workhouse, infirmary, asylum, corporation or company not established for purposes of trading or profit, a religious or charitable community, a residential school or college and a canteen.

Retail price for tea.

- 2. (a) The price on the occasion of any retail sale of Tea, shall be at such rate as the Food Controller may from time to time prescribe by notice under this Order either generally or for any class of tea.
- (b) Until further notice the price for every class of tea shall be at the rate of 2s. 8d. per lb. provided that where Tea is sold to an institution at one sale in a quantity of not less than 20 lbs. to be delivered in any one month, the price shall be at the rate of 2s. 6d. per lb. with an addition at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb. if the Tea is blended or if the original import packages have been broken. (a)

Delivering packages and credit.

3. Where the purchaser, on the occasion of a retail sale, requires Tea to be delivered to his premises, a reasonable additional charge may be made for such delivery not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}d$. per lb., or any reasonable sum actually paid by the seller for carriage; but no charge may be made for packages or for giving credit.

Mixing.

4. A person shall not mix any National Control Tea with any other Tea or knowingly sell or offer or expose for sale any mixture of National Control Tea with other Tea.

Offers, &c.

5. A person shall not on the occasion of any retail sale sell or offer or expose for sale or knowingly buy or agree to buy any Tea at any price other than the price for the time being prescribed by or under this Order and a person shall not in connection with the sale or disposition or proposed sale or disposition of any Tea enter or offer to enter into any artificial or fictitious transaction or make or demand any unreasonable charge.

6. The Tea (Prices) Order, 1918, (b) is hereby revoked as on the 6th day of May, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings

in respect of any previous contravention thereof.

1918. Infringements.

Title.

Revocation. S. R. & O.,

No. 194 of

7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

8. This Order may be cited as the Tea (Retail Prices) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food

4th May, 1918.

⁽a) DIRECTIONS, DATED MAY 4, 1918.—These directions printed p. 617, refer to charges in respect of blending and packeting National Control Tea.
(b) Tea (Prices) Order, 1918.—That Order was printed p. 525 of the April, 1918, Edition of this Manual.

DIRECTIONS, DATED MAY 4, 1918, UNDER THE TEA (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918,(a) RELATING TO NATIONAL CONTROL TEA.

1918. No. 507.

In exercise of the powers reserved to him by the above Order S. R. & O. the Food Controller hereby orders that all directions given by No. 193 of him under the above Order shall take effect as if the maximum prices were fixed prices, and that no person shall render any services in relation to the blending or packeting of Tea without making the authorised charges for the services so rendered.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

4th May, 1918.

COCOA BUTTER (REQUISITION) ORDER, 1918. DATED MAY 21, 1918.

[This Order, printed p. 424, in Group 11 ("Milk, Butter and Cheese") provides that all Cocoa Butter shall be placed at the disposal of the Food Controller.

⁽a) TEA (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.—This Order is printed p. 608.

18^{A.} Waste of Foodstuffs.

Barley (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 618. Egg (Restriction) Order, 1918, p. 618. Waste of Foodstuffs Order, 1918, p. 618. Wheat, Rye and Rice (Restriction) Order, 1917, p. 618.

THE WHEAT, RYE AND RICE (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED APRIL 20, 1917.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals"), p. 97, prohibits the waste of any flour, or article containing flour, made from wheat, rye or rice.]

THE BARLEY (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1917. DATED AUGUST 15, 1917.

1917. No. 821.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 3 ("Bread, Flour and Cereals") (p. 108), prohibits the damaging, etc., of barley or barley flour.]

THE EGG (RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 15, 1918.

1918. No. 200.

[This Order, which is printed in Group 10 ("Meat, Cattle and Eggs") (p. 321), prohibits the waste of eggs or egg products.]

THE WASTE OF FOODSTUFFS ORDER, 1918. DATED FEBRUARY 21, 1918.

1918. No. 212.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that, except under the authority of the Food Controller, the following regulations shall be observed by all persons concerned:—

1. A person shall not waste any foodstuff or cause or permit

any foodstuff to be wasted.

2. For the purpose of this Order, foodstuff is wasted:

(a) Whenever the foodstuff, being fit for use in human food, is wilfully or negligently damaged or is thrown away; or

Waste of foodstuffs.

Meaning of "Waste."

(b) whenever any person having the control or custody of the foodstuff omits to take any precaution which ought reasonably to be taken for its preservation; or

(c) whenever a person procures for any purpose a greater quantity of foodstuff than is reasonably required for such purpose, and any part of such foodstuff becomes unfit for human food; or

(d) whenever any person having the disposal of the foodstuff unreasonably retains the same undisposed of until the

same becomes unfit for human food.

3. For the purposes of this Order every person having control Persons of the foodstuff in any house, shop, warehouse, or other place in responsible. which any foodstuff is wasted by the act or default of any person employed in or about the house, shop, warehouse, or other place shall be deemed to have caused such waste, unless he shall have taken reasonable steps to prevent such waste.

4. A Trader shall not be deemed to have caused waste of any Trade foodstuffs obtained for the purpose of his business which becomes Waste. unfit for human food without any want of due care on the part of himself, his servants or agents, if it is proved that he has been ready and willing at all times to sell such foodstuffs at reasonable prices and that he could not reasonably have made such foodstuffs available for human food otherwise than by way of sale in his business.

5. Any person specially authorised in writing by the Food Powers of Controller may enter upon any premises in which he has reason to entry. believe that any foodstuff is being wasted and carry out such inspection and examination of the premises and take such samples as he shall think fit.

6. For the purpose of this Order:— The expression "food stuff" shall mean any article which tion. is used for food by man, or which ordinarily enters into the composition or preparation of human food.

Interpreta-

- 7. Infringements of this Order are summary offences against Penalty, the Defence of the Realm Regulations.
- 8. (a) This Order may be cited as the Waste of Food Stuffs Title and Order, 1918.

Commencement of

(b) This Order shall come into force on the 25th February, Order. 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

21st February, 1918.

PART III.

CONSTITUTION, PROCEDURE, AND ACCOUNTS OF FOOD CONTROL COM-MITTEES AND ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS AND PROSECUTIONS.

ORDERS OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER UNDER DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS NOW,

JULY 31st, 1918,

IN FORCE, OR COMING INTO FORCE,

AND ORDERS OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS ANCILLARY THERETO.

EDITORIAL NOTE.

- This Part of this Manual is confined to the Orders relating to the Constitution, Procedure, Accounts, &c., of Food Control Committees, and the powers as to Enforcement of, and of Prosecuting under, the Controller's Orders.
- This Part of this Manual is divided into three sections relating to England and Wales, Scotland, and Ireland respectively, and these are again sub-divided so as to bring together first what relates to the constitution, &c., of the Committees, and secondly the powers as to enforcement, &c., of Orders.
- Following the plan adopted in Part II of this Manual each sub-group of Orders is preceded by a list of the Orders falling thereunder arranged in their alphabetical sequence: in the text the sequence of each such sub-group is that of their date of issue.

England and Wales, p. 621.
 Scotland, p. 643.
 Ireland, p. 648.

1.—England and Wales; Committees; Enforcements, &c.

- (a) Constitution, &c., of Com- | (b) Enforcement of Orders and interes, p. 621. Prosecutions, p. 638.
 - (a) Constitution, &c., of Food Control Committees.

Committees (Disqualification for Membership) Order, 1918, p. 628.

Food Control Committees (Audit of Accounts) Order, 1917,

p. 627.

Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, p. 621. Food Control Committees (Financial Statement, &c.), Order, 1918, p. 629.

Food Control Committees (Term of Office) Amendment Order,

1918, p. 637.

Joint Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1918, p. 634.

Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 625.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917, DATED AUGUST 22, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.(a)

1917. No. 869.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby Orders as follows:—

1. There shall be a Food Control Committee appointed for the district of every Local Authority and such Committee shall

be appointed by the Local Authority(b):

Provided that a Local Authority may combine with any other Local Authority or Authorities in appointing a Food Control Committee and in assigning to such Committee the whole or such parts of the districts of the constituent Local Authorities as they may determine.

A person appointed to be a member of the Committee need not be a member of the Authority by which he is appointed. At least one member of every Committee shall be a woman, and

at least one other member a representative of labour.

(a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Joint Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1918, printed p. 634, authorises, subject to the consent of the Food Controller, the appointment by two or more Local Authorities, of a Joint Food Control Committee, and provides for the constitution, powers and duties of the Joint Committee.

(b) LOCAL AUTHORITY.—The definition of "local authority" contained in Art. 22 of this Order is identical with that in all the other Orders relating to England and Wales and comprised in this Part of the Manual. See footnote

(a), p. 624, which gives detail as to the Authorities and their Districts.

2. The Food Control Committee shall, except in such cases as the Food Controller may otherwise determine, consist of such number of persons not being more than 12 as the appointing Authority may determine.

3. The Clerk of the appointing Authority shall notify the Food Controller of the names and addresses of the persons appointed

as members of the Food Control Committee.

4. The term of office of a person appointed to be a member of a Food Control Committee shall be one year, (a) and any person on ceasing to be a member of a Committee may be re-appointed: provided that—

(a) If a person so appointed is a member of the appointing Authority, he shall cease to be a member of the Committee if he ceases to be a member of that Authority;

and

(b) A member of the Committee may resign by sending to the Clerk of the appointing Authority notice of his desire so to do; and

(c) A member whose office expires by effluxion of time, shall continue to hold office until his successor is appointed;

and

- (d) The appointing Authority may if they think fit at any time remove any member of the Committee and appoint another person to be a member of the Committee in his place.
- 5. If any vacancy occurs in a Food Control Committee by death, resignation or otherwise, the appointing Authority shall as soon as possible fill up the vacancy.
- 6. A Food Control Committee may subject to the provisions of this Order meet together for the despatch of business adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- 7. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of a Food Control Committee may be determined by the Committee provided that in no case shall the quorum be less than three.
- 8. A Food Control Committee shall appoint some member of their body to be their Chairman, and the person so appointed shall, if he so long remain a member of the Committee, hold office as Chairman for such period as may be specified in the resolution of the Committee by which he is so appointed or until he resign the office. In the absence of the Chairman from any meeting the Committee may appoint some member of the Committee to act as Chairman at that meeting.
- 9. Every question at a meeting of a Food Control Committee shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the members of the Committee present and voting on the question, and, in case of equal division of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

⁽a) AMENDMENT OF ORDER.—The Food Control Committees (Term of Office) Order, 1918, printed p. 637, provides that the period of term of office shall terminate at November 9th, 1918, in the case of all appointments already made, and to be made before that date. This provision applies also to appointments to Joint Food Control Committees.

- 10. The proceedings of a Food Control Committee shall not be invalidated by any vacancy in their number or by any defect in the appointment of any member of the Committee or of the Chairman.
- 11. A Food Control Committee shall make to the appointing Authority or Authorities such reports as to their acts and proceedings as such Authority or Authorities may require, but no act direction or decision of a Food Control Committee shall require confirmation by any such Authority.
- 12. A Food Control Committee shall appoint such officers to hold office during the pleasure of the Committee as they shall think fit, but no salary shall be payable to any officer during such time as he is a member of the Committee or of any Authority appointing any member of the Committee or of any Sub-Committee appointed by the Committee.
- 13. A Food Control Committee may appoint such and so many Sub-Committees consisting wholly or partly of the members of the Committee as the Committee think fit, and except so far as the Food Controller may direct a Committee may delegate subject to such conditions as they may think fit to any such Sub-Committee any powers and duties of the Committee, and any such delegation may be for the whole or part of the area for which the Committee acts.
- 14. Where a Committee delegates any of its powers or duties to a Sub-Committee the following provisions shall have effect:—

(a) So far as is practicable at least one member of the Sub-Committee shall be a woman and at least one other

member a representative of labour.

(b) The Committee shall send notice of the appointment of the Sub-Committee to the Food Controller, and the notice so sent shall specify the area for which the Sub-Committee is appointed to act, and shall state which of the powers and duties of the Committee have been delegated to the Sub-Committee.

(c) The provisions of this Order relating to the Chairman and proceedings of a Committee shall apply to a Sub-Committee as they apply to a Committee with the

necessary modifications.

- 15. If any difficulty arises with respect to the constitution of a Food Control Committee or otherwise in relation to the operation of this Order, the Food Controller may make any appointment, and do anything which appears to him necessary or expedient for the establishment of such a Committee or otherwise for securing the full operation of this Order and of any subsequent Order relating to the constitution, powers and duties of Food Control Committees.
- 16. The powers and duties of a Food Control Committee shall be such as are from time to time assigned to them by the Food Controller and the Committee shall in the exercise of those powers and the performance of those duties comply with such directions as may be given by the Food Controller from time to time.

17. A Food Control Committee shall furnish such reports, returns and information as may from time to time be required by

or on behalf of the Food Controller.

18. Powers and duties conferred or imposed on a Food Control Committee by the Food Controller shall, unless otherwise expressed, be exercisable and shall operate within and in relation to the area for which such Committee acts.

19.—(i) Any direction or decision of a Food Control Committee given under any power conferred by the Food Controller may be proved;

(a) by the production of a newspaper purporting to contain a copy of the direction or decision as an advertise-

ment, or,

(b) by the production of a copy of the direction or decision purporting to be certified as a true copy by the Chairman of the Committee or by some person authorised by the Committee in that behalf.

(ii) A direction, or decision, so proved shall be taken to have

been duly given, unless and until the contrary is proved.

20. A Food Control Committee shall expend only such monies as are authorised generally or specially by the Food Controller and such further monies as may be authorised by the appointing Authority or Authorities, and the expenses of the Food Control Committee shall be payable in the first instance by the appointing Authority or Authorities, and so far as not repaid by the Food Controller shall be borne by such Authority or Authorities.

21. A Committee appointed after the 27th July, 1917, by a Local Authority or Authorities as a Food Control Committee, shall, if the Committee conform as to membership with the provisions of this Order, be deemed to have been

appointed pursuant to this Order.

22. In the application of this Order to England and Wales the expression "Local Authority" shall mean the Common Council of the City of London and the Councils of Metropolitan and Municipal Boroughs and of urban and rural districts and the Council of the Isles of Scilly.(a)

(a) Local Authorities in England and Wales and their Districts.— The Common Council, to whom the whole of the powers of the former Commissioners of Sewers were transferred by 60 & 61 Vict., c. cxxxiii.,

are now the Public Health authority for the city.

The Council of the Isles of Scilly, which was established by 53 & 54 Vict., c. clxxvi. (confirming an Order of the Local Government Board), has amougst other powers those of a Rural District Council.

There are 28 Metropolitan Borough Councils constituted by Orders in Council (S. R. & O., 1900, Nos. 380-407) under the London Government Act, 1899 (62 & 63 Vict., c. 14), the borough areas comprising the whole administrative county of London except the city. Many of the municipal boroughs and urban districts are now co-terminous with a single parish: the rural districts comprise groups of parishes and as originally constituted, and still in certain cases, are co-terminous with a poor law union—minus the boroughs or other urban districts within the union. A statement showing what parishes were on April 1st, 1915, within the district of each borough, urban, or rural district council ("Statement of the County Boroughs, &c., in England and Wales") is published by H.M. Stationery Office.

23. In the application of this Order to Scotland, the expression

"Local Authority" shall mean:

(i) in each County a Joint Committee of the County Council and the Town Councils of the Royal, Parliamentary and Police Burghs within the County with a population, according to the 1911 Census, not exceeding 5,000, provided that the Town Council of any other Royal, Parliamentary or Police Burgh may, if it so decides, agree to join the Joint Committee;

(ii) in all other Royal, Parliamentary or Police

Burghs, the Town Council.(a)

24. (a) This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland. (b)

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour, Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

22nd August, 1917.

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 2), 1917, DATED AUGUST 22, 1917, MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

1917. No. 887.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled;—

To the Councils of the several Metropolitan Boroughs, Municipal Boroughs, and other Urban Districts in England and Wales;-

To the Councils of the several Rural Districts in England

and Wales;—

To the Council of the Isles of Scilly: And to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by Regulation numbered 21 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations(c) it is among other things provided that We, the Local Government Board, may, by arrangement with the Food Controller, confer and impose on any local authorities and their officers any powers and duties in connection with the enforcement of certain of the Defence of the Realm Regulations,

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—For Ireland there is one general Food Control Committee, see the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, p. 649.

(c) Defence of the Realm Regulations.—Reg. 2j is printed in Part I

of this Manual, p. 12.

⁽a) LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN SCOTLAND AND THEIR DISTRICTS.—A statement showing what parishes are within the district of each local authority forms the Parl. Paper 1915 [7992]. Since the date of that Return, Findochty has been "declared to be a burgh."

and any powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge of any functions assigned to local authorities by any Order made by the Food Controller under the said Regulations;

And whereas the Food Controller has, in pursuance of the said Regulations, made the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917(a):

Now therefore, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, and by arrangement with the Food Controller, We hereby Order as follows:—

ARTICLE I.—In these Regulations, unless the contrary inten-

tion appears: -

(a) The expression "Local Authority" means, as the case may be, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London in Common Council assembled, the Council of a Metropolitan Borough, the Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District, the Council of a Rural District, or the Council of the Isles of Scilly(b);

(b) The expression "District" means the District subject to the jurisdiction of the Local Authority for the purposes of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, or of the Public Health Act, 1875, as the case may be.

(c) The expression "Food Control Committee" means a Food Control Committee appointed pursuant to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

ARTICLE II.—We hereby confer and impose upon the Local Authority and upon such of their officers as they may designate or appoint for the purpose the powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge within their District, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, of the functions assigned to Local Authorities by the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)

ARTICLE III.—A Local Authority may lend without charge to any Food Control Committee wholly or partly appointed by them, for the purposes of the powers and duties of the Committee, and for such period as the Local Authority may from time to time determine, any premises which the Local Authority may have available, and the services of any of the officers and servants of the Local Authority.

ARTICLE IV.—(1) Any expenses incurred by a Local Authority in the execution of this Order shall be defrayed in like manner as if the expenses had been incurred in the execution of the

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

⁽b) Local Authority.—The definition contained in Art. I is identical with that in all the other Orders relating to England and Wales and comprised in this Part of this Manual. See footnote (a), p. 624, which gives details as to the Authorities and their Districts.

Public Health Act, 1875, or the Public Health (London) Act,

1891, as the case may be.(a)

(2) Where two or more Local Authorities have concurred in the appointment of a Food Control Committee, any expenses incurred by those Local Authorities under this Order shall be defrayed in such proportions as may be agreed upon, or in default of agreement as may be determined by the Local Government Board

ARTICLE V.—This Order may be cited as Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 2), 1917."

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this Twenty-second day of August, in the year One thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

(L.S.)

W. Hayes Fisher,

President.

H. C. Monro, Secretary.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS) ORDER, 1917, DATED DECEMBER 14, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

1917. No. 1298.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller, in pursuance of an arrangement made with the Local Government Board and the Secretary for Scotland, hereby orders as follows:—

1. (a) The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of Food Control Committees appointed by Local Authorities in England and Wales in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(b) (hereinafter referred to as the Order) shall be made up yearly to the thirty-first day of March, the first account being made up to the 31st March, 1918.

(b) The said accounts shall be audited by a district auditor, and the enactments relating to audit by district auditors of accounts of urban district councils and their officers, and to all matters incidental thereto and consequential thereon, shall apply to the

audit of the said accounts.(c)

Order is printed, p. 621.

⁽a) Expenses in Execution of Order.—For enactments referred to see official "Index to Statutes in Force" (1916 Edit.), sub voc. "District Council, England, 3 (Financial Provisions)"; "London County", 2 (f) (3).

(b) Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.—That

⁽c) ENACTMENTS AS TO AUDIT BY DISTRICT AUDITORS .- See the District Auditors Act, 1879 (42 & 43 Vict. c. 6.), and s. 14 of the Local Government (Emergency Provisions) Act, 1916 (6 & 7 Geo. 5. c. 12).

2. The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of Food Control Committees appointed by Local Authorities in Scotland in pursuance of the Order shall be made up yearly to the thirty-first day of March, the first account being made up to the 31st

March, 1918, and the said accounts shall be audited:-

(a) In the case of the accounts of a Food Control Committee appointed by the Joint Committee of the County Council and the Town Councils of the Royal, Parliamentary and Police Burghs within the County for the purpose of the Order, by the Auditor appointed by the Secretary for Scotland to audit the accounts of the County Council concerned(a); and

(b) In the case of the accounts of a Food Control Committee appointed by a Town Council, by the Auditor of the accounts relating to the Public Health General Assess-

ment levied by the Town Council.(b)

3. This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees (Audit of Accounts) Order, 1917.

By Order of the Food Controller.

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

14th December, 1917.

THE COMMITTEES (DISQUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP) ORDER, 1918, DATED JANUARY 2, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.(c)

1918. No. 2.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders that except under the authority of the Food Controller the following regu-

lations shall be observed by all persons concerned:

1. Where a person has on or before the date of this Order been convicted or is after the date of this Order convicted of a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations(d) by reason of any contravention of any Order of the Food Controller or by reason of any act done by him in connection with any act prohibited by any such Order, he shall be disqualified to be appointed a member of any Food Committee or of any Feeding Stuffs Committee or any sub-committee appointed by

(b) AUDIT OF BOROUGH ACCOUNTS.—See s. 94 of the Town Councils (S.)

Act, 1900 (63 & 64, Vict. c. 49).

(d) SUMMARY OFFENCE AGAINST THE REGULATIONS. - See Introductory Note

to this Manual.

Disqualification for membership.

⁽a) AUDIT OF SCOTTISH COUNTY COUNCIL ACCOUNTS.—See s. 69 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1889 (52 & 53 Vict. c. 50).

⁽c) APPLICATION OF THE ORDER TO JOINT COMMITTEES.—The provisions of this Order were applied to appointments to Joint Committees by the Joint Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1918, printed at p. 634.

any such Committee; and if he be a member of any such Committee or sub-committee, he shall immediately after the date of this Order or the date of such conviction as the case may be. cease to be a member thereof, and shall be disqualified for re-appointment.

2. The Food Controller may, on cause shown, if he thinks fit, Removal of order that the disqualification attaching to any person under this disqualifica-Order shall cease.

tion.

3. In this Order:-

The expression "Food Committee" means a Food Control Interpreta-Committee constituted in pursuance of the Food Control tion. Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) and the Food Control Committee for Ireland (b)

The expression "Feeding Stuffs Committee" means a Port Feeding Stuffs Committee or a Provincial Feeding Stuffs Committee appointed pursuant to the Cattle Feeding Stuffs (Committees) Order, 1917.(c)

4. This Order may be cited as the Committees (Disqualification Title. for Membership) Order, 1918.

By Order of the Food Controller.

U. F. Wintour. Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

2nd January, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (FINANCIAL STATEMENT, &c.) ORDER, 1918, DATED MARCH 20, 1918, MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

1918. No. 389.

64,874

To every Food Control Committee appointed by Local Authorities in England and Wales:

To every District Auditor and Assistant District Auditor; And to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by the Food Control Committees (Audit of Accounts) Order, 1917,(d) made by the Food Controller under the Defence of

(b) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.—See the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, p. 649.
(c) CATTLE FEEDING STUFFS (COMMITTEES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is

printed, p. 122.
(d) Food Control Committees (Audit of Accounts) Order, 1917.— That Order is printed, p. 627.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 621.

the Realm Regulations, it is provided that the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of Food Control Committees appointed in pursuance of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) by Local Authorities in England and Wales, shall be made up yearly to the 31st day of March, and shall be audited by a district auditor, and the enactments relating to audit by district auditors of accounts of urban district councils and their officers, and to all matters incidental thereto and consequential thereon, shall apply to the audit of the said accounts:

Now therefore, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, and by arrangement with the Food Controller, We, the Local Government Board, hereby Order and Prescribe as follows;—

Article I.—(1) Subject to any departure to which We may hereafter assent, or to any direction which We may hereafter give, the Financial Statement to be prepared and submitted to the District Auditor, in accordance with Section 3 of the District Auditors Act, 1879,(b) by every Food Control Committee appointed by Local Authorities in England and Wales, for the period from the date when the Food Control Committee came into office up to the 31st day of March, 1918, and for each succeeding year, shall, until We otherwise Prescribe, be in the Form in the Schedule to this Order:

Provided that in the case of the Financial Statement for any period ending on the 31st day of March, 1918, such verbal alterations as may be necessary shall be made in the Form with respect to the period to which the Financial Statement relates

(2) The Financial Statement shall be made in triplicate, and shall contain the particulars specified or referred to in the said Form, so far as they are applicable, and the certificate of the District Auditor to be appended to each of the Statements shall be in the form set forth in the Schedule to this Order at the foot of the Statement; one of the Statements shall, after it has been duly certified by the District Auditor, be forwarded by him to the Food Controller, and another of the said Statements, certified as aforesaid, shall be forwarded by him to Us.

Article II.—In relation to the audit of the accounts of every Food Control Committee appointed by Local Authorities in England and Wales, We direct as follows:—

(1) Subsection (10) of Section 247 of the Public Health Act, 1875,(c) shall be modified so as to require the District Auditor to send to Us, instead of to the Clerk to the Food Control Committee, the report on the accounts of the Committee in that subsection mentioned. The report shall be made in such form and within such time as We may direct.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 621.

⁽b) DISTRICT AUDITORS ACT, 1879.—i.e. 42 & 43 Vict., c. 6. (c) Public Health Act, 1875.—i.e. 38 & 39 Vict., c. 55.

(2) Subsection (10) of Section 247 of the Public Health Act, 1875, shall be further modified by the addition thereto

of the following proviso: -

Provided that a food control committee may, on the completion of the audit, if they think fit, in lieu of publishing an abstract of their accounts in some one or more of the local newspapers circulated in the district, cause to be advertised in some one or more of those local newspapers notice that the audit has been completed, and that the audited accounts and statutory financial statement will be open for inspection, without payment, by any ratepayer or owner of property, or by any parochial elector, as the case may be, in the area of jurisdiction of the food control committee, at all reasonable times within the period of fourteen days from a prospective date to be mentioned in the notice.

Article III.—This Order may be cited as "The Food Control

Committees (Financial Statement, &c.) Order, 1918."

The	Sche	dule.
1. 100	~0100	CO CO CC 6

Posterior			 	I	000	1	Control	Con	mittee
appointed	by	the		Counc	il o	f.			

Financial Statement.

THE DISTRICT AUDITORS ACT, 1879 (42 VICT. c. 6), AND
THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (AUDIT OF
ACCOUNTS) ORDER, 1917.

STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE of the above-named Food Control Committee for the Year ended the 31st day of March, 19

Name of Executive Officer)	
or other person keeping	
the Accounts.	•
Office Address	

RECEIPTS	AND	EXPENDITURE	OF	THE	FOOD

RECEIPTS.		
Advances by Appointing Authority or Authorities—(names and amounts should be specified separately where more than one appointing authority)	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Repayment of Expenditure by the Ministry of Food		
Receipts in relief of general administrative expenses:—		
(a) Costs recovered in respect of prosecutions for offences against Orders made by the Food Controller		
receipts, namely*:—		
TOTAL RECEIPTS	£	
BALANCE AT COMMENCEMENT OF THE Y		
TOTAL INCLUDING BALANCE	£	

^{*} Small items of receipts under this heading may be classed as "Miscellaneous."

EXPENDITURE.

CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR ENDED THE 31ST MARCH, 19 .

General administrative expenses— (i) Salaries and other remuneration of officers and assistants:— (a) Staff appointed directly by the Committee (b) Extra remuneration of staff of the Appointing Authority in respect of inspections and prosecutions (ii) Other extra expenses of the Appointing Authority in respect of inspections and prosecutions (iii) Provision of office accommodation:— (a) Rent, rates, taxes and insurance (b) Lighting, heating, and water (c) Office turniture and fittings (d) Other items, specifying them:—	£ s. d. £ s. d.
(iv) Travelling expenses and compensation for loss of remunerative time of members of Food Control Committee (v) Other establishment charges:— (a) Printing and stationery (b) Advertisements (c) Postages (d) Travelling expenses of officers	
Food Economy Committee: Expenses of food economy campaign Other expenses, namely:—*	
Repayment of advances by Appointing Authority or Authoritie (Names and amounts should be specified separately who than one appointing Authority) TOTAL EXPENDITURE BALANCE AT END OF THE YEA TOTAL INCLUDING BALAN	ere more £
* Small items of expenditure under this heading may be cla	
day of	19
TOTAL EXPENDITURE AS SHOWN ABOVE LESS AMOUNT, IF ANY, DISALLOWED AT AUDIT	£ s. d.
ment with the Accounts of the Food Control Concomplied with. this Statement, and that the expenditure of the Food Coallowed by me at the Audit, is †	
of, 19 .	
Stamp.	District Auditor. •

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this Twentieth day of March, in the year One thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

(L.S.)

W. Hayes Fisher,

President.

Walter T. Jerred,
Assistant Secretary.

THE JOINT FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 28TH JUNE, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

1918. No. 776.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) (hereinafter called the Principal Order), shall be amended as follows:—

1. A Local Authority may at any time with the consent of the Food Controller enter into an arrangement with any other Local Authority or Authorities for the appointment of a Joint Food Control Committee, and such arrangement shall provide—

(a) for the assignment to such Committee of the whole or such parts of the districts of the Constituent Authori-

ties as they may determine;

(b) for the number of members of such Joint Committee;

(c) for the number of members of the Joint Committee to be appointed by the several Constituent Authorities respectively, so that so far as practicable each of the Constituent Authorities shall be represented on such Joint Committee;

(d) for the basis on which advances shall be made to the Joint Committee by the Constituent Authorities; and

(e) generally with regard to the Constitution of the Joint Committee.

Any such arrangements may be varied by the Food Controller from time to time.

The Joint Committee shall enter into office on the date fixed for that purpose by the Food Controller.

- 2. A person appointed to be a member of a Joint Committee need not be a member of any of the Constituent Authorities.
- 3. The provisions of Clauses 3, 4, and 5 of the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917(a) (hereinafter called the Principal Order), shall apply to a Joint Committee as they

S. R. & O., No. 869 of 1917.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

apply to a Food Control Committee, provided that in the application of those clauses to any member of a Joint Committee the Appointing Authority shall mean the Authority which has appointed such member.

- 4. The provisions of the Principal Order relating to the Chairman, and the meetings and proceedings of a Food Committee appointed pursuant to the Principal Order and the appointment and powers of Officers and of sub-Committees shall apply to a Joint Committee as they apply to a Food Committee with the necessary modifications.
- 5. A Joint Committee shall expend only such moneys as are authorised generally or specially by the Food Controller and such further moneys as may be authorised by the Constituent Local Authorities, and the expenses of the Joint Committee shall be payable in the first instance by such Authorities, and so far as not repaid by the Food Controller, shall be borne by them.
- 6. If any difficulty arises with respect to the constitution of a Joint Committee or otherwise in relation to the operation of this Order, the Food Controller may make any appointment and do anything which appears to him necessary or expedient for the establishment of such a Joint Committee or otherwise for securing the full operation of the Order, or of any subsequent Order relating to the constitution, powers, or duties of a Joint Committee.
- 7. A Joint Committee appointed in accordance with this Order shall in respect of any district or parts of districts assigned to them and subject to the provisions hereinbefore contained, be deemed to be a Food Control Committee appointed pursuant to the Principal Order, and shall have and may exercise and perform in such districts or parts, all the powers and duties for the time being conferred or imposed on a Food Control Committee.
- 8. The provisions of Clauses 16 to 19 inclusive of the Principal Order shall apply to and in relation to a Joint Committee as they apply to and in relation to a Food Control Committee appointed under the Principal Order.
- 9.—(a) Where pursuant to this Order any district or part of a district is assigned to a Joint Committee, the Food Control Committee (if any) appointed under the Principal Order for the district, the whole or part of which is so assigned, shall on and from the date fixed by the Food Controller for the entry into office of the Joint Committee—
 - (i) where the whole district is assigned, cease to exercise or perform in or in relation to such district any of the powers or duties of a Food Control Committee, except so far as necessary for the recovery of moneys due to them, the discharge of their liabilities, and the audit of their accounts, and shall be deemed to be dissolved so soon as the moneys have been recovered, liabilities discharged, and the accounts audited; and

S. R. & O., No. 2

of 1918.

- (ii) where part only is assigned, cease to exercise or perform in such part any of the said powers or duties, and shall on and from such date exercise and perform the powers and duties of a Food Control Committee only within and in relation to the remainder of the district, without prejudice in either case to any proceedings in respect of any contravention of any order or direction of the Food Controller.
- (b) Any directions given by any such Food Control Committee as is referred to in this Clause pursuant to any power conferred by any Order of the Food Controller shall, as from the date aforesaid, be deemed to be the directions of the Joint Committee and shall continue in force and have effect accordingly until the Joint Committee shall otherwise direct.
- 10.—(a) Where at any time before the date of this Order any Local Authority has, with the consent of the Food Controller. combined with any other Local Authority or Authorities in appointing a Committee and in assigning to such Committee the whole or parts of the districts of the Constituent Authorities, the Committee so appointed shall be deemed to be a Joint Committee appointed under this Order and shall have the same powers and perform the same duties as if they were such a Joint Committee.
- (b) All acts done and directions given by such Committee pursuant to any Order of the Food Controller shall have effect in the same manner and to the same extent as if the Committee had been a Joint Committee appointed under this Order.
- (c) Where any district or part of any district has been assigned in manner aforesaid, the provisions of Clause 9 (a) hereof shall apply to the Food Control Committee appointed under the Principal Order for such district, except that the date of this Order shall be substituted for the date referred to in that clause.
- 11. A certificate under the hand of a person authorised in that behalf by the Food Controller shall be sufficient evidence of the due constitution of any Joint Committee and the area of such Committee, and of any other matter relating thereto.
- 12. The provisions of the Committees (Disqualification for Membership) Order, 1918, (a) shall apply in relation to a Joint Committee constituted under this Order in the same way as they apply to a Food Control Committee appointed under the Principal Order.
- and Scotland, respectively, the expression "Local Authority" shall have the same meaning as it has in the like application under the Principal Order.

^{13.} In the application of this Order to England and Wales

⁽a) COMMITTEES (DISQUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP) ORDER, 1918.— That Order is printed p. 628.

14.—(a) This Order shall be cited as the Joint Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1918, and shall be read as one with the Principal Order.

(b) This Order shall not apply to Ireland.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

28th June, 1918.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (TERM OF OFFICE) ORDER, 1918, DATED THE 16TH JULY, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

1918. No. 880.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders that the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, (a) (hereinafter called the "Principal Order") and the Joint Food Control Committees (Constitution) Amendment Order, 1918, (b) (hereinafter called "the Joint Committees Order") shall be amended as follows:—

S.R. & O., No. 869 of 1917. S.R. & O.,

No. 776 of 1918.

- 1. Clause 4 of the Principal Order shall in its application to any person who is at the date of this Order, or may be between the date of this Order and 9th November 1918 appointed a member of any Food Control Committee or Joint Food Control Committee, have effect as if the words "until the 9th November, 1918," were substituted for the words "one year."
- 2. This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees (Term of Office) Amendment Order, 1918, and shall be read as one with the Principal Order and the Joint Committees Order.

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge,
Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

16th July, 1918.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

(b) JOINT FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 634.

Powers as to Sampling and Weighing by Inspectors of Weights and Measures and Prosecutions by them in England and Ireland for breaches of certain Orders of the Food Controller.

(b) Enforcement of Orders and Prosecutions in England and Wales.

Enforcement (England and Wales) Ord: 1917, p. 639. Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 3) 1917, p. 6 Weights and Measures, Orders as to Powers of Inspectors, pp. 638 and 640.

Order, dated June 11, 1917, made by the Food Controller conferring certain powers on Inspectors of Weights and Measures and authorising them in England and Ireland to prosecute offences before Courts of Summary Jurisdiction.

1917. No. 538.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations the Food Controller hereby authorises every Inspector of Weights and Measures and Deputy Inspector of Weights and Measures(a) and every other person performing the duties of an Inspector of Weights and Measures:—

(a) to take samples of any flour in the possession of any miller

or baker or seller of flour or bread;

(b) to require any person, having in his possession for sale by retail any package of tea, to weigh such package or

its contents in his presence; and

(c) in England and Ireland to prosecute any offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations occasioned by any breach of Article 5 of the Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, the Bread Order, 1917, the Cake and Pastry Order, 1917, and the Tea (Nett Weight) Order, 1917, and of any other Order hereafter to be made by the Food Controller in respect of which any powers or duties are conferred upon an Inspector of Weights and Measures.(b)

Devonport,
Food Controller.

11th June, 1917.

(b) Orders, Breaches of which may be Prosecuted by Inspectors of Weights and Measures in England or Ireland.—The following is a list of such of these Orders as are now (July 31, 1918) in force showing the page on

which each such Order appears in this Manual :-

Bread Order, 1918, p. 168 (see Authorisation dated June 26, 1918, printed p. 640.)

Cake and Pastry Order, 1917, p. 94.

Manufacture of Flour and Bread Order (No. 2), 1917, p. 89. Tea (Nett Weight) Order, 1917, p. 602.

⁽a) INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—These are officers of, and appointed by, the Local authorities, viz., in the City, the Court of Aldermen, in certain English municipal boroughs of over 10,000 population, the Town Council. in Scottish burghs the Magistrates, in Dublin the Commissioners of Police, in Irish boroughs the Town Council, and elsewhere throughout the U.K. the County Councils. See s. 50 and sch. 4 of the Weights and Measures Act, 1878 (41 & 42 Vict. c 49), as amended by the Local Government Acts.

THE ENFORCEMENT (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

1917. No. 1130.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The Food Controller hereby confers upon every Food Control Committee appointed in England and Wales pursuant to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917(a) (hereinafter called Food Control Committee) the power of enforcing within their area all Orders heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Food Controller under the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, other than such Orders, if any, as the Food Controller may from time to time except from this Order.

2. The Food Controller hereby authorises every Food Control Committee and such officers and other persons as they may designate or appoint for the purpose, to prosecute any summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations occasioned by any breach of any Order the power of enforcing which is

conferred on the Committee by this Order.

- 3. Subject to the approval of the Food Controller an arrangement may be made between a Local Authority and the Food Control Committee for the district of that Authority whereby the power and authority conferred on the Committee by the preceding clause of this Order shall to the extent specified in the arrangement be exercisable by such Local Authority either to the exclusion of or concurrently with the Committee and where any such arrangement has been made the Local Authority and such officers and other persons as they may designate or appoint for the purpose shall in accordance with the arrangement have the power and authority to prosecute summary offences occasioned by any breach of an Order of the Food Controller.
- 4. In any proceedings taken by a Local Authority or a Food Control Committee or an officer or other person designated or appointed by them for the purpose of prosecution in respect or a breach of any Order of the Food Controller, it shall be presumed until the contrary is proved that the authority conferred by clause 2 or clause 3 of this Order applies in respect of such Order.
- 5. The Order of the Food Controller, dated 8th May, 1917 (relating to prosecutions by Local Authorities)(b) shall be revoked as at the 1st January, 1918, but without prejudice to any proceedings commenced before that date under the authority thereby conferred.

(b) Order of May 8, 1917.—That Order was printed at p. 192 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed, p. 621.

- 6. For the purpose of this Order the expression "Local Authority" means the Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London in Common Council assembled, the Council of a Metropolitan Borough, the Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District, the Council of a Rural District or the Council of the Isles of Scilly.
- 7. (a) This Order may be cited as The Enforcement (England and Wales) Order, 1917.
 - (b) This Order shall extend only to England and Wales.

Rhondda,

Food Controller.

9th November, 1917.

ORDER, DATED THE 26TH JUNE, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER CONFERRING CERTAIN POWERS ON INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES AND AUTHORISING THEM TO PROSECUTE OFFENCES BEFORE COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

1918. No. 762.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby authorises every Inspector of Weights and Measures and Deputy Inspector of Weights and Measures(a) and every other person performing the duties of an Inspector of Weights and Measures to prosecute any offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations occasioned by any breach of the Bread Order, 1918.(b)

By Order of the Food Controller,

W. H. Beveridge, -

Second Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

26th June, 1918.

(a) INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—See footnote (a) p. 638.
(b) Bread Order, 1918.—That Order is printed p. 168.

S.R. & O., No. 547 of 1918. THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 3), 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1917, MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

1917. No. 1176.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled;—

To the Councils of the several Metropolitan Boroughs, Municipal Boroughs and other Urban Districts in England and Wales:

To the Councils of the several Rural Districts in England

and Wales:—

To the Council of the Isles of Scilly: And to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas by Regulation numbered 21 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations(a) it is among other things provided that We, the Local Government Board, may, by arrangement with the Food Controller, confer and impose on any local authorities and their officers any powers and duties in connection with the enforcement of certain of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and any powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge of any functions assigned to local authorities by any Order made by the Food Controller under the said Regulations;

And whereas by the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1), 1917,(b) made in pursuance of Regulation numbered 2J of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, We conferred and imposed upon every Local Authority as therein defined, and upon such of their officers as they might designate or appoint for the purpose, the powers and duties of enforcing within their District, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the whole or parts of certain Orders made by the Food Controller, and specified or referred to in the Order:

And whereas the Order has since been applied to the whole or parts of divers other Orders made by the Food Controller;

And whereas the Food Controller has, in pursuance of the said Regulations, made the Enforcement (England and Wales) Order. 1917:(c)

Now therefore, in pursuance of Our powers in that behalf, and by arrangement with the Food Controller, We hereby Order as follows:-

ARTICLE 1.—In these Regulations, unless the contrary inten-

(a) The expression "Local Authority" means, as the case may be, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London in Common Council assembled, the

printed p. 639.

⁽a) REGULATION 2J.—This is printed p. 12.
(b) LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) ORDER (No. 1), 1917.—That Order was printed p. 187 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."
(c) Enforcement (England and Wales) Order, 1917.—That Order is

Council of a Metropolitan Borough, the Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District, the Council of a Rural District, or the Council of the Isles of Scilly; (a)

(b) The expression "District" means the District subject to the jurisdiction of the Local Authority for the purposes of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, or of the Public Health Act, 1875, as the case may be.

ARTICLE II.—From and after the 31st day of December, 1917, the Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1), 1917, (b) shall, as respects every Local Authority, be rescinded, except so far as may be necessary in any case in relation to any proceedings commenced by the Local Authority before that date.

ARTICLE III.—Where a Local Authority are, in pursuance of the Enforcement (England and Wales) Order, 1917, (c) for the time being authorised by the Food Controller to prosecute a summary offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations occasioned by a breach of an Order of the Food Controller, the Local Authority and such of their officers as they may designate and appoint for the purpose shall have the power of enforcing such Order within their District in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and We hereby confer such power accordingly.

ARTICLE IV.—Any expenses incurred by a Local Authority in the execution of this Order shall be defraved in like manner as if the expenses had been incurred in the execution of the Public Health Act, 1875, or the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, as the case may be.(d)

ARTICLE V.—This Order may be cited as "The Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 3), 1917."

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government · Board, this Ninth day of November, in the year One thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

(L.S.)

W. Hayes Fisher,

President.

H. C. Monro,

Secretary.

⁽a) LOCAL AUTHORITY.—The definition contained in Article I is identical with that contained in all other Orders relating to England and Wales and comprised in this Part of this Manual. See footnote (a), p. 624, which gives details as to the Authorities and their Districts.

⁽b) Local Authorities (Food Control) Order (No. 1), 1917.—That Order was printed p. 187 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual."
(c) Enforcement (England and Wales) Order, 1917.—That Order is

printed p. 639.

⁽d) Expenses in Execution of Order.—For enactments referred to see official "Index to Statutes in Force" 1916 edit. sub. voc. "District Council England, 3 (Financial Provisions)"; "London County 2 (f) (3)."

Functions of Scottish Local Authorities as to Food Control Committees.

- 2. Food Control Committees in Scotland; Enforcement of Orders, &c.
- (a.) Constitution, &c., of Com- | (b.) Enforcement of Orders, mittees, p. 643.
 - (a.) Constitution, &c., of Food Control Committees in Scotland.

Committees (Disqualification for Membership) Order, 1918, p. 645.

Food Control Committees (Audit of Accounts) Order, 1917,

p. 645.

Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917, p. 643. Food Control Committees (Term of Office) Amendment Order, 1918, p. 645.

Joint Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1918,

p. 645.

Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) (No. 2), Order, 1917, p. 643.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917, DATED AUGUST 22, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

[This Order which constitutes Food Control Committees for the district of every Local Authority throughout Scotland applies also to England and Wales and is printed with other Orders so relating p. 621 above.]

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) (SCOTLAND) (No. 2) ORDER, 1917, DATED AUGUST 22, 1917, MADE BY THE SECRETARY FOR SCOTLAND.

1917. No. 864.

In pursuance of the powers conferred on me by Regulation 21 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and by arrangement with the Food Controller, I hereby order as follows:—

(1) In this Order:—

(a) the expression "Local Authority" shall mean:

(i) in each County a Joint Committee of the County Council and the Town Councils of the Royal, Parliamentary and Police Burghs within the County with a population, according to the 1911 Census, not exceeding 5,000, provided that the Town Council of any other Royal, Parliamentary or Police Burgh may, if it so decides, agree to join the Joint Committee;

(ii) in all other Royal, Parliamentary or Police Burghs the Town Council.(a)

(a) LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN SCOTLAND.—The definition is identical with that

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- (b) the expression "Food Control Committee" shall mean a Food Control Committee appointed pursuant to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(a)
- (2) I hereby confer and impose upon the Local Authority and upon such of their officers as they may designate or appoint for the purpose the powers and duties necessary to provide for the due discharge within their district, in conformity with the Defence of the Realm Regulations, of the functions assigned to Local Authorities by the Food Centrol Committee (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a)
- (3) (i) Any expenses incurred by a Local Authority in the execution of this Order shall be defrayed out of the public health general assessment, provided that such expenses shall not be reckoned in any calculation as to the statutory limit of that assessment, and where the local authority is a Joint Committee Sub-sections (8) and (10) of Section 76 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1889, shall apply as if the Joint Committee were appointed under that Section, provided that the rate therein referred to shall mean the public health general assessment.(b)
- (ii) Where two or more Local Authorities have combined in the appointment of a Food Control Committee any expenses incurred by those Local Authorities under this Order shall be defrayed in such proportions as may be agreed.
- (4) A County or Town Council, District Committee, Parish Council, School Board, or other local body may make available, without charge, to a Food Control Committee, for the purposes of the powers and duties of the Committee any of their premises and the services of any of their officers.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

(b) Section 76 (8) (10) of Local Government (S.) Act, 1889 (52 & 53 Vict. c. 50).—These subsections which provide for the costs of a joint committee

are as follows :—

"76 (8). The costs of a joint committee shall be defrayed by the councils by whom any of its members were appointed in the proportion agreed to by them. The proportion of the costs falling to be defrayed by any county council or town council shall be paid out of the county fund or burgh fund, as the case may be, and shall be provided for by a rate to be imposed and levied as nearly as may be in the same manner and subject to the same provisions as if the costs had been incurred by the county council or by a district committee, or by the town council, as the case may be.

(10). For the purposes of this section town council shall include police

commissioners of a burgh or police burgh."

Section 8 of the Town Councils (Scotland) Act, 1900 (63 & 64 Vict. c. 49), transferred the powers of police commissioners to the town councils of burghs, including police burghs.

Functions of Scottish Local Authorities as to Food Control Committees.

This Order may be cited as the Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) (No. 2) Order, 1917.

(L.S.)

Robert Munro,
His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland

Scottish Office, Whitehall. 22nd August, 1917.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS) ORDER, 1917. DATED DECEMBER 14, (917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

[This Order, which also applies to England and Wales, is printed p. 627.]

THE COMMITTEES (DISQUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP) ORDER, 1918, DATED JANUARY 2, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

[This Order, which also applies to England and Wales and Ireland, is printed p. 628.]

THE JOINT FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1918. DATED JUNE 28, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

[This Order, which also applies to England and Wales, is printed p. 634.]

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (TERM OF OFFICE) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1918. DATED JULY 16, 1918, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

[This Order, which also applies to England and Wales, is printed p. 637.]

(b) Enforcement of Orders in Scotland.

Food Control Committees (Scotland) Powers Order, 1917, p. 646.

Local Authoritie: (Food Control) (Scotland) (No. 3) Order, 1917, p. 647.

Weights and Measures, Orders as to Powers of Inspectors, p. 646.

Orders, dated June 11, 1917, and June 26, 1918, made by the Food Controller conferring certain powers as to Sampling and Weighing on Inspectors of Weights and Measures in Scotland.

[These Orders, which apply also to England and Wales, are printed with other Orders so relating at pp. 638 and 640 above.]

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (SCOTLAND) POWERS ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 20, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

1917. No. 1189.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. The Food Controller hereby confers upon every Food Control Committee appointed in Scotland pursuant to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) and such persons as they may designate or appoint for the purpose, the power of enforcing within their area all Orders heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Food Controller under the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations other than such Orders as the Food Controller may from time to time except from this Order.
- 2. This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committees (Scotland) Powers Order, 1917.

By order of the Food Controller,

U. F. Wintour,
Secretary to the Ministry of Food.

20th November, 1917.

⁽a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) (SCOTLAND) (No. 3) ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 20, 1917, MADE BY THE SECRETARY FOR SCOTLAND.

1917, No. 1187 S 87

Whereas the Food Controller has made an Order (the Food Control Committees (Scotland) Powers Order, 1917)(a) conferring upon Food Control Committees and such persons as they may designate or appoint for the purpose the power of enforcing Orders made by the Food Controller;

And whereas it is desirable that Local Authorities in Scotland should be enabled to assist Food Control Committees in the exercise by the said Committees of the power conferred upon them

by the Food Controller;

And whereas when the requisite arrangements for the enforcement of the Food Controller's Orders have been made by Food Control Committees it will no longer be necessary for Public Health Authorities in Scotland to exercise the powers for such enforcement conferred upon them by the Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) Order, 1917, made by me on the 14th May, 1917;(b)

Now therefore, in pursuance of the powers conferred on me by Regulation 25 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and by arrangement with the Food Controller, I hereby order as

follows: -

(1) The Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) (No. 2) Order(c) shall apply to the Food Control Committees (Scotland) Powers Order, 1917,(a) in like manner as it applies to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917.(d)

(2) The Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) Order.

1917,(b) shall be revoked as from the 1st January, 1918.

(3) This Order may be cited as the Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) (No. 3) Order, 1917.

(L.S.)

Robert Munro, His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland.

Scottish Office, Whitehall. 20th November, 1917

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (SCOTLAND) POWERS ORDER, 1917 .-

This Order is printed p. 643.

This Order is printed p. 646.

(b) Local Authorities (Food Control) (Scotland) Order, 1917—
This Order was printed p. 194 of the "Food (Supply and Production) Manual." (c) LOCAL AUTHORITIES (FOOD CONTROL) (SCOTLAND) (No. 2) ORDER .-

⁽d) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

- 3. Food Control Committee for Ireland; Enforcement and Prosecutions.
- (a.) Constitution, &c., of Committee and Sub-Committees, Prosecutions, p. 651.
- (a.) Constitution, &c., of Committee and Sub-Committees.

 Committees (Disqualification for Membership) Order, 1918,
 p. 651.

Food Control Committee for Ireland: Minute Constituting,

p. 648.

Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917, p. 649.

MINUTE OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER, DATED AUGUST 31, 1917, AS TO THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND.

The Food Controller on the recommendation of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant for Ireland, has appointed the following to be a Committee under the name of Food Control Committee for Ireland for the purposes set out below(a):—

The Rt. Hon. F. S. Wrench (Chairman).

Mr. Robert A. Anderson. Mr. Harold A. Barbour.

Mr. W. T. Green.

Mr. E. Bourke.

Mr. J. R. Campbell. Mr. Dominick J. Daly.

Mr. Thos. Farren. Mr. Patrick Lynch.

Mr. Matthew J. Minch.

Mr. Robert Waugh.

The duties of the Committee will be:—
A.—To advise the Food Controller

(i) as to maintenance of the food supply and its distribution in Ireland.

- (ii) as to any modifications that may be necessary in Orders made or proposed to be made by him under the Defence of the Realm Regulations in view of any special requirements of Ireland.
- (iii) as to the steps to be taken for the administration and enforcement of the Food Controller's Orders in Ireland.

(iv) and generally as to any question referred to them by the Food Controller.

B.—To take steps, subject to the direction of the Food Controller, for giving effect in Ireland to Orders issued by the Food Controller.

⁽a) The Committee is at present constituted as follows:—The Right Hon. The Earl of Granard (Chairman); Mr. E. Bourke (Vice-Chairman); Mr. W. T. Green; Mr. J. R. Campbell; Mr. Dominick J. Daly; Mr. Matthew J. Minch; Mr. Martin McDonogh; Sir James Johnston; Sir Robert N. Anderson.

It is in contemplation to set up Local Committees in the County Boroughs of Dublin, Belfast, Cork, Derry, Limerick and Waterford.(a)

Ministry of Food, Grosvenor House, W.1.

[This Minute appeared in the Press of September 1st, 1917.]

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND (CONSTITUTION)
ORDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 7, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD
CONTROLLER.

1917. No. 1160.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

- 1. The Food Control Committee for Ireland nominated by Minute of the Food Controller dated 31st August, 1917,(b) (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") shall be subject to the provisions and exercise the powers herein expressed.
- 2. The Committee shall consist of the persons nominated as above mentioned and of such other persons as may from time to time be nominated in writing for the purpose by the Food Controller, and every member of the Committee shall hold office until his nomination is revoked by the Food Controller.
- 3. The Food Controller may in writing nominate a member of the Committee as Chairman, and another member of the Committee as Vice-chairman, and may at any time revoke any such nomination. In the absence of the Chairman from any meeting, the Vice-chairman shall act as Chairman, and in the absence of both of them, the Committee may appoint some member of the Committee to act as Chairman at that meeting.
- 4. The Committee may subject to the provisions of this Order meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- 5. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Committee may be determined by the Committee, provided that in no case shall the quorum be less than three.
- 6. Every question at a meeting of the Committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members of the Committee present and voting on the question, and in the case of an equal division of votes the Chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

(b) MINUTE OF AUGUST 31, 1917.—This is printed, p. 648.

⁽a) IRISH COUNTY BOROUGHS.—The 6 boroughs named are the only county boroughs in Ireland.

- 7. The proceedings of the Committee shall not be invalidated by any vacancy in their number.
- 8. The Committee may appoint such and so many Sub-Committees whether consisting of members of the Committee or not, as the Committee may think fit, but the Chairman of the Committee shall ex officio be a member of every such Sub-Committee. Except so far as the Food Controller may otherwise direct, the Committee may delegate, subject to such conditions as they think fit, to any such Sub-Committee any powers and duties of the Committee, and any such delegation may be for the whole or any part of Ireland.
- 9. The provisions of this Order relating to the proceedings of the Committee shall apply to a Sub-Committee as they apply to a Committee, with the necessary modifications. The Chairman of the Committee shall receive due notice of every meeting of the Sub-Committee and of the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat and shall be chairman of any meeting of a Sub-Committee at which he is present. A Sub-Committee shall appoint some member of their body to be their Chairman and the person so appointed shall if he so long remains a member of the Sub-Committee hold office as Chairman for such period as may be specified in the resolution of the Sub-Committee by which he is so appointed, or until he resigns the office, and shall act as Chairman of every meeting of the Sub-Committee at which the Chairman of the Committee is not present.
- 10. The powers and duties of the Committee shall be such as are from time to time assigned to them by the Food Controller and the powers and duties of a Sub-Committee shall be such as are from time to time assigned to them by the Food Controller or delegated to them by the Committee. In the exercise of those powers and the performance of those duties, the Committee and every Sub-Committee shall comply with such directions as may from time to time be given by the Food Controller and also, in the case of a Sub-Committee, by the Committee.

11. The Committee may make such arrangements as they shall think fit in relation to the use for the purpose of the Committee or of any Sub-Committee of the services of any officer of police or police constable or of any officer of any local authority in Iroland

Ireland.

12. The Committee shall furnish to the Food Controller, and every Sub-Committee shall furnish to the Food Controller and the Committee, such reports returns and information as may from

time to time be required by him or them.

13. (i) Any direction or decision of the Committee given under any power conferred by the Food Controller and any direction or decision of any Sub-Committee given under any power conferred by the Food Controller or delegated to them by the Committee may be proved:—

(a) by the production of a newspaper purporting to contain a copy of the direction or decision as an advertise-

ment; or

Enforcement of Orders and Prosecutions by Food Control Committee for Ireland.

(b) by the production of a copy of the direction or decision purporting to be certified as a true copy by the Chairman of the Committee or by some person authorised by the Committee in that behalf.

(ii) A direction or decision so proved shall be taken to have

been duly given unless and until the contrary is proved.

14. This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Constitution) Order, 1917.

Rhondda,
Food Controller.

7th November, 1917.

THE COMMITTEES (DISQUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP) ORDER, 1918. DATED JANUARY 2, 1918.

[This Order, which also applies to England and Wales and Scotland, is printed p. 628.]

(b) Enforcement of Orders and Prosecutions in Ireland.

Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917, n. 651.

p. 651.Weights and Measures, Orders as to Powers of Inspectors,p. 651.

Orders, dated June 11, 1917, and June 26, 1918, made by the Food Controller conferring certain powers as to Sampling and Weighing on Inspectors of Weights and Measures in Ireland, and authorising them to prosecute before Courts of Summary Jurisdiction for breaches of certain Orders of the Food Controller.

[These Orders, which apply also to England and Wales, are printed with other Orders so relating at pp. 638 and 640 above.]

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR IRELAND (POWERS) () RDER, 1917, DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1917, MADE BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

1917. No. 1138.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Food Controller hereby orders as follows:—

1. The Food Controller hereby confers on the Food Control Committee for Ireland the power of enforcing in Ireland all Orders heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Food Controller under the powers conferred upon him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations except such orders, if any, as the Food Controller may from time to time determine, and hereby authorises the Committee and such persons as they may designate or

appoint for the purpose to prosecute any offence committed in Ireland against the Defence of the Realm Regulations occasioned by any breach of such Order. In any proceedings in respect of any breach of any Order made or to be made by the Food Controller it shall be presumed, until the contrary be proved, that the powers and authorities hereby conferred, apply in respect of such Order.

- 2. Where under any Order of the Food Controller made before the date of this Order and for the time being affecting Ireland any right or power is expressed to be conferred on a Food Control Committee established pursuant to the Food Control Committees (Constitution) Order, 1917,(a) or any Local Authority, the Food Control Committee for Ireland shall have as respects Ireland the same right or power and every such Order and any amendment thereof shall take effect as respects Ireland as if the expression Food Control Committee or Local Authority as the case may be included the Food Control Committee for Ireland.
- 3. Sub-clause (e) of Clause 7 of the Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(b) and Sub-clause (c) of Clause 5 of the Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917,(c) are hereby revoked.

4. The following provisions shall be added at the end of Subclause (f) of Clause 6 of the Flour and Bread (Prices) Order,

1917(d):-

Such Magistrates or other persons shall forthwith send to the Food Control Committee for Ireland a copy of every licence issued by them under this clause together with a statement of all the relevant circumstances and shall cancel or modify such licence if so required by the Committee or the Food Controller.

- 5. Nothing in this Order shall prejudice or affect the powers and duties of any officer of police or any police constable or other person.
- 6. This Order may be cited as the Food Control Committee for Ireland (Powers) Order, 1917.

Rhondda.
Food Controller.

9th November, 1917.

(a) FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (CONSTITUTION) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 621.

⁽b) Meat (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 300.
(c) Butter (Maximum Prices) Order, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 363.
By the Butter (Maximum Prices) (Ireland) Order, 1918 (p. 421), the application of the 1917 Order and of the Butter (Maximum Prices) Amendment Order, 1917 (p. 376), to Ireland was cancelled, and this reference was thereby revoked.

⁽d) FLOUR AND BREAD (PRICES) ORDER, 1917.—That Order is printed p. 109, as so amended.

APPENDIX.

THE DEFENCE OF THE REALM (FOOD PROFITS) ACT, 1918 (8 & 9 Geo. 5, c. 9).

An Act to provide for the forfeiture to His Majesty of double the amount received from the sale of goods at prices in excess of those allowed by the Food Controller (16th May, 1918).

Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows: - .

1.—(1) Where a person has, after the passing of this Act, sold any goods at a price in excess of that allowed by or under any excess profits order made by the Food Controller in pursuance of the powers conferred on him by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, (a) that person, in addition to any other penalty to which he may be liable, shall forfeit to His Majesty a sum equal to double the amount of such excess, and that sum shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Crown.

Forfeiture of from overcharging for

- (2) In any proceedings in England or Ireland under this Act against any person in respect of any such sale as aforesaid, the court, if satisfied that there has been a breach by him of any order so made by the Food Controller, may order an account to be taken with respect to that sale, and with respect to any other sales by that person of any goods to which any such order applies, and may, upon such account being taken, direct the payment of double the amount of the excess thereby appearing to have been realised on the sales.
- (3) In any proceedings in Scotland under this Act against any person in respect of any such sale as aforesaid, the court, if satisfied that there has been a breach by him of any order so made by the Food Controller, may proceed in like manner as if such proceedings were an action of count reckoning and payment concluding for production of an account of the aforesaid sale, and of any other sales by that person of any goods to which any such order applies, and for payment of double the amount of the excess thereby appearing to have been realised on the sales.
- 2. This Act may be cited as the Defence of the Realm (Food Short title. Profits) Act, 1918.

⁽a) Powers and Orders of the Food Controller.—Such of the Defence of the Realm Regulations as confer powers on the Food Controller form section 2 (pp. 5-16) of Part I of this Manual. All the Controller's Orders as to maintenance of food supply in force or coming into force (July 31, 1918) are printed in full in Part II of this Manual.

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⁽a) Except condensed, &c., milk and milk sold for consumption on seller's premises.
(b) Except jam or jelly sold for consumption on seller's premises, or in certain small quantities.
(c) Food Control Committees have power to alter the scale of prices for these articles locally.
(d) Except live fish and cooked fish.

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Printed under the Authority of His Majesty's Stationery Office

By Darling & Son, Ltd., Bacon Street, E.2.

1918.