UPPER WARD OF LANARKSHIRE

DESCRIBED AND DELINEATED.

THE ARCHÆOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL SECTION

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VOLUME THIRD.

GLASGOW: THOMAS MURRAY AND SON.
EDINBURGH: EDMONSTON AND DOUGLAS.
LONDON: J. RUSSELL SMITH.

MDCCCLXIV.

CONTENTS

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APPENDIX VOLUME.

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CONTENTS.

Index to Places, by "A. M." Vol. I.,239-248
,, ,, ,, ,, <u>,, II.,249-256</u>
,, Persons, ,, ,, ,, I.,238-239
,, ,, ,, ,, II.,248, 249
Leadhills, by Thomas Pennant, in 1782,
,, see Household Words, August, 1852,86-43
,, by J. N., a resident,48-48
,, A. M., brief note on,196, 197
Magnates of the Upper Ward,129
Mansions, domains, wood, game, etc., as rated on Valuation
Roll, 1858-9,180, 131
Mountains of the Upper Ward; heights from Ordnance sheets,50
Nomenclature of Proprietors in the Ward,138, 139
,, Tenant-farmers in the Ward,140
Note, corrected version of pages 80-82. Vol. I.,33, 35
Ordnance Survey results, analysis of Upper Ward figures,49
Proprietary of the Upper Ward, as from Valuation Roll, 1858-9, 62, 79
Property occupied or let, " 134, 135
Rivers and streams, "origin, length, etc.,51
Soil cultivation, etc., as from Ordnance Survey pamphlet Reports, 52, 59
Statistics—Clerical, Educational, Parochial, etc., for the Upper
Ward of Lanarkshire,144
Stock, Crop, etc., on farms—pastoral chiefly,142
Taylor, John, the patriarch of Leadhills, history of, 19, 20, and
reference to, account in Household Words, Aug., 1852,20, 21
Tenantry of the Upper Ward, as on Valuation Roll 1858-9,80-98
Do. Index to Holdings,117-127
Valuation Roll, 1858-9, of the Upper Ward, analysis of, notes on, etc.,61
Village Population in the Upper Ward, as from census 1841-61,60

ITEMS OF INQUIRY

FOR A

Mescriptive and Statistic Guide for the Upper Ward of Fanarkshire.

CRAWFORD TO CARLUKE.

Aim to show present in contrast with past condition of the Parishes.

Acreage; extent, how and of old farmed; crops, rotation of.	а
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS,—farm implements: full.	Ъ
ANECDOTES, if locally instructive. Historical memoranda, if valuable.	c
Antiquarian and Archæological information.	đ
BRIDGES, TURNPIKE TRUSTS, and PARISH ROADS.	e
CHURCHES—sittings, glebe, manse, stipend—value; item of dissent.	f
EMINENT INDIVIDUALS; notices of—born or connected with the parish.	. g
EXCISE; license values. Taxes levied, and parochial assessments.	h
Funds—mortified—for charitable or educational purposes.	i
HERITORS—resident or otherwise—given in order of "manse ratings."	j
Houses—not number of—but, improving or otherwise, and how far.	k
INNS, "publicks," how patronised, and by whom most.	Z
LIBRARIES; No. of volumes—rates of subscription—Lectures, etc.	m
MANUFACTURES—of what, when started, and how prospering.	n
MINERALS; coal, iron, lead, limestone, marble, freestone.	0
MINERAL SPRINGS; where, when found, and of what value.	p
NATIVES; their habits, and prevailing names of the older families.	\bar{q}
Ordnance survey information—names of places and their import.	r
Poor, their condition, now and of old—inspectors of.	8
POPULATION, increasing or decreasing, and the reasons why.	t
Police, how distributed; and their duties, how estimated.	u
PROPERTY; how held; and value, now and of old.	v
RAILWAYS; mileage in the parish; assessment and influence.	w
RIVERS; their angling repute; hills, mountains; woods, plantations, etc	. x
Schools; how supported, how attended, what taught, etc.: full.	y
SITUATION, extent and natural features of the parish.	z
Societies; agricultural, horticultural, educational. Clubs, etc.	aa
VILLAGES, Burghs o' Barony and Burgh. Markets.	bb
Wages, now and of old; how and what earned—and expended.	cc
Preliminary notice of Antiquarian and Geological matters will occu	ı py
the first pages of the Work-full and carefully classed tables	
valuable figures will close it. Maps and Illustrations will be give	en.
June 30, 1859. A. M.	•

ERRATA.

At p. 291, Vol. I., reference is made to a keen dispute between the Abbot of Kelso and the Templars of Culter, etc.; the original information for that remark will be found at p. 342 of the Statistical Account of Lanarkshire—the reverend writer having confounded the burn of his parish with the "broad, deep, and rapid" stream of the Dee, in the north, as it flows between the parishes of Mary-Culter and Peter-Culter.

At p. 259, Vol. I., the height of Culter-fell is printed as being 5426 feet, for which read 2456, as elsewhere, and more than once, given in this Work.

At p. 259, Vol. I., reference is made to the mansion of Netherurd as being in the parish of Drummelzier, for which read the parish of Kirkurd.

At p. 459, Vol. I. (the error of the Volume), the status of the resident in Libberton parish is given as that of a farmer; it was that of a Norfolk landowner, of old family, great wealth, etc.

At p. 61, Vol. III., the valuation figures (1863-4) for the parish of Covington and for that of Coulter have been transposed; i.e., those for Covington should read as for Coulter, et vice versa.

In volumes dealing so largely with facts, and giving figures so profusely, other errors will be discovered; but it is hoped that the pages will give internal evidence that an earnest desire has throughout prevailed to produce the information faithfully and carefully.

A. M.

APPENDIX.

THE AGRICULTURE OF THE UPPER WARD.

BY

A TENANT FARMER IN THE DISTRICT.

The ancient system of agriculture as practised in the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire differed in no respect from that pursued in other districts of Scotland at the same altitude above the level of the sea. The absence of great towns and the scantiness of the population rendered the agriculture of the past—a period dating backwards from about the year 1790—more an object of provision for the immediate wants of those engaged in it than a great manufacture of raw produce, as it has since become. The altered state of the country, and the various improvements introduced in cultivation, have produced a change in rural industry which renders it unnecessary to enter upon any description of the district further than relates to what may be styled the era of modern agriculture; and to that this sketch will be confined.

CLIMATE.—As climate is an essential condition of the growth of crops, without which a favourable soil will not avail, that of the Upper Ward will form the first subject of notice. From the small extent of the district, being little over forty miles in length, and less in breadth, it is, from the greater or lesser elevation, and their situation in reference to more mountainous tracts, that any variation in the climate of particular parishes can exist. The extremes are presented by the sunny banks on the trough of the Clyde in Carluke parish, about 400 feet above the sea, reputed one of the finest fruit-producing districts in Scotland, and the village of Leadhills, at an elevation of upwards of 1000 feet, where the cereals scarcely ever ripen, turnips seldom bulb, and the chief care-requiring agricultural, or rather horticultural productions are the early potato and the hardy Scotch red kail, whilst grass furnishes the most valuable herbage to which manure can be applied.

In Carluke parish the soil on the haughs is well adapted to the culture of wheat. These haughs, however, are of very limited extent.

The remainder of the parish rises rather abruptly from the river, so that the greater part of even this, the lowest of the Upper Ward, is confined to the cultivation of oats and barley, and has the greater

part of its surface in grass as the most profitable crop.

The great and abrupt rise in the elevation of the valley of the Clyde, occasioned by the falls of the river in the neighbourhood of Lanark, renders the rest of the Upper Ward unfit for the growth of wheat. Being situated near, and in a great measure consisting of, elevated mountains, the climate is generally rather variable, and the rainfall, although not so great as in some districts farther west, is yet very considerable on the whole. Thus it becomes more profitable to devote the greater extent of arable land to grass rather than to the growth of corn, and a large portion of the cultivated land being more or less steep, the expense of working it, combined with the fickleness of the climate, renders the practice still more common. Wheat was certainly more extensively cultivated of old than at present, notwithstanding all the modern improved modes of agriculture, but this is easily explained. former times, any good land might be profitably employed in the growth of this grain for home use, at a time when roads were few and bad, and the difficulty of procuring supplies from the more favoured districts operated as a sufficient counterpoise to the variable yield, or the general inferiority of the sample. Now, owing to the improvements of the roads, and the more recent introduction of railways, it can be supplied with greater advantage from the lower districts of the country. Indeed, the growth of grain in the district has become subservient to the dairy and the fattening of stock.

Terms by which Land is held have a most important bearing on its agricultural prosperity. In this particular there is little variation throughout the district, the general custom being to grant leases of nineteen years' duration for both sheep and arable farms. About the conclusion of the American War of Independence, in consequence of dull trade and general financial depression, many of the tenants in this district, as well as elsewhere, obtained from their landlords leases of three nineteens, as the phrase was, at a low annual rent, to induce them to take the land at all. Of such as availed themselves of this opportunity, a few realised considerable wealth, either from their greater original capital, which enabled them to hold out through the bad times, to the high prices of the last French war period, or from their possessing greater

sagacity and energy than their neighbours.

Size of Farms.—The size of arable farms in the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire varies from about 100 to 500 acres; many ranging from 100 to 200 acres—an extent which enables the farmer personally not only to undertake the superintendence, but also to overlook, as far as practicable, the *minutiæ* of out-door labour, of the barn, and of the treatment and feeding of the live stock, whilst the labours of

the dairy and the kitchen are under the active charge of his wife; a considerable part of the labour in this department being often shared by her. The number of cows kept seldom exceeds 25 or 30.

Although the system of dairy farming is that which in general characterises the agriculture of the Upper Ward, there are instances where very few cows are kept, beyond those necessary for the family, and where the main object is the rearing and feeding of cattle, or more frequently of sheep. Such farms are generally of the largest size, and composed of soils particularly adapted for turnip cultivation.

The average rent of the old cultivated or croft land may be stated at present at about £2 10s per Scotch acre; the outfield land, which has been later subjected to the process of green cropping, at £1 10s; while that lately lying in comparatively unproductive pasture cannot be set down as on the average above 10s. The smaller farms, having less of the latter kind of land, and being more easily wrought, from having been more frequently subjected to the plough, have generally commanded more per acre than similar soils on those of The latter class of farms, from their extent and the improvements now thought desirable by landlords, require so much more capital, and entail so much greater risk, that there have been in general fewer competitors for them than for the smaller holdings. It may be remarked, however, that from the increase of capital, a more generally-diffused spirit of enterprise, the introduction of a higher class of implements and machinery, and an altered system of farm management more especially adapted to large farms, they now command proportionately larger rents than formerly.

CAPITAL.—The capital required for the smaller farms may range from £500 to £1000; for the larger, from £1000 to £2000, and upwards. But probably the largest part of the arable land is held by tenants whose capital will average about £750 or £800, embarked chiefly in dairy cows and young cattle, and the horses required for the labours of the farm, with a few young ones annually reared. To give a clearer idea of this matter, we may remark that capital to the extent of about four and a half years' rental is requisite for the

stocking of both sheep and arable farms.

Of exclusively sheep farms there are not many in the Upper Ward. In most of the parishes there are, however, a number of farms where sheep husbandry forms the most important department, at the same time that considerable attention is also paid to the dairy and cropping. In these cases, from 10 to 15 cows are frequently kept, and have equal care bestowed upon them with the sheep. On some, where the land suited to milk-cows can be spared from that appropriated to the sheep stock, it has become a custom of late years, to let from 20 to 40 cows to a "Booer," who is said to "boo" or rent them; and who pays for each cow a stipulated amount, either in cheese or money. In such cases the farmer himself keeps no more cows than are sufficient to supply dairy produce for family use, except the small

quantity required in spring for the lambs whose dams are unable to provide for them. In such farms fewer servants are kept; the cows having oftener a proportion of natural pasture, and deriving more of their winter food from meadows, in the form of hay, which require less labour than where turnips and straw are their chief support.

From the ease with which a large extent of sheep land can be superintended by one master, a general practice has prevailed, for the last eighty years, of one tenant holding two or more farms. The wild nature of these "led" farms, having ordinarily no land at a low enough elevation for the growth of grain or green crops, has caused them to be consigned to the care of shepherds, who are only visited by their masters at the principal handlings. Many of them, from their high situation, are peculiarly liable to storms, and to the loss, in bad years, of the greater part of the stock, circumstances which not only lead to the smallness of the rent, but tend to keep them in the hands of men of large capital.

The practice of holding led farms prevails less extensively in Lanarkshire than in some other parts of Scotland; neither are so many of the Lanarkshire store farmers holders of land elsewhere. This, however, has rather been on the increase of late, and a few of

them hold very extensively in the north.

Farm Implements.—Of these, one by which the extension of modern agriculture has been much aided, is the thrashing machine. In the Upper Ward it has almost superseded the flail, except in the case of crofters and villagers cultivating small patches of land, where the labour of old men once used to it can be had cheaply. Instances of machines for one horse even are not uncommon on small occupancies where only one is kept, and where the operations of ploughing and such as require two horses are carried on by two such occupiers conjointly. The accounts of the dates of the first erection of thrashing mills in several parishes vary from 1790 to 1805, but they had become pretty general by 1810. Since that date several individuals have established themselves as millwrights, whose chief employment is in connection with these machines. Of late, many farmers employ the English portable steam machines, which thrash and partly dress from 70 to 100 bolls per day.

The mills in general use separate the chaff from the corn, but do not prepare it for the market, so that the finishing part of the operation is performed by manual labour, partly by means of the riddle or ree, and partly by the hand-fanners. The latter seems to have been common in the district for a considerable period before the introduction of the mill. Many barns still exist with the doors placed opposite each other, for the purpose of carrying away the chaff by the draught thereby occasioned on a blowy day when the corn and the chaff were tossed or shovelled up before it. The prejudice against the first introduction of fanners seems to have been great.

They were often styled "The Devil's Wind."

In probably one-half of the mills water power is employed, which, from the nature of the district, both as to rainfall and inequality of surface, is to a great extent available without much expense; and steam power is used in little more than a dozen cases in the whole

district. The remainder are driven by horses.

Shortly before the introduction of thrashing machines, an improvement took place which was productive of a scarcely less saving of labour. This was the substitution of ploughs with two horses for those drawn by three or four. This change was contemporaneous with, and perhaps originated in, the use of iron instead of wood in These iron ploughs have now the manufacture of the plough. universally superseded the older implement, although the latter for a long time continued to hold its ground. Many gave a preference to it from the idea that the iron one had a tendency, by its greater weight acting on the bottom of the furrow, to cause a greater con-The chief recommendation of the wooden solidation of the subsoil. plough was its cheapness—the average price being about 13s 6d less than a fourth of that of an iron plough. On the other hand, the iron implement can be formed with much greater ease and certainty on any pattern, and, above all, possesses the great advantage of durability. The saving produced by the introduction of the two-horse plough, performing as much work in the day as the older ones with three or four horses, consists not only in the smaller number of horses now used, but in enabling the farmer to dispense with the services of the gaudsman or boy who formerly assisted the ploughman. plough in general use is identical with, or similar to, that commonly known as "Gray's Plough," so called from the manufacturers, at Uddingstone, near Glasgow, and it is considered as fully sufficient for the requirements of the district when in the hands of an experienced ploughman. In some districts there has arisen a feeling in favour of the attachment of wheels to the ploughs. The greater ease with which the wheeled plough is held enables a boy, or "hafflin," to perform satisfactory work, which is a consideration in the scarcity of hands and rise in the price of labour. There is no doubt, too, that, from the increased cultivation of farms, apart from the comparative merits of these two classes of ploughs, the land is now much better adapted for the wheeled plough than it was formerly. Turnips and potatoes are drilled up with the double plough, which is well suited for the free moulds of the Upper Ward.

Within the last ten or twelve years a most important implement in the cultivation of green crops has been introduced, viz., the grubber. This was, until lately, generally of the kind known in East Lothian as "Finlayson's Triangular," with a wheel at each angle, and drawn by three or four horses. A lighter grubber, somewhat similar to "Tennant's Patent," and suitable for two horses on well-cultivated farms, has now much superseded Finlayson's. The grubber has almost entirely abolished the use of the plough in spring, for turnip

and potato land; the practice being to plough the land in autumn with a strong furrow, in some cases with three horses, where the soil is strong enough, and the subsoil such as to warrant the practice. Besides overtaking more work than the plough, the grubber does not expose the soil to the influence of drought, which in very dry seasons, such as that of 1859, is especially advantageous. It is also superior to the plough in freeing the soil of couch grass, or wrack as it is called, and must be considered as altogether a sine qua non of advanced turnip husbandry, especially on light lands.

The harrows in general use are the wooden rhomboidal, with iron teeth, which seem to hold their ground against the superior zig-zag patent iron harrow, probably from the general character of the soils—stiff clay seldom occurring. They are equally used for covering the grain seed and harrowing turnip land. Another kind, well known as the brake or break harrow—a name very significant of its use—is employed for the latter purpose in cases where the land has

been recently broken up or is peculiarly foul.

Besides the grubber for general cultivation, the drill-grubber may be particularised as an important auxiliary in the cultivation of green crops. This implement is of only recent introduction, and not yet generally employed. The drill-harrow, or hurkle, has long been in use, probably since the introduction of turnip husbandry, about the beginning of the century. On all average-sized farms, the double-drill turnip-sowing machine is in general use, and probably few new single ones are now ordered, the saving of labour being of so much

importance at the season of sowing.

Another important change, occurring within a comparatively recent period, has been the universal substitution of the scythe for the reaping-hook. The scythe, except for hay, had no place as a harvest implement till about twenty years ago. About ten years previously, the toothed or serrated hook or sickle had been superseded by the scythe-hook, which may be said to have paved the way for the introduction of the scythe. Shearing with the scythe-hook, as practised by the Irish-who seem to have been the medium of its introduction into the district—so far resembles mowing, as it is a mowing and gathering at the same time by one individual. Mowing appears now to have become universal in the district, the longestablished practice of stooking the mown rye-grass for seed, perhaps making the change easier than otherwise it might have been, as the one operation so far resembles the other. The only difference is that, in the case of grain, the swathe is laid to the standing corn, whilst, with the hay, it is laid away from the uncut The change was also recommended by the greater ease with which three good mowers could be got than a dozen good shearers. It also provided a much fitter employment for the women than the hook. In harvest, the ploughmen generally wield the scythe. On the larger farms some extra hands may be employed. The bandsters

7

are generally hired for the harvest, although "hafflins," or half-grown lads, engaged for the whole summer, may, to some extent, perform this work. The female servants, and occasionally an additional woman or two, are employed lifting to the mowers, whilst boys and girls are employed in raking and making bands. There are a few reaping machines, but as the crops are generally oats, and not, in most seasons, so strong as to be unsuitable for the scythe, the latter seems well adapted for most of the district, and so long as extra hands can readily enough be got for harvest labour, will probably remain so. Reaping machines, however, are, on the whole, rather unmanageable in a country so undulating as the greater part of the Upper Ward; and, fifteen hands being needed to work the machine to profit, few farms, in the upper districts particularly, can muster that number.

As to grain-sowing, the implement most in use is the broad-cast machine, which is considered advantageous in distributing the seed more regularly than by the hand, effecting a saving of seed, besides the great saving of skilled labour at such an important season.

Fencing and Draining.—The existence of fences was, to a very recent period, the exception rather than the rule, even in the agricultural parts of the Upper Ward. The stock, consisting almost entirely of cattle, were divided into two hirsels—the milch cows and the young cattle or yeild beasts, each lot under the care of a herd-boy or girl. The croft land in grass, and any good natural pasture, fell to the share of the milch cows, whilst the outfield, or moorland pasture, was grazed by the others; and, fences seldom separating these herds from the patches of corn that occurred here and there, all depended on the watchfulness of the attendant and the collie dog; and carelessness or want of skill on the part of the herd resulted, not only in damage to the crops, but in injury to the cattle of which they had the charge. Farmers now avail themselves of fences, where they can be had, on payment of a remunerative interest on the money expended by the landlord in their erection.

The fences in the agricultural districts, erected eighty or ninety years ago, consist of an earthen dyke formed from a ditch running alongside of it, on the summit of which a thorn-hedge was planted; or, in other cases, of two hedges planted on the edge of a dyke, formed from two ditches, one running along each side. The dyke in this case was about five feet wide at the top, and with the ditches, took up about twelve feet altogether. In the latter case hard-wood trees were often planted between the hedgerows, and in the former at intervals among the thorns. These trees, however, were seldom planted where thorns were likely to thrive well and grow to a good Had it been totally omitted, these fences might, with ordinary care, have continued good till the present day, but the trees have, in most cases, smothered the hedges, and however advantageous as shelter, they now serve but little purpose as fences. These fences seem also to have been, in many instances, intended to serve as drains for cutting through springs, and consequently were planned according to the nature of the surface, so that the enclosures were often very small in size and irregular in outline. Thorn-hedges in single rows. with or without a ditch, as the land was wet or dry, have all along been planted to some extent, but are not very common. Dry stone dykes, except in the moorlands, where sheep husbandry prevailed, were seldom used, and then chiefly as marches or fences between different farms. In fact, the greatest portion of even the agricultural districts continued almost without fences till very recently. places a considerable extent of hedges has been recently planted, but within the last ten or twelve years by far the greatest part of the fences erected have been of stobs and wire. In the pastoral districts stone dykes still continue to be the main kind of fence, and having the advantage of considerable shelter in themselves, will hold their ground wherever materials of good quality can be readily obtained. these are scarce, or the situation, by its difficulty of access or extreme steepness, is ill suited for this class of wall, wire fences have been introduced, in many instances, with great success.

As already remarked, the old fence of hedge and ditch usually served the purpose of draining the field to some extent. These, with cross ditches cutting up the land into small subdivisions in proportion to its wetness, seem to have been the only kind of drains known at the time these fences were formed, which, from the age of the hedgerow timber, appears to have been about eighty years ago. This leads to the belief that under-drainage was not then practised in the Since that period, drains formed of the stones gathered from the land, without any apparent regard to their size, have been executed to a considerable extent for carrying away spring water, or cutting between the wet and the dry on a declivity. Wherever such drains had really any considerable perennial run of water, they have been permanent advantages to the land, serving the purpose in-In other cases, they have generally tended even to the present day. They were generally conducted, wherebecome choked with earth. ever practicable, across the field to the nearest point of the fence ditch, instead of running straight up and down the declivity, according to the most approved method of modern drainage.

This appears to have been almost the only drainage generally practised till the opening up of the country by the Caledonian Railway, in October, 1847, gave facilities for procuring tiles. The only other mode of covered drainage seems to have been the wedge draining on deep peat bogs, where a firm wedge of peat in a dry state was introduced into the bottom of the drain, leaving below it sufficient space for a water-run. When well executed, such drains will serve

all purposes of the tenant farmer on such soils.

The system of thorough draining, by running parallel drains, filled with broken stones, up and down a field at a distance proportioned to the nature of the subsoil, appears not to have been practised to

any great extent in this district, although introduced by Smith of Deanston, and extensively carried on in more favoured localities. The expense of this system appears to have been so great that it prevented any attempt at draining those wild moorlands which have Liming, indeed, could have been more recently been reclaimed. resorted to, and to any extent, but in most cases the distance from a market and the comparatively low prices of many kinds of farm produce, offered no inducement for such operations. It was only after the general introduction of guano that such an improvement could be profitably adopted, by means of which the price of live stock has been so much increased, from the great addition to the supply of food produced throughout the country generally. As to the beneficial effects of draining throughout the Upper Ward, it is not going too far to say that the produce of a great proportion of the soil has been doubled, besides the additional land brought into the rotation, which had formerly been seldom cropped, and then little to the benefit of the subsequent pasture.

We must not omit to notice the improvements made by embankments against the overflow of the Clyde or its tributaries. Considerable breadths of valuable land, that formerly were very precarious as arable land, have been rendered secure even in wet seasons. operation has been assisted to a considerable extent by improved drainage, which has deepened the bed of the river by increasing the rapidity of the current. The most extensive operations in this way have been carried on in the higher part of the arable district, chiefly in the parishes of Coulter and Lamington, where the harvests are in general so early as to warrant considerable outlay for arable purposes. On one or two estates in that locality, land to the extent of some hundreds of acres has been thus embanked, and is now good arable land, excepting a few spots, consisting of old back ponds or hollows of stagnant water, incapable of being drained. Formerly, these lands were generally completely overgrown with rushes which no mowing could extirpate, and which could be kept down only by the plough. Now green crops can be grown upon them equally with other land without the soil being liable to be swept away in winter, or the crop itself in summer and autumn.

Irrigation has not been carried on to any extent. Whenever the surface is conveniently available for tillage, and of such an extent as to be thought of consequence, meadows situated on the banks of burns or small rivulets are usually cropped. Water in general, though greatly advantageous to the growth of the coarser kinds of herbage, does not seem to be equally conducive in ordinary seasons, at least, to the growth of the finer grasses. Indeed, rivulets that have their source in, or flow through, extensive mossy tracts, are found to be hurtful to vegetation. It is only in particular cases, where the liquid manure of the farm-yard, or the waste water of villages can be applied, that irrigation can be said to be of any benefit

In such cases the results are often remarkable, and render the land so treated much more profitable than it otherwise would be.

Mr Sim of Coulter, who has always been deeply interested in the progress of agriculture, some years ago erected apparatus for distributing liquid manure, but this only to land in the immediate vicinity of the manure tank. The expense of laying down the metal

pipes seems to prevent the general extension of the system.

Mr Brown of Libberton Mains farm has also been at the expense of building large tanks, and erecting a steam engine, for the purpose of making use of the surplus liquid rejected by the dung-heap. He inclines to think that about six acres of land in grass, near to the farm-steading, is sufficient to absorb beneficially all the liquid manure of his farm, of about 700 acres, on which the whole of the straw and turnip crop are consumed. Mr Brown is no advocate for using all the straw as fodder, and thinks it important to have such a quantity used as bedding or litter as will secure a comfortable lair to the animals; and so far, therefore, he is opposed to the extreme advocates of the liquid system, who would have the cattle lying on bare boards or cocoanut matting, and apply the whole of the manure in a fluid state.

As to the present modes of cropping, it has been already stated that at least one-half of the arable land is devoted to pasture, or clover and rye-grass for hay. The almost universal practice of the district now is to sow oats on the land ploughed out of lea, to follow that by turnips or potatoes, the latter crop seldom exceeding a fourth part of that devoted to the former. These crops are generally followed by oats, only a little barley being sown, bearing, probably, about the same proportion to the oats that the potatoes do to the turnips. Grass and clover seeds are universally sown at the same period with the oats or barley succeeding the green crop. clover, from its liability to failure of late years, and the great success with which the Alsike has been used, is now much less frequently sown; indeed, Alsike is likely soon to supersede it entirely. White clover will stand its ground. Timothy-grass may also be considered of importance for strong or mossy soils, especially where sheep are kept. However, rye-grass will remain the most important kind of grass for general use. Italian rye-grass is often sown where the situation is favourable for irrigation by gravitation. Otherwise, a crop of tares is considered as more profitable for soiling or the housefeeding of cattle, to which both of these crops are always applied. The crop of young grass was, at one time, always cut for hay, but it has become very common to pasture it in summer. to the greater quantities of turnips grown, this hay is of much less consequence as winter food for cattle; the supply of other fodder having been, by the assistance of this root, rendered sufficient. Besides, by the application of from one and a-half to two and a-half cwts., per acre, of nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia, as much rye-grass hay can be procured from one acre as from two or three

where this top-dressing is not used. This enables the cows to be much better kept and the stock increased; and, in many cases, although the winter stock may not be added to, it has made the custom more prevalent of grazing the young stock at home, a practice which can be carried out without any additional house accommodation; whilst, at the same time, the permanent stock of cattle kept on

the farm is actually increased.

The oat crop, on the land ploughed from lea, is frequently topdressed with two or three cwts. of Peruvian guano per Scotch acre, a practice which increases about one-third the yield of both grain and straw, and in most cases is found profitable; the average of soils not being of such a nature as to lodge the crop under such a mode of treatment. Turnips in general have an allowance of guano, ground or dissolved bones, or of some compound wherein bones form one of the principal constituents. This is applied, with the farm-yard manure, in the drill, so far as the latter will go. When it fails, the remainder of the turnips are manured with the portable materials alone, at an expense of from £3 to £7 per acre, and, though the latter sum may seem an extravagant outlay, its advantages to the subsequent crops, especially to the pasture, are such as to make it highly remunerative. Potatoes have not been, to such a considerable extent, aided by these manures, farm-yard manure alone being generally used for their growth. Their cultivation, according to the modern method, seems to have been generally introduced about the close of last century, as was also that of turnips, to such an extent at least, as to enable the farmers, in some cases, to fatten a number of cattle and sheep; yet the land under turnips cannot, in any case, have been more, at that time, than about a seventh of that now devoted to it, while the bulk of crop per acre was probably not above one-half of what it now is. The present average is about 25 tons per Scotch acre, although as many as 45 have been produced.

Any other crops cultivated cannot be said to be of much consequence. Mangold-wurzel has been tried, and, in favourable situations, produced a fair amount of bulbs, but never such as to pay for the greater quantity of manure required for its cultivation. Carrots, from the greater trouble connected with them, have never been cultivated to any great extent. The Swedish turnip has succeeded well, however, both as to growth and quality of produce, where the soil is strong enough. Cabbage, where a piece of superior soil can be applied to its cultivation, may be expected to be grown to some extent in future, as, where it has been tried, it has succeeded pretty fairly; and as a food for dairy cows it is peculiarly valuable. Rape, also, is grown to some extent as a forage plant on the larger farms, having a great breadth of dry soil; but this is only practised when the turnip sowing cannot be accomplished so early in the season as to insure a full crop, or in the breaking up of steep lands.

PERIODS OF SOWING AND REAPING.—Both of these are considerably

earlier since drainage and improved farming became prevalent. Seed-time is, on the average, from the 28th March to 4th April, and harvest about the beginning of September. In former times harvest often extended till November. Crops have become earlier by the increased facilities for procuring a change of seed from warmer districts, and the introduction of earlier varieties of oats, which the land can now carry so as to produce an abundance of fodder, where formerly that could be raised only by using the later varieties.

CATTLE.—The cattle generally kept in the Upper Ward have the characteristics, more or less, of the Ayrshire breed, and, indeed, there are many pure Ayrshire stocks of superior excellence. For forty or fifty years back, large numbers of Ayrshire cows, chiefly bred in the Middle Ward of the county, have been introduced through the Fairs of Carluke, Lanark, Carnwath, and Biggar; these Fairs at the same time serving, especially of late, as the medium of a considerable export trade to Dumfriesshire and the north-western counties of England. A very large proportion of the cows are now bred in the district; the practice on most farms being to rear at least as many quey-calves as keep up the stock, and in many cases considerable numbers of young cattle are annually disposed of as queys in calf. This has been brought about, partly from the greater risk of purchasing since the prevalence of pleura pneumonia, and partly from their enhanced value. The general custom is to have the queys calving at three years old, and to dispose of the old cows at from seven to eleven years. The latter in general go to the dairies of Edinburgh and Glasgow as milkers, where they are milked and fattened at the same time, and never again produce off-Their price varies according to the season of selling, as well as their size and apparent milking qualities. In March, when there is an abundant supply, they average about £10 a head, whilst in November, and for a period before and after, they bring about £13. Good calving queys, in the month of May, fetch about £12. Many prize animals, however, both male and female, have been purchased at prices averaging from £18 to £40, and in several instances for exportation to the Continent.

In a few instances, Ayrshire cows are kept principally for rearing feeding stock. They are put to a short horn bull, and the progeny, both male and female, carefully reared, and sometimes fed off at the age of two years, but more frequently kept till rising three. In these cases more than fifteen cows are seldom kept, and more frequently about twelve. The calves get a full supply of sweet milk for three or four months, after which cheese and butter are generally made.

On some of the higher haughs of the Clyde numbers of Highland cattle are wintered in the open air with the assistance of a little hay, and are fed off the following summer on the same land. A few inferior Highland cattle are grazed occasionally in the moorland parts of Carnwath parish, but, in general, only so as to be resold, still lean,

APPENDIX. 13

at a farther stage of their growth. More generally the rough natural pasture of that district is grazed in summer by two-year-old yell Ayrshire queys, frequently bred in the district, but in many cases sent from a distance by farmers who rent finer lands, and think it more advantageous to devote their own pastures to their milch cows.

The cows which the Ayrshire breed displaced in the Upper Ward, excelled them, both in weight of carcase and quantity of produce, and to some individuals might appear more valuable animals. Judging from the few still remaining, which, however, have a cross of the Ayrshire, they appear to have been flat-sided and deep-ribbed, without that compactness of form and roundness of barrel which is characteristic of the latter breed. They must, in consequence, have been great consumers in proportion to their produce. The Ayrshire Association gives the points indicated in the subjoined note as the characteristics of the Ayrshire breed. They seem also to have been better suited to the rough natural pasture, formerly so prevalent on most farms, than to the shorter, though more nutritive, bite of the grass on tilled land.*

The dairies in the Upper Ward during the last twenty or thirty years have been chiefly devoted to the manufacture of full milk cheese, made almost universally after the Dunlop method. In a few instances the Somersetshire system has been introduced. In many cases, however, skim-milk cheeses and butter are made. The latter is sometimes sent fresh to Edinburgh and Glasgow. When it is powdered, it is sold to the west country manufacturing districts, where alone there is a demand for it. In other cases it is full salted and kept over till the end of autumn. This system is mostly practised in the smaller dairies. It has also become common to send sweet milk by railway to Glasgow.

^{*} The points indicating excellence in Ayrshire cows are as follows:—Head, short; forehead, wide; nose, fine, between the muzzle and eyes; muzzle, moderately large; eyes, full and lively; horns, wide set on, inclining upwards and curving slightly inwards; neck, long and straight from the head to the top of the shoulder, free from loose skin on the under side, fine at its junction with the head, and the muscles symmetrically enlarging towards the shoulders; shoulders, thin at the top; brisket, light; the whole fore-quarters thin in front, and gradually increasing in depth and width backwards; back, short and straight; spine, well defined, especially at the shoulders; short ribs, arched; the body deep at the flanks, and the milk-veins well developed; pelvis, long, broad, and straight; hook-bones (illium), wide apart, and not much overlaid with fat; thighs, deep and broad; tail, long and slender, and set on level with the back; milk-vessel, capacious and extending well forward; hinder part, broad and firmly attached to the body; the sole or under surface, nearly level; the teats, from two to two and a-half inches in length, equal in thickness, and hanging perpendicularly, their distance apart at the sides should be equal to about one-third of the length of the vessel, and across to about one-half of the breadth; legs, short, the bones fine and the joints firm; skin, soft and elastic, and covered with soft, close, woolly hair. The colours preferred are brown or brown and white, the colours being distinctly defined. Weight of the animal, when fatted, about forty imperial stones, sinking offial.

In conclusion, we may remark that the Ayrshire breed was moulded into its present form chiefly amongst tenant farmers, whose principal dependence lay on the produce of their dairies, and we cannot believe that merely fancy characteristics, as some suppose, had much sway with them. They have, indeed, produced an animal eminently graceful and well-proportioned; but this beauty of form is the result of the combination of particular features, each of which has been sought for and prized as indications of some practical excellency. Thus, the strong loins, the round barrel, and well-carried milk vessel, are so many signs of durability and productiveness. An animal so constituted will yield, weight for weight, a more valuable carcase than a lanker and coarser one, besides being much more easily fed. As to the yield per acre on the general soils of this district, the Ayrshire, at least as a dairy breed, is that which is the most profitable.

The sheep stock generally kept was, until twenty years ago, almost entirely the black-faced. In the Old Statistical Account of Scotland there is no mention of any Cheviot sheep in the County of Lanark, except in the parish of Lamington. A few stocks had, however, before the date of that publication, become Cheviot, either by purchasing young stock or by the use of Cheviot rams; but the change does not seem to have spread to any extent, the very severe winter of 1797 being probably the chief cause of this. Within the last twenty years, however, more than one-half of the sheep stock of the Upper Ward have assumed, more or less, the characteristics of pure Cheviots. The system of crossing and re-crossing with the Cheviot ram has been carried on so long that many stocks are now essentially Cheviot, as to quality of wool and weight of carcase, while the wether lambs bring equally high prices with the pure Cheviot. Probably, however, had it not been for the great extension of the turnip husbandry, this change in the breed would not have been found profitable. So, the introduction of portable manures has had a great influence on sheep farming, as well as on that of It has also led to considerable alteration in the arable districts. the periods when this stock is disposed of. Formerly, large numbers of the wether lambs, mostly black-faced, were wintered on the farms where they were bred. These were sold at Linton (a market now transferred to Lanark), in the following June, where they were purchased by storemasters from the Highlands; while the shots of the ewe lambs were disposed of to farmers in the neighbouring arable districts, by whom they were wintered and sold, at the same time with the wethers—the larger number going into Yorkshire for breeding Now, store farmers, whether having black-faced or Cheviot sheep, sell off the whole of their wether lambs and the casts of their ewe lambs in the beginning of August, either to the arable farmer of the district or to the market at Lockerbie or Lanark. This leaves room for a considerable addition to the ewe stock, and the throwing into the general run of a portion of the best of the

land formerly reserved for the hoggs, must, in many cases, have gone far of itself to afford grounds for the change of a black-faced stock to a Cheviot one. Previous to the general use of guano and bone manure, few Cheviot hoggs were wintered on arable farms in the Upper Ward. The general practice in Lanarkshire, where Cheviot hoggs are wintered, is to keep them on grass, with a moderate allowance of turnips, sometimes carted to the pastures, and sometimes eaten where they grow, the sheep being confined on them with flakes or hurdles during the night or a few hours of the day. are then grazed during summer on good pasture. In October they are again put on turnips, and in some cases allowed, in addition, a portion of corn or cake, and made ready for the fat market. They are sold from January to April, according to their previous condition, or the views of the farmer, at prices ranging from 34s to In general, they are supplied with straw or hay, more frequently the former, placed in a rack, especially when they are constantly confined to the turnips. In very severe winters, particularly towards the spring months, the hoggs, under good management, receive an allowance of oil-cake or oats, the latter being generally preferred, as more readily eaten by them. The allowance for each hogg is from a quarter to a pound of oats, according to the supply of other keep. During the severe weather here, in the winter of 1860-1, owing to the general destruction by frost, as well as the original deficiency of the turnip crops, feeding substances seldom before used in the district were resorted to, such as rape-cake, alone or mixed with locust beans. As there is good reason to believe the rape-cake to be almost equal to oats in nutritive properties, while it is a great deal cheaper, the use of it is likely to become considerable in subsequent winters.

Besides the total change of the characteristics of permanent stocks by the use of Cheviot rams, crossing with the Leicester ram, for the purpose of raising stock for feeding, has also been put into practice with both Cheviot and black-faced ewes. The employment of other breeds has also been attempted, but although unattended by any practical results, they serve to show that enterprise and energy were

not wanting before the most beneficial system was hit upon.

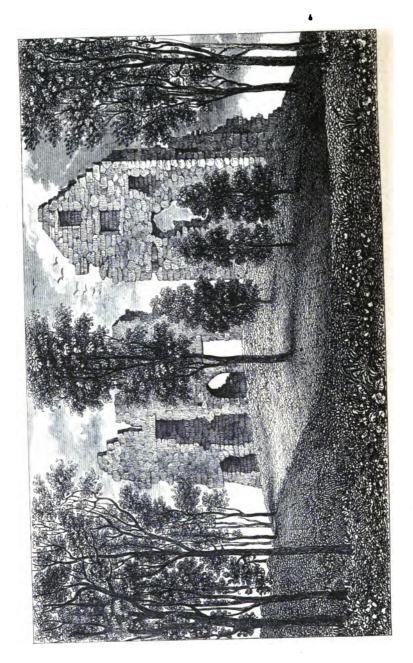
We may here notice the means by which farmers now consider that the fleece can be benefited. Since the introduction of the Cheviot ram, smearing with tar and butter has been gradually going out of practice, the tar being much more detrimental to the Cheviot wool than to the black-faced, which is of so much less value and used for many purposes wherein the stain of the tar is of little consequence. Even many holders of black-faced stock have given up the practice of smearing. Others smear only every alternate year. The black-faced wintered in the district, on farms partially arable, are smeared chiefly from a regard to a prejudice amongst the buyers from upland districts against those unsmeared, the idea being that

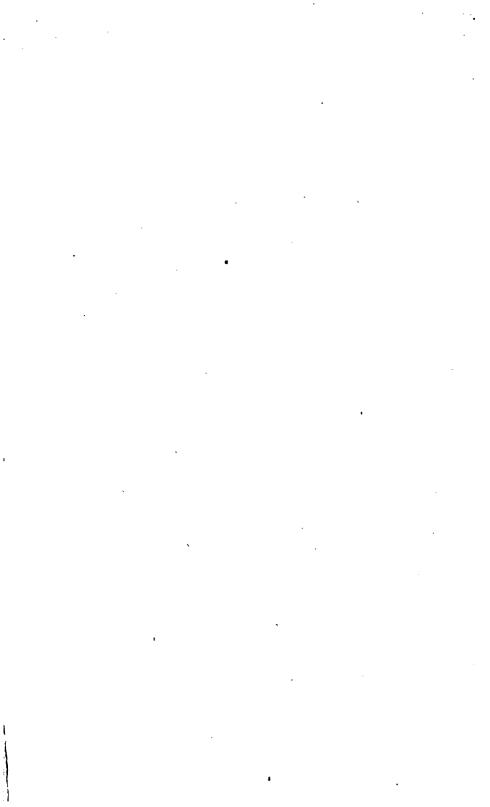
the white hoggs must have been wintered in too low a climate, and become unfitted for an Alpine home.

Dipping has now become a prevalent mode of dealing with the Previous to its introduction, pouring had been for some time But it is probable that before long dipping will entirely In both cases, the composition deemed suitable for supersede it. hill sheep contains, besides some poisonous ingredient for the destruction of vermin, a considerable proportion of some kind of oil. experienced storemasters, who had been in the habit of using arsenic, are now averse to its use, believing that it has an injurious effect on the skin and wool, damaging the latter in quality, and reducing its weight, besides, of consequence, hurting the health of the animal. They recommend the use, rather, of hellebore or tobacco, neither of which have the corrosive nature of mineral poisons. After the dipping, the sheep stand till thoroughly dripped, on a platform whence the liquid runs again back into the trough in a way now well known and described in our latest agricultural dictionaries. The pouring is performed on a stool made for the purpose, such as was used for smearing, and shearing the sheep, and the fleece requires to be divided into sheds for the introduction of the liquid. The oil generally used for Cheviot sheep is olive, or, as it is more commonly styled from one of its chief places of shipment, Gallipoli oil. rape, and whale oil are also used—the latter, however, seldom or ever for Cheviots. We may notice here that, although almost every improvement in the management of the sheep stock has emanated from the eastern districts, the Upper Ward of Clydesdale has the credit of introducing successfully the system of adding from half to three-quarters of a pound of oil to the plunge, with as profitable results as when applied with the pouring bath.

The increasing value of sheep stock has given rise to many improvements in the managements of sheep grazings, by which a great addition of valuable pasturage from tracts formerly comparatively worthless has been effected by open or sheep drains, on which large sums have been expended. By means of these, palatable and nourishing pasture is produced, where formerly grew only herbage of the coarsest description. Of late years a great improvement has been made in these drains by placing them parallel to each other, in the same manner as covered drains on arable land, and in a few instances covered drainage has been practised to some extent, in which cases it is found advisable to follow up this improvement by liming on the unbroken surface. Among the other modes of improvement of sheep pasturage may be mentioned the burning of the heather in proper rotations, and the extirpating of breckens, or ferns, by repeated mowing. The first practice, unfortunately, is to some extent interfered with from its being thought prejudicial to the grouse. But preservers of game are beginning to think the grouse are thereby as much benefited as the sheep by having young THE NEW YORK
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heath to feed upon, and, in consequence, a judicious system of burning portions in rotation, alike advantageous to the sheep and the game,

has been sanctioned by all well-informed sportsmen.

The horses generally kept in the district for agricultural purposes are favourable specimens of the famed Clydesdale breed. Breeding does not, however, seem to be carried on so largely since the extension of the turnip husbandry. The disuse of the four-horse plough had of itself been previously a cause of fewer young horses being bred. The stock kept is composed chiefly of mares, and where

breeding is practised the colts are generally disposed of.

The kind of horse generally used in the Upper Ward may seem rather of a lighter description than in some districts farther west, where the soils are heavier, and many of the horses are geldings, which frequently grow larger than the mares, although many of these very animals are the produce of the Upper Ward, where the absence of this greater weight is preferred, as the soils are in general so friable as to be easily ploughed by slighter horses; and speed in stepping is of considerable importance for the expeditious overtaking of the turnip-culture. For the grubber, and cases of plouging of a particularly severe kind, three horses can usually be provided, without purchasing any additional or laying idle any one on account of its fellow being so occupied. It is a remarkable peculiarity of the Clydesdale breed, as at present existing, that few of them, considered as purely belonging to it, are not possessed of one or more white feet; and we believe that it can be proved that many of the best specimens of the breed trace their pedigree to a horse having this peculiarity, bred within the present century.

As to other kinds of stock, swine may be set down as of considerable importance in a dairy district, where so much of the waste produce is available for their support. Kindly-feeding varieties are now most commonly sought after, whereas indications of growth were formerly the principal qualification of the young pig. Some of the finest English varieties have been introduced from some of the most distinguished breeders, and will, no doubt, have a beneficial influence on those bred in the district. The increased value of potatoes, since the opening of the Caledonian Railway, has, no doubt, been a chief cause of this increase in the attention paid to the breeding or selection of pigs. By the transit presented by that railway to the southern markets, the value of pork has been greatly enhanced. A strong prejudice is known to have existed, at no very distant period, against the use of swine's flesh over a great part of Scotland. As a striking instance of the rareness of this kind of stock at the time of Sir John Sinclair's Survey, about 1790, in one parish of the Upper Ward, where now the number lately amounted to 77, then it was only 7 certainly a curious example of the extent to which the habits of a people may be changed in a comparatively short period.

FARM-STEADINGS.—The farm-steadings in the Upper Ward are,

on the whole, mostly below the requirements of the age and the accommodation demanded in accordance with modern improvements. In new leases this matter is fully appreciated by the tenants in gene-Many landlords, also, are now anxious to give accommodation of a superior kind, or such as the tenant considers necessary and desirable. In some cases, farm-steadings of the most perfect description have been erected. The importance of looking to the comfort of the servants tending the cattle, as well as to that of the animals themselves, has become greater from the increased value of labour, and in the newest kind of farm-steading, the whole is contained under one roof, so that the servant, during the performance of necessary duties, remains quite independent of the state of the weather without. At Libberton Mains there has been erected one of the most noteworthy combinations of this kind at present existing, and which may be considered the model of a farm-steading.

As far as we are aware, there exists in the Upper Ward only two instances of steam-power being used for the purpose of applying the liquid manure of the farm-yard, the one at the home farm of Coulter Mains, the other at the farm of Libberton Mains. In both of these cases, however, as we have formerly remarked, this pertains chiefly to the surplus liquid or drainage from the dunghill, there being no effort made to convert a large proportion of the animal excrements into a liquid state; and the application extends only to the irrigation of a small proportion of grass to be cut for soiling, and does not aim at

any farther extension of the system.

FARM SERVANTS.—It is the universal custom in the Upper Ward to board the unmarried servants, male and female, in the farm-house; the women having their sleeping rooms adjoining or over the kitchen, and the men in an apartment adjoining or over the stable. The married men live in cottages near the farm-steading, and in general board themselves; and in such cases frequently have either the keep for a cow or the produce of one as part of their wages, besides being allowed to keep a pig; and are allowed as wages from £18 to £24, with board or privileges equivalent. The wages of shepherds are generally better than what is given to ploughmen, and formerly were almost entirely paid from the produce of from forty-two to fifty-five sheep; of late they are usually paid in money terms.

We may here remark that the farm servants in the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire will compare favourably, in their social life and habits, with their class in any other part of Scotland. Marriages are frequent—for which careful provision is made, and in no respect does the treatment of them tend to demoralisation. This subject has been engaging the attention of the philanthropist, and let us hope that nothing may be neglected to secure to us what we have enjoyed in times past—

"A virtuous peasantry to rise the while, And stand a wall of fire around our much-loved Isle."

HISTORY OF JOHN TAYLOR—LEADHILLS.

JOHN TAYLOR, son of Bernard or Barnabas Taylor (he calls him Barny), by his wife, Agnes Watson, was born in Garry Gill, in the parish of Alston, in Cumberland. His father came from Westmoreland, was a miner, and died when John was only four years old, leaving two daughters older and a son younger to the care of their mother, who lived many years after. His eldest sister (Agnes) went to the south of England, unmarried, and never returned; the other (Mary) married one William Hoggard (or Haggard?), a miller at Penrith, whose children were alive there not many years ago. brother (Thomas) went to Flanders as a soldier under King William, and never returned. John was, at the age of nine years, set to dressing of lead ore, which he followed for two years, at 2d per day; he then went to work below ground, and had been employed in assisting the miners in removing the ore and rubbish, at the rate of 4d a-day, for three or four years, when the great solar eclipse called Mirk Monday happened; for he says he was at that time at the bottom of a shaft or pit, and was desired by the man at the top to call those below to come out, because a great cloud had darkened the sun, so that the birds were falling to the earth. This event, which he has always told with the same circumstances, is the only era from which to reckon his age. He continued to work in the mines at Alston till about twenty-six years of age, when he went to the lead mines at Black Hall, in the Bishoprick of Durham, where he wrought some eight or nine years, and was then sent by one Doubledays, a Quaker, to view and make a report of some mines in the island of Islay. Some time after his return he went back to Islay, where he remained as a kind of overseer for a year or more. But for some years after this his history appears a little dark, as he wrought at different mines in the south of Scotland and north of England, in an ambulatory manner, without being able to ascertain the time he remained in any one place. He and all his family have always asserted that he lived twenty-eight years in Islay, whereas, by what is formerly asserted and what follows, which is ascertained by proper certificates in his own possession, we have only twenty-two years of his residence there. Be that as it will, in 1707 he was employed by Lord Lauderdale, at the Mint in Edinburgh, coining the Scots money In 1709 he married his only wife in Islay, being then, into British. as he says, upwards of sixty. He wrought there as a miner till 1730, when he came to Glasgow, and, leaving his family there, went to the mines at Strontian, in Argyleshire, and returned to Glasgow about two years after. He wrought at Glasgow as a day-labourer till 1733, when he came to Leadhills, where he wrought regularly as a miner till 1752. He was always a thin, spare man, about $5\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, black-haired, ruddy-faced, and long-visaged. He had always a good appetite, and when he was obliged to go to work (as the miners are

at all hours), found no difficulty in making as hearty a meal at midnight as at mid-day; his diet was chiefly flesh, and always the best he could procure; his drink, malt liquor, and although he could never be called a drunkard, he says he never refused a good fellow. never remembers to have been sick (for the small-pox he had in his infancy), till about 1724, when he was seized in Islay with a At Strontian he was seized (in common with the bloody flux. rest of the miners) with the scurvy, occasioned by drinking spirits and feeding on salt provisions, and afterwards with a fever. only circumstance remarkable attending this last was that, having been let blood, the wound broke out, and before it was discovered the blood had run through the bed and floor to a lower room. February, 1758, his wife died; and he having got cold, was seized with a looseness, attended with feverish symptoms, which brought him very low, but since his recovery he has not had the least complaint. At present his appetite is still good, but finds a glass of brandy necessary to warm his stomach, twice or thrice a-day. has a very antiquated look, but although the hair on his eye-brows and beard are perfectly white, that on his head is not more grey than of most men at fifty. He lies much a-bed in the cold weather, but in warm days he walks out with a stick, and is not greatly bowed In last October he walked from his own house to Leadhills (a computed mile), and having entertained his children and grandchildren in a public-house, returned the same day on foot. His wife bore him nine children, of which four died young. The eldest (a daughter) was born in 1710—was married and died in 1744. Two sons and two daughters are still alive at Leadhills, and all married except his youngest child, a son aged about thirty-six. He is not yet, nor ever was, a great sleeper, and always used a great deal of Till within these few years he used to divert himself. while the season answered, with fishing (trouts) with a rod.—14th March, 1767.

[In No. 126, Aug. 21, 1852, an article appears in *Household Words*, entitled "News from an Old Place," and locally attributed to the pen of Miss Martineau, from which paragraphs referring to John Taylor are given as below.—A. M.]

There is a tombstone in the cemetery, which is shown with pride to the stranger, recording as it does the death of a man, a miner, who had lived one hundred and thirty-seven years. He must have been a brave old fellow; for he used to go a-fishing among the hills, all alone, when he was one hundred and twenty years old. What a strange meditation must his have been in such a solitude!—supposing him to have retained his faculties, which he seems to have done. As he walked slowly along, playing his line, as men do in those mountain streams, was he tired of life, looking back on a succession of genera-

tions, with whom he ought, in natural course, to have gone to the grave? Did he fear in his heart, as an aged woman once did openly, that God had forgotten him? Or did it seem to him, as it does to some who have outlived all they once knew, a perfectly natural thing that they should have died, and that he should be there to tell the history of their deaths? Did he think of the armies that had come that way, marching over the hills with music and shouts, every man of whom had become dust? What did he think of the greybeards of the village getting past their work, when he remembered that he had dandled some of them as infants after he himself had reached threescore years and ten? The everlasting hills, with their inexhaustible streams, were the same as ever; and he probably thought himself the same as ever. But what a mere procession he must have considered all the rest of human life—a procession of companies; now a set of proprietors of the mines, and a chaplain, and an Earl of Hopetoun, and a population of grandparents, working-men and women, and children; and presently another set of proprietors, another chaplain, another Earl of Hopetoun, another population of old, middle-aged, and young; and he, at first walking with them in the procession, but long ago standing by to see them pass, as naturally as if it was his business to observe them, and theirs to pass on towards their graves!

Perhaps it was all less striking to him than to us, the grass, and the rocks, and the sky, being what he had already known them, and the fish leaping to his bait as they had done in his youth. One day, when he was one hundred and twenty years old, the snows came upon him when he was up in the hills, and blocked up his way on every side. He gave himself up for lost. Perhaps he felt it hard to be thus cut off untimely, instead of dying in his bed. He stuck his fishing-rod upright in the snow, and made another struggle for life. He struggled through to a place where he was found. When he had recovered, he went back, plucked his rod out of the snow, and returned to begin his new lease of seventeen years of life.

Old as he lived to be, John Taylor had been a miner—had worked under ground. In his day, as now, the gallows-like apparatus erected over the shafts of the mines stood up against the sky, on a ridge here, on the summit of a knoll there. Down the ladders he went, fathoms deep, to a resting-place; and then, turning aside a little, down many more—ten times as many—to where he had to work six hours a-day, hewing away at the vein of ore, sending up the rubbish, sending up the ore, toiling in darkness, heat, damp, and often up to the knees in the turbid water of the mine.

[Old as John Taylor lived, his sons were men of worth and merit, one of them having become the "Baillie" or overseer of the works at Leadhills; and from his stock came also Taylor who, in conjunction with Symington, first solved the problem of steam navigation.—A. M.]

THE OLD BRIDGE OF CLYDESHOLM, LANARK.

AT p. 347, Vol. II. of this Work, reference is made to an Act of Parliament obtained in 1649, which appears in the Records of the Presbytery of Lanark as follows: March 29.—"It is ordained that the Act granted in favours of the town of Lanark, for a general collection throughout the kingdom, for building a bridge at Clydesholm—a work of great necessity and public concernment—be represented to the Synod, that we may have the help and advice of the Synod for the furtherance of the work." April 19, 1649.—"The brethren, after return from the Synod, report to the bailies of Lanark, being then present, how willing all the brethren of the Synod were to further the work of building a bridge at Clydesholm, by a contribution of their several paroches, and desires the bailies not to neglect to go on speedily with the work, which the Presbytery will further all they can."

Davidson, in his History of Lanark, p. 96, states that "the whole sum collected by private subscription and public parochial collections, amounted to only fifty-six pounds eleven shillings and sevenpence; at which time mason's wages were only one penny, or a peck of meal a-day."

In 1694 (May 16) an Act of Council was obtained to rebuild the bridge of Clydesholm, and as the items "of Disbursements on the Work," and the "Accompt of Money receaved by Archibald Simpson, Merchant in Lanark, by Publick Collection and otherwayes," are quaintly and minutely given, they are reported here in extenso—the items being instructive as to the habits of the people, and suggestive as to the relative liberality of the districts whence the moneys were drawn.

A. M.

Ane Accompt of Archibald Simpson's Disbursements in Building the Bridge of Clydsholm, by Act of Councill, dated May 16, 1694.

Imprimis—Expences for Baillie Hunter, Clerk Stoddhart, and myself, for going Edr, ilk two days, £12; It.—When Baillie Hunter and I went to Edr to extract the Act, sex days, £24; It.—Wee went to gett Town Councill's Act for a volunter contribution from door-to-door, sex days, £24; It.—Wee went to Glasgow for the Councill's consent for a collection, three days, £12; It.—Ffrom thence myself to Air and Irbing Presbitries, eleven days, £22; It.—When I went to Edr for lifting the collections, four days, £8; It.—From thence to Kelso and Dunce, four days, £8; It.—One day to Lithgow, another to Peebles, £4,

It.—Fifteen days at Glasgow, when the collection went throu the toun, £15; It.—Giben Mr Laqwhor for his advice, 5 dollars—£14 10s; It.—Giben Sr Gilbert

Elliot when petition was giben in, £14 8s; It.—Payed
John Lawqhor for his wages, £146; It.—More wages
to Mr Laqhor, £76, - - - £265 18 0
It.—Ffor four quair paper for Thomas Stodhart to write

letters to the gentlemen of the shire, £1 6s 8d; It.—
Ffor printing the accounts, £14 4s,

It.—Ffor three men going through ilk quarter of the toun seall times, £12; It.—For myself going to Birkenshaw and Carstairs, £1; It.—Payed a man that came from the south, three days, 12s; It.—Payed at Ed^r, as per William Brown's subcribed accompt, £28 16s 10d; It.—Payed £2 18s; It.—Ffor payed William Libingstone for going to ilk minister att Ed^r with acts to intimate the Sabbath before collection, £2 18s; It.—Ffr Will Libingstone's goeing to Strathaben for collection, 6s; It.—Expences sending a man from Glasgow to Renfrew with acts to the seal ministers, ilk a letter, £2 16s; It.—Payed for writing the letters and sending acts to Stirling, 10s 6d; It.—To Alex. for goeing two times to Laqhor with a horse, £1 2s; It.—To John Muir for goeing to Hamiltoune for him, 6s,

It.—Spent with John Logwhor and the Magistrates, agreing for his day's wages at the Whinbuss, 14s 6d; It.—Spent with the Magistrates and Clerk at Boathill, agreeing with Alex. Telfer for bringing home the osler, 9 pints ale, 14p., 6d of ernest, £1 12s 6d; It.—Spent with the men that went to the Head's Craig to mend the way at Clydsholm, 16s; It.—Spent agreeing for arch bow, £2 3s 6d; It.—To Alex. Telfer, 8 pynts ale, qr was not payed at setting up the first couin, 18s 8d; It.—Earnest, 14s 6d, spent 5s 6d, inde, 20s; It.—Ffor meat and drink at begining to the lymen, 24s; It.—Spent with the Cringers at payment and agreement, 16s; It.—Daid ernest, 10s; spent at Culbins, 81s; It.—Agreing with carrier, 8s; It.—Spent with Lagwhor when the draft of the bridge was altered, and others, 24s; It.—When he came to make the shabes, with others, 24s; It.—Of Daid ernest, 14s 6d; It.—Spent with Laghor when he went away from making the shabes, and others, 28s; It.—When the carters brought up the last stones, 5 pynts ale, 11s 8d; It.—Spent with Carvel Blair and others when I gabe him commission to collect the south, 12s; It.—With Laghor when he came to lay the groundstone, 9s; It.—Spent with Loqhor when he took up his chamber, 7s; It.—Spent with the masons, 4 pints ale, 8s, 21

It.—Giben John Fforest and James Douglas for cutting a 1000 eslar at the Hard's Craig, £50; It.—Payed

15 10 8

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John Buckles for 60 great stone for the pens, out of Newmayne's Burn, £30; It.—Payed Robert Hastie for cutting and hewing a 1000 eslar, with 14s 6d earnest, and 6d spent.

£267 13 10

It.—For bringing them fort the cart, £40; It.—For bringing them to the Holm, £200; It.—Paid masons, slaidsmen, borrowmen, as per particular accompt weekly, £1187 1s 4d; It.—For lyme, sand, and wages to masons, borrowmen, and others, as per accompt, £1079 8s 6d; It.—For lyme, sand, stones, loading, bigging dyke, and filling up of the ends of the bridge, as by particular accompt, £591; It.—Payed for lyme, being 148 loads at Craigenhill, payable (141) at 4s 6d per load, £31 14s 6d; It.—For carrying it to the Holm, 2s per load, inde, £14 16s; It.—131 load of lyme, payable at 4s 6d per load, is £29 9s 6d; It.—For carriage, 2s per load, £13 2s; It.—For carrying the 1000 eslar to the carts, £40; It.—Payed William Duncan for two days cutting stone. 14s; It.—Seven weeks' wages paid to masons in presence of Deacon Hamilton, before I sett the bows at a pennie, as per accompt, £195; It.—Payed seberals for bringing 1000 eslars to the Holm, £200; It.—For carrying 600 stones from Nemphlar Craig, £20; It.-Payed Deacon Hamilton for hewing 1000 eslar, at £11 the 100, £110; It.—Payed John Buckles younger and Stephen Howieson, for one penn of the bridge readie at the Holm, 800 merks, with a dollar of ernest and three lib. to reed the Craig, £539 4s 8d; It.—Payed John and James Hamiltoun for a bow readie, with a dollar and crown, £472 11s 4d; It.—Payed John and Dabid Semples for making out the last bow at 800 merks. deducing what I paid of former dayes, there remains £361 2s 8d; It.—Payed of addition 30 lib. per bow, £90; It.—To James Lockhart for filling up the holes between the bows, £58; It.—Payed John Thomson for the masons, £2; It.—8 score 19 loads lyme at 4s 6d per load, £40 15s 6d; It.—73 load riddled, at 5s per load, £18 5s; It.—For carriage to the Holm, £25 4s; It.—10 score 16 loads lyme from Craigenhill, £47 5s; It.—4 score a loads lyme lifted, at 5s a load, £20; It.—For 91 loads, at 4s 6d per load, £19 9s 6d; It.— For carriage of these three parills, 2s per load, is £38 2s; It.—10 score 10 load, at 4s 6d per score, is £47 5s; It.—26 ditto sifted, 6s 10d; It.—For carrying these two parcells, £23 12s; It.—From Watsheill, 27 load at 5s per load, £6 15s; It.—Carriage 40d per load, £4

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10s; It.—87 at 4s 6d per load is £19 11s 6d; It.—To Robert Turner for 1168 load of sand to the foresaid lyme, £58 8s; It.—To Alex. Telfer for bringing mortar and sand from the Inch to this syde, £2; It.—Payed Ralph Howieson and his neighbour for seeking pennstone at the Raking, ilk six days, £4 13s 4d, - £5724 17

It.—For cutting timber at Clydsholm, £3 6s 8d; It.— Payed James Simpson and Alex. Harbie for dressing the timber, ilk thirteen days, £13; It.—Ffor 12 great trees from the Laird of Lee, £27; It.—Ffrom James Hamiltoun, 63 trees, £60; It.—Ffor bringing them to the Holm, 3s the draght, £20 13s; It.—To James Hamiltoun for sex-score sex birk trees, 58 cutting and bringing out, and spent 4 lib. 6s, £62 6s; It.—Bringing them to the Holm, 3s per piece, £18 18s; It.—For 5 alder trees, £4 14s 6d; It.—Ffor bringing them to the Holm, £5 8s; It.—To James Thomson at Stonebyres, 6 trees, £6; It.—For bringing them to the Holm, £1 4s; It.—To James Lindsay for 7 Quakingesps, £14; It.—Ffor bringing them to the Holm, £6; It.—Payed Buckles and Howieson for making the shabes, £200; It.—For daills furnished as per accompt, £582 9s 8d, 1024

It.—Payed Thomas Brown for a mell rolling, 10s.; It.— Ffor 3 shobell and clasps for shafts, 16s.; It.—For 6 shobells bought at Hamilton, with carriage, 2l. 14s.; It.—Payed Arthur Tutop for cutting trees at Clydsholm for nuts to let of the water, 1l. 6s. 8d.; It.— Payed to James for making tresses, bakeds, and wheelborrows, 8l.; It.—For his nex nutes, 1l.; It.—For two ridles and sibe to the Holm, 11.; It.—For a stand and a tub for water, 2l.; It.—To James Simpson for four days, making ten car, and a three-stilted borrow. and foot-gang, 1l. 12s.; It.—To Alex. Telfer for bringing timber from St John's Wood and Clydsholm to the bridge, 51.; It.—To Deacon Hamiltoune for mending the bridge beyond the Lee, and a borrow, 13s.; It.— Payed for bringing trees and daills back that went down the water, 2l. 8s.; It.—To Arthur Tutop for eight days, making sex cars, and a day at Holmhead cutting timber, 31; It.—To James Ballantyne for taking sundrie one of the cart wheels, putting new spakes, new knaves, and new Lurdie, 2l.; It.—To John Buckles for two spars to the body, and knave for daills to it, 2l. 6s. 8d.; It.—For shoeing one wheel with a clasp and nails, 11. 4s.; It.—For rolling a mell, 10s.; It.—To Deacon Hamiltoune for additional wages, 64 days, 3l. 4s.; It.—

A

Payed Thomas Brown for batts, garens, double plenising, as stands in his accompt, 215l. 4s. 2d.; It.—Payed sex carters for helping the way with the carts, with 2 pynts ales, 1l. 14s. 8d.; It.—For 2 iron mells at 7l. 16s., for carriage, 8s.—8l. 4s.; It.—For ane dozen shobells, with carriage, 10l. 19s.; It.—For the loan of Ralph's mells, 6l. 8s.,

£275 12 10

It.—Payed Arthur Tutop and other two for reding the way at Baillie Weir, as by accompt, 1l. 1s. 8d.; It.—Ffor two cart sadles, rig-woodies, greeses ffor the carts, as per accompt, 7l. 18s. 8d.; It.—To James Watson, as per accompt, 1l. 16s.; It.—To ditto for cutting the great mell, 1l. 4s.; It.—Ffor two daills for a wheelborrow at Newmaynes, 1l. 10s.; It. -To John Clyd for rowing a mell, 14s.; It.-To John Scott for six quaking esps, 91.; It.—To Alexander Telfer, 71 Pd iron, and making 4 carter nails, 11. 4s.; It.—Two axell-trees and 2 borrows, with home-bringing, with ale, 11. 16s.; It.—For sharping their irons, 1 stone of iron, 1l. 12s.; It.—Paved Ralph Howieson, and another man, looking for stane, four days, 6s. 8d. a-day ilk, 2l. 13s. 4d.; It.—Two men's wages mending the way at Clydsholm, 8s.; It.— Payed James Lockhart and George Aitken, three dayes, for mending the cart wayes, 1l. 10s.; It.—To John Dowglass and John Fforest, for cutting a stone for cart way, 3s. 6d.; It.—Att the agreement at Clydsholm, and for Robert Rogers minding stanes at Braxland, 21; It.—Giben Ralp Howieson, in earnest, 14s. 6d.; It.— Ffor 2 carts, as per accompt, 66l. 13s. 4d.; It.—Payed James Watsone for upholding the wadges, pikes, and iron, so long as the bridge was building, 66l. 13s. 4d.; It.—Payed John Thomsone for shafts to pikes and mells, pynts ale at agreeing during the whole work, 4l. 6s. 0d.; It.—Payed James Hamiltons, 3 stout borrows, 15s.; It.—Ffor 8 fathoms 12-threed cord for tree theats, 16s.; It.—To William Vessie, for mending cartwayes, two dayes, 10s.; It.—Payed James Watsone for small necessars and garrens, 6l. 13s. 4d.; It.—Payed Baillie Weir, for naills, cords, and iron, 6l. 11s. 4d.; It.—To Decon Thomson, ½ 1000 naills, 15s.; It.—13 st. 3 pd. iron James Watsone got for wadges, pikes, at 32s. per stone, 211. 12s.; It.—A great daill sawen in rooms, to meet the water at the bowes, 19s.; It.—Payed for sawen, dighting, and making, 24s.; It.—Ffor 34 stone, and for batts, at 2 marks per stone, 45l. 6s. 8d.; It.—To Andrew Weir for bringing timber to and from Clydsholm, 12a; It.—To as stone pitch for the bridge batts, 16s.; It.—Ffor timber to John Buckles the younger for making sincars and other necessarias, 38l. 18s.; It.— Ffor 7 ell 12-threed cord, 8s. 6d.; It.—Ffor 60 fathom 12-threed cord, at 2s. per fathom, 6l.; It.—Ffor butter and soap to the gin, 18s.; It.—Ffrom myself 1400 naills, at 8s. per 100, 5l. 12s.; It.—To John Buckles (elder), 12 hundees, 4l. 4s.; It.—For girding them, and tub and barrel, 28s.; It.—For sex fork shaftes, 6s.; It.— Two trees for a cart bodie, 12s.; It.—Ffor bars to the cart, 4s.; It.—To William Libingstone, being pricker 46 dayes at 8s. per day, 18l. 18s.; It.—For upshotts to see cars, 20s.; It.—For 8 stone laid, at 2 marks per stone, 10l. 13s. 4d.; It.—More payed Thomas Brown for cuts, and naills, and garrens, and other work, 971.; It.—For sex shoebells from Edr, with carriage, 51; It.—More paid James Lockhart for filling, 2l. 18s., £453

Ane Accompt of Money receaved by Archbald Simpson, Merchant in Lanark, by Publick Collection and otherwayes, for Building a Bridge at Clydsholm, by Act of Councill, dated May 16, 1694.

521 13 08 Imprimis—From Edgr, It.—Receabed at Lanark when wee went throw, 177 16 02 It.—Ffrom John Baillie, by the Shire's order, 300 00 00 It.—Ffrom Clelland, by the same order, 333 06 08 It.—Ffrom the Guildrie of Lanark, 200 00 00 024 00 00 It.—Ffrom Lanark Session, by Collection, It.—Receabed from John Jack, in part of the Collections 007 10 00 for the lands of Nemphlar which was in his hands, It.—Ffrom James Gray for Crawfurd-John, 007 01 00 It.—Ffrom Cobingtoun, 006 13 00 It.—Ffrom the Deacons, a band, dated Mart, 99, 066 13 04 It.—Ffrom Mr Scott att Carlouk, -015 00 00 It.—Ffrom Mr Bryce for Crawfurd-John, 002 00 00 It.—Ffrom Mr Good at Carnwath, 028 09 08 100 00 00 It.—Ffrom Sir James Carmichaell, 010 03 00 It.—Ffrom Mr Duncan at Dunsyre, It.—Ffrom Mr Linning at Lesmahagow, 065 18 00 006 15 00 It.—More from Lesmahagow, It.—Ffor a cart sold to John Hamiltoun in Lesmahagow, 022 00 00 It.—Ffrom Mr Braidfoot, Pettinain, 013 00 00 054 03 00 It.—Ffrom Mr Ballantyne for Aberdeen, 024 00 00 It.—Ffrom ye Paroches in Air Presbytrie, It.—Ffour ounces twelve drops bullion, -014 04 00 It.—Ffrom Mr Robert Law for some Parochs in Argyle, 021 19 00 It.—Ffrom Mr William Thomsone for Couper Presbytry, 027 13 04

	Lib. 016	В.	D.
It.—More from Mr Veach at Dumfreis,	016	12	06
It.—Ffrom Gabin Wood in part of Glasgow, Paisley, and	004	07	^^
Renfrew Presbitries,	064		
It.—Ffrom Mathew Hopkin for Irbing Presbytry,	089	UO	10
It.—Ffrom Jeremiah Hunter for part of Lithgow	062	10	ΛΛ
Presbytrie,			
It.—Ffrom John Lanerk, 17 Guineas for vacent stipends, It.—Candlemas, 1700.—Receabed for a Bond agreed	241	00	v
with Cors Mitchell for vacent stipends,	166	13	04
It.—Ffrom this Presbyterie, that the Councill hath giben			-
Band for to refound if required,	091	15	00
It.—Ffrom William Whyte, in po dean for Lochmaben			
Presbytry, and aplebie with loss of money, -	017	10	00
It.—Ffrom Muirkirk Paroch,	005	04	00
It.—Ffrom the Borrows,	866	13	04
It.—Ffrom the Burrows att Glasgow, when the 3 B. was	l .		
laid on this toun,		00	00
It.—Ffrom Mr Veach for Dumfriestown,	048	00	00
It.—Receabed at Glasgow, 4 Quarters,	131	14	00
It.—Ffrom Toun and Paroch of Hamiltoun,	100	00	00
It.—Ffrom Port-Glasgow and Kilenam,	007	10	00
It.—Ffrom Proviost Tuddie at Peebles,	008	05	00
It.—Ffrom Auchtiefardell,	029	00	00
It.—Ffrom Blackwood younger,	028	00	00
It.—Ffrom Mr Ballantyne for Mr John Veach,	030	00	00
It.—Ffrom Cumnock Paroch,		00	
It.—Ffrom Robert Clerksone, Chamberland,	042	00	00
It.—Ffrom William Cowan,		00	
It.—Ffrom Baillie Hamiltoun for Mr William Selkirk,		04	
It.—Ffrom James Lithgow, Paper-maker,		18	
It.—Ffrom Lickprivick, Fouler,		09	
It.—Ffrom William Sommerbell of Harperfield,		16	
It.—Ffrom Stonebyres,			04
It.—Ffrom Commissar Wilkie,			00
It.—Ffrom Baillie Weir,		: 04	00
It.—Ffrom Cambusnethan, 3 lib. 11 p. 06d.; Blanter			
1 lib. 10—is,			06
It.—Ffrom Cambuslang,			00
It.—Ffrom Culross,			00
It.—Ffrom Kirkbryd,			00
It.—Ffrom Mr Ballantyne for Gladshields,			00
It.—Ffrom Longdreghorn Paroch, -	001	01	00
It.—Ffrom Dalserff 9lib.6p.; Stonehouse 6lib. 13p. 4d—i	s, 014	19	04
It.—From Mr Naper at Straben, It.—More from Gabin Wood for forsaid places, -			06
The Figure 1 of the Call of th		5 07	08
It.—Ffor Profite of the Customes, our part 10 Guinea			
at 14 lib. 04 p.,	142	: 00	00

					_	_
It.—Ffrom Borroustouness, -		_	_	Lib. 014		
It.—Ffrom Robert Thomsone for	Edin ^r shire.	-	_	284		
It.—Ffrom him for the Cannon	rate. 22 lib.	15 n.	04d			•
cliped money, weighing,		- F.	-	014	80	00
It.—Ffrom Baillie Hamiltoun for	parts in Ff	ife.	-	044		
It.—Ffrom Mr John Fforest for I	Tadingtoung	shire.	-	065	11	00
It.—Ffrom Robert Thomsone for		-	-	028		
It.—Ffrom William Callendar for		esbitr	ie.	032		
It.—Ffrom Carmichaell Paroch,		-	,	008		
It.—Ffrom Mr Ballantyne for the	Merns.	-	-	001		
It.—Ffrom Old Monkland Parocl		_	-	006		
It.—Ffrom Mr Ballantyne for Me		-	_	016		
It.—Ffrom John Thomsone for th			rter.	011	09	00
It.—What was collected for a ma						•
for us with him, -		-3	-	002	00	00
It.—By some old work rooped	at the Bri	dge, a	s per			• •
Accompt,		-		279	18	10
RICHARD DICK, Witness.	ARCHB	AT.D	STMP	SON		
TOTALITIES DICILI, II WILLIAM	THOMA				•	
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1695 Ane Accompt of Archbald	Simpsone's	Debure	sement	in B	uila	ling
the Bridge of Clydsholm, by Act						
The totall of the charge is fybe th	•		-	•		•
nyntie-nyne pound, eight shills	gev nenni			5999	ΛR	06
Totall of the discharge is eight th	oneand two	hund			vo	00
and fourty-seben pound, fifteen				8247	15	ΛQ
The discharge exceeds the charge	in the cour	no of	two,	OZTI	10	00
thousand nyne hundred and	fourty-sigh	t non	เทศ			
seben shillings, and two pennic		o pou		2948	07	Λ2
		יי בית				02
RICHARD DICK, Witness.	ARCHBA				-	
	THOMAS	$\infty \cup M$	LIND.	m un	ess.	

COPY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.—Anno Decimo Geo. II. Regis.

An Act to enable the Magistrates and Town Council of the Burgh of Lanark to Repair and Maintain their Bridge over the River Clyd, at Clydsholm, in the shire of Lanark.

Whereas, by an Act passed in the Parliament of Scotland, the Thirtieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Three, intituled, "An Act in Favours of the Burgh of Lanark," reciting that the Burgh of Lanark had been at a vast expense in building a Bridge over the River Clyd, and that by reason of the great repair, and the violent current of the water, it would require frequent Reparations, which the Magistrates of the said Burgh were unable to do, it was enacted: That for enabling the said Magis-

trates to maintain the said Bridge, the several tolls therein mentioned should be granted to the Magistrates of the said Burgh for the space of Nineteen Years; and whereas the said Bridge hath been, and still is, of so great use and service to the neighbouring country in general, that, notwithstanding the term granted by the said Act expired in the year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Twenty-two, yet the said tolls have been voluntarily paid, till of late that some persons have refused to pay the same; and whereas the annual expence of keeping the said Bridge in repair exceeds the yearly income of the tolls granted by the said Act, and the maintaining and keeping in repair the said Bridge will be attended with a constant charge and expence to the said Town; and whereas the Magistrates of the said Burgh of Lanark are unable to repair and support the same (their debts being already so large, and the circumstances of the community so low), unless the said former Act be revived, and the term and tolls thereby granted continued and enlarged: May it therefore please your Most Excellent Majesty, upon the humble petition of the Magistrates and Town Council of the said Burgh of Lanark, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That for the better enabling the Magistrates and Town Council of Lanark for the time being, to repair and keep in repair the said Bridge, there shall be paid to the said Magistrates and Town Council of the said Burgh of Lanark, and their successors, or to such person or persons as they shall from time to time nominate and appoint, for pontage, or in name of toll, before any passage over the said Bridge shall be permitted, the several sums following, videlicét:—

For every Coach or Chariot drawn by Four or more Horses, Six Pence Sterling. For every Cart, Car, or other Wheel Carriage, Two Pence Sterling. For every Sledge, and for every Horse loaded or unloaded, One Penny Sterling. For every Ox, Cow, or Bull, Two-third Parts of a Penny Sterling. For every Calf, Hog, Sheep, or Lamb, One-sixth Part of a Penny Sterling. For every Foot Pas-

senger, One-Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling.

Which said respective sums of money shall and may, by the authority of this present Act, be demanded and taken in name of pontage, or as a toll or duty, before any Coach, Chariot, Cart, Car, Wheel Carriage, Sledge, Horse, Ox, Cow, Bull, Hog, Sheep, Lamb, or Passenger, be permitted to pass over the said Bridge; and the monies so to be taken and received as aforesaid, are hereby vested in the Magistrates and Town Council of Lanark; and the same and every part thereof shall be from time to time paid, applied, and disposed of (the reasonable charge expended in or about the obtaining or passing this Act being first deducted) for and towards amending and repairing and keeping in repair the said Bridge, as aforesaid; and the Magistrates and Town Council, and their successors, and the Collector

31

or Collectors, to be by them appointed, are hereby authorized and

empowered to hinder all Coaches, Chariots, Carts, Cars, etc.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That this Act, and all the tolls hereby laid and made payable, and the powers hereby given and granted, shall take place and have continuance from and after the Second Day of August, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Thirty-seven, for and during the term of Thirty-one Years.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be adjudged, deemed, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken notice of as such by all the Judges, Justices, and other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

THE CLYDESDALE UPPER WARD SOCIETY

Was formed in Glasgow in October, 1785; has been of much service to those connected with it, and continues "undissolved"—still in

prosperous activity.

The preamble is, that, Whereas it is agreeable both to the laws of God and man to provide for the relief of the poor and necessitous, etc., we, of the "Clydesdale Upper Ward," have agreed to join ourselves for the mutual support of one another, and of such as may hereafter join us, in order to prevent, as far as in us lies, any of our brethren from being reduced to want, or being a burden to town, county, or sessions; and for this purpose we commence a fund for the relief of our members, to be regulated and distributed according to the following Articles, thirty in number, entitled, 1. Erection of the Society. 2. Members—their age and qualification: "to be above fourteen and below forty years of age, a Protestant, and of good moral character, 3. Notice before entering—given "four days before the annual election of office-bearers, etc." 4. Immorality, how checked: "Any member found guilty of swearing, blaspheming, or profaning the Sabbath-day, to be reproved first, then fined 6d, again, 1s; if persisting, to be expelled. Further, if any member be convicted of adultery or theft, his name to be erased, and all interest forfeited." 5. Entry money and quarter accounts: "On admission 5s 6d, of which 5s goes to the funds, 4d to the clerk, and 2d to the officer; the annual payment 2s, or 6d quarterly, besides one penny for officers' wages." 6. Exemption from quarter accounts gained by paying 30s on entry on admission; if three years a member, 20s sterling. 7. Office-bearers or managers to be elected annually, etc. 8. The Preses to preside at all meetings, transact in all affairs, have a casting vote, etc. Treasurer to receive and deposit the moneys, legacies, benefactions, etc., bonds, etc., in the box or charter-chest, and be ready, within a fortnight after the annual election to give off his accounts to the 11. That there be twelve Masters or Preses and Masters, etc. Directors, five of whom, including the Preses, to be a quorum, and all office-bearers to serve gratis. 12. The Treasurer to be elected from

a leet of three members, etc. 13. Election of Masters: The former Preses and Treasurer are directors, ex officio, for one year; the old Preses chooses two from the old council, and the new Preses three, either from the old council or the Society, as he thinks proper, etc. 14. County members, described as residing in Shettleston, Pollokshaws, Paisley, etc., may choose a director among themselves, who must attend all the Preses' meetings if desired, etc. 15. The clerk to be allowed the sum of 25s per annum of salary, over and above the perquisites arising from entry money. 16. The Society to pay their officer 15s yearly, besides his chance of entries. 17. Members' funerals: "It is expected that the Society, on all funeral occasions, will, for their own credit, turn well out, and as decently dressed as possible. 18. Proxy lines taken from members living above a mile from the city, etc. 19. Members declining to act as Preses or Treasurer fined 5s. 20. The box or charter-chest to be kept in house of the Preses, in the city of Glasgow, in a convenient house and secure apartment. 21. Directors to be fined 6d if half-an-hour late for meetings. 22. Members two years in arrears to be struck off the list, etc. 23. Money or stock of the Society to be invested; if by bill, in name of the Preses. Meetings to be held in November, February, May, and August; and all entertainments of eating and drinking are expressly prohibited and discharged. 24. A member guilty of embezzling the funds of the Society, must indemnify, and be for ever deprived of all privileges, both for himself and family. 25. Any member coming to meetings of the Society drunk, disposed to fight, abuse or vilipend any of the managers, to be fined 6d for the first offence, 1s for the second, then expelled, etc. 26. Complaint, to be held relevant, must be laid before the Preses, etc.; and if any member upbraid another for having received supply when in trouble or straits, to be fined 1s for the first, 2s for the second offence, then expelled, etc. 27. Members three years connected with the Society, if disabled through old age, sickness, or distress, to be allowed 3s per week if not confined to bed, or 5s per week if bedfast; but no member who by quarrelling, fighting, drunkenness, or any other dissolute practices, brings distress on himself, will be allowed any aliment. 28. When an indigent member dies, the Society to see him decently interred at the expense of two pounds sterling, etc.; and if deceased member have no heirs, his goods and effects shall belong to the Society. and the Preses carry his head. The widow to be allowed 20s, etc. 29. If any member propose to break open the box and share the stock, he shall be expelled, etc. 30. It is agreed that if any three members abide by the foregoing established Articles, to them and their adherents only shall appertain and belong the whole power and properties of the box, money, writs, etc.; and no Act hereafter made shall be valid which tends to weaken the strength of this Article. Articles subscribed at Glasgow, December 26, 1785.

Preses, JOHN CHRISTIE.

Clerk, WILLIAM FISHER.

FUBLIC LIBRARY

ASTOR LENOX AND

TLDEN FOUNDATIONS





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PARISH OF CRAWFORD.

[The corrected version referred to in note at foot of p. 85, Vol. I., and produced here to save the cancel of two sheets of the work.—A. M.]

for £360 Scots (*Ibid*, VII., 422). The capital conviction of Mr Lawrie, the tutor of Blackwood, in the year 1683, on the ground that he had harboured a person who had been in rebellion, but had never been marked out by process or proclamation, created great alarm among the gentlemen of the western counties. A number of them, of whom Weir of Newton was one, proceeded to London with the view of negotiating "the settlement of ane Scots collonie in Carolina." They there entered into communication with the Earl of Shaftesbury, Lord William Russell, and the other leaders of the liberal party in England, as well as with the Scotch refugees in Holland. There can be little doubt that in the course of their consultations the chances of an insurrection in the north were discussed. The discovery of the Rye House Plot gave the Government a clue to this intrigue. Weir and his associates were arrested and sent to Scotland; Baillie of Jerviswood was executed, but John Weir was reprieved through the intercession of his friends. of the family as to the manner in which it was obtained, is, that he had a sister who was married to a cadet of the Irvings of Saphock, and that the latter was usher to the Privy Council. By his connivance his wife obtained access to the Council Chamber when her brother was under examination, and implored the Lords to grant a pardon. At first in vain. Being, however, near her confinement, her agitation brought on the pains of labour. She nevertheless refused to be removed, and continued her frantic entreaties for mercy until the Chancellor exclaimed, "Take away the woman, and make out a remission for life and limb." Upon which Weir swore that, were the bairn lad or lass, it should inherit his lands, as its coming had saved his life. The tradition appears confirmed by a deed executed by him about this date, by which he conveys his estate to his sister and her husband, on condition that they should take the name and arms of Vere. Although his life was spared, the process against John Weir was remitted by Parliament to the Court of Justiciary, where a decree was pronounced forfeiting his property (Ibid, VIII., 490; App., 39, 40). This was rescinded in 1690 by the General Act remitting all fines and forefaultures since the year 1665 (Ibid, IX., 164; App., 94). He was appointed one of the Commissioners of Supply for the county in the years 1689, The farms of 1690, and 1704 (*Ibid*, IX., 70, 138; XI., 141). Harthope and Raecleugh were held by branches of the Johnstone family, that of Crimpcramp by the Tintos, and afterwards by the Bertrams of Nisbet; while the lands of Ellershaw, Troloss, and part of those of South Shortcleugh were possessed by other sub-vassals.

Blind Harry (B. V., l. 1057, et seq.) states that the castle of Crawford was surprised, dismantled (spoyled), burnt, and its walls partially thrown down in the spring of 1297. This author, as we will hereafter have on more than one occasion to demonstrate, is no reliable authority, unless in those parts of his narrative where he is corroborated by more trustworthy historians or authentic documents. In the present instance we were at first inclined to think that this was the case. He informs us that

"A squier then rewllyt, that Lordschip haill,
Of Cumnerland born, his name was Martyndaill;"

and it is remarkable that this could only have occurred at the very time at which, according to his narrative, this event took place. We have purposely abstained from giving in detail the pedigree of the Lindisay family in full, as it is given with great accuracy in the well known work recently published by their descendant Lord Lindesay. In explanation of the present subject, we may, however, mention that the Alice, the heiress of the elder branch of the Lindesays, married Sir Henry Pinkeney, an English knight. Their grandson, Sir Robert de Pinkeney, inherited the barony of Crawford, and died about the year 1296, when he was succeeded by his Robert the Bruce deprived the latter of these brother Henry. lands, and bestowed them on the representative of the male line of the Lindesays, who had adhered to the patriotic cause. There was, however, an interval between the death of Sir Robert and the time when his brother obtained possession, as Edward I., on the 24th October, 1296, issued a letter, directing that the lands of Sir Robert should be kept by the Earl de Warrene, Governor of Scotland, for the King. On the 18th of the following February, Henry Pinkeney, having duly paid his homage, the King sent an order to Warrene to infeft him (Rot. Scot, I., 36, 38). This interval is the precise period in which Blind Harry places the surprise of the castle. On examining more carefully the details of the Minstrel's narrative. we, however, found it to contain such a mass of improbabilities that we became convinced that what we had at first supposed to be a corroboration from the authentic records in the Rotuli Scotiæ, was a mere accidental coincidence, and that no credence can be given to the Minstrel's account of the matter. is: That Sir William Wallace, after surprising the castle of Lochmaben, retired to Corehead, which lies at the head of the Annan, and is the house which is situated nearest the head of that river. Starting from this, he and Sir John Graham, with "fourtye off men with armes cleir," marched through Crawford Muir till they came to Crawfordjohn village. In doing this they must have passed within a short distance, if not in sight, of Crawford Castle. Although "on Ingliss(men) thar mynd remanyt ay," no attack is made upon it. From Crawfordjohn

"The water (Duneaton) downe thai ryd, Ner hand the nycht thai lychtyt upon Clyde."

Then, when they are at the distance of more than six miles from the place, Wallace, for the *first time*, proposes that they should turn back and try an assault on the castle of Crawford. On approaching the village, that the English garrison, although they have received information of the surprise of Lochmaben, "that gerris them be full wa," had, to a man, crossed the river, and were carousing in a hostelry or tavern, leaving the castle in charge of some women. Nor is this the only astounding piece of imprudence they are supposed to have committed, for we are informed that they had also entirely neglected to take the precaution of supplying the castle with provisions in case of attack, as after it was taken Wallace and his men had to content themselves with a scanty allowance brought from the hostelry.

G. V. I.

LEADHILLS.

[In "Pennant's Tour in Scotland," Vol. II., page 129, appears the subjoined account of Leadhills, at the close of last century; and it is correct now, as it was then.—A. M.]

"The little village of Leadhills consists of numbers of mean houses, inhabited by about fifteen hundred souls, supported by the mines; for five hundred are employed in the rich sous terrains of this tract. Nothing can equal the barren and gloomy appearance of the country round; neither tree, nor shrub, nor verdure, nor picturesque rock, appear to amuse the eye; the spectator must plunge into the bowels of these mountains for entertainment, or please himself with the idea of the good that is done by the well-bestowed treasures drawn from these inexhaustible mines, that are still rich, baffling the efforts of two centuries. The space that has yielded ore is little more than a mile square, and is a flat or pass among the mountains; the veins of lead run north and south, vary, as in other places, in their depth, and are from two to four feet thick; some have been found filled with ore within two fathoms of the surface, others sink to the depth of ninety fathoms.

"The ore yields in general about seventy pounds of lead from a hundred and twelve of ore, but affords very little silver; the varieties are the common-plated ore, vulgarly called potters': the small or steel-grained ore, and the curious white ores, lamellated and fibrous, so much searched after for the cabinets of the curious. The last yields from fifty-eight to sixty-eight pounds from the hundred, but the working of this species is much more pernicious to the health of the workmen than the common. The ores are smelted in hearthes, blown by a great bellows, and fluxed with lime. The lead is sent to Leith in small carts, that carry about seven hundred-weight, and

exported free from duty.

"The miners and smelters are subject here, as in other places, to the lead distemper, or mill-reck, as it is called here, which brings on palsies, and sometimes madness, terminating in death in about ten days. Yet, about two years ago, died, at this place, a person of primæval longevity, one John Taylor, miner, who worked at his business till he was a hundred and twelve; he did not marry till he was sixty, and had nine children; he saw to the last without spectacles; had excellent teeth till within six years before his death, having left off tobacco, to which he attributed their preservation; at length, in 1770, he yielded to fate, after, having completed his

hundred and thirty-second year.

"Native gold has been frequently found in this tract, in the gravel beneath the peat, from which it was washed by rains, and collected in the gullies by persons who at different times have employed them selves in search of this precious metal; but of late years these adven turers have scarce been able to procure a livelihood. I find in a little book printed in 1710, called Miscellanea Scotica, that in old times much gold was collected in different parts of Scotland. In the reign of James IV. the Scots did separate the gold from the sand by wash-In the following, the Germans found gold there, which afforded the King great sums; 300 men were employed for several summers, and about £100,000 sterling procured. They did not dispose of it in Scotland, but carried it into Germany. The same writer says that the Laird of Marcheston got gold in Pentland Hills; that some was found in Langham-waters, fourteen miles from Leadhill House; in Meggot-waters, twelve miles; and Phinland, sixteen miles. that pieces of gold, mixed with spar and other substances, that weighed thirty ounces, were found; but the largest piece I have heard of does not exceed an ounce and a-half, and is in possession of Lord Hopetoun, the owner of these mines.

"Continue my journey through dreary glens or melancholy hills, yet not without seeing numbers of sheep. Near the small village of Crawfordjohn procured a guide over five miles of almost pathless moors, and descend into Douglasdale, watered by the river that gives the name; a valley distinguished by the residence of the family of Douglas, a race of turbulent heroes, celebrated throughout Europe for deeds of arms; the glory, yet the scourge of their country; the terror of their princes; the pride of the northern annals of chivalry."

NEWS OF AN OLD PLACE.

[Slightly abridged from an article in "Household Words" for August, 1852, locally attributed to the pen of Miss Martineau; that gifted writer having, about that time, visited the district.—A. M.]

Ir any friend of ours be sad and sorry, and desire to improve the occasion by solemn meditation on human life amidst vast rural solitudes, we advise him to take a journey by the Caledonian Railway,

from Carlisle to Edinburgh. We have seen no tracts so unpeopled since we emerged from the deserts of Arabia. The banks of the Nile in Nubia, the valleys of the Lebanon, the plain of Damascus, are populous in comparison. There is something very striking in being carried, easily and rapidly, through that great district of green hills, almost bare of trees, and quite bare of houses for miles together. There is something striking in seeing wide tracts of oats, barley, and turnips spreading in the levels, without discovering who can have sown them, or who in the world is to reap them. Here and there the angle of a house-roof peeps out from behind the profile of a hill. Now and then, when there is a long vista into the mountains, a small dark island is to be seen, far away amidst the ocean of green—an oasis in this verdant desert, in which are collected the little kirk and manse, a farmstead, and half-a-dozen cottages, under the cover of as many trees. Where people are seen at work, awaiting the ripening of their barley and oats, it is a rather piteous kind of work. is hay in nooks, and on any strip otherwise useless; and such hay!over-ripe, long ago, yet never mellowed by true ripening-with sour water standing in among the clumps, and so many weeds, that the grass-part can hardly be seen. In some of these dank and dreary enclosures (one wonders why they were ever enclosed), three or four men are mowing (one wonders why in the world they mow) their bog hay, rushes, and ragwort, and all together, and tie up the crop in sheaves, and set up the sheaves in shocks—just as if they were the finest wheat grown in the Lincolnshire beds. On the top of the railway banks stand large cocks of this hay, which looks like damp The stranger wonders what species of animal is to eat it. If he inquire, he is told that it is a welcome and needful resource for the sheep in time of snow-drifts. One is glad that the sheep have something better to eat now. There they are, clean from a late shearing, scattered over the brown and purple fells, or thrusting themselves into any hand's-breadth of shade that may be afforded by a broken sand-bank, or any little quarry on the hill-side. There are patches of vivid green among the purple heather, where ewes and lambs are browsing tranquilly to-day, without a thought of the snowdrifts which, six months hence, will doom them to emaciation on the coarse fodder which is in preparation for them below. Here and there a few cattle are seen, and a young horse, in some distant field, may fling up his heels at the train. A group of bare-headed and bare-footed children may be at play on some tiny bridge over a pretence of a burn or rivulet, and a hen and her chickens may scratch up the sand below in defiance of the intrusion of the strangers from the south, with their steam and their noise. But this is nearly all that is seen between station and station, unless where the hills have been laid open for stone, slate, or ore.

The most obvious thought suggested by this scene—so strange in our busy islands—is, that it will not long be to be seen. If our capitalists and labourers are emigrating to new lands for the sake of

more space, a district of this extent will not remain so scantily peopled. Along the railway, at least, there will be a fringe of producers and traffickers, who will essentially alter the character of the The next consideration which will occur to most people is, that they here see—what is not a very common thing to see—a large district which must be, in the main, very much like what it was hundreds or thousands of years ago. One of the railway stations is at Abington, a rather pretty hamlet, with one or two good houses near; and more wood, more cultivation, a more modern aspect than many of the stations before and after it. From this place a valley runs up among the hills, away from the sound of the railway whistle, and of the din of human life altogether. In this valley the Romans certainly were, once upon a time. A military road of theirs passes near; and in, and near this valley, are the tokens of their encamp-Whether the valley was wooded then and cleared by them, we cannot undertake to say, but the probability seems to be, that it must have looked to the Roman eye, on entering, much as it now looks to the eye of any modern foreigner. Its hills, green and bare, with metallic indications showing themselves in places, with heather on the higher slopes, and bog in the bottoms—these features appear to be about as primitive as any natural scenery can well be. it was much like what it now is, midway between the Roman period and ours, is known.

At the time when Edward the Third of England was watching his son, the Black Prince, winning his spurs, or was trying to make his way safely out of some very difficult and dangerous valleys in France—at the time when Scotland was mourning her David Bruce, a prisoner in the Tower; or, perhaps, rejoicing at the sight of him, returned on his parole—at that time, when the nations were so busy with war as not to be able to look closely after what lay round about them at home—a foreigner was poking about in this valley to see what he could find. A German, named Bulmer, was looking for gold amidst these Scottish hills; and he came into this valley, and found something else besides gold. He found Lead; and the fate of the valley has been ruled by that discovery of his ever since. The valley we speak of is that which contains the curious village of Leadhills at its highest end—a settlement six miles from Abington, and as wild a place as can well be seen in our islands.

Having a fancy to see so odd a place, and having heard much, twenty years ago, of the intelligence and other good qualities of the inhabitants, we recently determined to go. At Abington, a carriage was to have met us; but there was a mistake about it, and no carriage was forthcoming. The morning was hot, and the hours were precious, so that we were glad to obtain any sort of vehicle that would save our strength and our time. The vehicle proposed was a cart—such as had probably conveyed in its day more pigs and calves than human beings. It was half filled with straw, on which was laid a bolster, and over the bolster was laid a clean plaid. Off we

went, under the care of an intelligent labourer, whose Scotch dialect was of so moderate a character that conversation would have been easy, but for the slow trot of the horse, which made our words come out like puffs of steam from the engine which had just left us be-By a gradual ascent, on a good road, we penetrated the recesses of the hills, seeing nobody but two men eating oat-cake and drinking milk at the mouth of their little quarry, and two women at the cottage beside the toll-bar where the carts of coke pay toll on their way up to the mines. During the journey of six miles we saw three trees; one in a field on the upland, looking rather sad, all by , itself, and two more down in a field at the bottom, marking the spot where Bulmer found his gold five hundred years ago. A woman, down in the bog, had her arms full of what appeared to be rushes; and a solitary man, high up on the steep, was cutting heather-no doubt to mend his own or some neighbour's thatch. Grass, and groundsel, and hemlock grew to the height of a foot along the ridge, and down the sides of two or three of the first cottages we saw. We inquired why, as slate was quarried (under the name of edge-metal), in this very valley, the cottages were so wretchedly roofed. answer was, that there had never been any thought of using so good a material as even this very poor slate.

From far below we had seen smoke hanging about an opening before us. This was from the smelting-houses, the driver informed us; and the village lay a mile and a-half farther on. The road crossed the valley near the smelting-houses; and they lay below us on the right—the turbid little stream oozing away from the works, and men and boys, with hoes, spades, and scrapers, washing the soil, on stage below stage, so that what escaped from one set of channels might run into the one below. It seemed a piece of unnecessary toil to place the square tower of the smelting-house—the tower whence the smoke belched forth—so high up the steep and stony breast of the hill. It afterwards appeared that nobody had occasion to go up there. The smoke was driven, by the blast of the furnace, through the interior of the hill, to issue forth

from a chimney, which looks like a tower from below.

A succeeding ascent hid from us what we were now looking for with some anxiety, as our ride had occupied nearly an hour and three-quarters, and we had been churned enough for one day. The village, we were told, was "just behind there," and there it was—the strangest of British villages. The valley suddenly opens out into an area of undulating character, bounded by more distant hills. Rows of cottages stand on all available platforms, turned in all directions. Beside one may be a roof just fresh thatched with heather; and on the other hand may be a roof bristling with weeds, and with grass that sways in the wind. Scattered about, amidst the wild vegetation of the moorland, up and down, turned this way and that, are little oblong patches of cabbages, turnips, or potatoes. Formerly the miners were allowed to appropriate from the moorland as much as

they could cultivate with the spade in over-hours. This is no longer

permitted; but the ground under tillage is about 400 acres.

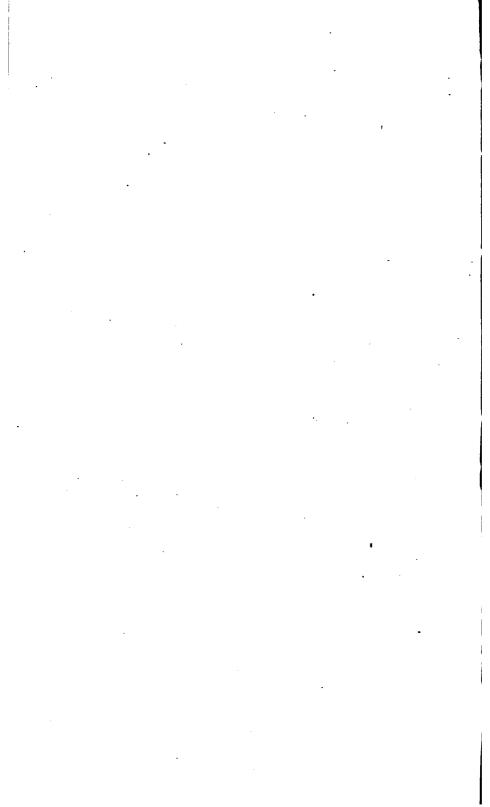
Glancing over the neighbouring slopes, we saw a man mowing some most unpromising grass. Another was coming up from a boggy place with an enormous bundle of rushes on his head. High up on a ridge, a man's figure was seen, digging peat. Three sheep were within sight, and several cows. It was a comfort to see so good a

supply of cows for the number of persons.

There are some old books on the shelves of the agent's office, which give the information that in the early half of the last century the population at Leadhills amounted to upwards of fourteen hundred. Twenty years ago it was about eleven hundred; it is now between eight and nine hundred. Of these, one hundred and ten are ablebodied men. There are some old men able to do some work or none. Such as these were formerly maintained by their sons; but under the present rate of wages (which average nine shillings per week) the reluctance to look to the parish for an ultimate support is fast dimin-There is a baker in the place, of course; and there are no less than three tailors. Some few men are employed in blanket-weaving. Here and there we saw some old men sitting in the sun, smoking and chatting; and one or two were returning from their morning's task, who were still capable, at the age of seventy and upwards, of doing some hours' work in the day at washing the ore. But a man who can do this at such an age, may be safely supposed not to have worked under ground in his earlier days. There are no less than from eighty to ninety cows in this village—a very large proportion for the number of people. It is explained by the fact that the customary diet of the population is that which we saw the two quarrymen enjoying by the roadside—oat-cake and milk. Meat is an almost unknown luxury, even in the form of bacon. We had not before, nor have we now, a high opinion of the wholesomeness of oatmeal diet; but it is certainly the fact, that the people of Leadhills, living on a poor soil, in the midst of metallic works, at a height of one thousand two hundred and eighty-six feet above the level of the sea, have a remarkably healthy appearance, notwithstanding the presence of the fumes of the smelting, and the absence of a meat diet.

The men work, as in Cornwall, on tribute—sharing the success or failure of their enterprises with the proprietors. They change the name of a mine, quaintly enough, according to their approbation or displeasure towards it. We saw one which had, till lately, been called the "Labour-in-vain Vein." After a lucky turn which disclosed new riches (more lead with a little gold), it was called "California," which is its present title—a title, by the way, which shows that some tidings from the world without reach this secluded spot. The residents say, that even fewer strangers come now than before the opening of the Caledonian Railway; but, on the other hand, we find reason to believe that there has been enough of intercourse with the navvies of that railway, to work anything but good to the habits of

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Leadhills Village.

THE BLANTINK
PUBLIC CARRARY

ASTOR, LENOX AND TILDEN FOUNDATIONS

the miners, who must be very like children in their impressibleness, and in the precarious character of the innocence which has been maintained in the absence of temptation. One other kind of intercourse is provided by the annual arrival of Lord Hopetoun, or his sporting friends. in August and onwards. We saw an elegant moor-hen moving tamely on in the heather, not far from the smelting-houses; and this game so abounds on the hills, that the sportsmen come home to dinner at "the Ha'" with their thirty or forty brace each. Looking round on the very small cabbage patches of the miners, remembering their oatmeal diet, without even a smell of bacon to their bread, pondering also the average of nine shillings a-week, which leaves so many with only six, we inquired whether poaching could, in such a wild scene. be kept within bounds. The answer was, that poaching is a thing never heard of; and the reason given was, that the poacher would forfeit everything if detected. It is wonderful, and must be the result of strong compulsion of circumstance, that hungering men can see wild creatures fluttering in the herbage on far-spreading moors, away from every human eye but their own, and can abstain from taking what can hardly appear like property.

Perhaps we should not say that the labourer has no sport, for we heard of a novelty in that way having been lately introduced—an occasional game at quoits. There is a library, supported by seventy miners, paying two shillings a-year each. The works seemed to be chiefly Scotch divinity, with a very few voyages, and a volume of narrative, or fiction, here and there. What a blessing it would be to these people, if some kind person would send them a good assortment, and a plentiful one, of works of fiction! What a new world it would open to them during the long snows of winter, and in the light evenings of summer, when the men are exhausted by their hot toil under ground, or at the furnaces; and the women and girls are stooping over their "handsewing," and wearing their eyes out, ay, even little

children, with embroidering for twelve hours every day!

There is a school, where the boys and girls looked thoroughly healthy; the room was airy, and the master intelligent-looking and kind, though his appearance did not lessen our impression of the poverty of the place. The members of the school have fallen off sadly, more than in proportion to the diminished population of the The average attendance is eighty in summer, and one hundred in winter. The scholars pay from one shilling and sixpence to two shillings and sixpence per quarter; and it is a proof of the value that the parents set upon education that, out of a population which falls short of nine hundred, earning, on an average, nine shillings per week, there should be one hundred children paying for their schooling Some of the oldest boys could show arithmetical exercises which justify their hopes of getting to be clerks in Glasgow warehouses, and two have learned a little Latin—that darling pride of the humble Scotch! They think, and talk of Allan Ramsay, who was a native of these hills; and somebody has painted outside the

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library something which is called a portrait of the poet. Whatever may be the taste of the painting, we like the taste of putting it there—(it is now removed, the miners' arms, in very questionable taste,

replacing it).

At the very top of the settlement, when we have passed all the cottages, and "the Ha'," and the potato patches, and the heaps of lead ore, we come to a place which takes all strangers by surprise: a charming house, embowered in trees, with honeysuckle hanging about its walls, flowers in its parterres, and a respectable kitchen garden, where the boast is that currents can be induced to ripen, and that apples have been known to form, and grow to a certain size, though not to ripen. This is the agent's house, and here are the offices of the Mining Company. The plantation is really wonderful at such an elevation above the sea; and it is a refreshing sight to the stranger arriving from below. There may be seen, growing in a perfect thicket, beech, ash, mountain ash, elm, plane, and larch, shading grass-plats, and enclosed walks, so fresh and green that, on a hot day, one might fancy oneself in a meadow garden, near some ample river. In this abode there is a carriage, and a servant in livery—a great sight, no doubt, to the people, who can hardly have seen any other, except when sportsmen come to "the Ha'," with all their apparatus of locomotion and pleasure. In connection with this abode is the office of the Company, where the books are preserved as far back as 1736. There may be seen specimens of the ores found in the valley; and among other curiosities, a small phial of water, about half-filled with gold from the Californian vein before-mentioned. There it is, in rough morsels, just like the specimens from California and Australia, which may be seen everywhere now. The water in the phial is to make the gold look brighter; and for the same purpose, the owner lays it upon some dark surface—as the sleeve of a coat—that strangers may see it to the best advantage. Here is about ten pounds' worth; so there is no fear of choosing the wrong casket, out of the three placed before them.

Our cart had been dismissed long ago; and we were to return to Abington in the carriage, and driven by the servant in whom the worldly splendour of the place is concentrated. We were to stop by the way and see the smelting; and we saw it accordingly. Descending from the successive platforms where the bruised ore is washed, till it is almost pure dust of lead, we put our heads into the noisy vault, where the great water-wheel was revolving and letting fall a drip which filled the place with the sound of mighty splashings. The blast of the furnaces roared under our feet, and all around about us, every light substance, such as coal dust and shreds of peat, was blown about like chaff. At the furnace were men, enduring the blaze of the red heat on this sultry day. They work for five or six hours; but only for five days in the week. They were piling up the glowing coals upon the bruised and washed ore in its receptacle in the furnace; and from under the front of the fire we saw the molten

lead running down its little channels into its own reservoir, leaving behind the less heavy dross, which was afterwards to be cast out in a heap in the yard. The mould for the pig stood close by, at a convenient height from the floor. We waited till there was lead enough in the reservoir to make a pig. One man ladled out the molten metal into the mould, while another skimmed off the ashes and scum with two pieces of wood. It was curious to see this substance, which looked exactly like quicksilver, treated like soup. It was curious to see the process of cooling begin from the edges, and the film spreading slowly towards the centre, till all was solid. It was curious to see the pigs set on end against the wall, looking light and moveable from their lustre, when just out of the mould, and to remember that one might as well try to lift up the opposite mountain as to move one of them unaided.

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LEADHILLS.

THE village of Leadhills, formerly named Hopetoun, from which the Earls of Hopetoun derive their title, is situated in an open area of undulating character, at the head of the valley through which the Glengonar-water flows on its way to the Clyde, and is within one mile of the southern extremity of Lanarkshire. It is distant seven and five miles respectively from the Abington and Elvanfoot Stations of the Caledonian Railway, forty-six miles from Edinburgh, and forty-four from Glasgow. This village is the highest in Scotland, being 1307 feet above the level of the sea. The aspect of the surrounding country is bleak and barren, consisting of hills above hills clothed with scanty herbage or heather. Elevated though it may be, the village is well sheltered, being surrounded on the east, west, and south sides by hills, having an average elevation of 1800 feet above the level of the sea; whilst, farther south, the Lowthers, a bleak, lofty range, tower to the height of 3150 feet. The view from this latter point is truly magnificent, embracing on the south the ample sweep of the Solway Frith, the Isle of Man, and beyond, the mountains of Hellvellyn and Skiddaw in Cumberland; whilst on the west the eye ranges over Ailsa Craig, the serrated peaks of the isle of Arran, the lofty Ben-lomond, and the Paps of Jura.

There are no records to accurately determine the antiquity of this village, but in all probability it did not exist until about the beginning of the sixteenth century, when the attention of adventurers was more particularly drawn to the place in search of the precious metals. As these pursuits, however, were irregular, and the parties employed principally foreigners, it is not unlikely that it would then only consist of a few rude huts, occupied during the summer months. Towards the middle of that century it appears that the search for lead, as well as for gold, was more systematic and successful, and it is therefore natural to suppose that the village would then become of

some importance, as there were upwards of 300 workmen employed; yet in all likelihood the population would be unsettled until about the year 1590, when Thomas Foulis purchased the lands in which his mines were situated. From that time—the works being carried on with great spirit and success—the population rapidly increased, so much so, that about the middle of the eighteenth century it amounted to upwards of 1400. The population then remained stationary until the beginning of the nineteenth century, when it began to decline, till the year 1861, when the number of inhabitants, according to the census returns, was only 896. Since that time, however, owing to the vigour with which the lead mines are being wrought, the number has considerably increased, being now upwards of 1100.

The village, consisting of 224 houses, is principally built in rows, without any regard to architecture or proper sites, which are, generally speaking, ill-chosen, thus giving it a scattered and irregular appearance. Formerly the houses were nearly all covered with thatch, which is now, however, being rapidly replaced by Welsh slate.

The principal buildings are the Hall, to which the church is attached, and the houses and offices of the mining company. One of these, the residence of the manager of the mines, from its size and conveniences, may be termed a mansion. It is situated on an eminence overlooking the village, surrounded by a plantation of fine old trees, of a size seldom seen at such an elevation. Within this belt of wood are gardens, terraces, and walks, laid out with great taste, forming a pleasant contrast to the bare scenery around.

The Hall, the residence of the Earls of Hopetoun and their friends during the shooting season, is plainly but substantially built. It stands in the centre of the village, and, with the small plantation behind it, greatly improves the appearance of the place. The church, which has galleries, contains 500 sittings, and is well attended, the

usual congregation being about 300.

There are schools for the instruction of the children in the place, in which 76 boys and 71 girls are taught daily by a schoolmaster, assisted by two pupil teachers, and a schoolmistress, whose salaries are partly paid by quarter-pence, and partly by subscriptions from the Earl of Hopetoun and the Mining Company.

So early as 1741, a library was established at Leadhills, being one of the first circulating libraries in Scotland, which now numbers 2348 volumes. The number of ordinary members who pay 2s yearly is

80, whilst that of the honorary is 15.

A post-office was established at this place in 1760, but then with only one delivery a week, the post starting from Edinburgh each Monday, passing through Linton, Leadhills, Sanquhar, Drumlanrig, Minnyhive, to New Galloway, and returning by the same route to Edinburgh on the Saturdays. At present there is a daily post from Abington, arriving at 9 a.m. and leaving at 4 p.m. The post-office grants money orders, and has recently been made a savings bank under Government regulations.

There is a benefit society in connection with the works, from which each member receives 8s per week during illness; also a doctor's fund, which all the workmen contribute to, each householder paying 1s 9d, and single men 1s 3d per quarter. The Earl of Hopetoun and the

lessees subscribe also, as well as to the minister's stipend.

By the beneficence of the Earls of Hopetoun, portions of land have been granted from time to time rent free to the miners, who have reclaimed upwards of 300 acres of land around the village. land has been brought into a high state of cultivation, and produces excellent crops of grass, which enables each occupier to keep one or more cows. This privilege, with their houses (built by themselves) and kail-yards rent free, combined with the liberal wages they are now receiving, viz., 15s per week, make the mining population of Leadhills much more comfortable than the generality of workmen Although only two cows were kept in the village in other districts. in 1740, there are now 105, besides 18 horses, and 75 sheep. The cows during the summer months are depastured on the hills, outside the cultivated ground, in three separate herds; and, as there are no fences to keep them in their proper hirsels, they are watched by boys during the day, and brought in at night. The horses are chiefly employed about the works.

Through the liberality of the Earl of Hopetoun, who contributed one-third of the cost, a plentiful supply of pure water has recently been brought into the village from a considerable distance; and several handsome drinking fountains erected, the gift of a number

of ladies and gentlemen interested in the place.

The inhabitants, who are entirely dependent on the mines for their support, are very intelligent, being, generally speaking, better educated than the population in many other mining districts; and in point of moral worth are fully equal, if not superior, to the working-classes in large towns. Having, through the nature of their employment, a good deal of leisure time, and every facility being afforded them for improvement, they are well aware of what is going on in the busy world beyond; and, whilst nestling in their bleak mountain homes, contrive to make themselves comfortable and happy in the pursuit of knowledge, and the practice of industry.

The soil being porous, and the air light, Leadhills is exceedingly healthy, it being no uncommon circumstance that miners upwards of seventy years of age are able to follow their usual employments, and are, generally speaking, quite as strong as lead-miners are in many other places at the age of fifty. Indeed, it may truly be said that the inhabitants of this village are a long-lived race, in proof of which it is only necessary to mention that a Leadhills miner, John Taylor,

attained the ripe old age of 137 years.

This mountainous region, with the facilities afforded by the Caledonian and South-Western Railways, is now much more accessible than formerly, being brought within a few hours' travelling of the principal towns in the south of Scotland. Consequently, during the

summer months, it is frequently visited by tourists, intent on viewing the far-famed passes of Mennoch, Enterken, and Dalveen, which are all within a few miles of the village.

J. N.

LEADHILLS AND ITS LEAD MINES.

THE whole of these lead mines were let in 1861 to a company of Scotch gentlemen (of which the principal partner is William Muir, Esq., Leith), who, under the name of the Leadhills Mining Company, are now prosecuting them with a vigour hitherto unknown The mining field extends over about in lead-mining in Scotland. ten square miles, but the principal workings are in and around the village of Leadhills, where, within an extent of four square miles, there are upwards of forty veins, the majority of which run in a north-easterly and south-westerly direction; but these again are intersected by others whose bearings differ. All the veins in this district are more or less productive of lead ore, and in many of them, according to old records, six feet wide of solid galena was often met with, whilst in more than one vein ore has been found in a solid mass, varying from ten to fourteen feet in width. These large "knots" or "bunches" of ore did not extend, however, to a length of more than a few fathoms, nor continue to any great depth, and were therefore soon wrought out.

The rocks in the district are of the inferior stratified series, below the transition or grauwacke group, and consist principally of gneiss, mica, and clay-slate, through the close texture of which it is difficult to penetrate. The veins vary much in thickness, being frequently as many feet as in other places they are inches wide, and have generally a considerable underlie, sometimes at an angle of thirty degrees. The walls are principally composed of iron pyrites, and their contents, as is the case with other mineral veins, differ much. In some places galena alone is found, in others galena mixed with sulphate of baryta and quartz; whilst in other places again the sole contents are either sulphate of baryta or mineral soil. Perhaps in no other mining district is there such a variety of lead ores as is found here. Besides galena, no less than seven species occur in phosphates, carbonates, sulphates, and their compounds. Copper ore is also found; but the quality being poor, and the quantity obtained small, it will not pay A vein of antimony is also known to exist, but is not working. considered rich enough to pay the cost of exploration.

These mines are to a certain extent drained by two adit levels, the higher of which extends over the greater part of the mining field, and is about fifty fathoms or 300 feet below the surface at its extremity. The lower adit level is not yet driven much farther than the village, which is about the centre of the principal workings, but is now being continued as part of the underground railway hereafter described, and when it reaches the extent of the mines already opened out, will

be about eighty fathoms from the surface. The former lessees, it appears, have not availed themselves of the facilities these adit levels afford of bringing the work to bank by an underground railway, but have carried on their operations by means of shafts, of which there are great numbers. The cost of sinking these shafts would amount to no inconsiderable item in the expenditure, as the total depth of the same is fully equal to the distances between them. This being the case, the courses of the principal veins are clearly delineated on the surface by the lines of shafts, which, with the refuse heaped up about them, produce a very unpicturesque effect, and add much to the barren appearance of the district. From these adit levels to the surface, nearly all the veins have been wrought out, and have yielded a considerable quantity of lead ore; but, through neglect, these old workings, as well as the adit levels, were nearly all closed, so that when the present lessees commenced operations in 1861 more than three-fourths of the mines were inaccessible and abandoned. Since then great exertions have been made to re-open the whole, and more particularly the adit levels, so as to drain off the water; which levels are being extended throughout the whole of the mining field. Although these mines have been wrought for upwards of 300 years, yet it is only in two of the principal veins that operations have been carried to any great depth below the lower adit level. In prosecuting these workings, steam and hydraulic power were employed to draw the water and work. These workings are again being resumed, and it is intended to carry them to a still lower depth, when more powerful machinery will be required than has hitherto been employed for pumping purposes, as they were formerly abandoned for the want of sufficient power to draw the water.

At present the lessees of these mines are forming an underground railway, so as to bring the whole of the work excavated to a central depot and washing-place at the surface. This railway is at the lowest point accessible, namely, at the lower adit level; will be carried throughout the whole of the works, and will be at least five miles in length when completed. It is being laid with malleable iron rails, 40 lbs. per yard, on which it is intended that a locomotive, of twelve horse power, should run, with waggons attached; thus bringing out the whole of the work produced at a much cheaper rate than by any other means that could be adopted. The excavation for this underground railway is seven feet in height, by four and a-half feet in width, and being principally driven in hard rock—the cost of which will probably average £10 per fathom—the expense of completing the same will be about £45,000. It would have taken at least twenty years to finish, but shafts are being sunk on the line of this railway, from which it is intended to drive both right and left, so as to get it completed with as little delay as possible. When this level or underground railway is carried out to the extent proposed, the facilities for working these mines to advantage will be equal, if not superior, to any other mine in Great Britain.

In order to have sufficient power for driving their hydraulic and other engines, the present lessees have constructed a series of reservoirs. One of them covers upwards of thirteen acres of land, and contains about 60,000,000 gallons of water, the embankment being forty feet in height. The different water races from these reservoirs to the works are upwards of eight miles in length, and are being laid with clay pipes, spigot and faucet joints, some of which are twenty inches in diameter, costing about £650 per mile.

For working these mines water power alone is now employed, and at present there are 4 hydraulic engines for pumping, 1 hydraulic engine and 4 water wheels for drawing work, 1 water wheel for crushing and dressing the ores, and 1 ditto for driving the blasts at smelting works—the united horse-power of which is upwards of 550. One of these hydraulic engines, recently erected, is the largest in Scotland, having a 2 feet cylinder and 10 feet stroke, with a pressure of water of 216 feet; and, when double-acting, is equal to 139 horses. Other two of these powerful engines will shortly be erected, when the avail-

able horse-power at the mines will be greatly increased.

The present washing floors and mode of conducting the washing operations, are, like the previous working of the mine, capable of great improvement, the machinery being old and antiquated. Preparations are therefore being made to construct a new washing floor at the terminus of the underground railway, when all the recent improvements in crushing and dressing lead ores will be introduced, and covered over, so that operations may be carried on, independent of the weather, at all times of the year. From this washing floor a railway will be laid to the smelting works, which are on the Glen-

gonar-water, 2 miles below the village of Leadhills.

These smelting works consist of 2 roasting furnaces, one reverberatory furnace, 4 ore-hearths, and 1 slag-hearth, and are capable of smelting 50 tons of lead per week. The blast for the hearths is given by a water wheel, working two air cylinders in connection with an air cistern or reservoir, from which the air is conducted in pipes to the hearths. In consequence of the ores not containing much silver, namely, only about five oz. per ton-desilverization, or the extraction of the silver from the lead, has not been practised at these works; but as four oz. per ton will pay the cost, and a great improvement in the quality of the lead is made thereby, buildings are being erected to carry out the process. At present there is only a short chimney flue from these works, in which not more than two per cent. of the fumes from the hearths are collected, and as fully ten per cent. of the lead ore smelted escapes in fumes, the loss is considerable. In order to remedy this, new flues are being commenced with, the dimensions of which are nine feet in width by six feet in height, and will be carried to the distance of at least 1000 yards, where apparatus for condensing the remaining fume will be erected.

J. N.

APPENDIX. 49

PREFATORY NOTES ON ORDNANCE SURVEY RESULTS.

ACCEPTING, as valuable, the figures recently produced by the Ordnance Survey of Lanarkshire, some labour has been expended in analysing, extracting, and summing up the amounts, and reporting them, in classed and condensed form, as on this and pages 52 to 57.

condensed form, as on this and pages 52 to 57.

The Survey "nomenclature" has been adhered to, although often not overapplicable; but where so, free comment thereon will be found made in the

topographic pages of this Work.

The "Survey Results" being given here in line, over the twenty parishes forming the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire, will facilitate comparison, and

prove the more instructive.

On page 50 will be found noted the heights of thirty of those mountains, in the "Southern Highlands of Scotland," which affect the water-flow, or are landmarks in the district.

On page 51 are given the "course and length" of the more important of the streams in Upper Clydesdale, grouped as they flow, singly or absorbed, into the CLYDE—properly designated in the Ordnance Survey as the RIVER; and which—bisecting Crawford, whence it springs—forms part boundary for all the other parishes in the district it drains, those of Dolphinton, Dunsyre, Walston, and Douglas excepted.

In estimating the length of the streams, allowance has been made for their windings; and the figures to the right of their names denote the heights

they rise from.

ORDNANCE SURVEY RESULTS. 1860.	Land.	Roads.	Vil- lages.	Water.	Rail- ways.	Total.	Sheets.	Book.	Pages.
Biggar,	7166 ¹⁹⁸	69449	35908	16918		7288473	15	6/	24
Carluke,	15002450		87086	65196	46793	15410141	24	3/	51
Carmichael,	11227465	75997	10840	59453		11373755	20	4/	19
Carnwath,	30147632			118793	79258	30564 ⁹⁴⁴	43	2/6	45
Carstairs,	9664397	90948	17173	79894	47077	9899489	17	1/6	18
Coulter,	10136881	38267		44337		10219485	7	1/	11
Covington,	5033154	44788		53 ¹¹³	36323	5167 ³⁷⁸	10	4/	9
Crawford,	68222 ⁴⁹³	172851		313196	131402	68839442	22	2/	12
Crawfordjohn,	26251 ²³³	105782		103272		26460 ²⁸⁷	19	1/6	12
Dolphinton,	3543 ⁰⁹⁶	29293	1501	7543		3581 ⁴³³	9	4/	9
Douglas,	34031 ⁷⁹¹	89165	15806	180 ⁶⁶⁶		34317428	19	2/	16
Dunsyre,	10713 ⁰¹¹	23465	7007	16^{067}		10759550	11	1/6	в
Lamington,	12738 ⁸⁹⁸	38140		98643	42984	12918665	9	1/	8
Lanark,	10192665	142^{035}	297621	175^{105}	50 ²⁴⁶	10560051	19	8/	38
Lesmahagow,	40842834	375784		234844	80087	41533549	55	4/	92
Libberton,	8155344	68321	7555	88700		8319920	15	6/	19
Pettinain,	3848 ⁰⁶⁵	33925		98064	17674	3997728	9	4/	9
Symington,	3436148	36 ⁰²⁷	9163	46 ⁰⁹⁷	22396	3549 ⁸³¹	8	4/	10
Walston,	4310 ³³³	37809	13606	4958		4366 ²⁰⁶	10	1/	7
Wiston,	13041 ¹⁷¹	84258		70005	14347	13209781	21	1/	12

FIGURES—designate acres, or 1000 fractions thereof. SHEETS—costing 2s 6d each—are the number of those containing the Ordnance Survey areas, on the 28³⁴⁴ inch scale to the mile, BOOK—is the cost of that containing the areas referred to. PACHS—showing that 427 have been occupied with the items, the result of nearly all which are reported here.

NOTE.—Items of statistical information are marked with numbers on margin; given in consecutive order to economise space in the topographic pages of this Work.

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ORDNANCE SURVEY FIGURES.	Marsh, Moss,	63 Do. and Rough Pasture,		66 Moorland, September Hoothy Doots	8 Do. and Rough Pasture.	Rough	70 Pasture,		Grass P	78 Furze,	74 Whins,	75 Brushwood,		7 Plantation,	8 Wood,			1 Orchard,	2 Nursery,		4 Do. Wooded,	5 Wooded Slope,	g Green,	7 Lane,			Bowling Green,
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APPENDIX.

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APPENDIX.

	ORDHANCE SURVEY FIGURES.	Douglas.	Dunsyre.	Laming- ton.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Libberton Pettinsin	Pettinsin.	Syming- ton.	Walston.	Wiston.	Sum Total.
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38 Burial-Ground,	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	2002	:	:	200
39 School,	:	239	:	:	:	:	320		:	474	1 865
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	2222	:	:		:	:	:	:	222
48 Town	:	8228	:	:	828	:	:	:	:	:	7436
	84680	142968	20609	113679	50969	36888	:	1786	677	23761	515700
145 Do. Front of.	:		878	. :	; ;			-	:	. :	875
ϰ.	:	64434	•	80922	8738	:	3858	19075	88936	:	265958
147 Cottage and do.	:	4 295	;	:	:	:	2473	4000	988	:	1114
148 Washing-House,	:	:	:	:	534	:	:	:	:	:	284
149 Bleaching-Green,	:	:	:	1807	:	:	:	:	:	:	1207
50 Cot-Houses,	:	6832	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	6832

	ORDNANCE SURVEY FIGURES.	Douglas.	Dunsyre.	Laming- ton.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Libberton. Pettinain.	Pettinain.	Syming- ton.	Walston.	Wiston.	Sum Total.
121	Avenue,	1743	:	:	:	6776	:	878	:	:	:	36120
122	Ornamental	106139	:	29860	227640	21996	2478	:	:	:	1227	823601
123		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14040
124	Pleasure Gr	:	:	:	4140	85221	:	:	:	;	:	16868
125	Lodge,	1326	:	241	:	:	:	:	:	:	88	9870
126		3567	:	840	2069	2418	808	:	:	:	:	20645
127		, ;	: :	302	1 223	4717	489	:	:	:	1840	14046
128		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	189
129		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	710
130	Camp,	:	:	:	:	:	1282	:	956	1889	:	10345
131		:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	1180
132	Tomb,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	124
133	Castle	:	:	:	900	293	:	:	621	:	:	1887
7 134	Church.	286	:	438	1178	;	:	768	:	826	1001	11849
135	Manse,	1968	:	199	:	:	:	:	:	2499	:	8811
136	Graveyard,	:	:	:	2431	:	879	;	:	:	888	2946
137	_	:	;	219	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	824
138		;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2049
139	School,	848	414	252	:	454	:	:	:	846	910	4184
140		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	• :	:	222	222
141		4217	;	;	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	4217
142		15823	:	:	:	:	2206	:	:	;	:	26556
143		:	:	:		2997		:		:	:	10493
144	Houses,	:	:	267	232370		2870	:	38284	14902	:	882906
145	Ď,	:	:	:	:	••	:	30433	:	:	:	251708
146		12579	2510	5,655	:	136369	:	:	:	17239	25965	466170
147	Cottage and do.,	:	68	:	;	:	:	;	:	:	:	11205
148		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	250
149		•	:	2/18	:	1 022	:	:	:	:	:	5208
120	Cot-Houses,	6733	:	1707	:	202	:	:	:	:	::	14529

Ordnance Survey Figures.	Biggar.	Carluke.	Car- michael.	Carnwath. Carstairs.	Carstairs.	Coving- ton.	Coulter.	Crawford.	Coulter. Crawford. Crawford- Dolphin-	Dolphin- ton.	Total.
Steading,	1668	:	:		:	:	1,5981	21527	34100	:	73876
Stack Yard,	:	:	195	2105	1181	:	:	:	:	203	37.50
Thrashing Mill,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:
Shed,	:	:	082	•	:	:	:	138		:	
Sheep Fold.	:	:	187	:	:	:	:	358	808	88	106
Lead Mines			:		:	:	:	1075	:	:	1075
Do., Old.	: :	: :	:			:		2809		: :	2800
Mill	: ;	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	067		: :	9
	: :	10940	: :				: :		: :	: :	10940
Old.		1 925	: :	: :				: :	: ;	: :	1986
Vard.	: :	. :					: :	: :	: :	:	:
Ironstone Pit,	:	46005	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	46022
Reservoir		108	:	1106	•	:	:	:	:	:	127
Iron Works	:	1880	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1380
Limestone Pit,	:	19645	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	19645
Lime Work.	:	818	:	5788	:	:	:	;	2916	:	12623
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Brick Work,	:	:	:	2913	:	:	:	:	;	:	5918
	:	5556	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2226
4	÷	368	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	898
Refuse Heap,	:	8378	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8,738
	1836	13873	:	6687	828	1 165	898	631	:	738	25540
Do. Old	419	13675	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14393
Gravel Pit,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:
Mille		288		:	:	204	;	133	800	:	7869
Gas Work	:	878	: :	: :	: :	1878			:	: :	2953
Smithy.	:	1838	:		: :	. :	: :	: :	:	:	1828
þ	:	:	;		:	;			-	;	' :
Shingle and Water Course,	:	109	980		: :	: :	: :	326	: :	: :	914
		39943	;	23992	: :	: ;		1,5686	;	:	70621

Ö	ORDNANCE SURVEY FIGURES.	Douglas. Dunsyre.	Dunsyre.	Laming- ton.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Libberton.	ibberton Pettinain.	Syming- ton.	Walston.	Wiston.	Sum Total.
	Farm Steading,	74811	16288	11173	:	:	:	:	:	:	21988	198386
152	Stack Yard,	:	:	2128	:	2658	:	÷	:		:	9120
168	Thrashing Mill,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	690	:	:	990
154	Shed,	:	:	:	:	:	÷	8 26	:	:	:	88
165	Sheep Fold,	:	2	:	:	198	:	;	:	:	884	1267
156	Lead Mines,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1076
	Do., Old,	:	:	:	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	2809
	Smelting Mill,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9
159	ţ,	482	:	:	;	11246	:	:	:	:	:	22668
160	Do., Old,	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	1926
161		:	:	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	:	288
162	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	46055
163	-	28159	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	29373
164	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1380
165	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	19645
166	_	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	12623
167		506	:	:	:	3967	:	:	:	:	:	4869
168	Brick Work,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	5913
169	Tile Work,	230	:	:	:	2108	:	:	:	:	:	1006
170		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8 1
171		. 6	፥	:	::0				:	:	.:	82/8
7.7	Cush.	3	:	:	88	TP-00-	i i	98	:	3	7707	54046
177	Lo, Old,	:	:	:	3	168	:	}		:		758
175		2201	. 89 :	: :	:	848			: :	.888		12284
176		428	:	:	:	:	:	98	·	:	:	3481
177		:	:	:	:	202		:	:	:	:	2230
178		:	:	:	:	474	.:	:	:	:	:	424
179		:	:	:	:	0000	3827	:	:	:		4241
180	Waste,	;	:	0/1	:	92011		:	::	:	020	113000

The Census figures for 1755 were collected by Dr Webster; for 1791, are those given in the "Sinclair" Statistical Account of Scotland; those given for 1801 to 1861, are as officially reported at the decennial dates designated.

In the concernic name of this Work, the cause of tilnerses, and tilnerses, have been adverted to at the name places

THE ATT CANADA TO THE PARK OF THE MAN AND THE PARK	4			THE COMPANY OF THE COMPANY	3		della L'occidente	3	3				antende of the proper	3		, 1,			
POPULATION-1786-1861.	Biggar.	Carluke.	.feadoim .Garnwath.	.existers.	Coving.	Coulter.	Crawford	-broratord- John.	Dolphin.	Donglas.	Dunsyre.	-aming- anot	Lanal	Lesma. hagow.	Libber- ton,	Pettinain.	Syming- ton.	Walston.	.frotalW
181 Census—1755,	1098 14	459 8	399 2390	1		422	6002	165		5003	359	599 2	22943	966	33	330	264	479	876
ů.	937 17	730	6.5	924	_		1490	290	2001	715	360	4174		2810	750	386	307	427	740
183 Do. —1801,	121617	8 992	332 2680		456		1671	712		1730	352	_~.	16923	040	206	430	308	383	757
å	1376 23	311 9	က		•		1773	828		873	345		-	1464	749	401	364	377	888
å Ä	1727 28	2925 9	CI	888 937	_		1914	116	2362	195	290	3597	7085	592	785	490	472	392	927
ů.	1915 35	3288 9	က	_	_		1850	166	• •	2542	835	3827	672 6	6409	773	461	489	429	940
ů.		802 8	374 3550	=	_		1684	993	3062	2467	288	358.7	679	902	796	416	488	498	929
Ğ.	2049 62	6283 8	805 35	1 1066	_	472	1670	111	3052	611	812	3698	82437	746	800	428	536	497	839
ů.	1999 61			4 1845	532	484	1590	980	<u> </u>	2490	312		w	997	838	404	528	480	786
190 Increase, 1775-1861,	90147		. 1194	4 500			:	215	:	491		:	5597 5	5270	106	11	264	г	110
Decrease, do.,	-	_ :	63	:	:	:	419	:	42		47	219			:	;	:	 :	:
										I	۱	۱							

Lanark is a burgh; Biggar, Carluke, & Douglas, burghs of barony; Abbeygreen & Turfholm, the parochial village of Lesmahagow. Coulter, Crawford, etc., have no place, as villages, in the enumeration of the Census last taken.

	NAME.	Равлян.	1841, 1861.	1981		NAMB.	PARISH.	1841.	1841. 1861.		NAME.	PARISH.	1841	1861.	
19	91 Abbeygreen & Turf.	esmahago	881	136	201 C	w, 881 1136 201 Crawfordjohn, C	Crawfordjohn,	137	:	211	. 211 Ellsrickle,	Walston,		ı	
19	2 Abington, [holm, C	hawfordjo	135	:	202 D	Dunsyre,	Dunsyre,	89	:	212	Leadhills,	Crawford,	950	842	
19	Biggar,	Siggar,	1395	448	203 1203	amington,	Lamington,	122	:	213	Roberton	Wiston,		:	
194	Carluke,	:	2090	111	204 Li	:	Libberton,	117	:	214	Braidwood,	rluke,	234	:	
13	Carnwath,	:	992	895	205 Pe	766 895 205 Pettinain,	Pettinain,	8	:	215	Kirkfieldbank,	esmahagow,	1023	1212	
61		:	1313	426	206 Sy	:	Symington,	213	:	216	Kirkmuirbill,	Do.,	242	371	
13	7 Lanark,	Lanark,	48315	834	207 W	4831 5834 207 Walston,	Walston,		:	217	Newbigging,	rnwath	217	:	
3		:	320	450	450 208 W	iston,	Wiston,	141	:	218		Lanark,	1642	1396	
3		Coulter,	197	:	209 Br	Braehead,	Carnwath,	312	350	219		Libberton,	160	:	
Ž	00 Crawford,	Crawford,	286	:	210 Cr	ossford,	Lesmahagow,	431	230	220	Thenkerton,	Covington,	113	:	

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PREFATORY NOTES ON VALUATION ROLL PAGES.

HAVING obtained copies of the Valuation Rolls for the twenty parishes (that of the burgh of Lanark excepted) forming the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire, the information they afford, as to the distribution of property, etc., has been produced, and reproduced, in such form as may interest those seeking instruction from figures carefully collected and faithfully reported.

The sums appearing for 1791, are those reported by the reverend contributors to the Sinclair (the Old Statistical) Account of Scotland.

For 1815 and 1842-3, the amounts are those reported to Parliament as

the assessed value of the parishes at these dates.

For 1858-9 and 1863-4, the values are those entered in the rolls now annually made up for parochial objects. The Railways, as valued for 1862-3, contribute largely to the local assessments; where no entry appears, no railway yet exists.

There are few reliable figures, which can be had ready access to, which will not be embodied in these statistical tables, if they throw light on the material and social arrangements of the Ward-special attention being given

to those of clerical or educational importance.

As the increase in value of farms, between 1858-9 and 1863-4, has been considerable, two pages will be allotted, to show the more important of such in detail, giving the former and the present rental, and the names of owners and occupants at both periods.

	VALUE OF PROPERTY.	1791.	1815.	184	2–8.		185	8 -9 .		186	B-4.		RAILV 1862	VA¥8 }-8.	,
	i	£	£	£	8.	D.	£	8.	D.	£	8.	D.	£	g. :	D.
221	Biggar,		4017	7359	4	2	8566	18	0	9919	14	0	2543	6	6
222	Carluke,		8553	13436	13	9	20939	0	3	23260	11	0	6459	0	6
223	Carmichael,	l . . .	4326	5279	11	6	5215	4	11	5836	8	0			- 1
	Carnwath,		10384	14206	0	0	17022	2	5	22026	5	0.	15268	0	6
	Carstairs,				15	6	6732	3	8	7733	8	0.	6189	15	0
	Coulter				18	6	4766	18	Ō	3918	Ō	0	5296	5	o
	Covington				5	6	2967	5	3	5085	Ŏ	0	1194	5	ŏ
	Crawford,				4	11	11250	4	3	12049	9	0.	16568	-	ŏ
	Crawfordjohn,				10	1		4	2		2	0			Ĭ
	Dolphinton,				4	6		10	_			O.			
	Douglas,			11012	17	7	10990	-9		12715	7	Ŏ,		•	
	Dunsyre,				14	ġ		6	i		4	0	''	•	
	Lamington,			3667	19	Ô		18	4		î	ŏ	6382	12	0
	Lanark,			17780	4		21306	- 5		23314	14	4			
	Lesmahagow,						43475	1	_	43173		ō	16398	_	_
	Libberton,							7	11		14	ŏ	10000	10	٠
	Pettinain,					ė	1	3			5	ő	2260		a
	Symington,			1		8	1	13	-		-	ŏ	6230		
	Walston,				2	0		13	_	1		0	0230	10	0
					_			= -	•			0	0965		o
240	Wiston,		4162	4952	10	11	4964	14	11	6125	5	U	2365	10	6

The ministers of Biggar, Carluke, Carmichael, Douglas, and Wiston gave no estimate of the rental of their parishes; while those reported have, in some cases, the qualifying phrase "about" added. Crawford, in 1791, may be taken as rental of land.

The mines at Leadhills are, at present, comparatively inactive; costly and extensive operations at present proceeding to ensure large increase of production.

NOTE.—In those pages, where the names of "farmers and tenants" are given, the "inner" figures designate the "estates" they may be on.

Рворевтив.		ORCHARD.	.ree.		Ellarshaw.	Sunn yside.	Joaningdale.	Hardington.	Berwood.	Stonebyres.	Cormacoup.	LAWHEAD.	Westsidewood.	Barvaldfoot.	Drumpellier.	Toftcombs.	Fairholm.	Mauldslie.	Verehills.	Auchtyfardle.	Biggar Shiels.	GATESHAW.		Jerviswood.	Biggar Park.	ė.	Symington Lodge.	berhead, Nor.	Kirkfield.	Braidwood.	Birkenhead.
		080	. Hartree	. Brads.	Ellan	Sunz	Logi		Caer	-	_	. LAW	_	Ť	_	07 Tofte	. Fair	. Mau	Vere	. Auc	Bigg	WA1				Kers			_	-	Birk
Wis- ton.	43	:	:	:	_:	:	:	969	:	<u>:</u>	: —	:	:	: 6	:	=	:	:	_:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_:
Wal- ston.	e3 88	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	3 988	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Syming- ton.	8. 8.	:	486 17	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	5 55 19	:	:	:	:
Libber- ton.	8 9	:	:	:	:	:	836 12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:
Lesma-	£ 8.	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	40 4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	398 10	0 . 20	:	:	:	:	:	10 10	:		497 16	:	511 10
Doug. Lanark.	£ 8	:	:	:	:	0 191	:	225 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	431 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Soug-	4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	712	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	_ :
Dolph- I	85 85	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:		<u>: -</u> :	:	:	25 0	 :		:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	
Oraw. I	8 8	 :	:	:	82 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:					:	:	_ :
Coulter.	8 8	:	434 14	:	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :
Car- stairs.	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	96 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- :
Carn- wath.	zá	:	:	4	-	0	 :	 :	:	 :	 :	733 14	0	:	185 03	8				:	:	:	- -			:	 :	 :		:	_ :
Car- C luke. w		848 10	:	814		7	-:	 :	:	:	:	.:	829	:	18	348		589 12			 :	699 4	691		:	:	:	:	:	489 19	 :
		<u>∞</u> :			:		3 12	 :	918 15		:	_ :		:	 :	-	:	:	_ :	_ :	-	:	:	 :	∞	 :	 :	_ :	 :	: 4	-
Blg	98	•	<u>.</u>	•			125		918							120					710	•	•	•	. 529	•	-	•	: 	:	-
VALUATION ROLL—1858-9 Biggar.	NAME.	BROWN, JAMES,	Dickson, D.,	Douglas, Miss,	Ewart, Robert,	Gillespie, A., late	Lorraine, W. S	M'Queen, Robert	Mitchell, W. G.,	Monteath, Doug.,	п, А	SOUTER, D. R.,	Wilson, John,	Woddrop, W. H.	Buchanan, R. C.,	Gibson, Thos.,	Hamilton, J.,	Hozier, James,	Inglis, John,	Mossman, Hugh,	Stainton, E.,	STEEL, SAMUEL,	Fennant, J.,	Baillie, G.,	Gillespie, A.,	Greenshields, J.,	M'Pherson, A.,	Marshall, J.,	Stein, J.,	Stevenson, N.,	Thomson, J.,
VALUA	_	271		273 I	274 I	275	276 1	277	278	279		u.z	282		-	285		287 I	288 I	289	290		_		_	_				200	300.

VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	Biggar.	Car- luke.	Carn-wath.	Car- stairs.	Coulter.	Craw- ford.	Craw- ford- john.	DO Print Od di	Lanark.	Lesma- Libber- hagow. ton.	Libber- ton.	Wal- ston.	Wiston.	PROPERTIES.
NAME.	£8.	8 8	1 miles	150 100	8 8	e4 8	e4	# 9	1	86 86	£ 8	.8 8	8	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	307 12	45 0	:	:	:	CARFIN.
Birrell, LieutCol.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	353 8	:	:	:	Cumberhead, So.
Cunningham, A.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	389 5	:	:	:	:	:	Newholm.
Howieson, Dr. late,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	341 0	Hillend.
Johnstone, P. & J.	:						395 0	:		:	:	:	:	Snar.
Kirkland, Sir J	:		368 19	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	Clarty.
Logan, Miss,	:	:	350 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	New Mains.
Rowatt, J., late,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	403 0	:	Falla.
Somerville, J.,	:	:	368 8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Greenfield.
Wilson, Brothers,	:	:	:	:	:	400 0	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	Troloss.
18,	296	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	LINDSATLANDS.
	:	314 10	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gilfoot.
. W.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	295 15	:	:	:	Harperfield.
C., .	:	:	339 16	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Craigenburn.
. C.,	:	:	:	323 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Birniehill.
landyside, W.,.	:	:	:	:	321 15	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Cornhill.
Hastie, A., M.P.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	315 0	:	:	:	Bankhead.
.eighton, W., late,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	312 0	:	:	:	Bankend.
Murray, T.,	314 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Heaviside.
Robertson, G.,	:	:	831 19	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Auchengray.
A.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	281 5	:	:	:	:	HYNDFORD.
	:	:	286 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	East Shields.
	:	:		246 12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Westbank.
Murray, J. W.,	:	:	249 17	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	Leamside.
Paterson, Robt.,	:	i	:	:	289 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Birthwood.
•	:	275 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Springfield.
Robertson, Misses,	:	265 11	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hallcraig.
Somerville, R.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	286 0	:	:	Cormistone.
Somerville, S., M.D.,	:	:	234 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ampherlaw.
[., M.D.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- :	:	286 5	:	:	Huntfield.

Рворевитев.	Convision-Towns	Clontomon	Greitice wall.	Brownia.	Corramore.	Langlee.	Falla.	West-town.	Kirkbank.	Blackcastle.	Turf-foot.	WESTER-HOUSE.	Newmains.	Stonehill,	Spittal.	Baronald.	Fauldhouses.	Brownlie.	Carpet-Works.	St John's Kirk.	Lammerlaw.	LEELAW.	Smylum Park.	Ellenbank.	Huntlyhill.	Heathland.	Auldton.	Giii.	Netherton.	Gowanhill.	Wyndale.
Wal- ston.	3 3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	112 0	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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Lesma- hagow.	£ 8.	:	:	:	230 0	:	:	:	224 0	:	:	:	:	204 0	:	:	214 17	:	200	:	:	190 0	:	181 10	:	:	192 10	178 15	186 0	:	:
Lanark.	si Si	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	216 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	174 0	:	179 0	:	:	:	:	:	:
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Carn- wath.	£ B.	:	:	:	:	:	240 0	:	:	220	:	:	194 18	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	173 0	:	:	:	:	:
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Biggar.	eg.	:	:	:	:	238 17	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	200	:	:	:	:	:	99 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Valuation Roll—1858-9. Biggar. Carluko.	NAME. 331 COLLYED W. D.				334 Logan, R.,	35 Murray, Lord, late, 238 17	36 Ramsay, Mrs C.,	37 Smith, H.,	•	39 White, W.,	40 Wilson, J.,			343 M'Ghie, R.,	44 Murray, W.,	_		32		349 Waugh, J.,	50 Wyld, A.,		_	353 Ferguson, J.,	_	_	٠.				360 Somerville, W.,

VAI	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Biggar.	Carluke. Carnwath. Coulter.	Carnwath.	Coulter.	Orawford- Douglas. Lanark.	Douglas.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Libberton. Wiston.	Wiston.	PROPERTIES.
	NAME.	8. D.	85 G. 15	9. B.	8. 0.	£ 8. D.	E	8. D.	£ 8. D.	8 B	8. D.	
361			:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	POLKOUKSHRAD.
362	Edmonstone, Capt., 170 0	170 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hillend.
363	Forrest, W., [late,	:	158 10 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gills.
364	Gillespie, R.,	:		:	:	:	167 0 0	:	:	:	:	Springhill.
365	Jackson, Mrs,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	166 0 0	:	:	Newick.
366	Lean, W.,	:	160 00	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Middlehouse.
367	٠.	:	152 10 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Saw-Mills.
368	-	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	156 0 0	:	:	Skellyhill.
369	Wrightson, F.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	160 0 0	:	Cormiston.
370	Wyndham, J., late,	:	:	153 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Greenfield.
371		;	:	:	:	:	:	:	136 0 0	:	:	Moat.
372		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	139 0 (:	:	Priorhill.
373		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		136 0 0	_
374	₽	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	137 1 3	:	Ogg's Castle.
375	Lithgow, R.,.	:	Į.	:	:	:	:	133 1 0	:	:	:	Stanmore.
376	0	:	148 12 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Catoraiga.
377	Steel,	:		:	:	:	:	:	140 0	:	:	Teath.
378		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	140 0 (:	:	Logan.
379		:	:	:	149 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	Coulterhall.
380		:	:	148 17 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Rowantreehill.
881	ELDEB, J.,		:	0 0 08T	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GILLHOUSE.
200	Tuespie, r.,	0 071	:	:	:	:	:	:	130 0	:	:	Sourcholm
384		: :	129 10 0	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	3 :	: :	: :	Brackenhill.
385	Lang, T.,	:	4	:	:	:	:	:	127 0 (:	:	Crossford.
386	_	:		:	:	:	:	129 0 0	:	:	:	Nemphlar.
387		:	131 18 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Nellfield.
388	Semple, W.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	130 0	:	:	Greenridge.
988	Thomson, Capt. J.,	:	:	:	:	181 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	Glendowran.
080		:		:	:	0 0 071	:	:	:	:	:	Suranciengu.

VAJ	VALUATION BOLL—1858-9.	Biggar.	Carluke.	Carluke. Carnwath. Coulter. Crawford. Douglas.	Coulter.	Crawford.	Douglas.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Libberton.	Wiston.	PROPERTIES.
		£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	E B. D.	£ R.D.	£ B. D.	£ 8. D.	E B.	£ 8. D.	
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392	_	119 10 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lindsaylands W.
393	-	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	122 0 0	:	:	Bellfield.
394		117 18 3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Biggar Park.
395		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	119 0 0	:	:	Springbank.
396		:	:	:	:	:	:	120 0 0	:	:	:	Nemphlar.
397		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	122 2 0	:	:	Auchren.
398	Pagan, J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	131 0 0	:	:	Boghill & Righead
333		120 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Midtoftcombs.
\$ 0	Wilson, J.,	:	;	:	:	÷	:	:	122 0 0	:	:	Bellfield.
401		:	:	:	:	:	:	0 0 96	:	:	:	CASTLEBANK.
402		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100 0 0	:	:	Tanhill.
403		:	:	:	:	:	:	104 0 0	:	:	:	Holmfoot.
404		105 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stane.
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406		:	:	119 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Midhinshelwood.
407		:	119 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	Minerals.
408		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	113 0 0	:	:	Letham.
409	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	114 0 0	:	:	Netherburn.
410		:	: ;	:	:	:	:	:	103 0 0	:	:	Birthwood.
411	, ,	:	0 88	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	HILLHEAD.
412	Dengles I	7	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Durgn Lands.
414	Romest I	95.00	:	:	:	:	:	:	3	:	:	Kast-toffa
415	French, T		:		:	:	:		95 10 0	: :	:	Garnoower.
416	Kidd, Professor.	: :	: :	96 5 0	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	: :	: :	Hinshelwood,
417	Orr, Capt.	:	100 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	Catoraig.
418		:	:	108 18 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Westermorshot.
419	Wilson, J.	:	:	:	:	:	:	101 0 0	:	:	:	Nemplar, West.
420	Wilson, W.,	:	:	0 0 96	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Oldtown.

AA.	VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	Biggar.		Carnwath.	Crawford.	Carluke. Carnwath. Crawford. John.	Donglas.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Walston.	Wiston.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
L	NAMB.	8 8	D. £ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	8. D.	8. D.	8. D.	8. D.	4 4 A	£ B. D.	
421		:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	LADESHEAD.
422	٠.	:	91 9 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Yeildshields.
423		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	87 2 0	:	:	Abbeygreen.
424	Hamilton, W.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100 0 0	:	:	Loganbank.
425	Jack, J.,	:	85 10 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Draper.
426	Lamb,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0 0 06	:	:	Boreland.
427	_	:	:	$91\ 10\ 0$:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Browshot.
428	Martin,	:	0 0 66	:	÷	:	:	:	;	:	:	Inn, Houses, etc.
429	Walker, J., late	:	0 0 06	:	፧	:	:	:	:	:	:	Eastquarter.
430	Wyld, Mrs,	95	::	:	:	:	:	÷	:	:	:	Merchant.
431	ALLAN, J., late,	:	82 0	:	;	:	;	:	:	;	:	TANHILL.
432		;	82 0	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	Craighead.
433		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	85 0 0	:	:	Kypeswaterhead.
434		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Carluke
435		:	:	:	:	0 0 08	:	:	:	:	:	Holmbead.
436		:	:	0 0 08	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	Throughburn.
437		:	:	:	80 0	;	:	:	:	:	:	Bellfield.
438		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0 0 08	:	:	Greenhill.
439		:	:	81 0	:	:	:	:	: '	:	:	Browshot.
440		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0 08	:	:	Whitende.
441		:	74 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	TUPENBILL.
442		:	:	:	:	:	: '	:	73 19 0	:	:	Abbeygreen.
443		:	:	:	:	:	0 0 82	:		:	:	Crossburn.
444		:	:	:	:	:	:	::	74 2 6	:	:	Weaving Agent.
445		:	:	:	:	:	:	0 0 9	::	:	:	Bellfield.
446		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	78.7	:	;	Darmfillan.
447	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	75 14 0	:	:	Clydegrove.
448		:	:	:	:	:	:	73 5 0	:	::	:	Stanmore, North.
449		•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	79 0 0	:	Blackcastle.
450	Wilson, A., late, 75	75 0 0	- ::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Inn-Biggar.

VAI	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Biggar.	Carluke.	Carluke. Carnwath Carstairs. Crawford. Douglas.	Carstairs.	Grawford.	Donglas.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Pettinain.	Walston.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
	NAME.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	. B. D.	£ 8. 1	D. 48 B. D.	8. D.	
451		:	:	:	:	;	:	:	12	:	:	BEREHOLM.
452	Gilchrist, R.,	:	72 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stockwell.
453		:	:	:	0 0 02	;	:	:	:	:	:	Newmains.
454	٠.	:	:	71 4 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Burnfoot.
455		:	:		:	:	:	:	71 10	:	:	Crossford.
456	M'Ghie, T.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	69 15	:	:	Mostyett.
467	_	:	0 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Tile-Works.
458		:	0 0 0	:	:	:	:	፥	:	:	:	Shoemaker.
459		:	71 0 0	:	;	:	:	፥	:	:	:	Gowanside.
460		:	:	:	:	:	:	፥	71 12	:	:	Heathlands.
46]	_	:		:	:	:	:	፥	:	:	:	LAW COLLIERY.
462	_	:	64 15 0	:	:	:	:	፥	:	:	:	Carrier.
463	_	:	68 5 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Carter.
464		:	.;	0 0	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	Wilsontown.
465		:	66 15 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	Baker.
466		:	66 15 0	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	Miller.
467	_	;	:	:	:	;	:	9 2 9 9	:	:	:	Croftonhill.
468		:	:	:	:	:	:	66 15 0	:	:	:	Mansefield.
469		:	:	:	:	:	:	: 1	0 89	:	:	Kirkfieldbank.
470		:	:	:	:	:	:	99	: °	:	:	Castleyett.
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476		:	:	:	:	:	:	65 11 0	:	:	:	Stanmore.
477		62 11 0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Oxgate.
478		:	:	:	:	:	:	62 10 0		:	:	Mousebank.
479		:	:	:	:	:	:	፥	99	:	:	Kirkfieldbank.
480	Tudhope, J.,	:	:	 -:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Midgarngour.

4	Valuation Boll—1858-9.		Biggar.	H	20	rluke	-5	Carluke. Carnwath. Carstairs.	5	stairs.	Douglas.	I.	Laming-	Lanark.		Lesma- hagow.		Libberton.	Wiston.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
	NAMB.	 		Á	9	# H	4 4	8 Q	9	ų	8. D.	98	e G	8. D.	98	8	- F	8. D.	S. D.	
481	ABOHIBALD, J.,	<u>10</u>	56 12	0		:	_	:		-:	:	_	;	:	_	:		:	:	MERCHANT.
482		-6	57 10	0	_	:	_	:		:	:		;	:		:	_	:	:	Skirling.
483	Gell, H.,	•	:		_	:		:	_	:	:	_	;	:	22	0	0	:	÷	Midtown.
484	_	-2	55 15	0	_	:		:		- :	:	_	;	÷		:		:	፥	Lamington.
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491	BRADFUTE,	.:	÷			:		:	_	:	52 17 0	•	:	:		:	_	:	:	LONDON.
492	Carmichael,	•	:		_	:	22	0	•	:	:	_	:	:		:		:	:	Craigiehall.
493	_		:		_	:	۵	o 0		-	:	•	:	:		:	-	:	:	Greenshield.
494	Gladstone, J.,		54 5	0	_	:	_	:	_	:	:	•	:	:		:		:	:	Dalerig.
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498		;	:			2	0	:	•	;	:	_	:	:		:		:	:	Physician.
499			:	-	22	۔ 9	_	:	•	:	:	•	:	:		:		:	:	Auctioneer.
9	Vallance, Mrs,	[2]	0	0	•	:		:	•	:	:	:	_ :	:		:	_	:	:	Stane.
201	CAPIE,	-	:		_ :	:		:	•	_ :	:	·	:	:	47	0	_	:	:	CATTLE-DEALER.
205		;	:	-	49	24	_	:	•	:	:	· 	_ ``	:		:		:	:	Physician.
200		:	:		•	:		:	•	:	٠,	•	<u> </u>	o		:		:	:	Birkhill.
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206	• • •	:	:	_	48	•	5	:	•	 :	:	:	:	:		:		:	:	Castlehill.
200		<u>ة</u>	0	0	•	:		:	•	:	:	:	:	:	_;	:	_,	:	:	Builder.
208		:	:		•	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	20	0	<u> </u>	:	:	Brae.
200		:	:		•	;		:	•	 :	:	:	_ :	:	20	•	0	:	:	Riddoch Brae.
510	Tudhope, J.,	-	:		•	:	_	:		- :	:	:	_ :	:	20	0	_	:	:	Whitesidehill.

VAI	Valuation Boll-1868-9.	Biggar.	Carluke.	Carnwath.	Oarluke. Carnwath Carstairs Crawford. Douglas.	Orawford.	Donglas.	Lanark.	P L Sea	Lesma- hagow.	Pettinain.	Walston.	Properties or Occupations.
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451	BROWN, KEV. A.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		5 N	:	:	BEREHOLM.
452	Gilchrist, R.,	:	72 0 0	:	٠	:	:	:	:	<u> </u>	:	;	Stockwell.
453	_	:	:	:	0 0 02	:	:	:	٠	<u> </u>	:	:	Newmains.
454	Hamilton, T.,	:	:	71 4 0	:	:	:	:	•	_ :	:	:	Burnfoot.
455		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	11	0	:	:	Crossford.
456	M'Ghie, T.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	69 1	5	:	:	Moatyett.
457	Marshall, W.,	:	0 0 02	;	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	Tile-Works.
458		:	70 0	:	:	;	:	;	•	-	:	:	Shoemaker.
459	_	:	0 0 12	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	Gowanside.
460	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7	0	:	:	Heathlands.
461	BABB, J. & T.,	:		:	:	:	:	;	•	:	:	:	LAW COLLIERY.
462	_	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	Carrier.
463	_	:	68 50	:	:	:	:	:	•	 :	:	:	Carter.
464		:	:	0 0 89	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	Wilsontown.
465		;		:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	Baker.
466		:	66 15 0	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	Miller.
467	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	9 1 8	•	:	:	:	Croftonhill.
468		:	:	:	:	:	:	66 15 0	•	:	:	:	Mansefield.
469	<i>32</i> 6	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 1	88	5 5	:	:	Kirkfieldbank.
1,0		:	:	:	:	:	:	0 . 99	•	:	:	:	Castleyett.
471		:		:	:	:	:	:	4	5 5	:	:	KILNHILLS.
473	Duncan T.	: :		: :	: :	: :	64 7 0	: :	•	: :	: :	: :	Weaving Agent.
474	Frame,	: :	0 0 09	:	:	: :	· : : !	:	•	:	:	:	Easterseat.
475	•	:	60 10 0	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	Coldstream.
476		:	:	:	:	:	:	65 11 0	•	:	:	:	Stanmore.
477		62 11 0	:	:	:	:	:		•	:	:	:	Oxgate.
478		:	:	:	:	:	:	62 10 0	•	:	:	:	Mousebank.
479		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	90	3 C	:	;	Kirkfieldbank.
400	Tudnope, J.,	:	<u>: </u>	:		:	:	:	2	0 01	::	:	Midgarngour.

AA.	Valuation Roll—1869-9.	Biggar.		Oarlub	<u> </u>	Jarnwath.	Oarluke. Carnwath. Carstairs.	Douglas.	Laming- ton.	I Lanark.	Hª	Lesma- hagow.	Libberton.	Wiston.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
	NAME.	9	Ä	35	Á	£ B. D.	8. B.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	8. B.	49	e G	8. D.	8. 9.	
481	ARCH	56 12	0	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	:	MERCHANT.
482	Gairns, A.,	57 10	0	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Skirling.
483	-	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	22	0	:	:	Midtown.
484	-	55 15	0	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Lamington.
485	_	:		0 49	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Glasgow.
486		:		0 09	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Easterseat.
487	M'Ghie, J	:		:		:	:	:	:	.:	5	0	:	:	Moatyett.
488		:		55 0	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Gladdenhill.
489		:		59 17	0	:	:	:	:	;		:	:	:	Beanshields.
490	Sinclair, J.,	:		:	_	:	÷	:	:	:	28	0	:	:	Whiteside.
4 91	BRADFUTE,	:		:	_	:	:	52 17 0	:	:		:	:	:	LONDON.
492	_	:		:	<u></u>	52 0 0	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Craigiehall.
493	_		_	:		0 0 09	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Greenshield.
494	-	54 5	0	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	;	Dalerig.
495		:		52 14	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Wright.
496		:		:		:	:	:	:	54 0 4		:	:	:	Gallowhill.
497	Robinson, J	:		•		:	:	61 15 0	:	:	_	:	:	:	Slater.
498		:		20 12	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Physician.
499	Shirlaw, J.,	:	-63	52 10	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Auctioneer.
200	Vallance, Mrs,	51	0	:	-	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Stane.
501	CAPIE, J.	:	_	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	47	0	:	:	CATTLE-DEALER.
202		:	4	4 9	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Physician.
503		:		:		:	:	::	:	0 0 09		:	:	:	Birkhill.
504	•	:		:		:	:	48 18 0	:	:		:	:	:	Draper.
202		:		:	-	. :	:	49 12 0	:	:		:	:	:	Surgeon.
200	Nielson, J.,	:	•	48	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Castlehill.
204	Robertson, J.,	20	0	:	-	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	Builder.
208		:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:	2	0	:	:	Brae.
609		:		:	-	:	:	:	:	:	2	0	:	:	Riddoch Brae.
510	Tudhope, J.,	: _	_	:		:	:	:	- :	:	20	0	:	:	Whitesidebill.

PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.		HOURES.	Brachead.	Camend.	Baker.	Late Innkeeper.	Weaver.	Peasehill,	Braidwood.	Logan.	Wright.	House, erc.	Higheross.	Brooklands.	Baker.	Baker.	Shoemaker.	Abbeygreen.	Mason.	Saddler.	Houses.	Нопава.	Park.	Graystone.	Crossford.	Stonehead-park.	North Belfield.	Muirfoot.	Kirkmuirhill.	Houses.	Thornlie Muir.
Wiston.	8. D.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Syming- ton.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Lesma- hagow.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	32 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	31 5 0	:	:	30 14 0	:	32 0 0	31 17 0	:	:	:	30 0	30 0 0	30 18 0	:	30 10 0	:	30 10 0	:	:
Lanark.	£ B. D.	:	:	:	:	:	:	32 0 0	:	33 9 6	:	:	:	32 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Laming- ton.	£ 8. D.	;	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:
Douglas.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Crawford.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Carluke. Carnwath. Crawford. Douglas.	£ 8. D.	:	32 15 0	32 0 0	:		:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0 8 08	:
Carluke.	£ 8. D.	32 18 0	:	:	: :	33 2 0	:	:	34 0 0	:	31 17 0	32 0 0	:	:	:	:	31 19 0	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	30 0 0	:	:	30 0
Biggar.	£ S. D.	:	:	:	: :	: :	32 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	31 15 0	:	:	:	:	32 0 0	31 10 0	0 0 00	:	:	:	30 0 0	:	:	:	:	:
VALUATION ROLL—1858-9.			Brown, Miss C	_	. ,		Rae, J.,		Shaw, J.,			BAIRD, M.,		Field, J.,	Graham, J.,	Kean, J			Stewart, A.,	Vallance, J.,	Wilson, J.,					Gibson, T.,					Spence, G.,
4AE		571	572	573	574	575	576	577	218	579	280	581	582	583	584	585	586	287	288	589	230	291	265	593	594	262	286	282	288	288	90

VAE	VALUATION BOLL-1858-9	Biggar.		ıke.	Carnwa	वं	Carluke. Carnwath. Carstairs.	Grawford- john.	Douglas.	Dunsyre.	Lanark.	Lesma- hagow.	Walston.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
	NAME.	8. B.	4	Á	49 49	9	ě,	8. D.	8 B. D.	8. p.	4	8	8 8	ď
601	DOMALD, R.	•	:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:	30		CAPEHALL.
602		:	:		:		:	:	´:	:	:	0 0 0 0 0 0	:	Greystone.
603	Scott, T. R., M. D.	:	: 		:		:	:	30 0	;	:	:	:	City Glasgow Bank.
604	Smellie, W	:	80	0	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Flesher.
605	Somerville, M.,	:	:		30 30	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Edinburgh.
909	Somerville,	:	:		:	8	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	Strawfrank.
607	Templeton, W.,	:	:	•	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	000	:	Crossford.
809	ニ_	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	0 0 0 0 0	:	Netherfauld House.
609	٠	:	ဓ္ဓ	0	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Eastside.
610		:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	30 08	:	Crossford.
611	BURTON, W.,	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:		:	BANKHRAD.
612	щ,	:	· _	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	28 19	:	Smith.
613		:	58	ت 0	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Clothier.
614	Hami	:	29 1	0 9	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Scoular Hall
615	Lang, M.,	:	28	o 0	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Houses.
616	٠.	;	•	:	:	_	:	:		:	:	29 10	:	Baker.
617		:	•	:	: _		:	:	29 12 0	;	:	:	:	Towhead.
618		:	•	:	:		:	:	:	:	•	28 10	:	Bereholmmill.
619		:	_	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	29 15 (:	•	Kilneroft.
620		:	_	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	0 83	0 Nether Urd.
621		:	_	;	26 15	0		:	:	:	:	:	:	INNERPER.
622		:	•	:	:	27	7 12 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	Labourer.
623		:	-	.1	:		:	:	:	:	:	27 5	:	Shoemaker.
624		:		9	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Millroad.
625		:		12 6	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Mason.
626		:	28	o o	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Houses.
627		:	_	:	28	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stobwood-dyke.
628		:	·	:	:		:	;	:	:	:	26 10	:	Mason.
629	Wharrie, J.,		_	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	27 10	: o	Pathhead House.
630	Wilson, A.,	27 11 0	_	:	:	_	:	፥	:	:	:	:	:	Wright.

VA V	VALUATION ROLL-1858-9.	9. Biggar.		Carl	ıke.	Carnw	ath.	Carluke. Carnwath. Carstairs.	Crawford-	1	Douglas. Dunsyre.	Lanark.	rk.	Legma-	Syming- ton.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
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631	ATTER	•	<u> </u>	•		26	0	:	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	MILLER.
639		: 	6	٠:	ے ے .	· ·	,			;	:	:	_	:	:	Houses.
600			•	2	>	:	_	:	:	:	: :				;	Houses.
000		07	>	: `		:		:	:	:	:	:	_	:	;	Rosemount
634		:	<u>~~</u>	9	• •	:		:	:	::	:	:		:	:	Trosemoune.
635	Goldie, Mrs J.,	:		:		:		:	:	26 10 0	:	:	:	:	:	Houses.
636	-	:	<u>8</u>	26	0	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Boreland.
637		:		:		:	_	:	:	:	:	- 28	0	:	:	Nemphiar.
638	M'Min, H.	:	C/I	9	0	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Ironmonger.
639		:	C/I	9	0	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Burnbank.
640		28 0	0	:		:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Hillbead.
641		:	C/1	25 15	5	: 	_	÷	:	:	:	:		:	:	SHOEMAKER.
642						25 0	-	i	:	:	:	:		:	:	Westyard-houses.
643		_	67	25	0	_	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Shoemaker.
644		-	C)	14 18	0	:		:	:	:	:	:	_	:	, :	Weaver.
645				: :		:		•	:	:	:	:		25 15 0	:	Innkeeper.
646	Meikle.	: :		:		: _		:	:	:	:	:		4 17 0	:	Kirkmuirhill.
647		:	<u>01</u>	25 2	2	:		:	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	Draper.
648		:	C/I	24 17	0 4	:		:	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	Houses.
649		:		÷		25 0	-	፥	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	Westyard-houses.
650		: -		:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:		20 0 27	:	ronreign.
651		•		:		:		;	24 10 0	:	:	:		:	:	Abingron.
652		24 15	0	:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	T CHESTOR SPIROUSCES.
653	_	:	C/1	2 4	• •	:		:	:		:	:		:	:	Touges.
654		:		:		:		:	:	24 10 0	:	:		::	:	Tinkfoldhank
655			_	÷		:	_	:	:	:	:	:		7 01 47	:	Chi-ling
929		24 13	0	:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:	•	: 2	:	Torollond.
657		:		:		:		:	:	:	:	:		7 47	:	Common
658				77 75	o ī	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Cawyer.
629	Snmmers, J.,	5 4	0	:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	Saddler.
99		24 17	-	:		:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	wright.

VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	Biggar.	į	Carl	lake.	Carny	rath.	Carluke, Carnwath, Carstairs.	Orawford- john.	Douglas	Douglas. Dunsyre.	Lanark.		Lesma- hagow.	Wiston.	rog.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
NAME.	43	Ä	92	8	98	Ä	£ 8. D	D. £ 8. D.	e3	3. 3.		64 6	œ.	8F (4)	A	
AFFLECK, A.,	:		•	:	:			:	24 3	:	•		:			Houses.
Brown, H.,	:		٠	:			23 10 (:	:	:	:		:	-		Ironmonger.
Brown, J., sen.,	:		•	:	23 15	-	:	:	:	:	:		:		_	Pothall.
Mrs H.,	•		22	0	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		Higheross.
Hepburn, J.,	23 10	0	•	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	_	:	: 	<u>-</u>	Carrier.
-:	:		:	:	:		:	:	:	:	: _	24	0	:		Innkeeper.
:	23	-	:	:	:		:	:	4:	:	:	_	:	:		Shoemaker.
Shearer, J.,	: 		:	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	24	0	:	-	Netherhouse.
Simpson & Baird,	:	_	:	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	24	0	:	<u>~</u>	Coalburn.
Summers, J.,	24 0	-	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:		Surgeon.
ALEXANDEB, R.,	:		:	:	23 0	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	<u>-</u>	WRIGHT.
Douglas, J.,	:		_	12 0	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	-		Surgeon.
Hamilton, W.,	:		23	15 0	:		:	;	:	:	:		:	•	-	Nemphlar.
Hutchison, J.,	:		:	:	:	_	:	:	23	.:	:		:	•	Ξ.	Innkeeper.
Meikle, Misses,	:	_	:	:		_	፥	:	:	:	:	23	ه 	:	•	Abbeygreen.
Russell, J.,	:	_	:	:	23 10	-	፥	:	:	:	:		:	:	_	Houses.
Somerville, J.,.	:	_	:	•	23	0	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	-	Houses.
	:		:	:	:		፧	:	:	:	:	53	∞ 	:		Weaver.
	23 17	_			:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	<u>- '</u>	Houses.
Wilson, S.,	:		22 17	<u>0</u>	:		:;	:	:	:	:	_	:	-		Toll Contractor.
Ввожи, С.,	:	_	•	:	:		22 10	:	:	:	:	_	:	: 		MERCHANT.
	::		22	0 2	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		Wright.
	22 17	9	-	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		Shoemaker.
Rankine, G.,	:	••	22 10	0	:		:		:	;	:		:	: _		Shoemaker.
Renton, A.,	:		:	•	:		:	22 15 0	:	:	:		:	:		Merchant.
Scott, W.,	:		:		:		:	:	:	:	:	52	0	:		Shoemaker.
Somerville, W.,	:	,1	22	10	÷		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	_	Houses.
Somerville, J.,	:			•	:	_	:	:	:	:	75 75	9	:	:		So. St Leonards.
Wilson, J.,	:	<u>.4</u>	22 10	0	•		:	:	:	:	:		:	:		Carrier.
Young, J.,			:		71 0	5	:	:	:	:	-	-	:	-	1	Merchant.

VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	Biggar.	Carluke.	Carluke. Carnwath. Carstairs.	Carstairs.	Orawford- john.	Douglas. Dunsyre.	Dunsyre.	Lanark.		Lesma- hagow.	Walston.	PROPERTIES OR OCCUPATIONS.
NAME.	86 F. D.	. D.	£ 9.	£ 8. D.	8 8	G.	£ 8. D.	e4;	44 A	8	£ 8. D.	
691 ARNOT, T.,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7	T	:	MABON.
692 Black, M.,	:	:	:	:	:	22 0 0	:	:	_	;	:	Braehead.
	:	21 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	Miner.
-	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	14 16	2 9	0	:	Maddermains.
	:	:	22 0	:	:	:	:	:		;	:	Merchant.
696 Pinkerton, Mrs,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2	9	:	Crossford.
	:	22 0	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Surgeon.
	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	0	:	Weaver.
	$\overline{}$	22 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	Craighead.
	22 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_	;	:	Spencer's Park.
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	21 0	0	;	:	STREL'S CROSS.
-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>ਲ</u>	0	:	Merchant.
	:	:	21 0 0	:	:	:	:	:		;	:	Yardbouses.
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	21	0	:	Quarrier.
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	27	0	:	Smith.
	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	2	9	:	Wellburn.
	:	21 0 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	_	;	:	Bishopbrae.
	:	$\frac{21}{0}$: 3	:	:	:	:	:		;	:	Houses.
	:;	:	0 0 17	:	:	:	:	:		;	:	Houses.
	20 IZ	:	:		:	:	:	:		:	:	Ward's Park.
719 CI -1 A	?:	:	:	0 01 22	:	:	:	:		:	:	MERCHANT.
713 Cranstoun, L.	> :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	8	0	: :	Burnside.
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715 Moore, T.,	:	:	:	:	:	20 5 0	:	:	_	:	:	Merchant.
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719 Veitch, M.,	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	;	8_	0	:	Linnville.
/20 walker, D.,	:	٦,	:	:	:	:		:			:	Spirit-dealer.

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Рворектива ов Оссоратива.		MERCHANT.	Houses.	Wood Merchants.	Nemoblar.	Braehead.	Tile-work.	Greenwell.	House and Land.	Surgeon.	Merchant.	FLESHER.	Merchant,	House.	Merchant.	Craighead.	Spirit-dealer.	Wright.	Newton.	Sunnyside.	Watchmaker.	SMITH.	Nursery.	Carrier.	Merchant.	Houses.	Builder.	Mason.	Postmaster.	Houses.	Houses.
Wiston.	. D.	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Walston.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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प्र	93		8												_			6	13	_ ;	<u>20</u>							61			
Lanark.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	20 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	፧	፥	:	÷	:	19 8 0	:	:	:	:
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Carluke. Carnwath, Carstairs. Douglas. Dunsyre.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:'	19 5 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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Biggar.	£ 8. D.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20 0 0	20 0 0	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	: ·	20 0 0	:	:	6	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
VALUATION ROLL-1858-9.	I—	_	_	723 Dyce & M'Kinnell,	24 Forrest, W.	25 Hamilton, D.,	26 M'Grouther, A.,	Nimmo, Mrs.	Ovens, T.,	Pairman, R.,	Paterson, V		Prentice, A				36 Springall, M., .		Watson, D.,	W.	_										O Sandilands, J.,
_ ≽		721	722	72	72	72	72	72	22	<u> </u>	730	731	23	<u> </u>	734	33	23	73	<u> 23</u>	23	740	741	74	74	74	7	74	747	74	74	200

<u>~</u>	VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	.etate	Rioge.	Car-	Carn-	Car-	Contter	Oraw-	Craw- ford-	Dong-	Dan-	Lam-	Lesma- Libber-	Libber-	NAMES OF TRNANTS.
		æ		michael	wath.	stairs.			john.	las.	syre.	ington.	hagow.	ton.	
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751		249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		670 15	:	:	DENHOLM, ALEX.
752		255	:	:	:	:	:	557 3	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hunter, R., heirs.
753	Gateside,	241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	724 1	:	:	:	:	Gillespie, J.
754	Glenochar,	253	:	:	:	:	:	710 0	:	:		:	:	:	Hunter, R., beirs.
755	Libberton Mains,	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	705 13	Brown, J.
126		255	:	:	:	:	:	603 17	:	:	:	:	:	:	Vassie, Richard.
757		274	:	:	:	:	:	782 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, John.
758	· ·	241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	659 0	:	:	:	:	Gillespie, T.
129		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	572 0	:	:	Black, James.
160		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	592 12	:	:	:	Whyte, W.
761	BOGHALL, etc.,	294	470 0	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	BROWN, J.
762		263	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	527 16	:	Dykes, R.
763	Callendean,	244	:	÷	440 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
764	Castlemains,	255	:	:	:	:	:	420 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	Tweedie, David.
765	Coulterallers & Snaip,	258	:	:	:	:	531 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, Andrew.
992		241	:	:	:	፧	:	:	:	:	:	532 0	:	:	Lindsay, Eben.
767		244	:	:	200 0	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	French, James.
768	_	249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	481 0	:	:	Gibson, W.
769		253	:	:	:	:	:	550 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, William.
0//		243	:	:	:	:	:	450 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	Fletcher, Robert.
771		244	:	:	380 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FRENCH, W.
7,07		261	:	:	:	395 2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Fleming, J.
774	Dramalhin	107	:	: 6	÷	፥	:	:	:	:	:	:	285	:	Kussell, A.
775		244	:	21	:	:	:	:	:	:	101 10	:	:	:	Ray Isabella
776		241	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	420 0	01 19E	:	:	:	Paterson. J.
777		252	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	425 0	: :	:	: :	: :	: :	: :	Milligan, J.
778	Nethercleugh, etc.,	255	:	:	:	:	:	421 4	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hogg, P.
118		242	:	:	:	:	:	:	412 0	:	:	:	:	:	French, T.
780	Stonehill,	242	:	:	:	:	:		395 0	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, J.

	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Estate.	18 B	Oar- luke.	Cern-wath.	Car- stairs.	Cov- ing-	Coul.	Oraw.	Graw- ford- john.	Doi: D	Dong- I	Dan- I	Len	top.	Petti.	ting.	Wal- ston.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENAMES.
			ch.	94	æ	क	98	99	98	98	વર	98	भ	अ	98	વર	વર	વર	#	
781	BOATHAUGH, ETC.,	250	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	364	:	:	:	:	:	JACK, MESSES.
782		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		 :	:	:	:	:	378	:	Hamilton, M. & T.
783		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	368	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, A.
784	$\overline{}$	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	360	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, T.
785		255	:	:	:	:		:	360	-:	:	:	<u>:</u>	-:	:	:	:	:	:	Johnstone, Repr's. of.
786		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	380	:	:	:	:	Purdie, T. & J.
787		259	:	:	:	:	:	352	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, J.
788		261	:	:	:	384	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Alison, T.
789		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	370	:	:	:	:	Gibson, A.
290	•	247	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	366	:	:	:	Hunter, W.
791		315	:	:	:	321	:	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	BROWN, J.
792		250	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	310	:	:	:	:	:	Cunningham, J.
793	_	244	:	:	348	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Fleming, A.
794	_	261	:	:	:	320	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Elder, J.
795		808	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	360	:	Greenshields, D.
798		253	:	:	:	:	:	:	340	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hunter, R.
797	Harelaw,	245	:	:	:	340	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Alison, A.
198		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	337	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Blaikie, J.
4		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	312	:	:	:	:	Somerville, A.
800	_	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	357	:	:	:	:	:	:	Shaw, T.,
801		272	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	60g	:	:	CRAIG, MRS.
805		242	:	:	: 8	:	:	:	:	 200 800	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	French, T.
808		744	:	:	299	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Smith, H.
804		257	:	:	:	:	:	300	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Inch, J.
802		253	:	:	:	:	:	:	300	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	٠,
808		¥	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	00g	Waddell, J. & W.
80		244	:	:	:	:	290	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stoddart, A.
808		283	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	318	:	White, J. A.
800	Meadowfiat,	244	:	:	:	:	900 2000	:	:	:	: ;	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	گر د ر
	Iownnead and Loch,	797	\exists	-	:	:		-	:	-	301	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	Kay, J. & K.

	Valuation Roll.—1858-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car.	Car- mich- sel.	Carn- wath. st	Car- Catairs.	Coul-	Craw.	Graw- ford- john.	Dol- phin- ton.	Doug-	Dun- syre	Lam- ton.	Lan.	Les- maha- gow.	Petti- nain.	Wal- ston.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TEMANTS.
	NAMES OF PARMS.		4	43	98	વર	9	4	43	93	4	લ્ફ	98	93	97	अ	भ	9	48	
811	ABINGTON, NETHER,	255	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	292	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Tweedir, Messes.
812		244	:	:	÷	285	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Jack, T.
813		252	:	:	:	:	 :	:	280	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Grieve, Michael.
814		255	:	:	:	:		:	:	275	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Inch, T.
815		321	:	:	:	-	 :	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	280	:	:	:	:	Cunningham, A.
816		244	:	285	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Alison, T.
817		262	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	275	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Waugh, Esq., J.
818		242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	280	Coubrough, D., heirs.
818		242	:	:	280	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Thorburn, R.
820		265	:	282	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, A.
821		247	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	275	 :	:	
822		249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	268	Plenderleith, R.
823		255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	264	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, Edward.
824		251	:	:	:	:	:	-:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	270	:	:	:	Pate, T.
825	Howcleugh, Upper,	259	:	:	:	:	:	:	260	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hogg, P.
826	Langhome,	249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	261	:	:	:	:	:	ِ نے
827	_,	288	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	272	:	:	:	Carruthers, Mrs B.
828		249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	260	:	:	:	:	:	Neilson, J. & J.
829		241	:	:	:		:	:	:	: }	:	266	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Willison, John.
088		727	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	275	:	:	<u> </u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Willison, J.
831		254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	250	:	:	:	٠.
282			: 8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 220	:	:	:	Affleck, D. & W.
000			700	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	: 2	:	:	:	:	King, w.
9 6		240	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	202	:	:	:	:	Callan, A.
850		244	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	:		255	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, Jun., J.
850		244	:	:	:	727	 :	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, J.
837		747	:	:	:			 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	255	:	:	Johnstone, W.
838	Newbigging Mains,	244	:	:	:	255	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Weir, W. & D.
833		326	:	725	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	` :		:	Wilson, J.
₩	Walston Flace,	744	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	- :	-	-	-	-	-	720	-	Stodart, J.

P	VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	Estete.	Big.	Car- luke.	Car- mich- sel.	Carn- Car- wath, stairs.		Cov ton	Craw-	Craw- ford- john.	Dun- syre.	Lam- ing- ton.	Lan-	Les- maha- gow.	top top	Petti.	Sym- ing- ton.	Wall- ston.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.	:	œ	વ્ય	48	98	48	9	વર	વર	3	43	વર	વ્ય	48	93	વ્ય	વ્ય	વ્ય	
841	CHESTERHALL,	245	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	240	STODDART, W.
842	Coldchapel,	249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	240	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Haddow, J.
843	Cumberhead, North,	297	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	246	:	:	:	:	:	Sandilands, G.
844	Cumberhead, South,	302	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	240	:	:	:	:	:	Sandilands, W.
845		247	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	249	:	:	:	Lindsay, W.
846	Green,	259	:	:	:	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gray, J.
847		278	243	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, T.
848		256	:	:	:	:	:	:	240	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, Esq., A.
849		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	242	;	Brown, J.
850	Whiteshaw,	569	:	250	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gault, J.
851	CARMICHAEL POLICY,	247	:	:	239	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FRENCH, J.
852	Coblehaugh,	250	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	236	:	:	:	:	:	:	Muirhead, J.
853		244	:	:	:	:	:	236	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lindsay, Hugh.
854	Fallside,	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	240	Gillespie, T.
855	Haughs, etc.,	244	:	:	:	240	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ritchie, J.
856	Mains-Loanhead,	249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	232	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Tweedie, J.
857	Newton of Wiston,	249	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	238	Reid, J.
828	Tower of Cormiston,	260	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	237	:	:	:	:	Gibson, J.
829	•	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	239	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
860	•	292	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	240	:	:	:	:	:	Greenshields, A.
861	ABINGTON, OVER,	255	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	232	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	INCH, R.
862	Bent,	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	220	:	:	:	:	:	Dykes, A.
863		255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	231	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	:	:	French, J.
864	_	245	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	227	:	:	:	:	:	:	از
865	Crimperamp,	229	:	:	:	:	:	:	225	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, Esq., R.
998	Greenburn,	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	230	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Willison, J.
867	Midtown & Woodhead,	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	227	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, J.
868	Nethertown,	261	:	:	:	:	234	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Scott, W.
869	Rowhead and Biggar,	8	230	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, D.
870	Townfoot,	296	:	:	-:	-:	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	230	:	:	Gibson, L.

]	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car- luke.	Partie.	Carn	Car.	ton to the contract of the con	Craw.	Craw- ford- john.	Doi:	Doug.	Dun- syre.	다 다 기	Les- maha- gow.	수 등 다	Petti-	Bym. tog.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
			अ	વર	98	98	44	99	વર	98	93	વર	48	98	93	લ	92	ଫ	c48	
90		278	196	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Coubrough, A.
802	_	244	:	:	:	190	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Anderson, J.
903	Dykeford, etc.,	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-:	:	:	190	:	:	:	:	:	:	Anderson, D. & W.
904		255	:	:	:	:		:	:	199	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	French, Edward.
905		289	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	190	:	:	:	:	Allan, P.
906		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	198	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Tweedie, David.
206	_	276	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	190	:	:	:	M'Lean, W.
808	•	248	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	195	:	Waugh, J.
808		263	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	199	:	:	:	:	Murdoch, A.
910		262	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	200	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Black, H.
911		251	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	.:	185	:	:	:	:	CARBUTHERS, T.
912		242	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	180	Gillespie, T.
913	_	288	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	180	:	:	:	:	Prentice, J.
914	Craighead,	255	:	:	:	:		:	:	184	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hunter, H., heirs of.
916	_	255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	176	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hunter, H., heirs of.
916	-	255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	187	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Dalgleish, J.
917	Kirkfield Mains,	298	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	181	:	:	:	:	Harvie, W.
818		260	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	183	:	:	:	Gibson, J.
919		248	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	182	:	Stobo, Mrs J.
920	Woolfords,	284	:	:	:	185		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	Somerville, J.
921	AUCHENHEATH,	254	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	180	:	:	:	:	BAXTER, W.
922	Auchtygemmel, Nether,	251	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	180	:	:	:	:	Weir, F.
923	Covington Mill,	244	:	:	:	:	<u>-</u> :	80	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lindsay, A.
924	Glentewing,	332	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	081 081	:	:	:	: 3	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, W.
972	Jerviswood,	293	;	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	 :	<u>:</u>	:	:	180	:	:	:	:	:	Cadzow, J.
976	Most,	242	:	:	:	:	 :	 :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	184	Gillespie, T.
927	Netherton,	247	:	:	180		<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lamb, J., heirs of.
928	Newsteading,	244	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	- :	:	:	:	180	:	:	:	:	:	Irving, W.
929	North Faulds,	265	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	180	:	:	:	:		ن
930	Shallowhead,	277	_ :	:	- :	_ :	- :	_ :	_ :	_ :	_ :	-	 :	:	:	:	_ .:	:	176	Plenderleith, Mrs.

	VALUATION ВОІІ.—1868-9.	Estate.	Big- gar.	Car.	Car- mich-	Carn-	Car- Catairs.	Coul- C	Craw-	Craw- ford- john.	Doi: Top to	Doug.	Dun- syre.	I E	Les- maha- gow.	to per per per per per per per per per per	Petti- nain.	S top top	Wis.	NAMES OF TREATS.
			48	98	99	98	વ્ય	9	49	ભ	99	99	98	વ્ય	49	48	48	99	48	
931	_	330	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	175	:	:	:	WATSON, A.
932		243	:	175	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gibson, J. & R.
933		254	:	:	:	:		 :	:	- :	:	:	:	:	175	:	:	:	:	M'Gowran, W.
934		314	:	:	:	175	· :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Anderson, J.
932	Langlees,	335	174	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Jackson, A.
936		241	:	;	:	:	<u>.</u> :	:	:	:	:	175	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gall, J.
937		241	:	:	:	:	:		:	;	:	175	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lawcock, A.
938		241	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	175	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gall, J.
939		247	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	175	:	:	Twaddle, J.
940	_	241	:	:	:	:		<u>:</u>	:	:	:	173	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	Kirkwood, J.
941	BROADFIELD,	248	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	172	:	AITKEN, J.
942		247	:	:	171	:	-	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Core, A.
943		262	:	:	:	:		<u>:</u>	:	:	170	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Kay, sen., J.
944		355	:	:	:	170		- :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, T.
945		249	:	170	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Henderson, J.
946	-	282	:	:	:	120		_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Coltness Iron Co.
947		287	:	170	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Scott, T.
948		251	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	172	:	:	:	:	Porteous, R.
948		261	:	:	:	:	2 2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Dalziel, J.
920		265	:;	171	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	Barr, J. & J.
951		280	160	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	
222		369	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 6	:	:	:	:	:	201	:	:	:	Williamson, A.
900		0070	:	:	:	:	:	:00	:	3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Cladatone A.
2, 7		7 0	:	:	:	:	- :	8	:	: }	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Charletone, A.
66.6		202	:;	:	:	 :	:	:	:	091	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stewart, Patrick.
900		2/3	104	:	:	:	 :	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	M. Kenzie, M.
200	Kirkland,	244	:	:	:.	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	144	:	:	:	:	:	:	Allan, J.
200	Netherhill & part Gles-	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	991	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	Haddow, F.
696	Windales,[pin,		: ;	:	:	<u>:</u>	<u>·</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	170	:	Muirbead, A.
3	Wintermoor,	507	3	:	-		-	-	-	:	-	-	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lang, r.

P	Valuation Boll—1868-9.	Estate.	Big.	O S	Carn-	S de la la la la la la la la la la la la la	Ş Ş Ş Ş	Coul- ter.	Craw. ford.	Graw- ford- john.	P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	Doug-	Ta.	L'an-	Les. Row.	를 찾다.	Petti-	Syn to the	Wis- ton-	NAMES OF TENAMES.
			98	98	94	94	9	92	9	93	92	93	94	93	4	98	98	49	क्ष	
961		279	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	155	:	:	:	:	STODDART, J., HEIRS.
962	Candybank	264	157	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	-:	-:	:	:	:		:	Brown, J.
963	Coulter Park, South	258		:	:	:		156	:	-	:	:	:	:	-:	:	:	:	:	Finlayson, T.
964		370	:	:	153		-	:		:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Somerville, J.
962		255	:	:	:		-	:	154	:	-	-:	-		:	-	:	-	:	Hunter, G.
996		366	:	160	: :	: :	: :		:	:	: :	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	Cassella, G.
196		244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	155	:	:	:	:	:	Cadzow, W.
896	Newbigging Mill,	244	:	:	158	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	White, J., late, heirs.
696	Northholm of Grange,	247	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	161	:	:	Smith, J.
970		247	:	:	:	:	155	:	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lindsay, Mrs.
126	AUCHENGRAY,	320	:	:	152	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-:	:	Meikle, R.
972		265	:	:	:	:	 .,:	:		:		:	:	:	151	:	:	:	:	Tudhope, G.
973		241	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	151	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Swan, J.
974		247	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	150	:	:	Taylor, R.
975	Hangingshaw, Nether,	258	:	:	:	:	:	152	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, P.
946		244	:	150	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Forrest, A.
977		262	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	150		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, R.
978		8	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	 :	:	:	:	:	152	:	:	:	Gibson, Brothers.
929	Woodend,	282	:	:	152	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, J.
980	_	393	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	152	:	:		:	Tudhope, R.
981		256	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	145	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	LAMMIR, J.
982		273	:	:	145	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Todd, A.
	Burnfoot,	260	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	145	:	:	:	Ritchie, D.
	Cockridge,	261	:	:	<u>:</u>	145	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Scott, A.
	Corramore,	334	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	 :	:	150	:	:	:	:	Brownlie, A.
986	Garrellwood,	251	:		:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	150	:	:	:	:	Stoddart, T.
	Mosscartle,	255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	150	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Coke, W.
	Mountain and Law,	273	:	:	150	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Smith, J.
	Northloanhead,	281	:	:	153	:		:	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
06 6	Sandylandsgate,	244	:	150	 :	_ :			:	:	:		_ :	:	:	:	:	-	:	Hamilton, W.

4	VALUATION ВОІЛ-1868-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car. Tuke.	Car. Bich.	Carn- wath.	Car.	Şaş Şaş	Ser.	Craw- ford.	Craw. ford. John.	Doug.	top to	다 다 다	Les- maha- gow.	다 보고 다 다 다	Petti.	Sym- ing- ton.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TEMANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.		99	9	92	લ	4	99	99	କ	વ	99	প	98	æ	98	49	98	4	
991	ANDERSHAW,	241	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	142	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	WILLISON, J.
992	Auchenglen, part of,	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	144	:	:	:	:	:	Shirlaw, G.
993	Birkenhead,	300	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	140	:	:	:	:	Meikle, J.
994		331	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	143	:	:	:	Cleghorn, T.
998	Gillbank,	246	:	145	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, J. & J.
966	_	255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	140	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Coke, J.
897		244	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	147	:	:	:	:	:	Elder, J.
866	-	282	:	:	:	145	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	Steel, T.
666		361	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	142	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Symington, Mrs, heirs
1000		254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	145	:	:	:	:	Anderson, M.
<u>1001</u>		345	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	135	:	:	:	:	:	SMITH, J.
1002		247	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	136	:	:	Paterson, Mrs J.
1003	_	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	`:	135	:	:	:	:	Wilkie, J.
1004		282	:	:	:	135	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Todd, J., late, heirs.
1005		292	:	:	:	142	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•:	:	:	:	:	:	Sibbald, S.
100		371	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	136	:	:	:	:	Barr, Messrs.
1007		247	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	141	:	;	Irvine, J., heirs of.
1008		242	:	:	140	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Forrest, J.
1009	~	296	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	140	:	Thorburn, D.
1010		728	:	:	:	:	: }	:	136	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Bertram, J.
101		244	:	: 6	:	:	135	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	SOMERVILLE, J.
1013	Carlnke	986	:	132	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Cassella A.
1014	Dillars,	288	:	:	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	135	: :	:	: :	: :	Neilson, D.
1016	Lambeatch & Skylaw,		:	:	:	135	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Baird, A.
1016			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	131	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, A.
1017		260	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	134	:	:	:	Gray, J.
1018	Southfield, South,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	135	:	: ;	:	:	Pollock, W.
1019	Westerbills,		:	: ;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Clarkson, D.
1020	Westerhouse,	341	:	133	:	-	-		-	-	-	-	-:	-:	-	:	:	:	:	Wright, J. & J.

VALU.	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Estete.	Big- gar.	Oar-	Carn- Carn- wath. st	Car. b	Cov. top.	Coul.	Oraw ford.	Craw- I ford- p	Spirit Sp	Dong- Inc. to	Lam. fng. ton.	Lan.	Les- I maha- I gow.	Lib- ber- ton.	Petti ii nain.	Sym- ing- ton.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TRNAMES.
	NAMES OF FARMS.		વર	વ્ય	98	93	લ	भ	98	98	98	98	97	99	93	વર	9	9	4	
	BOGHILL & RIGHEAD,	398	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	· :	;	<u>-</u> :	126	:	_ :	:	<u>:</u>	Tudhope, J.
	Boreland,	251	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	<u>·</u> :	•	- :	130			<u>.</u> :	:	M'Ghie, J. & T.
	Brownhill,	244	:	:	:			:		:	<u>·</u> :	· :	:		- :	 20 20 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	:	:	:	Weir, R.
024 B	Brownriggs,	247	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	· :		:	:	<u>-</u>	130	:	:	reenshields, J.
	satlehill,	244	:	:	:	:		:		:	· :	<u>.</u> :	:	<u>8</u>	:	:	:		:	Robb, J.
	Eastfield,	272	:	:	:	-		:		:	:	<u>.</u> :	:	:	:	:	- :	130	:	Linton, J.
	Fence,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	140	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, J.
	Gillhouse & pt. of Stob-		:	:	130	:		:	:	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u> :		:	:	:	:	:	:	reenshields, A.
	Muirhead, [wood,	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	- :	132	Aitken, W.
	Southfield, North,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	135	:	:		:	Stewart, A.
031 C	COALBURN,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	130	:	:	_ :	:	Watson, T.
	Eastforth,		:	:	130	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>		:	:	:		_ :	:	M'Culloch, G.
033 I	Fullwood,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	130	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, Mrs.
1034	Glendowran,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	131	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_	Williamson, J.
	Greenhill,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ ;	:	:	:	:	:	:	131	Sadleir, J.
	Mossbank,	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	_	130	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Law, J.
037	Newtown,		:	:	:	:	:	:	130	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	Gillespie, J.
038 7	Townfoot,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	130	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	Thomson, T. & J.
039	Turf-foot,		:	130	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:		:	Watson, J.
•	Underbank,	251	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	130	:	:	:	:	Scott, G.
	AUCHTOOL,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	126	:	:	:	:	DUNCAN, J.
	Black woodyard,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	125	:	:	:	:	M'Gowran, T.
	Candymill,		:	126	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Smith, J.
044	Hillend,	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	125	:	:	:	:	Tennant, J.
	Muirhouse,	_	:	:	:	:	131	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Thomson, M., heirs.
	Muirsland,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	130	:	:	:	:	Weir, J.
	Каев,		:	130	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Cassels, J.
	Scorryholm,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	130	:	:	:	:	Anderson, W.
	Shortcleugh, North,		:	:	:	:	:	:	130	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gibson, T.
020	Stoneyburn,	255	:		:	-:	:	:	131	:	_ :	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	-:	:	Cranstoun, A.

		_			_							_						_	_												-
NAMES OF TREATER.		FISHER, J., HEIBS.	Brown, A.	Coltness Iron Co.	Mitchell, W.	Black, J.	Core, J.	Bell & Shirlaw.	Barr, S.	_	_	LIMBAY, J.	Gray, J.	Aitken, T.	Barr, J.	Dougall, A.	Tarvet, J.	Broomfield, A.	Haddow, R.	Barrie, J.	Ferrie, J.	BARR, T.	Smellie, W.	Fraser, R.	Letham, J.	Muir, W.	Paterson, W.	Liddell, J.	Macdonald, J.		Scott, W.
Wie ton.	49	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	126	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	121	:	:	:	:	120	:	130	:	:	:	:	:
Wal.	વર	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Petti	49	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
다 다 다 다 다	43	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	126	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Les- mahs- gow.	લ	:	:	:	125	:	:	:	122	:	:	:	:	:	120	120	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	115	:	:	:	:	115	_ :
다. 다.	લ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	124	120	:	:	:	120	:	:	:	:	120	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	118
Dun-	#	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	120	:	-:
Doug-	झ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :
혖첉혘	લ	:	:	:	:	118	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :
Craw- ford.	93	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- :
Coni- ter.	अ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :
Cort ton ings	વર	123	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :
Car- stairs.	લ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	122	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- :
Carn- wath.	લ	:	125	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	120	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	91	:	:	_ :
Car- mich- sel.	æ	:	:	:	:	:	122	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	120	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	120	:	:	:	_ :
Car- luke.	99	:	:	125	:	:	:	125	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	120	118	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :
Big. gar.	4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-:	:
Estate.		247	306	269	242	262	247	271	372	330	245	339	250	245	254	242	247	354	242	244	291	384	301	373	356	277	247	8	8	254	244
Valuation Boll—1868-9.			_				Newside,	_	_						Dykehead,	Eastertown, West,	Howgate & Redmyre,	Huntlyhill,	Longwell,	Shodsmill,	Waygateshawhead,	BRACKENHILL,	Carfin & Clydebank,	Galla, Little,	Gill,	Hardington Mains,	Harleyholm,	od, Mid,	Honeypath,	Kirkmuirhill,	Nemphlar, East,
4		1001	1052	1053	1054	1065	1056	1067	1068	1059	1000	1061	1062	1063	1064	1065	9901	1067	1068	1069	1070	1071	1072	1073	1074	1075	1076	1077	1078	1079	1080

Val	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Estate.	Big. gar.	Car.	Partie Partie	Oarm.	State Page	Coul.	Craw- ford.	Photo do do	Doug.	-dag	I i	Les- maha- gow.	ton:	Petti-	E SE	Wel-	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.	1	4	93	98	વર	48	ঞ	49	*	98	49	98	9	94	93	98	વ્ય	9	1
	BIGGAR COMMON,	278	114	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	PRENTICE, J.
1082	Bowhouse,	247	:	:	116	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Muir, W.
1083	Coulter Mill,	258	:	:	:	:	:	115	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Dick, J.
1084	Hangingshaw, Upper,	258	:	:	:	:	:	114	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Bertram, J.
1085	_	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	115	:	:	:	:	:	
1086	Millhill of Dykehead,	247	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	116	:	:	:	Ballantyne, W.
1087		292	:	:	:	115	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Carmichael, W.
1088		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, R.
1089	4	296	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110	:	:	Renton, W.
1090		251	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ξ	:	:	:	:	:	M'Ghee, W.
1001		266	;	:	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	:	NELLBON, T.
1092		261	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	:	Scott, J.
1093	_	262	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Bertram, R.
1094		247	:	:	:	:	106	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
1095		247	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ξ	:	:	:	Gibson, W., beirs of.
1096	Gladstanes, East,	276	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	Brown, Mrs.
1097	Hawksiand,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	:	Burton, T,
1098	Lairs,	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	:	Tudhope, J.
1099	Langhouse,	241		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	108	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, Esq., A.
1100		404	198	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Jackson, P.
1101	CROOKBOAT,	242	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	LAMB, J.
1102		802	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	105	:	:	:	:	: }	Pate, A.
1105		8		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2 07	Gibson, J.
1104		9 8	9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 6	:	:	:	:	፥	Gibson, T.
9311			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	103	:	:	:	:	፥	rest, n.
1106	-		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	105	:	:	:	: ;	:	Cadzow, W.
1107			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: }	:	:	:	105	:	Watson, J.
1108			:	:	:	:	:;	:	:	:	:	:	:	104	:	:	:	:	:	Barrie, A.
1109	Store Farm	_	:	:	:	:	9	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	;	Bell, J.
1110	Warrenhill, Nether,	747	ا	:	:	:	720	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:			:	:	Twaddle, J.

VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Big.	4 6	2 d . 1	64		7.1	<u> </u>	유부	H보4	DE.	Hal	- 8 - !	H24	MA	E#	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
	48	କ	억	વર	4	न - -	۳ ۹	म म	48	98	4	4	4	49	48	ભ	
AUCHENHEATH, Woods 251	:	:	:	:	<u>·</u> :	: - :	: - :	: -	:	:	:	<u> </u>	:	:	:	:	BANNATTER, J.
255	:	:	:	:	· :	: - :	: -	<u> </u>	: -	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	Black, J.
297	:	:	:	:	· ;	: - :	<u>:</u>	:	: -	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	105	:	:	:	:	Stobbs, W.
8	:	:	:	:	· :	: :	: -	:	: -	:	:	<u> </u>	: =	:	:	:	Donald, G.
276	:	:	:	:	:	: :	<u>:</u> 	: -	:	:	-	:	100	:	:	:	Aitken, J.
258	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	:	 98	: :	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, P.
257	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	<u> </u>	: <u>e</u>	: :	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Robb, J.
309	:	:	:	100	:	:	: 	: -	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
266	:	:	:	:	:	: - :	<u>:</u>	: - :	:	;	- : —	100	:	:	:	:	Pate, A.
242	:	:	105	:	· :	: - :	: - :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
562	:	:	:	:	· :	: -	<u>:</u> -	: -	=======================================	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	BERTRAM, R.
251	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	: :	: -	<u>:</u>	:	:	<u>:</u>	9 1	:	:	:	:	Torrence, Mrs.
299	:	100	:	:	· :	:	<u>:</u>	: :	:	<u>:</u>	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	Carruthers, T.
254	:	:	:	:	· :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	105	:	:	:	:	Torrence, W.
245	:	:	:		<u>:</u> :	: - :	:	: -	: —	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	100	Clarkson, J.
243	:	:	:	:	<u>.</u> :	: -	100	: -	:	:	_	:	:	:	:	:	Thomson, A.
419	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	: :	·	<u>:</u>	:	:	90		:	:	:	:	Donaldson, A.
384	:	:	:		<u>:</u> :	: -	:	: -	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, J.
242	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> -		:	:	:	90 	:	:	:	:	Templeton, D.
256	:	:	:	:	:	:	: -	90 <u>1 </u>	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	÷	Hislop, J.
261	:	:	:	:	94	: -	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	. ;	:	BARB, W.
405	:	:	:	96	<u>:</u> :	: :	: -	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	M'Morran, J.
273	:	:	:	92	: :	: - :	:	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Robb, J.
247	:	92	:	:	: :	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
277	:	:	:	:	:	:	: -	<u>:</u>	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	35	Reid, J.
247	:	:	:	:	:	96	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Purdie, A.
253	:	:	:	:		:			:	: 	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, Esq., A.
	:	:	:	:	98	:	: -	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Barrie, A.
Store Farm, West, 247	:	:	:		101	:	:	: -	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Bell, J.
246	:	85	:	-			:	: -	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	: 	: —	:	:	:	Cassells, J.

7	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Esteto.	Big. gar.	Car-	Car. mich.	Garn- wath. st	Gar. stairs.	the the the	Graw f	Craw- ford- john.	top to	Doug.	Lam. ing. ton.	Len.	Les- maha- gow.	Petti.	Sylling.	Wal-	ton.	NAMES OF TREATS.
			98	ભ	વર	98	98	व्य	વક	વર	48	98	ed.	अ	વર	e 8	98	વક	93	
1141		329	:	:	:	06	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	WATEON, J.
1142		243	:	8	:	. :		:		_ :	:	:	_ :	:		:		:	:	Forrest, W.
1143		247	:	. :	6	:	_ :	:	:	- :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, J.
1144	Castlehill,	269	:	16	• :	:	:	:		:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Jack, J.
1145	_	264	8	•	:	 :		_ :		:	-	:		:	-	:	:	:	:	Crossan, J.
1146		254	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Brownlie, M.
1147		266	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	 :		8	:	:	:	:	Wilson, G.
1148		290	8	•:	:	:	:	· :		:	:	 :	:			:	:		:	Hislop, J.
1149		242	:	:	:	:	- :	<u>:</u> :	 :	:	:	:	:	 :	8	:	:	:	:	Gall, J.
1150	Westcrofthill,	292	:	:	:	 6	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :	:	:	:	:	Elder, J.
1151	Съвовн,	280	:	:	:	:	<u>·</u> :		 :	:	:	 06	:	:	:	:		:	:	CUNNINGHAM, D.
1152	_	246	:	87	:	:	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	;	:	:	:				:	:	Davidson, A.
1153	_	264	8	:	:	:	<u>-</u> :	:		:	:	:		-:	:	:	:	:	:	Crossan, J.
1154	٠.	283	:	:	:	 :	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	91	<u>-</u>	Thorburn, J.
1155	Kypeswat	433	:	;	:	:	<u>·</u> :	:		:		 :	:	:	85	:	:		:	Meikle, W.
1156		418	:	:	:	85		:	:		:	:	:	:	• :	:	:	:	:	Wilson, W.
1157	Netherton	358	:	:	:	::	<u>:</u> :	:	:		 :		:	:		 :	:	:	:	Todd, J.
1158		241	:	:	:	:	· :	<u>:</u>	_ :	:	<u>:</u>	8	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	Macdongall, Mrs.
1159		244	:	86	:	:	<u>·</u> :	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	: :	 :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	Somerville, R.
1160		244	:	06	:	:	<u>·</u> :	<u>·</u>	:	:	:		:		::	:	:	:	:	Barrie, J.
1161		251	:	:	:	:	<u>.</u> :	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	- 62		:		:	BROWN, T.
1162		244	:	:	:	82	<u>·</u> :	<u>:</u> :		 :	:	:	:	:	• :		:		:	Struthers, J.
1163		273	:	::	:	82	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Ballantyne, T., beirs.
1164	Greenbank,	244	:	82	:		<u>:</u> :	<u>·</u> :	:	:	:	:	<u> </u>	:	::	_ :		:	:	Wilson, T.
1165	•	266	:	:	:	 :	:	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	 :	:	:	84	 :	:	_ :	<u>-</u> :	Cassie, J.
1166	Linnville,	270	:	:	:	:	· :	· :	:	:		:	_ :	 :		 :	:		:	Dalglish, A.
1167	Roothead,	320	:	:	 :	80	<u>:</u> :	<u>·</u> :	-	:	<u>:</u>	-	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
1168	Silvermains,	261	:	:	-	 68	:	<u>:</u> :	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	<u>:</u>	_ :		:		<u>:</u>	Boyd, W.
1169	Westmains,	285	:	:	:	- 98	<u>·</u> :	· :	;		_ :	:	· :	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	Smith, D.
1170	Whitecleugh & Abbey,	261	:	:	-:	82	· :	<u>:</u>	_	-	<u>:</u>	_ :	:	:	-	_ :	-:	:	:	Barr, W.

NAMES OF TREATS.		BANNATTHE, J.	Black, J.		Donald, G.	Aitken, J.	Watson, P.	Robb, J.	Hamilton, W.	Pate, A.		BERTRAM, R.		Carruthers, T.	•		Thomson, A.	Donaldson, A.	Hamilton, J.	Templeton, D.	Hislop, J.	BARB, W.	M'Morran, J.	Robb, J.			Purdie, A.	Paterson, Esq., A.	Barrie, A.	Bell, J.	Cassells, J.
ton.	क्ष	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	:
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Leg- maha- gow.	લ	<u>2</u>	:	105	8	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	20	:	105	:	:	:	100	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
급취	98	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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Graw- ford- john.	97	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	200	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Craw- ford.	વ્ય	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	86	:	:	:
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Car. stairs.	भ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	94	:	:	:	:	:	:	96	:	:
Cer Hath	ભ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	96	95	:	:	:	:	:	:	- :
Oar- mich-	et	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	105	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Oer. Inke.	애	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	92	:	:	:	:	:8	32
Big.	4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:	:	:	:
Estate.			255	297	000	276	258	257	309	266	242	262	251	599	254	245	248	419	384	242	256	261	405	273	247	277	247	253	245	247	246
Valuation Roll—1868-9.			_		Ellanbank	_	Hangingsk	_		92	_													Haywood, Upper,				Shortcleugh, South,	Stabilee,	Store Farm, West,	Undershieldhill,
7	- !		1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140

Estate.	—— -	# B	i	1		441	Cor- tairs.	Cord.	888	H22	Ă7	244	H.	H를 등	MA	90.23	Wal- ston.	E-3	Names of Tenants.
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243 90	8				:	· :	: : : :	: : 	: :	: : 	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	Forrest, W.
247	91	91	91		•	•	: -	<u>:</u>	-	:	<u>:</u> -	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, J.
ill, 269 91	91	91	:	<u>.</u>	•	:	: -	<u>:</u> -	-	:	:	-	: 	:	:	:	:	:	Jack, J.
Green, 264 90	08	: : :	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	•	<u>.</u>	: :	<u>:</u> -	-	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	Crossan, J.
:	:	:	: : :	:	•	<u>.</u>	: -	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	<u>:</u>	:	8	:	:	:	:	Brownlie, M.
500	::	:	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	:	<u>.</u>	: 	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	ි —	:	:	:	:	Wilson, G.
	: ::	:	-	-	:	<u>.</u>	: - :	<u>:</u> -	:	: -	: -	-	<u>:</u>	::	:	:	:	:	Histop, J.
242	:	:	::	::	::	٠	:	: -	:	: -	:	:	:	<u>3</u>	:	:	:	:	Gall, J.
	:	:	06	& :	2	•	:	<u>:</u> -	:	<u>:</u>	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Elder, J.
	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:::	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	: -	<u>6</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CUMMINGHAM, D.
246	87	87	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	:	:	<u>:</u> -	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Davidson, A.
Greenwood, 264 90		06	:	:	:		: -	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Crossan, J.
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	: :	:	:	5	:	Thorburn, J.
433	:	:			: !	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	82	:	:	:	:	Meikle, W.
	 : : :	:			2	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, W.
	:	:	:	:	. :	:	: -	:	:	:	::	: —	:	84	:	:	:	:	Todd, J.
241	::	:	:		:	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	8 -	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Macdongall, Mrs.
arter,	98	98	_	:	;	:	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Somerville, R.
38t,	06 ::	3		:	:	:	: -	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	::	:	:	:	:	Barrie, J.
TGZ	:	:			: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	BROWN, T.
	:	:	_	_	و	:	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Struthers, J.
Crookland, 273	:	:	 :	_	5	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:	Ballantyne, T., heirs.
ik	98	92	:	_	:	:	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	Wilson, T.
	:	:	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	84	:	:	:	:	Cassile, J.
	:	:	:	:	-	:	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Dalglish, A.
320	:	:			وي	:	: - :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
261	:	:	:		0	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	Boyd, W.
	:	:	:		စ္	:	: - :	:	:	_: 	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Smith, D.
Whitecleugh & Abbey, 261 85	261 85	92 82	85	82	0	_:	:	:	:	-	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Barr, W.

Valuation Boll—1868-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car. luke.	Bigh-i	G. S.	Oar-	Şijġ Ģ	Conj.	Craw.	Craw- ford.	Doug. I	N P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	in in in in in in in in in in in in in i	Les- maha- gow.	다 보다 다 보다	Petti- nain.	Syn. top.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TREAMES.
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		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	Hoder, J.
	. 261	:	:	:	:	99	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stewart, J.
		:	99	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Cassels, J.,
_	251	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	99	:	:	:	:	Lockhart, R.
	300	:	:	:	:	-	-	:	-:	:	-	:	:	92	:	:	:	:	Young, W.
$\overline{}$	_	:	:	:	:		-	:	:	:	:	:	:	65	:	:	:	:	French, T.
		:	8	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	_:	:	:	:	:	:	Marshall, T.
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	67	:	:	:	:	Harrison, W.
		:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
		:	:	:	:		-:	:	-:	:	:	:	:	29	:	:	:	:	Gilchrist, S.
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	99	:	:	:	:	COOPER, G.
		:	63	:	• :	 :	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Barr, W.
		:	:	:	62	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Forrest, J.
		:	:	:	:	-:		:	:	:	:	:	:	64	:	:	:	:	Fallow, T.
	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	64	:	:	:	:	Souter, J.
		:	:	53	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Muir, R.
_ '		:	:	:	_ :	:	:	జ	:	- :	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Sinclair, J.
	368	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	65	:	:	:	:	Greenshields, W.
		:	:	:	:	:	64	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lindsay, H.
		:	:	:	92	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, J.
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	89	:	:	:	:	BROWN, J.
		:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9	:	:	:	:	M'Kirdy, Esq., J. G.
		:	:	9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	Frentice, T.
		:	:	61	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Greenshields, J.
	•	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Dougall, A.
_		:	21	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hunter, R.
		:	:	:	62	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Aitken, D.
	332	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, R.
1259 Whinbush,	276	:	:	:	:	: 8	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	62	:	:	:	
_1	707	:	:	-	-	7.0	-	-	-	- :	- :	-	-	:	:	:	:	:	Miller, M.

VAL	VALUATION ВОІЛ-1868-9.	Estate.	Big- gar.	Car-	Car- mich-	Carn- Car- wath. stairs.		Coul- ter.	Oraw-	ford. p	Dol- phin- ton.	Doug. D	Dun-	Lam- ing- ton-	Lan-	Les- maha- gow.	Lib- ber- ton	Sym- ing- ton.	Wal- ston.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.		अ	9	વર	43	4	48	વ	3	क	भ	48	43	4	4	4	વ	લ	
1261	LADESHEAD,	421	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	-	:	:	:		:	:	:	09	:	:	:	DYKES, J.
1262	Langknowe,	249	:	:	-:	:	- :		:	:	:	:	:	09	:	:	:	:	:	Gibson, W.
1263	Mashockmill,	376	:	99	:	:		:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	Shirlaw, J.
1264	Mayfield,	266	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :			:	:	 :	:	:	:	9	:	:	:	Dickson, A.
	Millmuir,	242	:	:	90	:	_ :	-:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Frond, H.
	Moss-side,	243	:	9	:		<u>:</u> :	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	ă
	Muirlee,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :		:	:	:	:	09	:	:	Prentice, J., do.
	Walston Mill,		:	:	:	:	· :	-	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	 99	Turner, A.
	Wellhead,		:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	- :	:	:	:	 :	09	:	:	:	:	Wilson, P.
	Westerhouse, Hill of,	341	;	09	:	:	· :	-	:	:	:	 :	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, J.
1271	MIDHILL,	276	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	 09	:	:	WALKER, J.
1272	Midtown,	241	:	:	:	:	· :	;	:	:	:	- 09	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gall, A.
1273	Muirdykehead,	246	:	26	:	:	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, G.
1274	Nemphlar, West,	244	:	:	:	:	- :	:	:	:	:		:	:	22	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	Jack, J.
1275	Netherburn,		:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	_ :	 :	:	:	:	28	:	:	:	Todd, T.
	Oldtown,		:	:	:	09	· :		:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	Aitken, W.
1277	Rawhills,		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	;	:	_ :	:	:	09	 :	:	:	Weir, R.
1278	Syde,	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-09	:	:	:	Sandilands, W.
	Tofts, East,	241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 09	:	:	:	:	:		:	Pate, T.
	Woodlands,	265	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•:	:		:	:	:	28	:	:	:	٦,
	CROFTFOOT,	244	:	28	:	:	:	•	:	:	:		_ :	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	W., HE
	Huntfield,	330	:	:	:	:;	<u>.</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- 29	:	:	Smith, J. [or.
1283	Janefield,	328	:	:	:	25	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Core, W.
	Prett's Mill,		:	:	53	:	· :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	Clarkson, R.
	Redshaw,		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	:	 :	:	Millwain, Rev. J.
	Shaws,		:	:	26	:	· :	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	
	Tanhill,	421	:	26	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	Shields, W.
1288	Viewfield,	389	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	French, W.
	Whiteside,	00	:	:	:	:	:		_ :	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	54	:		:	₹.
1290	Woodside,	241	:	:	:	:	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	Swan, J., sen.

NAMES OF TRMANTS.		INCH. W.	Borr A	Jair, A.	Swan, J.	Dent, J.	Allan, R.	Stewart, J.	Somerville, T.	A⊞eck, W.	Aitken, Mrs.	Dykes, J.	WATSON, W.	Elder, J. & W.	É	Scott, Esq., T. R.	Crawford, W.	Wilson, W.	Bunten, T.	Ballantyne, T.	Galloway, W., heirs.	Barr, W.	ı	Scott, Esq., T. K.	Forrest, R.	Thomson, A.	Barr, R.	Smith, A.	Reid, J.	Ismilton, W.	Anderson, T.	Fairie, J.
Wis- ton.	98	_		<u> </u>	:	- ::	' ::	<u>s.</u> :	:	`	` ::	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u> :	<u>-</u> :	<u>-</u> :	:	<u>ں</u> ::	<u>-</u>	:	<u>-</u> :	<u>ر</u> :	-	:	: :	:	:	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		:	:	-
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Lab ton	93	_		:	:	:	_ :			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	-
Les- I maha- I gow.	98	22	75	3	:	54	22	 :	22	20	 :	09	:	22	54	:		_ :	26	:	:	:		:	:	_	20	:	:		: 5	00
Lan-	वस	-		:	:	:		:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	-
Lam- ing-	93	-	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	29	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	-
Dun- syre.	4	-	-	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:		-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	 :	- :	-
Dong- I	49	-	-	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	22	:	:	::	20	:	:	:	:		:	20	-
Dol- phin- ton	43	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Graw-	43	-		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	-
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Cov- ing- ton.	4	-		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:		 :	:	:	-
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Carn-wath.	43	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Car- mich- sel.	વર	-		: 0	õ	:	:	:	:	:	53	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	53	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Car. luke.	4		_	:	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	20	53	:	:	20	20	:	:
Big-	4	_	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Estate.		266			242	254	251	488	483	242	000	421	249	244				275	251	241	247	265	247	241	243	246	402	245	331	333	364	251
Vаглаттон Волл.—1859-9.	NAMES OF FARMS.	Ā										0 Woodlands,	1 ACREDIAND - Lam-	2 Birkenhead, [ington,									1 CARMICHAEL BANK,	2 Coalgill,	3 Gair,	4 Gill,	5 Halfmerkland,	5 Longhill,	Northfield,	Shawfield,	Springhill,	Woodside,
7		1291	1909	7001	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1820

		382
PROPRIETOR.	M'Krrdy, J. G. Hamilton, J. G. Paterson, R. Tond, J. White, J. White, J. White, W. Verr Horr, W. E. Pagan, J., M.D. Roes, Sir W. E. Jack, G. Lamb, J. Hamilton, W. Douglass, Miss Steel, T. Black, M. Hamilton, D. Stevart, A. Logan, Mrs A. Stevart, A. Logan, Mrs A. Stevart, A. Logan, Mrs A. Stevart, A. Stevart, A. Stevart, A. Stevart, A. Stevart, A. Stevart, A. Stevart, A. Stevart, W. Steva	MITCHELL, W. G Paul, J.
FARISH.	LESMARAGOW Carstairs Coulter Lesmahagow Carnwath Walston LESMARAGOW Carluke Carluke Carluke Carnwath Lesmahagow Carnwath Douglas do. Carnwath Douglas do. Carnwath Carluke Carnwath Douglas do. Carnwath Douglas do. Carnwath Douglas Carnwath Carnwath Douglas Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath	Brecar do.
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PROPRIETOR.	Brown, W. Brame, R., M.D. Meikle, Misses Soott, Mrs. Somerville, S., M.D. Robertson, G. Hamilton, Duke of Brown, J.T. Douglas, J. Moskle, R. Moskle, R. Moskle, R. Moskle, R. Moskle, R. Hanilton, G. Leighton, W., Iate Hastle, A. Robertson, G. Selkirk, J. Davidson, T. Welson, J. Wilson, J. W	Coltness Iron Co Frame, J.
Равівн.	Lesmahagow do. do. do. do. Carnwath Lesmahagow Lesmahagow do. do. do. do. do. do. do. Lesmahagow	do
Property.	Abbeygreen do. do. do. Ampherlaw. Auchengrey Auchengrey Auchengrey Auchren Auchryrand Bankend Go. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. d	Birkfield Birkhill

k k k k k k k k k k k k k k k k k k k	Donald, R. Anderson, S. Moyrerra, R. Dyce, J. N. Shotts Iron Co. Neelson, J. Thomson, Rev. V. Orr, E. M. Captain Kirkland, Sir J. Lockhart, A. E. Tennant, J. Gray, J. Someryille, W.	601				
K Carbark Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carluke Coulter	overson, S. Overstraf, R. Ce, J. N. otts Iron Co. omson, Rev. V. C. E. M. Captain rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. mnant, J. mnant, J. may, J. merville, W.		Crossford	моби	Henderson, J.	455
K Carluke Coulter Coulter Coultrer Co	rea, J. N. otts Iron Co. celson, J. celson, Rev. V. r, E. M. Captain rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. nnant, J. asy, J.	961	Cumbarbard North		Marshall T	900
Carluke do. Lanark Carluke Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carluke do. do. LESMAHAGOW Libberton do. Coulter Lesmahagow Lesmahagow Lesmahagow	otts Iron Co. elson, J. comson, Rev. V. r, E. M. Captain rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. mant, J. ay, J.	107		:	Rirrell Lieut. Col	302
do. Lanark Carluke Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Coulter Coulter Coulter Coultrer	omson, J. omson, Rev. V. r, E. M. Captain rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. mnant, J. ay, J. merville, W.	269		Biggar	Gladstone, J.	494
Lanark Carluke Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Coulter Coul	omson, Rev. V r, E. M. Captain rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. mnant, J. ay, J. meyille, W.	909	Darnfillan	Lesmahagow	Semple, T.	446
Carluke Carnwath Carnwath Carsalasow Carluke do. do. Insemanacow Libberton do. Towers Coulter	r, E. M. Captain rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. nnant, J. ay, J.	470	DOLPHINTON	DOLPHINTON	MACKENZIE, J. O	262
Carawath Carawath Caratars Carluke do LESMAHAGOW LISBARHAGOW Libberton do do TOWERS Coulter Lesmahagow ATNES OULITER	rkland, Sir J. ckhart, A. E. nnant, J. ay, J. merville, W.	376	DOUGLAS ESTATES	DOUGLAS, ETC.	HOME, COUNTESS OF	241
Carractes Lesmahagow Carluke do. do. LESMAHAGOW Douglas Libberton do. do. do. Cowers Coulter Lesmahagow Teres Coulter Lesmahagow	ckhart, A. E. mnant, J. ay, J. merville, W.	308	Drums	Carluke	Lightbody, J.	565
Lesmanagow Carluke do. do. LESMANAGOW Libberton do. do. COWERS. Coulter Lesmanagow TARES. COULTER	nnant, J. ay, J. merville, W.	245	EASTEND	CARMICHAEL	CARMICHARL, M. T.	248
Carluke do LESMAHAGOW LESMAHAGOW Douglas Libberton do do Coulter Lesmahagow INKES Coulter Lesmahagow	ay, J merville, W.	44/	Easterseat	Carluke	Hamilton, Mrs J	4/4
LESNAHAGOW Douglas Libberton do. OWERS Coulter LESTABAGOW TAKE COULTER	merville, w	4/5	:	g	Hamilton, J.	480
Lisberton Libberton do. do. Coulter Lesmahagow TANES COULTER	Total Management	A T C		Diggar.	Turnoull, M	000
TOWERS. Coulter Lesmahagow ATNES. Coultrer	tomon A	9 6	TA SM CHARLES	Commeth	Toom T	000
TOWERS Goulter ATRES COULTER	Section, A.	000	Track to fee	Diame	To	7 7 7
18. do. Coulter Lesmahagow Coultres	Wrightson T	070	Edding to the Throng to the Th	Diggar.	Received I.	9.64
Coulter Lesmahagow Coulter	Collyer W. D.	331	FILAMBANK	Lesmahaoow	Fermison, J.	358
Courtes	Handvaide. W.	316	FLLARSHAW	Crawford	Ewart, R. late	274
COULTER	Logan, R.	834	Fairholm (Kirkton)	Carluke	Hamilton, J	286
-	SIM, ADAM.	257	Falls	Carnwath	Ramsav, Mrs C.	336
- CO	BAILLEY, J. W	258	.do.	Walston	Rowatt, J., late.	308
Culterhall do White	White, J	379	FAULDHOUSE	Lesmahagow	Sытн, J	346
Craigenburn Carnwath Hagg	Haggart, J. C	314	Fallburn	Biggar	Bell, J	561
Craighead Carluke Cadzo	Cadzow, W	432	Gallagreen	Carluke	Fraser, R	522
Carnwath	Carmichael, T	492	Gallahill	Lanark	Marr, Rev. J. L., late	496
<u> </u>	Montague, Lady, late	242	Garngour	Lesmahagow	French, T.	415
CRAWFORD CRAWFORDJOHN Coleb	Colebrooke, Sir T. E.	255	Gill	 op	Hamilton, G	367
CROFTON-HILL Lanark Vassi	Vassie, J.	467	GILLFOOT	Carluke	GILCHRIST, J	812
CROSSBURN Douglas Howi	Howieson, Mrs Dr	443	Gillhouse	Carnwath	Elder, J.	381

PROPERTY.	PARISH.	PROPRIETOR.	No.	PROPERTY.	PARISH.	PROPRIETOR.	No.
Fills	Carluke Carnwath	Forrest, W. Newbigging, W	863 405	Howburn (Garvald foot)	Walston Libberton	Woddrop, W. H. A. Stark, J., M.D.	330
Gladdenbill	Carluke	Miller, J. Thomson, J. Cant	488 888 880	Huntlyhill	Lanark	Gillespie, W	354 821
Glentewan	do.	Dickson, W. J.	332	JERVISWOOD	LANABK	Baillie, G.	293
	Carstairs	Somerville, W.	359	Kerse	Lesmahagow	GREENSHIELDS J	292
	Carluke	Кова, J.	459	KERSEWELL	CARNWATH	BERTRAM, W	259
dreenfield	Carnwath	Somerville, T. Wyndham J. Jate	308 370	Kilcadzow Kilnhilla	Carluke	Forrest, J. Brown T.	612
F	Lesmahagow	Semple, A.	438	Kings, Inn	Carnwath	Carmichael, T.	391
3.9	do.	Semple, W	388	Kirkbank	Lesmahagow	Thomson, J.	338
	Carnwath	Carmichael, W	493	KIRKFIELD		Stein, J	298
HALLCBAIG	Carluke	Robertson, Misses	327	Kypeswaterhead	qo	Hamilton, Capt. N.	433
HARDINGTON	WISTON	MACQUEEN, R	277	Ladeshead		Dykes, A.	421
HARPERIELD	Lesmahagow	Gordon, Col. W	313	LAMINGTON	LAMINGTON, etc.	_	248
HARTREE († Peebles)	Coulter	DICKBON, D	272	Lammerlaw	Walston	Wyld, A	320
Hawksland	Lesmahagow	Burton, T.	543	Langlee	Biggar	Murray, Lord, late	335
HAZELBANK	-:- qo.	Waugh, Dr	539		Carnwath	Souter, D. R.	281
Heathland	Carnwath	Goldie, W	355	Leamside	qo	Murray, J. W	324
:	Lesmahagow	Tudhope, J.	460	LEE and CARNWATH	LANARK, etc	Lockhart, SirN, M.D	244
	Biggar	MUBRAY, J., late	319	Lee Law	Lesmahagow	Blackwood, T. J.	351
:	Lesmahagow	Burns, J.	283		qo.	Semple, W.	408
р	Biggar	Edmonstone, Capt.	362	:	Biggar	Brown, Mrs	811
	Wiston	Howieson, Dr, late	304	West	ф	Cuthbertson, M	392
	Carluke	Allan, A	411	Little Galla	Wiston	Haddow, A. C	373
Hinshelwood	Carnwath	Kidd, Professor	416	Logan	Lanark	Todd, J	878
	do.	Stewart, G.	569	do	Leamahagow	Todd, W	629
	Lanark	Howieson, LieutCol	403	Loganbank		Hamilton, W.	424
:	Crawfordjohn	Lorimer, G., late	435	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Biggar	Lorraine, W. S	276
HOPETOUN ESTATE	CRAWFORD	Hopetoun, Earl of	253	MANSEFIELD	Lanark	IBVING, W	468

VAI	Valuation Boll—1869-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car. luke.	Car- mich- ael.	Carm- wath.	Car- stairs.	Cov- ing- ton.	Conl.	Graw- ford.	Graw. John.	Dol- phin- ton.	Dun-	Lan-	Les- mahs- gow.	ton r	Petti-	Wal- ston.	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.		æ	4	4	વર	କ	#	48	48	48	98	98	4	વ્ય	43	લ	49	48	
	AUCHENHEATH, Woods		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 8 1	:	:	:	:	BANNATYRE, J.
1112	Balgray, Nether, [of,	255	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Black, J.
	Birkhill,	297	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	105	:	:	:	:	Stobbs, W.
1114	Ellanbank,	00	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:		:	:	:	:	Donald, G.
1115	Gladstane, West,	276	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	001	:	:	:	Aitken, J.
1116	Hangingshaw, Nether		:	:	:	:	:	:	86	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, P.
1117	Highfield	257	:	:	:	:	 :	:	901	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Robb, J.
1118	Moreshot,	300	:	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
1118	Skellyhill,	266	:	:	:	· :		:	:	:	:	:	;	- :	9	:		:	:	Pate, A.
1120	Woodlands,	242	:	:	105	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
1121	BANK,	262	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	- :	110	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	BERTRAM, R.
	Burnbrae,	251	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	001	:	:	:	<u>-</u>	Torrence, Mrs.
1123	Bushelhead,	299	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	 :	_ :	:	:	<u>-</u>	:	:	:	:	<u>-</u>	Carruthers, T.
1124	Killylees,	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	105	:	:	:		Torrence, W.
1125	Langhill,	245	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	Clarkson, J.
	Little Clyde,	243	:	:	:	:	:		:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Thomson, A.
	Nemphlar, West,	419	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	-	001	:	:	:		:	Donaldson, A.
	Tanhill,	384	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:		:	Hamilton, J.
	Threepwood,	242	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:	<u> </u>			:	:	Templeton, D.
	Whitecleugh, Nether,	526	:	:	:	:	_	:	:	:	001	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	:.	:	Hislop, J.
	COWFORD,	261	:	:	:	:	94	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	BARB, W.
1132	Girdwoodend,	405	:	:	:	96	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	M'Morran, J.
1133	Haywood, Upper,	273	:	: 8	;	98	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	.a.W.	747	:	3	:	:	· :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		Hamilton, W.
	Marchiands,[ton,	7.1.7	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	33	Keid, J.
	Mini-lands-Inanker-	247	:	:	:	:	_ ;	96	:	::	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Purdie, A.
		253	:	:	:	:			:	88	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	Paterson, Esq., A.
		745	:	:	:	:	98	_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	Barrie, A.
		247	:	:	:	:	<u></u> :	101	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	Bell, J.
1140	Undershieldhill,	246	:	 8	_ :	-	-	_ :	-:	<u>:</u>	:	_ :	 :	- :	:	-	-	-	-	Caessells, J.

Α.	VALUATION BOLL-1858-9.	Estate.	Big.	Osr. Juke	Car.	Carn- wath.	Car. stairs.	Con the control of th	Craw- ford.	Craw- ford- john.	설립 대 교	Doug.	1 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Lan-	Les- maha- gow.	Petti.	Syn ton ton	Wal- ston.	ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
			c43	¥	44	48	48	e#	98	48	93	વર	କ	98	48	98	48	98	92	1
1141	_ `	329	:	:	:	06	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	WATEON, J.
1142		243	:	8	:	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Forrest, W.
1143		247	:	. :	16	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Paterson, J.
1144	Castlehill,	269	:	16	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	;	:	:	:	:	:	Jack, J.
1145	_	264	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 :	-:	:	:	:	:	-	:	Crossan, J.
1146	Lochanbank,	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Brownlie, M.
1147	Muirburn,	266	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Wilson, G.
1148	Strawlaw,	290	8	•:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hislop, J.
1149	Tower,	242	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Gall, J.
1150	•	292	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	.:	:	:	:	:	Elder, J.
1151	CLEUGH,	280	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CUNNINGHAM, D.
1152	Crawfordwell,	246	:	87	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Davidson, A.
1153	_		8	• :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Crossan, J.
1164			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>5</u>	:	Thorburn, J.
1155			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	82	:	:	:	:	Meikle, W.
1156	• •		:	:	:	85	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, W.
1167		358	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	• :	:	:	:	:	87	:	:	:	:	Todd, J.
1158		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	06	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Macdongall, Mrs.
1159			:	98	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Somerville, R.
1160			:	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	Barrie, J.
1161			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	82	:	:	:	:	BROWN, T.
1162		244	:	:	:	82	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	Struthers, J.
1163		273	:	:	:	82	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ballantyne, T., heirs.
1164	Greenbank,	244	:	82	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Wilson, T.
1165		266	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	84	:	 :	:	:	Cassie, J.
1166		270	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	84	:	:	:	:	Dalglish, A.
1167	Roothead,	320	:	:	:	82	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, W.
1168	Silvermains,	261	:	:	:	- 68	:	:	:	:		:	 :	:	:		:	:	:	Boyd, W.
1169	Westmains,	282	:	:	:	98	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:		:	:	- <u>-</u>	Smith, D.
1170	Whitecleugh & Abbey,	261	:	:	:	82		 :	 :	 :	 :	_ :	- :	 :	 :	:	 :	-	:	Barr, W.

VAL	VALUATION BOLL-1868-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car- luke.	Car- mich-	Carn- wath. si	Car. stairs.	Cov. ting.	Coul-	Oraw- ford- john.	Dol. Dhin: D	Dong. I	Dun- 1 syre.	Lan- n	Les- maha- gow.	Lib- ton r	Petti-	Syn fing- ton-	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TEMANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.		98	ભ	48	क्ष	क	4	વર	49	48	48	c43	48	48	48	48	48	भ	
1171		320	:	:	:	82	:	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	BALLANTINE, G.
1172	Bottom, North,	280	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Willison, J.
1173	Coulter Park, North,	258	:	:	:	:	:	:	82	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Bertram, A.
1174	East-tofts,	241	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	- 09	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Pate, T.
1175	Hillend,	362	101	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	Blakely, G.
1176	Nemphlar, West,	244	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	င္ဆ	:	:	:	:	:	Jack, W. C.
1177	Sidewood, East,	292	:	:	:	92	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Todd, J.
1178	Sheilds,	242	:	;	82	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Brown, J.
1179	Sheafyknowes,	261	:	:	::	:	 88	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Robb, T. & J.
1180	Townhead, Ponfeigh,	247	:	:	82	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Weir & Adamson.
1181	BIRKS	265	:	81	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	HAMILTON, W.
1182	Boghall,	362	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	Brown, J.
1183	Cormiston House,	331	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 &	:	:	:	Williamson, A.
1184		273	;	:	:	81	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_ :	:	Nimmo, T.
1185		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- 08	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	M'Quat, W.
1186	Spadgill,	324	:	:	:	 E	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Aitken, A.
1187	Strathbogie,	264	<u>~</u>	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Gibson, J.
1188	Townfoot	247	: :	:	81	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Affleck, M., heirs of.
1189	Townhead	264		*	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	Tweedie, J.
300	Warrenhill, Upper,	247	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	Bryce, A.
1191	•	254	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	21	:	:	:	:	COOPER, J.
7,70		200	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 6	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	Thomson, H.
1107		241	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>e</u>	:	:	: 0	:	:	:	:	IMAY, J.
1104		100	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	: 6	:	_ :	:	:	0	:	:	:	:	Transfer, 5.
CATT		600	: }	:	:	:	:	:	:	200	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Waveon, It.
9817		3 5	3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	Brown, J.
7611		24/	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	æ	:	:	Gibson, J.
1198	Scrogton,	241	:	:	:	: 5	:	:	:	:	:	 8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Greenshields, J.
6611	Stobwood & Hillhead,	200	:	:	:	9	 :	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Prentice, J.
1200	Westmill,	797	:	:	:				:	-	2		-			:	:	:	:	Core, D.

APPENDIX.

Ateta	-otate E	9,	- inde	Cern.	9 H	Cov. fing.	d- Graw.	oraw-	Phi	Dong.	Dun-	Les	48	Petti	Syn	Wis-	NAMES OF TENANTS.
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:	:	•	:	:	- :	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	GILLIES, M.
244 79	20	٠	:	· :	: :	: -	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
251	<u>:</u> :	•	-:	_	- :	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, R.
275	: :	•	<u>-</u>		: :	: - :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:)	:	:	:	:	Scott, J.
263	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	Watt, A.
:	_	:	_	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	88	:	:	:	:	Murray, J.
246 56		:		<u>:</u>	<u>:</u> :	: - :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:;	:	:	:	:	Bain, G.
997	:	:	_	:	: :	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	92	:	:	:	: 5	Scott, T.
575	_	:		<u>·</u> :	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	: 2	:	:	:	2	Chem I
6/8	<u> </u>	:		<u>.</u> :	: :	<u>:</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	0 8	:	:	:	:	Hones W
:	:	:		· :	: :	: - :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	፥	200	:	:	:	:	Col T
007	:	:		· :	<u>:</u> :	: - :	:	:;	:	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	Cook, J.
927	_	:}		· :	<u>:</u> ;	<u>:</u> -	:	75	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Anderson, J.
:	e, ::	9		<u>:</u> :	: - :	:	:	:	:	:	:	: #	:	:	:	:	Christ W.
247	:	:		<u>:</u> :	: - :	<u>:</u> -	:	:	:	:	:	3 %	:	:	:	:	Soott W.
:	_	:		: 2	: : :	: - :	<u>. </u>	:	:	:	:	3	:	:	:	:	Prentice .T
: 2	_	:		2		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	Rameav, A., Renr's.
242 70	02	2		· · ·	: : 	: : -	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	:	:	: :	: :	Weir, J.
245	:	:		:	: :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2	Wilson, J.
288	:	:		<u>:</u> :	: :	:	_: 	:	:	:	:	67	:	:	:	:	CARRUTHERS, B.
316 316	:	:		· :	: :	69 	:	:	:	:	:	: ;	:	:	:	:	Brown, J.
688	:	:		· :	: :	: - :	:	:	:	:	:	Ċ.	:	:	:	:	
262	:	:		<u>:</u> :	: :	: -	:	:	2	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	Mackenzie, G.
241	:	:		<u>:</u> :	: · :	: -	:	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lawson, G.
248	:	:		· :	<u>۾</u> :	:- 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, D.
242	:	:		:	: :	: -		2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Forsyth, R.
		:		· :	:	: -	2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hamilton, J.
290 70	:	:		:	: 02	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Noble, W.
		:	- 1	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	-	-	-	:	۱.

VALUATION ROLL.—1858-9.	Estate	Big.	Car- luke.	Bel.	Carn- wath. st	Car- stairs.	Şäğ Şäğ	Coul-	ford.	Craw- ford- John D	Doug- las.	ton ton	Lan-	Les Row.	SKE SKE	Petti-	S in the second	Wis- ton.	NAMES OF TENANTS.
_	<u> </u>	વ્ય	92	98	98	9	93	વ	9	98	9	4	49	49	9	વર	વ	भ	
ARTHURSHIEL, part of,	244	:	:	:	:	::	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	69	:	:	:	Honer, J.
Browninggs,	761	:	. :	:	:	99	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Stewart, J.
Catoraig,	276	:	65	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Cassels, J.,
Clannochdyke,	251	:	:	:	:	_ :		:	:	• :	:	:	:	99	:	:	:	:	Lockbart, R.
Cleughbar,	300	:	:		:		-	:	:	;	:	:	:	65	:	:	:	:	Young, W.
Garngour, North,	415	:	:	:	:	_ :		:	:	:	:	:	:	65	:	:	:	:	French, T.
Hareshaw, etc.,	286	:	9	:		- :			:	:	:	:	_:	:	:	:	:	:	Marshall, T.
Hill	300	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	67	:	:	:	:	Harrison, W.
Hinshelwood,	416	:	:	:	22	:	- <u>·</u>	:	 :	.:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Shaw, W.
Newhouse,	298	:	:	-:	:				:	:	:	:	:	29	:	:	:	:	Gilchrist, S.
AUCHENBEG,	267	:	:	:	:	· :	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	99	:	:	:	:	COOPER, G.
Bogside,[ton,	243	:	63	:	:	· :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Barr, W.
Brownshot & Langar-	427	:	:	:	62	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Forrest, J.
Brackenridge, South,	254	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	-:	:	:	:	64	:	:	:	:	Fallow, T.
Hillhouse,	242	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	64	:	:	:	:	Souter, J.
	247	:	:	23	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Muir, R.
:	257	:	:	:		<u>:</u> :	<u>-</u> :	 89	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Sinclair, J.
:	368	:	:	:	:			 :	:	:	:	:	:	92	:	:	:	:	Greenshields, W.
Wellbrae,	244	:	:	:	:	<u>-</u> :	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Lindsay, H.
:	244	:	:	:	65	- :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	ı:	:	:	:	:	Brown, J.
BIRTHWOOD,	410	:	:	:	:	<u>·</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	63	:	:	:	:	1
Birkwood,	588	:	:	::	:	<u>.</u> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	M'Kirdy, Esq., J. G.
Burnhouse,	242	:	:	09	:		<u>.</u> ;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Prentice, T.
Devonhill,	247	:	:	61	:	- :	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Greenshields, J.
Eastertown, East,	242	_ :	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	Dougall, A.
Hungerhill & Chapel,	340	:	22		:		- :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Hunter, R.
Leamside,	324	:	:	:	62	:	- :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Aitken, D.
Lettershaws,	332	:	:		:				:	8	:	:	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	Watson, R.
:	276	:	:	:	:		<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	62	:	:	:	Frame, A.
ZOU WINGYBREIGE,	707	-	:	-:	:	62	<u>.</u> :	_ ;	_ :	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:		Miller M

VAI	Valuation Boll—1858-9.	Estate.	Big.	Car.	Ogr. mich- sel.	Carn- Car- wath stairs.		Coul- Or ter. fo	Graw- for ford.	ford- pl	Dol- Phin- ton.	Doug- D	Dun- syre. to	Lam- ing- ton.	Lan. maha. ark. gow.	F. Der.	Symp ton ton	m-Wal- g. ston.	d. NAMES OF TENANTS.
	NAMES OF FARMS.		93	4	48	49	લા	44	9	अ	3	42	33	9	3	48	4	43	
1261	LADESHEAD,	421	:	:	:	:	· :	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u>	- :	<u>.</u> :	-	: :	· :	ق :	:	<u>:</u>	: 	. DYKES, J.
1262		249	:	:	:	:	<u>·</u> :	· :	<u>:</u>	_ :	· :	<u>.</u>	9	. 09	<u>:</u> :	: -	-	: 	Gibson, W.
1263	Mashockmill,	376	:	8	:		<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u> :	· :	:	· :		:	· :	:	: -	:	<u>:</u> -	Shirlaw, J.
1264	Mayfield,	266	:	:	:	:	· :	<u>:</u>	:	:	<u>·</u> :	:	- - ;	· :	<u>ق</u> :	:	:	: -	_
1265	Millmuir,	242	:	:	9		· :	:	<u>.</u> :	:	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u>	:	:	: :	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	: -	. Froud, H.
1266	Moss-side,	243	:	9	:		· :	· :	:		· :	· :	· ·	<u>:</u>	: :	:	:	:	. Leggat, J., heirs of
1267	Muirlee,	276	:	:	:	:	· :	· ;	:	<u>:</u>	- <u>-</u> :	· :	· ·	· :	:	<u>.</u>	: -	:	
	Walston Mill,	244	:	:	:	:	· :	· ;	:	_ :	· :	<u>·</u> :	: - ;	· :	<u>:</u> :	:	:	∞ −	-
1269		245	:	:	:	:	- :	<u>.</u>	:	:	· :	:	:		: 30	:	-	:	. Wilson, P.
	Westerhouse, Hill of,	341	;	9	:	:	<u>:</u> :	<u>·</u> :	· :	:	:	· :	:	· :	: :	:		: :	. Hamilton, J.
1271	MIDHILL,	276	:	:	:	:	:	· :	:	:		:	:	:	: :	- 60	: -	:	. WALKER, J.
1272	Midtown,	241	:	:	:	 :	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u> :	· :	- :	<u>.</u> :	8	:	· :	: :	_: _:	-	:	Gall, A.
1273	Muirdykehead,	246	:	26	:		· :	· :	<u>:</u>	:	· :		<u>:</u> ;	· :	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	. Brown, G.
1274	Nemphlar, West,	244	:	:	:	:	- :	· ;	:	:	<u>.</u> :	<u>.</u> :	: - :	: :	:	: -	:	:	. Jack, J.
1275	Netherburn,	409	:	:	:	:	· :	<u>·</u> ;	:	- :	<u>·</u> :	- :	: - ;	:	58	:	:	<u>:</u> -	. Todd, T.
1276	Oldtown,	420	:	:	:	09	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u>	:	:	· :	<u>:</u>	: :	:	: -	<u>:</u>	:	: 	. Aitken, W.
1277	Rawhills,	242	:	:	:		· :	· :	:	- :	· •	- :	: - ;	:	<u>ق</u> :	: -	:	<u>:</u>	
1278	Syde,	242	:	:	:		· :	· :	:	_ :	<u>:</u> :	:	- - ;	:	<u>ق</u> :	:	-	:	. Sandilands, W.
1279	Tofts, East,	241	:	:	:	:	<u>.</u> :	· :	:	:	<u>-</u>	09	: :	· :	:	:	<u>:</u>	: 	. Pate, T.
1280	Woodlands,	265	:	: :	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	- <u>-</u> :	•:	<u>·</u> :	<u>·</u>	:	· :	- 28 	:	<u>:</u>	:	. M'Morran, J.
1281	CROFIFOOT,	244	:	23	:	:	<u>:</u> :	·	·	<u> </u>	· :	:	: - :	· :	: :	:	_	: :	W., HE
1282	Huntfield,	330	:	:	:		· :	<u>:</u> :	· :	:	· :	<u> </u>	:		: - :	. 57	:	:	Smith, J. [OF.
1283	Janefield,	378	:	:	:;	29	· :	· :	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u> :	<u>.</u> :	:	<u>:</u> :	: - :	: -	:	:	Core, W.
	Prett's Mill,	242	:	:	53	:	· :	· :	· :	· :	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u> :	: :	<u>·</u> :	:	:	-	:	Clarkson, R.
1285	Redshaw,	242	:	:	: ;	:	· :	<u>:</u> :	· :	· :	· :	<u>:</u>	: :	<u>:</u> :	55	:	-	:	. Millwain, Rev. J.
1286	Shaws	247	:	:	99	:	· :	<u>:</u>	· :	:	· :	· :	· :	<u>.</u>	:	: -	<u>:</u>	:	Smith, J.
1287	Tanhill,	421	;	99	:	:	· :	· :	· :	:	<u>:</u> :	<u> </u>	: - ;	· :	:	: -	:	:	Shields, W.
1288	Viewfield,	388	:	:	:	22	:	<u>:</u> :	<u>.</u> :	:	<u>:</u> :	· :	: :	· :	:	:	:	:	French, W.
	Whiteside,	00	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u> :	<u>.</u> :	:	:	· ::	<u>:</u> :	· :	54	:	:	:	. Mackie, A.
1290	Woodside,	241	:	:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	: :	-	-	-	. Swan, J., sen.

NAMES OF TRAANTS.		INCH. W.	, ,	Darr, A.	Swan, J.	Dent, J.	Allan, R.	Stewart, J.	Somerville, T.	Affleck, W.	Aitken, Mrs.	Dykes, J.		Elder, J. & W.	Wilkie, Mrs.	Scott, Esq., T. R.	Crawford, W.	Wilson, W.	Bunten, T.	Ballantyne, T.	Galloway, W., heirs.	Barr, W.	Paterson, J.	Scott, Esq., T. R.	Forrest, R.	Thomson, A.	Barr, R.	Smith, A.	Reid, J.	Hamilton, W.		Fairie, J.
Wis- ton.	4		:	፥	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
S in S in S in S in S in S in S in S in	49	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
音覧	9		:	፥	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Les- maha- gow.	97	55	, 4	3	:	54	22	:	22	20	:	9	:	22	54	:	:	:	26	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	: ;	20
Lan	49	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	:
Lam. ton.	94	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	23	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Dun- syre.	49	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Doug-	4		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	-
Dol- phin- ton.	9		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	55	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Craw- ford.	9		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	\exists
Coul-	4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Cov. ton.	વર	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Carnath Caramath.	4	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	• :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Carn- wath.	4	į	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-
Car. mich-	48	:		: ;	28	:	:	:	:	:	53	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	53	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-:
Car- luke.	49		:	:	:	:	:	55	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20	:	:	20	53	:	:	20	20	:	\exists
Big-	G.			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Estate.		266	2 2 2	407	242	254	251	488	483	242	000	421	249	244	242	241	303	275	251	241	247	265	247	241	243	246	402	245	331	333	364	251
VALUATION ROLL-1858-9.	NAMES OF FARMS.	A				Brackenridge, East,		Gladdenhill			Northflatcrofts,	Woodlands,		Birkenhead, [ington,			Croftanrigh,							Coalgill,	Gair,	Gill,	Halfmerkland,	Longhill,	Northfield,	Shawfield		Woodside,
4		1591	000	7671	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320

PROPERTY.	Равлян	PROPRIETOR.	No.	Рворенту.	Parish.	Рворвивтов.	No.
Abbeygreen	Lesmahagow	Brown, W.	442	BIRKWOOD	LESKAHAGOW	M'Kirdx, J. G	265
go.	9 6	Frame, K., M.D Meikle, Misses	675	Бітпіепіц Віктн жо ор	Coulter	Paterson, R.	325
op	do.	Scott, Mrs	537	do.	Lesmahagow	Todd, J.	410
Ampherlaw	Carnwath	Somerville, S., M.D.	329	Blackcastle	Carnwath	White, J.	339
Auchengrey	do.	Robertson, G	820	op	Walston		448
Auchenheath	Lesmahagow	Hamilton, Duke of	251	BLACKWOOD	LESMAHAGOW	VERE HOPE, W. E.	254
Auchmedan	LESMAHAGOW	Douglas, J.	413	BONINGTON	Lanark	Ross. Sir W. E.	250
Auchren	do.	Meikle, R.	397	Boreland		Jack, G.	636
AUCHTYFARDLE	do.	Mossman, H	289	do	Lesmahagow	Lamb, J	426
Auldton	do.	Hamilton, G	356	Brackenhill	:	Hamilton, W	384
Bankend	-:- qo	Leighton, W., late	818	BRADS	Carnwath	Douglass, Miss	273
Bankhead	qo.	Hastie, A., late	317	Brae	Lesmahagow	Steel, T.	208
Bankhouses	do.	M'Gowran, W	266	Braehead	Carnwath	Brown, Miss C	672
BARONALD	Lanark	Robertson, G	345	-do	Douglas	Black, M	692
Beanshields	Carluke	Selkirk, J	489	do	do	Hamilton, D	726
Bellfield	Lesmahagow	Davidson, T.	393	Bratdwood	Carluke	Stevenson, N	299
do	Crawford	Menzies, J	437		op	Shaw, J	228
do	Lanark	Scort, J	445	Brooklands	Lanark	FIELD, J	583
фор	Lesmahagow	Wilson, J.	400	Brownlie	Carluke	Harvie, W.	833
Belstane, etc	Carluke, etc	Douglas, A. Lord, late	243	ор		Stewart, A.	347
Bere Holm	Lesmahagow	Brown, Rev. A	451	Browshot	ath	Logan, Mrs A	427
do. Mill	 qo.	Reid, A.	819	- qo	:	Simpson, J.	439
BIGGAR PARK	Biggar	Gillespie, A	784	Burghlands	Biggar	Craig, W. C	412
do	do	Gillespie, Mrs	394	Burnbank	Carluke	Orr, Captain	639
BIGGAR SHIELS	do	Stainton, E., late	290	Burnfoot	Carnwath	Hamilton, T	454
Birkenhead	Lesmahagow	Thomson, J	000	do	Lesmahagow		292
Birkfield		Coltness Iron Co	268	CAERWOOD	BIGGAR	MITCHELL, W. G	278
Birkhill	Lanark	Frame, J.	203	CAMBUS WALLAGE	ф	Paul, J	382
	_	1	=				-

PROPERTY.	Parise.	PROPRIETOR.	No.	PROPERTY.	Равтин.	PROPRIETOR.	No.
Capehall	Lesmahagow	Donald, R.	601 301	Crossford do.	моби	Henderson, J.	455 385
CARSTAIRS	CARSTAIRS	Monreite, R.	261	Cumberhead, North	:	Marshall, J.	297
CASTLEBANK	Lanark	Dyce, J. N	401	South	:	Birrell, LieutCol.	305
CASTLEHILL	Carluke	Shotta Iron Co	569		Biggar	Gladstone, J	494
do.	do.	Neelson, J.	270	Darnfillan	Lesmahagow	Semple, T.	9446
Catoraiga	Carluke	Orr. E. M. Captain	376	DOUGLAS ESTATES	DOUGLAS, ETC.	HOME, COUNTESS OF	241
CLABIT	Carnwath	Kirkland, Sir J	306	Drums.	Carluke	Lightbody, J.	299
CLEGHORN	CARSTAIRS	Lockhart, A. E	245	EASTEND	CARMIGHAEL	CARMICHARL, M. T.	248
Clydegrove	Lesmahagow	Tennant, J.	447	Easterseat	Carluke	Hamilton, Mrs J	474
Coldstream	Carluke	Gray, J	475	do.	go	Hamilton, J.	486
do.	qo.	Somerville, W	619	Eastfield	Biggar	Turnbull, M	920
CORREGOUSE	LESMARAGOW	CRANSTOUN, MISS	763	Eastquarter	Carluke	Walker, J., tate	82.5
CORMACOUP	Douglas	Paterson, A	280	LDS	Carnwath	LOGAN, J	377
Cormiston	Libberton	Somerville, R.	828		Biggar	Forrest, J.	414
Correspond		Wrightson, I.	906		T 2000	DROWN, L.	# 07 C
CORMISTON-LOWERS	Conlter	Handweide W	818	ELLANBANK	Crewford	Fwart B late	274
Corramora	Lesmahaoow	Loosn B.	334	Fairholm (Kirkton)	Carluke	Hamilton, J	286
COULTER-MAYNES.	COULTER	SIM. ADAM.	257	Falls	Carnwath	Ramsav, Mrs C.	336
CULTER-ALLERS	do.	BAILLEY, J. W.	258	.op.	Walston	Rowatt, J., late	308
Culterhall	do	White, J	379	El	Lesmahagow	Sмітн, J	346
Craigenburn	Carnwath	Haggart, J. C	814		Biggar	Bell, J	261
Craighead	Carluke	Cadzow, W	432	ue	Carluke	Fraser, R	27
Craigiehouse	Carnwath	Carmichael, T	492		Lanark	Marr, Rev. J. L., late	496
Craignethan, etc	Lesmahagow	Montague, Lady, late	242	Garngour	Lesmahagow	French, T.	415
CRAWFORD	CRAWFORDJOHN	Colebrooke, Sir T. E.	255	Gill	 o p	Hamilton, G	857
CROFTON-HILL	Lanark	Vassie, J.	467	GILLFOOT	Carluke	GILOHRIST, J	812
CROSSBURN	Douglas	Howieson, Mrs Dr	448	Gillhouse	Carnwath	Elder, J	88

Рворявту.	Parish.	Рвориктов.	No.	PROPERTY.	Parish.	PROPRIETOR.	No.
Gills	Carluke	Forrest, W.	363	Howburn (Garvald foot)	Walston	Woddrop, W. H. A.	283
Gladdenhill	Carluke	Miller, J.	488	Huntlyhill	Lanark	Gillespie, W.	354
Glendowran	Crawfordjohn	Thomson, J., Capt.	389	Hyndford	_ do	Howieson, A	321
Glentewan	 op .	Dickson, W. J.	332	JERVISWOOD	LANARK	Baillie, G.	293
Gowannil	Carstairs Carluke	Somerville, W. Ross. J.	459	KERSEWELL	Lesmanagow Савиwатн	BERTRAM. W.	259
Greenfield	Carnwath	Somerville, T.	308	Kilcadzow	Carluke	Forrest, J.	512
do	do	Wyndham, J., late	370	Kilnbills	Lesmahagow	Brown, T	471
Greenhill	Lesmahagow	Semple, A	438	Kings, Inn	Carnwath		391
Greenridge	qo.	Semple, W	888	Kirkbank	Lesmahagow		888
Greenshields	Carnwath	Carmichael, W.	493	KIRKFIELD	 op -	Stein, J.	298
H ALLCKAIG	Wremow	MACOURAGE B	1720	Ledesheed	do	Dakes A	400
HARPERIELD	Lesmahagow	Gordon, Col. W.	813	LAMINGTON	LAMINGTON, etc.		249
HARTREE († Peebles)	Coulter	DICKSON, D	272	Lammerlaw		Wyld, A	350
Hawksland	Lesmahagow	Burton, T.	543	Langlee	Biggar	Murray, Lord, late	335
HAZELBANK		Waugh, Dr	539	LAWHEAD	:	Souter, D. R.	281
Heathland	Carnwath	Goldie, W	355	Learnside	qo.	Murray, J. W.	324
Heathlands	Lesmahagow	Tudhope, J.	460	LEE and CARNWATH	LANARK, etc	Lockhart, Sirn.M.D	244
Highernas	Liegnahanow	MUBRAY, J., tate	819	Lee Law.	Lesmanagow	Semple W	408
Hill-end	Biggar	Edmonstone, Capt.	362	Lindsaylands	Biggar		811
do	Wiston	Howieson, Dr., late	304	do. West	do	Cuthbertson, M	392
Hillhead	Carluke	Allan, A	411	Little Galla	Wiston	Haddow, A. C	373
Hinshelwood	Carnwath	Kidd, Professor	416	Logan	Lanark	Todd, J.	378
do.	do.	Stewart, G.	699		Lesmanagow	Todd, W	8/0
Holmhead	Crawfordiohn	Lowieson, LieutCol	403	Loganbank	Giorge	Leminon, W.	424 976
HOPETOUN ESTATE	CRAWFORD	Hopetoun. Earl of	253	MANSEFIELD	Lanark	IRVING. W.	468
			i				:

	PROPRIETOR.	No.		PARISH.	PROPRIETOR.	
Hozier, J		287	PATHHEAD HOUSE	Lesmahagow	Wharrie, J.	429
Hamilton, J	-	515	Peasehill	Lanark	Shand, W. A.	211
Lean, J	:	366	Ponfeigh	Lesmahagow	Symington, W	650
Ludhope, J.	-	480	Polmonkshead	Douglas	Douglas, J. C	361
Liddell, P	:	406	Pool.	Carnwath	Tennant, J.	292
Watson, W.	:	668	Priorhill	Lesmahagow	Dickson, J. R.	372
жы, н	,	483	Enddoch Brae	do.	STEEL, W	500
LOCKHAFT, L., Barr Messrs		240 371	Rowantreehill	Carnwath	Whyte A C	380
M'Ghie, T.	*	456	Scorryholm	Lesmahagow	HAMILTON, T.	383
3uchanan, R. C	2. C	284	SHIELDHILL	LIBBERTON	CHANCELLOR, J. G.	260
STODART, H.	-	478	Skellyhill	Lesmahagow	STREE, J.	368
Reid, J	:	387	SMYLUM PARK	Lanark	Carmichael, Miss	352
ockhart,	-	396	Snar	Crawfordjohn	JOHNSTONE, P. & J.	
ockhart, W.		386	SPITTAL	Biggar	Murray, W., late	305
Vilson, J. L	اد	419	Springbank	wonghamse.		305
Symington,	M	409	C. Committee of the	Tesmentes un annear	Hamilton, A	305 344 395
Brocket, A., late	late		Springnera	Carluke	Hamilton, A	305 344 395 326
Newbigging,		140	Springheid	Carluke	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late	305 344 395 326 364
LOCKHART, M.	J	358	Springheid Springhlili Stane	Carluke Douglas	Hamilton, Á. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M'Laggan, D., M.D.	305 344 395 326 364 404
JACKSON, MBS.	: :	308 303 303	Springheld Springhill Stane Stanmore	Carluke Dougras Biggar Lanark	Hamilton, Á. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M'Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, R.	305 344 395 326 364 404 375
Logan, Miss	: : :	358 365 365	Springheid Springhill Stane Stanwore	Carluke Douglas Biggar Lanark do.	Hamilton, Á. Pearson, A. Gillespie, B., late M.Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W.	305 344 395 326 364 404 476
logan, Rev. J		303 303 307	Springhedd Springhill Stane Stanwore do.	Carluke Douglas Biggar Lanark do, Covington	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M.Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Waven, John	305 344 395 326 364 404 476 375 349
ROSSART, W.		355 365 342	Springued Springued Stannore Grannore do. Sr John's Kirk.	Carluke Douglas Biggar Lanark do Covington LESMAHAGOW.	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late. M'Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. WAUGH, JOHN ALSTON, J. W.	305 344 395 395 396 404 476 349 349
bving, G. V.		365 303 303 342 453	Springingia Springingia Stansone do. Sr John's Kirk. Srockranges	Carluka Douglas Biggar Lanark do, Cavington LEBMAHAGOW.	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M'Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, Y. Alstrox, J. W. Gilchrist, R.	305 344 334 326 364 404 476 476 476 476 452
Shaw, W.		354 358 365 367 342 258	Springited Springited Stane Stane Go. Sylon's Kirk Stockell Stockell Stoneries	Carluka Dougras Biggar Lanark do, Covington Cavington Carluke LESMAHAGOW	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M.Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. WAUGH, JOHN ALSTON, J. W. Glichist, R. MONTETTH, DOUGLAS	305 344 395 326 326 404 404 476 349 267 267 279
Grierson, J.		3541 358 365 365 342 453 556	Springited Stain Stain Stannore do. St John's Kirk Stockbridge Stockwell Stockwell Stockwell	Carluke Douglas Biggar Lanark do Govington LESMAHAGOW Carluke LESMAHAGOW do.	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M'Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. WAUGH, JOHN ALSTON, J. W. Gilchrist, R. MONTETH, DOGLAS M'Ghie, R.	305 344 395 326 326 404 476 476 452 452 343
Wilson, W		354 303 303 307 342 342 374 374	Springing Springing Springing Stanson Stanson Stanson Stanson Stanson Sprokening Sprokening Stockwell Stranson Stanson	Carluke Douglas Biggar Lanark do Covington LESMAHAGOW Carluke LESMAHAGOW do. Crawfordjohn	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M'Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. WAUGH, JOHN ALSTON, J. W. Gilchrist, R. MONTERTH, DOUGLAS M'Ghie, R.	305 344 395 395 364 404 476 349 349 267 267 349 349 390
Brown, J		256 303 303 307 307 453 453 453 453 450 450	Springing Springing Springing State	Carluke Douglas Biggar Lanark Lanark Covington LESMAHAGOW Carluke LESMAHAGOW Crawfordjohn Lanark	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M'Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. ALSTON, J. W. Gilchrist, R. MONTERTH, DOUGLAS M'Ghie, R. Williamson, W.	305 344 395 395 395 404 404 476 476 475 267 267 279 390 375
Stewart. B.		251 352 365 342 342 342 559 559 574	Springulad Springulad Stane Stannone do. By John's Kirk Stockwell Stockwell Stoneryres Stonehill Strancieden Gunningulad Strancieden do.	Carluka Douglas Biggar. Lanark Lanark Covington LESMAHAGOW. Carluke LESMAHAGOW. Carluke LESMAHAGOW. Carluke LESMAHAGOW. Carluke Lasmahagow. Garluke Garluke	Hamilton, A. Pearson, A. Gillespie, R., late M.Laggan, D., M.D. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, W. Lithgow, John ALISTON, J. W. Gilchrist, R. MONTEITH, DOUGLAS M'Ghie, R. Williamson, W. Lieishman, —	305 344 395 395 395 404 404 404 405 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 37

п				F BOTHLEIUB.	Равіне.	FROPERTY.	MO.
	Carluke	Allan, J., late	431	Allan, A.	Carluke	Hillhead	441
	Lesmanagow	Hamilton, -, late	402	Allan, J. tate	qo.	Tanhill	431
:	 qo	Steel, D.	377	ALETON, J. W.	LESMAHAGOW	Stockbriggs	767
a	Carnwath	Mitchell, G., Rev.	436	Anderson, S	Lanark	Carfin	301
Tintoside Syr	Symington	Waugh, S	220	ANSTRUTHER, SirW.C.	CARMICHAEL, etc	Westraw, etc	247
Tort-combs Big	Biggar	Gibson, T.	285	BAILLEY, G	Lanark	JEBVISWOOD	293
Townhead Do	Douglas	Rae, J	617	BAILLEY, J. W	COULTER	CULTER-ALLERS	258
TROLOSS Cra	Orawford	WILSON, Brothers	310	Barr, Messrs	Lesmahagow	Most	371
Tupenhill Car	Carluke	LORD BELHAVEN	441	BELHAVEN, Lord	Carluke	Tupenhill	441
Turf-foot	do	Wilson, Miss J	340	Bell, A	do	Westerhouse	341
	Lesmahagow	Inglis, J.	288	Bell, J.	Biggar	Fullburn	561
	do.	Donald, W.	521	BERTRAM, W.	CARNWATH	Kersewell	259
МУН	CARLUKE	STEEL, S., late	291	Birrell, LieutCol	Lesmahagow	Cumberhead, South	305
Wellbank Wa	Walston	Lawson, A	714	BUCCLEUGH, Duke of	Crawfordjohn	Whitecleugh, Upper	252
	Carstairs	MATHER, J., late	323	Buchanan, R. C.	Carstairs	Mossplat	284
-	Carluke	Bril, A	341	Burns, G.	Lesmahagow	High Cross	582
-	Carnwath	Somerville, W.	418	Burton, T.	do.	Hawksland	543
	CARMICHAEL, etc	Anstruther, SirW.C.	247	BLACKWOOD, J. T		LEE LAW	351
po	Carnwath	Wilson, J.	282	Brocket, A.	-:- qo	Netherfauld	541
:	Pettinain	SMITH, H., late	337	Brown, A., Rev	-:- qo	Bereholm	451
Westyard-houses Car	Carnwath	Elder, J	642	Ввоми, Ј. Т		AUCHLOCHAN	266
:	do.	Somerville, J	649	Ввоми, Ј	Carluke	Овснавр	271
gh, Upper (Crawfordjohn	Buccleugh, Duke of	252	Brown, L.	BIGGAR	EDMONSTONE	264
epi	Lesmahagow	Sinclair, J., late	490	Brown, Miss C	Carnwath	Braehead	572
do	do	Thomson, M	440	Brown, Mrs	Biggar	Lindsaylands	311
Whiteside-hill	.:-	Tudhope, J	210	Brown, T.	Lesmahagow	Kilnhills	471
	Carluke	Leggatt, J.	516	Brown, W.	Do. 0	Abbeygreen	442
:	Carnwath	Dixon, W	464	Brown, W.	Carluke	Springfield	326
Wyndales Syr	Symington	Somerville, W	360	Cadzow, J.	Lesmahagow	Burnfoot	562
	Carnwath	Dymock, T.	703	Cadzow, W	Carluke	Craighead	432

PROPRIETOR.	Parish.	PROPERTY.	No.	PROPRIETOR.	PARISH.	Рворвату.	No.
Carmichael, Miss	Lanark Carnwath	Smylum Park King's Inn	352 391	Elder, J. Ewart, R., late	Carnwath	Westyardhouses Nunrerie	642
CARMICHARL, M. T	CARMICHAEL	EASTEND	248	FERGUSON, J.	Lesmahagow	ELLANBANK	353
Carmichael, T.	Carnwath	Craigie House	492	FIELD, J.	Lanark	BROOKLANDS	583
Carmichael, W.	do	Greenshields	493	Forrest, A.	Carluke	Yeildshields	422
COGERANE, A. B.	LAMINGTON	LAMINGTON	249	Forrest, J.	Carluke	Kilcadzow	512
COLEBBOOKE, Sir T. E.	CRAWFORD	CRAWFORDJOHN	255	Forrest, W.	do	Gills	863
COLLYER, W. D	Libberton	CORMISTON-TOWERS.	331	Frame, J.	Lanark	Birkhill	503
Coltness Iron Co	Lesmahagow	Birkfield	268	Frame, R., M.D.	Lesmahagow	Abbeygreen	423
	Biggar	Burghlands	412	Fraser, K.	Carluke	Gallagreen	255
CRANSTOUNE, Miss E.	LEBMAHAGOW		263	French, T.	Lesmahagow	Garngour	415
CUTHBERTSON, M	Biggar	Lindsaylands, West	282	Gall, H.	: go	Midtown	483
Davidson, T.	Lesmanagow	Bellifield (Darklar)	9 62	GIBSON, T.	Biggar, etc	Toffcombs	282
Diokeon, D.	Symmeton	Hartree (Feebles)	7 6	Gucarist, r.	Carluke	Stock well	704
Dickson, S. D.	Creambangow	Clentowen	7/0	CILCHBIST, S	Times.	RIGGAR DARK	210
Dixon W	Carnwath	Wilsontown	464	late	Carnwath	Cleugh	275
Donald, W.	Lesmahagow	Waterside	521	:	Biggar	BIGGAR PARK	394
Donald, R		Capehall	601	, late	Douglas	SPRINGHILL	864
DOUGLAS, Lord, late	Crawford, etc	Harecleugh, etc	243	Gillespie, W	Lanark	Huntlyhill	354
Douglas, J. C	Douglas	Polmonkshead	361	Gladstone, G	Biggar	Dalerig	494
Douglas, Miss	Carnwath	Haywood	273	Goldie, W.	Carnwath	Heathland	355
DOUGLAS, MENTEITH	ГЕВИАНАВОЖ	STONEBYBER	279	Gordon, Col. W	Lesmahagow	Harperfield	313
Douglas, J	 og .	Auchmedan	413	Gray, J	Carluke	Coldstream	475
DYON, J. N.	Lanark	CASTLEBANK	401	GREENSHIELDS, J	Lesmahagow	Kerse	292
Dykes, A.	Lesmahagow	Ladeshead	421	GRIERSON, J	Libberton	OGGS CASTLE	374
Dymock, T.	Carnwath	Y ardhouses	202	Lirossart, W	Carstairs	Newmains	403
Edmonstone, Capt	Diggar	Hillend	202	Haddow, A. C.	Wiston	Little Galla	373
Elder, J	Carnwath	Gillhouse	188	Haggart, J. C	Carnwath	Craigenburn	814

APPENDIX.

Dayontemon	0	Decreesing	2	Document	Description	Dayman	3
- POTERTOR	* ********			A BUTBLETUES	4 4 4 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	r Borneri.	5
HAWITMAN Duke of	Trewandan	Angemeeth	951	Ireing W	Lenark	MANAWATEL	488
Hamilton Cant.		_	433	Tack (4	Carluke	Boreland	888
Hamilton, D.	Douglas	Brachead	725	JACKSON, Mrs	Lesmahagow	NEWICK	365
HAMILTON. G.	Lesmahagow	Auldton	856	JOHNSTON. P. and J.	Crawfordiohn	Snar	308
		Birniehill	316	Kidd, Professor	Carnwath	Hinshelwood	418
Hamilton, A.	:	Springbank	395	Kirkland, Sir J.	do.	Clarty	808
Hamilton, G.	:	Gin	357	LAMB, J.	Lesmahagow	BORELAND	426
Hamilton, J.	Carluke	(Fairholm) Kirkton	286	Lang, T.		CROSSFORD	382
Hamilton, J.	do	Mavisbank	219	Lawson, A	Walston	Wellbank	714
Hamilton, J., late	Lesmahagow	Tanhill	402	Lean, J	Carluke	Middlehouse	366
Hamilton, Mrs J	Carluke	Easterseat	474	Leggat, J.	do	Wishaw	516
Haurilton, J	do.	do	486	Leighton, W., late	Lesmahagow	Bankend	318
Hamilton, T.	Lesmahagow	Scorryholm	888	Leishman, J.	Lanark	SUNNYSIDE	275
Hamilton, T.	Carnwath	Burnfoot	454	Liddell, P.	Carnwath	Mid-Hinshelwood	406
Hamilton, W.	Carluke	Brackenhill	384	Lightbody, J.	Carluke	Drums	565
Hamilton, W.	Lesmahagow	Loganbank	424	LITEGOW, R.	Lanark	Stanmore	875
Handyside, W.	Coulter	CORNEILL	816	Lithgow, W.	do	do.	476
Harvie, W.	Carluke	Brownlie	333	LOCKHART, A. E.	Carstairs	CLEGHORN	245
Hastie, A., late	Lesmahagow	Bankhead	817	LOCKHART, L., D.D.	CARLUKE	Milton-Lockhart	246
Henderson, J.	do.	Crossford	455	LOCKHART, Sir N.M'D.	Lanark	LEE and CARNWATH	244
HOME, Countess of	DOUGLAS, etc.	DOUGLAS CASTLE	241	Lockhart, W.	do.	Nemphlar	386
HOPETOUN, Earl of	Crawford	LEADHILLS	253	Lockhart, W.	qo	do.	896
Howiegon, A.	Lanark	Hyndford	321	LOCKHART, M.	Dolphinton	NEWHOLM	344
Howieson, Dr, late	Wiston	Hillend	804	Logan, Miss	Carnwath	New Mains	307
Howieson, LieutCol.	Lanark		403	Logan, J	qo	Eastshields	822
Howieson, Mrs	Douglas	_	443	Logan, Mrs A.		Browshot	427
Hozier, J.	Carluke		287	Logan, R.	Lesmanagow	Corramore	334
Hunter, H., late	Crawfordjohn	Craighead	8	Lorimer, J.	Crawfordjohn	Holmhead	435
Inglia, J.		Verehills	888	LOBRAINE, W. S	Biggar	LOANINGDALE	276
IRVING, GRORGE VERE	Crawford	Newton	907	M GHIE, K	Lesmanagow	STONEHILL	848
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Рворипатов.	Parsu.	PROPERTY.	No.	Proprietor.	Parise.	PROPERTY.	No.
M'GHIE, T.	Lesmahagow	MOATTETT	456	PATERSON, R. PART. J.	Coulter	BIRTHWOOD	325
M'KENZIE, J. O.	DOLPHINTON	DOLPHINTON	262	Rae, J.	Douglas.	Townhead	617
M'KIRDY, JOHN G	LESMAHAGOW	BIRKWOOD	265	Ramsay, Mrs C	Carnwath	FALLA	336
M'Laggan, D., M.D.	Biggar	Stane	404	Reid, A.	Lesmahagow	Bereholm-mill	618
M'Pherson, N.	Symington	Symington Lodge	296	Reid, J.	Carluke	Nellfield	387
M'QUEEN, R.	WISTON	Hardington	277	Robertson, G.	Carnwath	Auchengray	320
Marr, Kev. J. L., take Marshall J.	Lanark Lesmahacow	Cumberhead. South	496	Robertson, G. Robertson, Misses	Carluke	BARONALD	327
MATHER, J., late	Carstairs	• :	323	Ross, SIB W. C.	LANABK	BONNINGTON	250
Meikle, R	Douglas	Bogside	202	Ross, J	Carluke	GOWANSIDE	459
Meikle, Misses	Lesmahagow	Abbeygreen	675	Rowatt, J., late	Walston	Falla	308
Meikle, R.		Auchren	397	Scort, J.	Lanark	BELLFIELD	446
MENZIES, J.	Crawford	BELLFIELD	437	Scott, Mrs	Lesmahagow	Abbeygreen	537
Miller, J.	Carluke	Gladdenhill	488	Selkirk, J.	Carluke	BEANSHIELDS	489
Mitchell, Rev. G.	Carnwath	Throughburn	436	Semple, A	Lesmahagow	Greenhill	438
MITCHELL, W. G	BIGGAR	CAERWOOD	278	Semple, T.	: op.	DARNFILLAN	446
MONTAGUE, Lady	Lesmahagow	Craignethan	242	Semple, W.		Greenridge	888
MONTEITH, R.	CARSTAIRS	CARSTAIRS	261	Semple, W.	do	Letham	4 08
MOSSMAN, H.	Lesmahagow	AUCHTIFARDLE	588	Shand, W. A.	Lanark	Peasehill	27.2
MURRAY, J.	Biggar	HEAVISIDE	818	Shaw, J	Carluke	Braidwood	9/9
Murray, Lord, tare	00°	Langue	333	Shotte Teen Co	Contracting ow	Cheminate	200
Minney W Zate	Rieger	Spring t	470	Str. A DAY	Continue	Contago Marga	9 6 7
Neilson J.	Carluke	Castlehill	508	Simpson. J.	Carnwath	Browshot	439
Newbigging, J.	Carnwath	Girdwoodend	405	Sinclair, J., late	Lesmahagow	Whiteside	490
Newbigging, W.	Lesmahagow	Netherton	358	SMITH, H., late	Pettinain	WEST-TOWN	837
Orr, Capt	:	Catcraig	376	Sитн, J	Lesmahagow	FAULDHOUSE	846
Pagan, J., M.D.	₩объ	Boghill	398	Somerville, J.	Carnwath	Westyardhouses	649
PATERSON, A	Douglas	CORMACOUP	780	Somerville, T	т	GREENFIELD	 20 20 20

PROPRIETOR.	Parse.	PROPERTY.	No.	Proprietor.	Parise.	PROPERTY.	No.
SOKERVILLE, S., M.D. Somerville W.	Carnwath	AMPHERLAW Wyndales	828	Todd, J.	Lesmahagow	Logan Birthwood	579
Somerville, W.	Carnwath	Westmoreshot	418	Tudhope, J.	do.	Heathlands	460
Somerville, W.	Carstairs	Gowanhill	359	Tudhope, J.	- op	Midgarngour	480
Somerville, R	Libberton	CORMISTON	328	Tudhope, S		Whitesidehill	210
Souter, D. R.	Carnwath	LAWERAD	281	Turnbull, M	Biggar	Eastfield	220
Stainton, J., late	Biggar. Libberton	HINGGARSHIRLS	0 0	VASSIE, J	Lanark	CROFTONHILL	954
Steel D	Lesmahagow	TEATES	877	WALKER & Co.	Lanark	NEW LANARK	270
STEEL, J.	do.	SKELLTHILL	868	Walker, J., late	Carluke	Eastquarter	429
STREEL, S	Carluke	WAYGATESHAW	291	Watson, W.	Biggar	Midtoftcombs	399
Steel, T.	Lesmahagow	Вгае	208	МА∪ВН, Л	COVINGTON	St John's Kirk	349
Steel, W	 Go	Riddoch Brae	209	Waugh, Dr	Lesmahagow	HAZELBANK	239
STEIN, J.	do	KIRKFIELD	298	Waugh, S.	Symington	Tintoside	200
Stevenson, N	Carluke	Вватриоор	299	Wharrie, J.	Lesmahagow	PATHHEAD	4 29
STEWART, A	do.	Brownlie	847	White, A. C.	Carnwath	Rowantreehill	880
Stewart, B	Lanark	ORCHARDVILLE	888	Whyte, W	 9.	Blackcastle	833
Stewart, G	Carnwath	Hinshelwood	300	Whyte, J.	Coulter	Coultermill	879
Stewart, L	do.	Brownrig	900	Whyte, W	Walston	Black castle	449
STODABT, H	Lanark	MOUSEBANK	8/8	WILSON, Bros.	Crawford	TROLOSS	310
Symington, W.	Lesmanagow	Donfeigh	# C	Wilson, J.	Lesmanagow	Belifield Worth	004
Tennent, J.	Carnwath	Poor	292	Wilson, R.	Walston	Howeste.	000
Tennent, J.	Lesmahagow	Clydegrove	447	Wilson, W.	Carnwath	Oldtown	420
Thomson, J.	do.	BIRKENHEAD	300	Woddsop, W. H. A	WALSTON	Howburn	283
Thomson, J.	Crawfordjohn	Glendowran	389	Wrightson, F.	Libberton	Cormistone	369
Thomson, J	Lesmahagow	Kirkbank	338	Wyld, A	Walston	Lammerlaw	320
:ٰٰٰٰٰ		Whiteside	440	Wyndham, J., late	Carnwath	Greenfield	370
Thomson, V., Kev	do.	Castleyett	470	WILLIAMSON, W. B	Crawfordjohn	Strancleugh	200
Todd, W	Lanark	LOGAN	010	x oung, J	Lesmanagow	roseniu	200

Farm, &c.	Parish.	TENANT.	No.	Farm, &c.	Parise.	Tenant.	No.
Abington, Nether	Crawfordjohn	Tweedie, Messrs	811	Barnhills	модет	Affleck, D. & W	833
Acred-land	do. Teminaton	Unch, K	1861	Balletane	Carluka	Formost W	1001
Affleck	: :	Carruthers, B.	1221	do.		Gibson, J. & R.	983
Akinlophead	:	Neilson, T.	1001		Lesmahagow	Dykes, A.	862
Ampherlaw	:	Watson, J.	1141	Biggar Common	Biggar	Prentice, J.	1081
Andershaw	Douglas	Willison, J.	991	do. Mains	op	Brown, W.	196
Annieston	Symington	Craig, Mrs	801	do. Shiels	do	King, W	80 0
Authorhiold	-	Spaw, T.	200	Directed on	Crawiorajonn	Talland C. Tar	100
do.	T O	Hodge, J.	1231	Dirkenness	Tesmanagow	Maikle J	1001
do.	do.	Smith. J.	1118	Birkhill	ę	Stobbs, W.	1113
Auchenbeg	:	Cooper, G.	1241	Birks	i	Hamilton, W	1181
do	:	Inch, W.	1291	Birkwood	.∵ wo‰	M'Kirdy, J. G	1252
Auchenglen	:	Meikle, R.	971	do. Mains		Tudhope, G.	972
		Shirlaw, G	885	Birniehill	Carstairs	Ввоwи, Л	791
Auchengray, Mid	:	Ballantyne, G	1171	Birthwood	Lesmahagow	Brown, J	1203
eath	Lesmahagow	Baxter, W	921	tle	Carnwath	Lindsay, J.	1061
do. Woods		Bannatyne, J	1111	Blackhill	Crawford john	French, T.	803
Auchrobert	:	Вгоwв, J	831		Lesmahagow	Stodart, J., late	196
Auchintorroch	:	Scott, J.	1092	Blackwoodside	 	Barr, A.	1292
Auchtool	:	Duncan, J	1041	Blackwoodyards	 op ,	M.Gowran, W.	888
Auchtygemmel	og,	Carruthers, J.	911	do.	:: 9	M.Gowran, T.	1042
do. Nether	:	Weit, F.	222	Blair Distant	: 0	Wilkie, Mrs	1803
		Watson A	170	Diagraphic	Campichael	Swan I	1908
Baitlaws, etc.		DENHOLM, ALEX.	761	Boat-Thankerton	Covincton	Tarvet, J.	1094
Balgray, Nether	Crawford	Black, J.	1112		Lanark	Jack, Messrs	781
Bank	Dolphinton	Bertram, R.	1093		Biggar	Ввойи, J.	761
Bankhead	Carnwath	Jack, T	812	do.	Libberton	Brown, J	1142
	_		_		_		

Farm, &c.	Parise.	TENANT.	No.	Farm, &c.	Parise.	TENANT.	No.
Boghall Redinles	Carnwath	Somerville, J.	1011	Burnfoot Rumbeed	Libberton	Ritchie, D.	1902
Boghead	Crawford	Anderson, J.	1213	do. and Park	Carnwath	French, W	771
Boghill and Righead	Lesmahagow	Tudhope, J		Burnhouse	Carmichael	Prentice, T.	1253
Boghouse	Crawfordjohn	French, J.		do	Wiston	Plenderleith, R	823
Bogside	Carluke	Barr, W.		Bushelhead	Carluke	Carruthers, T.	1128
do.	op _	Stewart, A		Byretown	Lesmahagow	DYKES, R.	162
do.	Lesmahagow	Brown, T.	1161	Caerwood	Biggar	Coubrough, A	106
Boreland	Lesmahaoow	M'Ghea. H. T.	1022	Callendean	do.	Fleming, A. Hamilton, W.	763
do.	Libberton	Ritchie, J.	1190	Campshead	Crawford	Grieve, M.	818
do.	Walston	Hamilton, M. & T	782	Cander-water	Lesmahagow	Hamilton, R	1203
Bottom, North	Douglas	WILLISON, J.	1172	Candy-bank		Brown, J	862
Bowhouse	Carmichael	Muir, W.	1082	Candy-mill	Carluke	Smith, J.	1043
п.	Carluke	Barr, T	1071	Carfin and Clydebank	:	Smellie, W	1072
ge, E	Lesmahagow	Dent, J	1294	Carluke		Cassells, A	1013
ø.	- op	Fallow, T	1244	Page 1	Carmichael	Paterson, J	1247
•	 qo	Gillies, M.	1201	do, Mill	- op	Paterson, J	1143
	Symington	Aitken, J.	941		:	French, J.	821
	Douglas	Greenshields, A	871			Anderson, J	903
nd Rigside	op	Swan, J.	973	do. Mill	:	Sытн, Н.	808
Brownbank	Biggar	Smellie, H	881	Castlehill	Carluke	Jack, J	1144
Brownhill	Carnwath	Cuthbertson, J.	892	do.	:	Robb, J.	1025
ф.	qo	Weir, R.	1023	Castlemains		Scott, T. R.	1805
Brownridge	Carluke	Black, D	1012			Tweedie, D	764
Brownriggs	Carstairs	Stewart, J.	1232	Cateraig		Cassella, J	1283
do	Pettinain	Greenshields, J	1024	Charleston	Lanark	Gray, J.	1062
Browshot&Longgarton	Carnwath	Forrest, J.	1243	Chesterhall	Wiston	Stoddart, W	841
Buchtknowe	go.	Toda, A.	200	Clarkston	Lesmanagow	Frentice, J	818
Burnbrae	Dolphinton	Bertram, K	1122	Clecklands	•op	Cooper, J	1191

	PARISH.	TENANT.	No.	FARM, &c.	PARISH.	Твилит.	No.
Cleghorn do. Mill Clengch Cleughbar Cleughbar Cleughbar Cleughmill Coshun Coalgill Coblehaugh Cocklaw	Lanark do. do. Lesmahagow Carnwath Douglas Lesmahagow Carnwath Pettinain Pettinain Pettinain Lesmahagow Carstairs Lanark Walston Carstairs Lanington Lanark Carstairs do. Libberton do. Lesmahagow do. Coulter Coulter Coulte	Callan, A. Cassels, A. Lockhart, A. Nimmo, T. Cumningham, D. Young, W. Struthers, J. Paterson, Mrs J. Scott, T. R. Muirhead, J. Ritchie, G. Scott, A. Aitken, T. Elder, J. Fleming, J. Williamson, A. Williamson, J. Clegborn, T. Brownie, A. Brownie, A. Dick, J. Dick, J. Dick, J. Eldan, R. Brownie, A. Williamson, J. Clegborn, T. Lindan, R. Brownie, A. Brownie, A. Hann, J. Dick, J. Dick, J. Lindsy, A. Lindsy, A. Lindsy, A. Lindsy, A.	834 864 11234 11235 11052 11062 11063 852 11151 984 977 704 772 984 985 986 986 988 988 11178 988 11088 11088 11178 988 11178 988 11178 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 9	Crawfordjohn do. Mill Crawfordwell Graighedd do. Mill Craighethan Crimp-cramp Croftfoot Croftfoot Crookloat Crawfordjohn do. do. Carluke Crawfordjohn Leamahagow do. Crawford Dolphinton Crawford Carmichael Grawford Carmichael do. Leamahagow do. Leamahagow do. Carmichael Leamahagow Douglas Carmichael Leamahagow do. Carmichael Leamahagow Douglas Carmichael Leamahagow Douglas Leamahagow Donayre Leamahagow Donayre Donayre Donayre Donayre Carmichael Leamahagow	WATEON, E. Gallowsy, J. Davidson, A. Hunter, H. late. Thomson, H. Smith, J. PATERSON, R. Crawford, W. Black, W. Lamb, J. Hunter, R., late. Ballantyne, — Core, A. Sandilands, G. Sandilands, W. M. Kinlay, J. Greenshied, J. Nellson, D. Russell, A. Pate, T. Pate, A. Eate, T. Pate, A. Eate, A. Este, B. E	823 953 1152 1109 1109 1109 1109 1109 11101 1101 11	

djohn French, E. 904 Garrellwood gwow Dougall, A. 1255 Gateside Gladistone, A. 964 Gill n Lintos, J. 1026 Gillbank on Gibson, J. 1103 Gillbank h M'Culloch, G. 1835 Gill weedelugh Mains ch Gibson, J. 1103 Gillbank ch Fodd, J. Jate 1174 d Brown, T. 784 do. scow Allan, A. 1174 Gladeshill b Gibson, S. 1104 Glanospie d Gibson, S. 1104 Glenochar d Greenshields, D. 795 Glenochar d Anderson, T. 24c Glenochar d Anderson, T. 4c 854 d Gillespie, T. 6d Glenochar d Anderson, T. 4c 6d d Milson, W. 4c 6d	Fabr, &c.	Parise.	TENANT.	No.	Far, &c.	Parion.	TRNANT.	No.
East Lesmabagow Dougall, A. 1255 Gateside West Goulter Gladstone, A. 964 Gill Pettinain Lindsay, W. 845 Go. Symington Lindsay, W. 1026 Gillbank Wiston J. Inton, J. 1026 Gillbank Garnwath M. Oulloch, G. 1032 Gillbank Festhills Dunsyre Brown, Ir., J. 103 Garnwath Brown, T. 104 Gladdenhill Coulter Brown, T. 784 do. West Carnwath A. 1174 Gladenhill Gladenhill Glandstonhill Carnwath A. 1174 Gladenhill Gladenhill Glandstonhill Mest Carnwath Wilson, J. 1174 Gladenhill Glandstonhill Glandstonhill Glandstonhill Internationhill Glandstonhill Internationhill Internationhill Internationhill Internationhill Internationhill Internationhill Internationhill Internat	Ė	:	French, E	904	Garrellwood	Lesmahagow	Stoddart, T.	986
Coulter Coulter Coulter Coulter Coulter Coulter Lindsay, W. 845 do.	,,,	:	Dougall, A	1255	Gateside	Coulter	Brown, J.	1222
Pettinain Lindsay, W. 845 do. Symington Linton, J. 1026 Gillbank Wiston Gibson, J. 1026 Gillbank Carnwath Brown, Ir. J. 1032 Gillchouse and Stobwood Carnwath Brown, Ir. J. 1004 Gillchouse and Stobwood Carnwath Bertram A. 1174 Gillchouse and Stobwood Losmahagow Allan, A. 1174 Gillchouse and Stobwood Losmahagow Milson, J. 1046 Gillchouse Losmahagow Greenshields, D. 1114 Gillchouse Losmahagow Garstairs Losmahagow Wilson, J. 1027 Gillchouse Losmahagow Rae, W.&A 1306 Goathouseknowes Losmahagow Rae, W. &A 1306 Goathouseknowes Losmahagow Fraser, R. 1938 Greenburn Losmahagow Losmahagow 1938 Greenburn Losmahagow 1938 Greenburn 1938 Greenburn Losmahagow 1938 Green	~	:	Cladatone, A	954	Gill.	Leamshamore	Tatham T	1074
Symington Linton, J. 1026 Gillbank Garnwath Gibson, J. 1103 Gillbonk Garnwath Brown, Jr. 1032 Gillbouse and Stobwood desthills Dunsyre Brown, Jr. 1004 Gildendenhill doulter Bertram, A. 174 Gladdenhill Gildendenhill doulter Brown, T. 784 Glod Online West Losmahagow Wilson, J. 1174 Gladdenhill Gladdenhill Lesmahagow Wilson, S. 1104 Glendowran Glendowran Libberton Groenshields, D. 796 Glendowran Glendowran Libberton Groenshields, D. 796 Glendowran 786 Mostoric Anderson, T. 114 Glendowran Glendowran Walson Wallace, R. 895 Glentewing Glentewing Walson Hamilton, J. 1027 Glespin, East Glespin, East do. Anderson, J. 1027 Glosthouseknowes <	do.	Pettingin	Lindsay, W.	845	do.	Carluke	Thomson. A	1314
Wiston Wiston Gibson, J. 1103 Gilkerseleugh Mains		Symington	Linton, J.	1026	Gillbank	do.	Brown J. & L.	986
Pesthills Dunsyre Brown, jr. J 835 Girldwoodend Carnwath M'Culloch, G 835 Girldwoodend Carnwath Todd, J. tate 1004 Gladdenhill Garwath Bertram, A 174 Gladdenhill Goulter Brown, T 784 do. West Glondorch Greenshields, D 795 Glencohar Glondorch Garwert Garwert Garwert Glondorch Glon		Wiston	Gibson, J.	1103	Gilkerscleugh Mains	Crawfordjohn	Inch, T.	814
Carnwath Direction Content C	Eastforth	-	M'Culloch, G.	1032	Gillhouse and Stobwood		Greenshields, A	1028
Conter	Dast and Westnills		Brown, Jr., J	020	Cirdwoodend	:	M'Morran, J.	1182
Dunsyee Brown, T. 784 do. West.	East-tofts		Bertram A.	1174	Gladestanes East	E	Brown Mrs. T	1096
Lesmahagow Allan, A. 996 Glencaple Carnwath Wilson, J. 886 Glendorch Glebon, S. 1104 Glendowran Libberton Greenahields, D. 795 Glencohar Greenahields, D. 795 Glencohar Grawford Anderson, T., Late 894 Glencohar Glilespie, T. 854 Glencohar Glilespie, T. 854 Glencohar Grawford Wilson, J. 1027 Glespin, Easter Grawford Scott, J. 1027 Glespin, Easter Grawford Scott, J. 1027 Glespin, Easter Grawford Scott, J. 1204 Goat and Liscleugh do. Wilson, W. 1306 Goathouseknowes do. Milson, W. 1306 Greenbark Grafinke Forrest, R. 1313 Greenbark Fraser, R. 1978 Greenburn Fraser, R. 1978 Greenburn Franch, S. 1986 Greenburn Franch, S. 1986 Greenburn Franch, S. 1986 Greenburn Franch, S. 1986 Greenburn Franch, S. 1986 Greenfield	East-town	Dunsyre	Brown, T.	784	do. West		Aitken, J	1115
Biggar Gibson, J. 836 Glendovch	Eastwood	Lesmahagow	Allan, A	908	•		French, J.	802
Biggar Gibson, S. 1104 Glendowran	Eastyardhouses	Carnwath	Wilson, J.	838	Glendorch	john	Stewart, P.	955
Libberton Donald, G. 1114 Glengeith Walston Greenshields, D. 795 Glencohar Crawford Anderson, T. late 894 Glenteggart Garnethar Wallace, R. 895 Glenteggart Garnethar Gillespie, T. 854 Glenteggart Garnethar Gillespie, T. 854 Glenteggart Grawford Gillespie, T. 854 Gontwing Gontwing Grawford Garnethar Scott, J. 1027 Glespin, East Garnethar Garnethar 1204 Goathouseknowes Garnethar Wilson, W. 1306 Green Garnethar Garnetar Garnethar Garnethar Garnethar Garnethar Garnethar	Edmonstone Mill	Biggar	Gibson, S.	1104	Glendowran	do.	Williamson, J.	1034
Walston Greenshields, D. 795 Glenochar Crawford d Moorfoot Carawford Anderson, T. 1/2/2 894 Glentaggarf d Wiston Gillespie, T. 895 Gloutewing Gloutewing Lesmahagow Hamilton, J. 1027 Gleepin, East Carawford Rae, W. & A. 873 Go. West Scott, J. 1204 Gosthouseknowes do. Anderson, J. 1306 Gosthouseknowes do. Anderson, J. 1033 Greenbank do. Wiston Fraser, R. 1313 Greenbank Wiston Fraser, R. 1236 Greenburn Greenburn Wiston Fraser, R. 1236 Greenburn Greenfield	Elmbank	Libberton	Donald, G	1114	Glengeith	Crawford	HUNTER, R., late	796.
Moorfoot Caratairs Walkee, R. 894 Glentaggart	Ellsrickle	Walston	Greenshields, D	195	Glenochar	do.	do.	754
Moorfoot Carstairs Walkee, R. 895 Glontewing	Elvanfoot	Crawford	Anderson, T., late	894	Glentaggart	Douglas	PATERSON, J., late	176
Wiston Gillespie, T. 854 do. Easter	Fallhills and Moorfoot	Carstairs	Wallace, R	895	Glentewing	Crawfordjohn	Watson, W	924
Lesmahagow Hamilton, J. 1027 deepin, East Grawford Raw W. & A. 873 do. West Carnwath Scott, J. 1204 Goat and Liscleugh Garbon, W. 1306 Goathouseknowes do. Anderson, J. 984 Green Garline Wiston Forrest, R. 1313 Greenburn Wiston Fraser, R. 1073 Greenburn Franch, S. 1286 Greenburn Franch, S. 1286 Greenburn Franch, S. 1286 Greenfield	Fallside	Wiston	Gillespie, T.	854	do. Easter		Coke, J.	986
Carweth Carweth South J. 1204 Gost and Liseleugh	Fence	Lesmahagow	Hamilton, J	1027	Glespin, East	Douglas	Ray, J	1193
Carlwain Scott, J. 1204 Goathouseknowes	Fingland	Crawtord	Kae, W. & A	2/2	do. West		TWEEDIE, WID.	946
Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Carluke Frast, R. 1013 Greenbank Carluke Frast, R. 1073 Greenbank Carluke Frast, R. 1073 Greenbank Carluke C		Carnwath	300tt, J.	#02T	Goat and Liscleugn	Crawfordjohn	Hunter, H., late	910
Lanark Wilson, Mrs 1033 do. Carluke Fraser, R. 1913 Greenbank Wiston Fraser, R. 1073 Greenburn Franch, S. 1928 Greenfield Franch, S. 1928 Greenfield		 9, 69	Wilson, W.	1300	:	Lesmanagow	Chossen I	1215
Carluke Forrest, R. 1313 Greenbank Wiston Fraser, R. 1073 Greenburn Wiston Franch, S. 1236 Greenfield 1306 Greenfield	Follwood	Lanark	Wilson Mrs	1033			Gray I	848
Wiston Fraser, R. 1073 Greenburn 1073 Greenburn 1286 Greenfield 1286 Greenfield 1286 Greenfield 1286 Greenfield 1286	Gair	Cartuke	Forrest, R.	1313	Greenbank		Wilson, J. F.	1164
N. Lesmahagow French, S 1236 Greenfield	Galla-little	Wiston	Fraser, R.	1073	Greenburn	john	WILLISON, J.	866
1 110k D	Garngour, N	Lesmahagow	French, S	1236	Greenfield	do.	DALGLEISH, J	916
S do Fost, K 1105 do	do. S	do	Poat, R	1105	do	Carnwath	Somerville, J.	964

TEMANT.	PARISH.	Farm, &c.	No.	TRMANT.	Parish.	Fare, &c.	No.
Dent, G.	Lamington	Breckenridge	1294	45	Carmichael	Sandilands	1008
Dickson, A.	Lesmahagow	Mayfield	1264	do. W.	do.	Bellstane	1142
do. W.	Carmichael	Dyke	1214	Forsyth, R.	Crawfordjohn	Sheriffcleugh	1227
Donald, G.		Ellanbank	1114	French, E	do.		904
Donaldson, A	Lanark	Nemphlar, West	1127	do. J		Boghouse	863
Dougall, A.	мобъ	Eastertown, East	1256	do. J	Carmichael	Carmichael Policy	851
do. A. Dingan I		Eastertown, West	1060	do. J.	Carnwath	Lampits. East & West	787
Dykes, J.	do.	Ladeshead	1261	do. J.	Crawfordjohn	Netherton	179
do. R.		Byretown	762	do. J	do.	Shawhead	888
do. W	do.	Bent	862	do. Mrs	do		384
Elder, J.	Carstairs	Columbia and Hills	794	do. T	qo	Blackhill	802
do. J	Carnwath	Westcrofthill	1150	do. T	Lesmahagow	Greenyards, West	1236
do. J	Lanark	Halltown-Nemphlar	997	do. W	Carnwath	Burnhead and Park	771
do. J. & W	Lesmahagow	Birkenhead	1802	doW		Viewfield	1288
Fallow, T.	do.	Breckenridge	1244	Fronde, H.	Carmichael	Millmuir	1265
Farie, J.	do	Woodside	1320	Gall, A	Douglass	Midtown	1228
Ferrie, J.	Carluke	Waygateshawhead	1070	do. J.	do.	Newtonfoot	936
Finlayson, T., late	Coulter	Coulter Park, South	863	do. J.	- qo.	Uddington	200
Fisher, J., late	Covington	Holm, Thankerton	1021	do. J.	Lesmanagow	Tower	1148
r teming, J	Carstairs	Corpienal	703	do W /wto	Commenter Commenter	Thenkerton Mill	1800
Fletches B	Carinwand	Whelphill	770	Gault J	Carlnka	Whitehaw	850
Frame, A	Libberton	Whinbush	1259	Gibson, A.	Libberton	Townhead	489
Fraser R.	Wiston	Galla, Little	1236	_	Biggar	Strathbogie	1187
Forrest, A.	Carluke	Kilcadzow, Hole of	916	J	Libberton	Tower of Cormiston	828
do. A	Carstairs	Mossplat	876	do. J	Wiston	Eastfield	1103
do. J	Carnwath	Browshot & Longarton	1248	do. J	Biggar	Edmonstone Mill	1104
do. J	Covington	Northmains	888	do. J	Libberton	Parkhouse	918
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Gibeon, J. & Rettinain Crofts 1197 Haddow, P. Crawfordjohn Netherhill and Gleepin do. do. J. & R. Carluke Belstane 982 Hamilton, M. Wiston Dicayell do. T. Zate Charlice Belstane 1870 Hamilton, M. Middlebolm and Ben do. J. Crawford Biddlebolm and Ben do. J. Crawford To a vince	Твилят.	Paries.	Farm, &c.	No.	Tenant.	Parise.	Рам, &о.	No.
Carwford Carwford		Pettinain	Croffs	1197	Haddow, P.	Crawfordjohn	Netherhill and Glespin	958
F. jette Crawford Shortclengh, North 1046 do. J. Lesmahagow W. Lamington Lasterhills 1262 do. J. Crawford W. Lamington Lasterhills 768 do. J. Lesmahagow W. Garden Whitenessile, West 1240 do. J. Lesmahagow J. Crawford Newhouse 1240 do. J. Lesmahagow J. Douglas Gateside 753 do. M. & T. Walston J. Douglas Fallside 926 do. W. Carnwath T. do. Most 758 do. W. Carnwath T. do. Parkhad 954 do. W. Carnwath G. Lesmahagow Breakford 964 W. Carluke G. Lesmahagow Breakford 964 W. Carluke J. Lesmahagow Brouglas Brow	do. J. & D.	Symington	Townfoot	870	-	Carluka	Birks	1181
W. Pettinain Easterhills 1096 do. J. Crawford W. Lamington Langknowe 1262 do. J. Lesmahagow Brothers Libberton Whitecastle, West 978 do. J. Carluke J. Lesmahagow Newton 1240 do. M. & T. Walston J. Douglas Gateside 926 do. M. & T. Walston T. do. Most 1037 do. W. Carnwath T. do. Most 1240 do. W. Carnwath T. do. Most 1240 do. W. Carnwath T. do. Most 126 do. W. Carnwath T. do. Most M. Carnwath Garluke 926 do. W. Carluke J. Lesmahagow Beckenridge, West 1261 do. W. Carluke 1	do. T. late	Crawford	Shortclengh, North	1049	_	Lesmahagow	Middleholm and Bent	1016
W. Lamington Langknowe 1862 do. J. Lesmahagow Tanhill W. Goverburn 768 do. J. Lesmahagow Westerhouse, Westernows, J. J. Lesmahagow Westerhouse, Westernows, J. J. Lesmahagow Percental Lesmahagow Percental Lesmahagow Restractor J. Lesmahagow Restractor J. Lesmahagow Restractor J. Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor Lesmahagow Heindersor Lesmahagow Heindersor Restractor Lesmahagow Restractor 1062 Mo. W. Carluke Lesmahagow Restractor 1063 Mo. Mo. Carluke Lesmahagow Restractor 1064 Mo. Mo. Carluke Lesmahagow Restractor Hill Mo. Mo. Carluke Lesmahagow Restractor <td< th=""><td>do. W</td><td>Pettinain</td><td>Easterhills</td><td>1095</td><td>do. J</td><td>Crawford</td><td>Southwood</td><td>1228</td></td<>	do. W	Pettinain	Easterhills	1095	do. J	Crawford	Southwood	1228
W. do. Overburn 768 do. J. Carluke Westerhouse, Westerhouse, do. Westerhouse, do. <td>do. W</td> <td>Lamington</td> <td>Langknowe</td> <td>1262</td> <td>do. J</td> <td>Lesmahagow</td> <td>Tanhill</td> <td>1128</td>	do. W	Lamington	Langknowe	1262	do. J	Lesmahagow	Tanhill	1128
December Liberton With the coastle, West 1240 do. J. Lesmahagow J. J. Crawhord Newhouse 1240 do. M. & T. Walston J. Crawford Newhouse 1240 do. M. & T. Walston J. Crawford Newhouse 1240 do. M. & T. Walston M. & T. Walston M. & T. Walston Wasten M. & T. Estimate M. & T. Estimate M. & T. Estimate M. & M. & Carnwath M. Carnwath Carnwath Carnwath M. Carnwath Carn	do. W		Overburn	768	ب	Carluke	Westerhouse, Hill of	1270
J. Crawford Newford 137 do. F. Lesmahagow J. Douglas Gateside 758 do. T. Biggar T. Wiston Bodinlee 854 do. W. Carnwath T. Go. Most Garnwath Garnwath Garnwath T. Losmahagow Parkhead 758 do. W. Garluke G. Coulter Eastfeld 954 do. W. Garluke e. A. Coulter Breckenridge, West W. Garluke Go. W. Garluke Go. W. Garluke Go. W. Garluke Go. W. Garluke Garluke Go. W. Garluke Garluke Go. W. Garluke Garluke Go. W. <td>do. Brothers</td> <td>Libberton</td> <td>Whitecastle, West</td> <td>1978</td> <td>÷≥</td> <td>Lesmanagow</td> <td>Fence</td> <td>1027 789</td>	do. Brothers	Libberton	Whitecastle, West	1978	÷≥	Lesmanagow	Fence	1027 789
J. Douglas Gateside 758 do. T. Carnwath T. Wiston Bodinlee 854 do. T. Biggar T. do. Most Parkhead 758 do. W Carnwath T. Douglas Parkhead 758 do. W do. J. Lemahagow Breckenridge, West 1201 do. W do. e. A. Coulter Barrison W Carnwath Garnwath f. ibberton Guothquhan 1017 Harrison, W Lesmahagow do. d. Douglas Broomerside 871 do. J. Crawfordjohn A. Douglas Broomerside 871 do. J. Crawfordjohn J. Pettinain Brownrigh 1024 Hogg, P. Garnwath J. Douglas Brownrigh 1248 Hogg, P. Garnwath J. Douglas Brownrid	Gillesnie, J.	Crawford	Newton	1037	ď	Lesmahagow	Canderwater	1203
T. Wiston Bodinlee 912 do. T. Biggar T. do. Moat A. A. Carnwath T. Douglas Parkhead 758 do. W Carnwath d. Lesmahagow Breckenridge, West 1201 do. W do. d. Lounder Eastfield 954 Harrison, W do. W d. Coulter Eastfield 964 Harrison, W do. W J. Losmahagow West-town 845 Harrison, W Losniuke do. A. Losmahagow West-town 861 Harrison, W Losmahagow Restroken A. Douglas Bromerride 871 Ho. W Grawford J. Petinain Brownrigg 1024 Ho. W Grawford J. Douglas Brownrigg 1254 Ho. Crawford Grawford J. Lesmahagow	do. J.	Douglas	Gateside	758	do. T.	Carnwath	Heathland	944
T. do. Fallside 854 do. W Carluke T. Douglas Parkhead 786 do. W Carluke T. Douglas Breckenridge, West 1201 do. W Carluke e, A. Lemahagow Breckenridge, West 1201 do. W do. f. A. Londer Eartheld 954 do. W do. f. Longerton Quothquban 1062 Harrison, W Lesmahagow Lesmahagow M. Garnahagow West-town 861 Harlo, J. Lesmahagow A. Douglas Broomerside 871 do. J. Carluke B. Garnahagow West-town 1024 Hode, J. Crawfordjohn J. Douglas Brownrigg 1024 Hogg, P. do. Drawford J. Douglas Brownrigg 1024 Hogg, P. Grawford J. Douglas Brownrigg <	do. T	Wiston	Bodinlee	912	do. T	Biggar	Persielands	847
T. do, Most Most 926 do, W Carnwath T. Losmahagow Brackenridge, West 758 do, W Carluke e, A. Losmahagow Breckenridge, West 1201 do, W Carluke e, A. Lanark Charleston 1062 Harrison, W Lesmahagow I. Ibberton Garnwath Green 861 Histop, J. Lesmahagow A. Douglas Broomerside 871 do, J. Grawfordjohn D. Valston Brownigg 1024 Hodge, J. Libberton J. Douglas Brownigg 1024 Hogg, P. Crawford J. Douglas Brownigg 1254 do, P. Carnwath J. Douglas Browning 1264 do, P. Carnwath J. Douglas Browning 1264 do, P. Carnwath J. Douglas Browning 1264 do, P. Carnwath J. Learn	do. T	do.	Fallside	854	do. W	Carluke		1134
T. Douglas Parkhead 768 do. W do. d. Lesmahagow Breckenridge, West West do. W Carluke e, A. Coulter Charleston 1062 Harrison, W Lesmahagow do. Inbberton Quothquhan 1017 Harrison, W Lesmahagow do. elds, A. Losmahagow 871 Harrison, W Lesmahagow Galuke A. Douglas Broomeraide 871 do. J. Crawfordjohn D. Valston Elarickle 1024 Hogg, J. Libberton J. Pettinain Brownrigh 1254 do. P. Crawford J. Douglas Scrogton 1254 do. P. Carnwath J. Douglas Scrogton 128 Howieson, J. Carnwath J. Losmahagow Waterhead 1248 Hunter, G. Crawfordjohn J. Lesmahagow Waterhead	do, T	do.	Moat	926	do. W	Carnwath	Callandean	763
d. Lesmahagow Breckenridge, West 1201 do. W Carluke Setulate 60. W do. W do. Bell Garluke Setulation 1062 W do. Fearinge Bell	do. T	Douglas	•	168	do. W	do.	Roothead	1167
e, A. Coulter Eastfield 954 do. W do. Lanark Charleston 1062 Harrison, W Lesmahagow Lesmahagow Carnwath Green 846 Henderson, T Garluke A. Douglas Broomerside 871 do. J. Carnwfordjohn D. Walston Elsrickle 1024 Hodge, J. Libberton Garluke D. Walston Elsrickle 871 do. J. Crawfordjohn J. Postinain Brownrigg 1024 Hogg, P. do. Do. J. Douglas Brogton 1198 Howieon, J. Carnwath J. Lesmahagow Waterhead 8124 Houter, G. Grawford W Carnweidel 812 Houter, G. Grawfordon Goldobapel J. Lamington Coldobapel 842 do. H., Lute do.	Gillies, M.	Lesmahagow		1201	do. W	Carluke	Sandilandsgate	8
Lanark Charleston 1062 Harrison, W Lesmahagow	Gladstone, A	Coulter	Eastfield	964		go	Shawfield	1318
Libberton Quothquhan 1017 Harrie W do.	Gray, J	Lanark	Charleston	1062		Lesmahagow	Hill	1238
Is, A. Carnwath Leanahagow West-town 846 Hallop, J. Biggar. Hallop, J. Biggar. Bo. W. do. W. Do. M. Do. W. Do. W. Do.	do. J	Libberton	Quothquhan	1017	Harvie, W		Kirkfield Mains	917
Is, A. Learnahagow West-town 861 Hislop, J. Biggar. Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Bromarside Browned	do. J.	Carnwath	Green	846	:	Carluke	Hindshaw, South	946
A. Douglas Broomerside 871 do. J. Carmwath Clainbouse & Stobwood 1028 Hodge, J. Libberton D. Walston Elgilbouse & Stobwood 1024 Hogg, P. do. do. J. Pettinain Browning 1254 do. P. do. J. Carmicbael Berophill 1254 Hogg, P. do. J. Lounglas Scrogron 1198 Howier, G. Crawwath W Leennahagow Waterhead 813 Hunter, G. Crawfordon Chawford Campalead 842 do. H., Lute do.		Lesmahagow	West-town	861	:	Biggar	Strawlaw	1148
A. Charmward Pullocuted & Stodenood 1028 Acodes, J. Librobarcon J. Pettinain Brownrigg 1024 Hogs, P. do. P. do. J. Carmichael Devonhill 1254 Hogs, P. do. do. J. Losmahagow Waterhead 1198 Howica Crawford Grawford Campaled 842 do. H., late do.	•	Douglas	Broomerside	1,87	:	Crawtordjonn	Whitecleugh, Nether	82.6
J. Petitinain Brownring 1024 Hogg, P. Crawford J. Carmichael Devonhill 1254 do. P. do. P. do. J. Douglas Scrogton 1198 Howieson, J. Carnwath W Leamanagow Waterhead 1248 Bunter, G. Crawford Campales Campales 842 do. H. Mate. Crawfordjohn	•	Welsten	Gillinouse & Stodwood	705	nodge, J	Laboerton	Arthurshiels mark of	1231
J. Carmichael Devonhill 1254 do. P. do. do. do. do. do. T. J. Douglas Scrogton 1198 Howieson, J. Carnwath Northloanhe W Leamahagow Waterhead 1248 Hunter, G. Crawford Kirkton Grawford Campahaed 813 do. H. Crawfordjohn Gost and Link Lamington Coldolappel 842 do. H. do. Chagbead		Pettingin	Brownigo	1024	Hoge, P.	Orawford	Howelength, Unner	825
J. Douglas Scrogton 1198 Howieson, J. Carnwath Northloanhe W. Lesmahagow Waterhead 1248 Hunter, G. Crawford Kirkton Grawford Campahead 813 do. H. Grawfordjohn Gost and Lik Lamington Coldchapel 842 do. H. do. Grayfordjohn Grayfordjohn		Carmichael	Devonhill	1254	do, P.	do.	do. Nether	778
W. Lesmabagow Waterbead 1248 Hunter, G. Crawford Crawford Grawford Coldchapel 842 do. H. Late. do.	do. J	Douglas	Scrogton	1198	Howieson, J	Carnwath	Northloanhead	686
Crawford Campehead 813 do. H. Crawfordjohn. Crawfordjohn 842 do. H. 1216. do. do.	do	Lesmahagow	Waterhead	1248	•	Crawford	Kirkton	965
Lamington Coldchapel 842 do. H., tate do	Grieve, M.	Crawford	Campshead	813		Crawfordjohn	Goat and Liscleugh	912
	Haddow, J	Lemington	Coldchapel	842		 Op	Craighead	914

Farm, &c.	Parish.	TENANT.	No.	Fart, &c.	Paries.	Тънаят.	No.
Greenball	Pettinain	Taylor, R. Sadleir, J.	994	Hillside South	Lesmahagow	M'Grigor, J	1194
Greenshields	Libberton	M'Lean, W.	907	` ō	ą	Liddell, J.	1077
Greenwood	Biggar	Crossan, J	1158	do	•	Shaw, W.	1139
Halfmerkland	Lesmahagow	Barr, R.	11,16		:	Thorburn, J	1154
Hallhill, North	do.	Cadzow, W.	1106	nkerton	Covington	Fisher, J., late	1051
Halltown-Nemphlar	Lanark	Elder, J	266	psq	:	Watson, R.	1195
Hangingsbaw, Mid	Coulter	Attken, J	077	doHonemath	Lesmanagow	Smith, W.	1070
do. Unner	9	Watson, P	1084	Hoodsmill	Þ	Brownlie J	1223
Hardgatehead	Carnwath	Sibbald, J.	1005	Howburn		White, J. A.	808
Hardington Mains	Wiston	Muir, W., late	1075	Howeleugh, Upper		Hogg, P.	825
Harelaw	Carstairs	Alison, A	197	Howford	<u>e</u>	Muir, R.	1246
Harley Holm	Carmichael	Paterson, W	1078	Howgate and Redmyre	:	Tarvet, J.	1066
Hareshaw, etc	Carluke	Marshall, T	1237	Hungerhill and Chapel		Hunter, R	1256
Hartsyde	Lamington	LINDSAY, E	296	Huntfield	g	Smith, J	1282
Haughs, etc	Carnwath	Ritchie, J	822	Huntlyhill	•	Broomfield, A	1067
Haugh-head	Dolphinton	Ray, sen., J	943	Hyndford		Cunningham, A	815
Hawksland	Lesmahagow	Burton, T	1097		:	Core, W	1288
Haywood, Lower	Carnwath	Nimmo, T	1184	poo	 Kr	Cadzow, J	926
	do.	Robb, J	1133	Mains		STODDART, D	874
Hazelside	Douglas	BLACK, J	198	Johnshill	agow	Cassie, J	1165
Heathland	Carnwath	Hamilton, T.	944	•		WILSON, J	883
Highfield	Coulter	Robb, J.	11117	Kilcadzow, Hill of	ez	Alison, T	818
Hill	Lesmahagow	Harrison, W	1258		go	Forrest, A.	916
Hillend	Biggar	Blakey, G	1175	Kellylees	Lesmahagow	Torrance, W.	1124
do,	Wiston	Waddell, J. & W	808	Kingshill	Carluke	Marshall, A	1296
Hillhead	Covington	STODDART, A	807	Kirkfield-Mains	Lesmahagow	Harvie, W.	917
Hillbouse	Lesmahagow	Souter, J.	1245	Kirkgreen	Carnwath	Coltness Iron Co	946
Hillriga	Biggar	M'Kenzie, W	926	Kirkhope	Crawford	Milligan, J	111

E AMERICA	FARISH.	TENANT.	Xo.	FARM, &c.	PARISE.	TRNANT.	No.
Kirkhouse	: :	Brown, R.	977	Lockhart-Mill Lonchill	Lanark	Murray, J.	1206
hill	k	Hutchison, W.	1079	Longwell	Wiston	Haddow, R.	1068
-	:	Hunter, B.	962	Lowrie's-moor	Lesmahagow	Bunten, T.	1307
¥	:	Semple, R.	1085	Lupus	 qo.	Scott, W.	1216
Kypeswaterhead	 9	Meikle, W	1165	Mains, Loanhead	Lamington	Tweedie, J.	856
Ladeshead	:	Dykes, J	1971	Marchlands	Wiston		1135
	Lesmahagow	Tudhope, J.	1098	Mashockmill	do.	Shirlaw, J.	1263
Lambcatch & Skylaw		Baird, A.	1015	Mayfield	Lesmahagow	Dickson, A.	1264
•		Watson, J.	1107	Mauldslie-Mains	Carluke	Scott, J.	947
it & West	:	FRENCH, J	167	Meadowcoats		M'Kinlay, J.	897
	:	Clarkson, J	1126	Meadowflatt	:	Lindsay, J., late	808
Langhome	Lamington	Stoddart, T	826	Meadowhead	Dolphinton	M'Kenzie, M	1224
	:	Paterson, A	1099	•		Walker, J.	1016
	do.	Gibson, W	1262	Middleholm and Bent	Lesmahagow	Hamilton, A	000
-		Jackson, A	932	Middlehouse	Carluke	Cassells, G	996
	Carluke	Hamilton, W	1134	Middle-Mains	do.	Brown, J	1196
Farm	:	Wallace, J	896	Midholm of Grange	Pettinain	Johnston, W	837
Learnside	Carnwath	•	1257	Midlock	Crawford	Johnston,, late	785
	Lевпарадоw	Carruthers, Mrs B.	827	Midtown		Gall, A	1258
-	Crawfordjohn	Watson, R	1258		Lesmahagow	Somerville, J	1297
n-Mains	Libberton	Ввоми, Л	166		:	Wilson, J	807
:	do	Somerville, A.	482	d Dykehead	Pettinain	Ballantyne, W	1086
: :	Biggar	Cuthbertson, J	876	Millhouse	:	Affleck, W	1298
:	Lesmahagow	Dalgleish, A	1166	s, Thankerton	Covington	Purdie, A	1136
Je	Crawford	Thomson, A	1126			Froude, H	1265
Littlegill	Lamington	Neilson, J. & J.	828	Milton-Lockhart Mill	woge	Porteous, R	866
	Carnwath	Brown, A.	7001	Most	:	Burr, Messrs	1006
ochanbank	Lesmahagow	Brownlie, M.	1146	ф.	Wiston	Gillespie, J	926

Fart, &c.	Parsh.	TrakaT.	No.	Par, &c.	Равтви.	TENANT.	No.
Pettinain Crofts	Pettinain	Gibson, J.	1196	Sheafyknowes	Carstairs	Robb, T. & J.	1179
Poneil	do.	Newbigging, T. late		Sheriff-flat	; ;	Lindsav. Mrs	970
Ponfeigh Place	Carmichael	Weir, C.		Shodsmill		Barrie, J.	1069
Pool Farm.	Carnwath	Carmichael, W.	1087	Shortcleugh, West	Crawford	Paterson, A	849
Prior Hill, High	Leamahagow	Barr, S	1058	do. North	do.	Gibson, T., late	-
Prett's Mill	Carmichael	Clarkson, R	1284			Paterson, A	•
Quothquhan	Libberton	Gray, J.	899	Shiels	Carmichael	Brown, J.	1178
		Sanderson, J.	899	Sidewood, East.	:	Todd. J.	
de. Mill	do.	M'Morran,	1176	Silvermains		Boyd, W.	
Rachills	Lesmahagow	Weir, R.	1277	Sornfallow		Coubrough, D., late	
Baes	Carluke	Cassells, J.	1047	Southfield, North	вком	Stewart, A.	_
Redshaw	Lesmahagow	Millwain, Rev.J., late	1285	do. South	do.	Pollock, W	1018
Roberton Mains	Dolphinton	WAUGH, J	817	Southwood	Crawford	Hamilton, J.	1228
Rodger Hill	Lesmahagow	Meikle, J.	926	Spadgill	Carnwath	Aitken, A	1186
Roothead	Carnwath	Hamilton, W	1167	Spittal		Cochrane, W.	888
:	do.	Prentice, J.	1217	Springfield	Carluke	Wilson, J.	838
d and Biggar	Biggar	Brown, D.	869	Springhill	Douglas	Ballantyne, J	1308
·	Carstairs	Aitken, J.	878	- op	do.	Anderson, J.	1319
Sadlerhead & Todhills	Lesmahagow	Scott, T.	1208	Stabilee	Carstairs	Barrie, A.	1138
	Carmichael	Forrest, J.	800		biggar	Jackson, F.	0011
Goomerholm	Carluke	Anderson W	088	Stobused and Windsor	Commeth	Danties T	1108
Scrooton	Donolas	Greensheilds, J.	1198	Stonehill.	Crawfordiohn	Paterson, J. late	180
Scrogtonhead	do	Watson, R	1088	do.	Carmichael	Thorburn, R.	819
Shallowhead	Wiston	Plenderleith, M	930		Crawford	Cranstoun, A	1050
Shawfield	Carluke	Hamilton, W	1318	Store Farm, East	Covington	Bell, J.	1109
Shawnead	Crawtordjonn	FRENCH, J	888	w est	D:	Dell, F.	1189
COURT WE	Cariuke	Smith, 4	1200	Outstandogree	Diggar	Gibson, d	/917

LEMANT.	Равівн.	FARE, &c.	No.	TREAST.	Paring.	FARK, &c.	No.
K ₩	Wiston	Hillend	806	White, J., late	Carnwath	Newbigging Mill	896
_	Carstairs	Watertown	1230	do J. A		Howburn	808
Walker, J	Libberton	Midhall	1016	Whyte, W.		Weston and Todhilla	180
	Carluke	Law Farm	8	Wilkie, Mrs	Leamahagow	Blair	1303
<u> </u>	Arstairs	Fallhills and Moorfoot	896	Williamson, A	Libberton	Cormiston	952
1	Libberton	Baitlaw	931		do.	do.	1183
<u> </u>	Coulter	Coulter and Snaip	765	do. J	Crawfordjohn	Glendowran	1804
<u> </u>	Covington	Pennyflats	1226	J.	Douglas	Parish-holm	828
<u> </u>	Crawfordjohn	Crawfordiohn	823	J.	op	Andershaw	991
0	Carluke	Turf-foot	1039	do. J.	-g	Bottom, North	1172
	Carnwath	Ampherlaw	1141	Ь	Orawfordiohn	Greenburn	866
	Walston		1107	H		Upper Whitecleach	830
	Coulter	Neabit	787	Wilson -	:	Numerie	757
	Crawfordiohn	Holmbead	1195	بار مار مار مار	Learnahacrow	Muirburn	1147
-	Douglas	Scroetonhead	1081	do. J	Carluke	Springfield	889
	Crawfordiohn	Lettershaws	1258	do. J.	Donglas	Kennox	888
	Leemahacow	Coalburn	1031	J. Jo	Learnshacow	Midtown & Woodhead	867
_	Laminoton	Acrediand	1301	7	Carnwath	Kastvardbonse	836
	Crawfordiohn	Glentewan	924	do J.	Winton	Wiston Place	1060
-	Asmahaoow .	Easthonge Knowes	1205	do Mr		Kullwood	1088
	Dolphinton	Roberton Mains	817		de.	Wallhead	1260
g	vminoton	Westside	806	1	•	Greenhank	1164
	Carmichael	Ponfeigh Place & Moor	886	B	Orewford	Watermeetings	469
:	and a possible of a possible of	Auchtername Nother	600	A P	Commeth	Don'th	1808
::	Joseph	Author Sammer, A curer	1010		Carliwated	L'Oren	
·······	Carmichael	W & COLK DOWS	6171	wright, J. & J	Caritake	w esternouse	207
-	wogadamae	Muirshead	1046	Young, W.	Lesmahagow	Cleughbar	1286
R	 Go	Rawhills	1277	<u> </u>)		
_	Carnwath	Brownhill	1203				
W. & D	o p	Newbigging Mains	888	Above list might	have been more	Above list might have been more complete had the "led" farms	farms
& Adamson C	Carmichael	Watchknowe	1219	been distinguished from those held or occupied by the tenant	com those held or	occupied by the tenant.	

APPENDIX.

PARK.	Parish.	RENT, 1868-9.	88	e e	Твилят.	RENT, 1968-4.	988 1	Texant.
Campshead	Crawford	£280	09		Grieve, M.	£580	00	Vassie, R.
Chester Hall.	Wiston	380	. 0	10	Stodart, W.	220	•	Muirbead. R.
Crookedstane	Crawford	537	တ	6	Hunter, R.	1112 1	0	Boreland,
Elvanfoot		202	•	•	Anderson, T.	320	0	Tweedie, D.
Howelengh	_	694	∞	4	Paterson, R.	280	0	Paterson, J.
Kirkton	දි.ද	154	0	•	Hunter, G.	180	0 0	Hunter, G.
Normanoill	စ္မော်	609	> -	- -	Vassie. R.		9 0	Vassic. R.
Shortcleugh, South	. 9	888	•	0	Paterson, A.		0	Paterson, A.
Stoneyburn	do.		•	_ •	Cranston, A		0 0	Tweedie, D.
Abington, Nether	Craw	291	<u>.</u>	4	Tweedie, M.	_	0	Morton, T
do. Over		200	ř	<u> </u>	Inch, R		9	Hunter, H.
Craighead		184		4	Hunter,	23.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2	2	Hunter,
Crawfordjohn Mill		•	9	•	Galloway, J.		•	Gibb, W., de Some
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Whitecleugh, Nether	go.	100	0	•	Hialop, J.	120	0	Paterson, J.
Bottom	Ă		•	•	Willison, J.	116	0	Willison, J.
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Blackwood do. Blackwood Gray, John Eq. Writer Braidwood Carluke Gray, John Eq. Writer Braidwood Carluke Gartak, & Roberton, Writers Bucdench Carratis Carratis Caeratis Carratis Maxwell, W. Eq. Caeratis Caeratis Millend Colebrooke Carratic Caeratis Colebrooke Carraticle Douglas, Lesmahagow Colebrooke Carraticle Douglas, Lesmahagow Carratigon Leanahagow Scott, Thomas Remie, Eq. Eastend Carraticles, Covington, etc. Morison & Marr, Writers Hardington Leanahagow Carnwath Haywood Carnwath Veitch, J., Eq. Hallend Carnwath Veitch, J., Eq. Hallend Carnwath Veitch, J., Eq. Hupetoun Leanakh Carnwath, Culter, etc. Lamak Carnwath, Culter, etc. M'Allan & Chancelor, W.S. Lee and Carnwath Edmahagow M'Allan & Chancelor, W.S. Lee and Carnwath		Lesmahagow,
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Hardington Hardington Hamilton, Duke of Leanahagow Grahame, Robert, Esq. Halywood Grahame, Robert, Esq. Hillend Waternath Crawford and Crawfordjohn Kersewell Lanark Leaningtoune Leaning	Covington, etc Morrison & Marr, Write	ers Lanark.
Hamilton, Duke of Lesmahagow Grahame, Robert, Esq. Haywood Carnwath Todrick, T., Esq., Banker Hillend Carnwath Crawford and Crawfordjohn Hare, S. B., Esq. Hopetoun Lanark Stodart, D., Esq., Banker Kersewell Carnwath, Culter, etc. Mr. Caningtone, J. O., Esq., W.S. Leamaide Carnwath Edmingtone, Edmingtone, Edmingtone, Carnwath, etc. Leamaide Carnwath Edmingtone, Bell & Mr. Canon, W.S. Loaningdale Biggar and Libberton Gillespie, John, Esq., W.S.	Wiston Veitch, J., Esq.	
Haywood Carnwath Todrick, T. Esq., Banker Watkins J. H. Esq., Banker Watkins J. H., Esq., Banker Hopetoun Ears, S. B., Esq., Banker Lanark Carnwath, Culter, etc. M. Clonochie & Duncan, W.S. Lesmaide Carnwath, Carnwath, etc. M. Clonochie & Duncan, W.S. Les and Carnwath Ears, Carnwath, etc. Bell & M. Lanark, Carnwath, etc. Bell & M. Lean, W.S.	w Grahame, Robert, Esq.	Hamilton Palace.
Hillend Watkins J. H., Keq. Hopetoun Crawford and Crawfordjohn Hare, S. B., Esq. Jerviswood Lanark Culter, etc. Kerewell Carnwath, Culter, etc. Leamingtoune Carnwath etc. Leamingtoune M'Kenzie, J. O., Esq., W.S. Leamingtoune Garnwath Leamingtoune Leamingtoune, etc. Leamingtoune Leamingtoune, etc. M'Allan & Chancelor, W.S. Leamingtoune Leaningtoune, etc. M'Allan & Chancelor, W.S. Leaningdale Biggar and Libberton Gillespie, John, Esq., W.S.	Todrick, T., Esq., Banke	er Haddington.
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Kersewell Carnwath, Culter, etc. M'Kenzi, J. O., Esq., W.S. Lamingtoune, etc. M'Conochie & Ducen, W.S. Leamside Carnwath Leamside Leanwath Lee and Carnwath Lee and Carnwath Bell & M'Lean, W.S. Losningdale Biggar and Libberton Gillespie, John, Esq., W.S.	10 Orawiorajoan Hare, S. B., Esq	Tanapston Atouse, Linushow.
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Leamside Carnwath Carnwath etc. W.S. Lee and Carnwath Education of M. Lean, W.S. Loaningdale Biggar and Libberton Gillespie, John, Ecq., W.S.		W.S 10 do. do.
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MAGNATES OF THE UPPER WARD OF LANARESHIRE.	Deputy- Lieuts.	Police.	Income Tax.	Assessed Taxes.	Prison Board.	Public Buildings.	Estate.
Belhaven. Lord. Lord-Lieutenant of the County. Wishaw House.	:	:	:		:		177
Colebrooke, Sir T. E., M.P. for the County, of Abington House	do.	:	:	:	:	:	255
Cochrane, A. B., M.P. (for Honiton), of Lamingtoune House,	do.	:	:	:	:	:	249
Adams, Provost, of Lanark.	:	:	:	:	do.	:	00
Alston, J. W., Esq., of Stockbriggs.	:	:	do.	:	:	ફ	267
Anderson, S., of Oarfin,	:	:	do.	:	:	go.	301
Anstruther, Sir W. C., of Westraw,	do.	:	:	:	:	6	247
Brown, J., Esq., of Orchard,	:	:	:	:	:	g	271
Brown, J. T., Esq., of Auchlochan,	:	:	do.	:	:	:	286
Carmichael, M. T., Esq., of Eastend,	:	:	do.	do.	:	do.	248
Chancellor, J. G., Esq., of Shieldhill,	œ.	do.	:	:	:	:	88
Dickson, D., Esq., of Hartree,	:	:	:	do.	:	do.	272
Gilchrist, J., Esq., yr, of Gillfoot,	:	do.	:	:	do.	:	312
Greenshields, J., Esq., of Kerse,	:	do.	do.	.	:	do.	292
Hoxier, J., Esq., of Mauldslie,	do.	:	:	:	:	:	287
Irving, George Vere, Esq., of Newton,	:	:	:	do.	:	:	256
Lockhart, A. E., Esq., of Cleghorn,	do.	:	:	:	:	do.	242
M'Lean, Hector, W.S., 7 Hill Street, Edinburgh,	do.	:	do.	:	:	:	=
Monteith, R., Esq., of Carstairs,	•op ,	:	:	ę.	:	:	261
Mossman, H., Esq., of Auchtyfardle,	ф.	:	:	:	:	ф	289
Scott, T. R., Esq., of Castlemains,	:	:	:	do.	go.	ф.	241
Sim, Adam, Esq., of Coulter-Maynes,	:	do.	:	qo.	:	do.	227
Somerville, T., Esq., of Greenfield,	:	:	:	do.	:	ф.	808
Stein, J., Esq., of Kirkfield,	:	:	do.	go.	:	:	298
Vere, W. E. H., Esq., of Blackwood,	go.	:	do.	:	:	:	254
Wilson, J., Esq., of Westsidewood	:	:		do.		do.	812
Sir Archibald Alison, Bart., Sheriff Depute of Lanarkshire.		homas Dy	kes, Hamiltor Hamiltor	Thomas Dykes, Hamilton, Clerk of Lieutenancy,	of Lieuten	sncy.	
		V. Morriso	n, Lenark,	W. Morrison, Lanark, Clerk of Police F Maccillists Superintendent of Pol	olice.	W. Maccillara Superintendent of Police Unes Ward	
	-	. Transferre	ray, Super	O ATTACTOR O	T OTTO:	hoor warm	

No.	NAME OF ESTATE.	Mansion.	Domsin.	Wood.	Game.	Home Farm.	Grass Parks.	Minerals.
		£ g.	£ 8. D.	£ 8. D.	8. 9.	. B. D.	e# .	£ B. D.
997	Auchlochan	0	105 0 0	0	:		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0
9.65	Richmood		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	:	:	18 0	0 0 0*1	A 61 901
278	Caerwood	40 0 0		-		110 5 0		
261	Carstairs.	180 0 0	493 16 0	79 12 6			220 0 0	
263	Corehouse	150 0 0	:	50 0 0	:	490 0 0	:	:
257	Coulter-Maynes	80 0 08	20 0 0			105 0 0	727 0 0	:
258	Culter-Allers	40 0 0	120 0 0	12 10 0	10 0 0		:	:
24.5	Eastend	:	250 0 0	0 0 8	:	150 0 0	: <	:
204	Edmonstone	0 0	:	:	:		0 0 92	:
207 207	Hardington		100		:	0 0 822	:	:
259	Kersewell	:	>		:	:	9.65 8.6	:
276	Loaningdale	35.00	80 0 0		:			
287	Mauldslie.	130 0	20 0 0	69 12 0		200 0		
246	Milton-Lockhart	:	282 0 0					322 10 0
256	Newton	0	:	20 0 0	0 0 06	:	:	:
271	Orchard	36 0 0	109 11 2	12 0 0	:	:	125 0 0	425 17 0
260	Shieldhill	0	:	16 0 0	:	200 0 0	:	
267	Stock briggs	۰,	:	20 0	:	673 0 0	:	90 8 6
279	Stonebyres	. <u>:</u>	300 0 0	0 0 0	:	150 0 0		
950	Bonnington		150 0 0	34 0 0	:	:	440 D O	4801 10 0
245	Clechorn	: :	100 0	12		22 0 0	101 0 0	: :
255	Crawford	55 0 0	:	88 8	56 0 0			
262	Dolphinton	0 0 99		10	:	:	95 15 0	:
241	Douglas Castle	:	280 0 0	0		0 0 096		Ξ
253	Hopetoun		:		62 0 0	:	:	1650 5 8
249	Lamington	0 0 06	27 10 0	15 10 0	:	:	:	0
244	Тее	ا-	ا-	- 1	67 0 0		199 5 0	0

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674	Anctionthon	86 90 90 90	8 B. D.	8 X	# C	Ä	88 7. 8. 7.	84 9.
312	Bankend	•	: :	•	> :		. :	315 0 0
314	Bantaskine	:	:	3 0 0	:	:	130 1 0	. :
588	Biggar Shiels	:	:	20 0 0	0 0	:	:	:
959	Birkenbead			0 01 02				16.0.0
308	Clarty			0 0 2			340 10 0	
316	Cornhill	0 0 02	:	:	:	112 0 0	:	:
297	Be d,	:	:	:		:	:	:
902 215	Delege	:	:	:	000	:	:	:
284	Drumpeller							: :
243	Douglas, Lord, late	:	:	:	:	:	:	300 0 0
274	Ellarshaw	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
286	Fairholm	:	:	17 5 0	:	:		:
283	Garvaldfoot	:	:	:,	:	:	18 10 0	
251	Hamilton, Duke of	:	0 0 906	13 11 3	:	:		6166 14 8
273	Hartree	: :		13 0 0	: :	: :	: :	: :
313	Haywood	:	:	:	:	:	:	124 1 0
293	Jerviswood	:	:	10 0	:	:		:
281	Lawhead	:	:	0 0 0	:	:	485 12 0 80 K	
303	Newholm	0 0 09	22 0 0	22 10 0		: :	0 0 67	412 0 0
307	Newmains.			· : ::			444 18 0	
292	Pool		:	:	:	:	:	170 0 0
275	Sunnyside	75 0 0		15 0 0	:	:	:	:
296	Symington Lodge	10 0 0	0 0 08	25 0 0	:	:	:	:
888	Vereinlis	:	:	10 0	:	:	:	:
707	TA CBIRATE WOOD WOULD IN							

NAME OF ESTATE.	House.	Grounds.	Wood.	Game.	Farm.	Parks.	Minerals.
Ampherlaw	8 8. D. 14 0 0	14 0 0.	2 10 b	ନ ଅନ୍ତ	ค์ ช : พ	es .	A :
Auldton	:	:	2 10 0	:	190 0 0	:	
Baronald	50 0 0		5 10 0	: :			0 0 001
Biggar Park	52 0 0						
Braidwood		0 0 02	44 0 0	:	:	18 0 0	:
:	30 0 0	:	:	:	150 0 0	:	:
do. — Stewart	:	:	:	:	130 0 0		:
Cormiston-Lowers	:	:	:	:	: 6	0 01 622	:
Corramore	:	:	:	:	100	:	:
Elsrickle	: :	: :			2		
Fauldhouse	40 0 0		3 2 6			120 0 0	
Glentewan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Hallcraig	40 0 0	17 10 0	:	:	:	106 10 0	:
Heathland		:	0 0 8	:	:	:	:
Huntfield	0 0 08	:	25 0 0	:	:	:	:
Huntlyhill		:	:	:	:	:	:
Alf Kneld	0 0 00	:	0	:	:	:	:
Langido	:	:	:	:	:	:	K9 0 0
Neumains	:	:	:	:	:	444 18 0	
Ogg's Castle	38 0 0		4 11 3	: :	0 0 06		: :
Smylum Park.	0 0 08	10 0 0	25 0 0				:
Springfield	:	:	20 0 0	:		:	:
Springbill	0 0 0		:	:	0 0 09	:	:
Stanmore	0 0	0 21 19	:	:	:	:	:
Trows	22.0	:	:	:	:	:	
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	0 0 00		:::		480 10 0	:	222 14 6

APPENDIX.

No.	NAME OF ESTATE,	House.	Grounds.	Wood.	Game.	Farm.	Parks.	Minerals.
10	:	eg eg	£ 5.	£ 8. D.	S B. D.	8. 9.	G . B.	£ B. D.
437 205	Bisthered	:	:	:	:	0 0 0	:	:
080	Blackantle	:	:	:	:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	:	:
882	Cambus-Wallace	:			:	0 0 02	:	:
107	Castlebank	65 0 0		2 10 0		,	25 10 0	: :
280	Cormacoup	. :			:	472 0 0		45 0 0
328	Cormiston	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
379	Coulterhall		:	:	:	149 0 0	:	:
322	Eastshiels	0 0 0 0	:	:	:	240 0 0	:	15 0 0
88 8 1	Falls	:	:		:::	240 0 0	:	:
207	GIII	:	:	8 10 0	:::		:	
312	Gillfoot	:	:	:	:	0 0 44	:	140 0 0
320	Gowanhill	:	:	:	::	175 0 0	:	:
319	Heaviside	:	:	:	:	800 0	:	:
338	Killbank	:	:	:	:	140 0 0	:	::
311	Lindsaylands	:	:	:	:	110 0 0	:	:
878	Logan	:	:	:	:	140 0 0	:	:
386	Nemphlar	:	:	:	:	120 0 0	:	:
865	Newick	:	:	:	:	150 0 0	:	:
349	St John's Kirk.	:	:		:::	200 0 0	:	:
800	Skellynul	:	:	0		0 0	:	:
one one	Spar.	:	:	:	30 0	360 0 0	:	:
244	Spatial	:	:	:	:	0 0 007	:	:
2 2	Strancleugh	:	:	:	:	125 0 0	:	:
877	Teaths	::	:	:	:	140 0 0	:	:
282	Toffcombs	:	:	:		120 0 0	:	:
310	Trologg	:	:		35 0 0	365 0 0	:	:
323	Westbank	::	:	0 0	:	210 0 0	:::	:
841	Westerhouse	:	:	.:	:	:	:	:
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	0	82 2	do.	397	Craigieball	52 0 0		;	Carnwath	492
	0	:	ģ	356	Croftonhill	68 7 6	· _	:	Lanark	467
	0	7 10 0	do.	366	Crossburn	:	78	0	Douglas	443
	0	5 7 0	Carluke	489	Crossford	0 0 06	31	0	Lesmahagow	385
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Park1	0	2 18 3	Biggar	394	Darnfillan	76 0 0	က	2	do.	446
Birkhill 45	0	0 0 9	Lanark	503	Drums	86 0	:	:	Carluke	299
Γ	9 7	51 15 0	Lesmahagow	838	Easterseat	0 0 09	:	:	do.	486
Blackcastle 28	0	51 0 0	Walston	449	Eastfield	:	88	9	Biggar	220
head	;	131 0 0	Lesmahagow	868	Eastquarter	:	8	0	Caritike	429
Bogside 33	0	16 12 0	Douglas	505	Eastside	:	8	0	do.	609
Boreland 26	0		Carluke	636	Ellanbank	100 0 0	81	10 0	Lesmahagow	353
Brackenhill	:	119 10 0	d o	384	Elsrickle	:	78	0	Walston	620
Brae 50	0	:	Lesmahagow	208	Gallagreen	35 0	∞	0	Carluke	523
Brooklands 82 (0	:	Lanark	588	Galla, Little	0 0 9	130	0	Wiston	373
Brownhill	:	135 0 0	Libberton	374	Garngour, North	7 10 0	87	0	Lesmahagow	416
:	0	25 4 0	Carnwath	454	Gillhouse	:	140	0	Carnwath	381
Capehall 30 (0	:	Lesmahagow	601	Girdwoodend	0 0 8	98	2 4	do	405
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Clydevale 7 C	6 0	88 0 0	do.	212	Gowanside	71 0 0	:	:	Carluke	459
	:	160 0 0	'Libberton	369	Graystone	30 0	:	:	Lesmahagow	602
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do. West	:	60 10 0	do.	476	Greenshiels	:	20	0	Carnwath	498
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Hillhead	87 0 0	11 0	0	Carluke	411	Path-head	27 10 0				Lesmahagow	629
Hinshelwood	:	34 0	Ö	Carnwath	269	Polmonkshead		2	4·	0	Douglas	361
do.		96	0	- do.	416	Priorhill	0	<u>~</u>	7	0	Lesmahagow	872
Holmfoot	20 0	3 4	0	Lanark	403	Riddochbrae	20 0	_	8	0	do.	209
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Kilbank	140 0 0	84 0	0	Lesmahagow	838	Scorryholm	:	130	0	0	do.	883
Kypeswaterhead	10 0 0	87	0	do	433	Skellyhill	0 0 06	9	9	0	do.	368
Ladeshaw	20 0 0	22	0		421	Springbank	13 0 0	2	9	0	do.	392
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Mansefield	66 15 0	:		Lanark	468	Stockwell	62 0 0	_	0	0	Carluke	452
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Middlehouse	:	160 0	0	do	366	Tanhill	56 0 0	_	0	0	Carluke	431
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NOMENCLATURE OF PROPRESTORS.	Alston, J. W.	Anstruther, Sir W. C	Baillie, —293,			Carmichael, —. f		Cochrane, A. B	Ħ	n, Miss E	-	Douglas, 1	Hamilton, —. ?		Lrving, G. V	Lockhart, —. ? ?	W. S.	Mackenzie, J. O	٦,	W. W.	Monteith,279, 29		Ross, Sir W. C.		Somerville, —. f f f	Souter, D. K.	انہ	Vere Hope, W. E.	ا,"	Woddrop, W. H. A

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NOTES REGARDING THE PARISH OF CULTER AND THE VARIOUS FAMILIES THAT LIVED IN IT.

(Being the Paper contributed by J. W. Baillie, Esq., of Culter-Allers, as referred to at page 285, Vol. I. of this Work.—A. M.)

THE parish of Culter, as far as the titles in the Culter-Allers charter chest show, was at one time possessed partly by Menzies of Menzies and partly by the Earl of Linlithgow. The Menzies family seem to have been in possession of their half of the barony of Culter about the year 1300, but there are no titles in the chest that show they possessed the estate then, and none show that any other proprietor possessed Culter-Allers before them. The part possessed by the Earl of Linlithgow seems to have been in the hands of various persons, both as to property and superiority, before it came into his hands. The lands held of Menzies were Culter-Allers, Snipe, Badinsgill, Over Hangingshaw or Middle Hangingshaw, and Nether Hangingshaw, Gardiner's Land, Wolfclyde. Of those held of the Earl of Linlithgow, the lands of Unthank were held—1st, of Lord Seton; 2d, of Lord Douglas, before the Earl of Linlithgow got them; and we find him, when disponing the half of the barony of Culter, with the patronage of the parish kirk, to Sir W. Baillie of Lamington, in 1632, excepting from the disposition,—

1. Twa oxengate of land of the town and lands of Wolfelyde, feued to Thomas Muir. 2. Twa oxengate of land of the town and lands of Wolfelyde, feued to Andrew Jobson. 3. The lands of Isobel Hill, feued to William Bertram, portioner of Nisbet, and to Alexander Bertram, his second son, in fee. 4. A cotland, extending to ane oxengate of land, in the townhead of Culter, feued to John Brown. 5. The lands of Birthwood, feued to Wm. Lindsay; also the sax oxengate of land of the said town and lands of Coulter, feued to said Wm. Lindsay. 6. The Half Miln of Coulter, Half Miln lands, etc., and of the lands of Woodlands, and of twa oxgate of land of the town and lands of Coulter, and Smiddy, feued to Alexander Menzies of Coulter.

The lands of Culter-Mains hold of the Crown, and it is not known of whom the lands of Nisbet hold; and the Culter-Allers chest affords little information about either of these properties.

The family of Menzies of Culter-Allers seems to have been a younger branch of that of Menzies of Menzies, and to have possessed

the lands of Culter-Allers without titles.

In Douglas' Baronage, under the title of Lockhart of Lee, it is mentioned that Isobel Lockhart, daughter of James Lockhart of Lee, who was retoured heir to his father on 6th Sept., 1548, and died in 1585, married A. Menzies of Culter-Allers; and in various other books of antiquities mention is made of the older members of the family. He seems to have been father of A. Menzies, *primus*.

The oldest deed relating to the lands of Culter-Allers is an original charter, dated 26th July, 1605, granted by Adam Menzies of Boltoquhane, heritable proprietor of the lands and others therein mentioned, with consent of A. Menzies of Menzies and Dun. Menzies of Comrie, in favour of A. Menzies of Culter-Alloris, primus, and his heirs male and assignees whomsoever, of the lands of Culter-Allis, an equal half of the lands of Baldonisgill, the lands called Gardiner's Lands, these eight oxgates of land in the village of Culter then possessed by himself, these five oxgates of land in the village of Culter -formerly occupied by W. Richardson and John Hutchison, then by W. Richardson and himself, together with an equal half of the grainmill of the said village of Culter, with half of the mill lands, and astricted multures, free multures, and dry multures thereof; to be holden of the said Adam Menzies of Boltoquhane for payment of the sum of fifty merks Scots. Infeftment followed on this charter, and sasine is recorded in the particular register at Hamilton, 27th August, Mr A. Menzies, primus, got a lease of the teinds of sixteen oxgate of lands of the town and lands of Culter, two oxgate called the Milne Lands of Culter, two oxgate of the lands of Woodlands, Culter-Allis, Gardiner's Lands, from the Master of Linlithgow, principal tacksman of the teinds in 1606; and purchased the feu-duties of Culter-Allers, Badinsgill, Gairdiner's Land, 13 oxgate of land in Culter, with the Half Milne and Milne Lands thereof, one oxgate in Culter occupied by M. Richardson, Wolfelyde, etc., during his own lifetime.

A. Menzies, primus, lived at Culter-Allers, and built or added to the house that stood there, as a mantelpiece was found lately, which had been used as a lintel of the stable, which contains the arms of the family and the letters A. M. and M. B. A. Menzies left the following children:—A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 2d; J. Menzies, portioner of Wolfclyde, who married Margt. Brown, daughter of Gilbert Brown of Hartree and Jean Hay his wife; W. Menzies, to whom he left some feu and teind duties.

A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 2d, obtained a precept of clare constat from J. Menzies of Enoch, the superior, son and heir of the late Adam Menzies of Boltoquhane, with consent of Sir A. Menzies of Menzies, and D. Menzies, his eldest son, for infefting him as heir to his father, the said A. Menzies, primus, in the lands of Culter-Alloris, half of the lands of Baldonisgill, the lands called Gairdneris Lands, thirteen oxgang of land in Culter, half of the mill and mill-lands of Culter. This deed is dated 26th April and 16th Oct., 1620. Infeftment followed in favour of Mr A. Menzies, 2d, and sasine is dated 16th, and recorded in the register of sasines at Lanark, 31st Jan., 1621.

Mr Menzies, 2d, entered into a contract of feu with Alexander, Earl of Linlithgow, whereby the Earl obliged himself to grant a feu disposition, in his favour, of the other half of the mill, mill-lands, and astricted multures of the mill of Culter, the lands of Woodlands, three oxgate of land in the town of Culter occupied by himself, one oxgate occupied by Alex. Jamieson and John Paton, four oxgate occupied by Wm. Paton, four oxgate occupied by James Black, and the Smiddy of Culter. The contract is dated 16th Feb., 1630, and a feu disposition followed, dated 2d Dec., 1630. The holding is of "the said noble Earl, and his heirs and successors, for the yearly payment of the sum of £17 Scots, at two terms in the year, Whitsunday and

Martinmas, in winter, by equal portions."

The lands of Over Nether and Windy Hangingshaw were possessed by Adam Inglis of Langlands Hill, in the parish of Broughton, and county of Peebles; but there are no titles of the Hangingshaws in his person in the chest. Mr Inglis and his son, M. Inglis, borrowed from A. Wright, merchant-burgess of Edinburgh, the sum of £413 Scots on 15th and 16th Nov., 1631; and he wadsetted the said lands to the Rev. R. Somerville, minister at Culter, his brother-in-law, between the years 1631 and 1633; he also borrowed from Sir W. Baillie of Lamington the sum of 700 merks Scots, and from Mr A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 2d, the sum of 613 merks 5s Scots, on 11th April, 1635. Mr Menzies, 2d, acquired right to these debts, by disposition and assignation from A. Wright. Disposition from J. Somerville, son and heir to R. Somerville, and assignation by Sir W. Baillie, afterwards led an apprisement of the property.

Mr Menzies, 2d, had frequent quarrels with his neighbour, Wm. Lindesay of Birthwood; and he accused Lindesay, 1st, of maining and injuring his servant; 2d, of taking away more than his own share of the corn growing on the common ground at the Holygill-waterfoot; 3d, stopping and impeding the highways on Culter-water: 4th. damming and dyking up the water-gates agreed on between them; 5th, stopping gates used for leading peats and fodder from the Backside Common; 6th, demolishing a dyke above the Bridgend of Culter; 7th, hounding and chasing of Menzies, his family, his men, tenants and servants, off their own part of the White Common. To such an extent did the quarrel go, that neither of them communicated in Culter church, for which Mr Currie, the minister, was ordained to summon them before the Presbytery of Lanark on 20th April, 1637; and they having appeared on 25th May, confessed their not communicating, alleging malice and variance as the cause thereof. bytery ordained them to confess their fault publicly, out of their own seats, and then quietly to deal with them. The Presbytery resolved, because they have both promised faithfully, under the pain of double penalty, at the next occasion to communicate.

Mr Menzies married Jane Baillie, daughter of Sir W. Baillie of Lamington. They lived at Culter-Allers. Mr Menzies, 2d, left the following children:—A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 3d; J. Menzies, who acquired the lands of Over, Nether, and Middle Hangingshaw by disposition from his eldest brother on 1st Jan., 1650; W. Menzies; S. Menzies, who bought the lands of Unthank, 12th April, 1666; Miss — Menzies, married J. Bertram of Nisbet, 15th Sept., 1642.

A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 3d, obtained a precept of clare constated from J. Menzies of Enoch, the superior, for infefting him as heir to his father in the lands of Culter-Allis, half of the lands of Baldonisgill, the lands of Gairdner's Land, thirteen oxgang of land in the town of Culter, half of the mill and mill lands of Culter, seven oxgangs of land in the town of Culter—which belonged to D. Menzies, nephew and heir to D. Menzies, portioner of Culter, the lands of Snaip, four oxgangs, called the Cowlands Oxgang, the Brewland house and garden, at the mill of Culter, the lands of Wyndynhill, half of the lands of Windgillfutt, the other half of Baldonisgill. This deed is dated 16th Nov., 1647; infeftment, etc., followed.

Mr Menzies, 3d, entered into a contract of alienation with James Menzies of Enoch, the superior, whereby the said J. Menzies sold to him the half of the lands and half mill of Culter; the contract is dated 17th Nov., 1647, upon which a charter of resignation was obtained from the Crown on 23d July, 1649. Mr Menzies, 3d, entered into a contract with Sir W. Baillie of Lamington, whereby Sir William sold him, but under reversion on payment of the consideration money, his half of the barony of Coulter, with the patronage of the kirk of Coulter; this deed is dated 6th July, 1665. It is not known whether the lands sold him were redeemed or not, but the Menzies family

seem never to have presented to the kirk of Coulter.

Mr Menzies, 3d, was a Commissioner of Supply by Act of Parliament, 23d April, 1685. Mr Menzies, 3d, built a waulk-mill and dwelling-house on part of the ten-pound land of Culter belonging to him; and John Brown of Culter-Mains, although he did not make the least interruption thereto, yet, after the same was finished, and notwithstanding that Mr Menzies had served law-borrows against him, the said John Brown, in manifest contempt thereof, and of the laws of the realm, being accompanied with J. Vallange, tennent there, J. Brown there, W. Brown, miller there, Luke Vallange, son to the said J. Vallange, J. Patoun there, Mungo Inglis there, A. Inglis there, and divers others, accomplices; all armed with swords, pistols, axes, and other instruments, did, upon the —— day of July, 1681, come to the ground of the said lands, and there most illegally, by violence and oppression, did demolish the said dwelling-house, and rendered the same uninhabi-Mr Menzies obtained criminal letters, with concurrence of the Lord Advocate, against Mr Brown, dated 30th July, 1681.

Mr Menzies, 3d, married, first, Jeane Seton, daughter of the late Sir John Seton of St Germans, and by contract of marriage, dated 5th May, 1648, he conveyed to her in liferent, during her lifetime, and to the heirs male of the marriage, whom failing, to his heirs male or of line whatsomever, the lands of Culteralloris, half of Baldonisgill, Gairdner's Land, thirteen oxengate of land in Culter, mill of Culter, seven oxengate of land in Culter, Snaip, the Cowland, the Brewland, house and yard at the mill of Culter, Windynhill, Windgillfutt, the other half of Baldonisgill. Mr Menzies, 3d, built part of the present house of Culter, and planted most of the trees, most probably about

the time of his marriage. Mr Menzies, 3d, married, second, Isobel Sandilands, and, third, Mary Hepburn, daughter of — Hepburn, and widow of the late Geo. Livingtone of Saltcoats, Haddingtonshire. Mr Menzies, 3d, had, by his first marriage, A. Menzies, 4th, yr. of

Culter-Allers; J. Menzies, advocate, Edinburgh.

The lands of Unthank were possessed by John Gifford, by charter from Alexander, Lord Seton, dated 27th July, 1338; from him they passed to Elizabeth Gifford, spouse of Hugh de Spensa, by charter from Lord Douglas, dated 10th April, 1381. They appear to have been in the family of Spens till 15th March, 1501, without titles. when they were acquired by George Trotter, sister's son, and one of the heirs of the late Edmond Spens of Unthank, and Elizabeth Spens, sister, and another of the heirs of the said Edmond Spens, and spouse to Philip —, by letter of reversion by A. Spens, son of W. Spens of Unthank, for payment of 18 merks. James Hamilton of Finart acquired the lands of Unthank by charter from A. Spens on 14th April, 1528; and on 29th March, 1541, Alexander, Lord Livingston, the superior, granted the non-entry, ward duties, etc., of the lands of Unthank, then occupied by Wm. Bailzie of Bagbie since the death of the late Edmond Spens, Richard Bailzie, father to W. Bailzie, to Geo. Trotter, therein designed of Prentenan, and Elizabeth Hop Pringle, his spouse. Mr and Mrs Trotter got a charter of confirmation from Lord Livingston, the superior, of the lands of Unthank, on 29th March, 1541; and on 24th April, 1574, the lands of Unthank were sold by them to William Bailzie of Bagbie. is made of this gentleman in Pitcairn's Criminal Trials, Vol. I., p. 127, as having been a juror on the trial of John Steill, alias Kempy Steill, Adam and Richard Bell, convicted by an assize, and hanged for common theft and reset of theft, of common murder and rape, and for intercommuning with English thieves and traitors, before James Preston, provost of Edinburgh, depute-justiciary, 30th Jan., 1524-5. And again, at p. 382—Convocation—invading James, Lord Somerville, 1555, Nov. 22. W. Baillie of Bagbie, Nicholas, his brother, Michael Shorte, his servant, and three others, were replegiated by James, Earl of Mortoune, to his regality of Dalkeith, to underly the law, on Jan. 17, next, for convocation of the lieges, to the number of six score persons, armed in warlike manner, and invading James. Lord Somerville, for his slaughter, committed on 1st Oct., last. Symontoune of that ilk became surety.

A. Bailzie of Bagbie succeeded his father in the lands of Unthank. This gentleman was appointed ruling elder to the Presbytery of Lanark for the parish of Roberton on 18th July, 1639. Mr A. Bailzie never made up any titles to Unthank; he executed, however, a disposition of it, containing a procuratory of resignation in favour of his son, Major Alex. Baillie of Bagbie, who, on 19th July, 1642, obtained a charter of resignation of the said lands from Sir W. Baillie of Lamington, the superior, who had acquired the half of the barony of Culter, and the patronage of the kirk of Culter, by disposition from

the Earl of Linlithgow, on 27th May, 1632. Major Claud Baillie, brother to Major A. Baillie, obtained a precept of clare constat from Sir W. Baillie, for infefting him as heir to his brother in said lands, on 12th Nov., 1644. From him the lands of Unthank passed to Sam. Menzies, brother to A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 3d, by disposition dated 12th April, 1666, and on 6th Sept., 1673, they were sold by S. Menzies to A. Menzies, younger of Culter-Allers, 4th.

The lands of Birthwood are previously mentioned as having been feued by the Earl of Linlithgow to W. Lindsay previous to the year 1632. Andw. Lindsay, his son, married Margt. Menzies, daughter of — Menzies, who succeeded him therein; they afterwards were ac-

quired by A. Menzies, younger of Culter-Allers, 4th.

A. Menzies, younger of Culter-Allers, 4th, was appointed one of the Commissioners of Supply, and Lieutenant of the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire Militia, by Act of the first Parliament of the Prince of Orange, 14th March, 1689. A. Menzies, younger of Culter-Allers, 4th, resided chiefly at Birthwood, and farmed it along with the farm of Culter-Allers. He was a person of dissipated habits, and was drowned in 1689, while crossing the Clyde at the ford at Culter-Mains when

intoxicated. The ford since called Sandy's Ford.

A. Menzies, 4th, yr. of Culter-Allers, married, first, Anne Blair, daughter of Sir Adam Blair of Carberrie, Knight, and by contract of marriage between them, dated 4th Nov., 1671, he, with consent of his father, conveyed the lands of Culter-Allers, Badronsgill, Woodlands, Snaip, Windyhill, half of Windgillfoot, Dambrae, alias Isobelhill, Unthank, part of the ten-pound land of Coulter (except the Maynes of Coulter, then possessed by A. Menzies, 3d), to himself, and the heirs male of the marriage, whom failing, to return to the heirs male of the said A. Menzies, 3d. There were no children of A. Menzies, 4th, married, second, Mary Livington, the marriage. second daughter of George Livington, Saltcoats, by whom he had two children:-A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 5th; Margt. Menzies, who married, first, — Hamilton of Pencaitland; second, the Hon. — Carmichael of Skirling, son of the Earl of Hyndford. Mrs Menzies, while Miss Livington, and her mother, Mrs Mary Hepburn, are mentioned by Wodrow as fined for being present at a conventicle.

A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, 5th, advocate, obtained from his grandfather, on 12th May, 1691, a precept of clare constat, for infefting him as heir to his father in the lands of Birthwood and Stanegill, half of the lands of Windgillfoot, the lands of Dambrae, with the commonty of the six oxgate of land formerly possessed by A. Mitchell, also the commonty of the six oxgates of land formerly possessed by W. Brown, with the commonty of that oxgate of land formerly possessed by J. Brown, the lands of Unthank, the lands of Isobel-hill—commonly called the Dambrae, with proportional part of the White Common of Culter belonging to them, two oxengate of land of the town and lands of Wolfelyde—formerly belonging to A. Jobson, six oxengate of land in the town of Culter—formerly possessed by A. Mitchell. Alex.

Menzies, 5th, on 11th April, 1701, served heir in general to his grandfather, and was infeft in the half lands and half myln of Coulter; and on 24th Aug., 1702, he obtained a charter of confirmation, from the Crown, of the half of the lands, barony, and mill of Culter, comprehending the lands of Culter-Allers, the lands of Badingsgill, half of the lands of Windgillfoot, half of the lands of Nisbet, Snaip, half of the ten-pound land of Culter, and commonty called the White Common, the lands of Easter, Wester, and Nether Hangingshaw, the lands called Gardner's Land, the lands of Windhill, half of the mill of Culter and mill lands, the third part of the lands of Wolfelyde, the lands of Cassawend; and on 5th Oct., 1732, he obtained a precept of clare constat from Margaret, Lady Baillie of Lamington, for infefting him as heir to his grandfather in half of the mill of Culter, the lands of Woodlands, three oxgate of land in the town of Culter, that oxgate of land in the town of Culter lying contiguous to the Stanecroft, and those four oxgates of land in the town of Culter formerly occupied by A. Menzies, 5th, seems to have possessed other lands in Culter, without titles, in particular the lands of Eastmains and Shaw, the lands of Gardner's Land, half of the mill and mill land of Culter, the third part of Wolfelyde, Dambrae alias Isobel-hill, another third part of Wolfelyde, and the third part of Wolfelyde.

A. Menzies, 5th, was appointed a Commissioner of Supply by Act

of Parliament, 8th Sept., 1696, and again subsequently.

The family of Menzies, Culter-Allers, seems to have been at its zenith at the commencement of the incumbency of A. Menzies, 5th. He possessed the whole of the parish of Culter but Culter-Mains and the portion of Nisbet belonging to the Bertrams. A. Menzies, 5th, married Mary Menzies, daughter of Sir W. Menzies of Gladstaines, but had no family. A. Menzies became security for his wife's brother, T. Menzies, and in process of time got quit of almost all of the above property. By disposition dated 9th Feb., 1733, and recorded in the books of Council and Session, 9th March, 1736, he sold to William Dickson of Kilbucho, the lands and estate of Culter, including the lands of Easter, Wester, and Nether Hangingshaw and Unthank; the lands of Birthwood, and Standgill, and Windgillfoot; in 1736, when he died, he had only the lands of Culter-Allers, Badingsgill, Woodlands, half of the lands of Windgillfoot, Snaip, Windyhill, commonty called the White Common, and the manor place of Culter.

R. Menzies, Writer to the Signet, son of Dr J. Menzies, who was son of J. Menzies, advocate, 2d son of A. Menzies, 3d, served heir in special to A. Menzies, 5th, in the lands he possessed at his death. He also got the Mosshead Park, by disposition, from Wm. Dickson of Kilbucho. R. Menzies built a great part of the mansion house at Culter, and the stables, and altered the avenue, which previously ran across the front park, to its present place, and planted the trees in the present avenue. He also enclosed the house park with a stone and lime wall. Part of the present glebe of Culter, called Gardiner's Rig and Salmon Riggs, then belonged to Mr Menzies, and part of the park at Culter

formed part of the glebe at Culter. The old school-house of Culter stood within the enclosure, and the school-green was behind it. A petition was presented by Mr Menzies, for an excambion, to the Presbytery of Biggar, which was granted, and the school-green and part of the glebe of Culter was given off to Mr Menzies in exchange for Gardiner's Rig and Salmon Rigs.

R. Menzies was of a litigious disposition, and at the time of his death, in 1769, he left his affairs in a state of bankruptcy, and his lands were sold to Mr Jas. Baillie, writer in Edinburgh. Mr Menzies married Margt. Thomson, daughter of the Rev. J. Thomson, minister

of West Libberton, by whom he had no family.

Mr James Baillie above mentioned was a son of Mr George Baillie of Hardingtoun and Bagbie, and grandson of Mr Jas. Baillie, Writer to the Signet, who purchased these properties in 1721. J. Baillie's father was A. Baillie of Hillhouse, son of R. Baillie, brother of Major Claud Baillie, and son of a Baillie of Bagbie and Unthank before mentioned. In 1701, J. Baillie, W.S., sat as a juryman on the service of A. Menzies, 5th, and in the retour he is designed "of Wells." He is mentioned in the history of the family of Baillie of Lamingtoun as being "son of — Baillie of Hillhouse, who was brother-german to Mr William Baillie of Hardington."

The lands of Coulter-Allers, Badingsgill, Woodlands, Snaip, with the common called the White Common, the manor place of Culter, the superiority of the lands of Easter, Wester, and Nether Hangingshaw, and tack of the lands of Windyhill and Paddock Pool, were purchased by J. Baillie for £7400 sterling, by decreet of sale dated 7th Aug., 1771. Mr Baillie obtained a charter of sale from the Crown and was infeft on the precept therein contained, and the

sasine is recorded in the General Register, 30th March, 1772.

Wm. Dickson of Kilbucho disponed the lands he acquired from A. Menzies, 5th, to his son J. Dickson, on 11th Feb., 1760. He sat for some years as member of Parliament for the county of Peebles. Dickson built North Coulter House, the property of Mr Sim. Dickson having become embarrassed, granted a trust disposition in favour of trustees for his creditors of his whole estate on 11th June, 1768, which was ratified after his death by D. Dickson, his brother and heir, on 25th Nov., 1771. D. Dickson was at one time a writer in Edinburgh, he afterwards entered the church, and became minister of Kilbucho and afterwards of Newlands. General William Dickson, his eldest son, acquired the lands sold by A. Menzies, 5th, by disposition from his uncle's trustees on 11th Aug., 1775; and the Rev. D. Dickson and his son the General having become embarrassed, conveyed their property to trustees on 7th Sept., 1774, by which the trustees acquired right to the property purchased by Gen. Dick-Gen. Dickson and his trustees sold the lands and estate of Coulter to J. Dickson, advocate, brother of the General, on 22d Nov., 1777, and J. Dickson bought the superiority of the said estate from Lady Ross Baillie of Lamington in the same year.

Mr Dickson sold to Mr J. Baillie of Coulter-Allers, the lands of Easter, Wester, and Nether Hangingshaw, part of Westfield, Templedale, and Unthank, with the multures of these and his other lands, by disposition dated 19th March, 1778, and renounced his right to

redeem the superiority of Hangingshaw the same day.

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Mr Dickson not having retained a crown-holding of sufficient extent to constitute the right of voting, Mr Baillie redisponed the lands of Unthank to Mr Dickson, and on 25th Dec., 1786, Mr Dickson executed a feu-charter in Mr Baillie's favour of the lands of Unthank, part of Westfield, the lands of Windyhill and Paddock Pool, piece of ground at Culter Bridge and Simpson's Park, for a feuduty of ten shillings Scots.

Mr Dickson executed another feu-charter of the mill and mill lands of Culter, the lands of Westfield, Simerton and Gardiner's lands, with the multures of Birthwood, in favour of Mr Baillie, on

11th April, 1787, for a feu-duty of ten shillings Scots.

Mr Baillie executed a deed of entail of the above lands in favour of himself and heirs, whom failing, in favour of his grand-nephew, Mr Robert Granbery Baillie. Mr Baillie died in 1818; he was succeeded by R. G. Baillie, who died 13th October, 1863; succeeded by his son, J. W. Baillie.

Mr Dickson feued the lands of Culter Park to A. Lindsay, school-master at South Leith, for a payment down of £980, and a feu-duty of twelve shillings Scots, on 6th Jan., 1787; and W. Lindsay, merchant in Leith, his son, sold them to Mr R. G. Baillie in Feb., 1820.

Mr Dickson sold the lands of Birthwood to Mr Jas. Denholm; from him they passed to his son, W. Denholm, and to his grandson, Hum. Denholm, and on his death they were purchased by R. Paterson, and are now in possession of his son, the present proprietor.

The lands of Coulter, with the superiority of Unthank, Culter Park, Mill and Mill Lands, Cornhill and Shaw, were purchased by Mr Sim from the representatives of the late J. Dickson, in 1836.

The lands of Wolfclyde, Causeyend, Eastfield or Manor Place of

Culter, are still the property of D. Dickson of Hartree.

The lands of Cornhill were feued by J. Dickson to Geo. Gillespie of Biggar Park, from whom they passed to R. Bruce Campbell, brewer in Edinburgh, by purchase, and from whom they were pur-

chased by W. Handyside, the present proprietor.

It is supposed that the part of Nisbet, that belonged to Culter-Allers, must have been purchased from A. Menzies, 5th. The Bertrams of Nisbet seem to have possessed that estate from a remote period. The furthest back known to me is William Bertram, designed portioner of Nisbet. He seems to have been born previous to the year 1600. He married —, and had two sons, John his successor, and the Rev. A. Bertram, minister at Kilbucho. W. Bertram possessed part of the farm of Culter Park called the Dambrae, to which his son A. was to succeed at his death. He was succeeded by his son J. Bertram, who married — Menzies, daughter of A. Menzies of Culter-

Allers, 2d. Mrs Bertram died in 1642. J. Bertram was succeeded by his son A. Bertram, who married Grizel Muir (presumed to have been a daughter of Muir of Anniston). He erected the Nisbet burying-place in Culter church-yard in 1701. He possessed the lands of How-cleugh and Crimp Cramp in the parish of Crawford, in addition to those of Nisbet. He left—Wm., his heir, A. Bertram, W.S., Janet, married to

Rev. J. Forrester, minister at Culter, and other daughters.

W. Bertram was appointed, by the Court of Session, factor on the estate of Hardington and Bagbie. He was appointed factor to the Duke of Douglas. He purchased the lands of Kerswell, in the parish of Carnwath, in —. He married Cecilia Kennedy, daughter of Gilbert Kennedy of Auchtifardle, and left—A. Bertram, his heir; Gilbert Bertram, merchant and banker in Edinburgh, who married Grizel Hay, daughter of John Hay of Haystone; Euphemia Bertram, married George Baillie of Hardington; Anne, married the Rev. John Brown of Culter-Mains; Cecilia, married Hugh Mossman, writer in Edinburgh; Jane, married Henry Ferguson.

Archd. Bertram, born —. In 1745 he and several neighbouring proprietors apprehended a number of the rebels in the parish of Lamington. The rebels were confined in church all night, and sent to Lanark next day. He married Miss M. Porterfield, daughter of J. Porterfield of Fulwood, Ayrshire, and left—Wm., his heir; A. Bertram, for many years a physician in Hull, afterwards in Lanark; Jane, married

A. Lockhart of Cleghorn and Wiston; and other issue.

Col. Wm. Bertram, born —, and married Jane Lockhart, daughter of Sir Wm. Lockhart, and left—Wm., his heir; Allan, commander in the navy; Cecilia, married to Jas. Macallan, W.S.; and other issue.

Major W. Bertram, H.E.I.C.S., born 1788; married Louise Le Pere, from Mauritius, died 1839, leaving W. Bertram, the present proprietor of Nisbet, Howcleugh, Crimp Cramp, and Kerswell.

W. Bertram was born 23d April, 1826; was in the army; married

Adelaide Bertram, widow of J. D. Collyer, and has issue.

The parish of Culter was a rectory. The names of the rectors, as

shown by the Origines Parochiales Scotiae, are:-

Sir Richard, parson of Cultyr—witness to deeds between 1208 and 1211, and in 1228-9—between 1208-1232; Mr Pieres Tylliol, parson of Culter, swore fealty to Edward I. in 1296; Thos. of Balkask, rector of Culter in 1388; Mr Geo. Schoviswood was rector in 1449-1450—Bishop of Brechin and Chancellor of Scotland from 1456 to 1460; W. Halkerstone, presented to the benefice between 1482-84.

The deeds in the Culter-Allers charter chest show the Hon. and Rev. Jas. Livingston, son of the Earl of Linlithgow, designed parson of Culter, in a deed dated 29th Mar., 1541; and the *Orig. Par. Scot.* men-

tions Arch. Livingston parson of Culter at the Reformation.

The Rev. R. Somerville, minister at Culter, let a lease of the teinds to Alexander, Earl of Linlithgow, on 17th Feb., 1607, for 19 years, at a rent of 300 merks Scots, or £16 13s 4d sterling, which was prorogate by the Commission on 10th Dec., 1617, for 36 years, at a

yearly rent of 520 merks Scots, or £28 17s 9 d sterling. Mr Somerville died about 1642. On 5th Sept., 1633, he was censured and sharply reproved by the Presbytery of Lanark for leaving his

flock and going to a burial on the Sabbath-day.

The Rev. J. Currie succeeded Mr Somerville at Culter, and mention is made of him, as of Culter, on 20th April, 1637; and in 1643 he entered into a contract with his patron, Sir W. Baillie of Lamington, and his heritors, A. Menzies of Culter-Alloris, 2d, W. Bertram, portioner of Nisbet, J. Bertram and (the Rev.) Mr A. Bertram (minister at Kilbucho), his sons, J. Menzies of Wolfelyde, T. Muir there, A. Jobson there, and A. Mitchell, portioner in Culter, whereby they agreed that the stipend to the minister of Coulter and his successors, in all time coming, should be 650 merks Scots, or £36 2s 2^a/₁₀d sterling, and 20 merks yearly for communion elements, to be paid in terms of the following locality:—

one reme many.			
1. A. Menzies of Culter-Allers, for lands of Culter-			
Allers, Badronsye, Woodlands, Snow, Windinghill, half			
of Windingillfoot, the Four Shilling Land sometime per-			
taining to the deceased S. Black, being one-fourth part			
of the Sixteen Shilling Land of the town of Coulter,	Merk	800	ta.
Gardiner's Land, Mill Lands, Seryan Acre, and Brewland,	185	0	0
2. A. and J. Bertram,	52	0	0
3. W. Bertram, for lands of Dambrae,	18	0	0
4. J. Menzies for the 20s Lands of Wolfelyde, -	22	6	8
5. T. Muir for the Six Shilling Land of Wolfelyde,	11	3	4
6. A. Jobson for the Ten Shilling Land of Wolfelyde,	11	3	4
7. A. Mitchell,	20	0	0
8. Sir W. Baillie for Hangingshaw,	20	0	0
9. Sir W. Baillie, out of the teinds of the other lands			
in the parish not specially allocated,	310	0	0
	650	0	0
And for communion elements,	20	0	0
•	070		_
	670	U_	

During the incumbency of Mr Currie a process was brought against Molly M'Watt in Nisbet for witchcraft, which terminated without producing any remarkable result. During Mr Currie's incumbency, the brethren of the Presbytery, on 25th May, 1637, finding the church of Coulter to want a bell, and the church-yard dyke not built, was appointed with the consent of the parochiners the 15th day of June for their pastor and heritors to condescend upon a taxation for the buying of a bell, and building of the church-yard dyke. And on 8th June Mr Currie reports that his parochiners of Coulter have promised to have a bell for the church bought, the quire of the church and the church-yard dyke built betwixt and Martinmas next. A letter from the Rev. J. Forrester, minister at Culter, to R. Menzies, W.S.,

states, that Mr Currie was laid under sentence by the Presbytery in

1653, and that he does not act as minister afterwards.

The Rev. Anthony Murray was admitted minister at Culter 8th Aug., 1654. He was a Presbyterian, and is said to have been "an eminently, godly, learned, famous, faithful minister of the Lord Jesus Christ." He continued at Culter till 1663, when he was ejected for nonconformity. He was also a surgeon, and when ejected from his living, practised in that capacity, and it is believed acted as factor to the Earl of Wigtown. He bequeathed a sum of money to the kirksession of Culter, the interest to educate poor children.

The Rev. Patrick Trent was admitted minister at Culter at the ejection of Mr Murray. He was an Episcopalian. The proceedings of the Presbytery of Lanark state that he was one of a Committee of Presbytery appointed to perambulate the parishes of Libberton and Quothquhan. Mr Trent seems to have left Culter in 1672; and in Lawson's History of the Scot. Epis. Church, a Mr Pat. Trent is mentioned at Linlithgow. As the Earl of Linlithgow was patron of Culter, and held a great part of the land there, it is probable that Mr

Trent, minister at Linlithgow, was formerly at Culter.

The Rev. A. Murray returned to his charge at the departure of Mr

Trent in Dec., 1672, but was again removed from it.

The Rev. John Menzies was minister at Culter from the second removal of Mr Murray till the Revolution of 1688, and was probably an Episcopalian. The Rev. A. Murray returned to his charge at the Revolution, and continued at Culter till his death in 1692.

The Rev. W. Russell was admitted minister at Culter in 1692, and continued till 11th May, 1693, when he was translated to Morham in Haddingtonshire. The heritors petitioned the Presbytery to

moderate in a call to Mr Russell.

The Rev. T. Colthart was admitted minister at Culter on 27th Sept., 1694. Being unpopular in the parish, he resigned his living on 11th Sept., 1696. After Mr Colthart's resignation there seems to have been no fixed minister at Culter till 26th Jan., 1700, when the Rev. J. Forrester was appointed on a petition from the heritors. He was much respected in the parish. He kept the session records with his own hands, and with great accuracy. He died in the year 1750, and was the last of the ministers of Culter who lived in the present school-house, which was formerly the manse.

The Rev. J. Brown of Culter-Mains, minister at Symington, was appointed to Culter on the death of Mr Forrester. He was much

respected, resided at Culter-Mains, and died in the year 1769.

The Rev. W. Lockhart succeeded Mr Brown as minister at Culter. At his appointment, the glebe of Culter ran straight up Eastmains Hill, and did not contain the statutory quantity of arable land. Mr Lockhart would not accept of the glebe as it then stood, and insisted on having the proper quantity of arable land. The exchange appears to have been effected about the year 1774, when there was added to the glebe, off the farm of Eastmains, 4 acres 3 roods 30 falls, at £1 1s

per acre, worth annually £5 3s 8½ths, and 3 acres 3 roods 32 falls, at 7s per acre, worth annually £1 7s 4d. Mr Lockhart resided at Culter Mains for the few first years of his ministry, the old manse was let, and the present manse built for him about 1774.

Mr Lockhart was translated to Glasgow about the year 1784, and was succeeded by the Rev. W. Strachan. In his incumbency an augmentation was awarded, which exhausted the teinds of the parish, and which was converted into money, and which is the locality upon which the stipend is drawn at present.

INCREASE IN VALUE OF FARMS ON CULTER-ALLERS ESTATE.

CULTER-ALLERS and Snaipe let in 1672, for 1777 merks Scots, or 93l. 11s. 10d. sterling; 1673, for 2000 merks, or 100l. 8s. 4d.; 1778, for 225l.; 1783, for 250l.; 1797, for 290l.; 1809, for 530l.; 1822, for 480l.; 1841, for 530l.; and 1860, for 680l.; terms 19 years; increase 586l. 8s. 2d. Terms, thirlage, "their haill corn except the seed," 1672; "his haill grindable corns, and to pay multure, with knaveship and bannock," 1673; their "haill grindable corn," 1673; "haill grindable corn," 1757; "whole grindable corn, and to pay every 13th boll of multure meal," 1778; "whole grindable victual," 1797; in 1809, 1822, 1841, 1860, no thirlage. Rent in kind; 1672, "to graze fourty hogs yearly;" 1673, "carriage of 50 loads of coals, and oatmeal 2 b. 2 p.;" 1797, "hens 6, chickens 6, sucking lambs 2;" do. 1809, 1822, "wedder, one 3-years' old, 2 sucking lambs;" do. 1841; do. 1860; with 6l. 14s. 1d. per ann. on every 100l. spent by the proprietor on improvements on the farm.

Mill and farm of Culter, 1691, no money-rent for the mill, but to give eight days' work a-year about the Manor house; for the farm to pay yearly "for the knaveship and bannock, six bolls of oatmeal, and for the mill-land six bolls, half-meal half-bear, charitied under deduction of half a boll thereof for the first year, to pay 4 capons, 20 hens, and carry six loads of coals yearly." In 1696, mill rent 24l. Scots, or 2l. sterling, with 2 bolls malt, 2 bear, 4 meal, "8 kain hens, 4 do. capons;" 1749, Scots 42l., or 3l. 10s. sterling. In 1778, rent 23l., with 16 bolls clad oatmeal; 1787, mill rent 11l. 10s.; 1816, mill rent, with land added 192l., and "21 good hens, 21 chickens, and

the carriage of 21 load of coal."

Birthwood, half of, in 1717, rent 69l. 0s. 2d., "to pasture forty sheep;" thirlage, "their grindable corn, to pay the twenty-fourth corn." Culter-Park, 1749, Scots 33l. 6s. 8d., sterling 2l. 15s. 6d.; 1782, sterling 4ll. 10s.; 1815, 124l.; 1823, 127l. 5s. 10d.; 1834, 120l.; 1842, 160l.; 1850, 160l.; 1861, 180l., with 6l. 14s. 1d. interest on outlay. Rent in kind, 1834, 12 good hens, 12 chickens, driving of 20 loads coals, and so continues—thirlage none.

Unthank rental, 1749, Scots 66l. 13s. 4d.; sterling 5l. 10s. 11d.; 1777, rent 35l.; 1796, 44l.; 1815, 115l.; 1834, 120l.; 1853, 134l. and $5^{\circ}/_{\circ}$ on outlay; rental in kind, 1815, 6 good hens, 6 chickens, carriage of 6 loads coals, so continues; thirlage, "whole grindable corn (seed and horse corn excepted); in 1834, 1853, no thirlage.

Middle-Hangingshaw rental, 1796, 33l; 1815, 90l.; 1834, 90l.; 1841, 110l., with 6l. 14s. 1% on outlay; rent in kind, 6 hens, 6 chickens, and carriage of 6 loads of coals, and so continues; thirlage, all grindable victual, except 5 bolls of oats, seed, and horse corn; since 1834, free of thirlage. Upper Hangingshaw, rental 1815, 152l.; 1834, 115l.; 1841, 122l.; 1843, 111l.; rental in kind, 1815, 12 good hens, 12 chickens, and carriage of 12 loads of coals, and so continues; thirlage, none since 1815. Nether-Hangingshaw, rent in 1777, 53l.; 1796, 65l.; 1815, 75l.; 1834, 146l.; 1853, 155l.; add rent in kind, 1796, 6 hens, 6 chickens, and carriage of 6 loads of coal; 1834, 12 good hens, 12 chickens, and carriage of 20 loads of coals; thirlage, 1777, all grindable corns and victuals, seed corn only excepted; 1796, all grindable victual, except 10 bolls of oats, seed, and horse corn; 1815, all grindable victuals, except as in 1796; since then, free of thirlage. Coulter-Mains, rent, in 1766, 86l. 3s. 4d.

Locality of the Stipend of Culter.—1. Valued teinds of Culter-Allers. Snaipe, park and enclosures, as obtained Feb. 8, 1775, 35l. 5s. 91d. 2. Teinds, valued July 8, 1778, Unthank, 4l. 19s. 4ld.; Westfield, 4l. 5s. 9\frac{3}{4}d.; Hangingshaw-Nether, 9l.; Westfield-Croft, 1l. 13s. 4d.; Gardiner's land, 2l.; Hangingshaw, Upper and Middle, 8l. 8s. 31d.; Paddock's-pool and Windy-hill, 1l. 8s. 31d.; Temple-dale, 3s. 4d.; Simpson's Park, 1s. 8½d. 3. Valued teinds, July 8, 1778, Culter-Park, 6l. 11s. 7d. 4. Birthwood, valued Feb. 22, 1643, oats 1 b. 2 f. 1 p. $2\frac{1}{4}$ l.; bear 3 f. $3\frac{1}{3}$ l., and money, 5l. 17s. $9\frac{1}{3}d$. 5. Teinds for Nesbit, March 5, 1760, 16l. 16s. 8d. 6. Coulter-Mains and Cornhill, July 8, 1778, 36l. 4s. 21d. 7. Coulter-Maynes, 4th March, 1767, 10l. 11s. 4d. money, meal 12 b. 3 f.— $3\frac{1}{5}$ l. 8. Eastfield, Causewayend, and Wolfelyde, July 8, 1778, valued teinds 161 19s. 9. Teinds of lands in Kilbucho, annexed to Culter, 46l. 12s. Summation—oats, 1 b. 2 f. 1 p. $2\frac{2}{8}$ l; beans, — b. 3 f. — p. $3\frac{1}{5}$ L; meal, 12 b. 3 f. — p. $3\frac{1}{5}$ L; money, 204l. 19s. 11^{7} d.

MEMORIALL ANENT THE RIGHT TO THE TEINDS OF . THE LANDS DISPONED BY CULTER-ALLERS TO KILLBUCHO.

THERE being no laity titular, the teinds parsonage and viccarrage of the parish of Culter belonged to the minister, and Mr Robert Somervile, the then incumbent, set a tack of the teinds of the said haill parish parsonage and viccarrage to Alexander, Earl of Lithgow, his heirs, male, and successors for 19 years after expiry of the then current tack, and thereafter during the Earl's lifetime, and his heirs male, their lifetimes for the yearly payment to the minister of 300 merks; and this tack was—

10th December, 1617—By the commission, prorogate for two 19 years longer on account of the augmentation of the minister's

stipend at that time to 520 merks.

2d December, 1630.—The said Alexander, Earl of Lithgow, dispones to Sir William Baillie of Lammingtoun the superiority of the half of the barrony of Culter, with the right of patronage of the kirk in which Sir William was regularly infeft; and the Earl as-

signed to him the above tack and decreet of prorogation.

26th December, 1632.—Sir William having the right of patronage thus really establisht in his person, and right to the teinds in virtue of the above assignation, he, by a translation subscrived by him, conveys and makes over to Alexander Menzies of Culter-Allors, the 2d, the above tack and decreet of prorogation, with the assignation thereof in his favours, so far as concern'd or might be extended to the lands then belonging to him within the said parish. for payment to him, his heirs and successors, during the spaces foresaid, or in their option to the minister of Culter, of 160 merks Scots money for their relief of the above stipend of 520 merks protanto, and relieving them of all future augmentations, and contains this speciall clause: "And after the expiring of the spaces rexiv'd above expremit of the samen tacks rexiv'd above mentionat, evev as I sall present a new minister, and that my heirs and successors after me sall present new ministers to the said kirk, parsonage, and viccarrage thereof, that I, my heirs and successors, sall move and cause the said ministers, parsons, and viccarrs of the said kirk of Culter, with my consent, and with consent of my heirs or successors, patrons of the said kirk from time to time, set new tacks of the said teinds. parsonage, and viccarrage of the above lands to the said Allex. Menzies, and his aforesaids, for payt of the said proportional part of the said tack, duty, and minister's stipend effeiring to the rait and quantity of the said teinds at the terms foresaids, and be equal portions (as said is), and that for such space or spaces as may stand by the laws of this realm, and to denude ourselves of the right of the said teinds, parsonage, and viccarrage, with all title, kindness, and possession we have or may pretend thereto, in the person of the said Allexander Menzies, and his foresaids, be all other lawfull rgt. tittle and security et omni habile modo, and ye, I, my heirs and successors, patrons of the said kirk of Culter, sall consent to all tacks and right to be set by the ministers, parsons, and vicarrs of Culter from time to time at onie time heirafter, and sall never heirafter purchase onie tacks of the said teinds in my own person, or in the person or persons of my heirs and successors, or in the person or persons of onie others to my or their use and behoof, directly or indirectly; and in case I, my heirs or successors, sall dispone the right of the said patronage of the said kirk of Culter, that we sall take the parties in whose favours alienation sall be made oblist, to cause the ministers, parsons, and viccarrs of the said kirk of Culter, who sall happen to be heirafter prescribit, ratify and set new tacks of the said teinds to the said Allexander Menzies, in manner above mentionat, and that the sarnen pairties in whose favours alienation sall be made, sall be oblist to consent thereto in manner above."

In this shape stands the teinds of the whole lands disponed to Killbucho, except the lands of Birthwood, Standgill, and Windgillfoot, and Lindsay's six oxgangs, which are valued conform to a decreet of valuation dated 22d February, 1643; and the teind is fully exhausted by the minister's stipend, as appears from the decreet of locality, 1650. The lands of Unthank value, in stock and teind, converting the victual at £6 5s the boll (£211 10s Scots), which by said decreet of locality is burdened with £38 15s Scots of stipend. The lands of Hangingshaws value, in stock and teind, £601 13s 4d, which is burdened with 10 bolls victual, at 10 merk the boll, of stipend; and Mitchell's six oxgangs in Culter, reckoning them an eighth part of the ten pound land of Culter, value, in stock and teind, which is burdened with £12 10s Scots, or two bolls victual, payable to the ministers, per said decreet of locality; and which several quotas of stipend will fully exhaust the parsonage teinds, grazing being the most considerable article of these farms.

NOTES REGARDING THE PARISH OF DOUGLAS.

In the summer season, when viewed from the surrounding heights, the parish of Douglas presents a beautiful landscape of hill and dale, wood and stream. Douglas-water meanders through the whole length of the parish, and receives in its course several tributaries and streamlets which take their rise near from the adjoining hills; many of them make their way to Douglas-water through deep and romantic glens, on whose sides the geologist can trace, in regular order, the records of our primeval earth.

From the accession of the first Archibald, Lord Douglas of Douglas, to the present time, much has been done by that noble family to improve the natural aspect of this parish, in so far as they have planted large tracts of land upon sides of the hills that rise up from the vale of Douglas-water, and have given an air of fertility to a district formerly bleak and wild. One of the principal features of the land-scape is Douglas Castle, with its parks, lawns, lakes, woods, and gardens, now one of the seats of the right honourable Lucy Elizabeth Douglas of Douglas, Countess of Home, and formerly the residence of the great and warlike house of Douglas, who occupy such a prominent part in the annals of our country.

The present castle was built by the Duke of Douglas in the year 1760, and is still unfinished. It is situated upon an eminence near

APPENDIX. 161

the site of the old Castle Dangerous. Some years ago this was ascertained, when an embankment, stakes, etc., were found at the base, put in to prevent the water from encroaching upon the mound. This eminence is abrupt on almost all sides, and Douglas-water appears to have at one time swept round a considerable part of its base, the intervening space being occupied by a wall and moat.

Near the present building stands one of the towers of the former castle, which was burned upon the 11th of December, 1758; the fire, as is stated in the public journals of that time, commenced in a small room adjoining the Duchess' bed-room, and all her ladyship's jewels, etc., with the whole of the furniture in the upper part of the house,

were then completely destroyed.

The castle is surrounded with many venerable ash and plane trees that must have stood the blast of centuries. One of them is still pointed out as the tree on which the "Englishmen were hanged." The Douglas family have expended large sums in improving and beautifying the grounds and scenery around Douglas Castle, and the garden is beautifully laid off; and has lately received certain improvements by the Earl of Home.

Turnpike Roads.—The Edinburgh and Ayr turnpike road, under the Corsethill Trust, runs through the whole length of the parish (11 miles), and is intersected at Douglas Mill by the Glasgow and Carlisle road, which runs along the east side of the parish for about five miles; so that in the good old times of the mail-coach, Douglas

enjoyed advantages superior to most of its neighbours.

Tolls.—1st. Douglas Mill Toll, about two and a-half miles from Douglas, and five and a-half from Lesmahagow (now removed to Happendon Bridge, being two or three hundred yards to the north of its former site), on the Glasgow and Carlisle road; 2d. Check bar to said toll, at Parkhead, about a mile to the south of Douglas Mill; 3d. Weston Toll, on the Edinburgh and Ayr road, about two miles to the west of Douglas; 4th. Check bar to Moorfoot Toll, at Uddington, about two and three-quarter miles to the east of Douglas. The revenue from these bars, for the year 1860, is above £400.

Parish Roads.—The principal are:—1st. The road from the Carlisle road, near Parkhead, to the Wildshaw Limeworks, and thence to the neighbouring parish of Wiston and Roberton; 2d. The road from the Glasgow and Ayr road, at Jeanfield, to Earlsmill, the Glespin coal works, Andershaw, and the adjoining parish of Crawfordjohn; 3d. The road to Lanark from Happendon Bridge, running along the north side of Douglas-water to the adjoining parish of Lesmahagow; 4th. The road from Douglas village, by Braehead, the glebe, Springhill, and Kirktondyke, leading towards the parish of Crawfordjohn. The total length of parish roads is 21 miles, and the annual expense for keeping these in repair amounts to £117, raised by an assessment on 50 ploughgates at 42s, and 24 horses at 10s 6d.

Many of the stones employed in the building of the present castle were obtained from the lands of Cormacoup, a distance of four miles, and were conveyed upon a rude and simple machine called a Slipe, drawn by one horse. This carriage was about two yards square, and was formed by planks nailed across two pieces of wood, formed somewhat like the keel of a ship, for the purpose of gliding along the ground, and supplied the place of the more modern invention of wheels, and, often could only convey one stone at a time.

An old inhabitant, alive in 1820, was wont to relate that he recollected the time when all the coals were brought to the town from Burnhouse in sacks thrown across the horses' backs; that there

were no regular roads at that time, and no carts.

Bridges.—The only bridges worthy of notice are—(1) the Happendon Bridge, on the Carlisle road, across Douglas-water, near to the grand entrance to Douglas Castle; (2) Jeanfield Bridge, on the Edinburgh and Ayr road, across Douglas-water, and about two and three-

quarter miles to the west of the town of Douglas.

Woods.—The plantations in this parish are extensive, and cover 1600 acres, consisting principally of larch, spruce, and Scotch fir—the timber of which is found to be of superior quality, and was largely used in the formation of the Caledonian Railway, and there are some very fine old ash and plane trees scattered over the Douglas estate, evidently pointing out the sites of former steadings. When the principal war instrument was the bow and arrow, and the highest ornament on the table a wooden bowl, each man was bound to plant a certain number of ash and plane trees around his house, the former for the bows, and the latter for the household utensils.

In the hurricane of 7th February, 1856, 15,217 trees above twelve feet in length, and six inches in diameter at the small end, were overthrown, and many of these of strong dimensions were

actually snapped through at the middle.

Land.—This being in a great measure a pastoral district, the arable portion is confined almost entirely to the vale of Douglaswater, and the soil being of a loose, sandy description, the crops are as early as in the lower parts of the county. As the hills are clothed to their summits with a thick, green verdure, the sheep farms in this parish are held in high repute by store farmers.

In 1774, the annual value of the lands in the parish was £2496

9s 11d, it is now £9004 17s 2d.

From documents still extant it is found that, 26th Dec., 1755, a gentleman sold 2 cows for £4 18s; 1st Nov., 1756, James Gillespie, tenant in Bodinglee, paid to a person in this parish for a "fatted ox and 2 cows £14;" 6th Sept., 1756, John Stevenson, Earlsmill, received for a gelding £13 13s; 14th May, 1756, paid to John M'Cadam of Craigengillan for 10 West Highland stots, £30 8s 4d. At the payment thereof, on 1st July, he gave £2 10s of discount. 10th April, 1756, paid James Gillespie for a bull, £4 11s; 12th Jan., 1756, paid for a fatted veal, 10s. In 1759, hens sold at 5d each, and capons 7d. Eggs are said to have sold at 1d a-dozen. In 1784, a purchase was made of 15 wedder sheep at 15s each,

and 5 lambs at 5s each. Oats—29th June, 1757, paid James Gillespie for 4 bolls of corn, £4; 1st May, 1786, paid for 20 bolls of oats, £14 10s. Ale, porter, etc.—in 1756 porter was 3s a-dozen; ale, 1s 6d a-dozen; a hogshead of white port from London, £17 11s 3d. Wages, etc.—8th Jan., 1756, James Sleigh paid James Clunie for a pair of shoes, 4s; 19th Jan., 1726, George Draffan, Douglas, received, for going twice to Lanark, 48 miles, 1s; 7th April, 1757, John Forest, tailor, received, for two days' work, 1s; 10th June, 1756, William Davidson received his half-year's wages as barnman, £1 17s; 1756 paid Griffen, gunsmith in London, for a gun

and mounting a barrel, £40 18s 6d.

It appears that 6d a-day was the wage of labourers and artizans, and how our forefathers could subsist upon such allowance, is quite a mystery, as the meal was seldom less than 14s or 15s a boll. James Greenshields, labourer at Scrogton, and great-grandfather to the present postmaster, brought up a family of nine children, and never had more than 6d a-day. The principal meal then was a potful of "greens" boiled, and mashed with a little butter and a sprinkling of oatmeal. The wife used to say, "She was never feared for the weans after the green-kail was bladed." Potatoes were then unknown as a staple article of sustenance. My great-grandmother kept all that she raised in a parcel under her drawers until the new-year, as a treat to her son who was then in Glasgow, and who used to pay her a visit at that time. Old men in Douglas, alive about the year 1820, recollected the time when there was not a hat or a black coat in the church except the minister's.

There are about 100 men employed on Lady Home's establishment here, consisting of wrights, woodmen, hedgers, labourers, etc., and the average wage allowed to them is two shillings and sixpence

a-day, the wrights receiving higher wages.

Minerals.—The parish is rich in minerals, and the coal, ironstone, limestone, freestone, etc., crop out in all directions among the deep ravines. This, by geologists, is said to be the southernmost part of the great basin that commences below Glasgow, and the old red sandstone crops out a little beyond the southern boundary of this parish, and no coal is found through a large tract of country for miles beyond that. Other practical men suppose that it is a distinct basin by itself, as the seams of coal are different from those farther down the Clyde; but this may be accounted for by the strata being, as it were, the higher edge of the great basin.

At Rigside, the workable seams are nine in number, and vary from two to eight feet in thickness. These all dip northwards to the water of Douglas, and come to the surface on the high ground, at an angle of 45° —1 in 2, and 1 in $2\frac{1}{2}$, but flatter as they come down to the river. Of these seams the Big-drum, Little-drum, and Kirkroad, on the whole, are the most valuable. The lowest of these is the Duke's-quarry, a seam of two feet in thickness, and said to be equal to the Newcastle coal; but from its being at the greatest depth,

and from the small demand for coal in this neighbourhood, it is unprofitable in the working. The aggregate amount of these seams is forty-one feet eleven inches. In some parts of the parish there are supposed to be twelve seams of coal, and some of great thickness, ten and even fifteen feet.

Mr Swan is at present working a gas or cannel coal seam by a ten fathom pit, which lies far above the nine seams of common coal. It is sixteen inches thick, and works in large, square masses, covered with white clay, from being so near the surface. It is as good almost as first-class gas making coal—only inferior to Boghead and Lesmahagow in the quantity of ash. Dr Penny gives the following analysis:—

Volatile matters,	. 54.57	per cent.
Fixed carbon,		
Ash,		
Sulphur,		
Water,	. 1.08	,,
	100	

The Earl of Home is at present constructing a tramway from this pit towards the Lesmahagow Railway, which will greatly increase the demand for this very valuable coal.

A hundred years ago peat was used as fuel in Douglas, and was obtained from a large commonty about a mile and a-half to the east of Douglas, and to which all the feuars have, by their deeds, a legal

right, but this has been long since discontinued.

The ironstone has not been wrought, and little can be said as to its value. The limestone has long been wrought at Wildshaw, but since the introduction of portable manures, for some years only to a limited extent. There are also various seams of fire-clay, and on the north side of the parish there is one of immense thickness. With such a rich store of minerals, the manufacturers need never despair—Douglas will be able to supply them for centuries.

—Douglas will be able to supply them for centuries.

Fishing.—As the streams are small, it is only at certain seasons, and under particular givenment that the appler can expect to

and under particular circumstances, that the angler can expect to meet with success. Fly-fishing is good in the months of April and May, or immediately after a spate. As to the flies, I have tried all that the fancy or ingenuity of man could contrive, and I find that the most successful are the black and red heckle, the hare bug, and Hoflin's fancy—these will succeed where all others fail. Trout and pike are the only fish to be found in Douglas-water, and may be caught on any blustering day between Happendon and Crookboat.

These streams are all much fished, but the supply makes its appearance on each return of spring. Any fisher, however unsuccessful, will be repaid by a visit to the streams in the Upper Ward. The bracing air, the wild and picturesque landscape, the purling rivulet, the heath-clad hills, the hoarse cry of the moorfowl, the wild note of the curlew, the bleating lamb, and the bounding deer, are objects well calculated to dissipate care for a season from the breast of the

toil-worn citizen, and elevate his mind, from engrossing pursuits, to

the contemplation of the beauties of creation.

Libraries.—1. The library at Newmains, called the Douglas Castle Operatives' Library, consists of about 550 volumes, treating principally on science and history, moral and religious subjects. This library was instituted seven years ago by the overseers and workers in connection with Douglas Castle, and belongs exclusively to them. It was originally formed by subscription, since then augmented by a

quarterly payment of 4dd from each member.

Schools.—Female Industrial School. This school was instituted ten years ago by the late Right Hon. Lady Douglas, and Mrs Howison of Crossburn, for the benefit of the poorer classes of the town, and is still carried on by the family, who pay the teacher a salary of £25 a-year, and furnish her with a house, together with coals, gas, and the sewing materials. The principal branches taught are—reading, writing, and sewing, and the wages are, for reading and sewing, 1d a-week, and with writing, 1½d. The school is well taught, and has been of great benefit to the town.

Churches.—The Free Church was built in 1845; the United Pres-

byterian Church in 1817; Established Church built in 1795.

Manses, etc.—Established. This manse is a handsome, commodious, and substantial erection; was built in 1827, and has all the necessary appurtenances of stable, byre, barn, etc., with suitable garden, enclosed with a high stone wall. The glebe contains about 40 Scotch acres, and the stipend consists of 144 bolls of meal, and 104 qrs. 6 bush. 3 pks. 2 qts. of barley, with £10 for communion elements. The manse and glebe were formerly situated within what are now the policies of Douglas Castle, and a large glebe given to the then incumbent, to compensate for his removal.

Free Church Manse—built in 1849. This is also a commodious house, and is situated on the rising ground to the east of the Edin-

burgh and Ayr road, close upon the west-end of the town.

United Presbyterian Manse—This manse was built by subscription in 1853. It is situated close upon the Free Church manse, and is one of the handsomest and most commodious in the locality, and commands a beautiful view of the upper part of the parish. It reflects the highest credit upon the worthy occupant, the Rev. Mr Jamieson, that the members of the Established Church, as well as his own, contributed towards the erection of this manse, and Lord James Douglas supplied all the home-wood gratuitously. Mr Jamieson was the first U. P. minister in this parish, and the Rev. John Jeffray, now in Newcastle, the first Free Church minister.

The Cameronian Church, which stood so long at Rigside, was taken down about fifteen years ago, and a new place of worship

erected on the opposite side of Douglas-water.

Paupers.—There was no assessment for their relief until the year 1846. Previous to that time they were maintained by the church collections, and any deficiency was supplemented by a voluntary

contribution from the heritors. There is now a regular assessment laid upon lands and heritages, the gross rental of which for the year from Whitsunday, 1858, to Whitsunday, 1859, was £10,990 9s 7 d. and the sum assessed on was £10,509, and the rate of assessment was 1s 4d per pound for the year. All the clergymen, and teachers, and tenants under £4 are exempted from this assessment. number of regular paupers on the roll for half-year to Martinmas. 1858, was 83; and for half-year to Whitsunday, 1859, 82; and the sum expended upon these, and upon occasional paupers, and for management, etc., during the year to Whitsunday, 1859, was £638 The average allowance to each registered pauper for the The affairs of the poor are judiciously managed; year was £6 1s 6d. the funds, formerly deficient, being in a healthful state.

The principal trade in the town of Douglas is weaving, and as there is little employment for females except pirn-winding, it is pre-

sumed that this adds considerably to the poor rates.

Sir Walter Scott visited Douglas in 1830, preparatory to his publication of "Castle Dangerous," and had a long interview with Thos. Haddow, an old inhabitant of Douglas, and one well versant in the history of the house of Douglas. Thomas breakfasted with Sir Walter at Douglas Mill, and furnished him with all the information of which he was possessed relative to that subject.

The Highlanders passed through Douglas in their disastrous

retreat from England, stripping the inhabitants of their shoes.

Persecution.—From the influence of the Marquis of Douglas, the Presbyterians maintained their own form of worship, there being a curate and a Presbyterian minister at the same time in Douglas.

Baptism Stone.—On Glentaggart farm, betwixt the house and Duneaton, on the road to Shawhead, there stands a boulder of about three feet in length, two and a-half in height, and one and a-half in thickness, surrounded by a number of smaller stones; this stone contains, on the top, two small compartments, which were used for baptizing during the Persecution times.

J. H.

It is agreed on and finally ended betwixt the parties following, viz., an high and mighty Archibald, Duke of Douglass, on the one part, and John Gillespie, in Hill-end of Robertoun, and Thomas

[[]The tack or lease of Bodinglee and Maidengill, in the parishes of Robertoun and Douglas, is given in extenso; the provisions being curious and instructive as to the increase in value of land; these sheep farms let in 1727 for £300 Scots—the equivalent of £25 sterling; and the farm of Bodinglee (912) alone is now rented at £180, that of Maidengill being incorporated with Parkhall (758); both farms are now held by a lineal descendant, name and surname alike, of the tacksman of 1727.—A. M.]

Gillespie, in Millriggs of Wistoun, on the other part, in manner following, that is, said noble Duke has lettin and settin as hereby (ffor the causes after speci) letts and setts to the said John and Thomas Gillespie joyntly, and their heirs and evers (secluding assignes and submen), all and haill the five merks land of Madengill, presently possessed by Alex. Hutcheson, tenent therein, with the houses, biggings, yards, and haill pertinents thereto belonging, lying within, the paroch and regality of Douglas and Sheriffdom of Lanark, and that for the haill time and space of eleven years next following there entry thereto, whilk is hereby declared to be and begin to the arable land thereof att the term of Martimas, and twenty-seven years, and to the houses, yards, meadows, and grass all the term of Whitsunday first year after, and so forth to continue, &c.: whilk tack the said noble Duke and obleges him, his heirs and successors, to warrand att all hands as law will, ffor the whilks causes the said John and Thomas Gillespies binds and obleges them contlie and seallie, and their heirs and evers, to content and pay yearly, and ilk year during the space of the said tack, to the said noble Duke, his heirs and evers, or assignes, and to his Grace's ffactors, in his name, having power to receive the samen, till and haill the sum of three hundred pounds Scotts money, all two terms in the year, Whitsunday first to come, and so furth to continue, together with sixteen hens yearly, or five shillings Scots for each hen att the terms used and wont; and it is agreed upon betwixt the said parties that the said John and Thos. Gillespies shall bring yr. haill grindable victuall growing on the said lands to his Grace's milen, called Milnholm-miln, and pay the multures, and perform the other services used and wont att the samen miln; as also it is agreed upon betwixt the said parties that the said tenents are to be eased of and disburdened of all due service and lend shaw payable furth of the said lands during the space foresaid; it also is agreed upon that the said tenents are to disburden and relieve the said noble Duke, and his fords of the haill cesses publick burdens and officers' dues imposed or to be imposed upon, and payable furth of the samen lands during the space of this tack; and, in like manner, it is agreed upon betwixt the said parties that in case the said tenents shall suffer and permit two terms duly to run in the third term, the said, that then in that case this tack shall, ipso facto, become void and null, as if the samen had never been made, but prejudice always to the said noble Duke and his heirs, to saitt execution for payment of the tack duly that and shall be resting for the time; and likewise it is agreed on betwixt the parties that in respect the said Alex. Hutcheson in getts the bear cropt of the said lands free of rent the year of his removall therefrae, therefore it is agreed upon that the said John and Thomas Gillespies shall have the bear cropt thereof free of rent the year of their removall therefrae on that place of the lands where the bear fall happens to be; and lastly, the said John and Thomas Gillespies hereby obliges them contly and seally, and their foresaids, to leave the haill houses as sett to them in a sufficient habitable condition att the experation of their tack or there removall therefrae, and to the performance of the haill premisses both parties obliges them and their forsaids to others, and the party failrier to pay to the party observer, or willing to observe, the sum of sixty pounds money forsaid for ilk failrie att our performance, consenting to the registration hereof in the books of councill and session, or any other register competent within the kingdom, to have the strength of an decreet interponed yrto that all necessar execution six days pass hereon, as effers, and their heirs. In witness whereof (written on stamp paper be John Henderson, servitor to John Howison, clerk to the regality of Douglas) both parties have subscreved these as follows: Edward, noble Duke att Douglas, and with the twelfth day of August, 1727, ninth day of January, 1728, and twenty-eight years, before these witnesses, and John Howison and Thomas Gillespie.

DOUGLAS.

Bertram, witness.

Again, in 1794, "It is contracted, agreed, and ended betwixt the Right Hon. Arch. Lord Douglas of Douglas on the one part, and John Gillespie, tenant in Bodinglee on the other part." "The said Arch. Lord Douglas hereby sets, etc., to the said John Gillespie and his heirs, secluding assignees and sub-tenants, all and whole the lands and farm of Bodinglee, as present possessed by himself, with houses, biggings, yards, and pertinents, lying within the parish of Robertoun, barony of Douglas, and shire of Lanark, and that for all the days, years, and space of nineteen years." "Reserving always full power to the said Arch. Lord Douglas, to search for, work, heap up, and carry away coal, lime, and stone, clay for bricks, or any other metal or mineral which may be found on the said lands, and to erect milns, build houses, and other accommodation for manufactories, and workmen that may be employed at the said works, and to take off ground for kail-yards, and for maintaining cows and horses necessary for the said manufactories, or workmen that may be employed at the said work in carrying on the same, and also to alter roads or make new ones, to enclose or plant any part of the ground set; the said John Gillespie being always allowed such deduction out of his rent for the damage done by said operation," etc.; "upon the other hand, the said John Gillespie, etc., to pay the sum of sixty-four pounds sterling of annual rent for above," etc. "To pay the Baron fee used and wont, and also, if required, to keep one dog or hound for the said Arch. Lord Douglas;" "there shall be a break at the end of every seven years of this tack. for the master as well as the tenant, upon their giving notice of their intention so to do."

[The prosperity of the cotton mills erected at New Lanark, and the working of lime at Newton-Wiston and Wildshaw, Douglas, will account for the provisions as to possible manufactories, lime, etc., being embodied in the lease of 1794.—A. M.]

A FEW ROUGH NOTES ON THE PARISH OF DOUGLAS—1860.

THE ground, in general, is a light soil, unfit to bear wheat with profit to the cultivator, but it produces oats and barley of first-rate qualities. There are some fine meadows of natural hay, which are more valuable than the best arable land in the parish. The ground, at a distance from the river, is hilly, moorish, wild, and uncultivated; but it produces excellent and sound pasture for sheep. There are no herds of

black cattle reared in the parish, as in the olden time.

The Kirkton of Douglas "was a burgh of barony before 1668. In 1685 the Marquis of Douglas got from the King and Rarliament the right of holding a weekly market and two annual fairs at the town of Douglas, and of levying tolls and customs at these markets and fairs." Douglas is a market town—Friday is the market day. About sixty years ago the market was well attended; corn, meal, etc., were exposed for sale. Now there is no appearance of business-indeed, there is no business, although two or three individuals from the country are in the habit of visiting the town weekly, every Friday; the object which they have in view is to keep the "Market Friday" from becoming extinct. It is surmised that this is not the true motive. from the manner in which some of these individuals generally leave the town. The fairs in Popish times were all held in the churchyard. After the Revolution they continued to be held there till the middle of the last century. The shoemakers were the last to leave the churchyard, and that only twenty-five years ago.

There are some very old houses in Douglas. On the north side there is a "two-storey house" called "The Scribe Tree," from the rude figure of a tree cut on the south door. This house, in the olden time, was the head inn in the town. When smuggling was carried on to a great extent between the Isle of Man and Scotland, frequently bands of smugglers made the "Scribe Tree" their resting-place for the night. There was then an excise officer in Douglas, but he was no object of fear. In the morning, after the smugglers left, he followed them for a mile, at a respectful distance, calling upon them to surrender, and firing his pistols, charged with powder; and the smugglers would say to him—"That is enough; you have done your duty; good morning." The officer, invited by the smugglers to meet some travellers in the inn, accepted the invitation. The oldest houses are on the south side of the churchyard, some having arched chambers. They were built before the Reformation, and inhabited by those con-

nected with St Bride's Church.

There is in Douglas a building, three stories in height, called "Red Hall." It belonged to the Flemings, who emigrated to Douglas after the settlement of Theobald the Fleming in Douglasdale. Wherever the Flemings had a settlement, they had a Red Hall.

The houses in Douglas, at the Reformation, consisted of one storey, except those at the Cross of two stories, and covered with "divots," and thatched with straw. A little before the Revolution, a few were covered with slates. The houses that have been built within the last forty years are better in many respects. The number of houses is decreasing; but those now built are superior in comfort and appearance, all being slated. The population of the town has greatly increased since the middle of the last century, the increase resulting from the extinction of small farms, and the "ousting" of the cottars from these small farms. The town has an antique appearance at the The streets are narrow, and of very irregular appearance. They were formed long before the introduction of carts. Few of the old houses are built on the same line. Lady Jane Douglas, sister of the Duke of Douglas, lodged, with her two sons, a few days at the "Scribe Tree Inn," after she was denied admittance into Douglas Castle, and repulsed from it by her brother.

The village of Uddington.—Nearly three miles north-east of Douglas is the ancient and rude-looking village of Uddington. The population of this village at the Revolution was but a little short of half the population of Douglas; now the number of its inhabitants is greatly reduced, cottage after cottage having been erased. The inhabitants, though poor, are more comfortable than many are in the same grade of life, each cottage having a patch of land, or "a plain,"

attached to it, the rent of which is trifling.

Cases of fever few; a case of typhus rare, and when it occurs has been *imported*. Cholera never visited the parish. The water, in town and parish, is particularly good. There are many aged persons in the parish. One female in the village is ninety-six, and there are a few males and females between eighty and ninety.

Pennant, who travelled through the wilds of Crawfordjohn to Douglas, when he reached the brow of the hill which commanded an extensive view of Douglasdale, was struck with the beauty of the

scenery, like fairy vision, bursting upon his view.

The names of a number of places are of British or of Celtic origin. Douglas—Dhuglas, the dark-blue stream. This is descriptive. Glentaggart, near the south boundary of the parish. Gleann-sagart—the priest's glen. There was a chapel in Roman Catholic times at the place. Airnsalloch, a small stream from the south-east, which joins Douglas-water a mile south-west from the town. Airneseileach—the sloe and willow stream, descriptive. There are on its banks sloe and willow bushes in great abundance. The Inch—Innis, the island—a place at the four-mile stone from Douglas on the road to Muirkirk. In the olden time a few acres of land, bounded by Monks-water on the north and by Douglas-water on the south, formed an island, or inch, as it was pronounced by the Saxons. There is a house on the land called "The Inch," although there is now no island. Auchandaff, a farm on the south bound of the parish. Auchandamh—the ox field. The Celtic names of places are comparatively few. The Saxons

early entered the parish. To many places they gave new names, and some of these were translated by them from the Celtic.

Auchensaugh is the only hill of note in the parish. There the Covenants were renewed in 1782. It commands a wide horizon. From it Ben-Lomond and Ben-Ledi, hills of the Gael, are visible in a clear day. Cormacoup Hill, west of Douglas; the old road from Ayr to Edinburgh ran along the side of it. Brown Hill, half-a-mile

east of Douglas. Hawk-shaws, three miles west of Douglas.

The principal stream is Douglas-water. It rises near the foot of Cairntable, and runs through the parish in its length, dividing it nearly into two equal parts, and falls into the Clyde at "Crookboat." Its tributaries on its right bank are—Kennox-water, Andershaw lane or water, Airnsalloch, Parkhead-burn, and Craig-burn. On its left bank—Monks or Mucks water, Smuggler's-burn, Moura-burn, Bridelea-burn, and Poniel-water. In Douglas-water there is a considerable number of fish. The greater part are small. The water is much fished by young lads, who are expert fishers. Scarcely a fisher comes from a distance to Douglas-water for a day's sport. In all its tributaries there is fish in abundance, but of small size. In Douglas-water there are trout, perch, and pike. The perch made their escape from a pond in front of Douglas Castle, which after a heavy fall of rain burst, and they were carried into Douglas-water.

There is no natural wood of any extent in the parish, but patches, chiefly of birch, are still found in some of the hollows on the hills. There are many thousand acres of plantations, consisting of larch, spruce, pine, etc., among which are intermingled oak, ash, elm, etc. The spruce and larch are being cut fit for every domestic purpose. Douglas parish, in the olden time, was covered with wood. The peat mosses contain many trunks of trees, particularly of oak, and some of large dimensions. The oldest and largest trees are at Douglas Castle; they are ash trees. Thirty years ago, one was blown down. When sawn across near the root, 600 rings were counted, indicating the age of the tree. Near the centre many of the rings were obliterated. Two of these aged occupants of the vale still remain; one of them is called "the Hanging Tree." In the wars between Scotland and England, prisoners were hanged on that tree. A few years ago a high wind broke off the branch in which the hook was fixed to which the executioner made fast his rope. That part of the branch, with the hook as it was attached to it many centuries ago, is preserved at Douglas Castle.

Ash trees were to be found at every farm-house which was built in the olden time. The yew tree makes the best bow, the ash the next. Tenants were bound to plant ash trees for bows, as every male was bound to learn and practise archery. The law was strongest on this point, and the *laird* saw that the law was obeyed. In many places ash trees of a great age are standing, where for centuries there have been no houses. The best bows were made of the yew tree, and it was reserved for the use of the lords of the soil and their sons; seldom

was a bow of yew seen in the hands of a vassal. The tenant was also bound to plant the alder tree; and this tree is to be found to this day, not only at old castles, but at old farm-houses. It was planted for a particular and useful purpose. The wood of the alder was accounted, in old times, preferable to every kind of wood for arrows. The plane tree was in great abundance at every farm-house. It was planted by the tenant for domestic use. The wood of this tree was in old times of great value in the hands of the turner, it being well adapted for wooden bowls, platters, and other domestic utensils, which were then in more universal use.

There are two lakes in the parish—one between the town and Douglas Castle. It covers fourteen acres of ground. The other is nearly a mile below the castle, and close to the right bank of Douglaswater, and covers about thirty acres of land. Both lakes are artificial. They abound with trout and perch; there are also pike in both sheets of water; some have been taken upwards of seven pounds in weight. Both lakes are strictly preserved, and so is Douglas-water within the castle grounds. The whole of Douglas-water, excepting these three miles, is open to every angler. On these lakes there are

swans, Canadian geese, wild ducks, teal, etc.

There is also an artificial loch or reservoir in the western boundary of the parish, commonly called "Glenbuck Loch," which covers a great extent of ground. The embankments were constructed by the Catrine Cotton Mill Company, to procure a supply of water for their machinery in summer drought, when the Water of Ayr is low. If both embankments were to give way at the same time, one part (the greater part) would roll down the Ayr, and the other would rush into the Douglas-water. The Catrine Company are bound to pay all the damages which the water might do should it burst the embankments. There are trout and perch in the loch; sometimes perch are taken in great numbers. The line that divides the county of Lanark from that of Ayrshire runs across the loch.

The turnpike road from Carlisle to Glasgow runs through the parish from south to north, two miles east of Douglas. It enters the parish three miles east from Douglas, and leaves the parish about four miles from the town, and enters the parish of Lesmahagow. The road from Ayr to Edinburgh passes through Douglas. It enters the parish six miles west of the town, at the boundary line between the county of Ayr and the county of Lanark. It leaves the parish about four miles from Douglas, where it enters the parish of Carmichael. There are few parish roads, and these few are in a most disgraceful state, except one of two miles leading from the Ayr and Edinburgh road at Janefield to the Glespin coalpits, and another of one mile leading from the Carlisle road, at the southern boundary of

the parish, to the "Wildshaw Limeworks."

A survey was made for a railway from Muirkirk, to join the Caledonian four miles below Abington. The line would have crossed the parish three miles above Douglas. An Act of Parliament was obtained for a line from Motherwell to join the line from Muirkirk. The junction would have been a little below Cormacoup. The line would have

passed within less than a mile of Douglas.

There are four stone bridges over Douglas-water-one at Janefield, a mile and a-half above the town; the second at Happendon, on the Glasgow and Carlisle road, two and a-half miles below Douglas. This bridge consists of two arches. The third is five miles below Douglas. has two arches, unites the parishes of Lesmahagow and Carmichael; and the fourth near the junction of Douglas-water with the Clyde, and unites the same parishes. There is a stone bridge over Monks or Mucks-water, in the parish, about fifty yards above its junction with Douglas-water. It is on the Muirkirk road, four miles above There are also stone bridges over nearly the whole of the Douglas. small streams that flow into Douglas-water. There are three wooden bridges over Douglas-water; they were constructed to bear the passage of loaded carts. The one is at "Table Stane;" the second at the town; the third at Douglas Castle, on the road leading to the These have an elegant appearance.

There are three toll-bars in the parish—one a mile and a-half west of Douglas, on the Muirkirk road; another on the Glasgow and Carlisle road, at Douglas-mill, three miles from Douglas, with a checkbar a mile and a-half south of the bar; and the third is at Uddington, on the Edinburgh and Ayr road. There is also a toll-bar on the Douglas and Muirkirk road, on the very line that unites the counties

of Ayr and Lanark. The toll-house is in Ayrshire.

The "Douglas Arms" is the head inn. In it man and horse will find excellent accommodation. It is patronised by the most respectable persons in the parish and neighbourhood, and by commercial travellers, etc. There are five public-houses in the village besides the Douglas Arms Inn, and these are supported chiefly by the working-classes. The patronage is cordially given, and by many to an extent which is ruinous to themselves and families.

Earls-mill is the only corn mill in the parish. It is three miles south of Douglas. The motive power is water, from Andershaw-burn. The machinery has many of the modern improvements. It

can prepare the finest flour and make the best oatmeal.

There is a "Waulk Mill" and also a "Dye Work" on the Douglas-water, three miles above the town. There has been in that district a "waulk mill" and a dye work from time immemorial. Connected with the dye work there is a mill for carding wool, and it is only a few years since the carding of wool by machinery was introduced into the parish. In the olden time all the wool was carded at home by hand cards. In farm-houses, the men, in long winter nights, carded the wool, and the females span it, and with song, work, and the merry laugh, the night passed away.

In 1685, the Marquis of Douglas obtained from the King and Parliament the right of holding a weekly market and two annual

fairs at Douglas, and of levying tolls and customs there.

There were five yearly fairs held in the town. The "March Fair," on the third Friday of March—new style—chiefly for hiring servants. "Whitsun-Friday," first Friday after the old term, for settling accounts, and hiring. "June Fair," second Wednesday—old style—for hiring servants for harvest, and general business. "October Fair," third Wednesday—old style—for hiring, and general business. "Martinmas Fair," first Friday after the old term, general business.

ness, and hiring. Of these fairs, four are extinct.

At all of the fairs there were shoemakers' stalls, coopers with every kind of wooden vessel, etc.; stalls of various kinds; and there were carts with pigs, whose squeaking is a variety in the hubbub. The public houses are much patronised. The publican's prayer here for a good fair is: "A fine day till the people are gathered, and after that, a doon-richt pour o' rain the haill day." There is much dancing at fairs. There are penny reels, from early in the afternoon to a late hour, in the Mason Lodge, which is rented for dancing on fair days. The dancing hall is well attended. The shouting (the hoo-hoohing) of the bumpkins, and the clatter of their iron-shod shoes, as they lumber through the reel, produce a noise which sets conversation at defance. There is something exceeding grotesque in the ball-room evolutions of a lout when under the spell of whisky and the fiddle.

There is a daily arrival of letters from north, south, etc., and a daily morning delivery in town. There is a daily morning dispatch

to Muirkirk, and an evening arrival at same place.

There are three churches in the parish, and all in the town. I. Established Church. 2. The U.P. Church, built in 1817, settled ministry in 1820. Sittings 350, of these 100 are free sittings. There is a manse; stipend £100. The members belong to five parishes. 3. Free Church, built in 1845, a settled ministry, with a manse. 4. There is a small congregation of Baptists; there is no church; there is no settled ministry. 5. There is a large body of "non-hearers," of all ages, and all relationships—old and young,

father and son, mother and daughter, etc.

There are five schools in the parish. In town—1. The Parish School. 2. A venture school. 3. The Countess of Home's industrial school for girls—school-room and house for teacher. 4. A school at Rigside, four miles below Douglas. School-room and dwelling-house, and £5 of salary, paid by the Earl of Home. 5. A school at Table Stane, three miles above Douglas—school-room and dwelling-house. A widow teaches a few girls to read, sew, and knit. £5 of salary paid by Earl of Home. The parish school-house, etc., and the two last-mentioned school-houses, were built by the Lord Douglas. They are excellent buildings, and suitable.

The people are industrious, but not provident, or saving for "a rainy day." When stagnation in weaving comes, they look to the House of Douglas for assistance, which is always given, and generally by furnishing them with out-door labour till they obtain a supply of

work from their employers. This reliance on the House of Douglas militates against providence and self-reliance. Males and females dress respectably on Sabbath—all the church-going class do so. There are many places where the people have better church-going habits. With regard to morality, they can, all things considered,

bear comparison with their neighbours.

Great changes have taken place respecting funerals since the end of last century. In olden times, when the funeral was from the country, the coffin was carried to the grave on the backs of two horses walking abreast, being, by a particular kind of harness, kept close to each other. The coffin was placed before the riders, who held it with one hand, and guided the horses with the other. The horses had black trappings, furnished by the session, called the "Horse Claiths." Now there is a hearse, which can be drawn by one or two horses. There was "service" in every case (entertainment in eating and drinking) given to the funeral attendants, according to the means of the bereaved family. Bread and cheese were first presented; ale followed, then whisky and rum, brandy and wine; sometimes there were two "rounds" of each of these. The poorest invariably gave oatcakes and cheese, ale, whisky, and short-bread. The poor were often seriously injured by the mode in which funerals were conducted, and it sometimes required years to discharge the debts which they had contracted, to be foolishly like their neighbours. Many partook too freely of the liquors, and some were so intoxicated that they could not follow the coffin to the grave.

At funerals in the country, before the "service" began, two men made their appearance, one carrying on a small barn "wecht" tobacco pipes for the company. This individual stuck a pipe in the button hole of the coat of every man, and the other man, following, hung on the pipe in the button hole a piece of tobacco about a foot and a-half in length. At every funeral in the country there was a great variety of biscuits, cakes, etc., which were carried round in barn riddles, and sometimes in barn "wechts." Every man took up unbroken a portion of each kind, kind after kind in great variety being presented in succession. The pieces taken up were conveyed to the pockets, which, in many cases, were crammed. The children were anxiously looking for the return of their fathers, to receive their share of the funeral dainties which they had brought from the house of mourning. Sometimes the question was asked, "When is father going to a funeral?" In the town, there is now no "service" at funerals, by agreement entered into forty years ago. In the country, wine and biscuits are presented, and this change in the mode of conducting

funerals has been in all respects most beneficial.

The belief in witchcraft still lingers in the parish, particularly with the aged and those who live among the hills. The rowan tree is still used as a charm against witchcraft as regards cattle. There are some houses in which the cattle would not be deemed safe if it were awanting. Among the hills, if a hint be given of the disbelief

in witchcraft, immediately the unbeliever is reminded of the witch of Endor. This is considered as settling the point.

In 1780, the usual breakfast was oatmeal porridge, or brose, with a little milk. The principal part of dinner was broth, or, as it was usually called, "kail," from colewort and barley, beaten in a mortar, constituting the greatest portion of the ingredients. The quantity of butcher meat in the preparation of this dish was small, frequently not a morsel, when the broth was called "muslin kail." For supper, there was in every farm-house sowans, which "in fragrant lunt set a' their gabs asteering." The bread was generally oatcakes. In many farm-houses it was composed of pease and oats in proportion, according to taste. This bread was called "mashlam." There has been a great change for the better. In the past age there were no vegetables, except colewort or "green kail," rarely a few cabbages were to be seen. Now in every cottage garden there is a quantity of vegetables. Now not a pot is put on the fire (except by the very poorest) to make "muslin kail." The people are now better fed and clothed than their ancestors were.

Twenty years after the beginning of the present century butcher meat, fresh, could seldom be procured in Douglas. The consumption was so small that it was deemed prudent not to kill an ox or a cow till buyers were obtained for at least two-thirds of the animal. At the end of last century, it was not deemed safe to kill a sheep till there was a certainty of selling the four quarters of it. tradition says before a sheep was killed for sale, that the public crier gave "intimation that a sheep was to be killed next day" if customers were found; that the minister had agreed to take the near hind leg, the baron bailie the far hind leg; that two families had joined to take the near fore leg, and if a buyer did not "cast up" for the far fore leg in three hours, that the sheep would be sent to the hill. At Martinmas, families that could afford to purchase a fat ox or fat cow "laid in" what was called "their mart." It was cut into pieces and salted. Poor families that could not individually purchase a "mart," united in purchasing an ox or a cow for their Now beef, mutton, etc., may be purchased fresh in Douglas every day, and may be called good. Lamb and veal, in their season, can also be obtained, but sheep and lambs are cheaper in the Glasgow markets than where they are reared.

In the middle of the last century tea was a luxury heard of by some, but enjoyed by few. About 1770 a few individuals, for some particular occasion, partook of it. It was for many years a beverage of the greatest rarity, and enjoyed only by the rich, as the price was high. It is not more than eighty years since it was clandestinely partaken of by many "gudewives" in town and country. The "tea equipage," the tea-pot, cups, etc., were placed in a cup-board, the door of which the "gudewife" held in her hand, ready to shut it on the appearance of any intruding on her enjoyment. It was then considered extravagant for the wife of a tradesman to drink tea.

APPENDIX. 177

Property in village, held in feu; all being vassals to the house of Douglas. All the land in the parish is held in vassalage, except the Douglas estate, which holds of the crown. There is, strictly speaking, only one "laird" in the parish, all the rest of the proprietors are but gudemen. The estate of Cormacoup is entailed, and the greatest part of the Douglas estate. Property has greatly increased in value since the beginning of the century. Houses and gardens in the town have increased one-third in value, and some one-half. It is the same with regard to land and rents.

In the sixteenth century the wages of the labouring man in the Upper Ward were 11d per day, and the wages of an overseer were These were the wages paid at the "gold diggings on Glengonar" and Elvan-water, under the management of Bulmer, the German, who collected £100,100 of gold in these places. After the Union, wages rose. They reached in the beginning of the seventeenth century 4d per day for a labourer, and 6d for a mason. At the middle of said century they were 6d per day, and in 1790, 6d per day, with board. In the beginning of the present century wages were 1s 2d per day; of a mason, 1s 6d. Half-yearly wages of a female servant were 30s to 40s; half-yearly wages of male farm servant, £3 10s to £4. In 1771, wages of farm servants per annum, £5; of a maid servant, £2 10s. In 1791, wages of farm servants, £7 to £10; of a maid servant, £3 to £4. Labourers, in 1771, received 10d and 1s per day; in 1791 they received 1s 2d and 1s 4d. In 1859, wages of a labouring man, per day, 2s 3d to 2s 6d; of a mason, 4s 6d. Half-yearly wages of a woman servant, £4 to £6; of a farm servant, £12. The earnings of the handloom weavers are most fluctuating. Sometimes they are as low as 6s. and in a few weeks rise to 8s and 20s.

Retail prices of a few articles for 1751-61, extracted from a "merchant's" shop book. He was a general dealer, well entitled to the name of Mungo A'Things. His book points to the habits of the people in those days. Whisky and tobacco were then in great demand. These are the two articles that most frequently occur. 1751 -Whisky, one pint (Scotch pint), 1s 8d; tobacco, 1lb., 10d; gunpowder, 1 lb., 1s 2d; leadshot, 1 lb., 2d; 1 barrel herring, 6s; 1 doz. tobacco pipes, 3d. 1753—1 lb. sugar, 1s 2d; 1 stone of wool (24lbs.), 4s 6d. 1754—1 lb. soap, 8d; 1 lb. starch, 6d. 1755—100 herrings, 3d; ben leather (for shoe soles), per oz., 11d; 1lb. black soap, 4d. 1756—Stone of beef, 24 oz. in lb., 4s 6d. 1758—Stone of whole pease, 1s 4d; 1 peck meal, 11d. 1759—A stone of wool, 4s 6d. 1760—A sheep skin, 4½d. 1761—A pint of tar (for sheep, Scotch pint), 5d; "a dram," 2d. There was whisky at 1s 8d Scotch pint. The consumption of whisky great. No tea in any family account. Very little sugar; only three families bought a few pounds. As little soap. This says little for cleanly habits in the Upper Ward. Much wool sold; all for home use. Ben leather in demand at the beginning of winter, for shoe repairs. Farmers, etc., soled their own

shoes. Gunpowder and shot in demand at certain seasons, for more than crow-shooting—for poaching. Much of the wool bought was manufactured at home, for sale when made into cloth. The merchant took yarn, cloth, etc., from the gudewives for tobacco, etc. Often cloth, etc., was received and stood marked as part payment of account. In that age servants, when meal was being milled, were sent to the mill to sift the meal, etc., frequently six, eight, or ten "drams" are marked as sent to the servants at the mill, and these are charged at 2d per "dram."

The right honourable the Countess of Home possesses the greatest part of the parish—not resident; A. Paterson, Esq., of Cormacoup, resident; — Douglas, Esq., of Monkshead; R. Gillespie, Esq., of Springhill; Mr R. Meikle, Bogside Cottage, resident, and a practising surgeon. There are a few who pay a mere trifle of stipend, etc. The Douglas estate pays nineteen shillings in the pound on parochial burdens; the

other lands only one shilling in the pound.

Since the establishment of the rural police, the number of vagrants has greatly decreased. A few are still skulking among the hills. On entering the town they beg, but not openly, unless the officer be absent on his rounds. Before the introduction of the rural police, the parish was a place of refuge for vagrants of every kind, when

driven out of Ayrshire by the police in Muirkirk.

When there was no restraint on vagrants of any description, not a few were carried through the parish on hand-barrows. The greater part of these were what they appeared to be, cripples, but some were impostors with the perfect use of their limbs. To enjoy ease they betook themselves to the barrow mode of begging, and found it more profitable than that of seeking alms on foot. The parish of Douglas had a full share of these vagrants. Every barrow required at least two persons to convey it from house to house; and in the country, where the distance was great, a horse and cart was employed. Conveying cripples from house to house was not only attended with toil, but with expense. Since the rural police was established not a cripple in a barrow has appeared in Douglas.

Bracken-lea Spot, commonly called "the Spot," was a small independent farm, till added, a few years ago, to the farm of Parish-holm, when it was held as a "subset." It is about half-a-mile below Parish-holm, and on the right bank of Douglas-water. Bracken-lea Spot was distinguished by the peculiarity of its situation. Being situated at the base of the range of hills south of it, the sun does not shine on it during the three months of winter. The family, during that time, could not, from any part of the farm, see the sun. His

rays they beheld on the opposite range of hills.

In the beginning of this century almost every farmer lodged beggars. There were a few *onsteads* distinguished by this kind of hospitality to the wandering poor. The byre, the stable, barn, etc., were usually the sleeping-places for vagrants. In some *onsteads* there was an outhouse in which there were the beggar's bed and blankets.

The old stagers were always welcome. No newspapers in that age reached the country. In the kitchen the beggars entertained the family by narrating the news of the district through which they had travelled. An old wanderer said, "The country folks are wild for news, and they get great abundance of them." On being asked what she did when she had no news, her ready answer was, "I mak a wheen, and they tak as well as the true anes, and sometimes far better. There are only two or three farm-houses where beggars now find shelter for a night. Frequently the blankets on the beggar's bed were stolen, and large pieces were cut off them.

There are no insane persons in or belonging to the parish. There are three fatuous persons. They reside in the town. One is upwards of 60, one 30, one 16; all are harmless; all unable to do anything for their support. There are four dumb persons in the parish; one,

a girl, is a handloom weaver; three are males.

There are no remains of ancient songs or ballads connected with Douglasdale. If there were songs or ballads they have perished, as there is not a fragment of Douglasdale poetry. Douglasdale

cannot produce a single stanza of old ballad poetry.

The parish is rich in minerals. There are many seams of coal on both sides of Douglas-water; at Douglas, at Craigie-hall, three miles above the town, there is a seam of coal nine feet in thickness, and of superior quality, but this seam has not been wrought since the end of last century. Every coalmaster has satisfied himself with taking the "crop coal," which is obtained with little expense. Coal is also wrought at Cormacoup, four miles above Douglas; Coal has excellent coal could be got there by sinking deeper. long been wrought at Rigside, four miles below Douglas; the quality is inferior to that at Douglas and above it. Cannel coal at Rigside, which is used in some gas-works, as being cheaper than the Cannel coal at Auchenheath, Lesmahagow, but the gas is inferior, and impregnated with sulphur; there are also seams of excellent coal in the north-west part of the parish. At one time great quantities of coal were carted from Craigiehall and Rigside to Crawford, Moffat, etc., etc., but since the opening of the Caledonian Railway that traffic has entirely ceased. All the minerals on the Douglas estate in the parish do not belong to the estate; all the minerals were "reserved" with the lands that were purchased from the Earl of Selkirk.

There is a great abundance of ironstone in the parish; there are also numerous and valuable seams of black band in many parts of the parish. There is excellent fire-brick clay in the north-west part

of the parish in great abundance.

There is an unexhaustible supply of limestone; it abounds in every part of the parish where there is coal; it has been wrought four miles above Douglas; it has been wrought at Wildshaw, three miles southeast of Douglas, from time immemorial; the lime produced at Wildshaw is excellent; before the opening of the Caledonian Railway, it

was carried to Moffat and the district around, for building and agri-

culture; it requires particular preparation for plastering.

On Poniel-water there is marble in great abundance, "chimney pieces" and "tables" have been manufactured from it; some of these may be seen in Douglas Castle. Traces of lead have been found in one or two places in the parish, but so slight as to afford no inducement to spend money in searching for it.

The deposits of sandstone are extensive; blocks of great magnitude may be obtained; it yields kindly to the chisel, and "stands the weather." Some of Douglas freestone has stood the test of more

than 700 years, and promises to stand as long again.

A whinstone formation, or "trap dyke," enters the parish southeast of Douglas, runs across it, and enters the parish of Muirkirk, west of Douglas; it can be traced in Ayrshire for a considerable distance. The metal, in a state of fusion, forced duly through a stratum of sandstone which has been made friable, where it is in juxtaposition to the trap, by the action of intense heat; the formation is about forty feet in breadth. A mile south of Douglas, it has been opened as a quarry, where stones for "road metal," "drystone dykes," and building houses are dug; houses built with this stone, by Moffat masons, in their "best style," have a fine appearance.

A few years ago the draining of sheep pasture among the hills commenced, but little was done till lately, when almost every tenant set about the work in good earnest, and the change produced on the

quality of the herbage is great, and pays well.

Before the farmers began to drain the land, particularly the muirs, the streams, after a great fall of rain, rose slowly, and having arrived at their height, decreased in the same manner; the channels of the rivers then were sufficiently large to contain the water that flowed into them, and thus it passed away without overflowing the banks, except when the fall of rain or the melted snow had been unusually great; but now, from the numerous drains which have been made, the river rises to high flood in an incredibly short time, tears up the banks, and overflows the holms to a great extent; at particular seasons, the injury done to land and crops is very great, and, as drainage is increasing, the evil also is increasing. The channel of Douglas-water, must be one-half larger than it now is, or the holms on its banks must cease to be cultivated.

Three centuries ago a breed of grey horses was established in Clydesdale by the Hamilton family; it was on horses of this breed that the old regimental "corps of cavalry"—the Scots Greys—was first mounted, and it still retains its colour. At a later period a different race was introduced in the west, and chiefly in Clydesdale, which still remains; it is excellently adapted both for cart and carriage; their breed, in a highly improved state, is found on almost every farm; in the parish there are also horses, which, though not "thorough bred," have a considerable "sprinkling of blood," and on these the spruce farmers of Douglas are mounted.

The first person who ploughed with two horses, without a "gadman," was an English farmer from Northumberland, of the name of Frater, who took a lease of the farm of Wolfcrooks, in the north boundary of Douglas parish, about the middle of last century; the neighbours and others flocked to Wolfcrooks to see, as a wonderful sight, a man ploughing with two horses, without a man to guide them; at that time every plough was drawn by four horses. In the beginning of last century there was scarcely a fence of any kind in the parish; the oldest kind was the earthen, or "turf-dyke;" it was a very imperfect fence, and required to be repaired every year. Dykes of this kind for defending the arable fields, or for "march dykes," were repaired every year after the crops were sown; towards the end of the century "dry stone dykes" began to be built. Forty years ago there were few thorn hedges, and these few were in a wretched state from want of dressing. Within the last twelve years a considerable number of wire fences have been raised. When properly constructed, they present an insuperable barrier to sheep and cattle, but they afford no shelter from the cold blast, and in the landscape they have a cheerless appearance.

The prevailing names of the older families are—Inglis, Symington, Stevenson, Dickson, Willison, Wilson, M'Kinlay, Brown, Haddow, Johnstone, Crawford, Sloan. There have been millers of the name of Stevenson in Earls-mill since its erection in the sixteenth century. There is a farmer in Monkshead called Symington, whose ancestors have been tenants of the same farm for some hundreds of years. There are many in the parish of the name of Symington. name of Dickson is borne by many in the parish, and all who bear this name boast of their descent from "Doughty Dickson," the faithful adherent of the great and good Sir James Douglas. The faithful adherent of the great and good Sir James Douglas. names which have been given abound in the parish. There is not an individual of the name of Douglas in the parish, except an old man who lately came from a neighbouring parish. The non-resident proprietor of Monkshead is Douglas. It is strange that in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries the name of Douglas was borne but by a few. Now the name of Douglas, we may say, is extinct. The name of even that powerful family has ceased to be connected with

the estate of Douglas—the family and the name gone.

The "trockit" and "black-faced" sheep, about the end of last century, constituted the greatest part of the flocks on every farm. The face and legs of the trockit sheep were blotched with black and white; they were inferior to the real black-faced sheep. The pure black-faced sheep were distinct from these, and in greater numbers. "His body is of a plump, barrel shape; his head is horned, and his face and legs are black as jet, without any mixture of white. His face is set off with a thick, prominent collar of wool surrounding his neck. His wool is superior, both in quantity and quality, to the trockit sheep." "It is uncertain whence the black-faced breed was originally derived, but there is a tradition of its having been first

planted upon the King's farm in the forest of Ettrick. That farm used to contain 5000 sheep for the use of the King's household, and probably gave rise to that mode of sheep-farming which still subsists in the south of Scotland, namely, store-farming" The present system of sheep-farming does not appear to have taken place till about the end of the reign of James VI. Before that period the mountainous south country districts were kept under a stock of black cattle, and some small straggling flocks of sheep. "When the sheep farming came to be extended, the practice of muir burning, for the improvement of the sheep pasture, was introduced, and has continued." "A farm in the country of Ardgour, not far from Fort-William, was turned, in the year 1764, into sheep pasture. In the month of June, twenty-nine scores of ewes and wedders were brought from Douglas, in Clydesdale, and placed upon it. This was the first stock of south country sheep that was settled beyond the chain. Their price at Douglas, on an average, was 6s 6d each. Their driving from Douglas to Ardgour, in twelve days, cost 5d a-head, and only three of the whole flock were left upon the journey. As the farm was rented, the grass of each sheep stood only 6 d."

Forty years ago a few goats were kept on some farms; now there

are none, this kind of stock being found unprofitable.

There are roe deer in the woods. It was considered, when the first of them was seen in the plantations, that they had escaped from the deer park at Hamilton. They are now in considerable numbers, and carefully protected. Foxes are in considerable numbers. do not burrow in the ground, but make their abode under the dense brushwood and under rubbish from the branches of felled trees in the plantations around Douglas. The farmers complain of no depredations committed by them on lambs and poultry. The abundance of hares, rabbits, pheasants, etc., offer them a supply of food without When there were few plantations, and game scarce, the farmers sustained great loss of lambs and poultry. Beaters are sent into the wood, and scores of persons, with guns, are stationed so as to command the avenue which the fox must enter when he moves before the beaters, and a number of foxes are killed at every "foxshooting." No fox-hounds have hunted in the parish within the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

There are otters in Douglas-water, and the havoc which they make of the fish in the water and its tributaries is great. Fishes partly devoured are frequently found, the remains of the otter's supper. The otter is a dainty fellow; it is only certain parts of the fish it

will eat when he has "pick and wale" at command.

There were no rabbits in the parish in a wild state before 1830. They first made their appearance three miles below the town, and increased rapidly. In a few years they overspread the whole of the parish, and found also their way into the neighbouring ones. The farmers loudly complained of the depredations committed by them. In a severe winter they barked hundreds of trees and thorn hedges.

Every young plantation, when not protected, was entirely destroyed. The Earl of Home is endeavouring to extirpate them, but the extermination is slow, on account of the extent of cover.

There are squirrels in the woods, but at one time they were more

numerous. From a cause unknown, they have decreased.

There is not a magpie in the parish. No sooner does one enter it than it is shot. Their destruction is for the preservation of game. There are jays in the plantations. Wood pigeons are in great numbers, and do damage. Jack-daws are numerous about Douglas Castle, and build in holes of the aged trees, etc.

Forty years ago there was a rookery at Douglas Castle, and the number of its inhabitants was great; but on account of the damage which they did, they were expelled. After forty years' banishment, they returned and took possession of their former habitation; and this happening to take place in the year in which the Earl of Home entered into possession of the Douglas estates, the people regarded their return as a lucky omen—that it was something that boded luck to both parties taking possession.

Game is abundant, and in great variety—pheasants, black-game, grouse, partridges, wild-ducks, snipes, hares, rabbits, etc. The game is preserved carefully, and at great expense, but the poacher manages

to obtain game in season and out of season.

Corn-growing parishes suit poultry best. Douglas cannot be called a poultry-producing parish, although there be a poultry-house at every onstead, the inhabitants of which are only a few hens and a cock. There are no geese in the parish, except a few at Douglas Castle. At every farm-house a few ducks are to be seen. Cadgers, with donkeys and creels, perambulate the parish and collect eggs,

chickens, etc., the gudewife receiving tea, tobacco, etc.

There are many hives of bees in the parish. It is well adapted to the keeping of bees. Pasturage affords greater and better supply of food for bees than land under cultivation. Where heather abounds, and is in flower, bees can collect more honey in six weeks than they could in many places during the season. Many in the town who keep bees take the hives into the muirs, and place them under the care of the shepherd when the heather is in bloom. Honey, superior to that which was gathered on the thyme-clad Hybla and Hymettus, and of which the ancients boasted, is obtained every year, in great abundance, from the heather bloom of Auchensaugh, Elvan's-hill, and Glespen-muir. The produce of honey in a favourable year is great; but the product from bees is very precarious.

Flax is not now grown in the parish. In the olden time great quantities were raised by the farmer for home consumption. Female servants in farm-houses, at the beginning of this century, had part of their wages paid in flax. It was usual for them to have a *forpet* of flax seed sown, and the produce, little or much, formed part of their wages. There is now no flax-mill in the parish. It may be stated that female servants in many places had fleeces of wool given

to them as part of wages. There is now no inducement to grow flax and manufacture it at home. All the various fabrics which formerly were made of flax can be obtained cheaper.

In the days of our forefathers every farmer sowed hemp seed. The portion of ground set apart for the seed was called the hemp-rig, as a ridge of land was usually what was required; but if the ridges were small, two were considered necessary. The hemp was made into various articles for home use. The principle article was ropes, and used for various purposes. In the winter evenings the hemp was manufactured. Now there is no "hemp-rig."

Hazleside is about two miles west of Douglas. The house and lands of Hazleside were given by good Sir James Douglas to his trusty servant "Thomas Dickson." Dickson fell fighting with the English at the chancel door of St Bride's Church on Palm Sunday. There is scarcely a vestige of the old mansion of Hazleside remaining. There are indications that it had been a building of magnitude and strength. Some very old trees remain and continue to brave the blasts of winter. They consist of plane and ash. The greater is plane. Hazleside (the site of the house) is now included in the south-west end of a large plantation that was formed about the end of last century. The place that is now called Hazleside is a farm-house of two stories. It is upon the site of what was the old farm building belonging to Hazleside. The name of the "office buildings" of Hazleside was the "Byers," and by some of the oldest inhabitants of the vale it is still called the "Byers." Parts of the old building were arched.

A company of Highlanders, on their retreat from England in 1745, visited Douglas on their way to the north. They halted two days in Douglas. To the inhabitants they were most unwelcome visitors. They made free with property of every kind which they required or had a desire to possess. Shoes were an article which they were very desirous to obtain. Some of them were barefooted. and others had shoes in the last stage of service. Tradition says that when an inhabitant was seen by them with a pair of good shoes, he was saluted with shange progues! If the person showed no inclination for an exchange, by parting with his shoes, they were, without ceremony, pulled off. The same party carried off from Douglas Castle a sword, which, after the battle of Culloden, was recovered by the Duke of Douglas, and is now in Bothwell Castle. From the manner in which the Highlanders conducted themselves, they were a heavy burden upon the town. They were got quit of in rather a curious way. An individual in Douglas wrote a letter, as if it had been written by an officer in His Majesty's army (who, with a company of soldiers, was in pursuit of the enemy), and sent it to Douglas. The substance of the letter was, that the people of Douglas should use all means to detain the Highlanders till the King's troops should reach Douglas. The letter was dropped on the street. In the morning it was picked up by a Highlander and taken to

APPENDIX. 185

Douglas Castle, which the Highland officers had taken possession of for their quarters. In an hour after the letter had reached the castle, the Highlanders were moving from Douglas under the malédictions of those who had suffered from them.

There are no Roman remains in the parish. No camps, Roman or British. Part of the head of a bronze spear was found in a rivulet

near Cormacoup—supposed to be Roman.

On the top of Kirktondyke-hill (now covered with wood), there are the remains of a cairn called the "Captain's Cairn." The remains indicate a small cairn. Tradition is silent respecting it.

"Bryce's Cross" is three miles south of Douglas, on the summit of the Blackgate-hill. It consists of a very small cairn of stones, about three feet in height. Tradition says that a packman of the name of Bryce was murdered on the spot where the cairn has been raised. In Catholic countries a cross is erected where a murder has been committed. This was also the usage in Scotland in Catholic times. The cross is gone; but the little cairn marks the spot. It is on the old track over the hill from Glasgow to Douglas. The old road is along the edge of a black "flow-moss."

There were Covenanters belonging to the parish. Some of them suffered much in the persecuting times. One called Alexander Brown—some of his descendants live in town. Another of the name of Grey; there are also descendants of his living in Douglas. And James Gavin, a tailor, had his ears cut off by Claverhouse's dragoons, who found him in his hiding-place on Airne-Salloch-burn, a mile south of Douglas. Gavin was transported to Barbadoes. After the Revolution he returned to Douglas, and built a house of one storey in the High Street. On the lintel of the door the tailor's "goose," "cawboard," and "shears" are sculptured, and remain to this day. A number of cottars, believed to have embraced Covenanting principles, were ejected from the land of Cormacoup; but few were persecuted in the parish.

The meal basin of John Brown, the "godlie carrier," who was shot by Claverhouse at Priesthill, is in Douglas. The basin is of plane tree, and capacious. It will hold two pecks of meal—old measure. It gives indications of the ravages of time by the number of worm holes which it displays. It is preserved as a valued relic

of a godly man who sealed his testimony with his blood.

A rolling pin was used in the preparation of oatcakes for a few Covenanters who came to a farm-house, weary and hungry, in their flight from "Bothwell Brig." The gudeman was friendly to the Covenanting cause, and with heart and hand encouraged those who supported it. The oatcakes which had been prepared for family use were soon exhausted. A maiden was instantly set to work to prepare more. Tradition says that for three hours the fugitives kept the maiden, who was not slack at work, busily engaged in preparing cakes for them. Tradition also says that for two hours they are faster than she could prepare for them. The rolling pin, which was

of so much service on that disastrous day to the men of the covenant,

is carefully preserved at Douglas.

On the right bank of Douglas-water, two miles below Douglas Castle, there is an oblong mount called Boncastle. The name by some is supposed to be derived from a fort of observation which was situated upon its summit. Eighty years ago, when the House of Douglas was desirous to get the town of Douglas transferred to Millholm, near the base of Boncastle, that mount was fixed on for the site of the parish church. The project failed, as what would have been given to the people as the value of their houses in Douglas, would not have raised houses for them at Millholm.

The burial place of suicides is on the boundary line between the parishes of Douglas and Crawfordjohn, and on the march between (of old) two "lairds' lands." The form of graves is distinctly seen, although no burial has taken place there within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. Long after it ceased to be a burial place, many

felt "eerie" in passing it under cloud of night.

Auchensaugh is a hill south-east of Douglas, and nearly mid-way between Douglas and Crawfordjohn. On a level spot on the east side of the hill, the covenants were renewed in 1712. The form which was observed at Borland-hill, in the parish of Lesmahagow, when the covenants were renewed in 1689, was followed there except the

confession of individual sins, which was omitted.

The meeting of Estates at Edinburgh granted leave to raise a regiment, chiefly of "west countrymen," to be under the command of the Earl of Angus. There were rumours of an invasion from Ireland, and also reports that Claverhouse was raising troops in the north. "A general meeting" of Covenanters was held on the 13th of May, 1689, at Douglas. At this meeting it was agreed to "embody the next day." On the 14th of May, 1689, "The Angus Regiment" (as it was called) was embodied in a holm called the Marquis's Holm, on the north bank of Douglas-water, and about an hundred yards south of the town. The regiment was to consist of twenty companies, form-The necessary complement of men was readily ing two battalions. obtained. Of those who enlisted, a considerable number belonged to Douglas and its neighbourhood. The command was given to James, Earl of Angus, eldest son of the Marquis of Douglas, and from him it was called "the Angus Regiment." Afterwards it was called "the Cameronian Regiment," some say in honour of Cameron, who fell at Ayr's Moss. Most probably it was called "the Cameronian Regiment" from the number of men who composed it being of like principles with Cameron. It is now the 26th Regiment of the line. Immediately after being enrolled it marched to Edinburgh, and took up a position before the Castle—which still held out for James—and was of service in the reduction of that stronghold. In three months after being enrolled at Douglas, it covered itself with glory at Dunkeld. The Cameronian Regiment distinguished itself at home and abroad, and its valour has suffered no diminution.

Between the town and the castle, and on the east side of the approach to the castle, is the "Gallow Knowe." It is a small eminence, a little swell of the ground. When the Barons of Douglas possessed the power of death and life over their vassals, not a few were hanged for little than "just to please the Laird." Tradition has handed down the case of a customer weaver in Poniel district, who, having been accused of pilfering yarn given him by the gudewives of the district to make into cloth, was tried, and found guilty. The sentence passed upon him was, that next day he was to be hanged on the Gallow Knowe. When he was upon the ladder, and the rope was about his neck, the laird asked him if he could recommend an honest weaver to the district. The answer was—"As I am a dving man, I cannot, with a clear conscience, recommend any weaver as honest." "Take him down," was the order of the Baron; "it's better to keep the ill kent, than to tak the unkent." On the Gallow Knowe many brave Southerns came to an untimely end. The "Gallow Tree" and the "Hanging Tree" at the castle were in requisition for the work when the castle was taken by Scots or English.

James V. was on his way from the west to Douglasdale, alone. little to the east of the place where Muirkirk now stands, he came upon a company of gypsies encamped, and preparing their noon-day meal. He was invited to join them in the repast, and readily accepted the invitation. He asked not, for conscience' sake, how the mutton had been procured. After a few rounds of something to drink stronger than the water of the neighbouring spring, he began, as was his practice, to use too much freedom with the younger females. This exasperated the gypsies. much foul speech on both sides, the gypsies, to punish him, when they were about to move their camping-places for the night, strapped upon his back a heavy budget, and forced him to carry it to Cormacoup, where he revealed to the gudeman who he was, and sent a note to the Earl of Douglas to come to Cormacoup with some followers. On the arrival of the Earl he ordered the gypsies to be hanged on a tree. This was done; the tree remains, and is called the "hanging tree."

According to tradition, the village of Uddington had almost obtained the honour of being made a royal burgh by James V., "the King of Commons," and of royal burgh making celebrity. His majesty slept one night in Uddington, and the house in which he slept has been preserved. It is a very humble-looking structure, and is now used as a byre and barn. There is scarcely an opening to

admit light, and the doorways are very low.

Tradition says that James V., travelling in disguise, slept one night at Kirktondyke—a farm-house of humble appearance about a mile south-east of Douglas; in the morning, after a homely breakfast, he sent one of the household to Douglas Castle with the message, the Marquis was to come to Kirktondyke, and speak to the "Guidman of Ballangeich;" the Marquis instantly obeyed the command; after a

long conference they separated—the Marquis returned to the castle,

and the King went on his way to Crawford Castle.

Near Cairntable there are vestiges of a fort; it is known that in the olden time the Douglasses had a stronghold "on the skirts of Cairntable." The castle appears to have been a strong place. Archibald, seventh Earl of Angus, when threatened by Henry of England for slaying Ralph Ivers, says—"Is my brother-in-law offended because I am a good Scottish man? Because I have revenged the defacing of the tombs of my ancestors at Melrose upon Ralph Ivers? They were better men than he, and I ought to have done no less! And will he take my life for that? Little knows King Henry the skirts of Cairntable. I can keep myself there from the English host!"

On the farm of Glentaggart (the priest's glen), there was a chapel; nothing is known respecting it, and not a vestige of the building

remains; but the font, which is stone, has been preserved.

Near Andershaw there was a chapel, and burying-ground connected with it; the font stone, after being mutilated by the builder's hammer, was put into a "drystone dyke." Near the site of the chapel there is a well, called "the chapel well;" in purity and goodness it cannot be excelled; this spring is of extraordinary strength; it forms at once a stream remarkable for its volume of water.

At Parish-holm, west boundary of the parish, there was a chapel founded by James IV. "In 1531 James V. granted in Mortmain to Schir George Eirmair, the chaplain of said chapel, and to his suc-

cessor there the four merk lands of Parroch-holm."

About four miles east of Douglas there is a farm-house called "the chapel;" at this place there was a chapel or small church—no part of it remains; it furnished too readily materials for house-building to be spared. The chapel here, and those that were at Andershaw and Glentaggart, were places of worship before St Bride's Church of Douglas and the chapel at Parish-holm were built; church accommodation was amply provided for the people by the Roman Catholics,

and the priests were comfortably supported.

Douglas is a "burgh of barony;" has a baron bailie, and a baron court, and there is a jail connected with the baron court. The culprit can be imprisoned only for a short time without examination, but he can be remanded again and again. Lately an improvement was made upon the jail; there are now two cells, formerly there was only one; when there happened to be two criminals—one a male, and the other a female—only one of them could be incarcerated at the same time. According to an old Scottish Act, the window or opening of the baron jail must "be to the street;" the reason given was, that the prisoner might not be forgotten and starved to death, as by the window being to the street he could make his necessities known. Thirty years ago, when the prisoner had the sympathy of the good dames near the jail, they handed him tea-and-toast between the bars of the window; since then the space between the bars is

greatly contracted; tea-and-toast cannot be introduced, but they can

whisper him a word of comfort, and bid good night.

Of old, in Douglas, the baron bailie had great power, and exercised it in ecclesiastical matters. He apprehended and imprisoned parties who would not submit to the discipline of the church. He put out of the parish "incomers" who had not "testificates," and who either could not, or would not, procure them.

There are four libraries in town—Established Church Library, U. P. Church Library (400 vols., free), Free Church Library, Parochial School Library; one at *New Mains*, for the workmen connected with the Douglas estate; at Rigside, one Sabbath School

Library; at Table Stane, one Sabbath School Library.

There is a gas work in the parish, by a company, in £1 shares; price, to consumers, 7/6 the 1000 feet. The late Lord Douglas gave a donation of £200, to assist in erecting the work, that it might be a greater benefit to the town; the streets are scantily lighted

from the donation; the work pays a high dividend.

After the Reformation two-thirds of St Bride's Church was appropriated to the service of the Protestant religion, and continued to be the parish church till 1781, when a new church was ordered on an eminence on the east side of the village. A part of the ruins was converted into the Baron jail and court house, after the Kirkton of Douglas had been made a burgh of Barony, sometime before 1668. The heaviest stroke fell upon St Bride's Church after it ceased to be a place of worship. Much of it was pulled down to raise the walls of the parish church. This wholesale delapidation was the work of a Goth—the factor to the Duke of Douglas. If the chancel had not contained sepulchral monuments belonging to the house of Douglas. the whole of the building would have been swept away. There is a tower with a bell at the west end of the chancel. There are some very old houses on the south of St Bride's Church. The lower storev of some of them is arched. These houses were connected with the St Bride's is in the middle of the churchyard. manse, glebe, and garden were situated within what now forms part of "the policies" of the castle. The ruins are carefully preserved. Many travellers (and the number is increasing) visit them, and express their admiration of these remains of antiquity.

The dress of the men in the middle of the last century was composed of a very coarse fabric. The cloth was of the natural colour of the wool, and called "hodden grey." Lairds thought themselves well dressed for church with a black kelt coat of their wives spinning and dying. The married women wore a "close mutch." Their Sunday gown was "lindsey-woolsey." The young women wore their hair tied round with a "snood," and the plaid drawn over their heads supplied the want of a bonnet. What a contrast between the past and the present age in female dress! Sixty years ago few were clothed in black at funerals. With some the only part of the black clothing was the coat. The company presented garments of almost

every colour. One part of the dress was grey, another part of it was blue, etc. The clothes at that time, without exception, were manufactured at home, and were in general of a coarse fabric. The artistic labour bestowed upon garments in that age did not indicate that the tailor had been guided by any scientific principles in taking the measurement of the wearer, and in the cutting of the cloth. clothes were deemed a "perfect fit" if the person for whom they were made could wriggle himself into them. No matter how tight they were, or how loosely they hung about him; it was not a "misfit" unless they were so small as not to admit the body and its members. Tailors at the end of last century made the greater part of female apparel, at least the gown was made by them. Tailors sixty years ago and less went to the houses of their employers and "made and mended" clothes. It was a bustling time when the tailors were in the house. Home made clothing is now used only by the shepherds and the small farmers for "every day's wear."

The principal employment is handloom weaving. Nearly all the weavers are in the town. The number of weavers is 230. A few years ago the number was 300. Before end of last century there were thirty "customer weavers" in Douglas; now there are only two, and these are sufficient to make into cloth all the home spun materials. Boys are put early to the loom, and too soon become their "own masters." About twenty young women are handloom weavers. They earn their own bread, and also contribute to the support of the younger branches of the family, and in this latter duty

they are more dutiful than their brothers.

The condition of the poor is greatly improved. In the olden time the weekly allowance doled out by the session was exceedingly scanty. Those who could walk received tickets or badges from the session giving them a licence to beg within the parish. Since the operation of the Poor Law Act the comfort of the poor is greatly increased by additional allowance and medical attendance. The poor in the parish of Douglas receive more from "the board" than the

poor in the neighbouring parishes.

In the town there are grocers 10; bakers 2; weavers 230; watchmaker, etc., 1; drapers, etc., 5; banks two (Commercial and City of Glasgow); booksellers 2; shoemakers 3; tailors 6; butcher 1; surgeon 1; joiners 4; slaters 2; plasterer 1; plumber 1; dealers in crockery ware 3; carriers 2—one to Glasgow twice a-week, one to Edinburgh once a-week; coach 1; dancing master 1; rural policeman—his residence in Douglas—has a wide district—1; weavers' agents 3; lodging houses for vagrants and chapmen, etc., 4; smiths 2; a fiddler 1; saddler 1; chimney sweepers 3; mole catcher 1; post runner 1—every lawful day to Uddington and Rigside, etc.; innkeepers 6; a blind 'letter-carrier to New Mains, Castlemains, etc.

Every farmer had a plough made before he commenced the labour of the field. He provided wood, and engaged a carpenter to make the plough, and this was always accomplished by him in one day. The farmer not only provided the wood, but also the necessary iron work. The plough was considered to be of good workmanship if it lasted, after a few repairs, in working order for a year. The carpenter received one shilling, with victuals, for a long day's work. Iron ploughs then were not dreamed of, ploughs which the farmer has found to be the best, notwithstanding the price paid for them.

At middle of last century there were no carts in the parish. Everything was carried on horseback—as grain to the mill, coals from the heugh or pit. This mode of transit may account for, in part, the narrow streets in towns which have any claim to antiquity. The vehicle which preceded the cart was the car. On it the corn was carried from the field to the barn-yard. In many respects the car is better adapted to a hilly country than the cart; where the

car would be more suitable in the field than the cart.

A little before the end of last century the gudewife, when on horseback, was generally seated behind her husband, on a comfortable kind of saddle called a pillion. The riding-dress of the dame was in keeping with her plain every-day clothing, an ample "skirt" of home manufacture. If the day was fine, a black silk hood, drawn over a close "mutch," covered her head. If the day threatened rain, a grey woollen hood was the covering which she donned, and a home-spun cloak, of a fabric so close as to be almost waterproof. The gudeman's "braid blue bonnet"—his body covering half cloak, half coat in form, and his "gamushions," were in harmony with the appearance of his dame. There was nothing of vulgarity in the mode of locomotion. It was in this way that Queen Elizabeth went to Parliament, when she rode through the streets of London, seated on a pillion behind the Lord-Chancellor.

It was not till near the end of the last century that umbrellas made their appearance in the parish. The first person who used one attracted the attention of old and young. Many satirical remarks were made upon the bearer of it. Its usefulness, with that of the plaid, was frequently discussed, and the conclusion universally arrived at was, that it was a useless article, and that it was a silly vanity that caused the individual to carry it. The first time that one was brought to church, some of the unco guid cried out against the act as a profanation of the Sabbath, and that it was more like

going to the play than to the house of prayer.

At the beginning of this century there was "tent preaching" in the parish at the celebration of the Lord's Supper, in July, by the Established Church, which set up "the tent" in the "kirk-yard." A number of the neighbouring churches were vacant on that day by the ministers being at Douglas; a number of both sexes from the parishes where the churches were vacant came to Douglas, and the gathering at the "tent" was great; many who came to Douglas did not come to worship, but to spend the day, as a holy-day, in recreation and sensual enjoyment, and not a few, on leaving the town, afforded evidence of the kind of potations in which they had indulged. The Lord's

Supper was administered by the Reformed Presbyterian Church in August, and on the Sabbath on which it was administered there was "tent preaching," and this continued to be the practice till There being no public-house near Rigside, innkeepers came from Lanark and Douglas on the Sabbath morning with "tents" for the sale of porter, and ale, and spirits, etc.; the tents for drinking in were pitched within 200 yards of the tent for preaching in. Half-ascore, at least, of canvas-covered tents was considered not more than sufficient for furnishing refreshments for the people; these tents were full of company from morning to night; in the afternoon many were reeling about drunk, and two or three fights took place in the course of the day; when the assembly broke up, some were left on the field in a helpless state of drunkenness. The scenes described by Burns in his "Haly Fair" fall far short of those which were seen at Rigside. When servants made engagements for the summer half-year, this was one of the stipulations, viz., that they should have "Douglas' race fair day, and Rigside sacramental day to themselves." The abolition of tent preaching has been productive of good order and decency on "sacramental occasions." The want of tent preaching is regretted by some who had seen the tent in its palmy days, and who had visited it for the purpose of being amused.

Rigside is four miles north-east of Douglas, on the Ayr and Edinburgh road. The original name of the place was Newton, and it was designated by this name in the seventeenth and in the middle of the eighteenth century. The designation Rigside was derived from a house that bore that name in the district. It consists for the most part of colliers' houses. Lord James Douglas, the lord of the manor, caused new and comfortable cottages to be built in the room of those that were pulled down. The old habitations had been wretchedly constructed, and slovenly kept; and when pulled down.

their appearance was miserable in the extreme.

Braidlea-burn is a small stream which has its source in the hills west, north-west of Douglas, and falls into the Douglas-water opposite the town. It runs into a deep ravine clothed with natural wood. In this ravine good Sir James Douglas, with his little band of trusty followers, secreted himself after leaving Hazleside on that Palm Sunday when he slew the English in the chancel of St Bride's Church, took possession of the Castle of Douglas, and razed it to the ground. It was in the ravine of Braidlea-burn that he waited for the signal of advance, to be given by his faithful servant, "Doughty Dickson," who went in disguise as a "thrasher," with arms beneath his cloak. The place in the ravine where the ambuscade rested was about 400 yards from the church, and in sight of it, as there were no buildings on the west side of the churchyard.

Tradition assigns the following reason why James V. so frequently visited Douglasdale:—That his Majesty, when he appeared in Douglasdale, was on his way to visit a "lady" of the name of Lindsay, who lived a few miles south-east of Uddington, where he slept one

193

night. His connexion with the lady was in keeping with the character which history has given us of "the King of the Commons." The greater part of his time was spent in visiting the many mistresses which he had in various parts of the kingdom. His followers said it was to make himself minutely acquainted with the state of the country that he strolled through in disguise. Few believed

that apology then, and fewer believe it now.

Smiling-gill is a small dell or hollow, about 400 yards west of Douglas, and nearly opposite to it. It is a pleasant and retired spot. and for open-air preaching a more suitable place could not be found. In this little dell the Reformed Presbyterians (or Cameronians as they were commonly designated) about the middle of the last century administered the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. There was a great assembly when that "ordinance" was to be "administered." Many came from a great distance in Scotland, and some even from Ireland, regardless of toil and expense. A number of ministers engaged in the work. The services were exceedingly protracted. Many inhabitants of Douglas, eighty years ago, went to the "Craigbraehead," a little eminence on the west side of the town, and adjoining to it, from which the place where the dell was situated (but not the dell itself) could be seen, and there heard, at three o'clock on Monday morning, the singing of psalms, that part of the service which should have been concluded on Sabbath evening, but which had been postponed on account of the length of the previous services, until three o'clock on Monday morning; after this there was a cessation or interval of seven hours before the commencement of the proper work on Monday. Many, during the hours of rest, never left the place of worship, but having wrapped themselves in their plaids, etc., lay down to sleep, at least to lie in a recumbent posture till the work of the day began. The fervour of the mountain preacher was not cooled by the protracted services of Sabbath, and the attention of the multitudes was unabated. The practice of their fathers, during many years of persecution, to worship in the open air, and to administer the sacraments in some secluded spot, had been adopted by them, and they found themselves more at home on the mountain side than in the comfortably seated meeting-house, where they could then worship God, none daring to make them afraid.

Janet Clelland lived in "Slidderie Brae," then a street in Douglas, with houses only on the south side; then unpaved with "stepping-stanes." Here and there, after a fall of rain, the street was in a slippery state; hence the name of "Slidderie Brae." Capt. Paton, who was severely wounded in the skirmish at Ayr's Moss, and taken prisoner, was brought to Douglas on the evening of the day of the fight, with his wounds undressed. Janet Clelland, a "motherly and handy woman," dressed his wounds, and administered to his comforts as far as circumstances would permit. Honourable mention is made of her by Wodrow. The house in which she lived is still standing. Janet Clelland was "a mother in Israel," and her memory lives with

those who take an interest in the history of those who struggled, and

bled, and died, on behalf of civil and religious liberty.

There are a number of mineral springs in the parish. three strong chalybeate springs near the town-one at Springhill, in a plantation behind the house; another in Mansefield; and a third at Brachead. The water of these springs is more strongly impenetrated with iron than the water of some celebrated chalybeate wells. water, sprinkled on clothes lying on the washing-green, makes them red with the oxide of iron. When a little strong tea is poured into a tumbler half filled with the water, the mixture soon becomes black as ink—the gallic acid having combined with the iron in the water: and one equally strong is at Elvanshill-wood. There are also a few springs so strongly impenetrated with the carbonic of lime. that the spouts at kettles in daily use are soon closed up by it. There is one of this kind and strength at Wildshaw lime works. medicinal use is made of these springs. For drinking they are not agreeable, except to an acquired taste. They cannot be used in the washing of clothes, and the chalybeate is ruinous to clothes when it is applied to them on the bleaching-green.

Robert Dick is the blind letter-carrier from the post-office, Douglas (but not officially connected with it), to Castlemains, the residence of Thomas Rennie Scott, Esq., Chamberlain to the Countess of Robert Dick is a wonderful man, considering his age and Home. total blindness. He was a soldier under the late Lord Archibald Douglas, when Colonel of the Forfarshire Militia. His eye-sight having failed him from amaurosis, he was discharged, and returned to Douglas, that he might earn a comfortable livelihood. Mr Scott employed him to carry his letter-bag daily to and from Castlemains to the post-office at Douglas. When a "runner" was appointed by the post-office, for daily and free delivery of letters, etc., between Douglas and Rigside—which included all the places visited by the blind carrier—Mr Scott did not accept of the free delivery, but retained his faithful bagman at full pay. For many years the old soldier has punctually performed his postal duties. In summer and in winter, in heat and cold, in rain and in sleet, in frost and in snow, he may be seen holding on the noiseless tenor of his way. So well is he acquainted with the track over which he daily moves, that he can tell at which part of it he is as correctly as if he was blessed with perfect vision. Not only does he find his way to Castlemains, etc., but he can move on with equal ease and certainty to Uddington, and deliver letters, papers, and small parcels with which he has been entrusted. No complaints have ever been made against the blind letter-carrier for any neglect of duty. A money letter is safe, and this is more than can be said of it if committed to the post-office, where it is at the mercy of dissipated and pilfering officials.

Traditionary statements, if not recorded, will soon be lost. Many curious things have already perished. In the olden time, at "rockings," the old and elderly of both sexes entertained and amused one

another with traditionary tales and anecdotes of various kinds; while the younger branches were enjoying themselves with fun and frolic. Newspapers have given a fatal blow to tradition. The extinction of it is only a matter of time, and that time will soon come. Now the conversation is not about what was said and done in bygone ages, but about the news of the day. With what zest did our fathers, the patriarchs of the parish, with the "nappy ale" mantling in the "bicker," take up, for instance, the traditions respecting the Covenanters, and as they quaffed the generous "barley bree," became warmer and louder in their praises of the heroic sufferers in the "reeling time!" Now it is politics, or something as unprofitable. With regard to truth, there may have been more of it in tradition than there may be in the newspapers.

[The "Rough Notes on the Parish of Douglas" were contributed by a minister who had been upwards of forty years in charge of a chapel there, and who recently demitted his charge to spend the last years of a useful life among friends resident in the south-east of Scotland. His paper shows him to be an amiable man. A. M.]

[The remarks on seeking for gold at Leadhills should have been given in continuation of the paper by J. N. at page 48.—A. M.]

AT Leadhills, the search for gold, as an article of commerce, had been abandoned, although small quantities continued to be obtained by desultory and unauthorised washings, and sold as objects of curiosity. In 1863, however, the search for gold was more generally resumed by the miners at Leadhills during their leisure hours; and in a few months many thousand grains were procured, principally from the head of Longcleugh burn, the scene of Bulmer's operations. The average quantity of gold obtained per day was about twelve grains. This, considering the inefficient means used, and the small and rude apparatus employed in washing, is a good proof that it still might be wrought to profit. At the head of Longcleugh burn, as well as at many other places, the debris is upwards of fifteen feet in depth, the whole of which has more or less gold in it, producing, on an average, five grains per cubic yard of earth. Between this debris and the rock there is a layer of clay, mixed with which are gravel and oxide of iron, varying from one to ten inches thick, which is very rich of gold, producing ten grains per cubic foot. The largest nugget obtained in 1863 weighed seventy-two grains, being much less than those formerly procured, viz., from one to thirty ounces.

The Lanarkshire gold field extends for about twenty-five miles in length by twelve miles in width, yet it is only on Crawford Moor, in the neighbourhood of Leadhills, along the banks of the Glengonar and Shortcleugh waters and their tributaries, viz., over about eight square miles, that gold has ever been found in any great quantities.

From this space of ground, according to the best information that can be procured, upwards of £500,000 worth of gold has been obtained.

The rocks in the district are of the inferior stratified series, under the grauwacke group, consisting of gneiss, mica, and clay-slate, and are traversed in every direction by auriferous quartz and other veins. These veins, with the exception of the one mentioned as being found "powdered with small gold" at Longcleugh-head, have never been wrought for gold, although small specks of the precious metal have been discovered in several of them at the surface; and it is quite evident that from these quartz veins the gold has been washed and dispersed over the district. It is very possible that from some at least of these veins, if proper means were adopted for reducing the quartz, a profitable yield might be realised. Here also, as well as in other gold regions, these veins must have been much richer at the surface than below; otherwise, as large nuggets would have been obtained in working them as are found in the alluvial deposits, which has not been the case as yet. Have therefore reason to think that none of the quartz veins in this district will produce gold—much, if any, below the surface. Indeed, there is sufficient data to prove that the auriferous quartz veins become degraded, as they descend, into veins of lead; for in the immediate vicinity of Leadhills, where the veins are now rich in lead, gold in large quantities has been obtained from the alluvial deposits on the sides of the streams traversing the said veins. This fact can only be accounted for by the supposition that these deposits have been washed off from the surface of the veins, which now at a lower depth produce lead.

J. N.

The Leadhills district of the parish of Crawford has received fair attention, in the "History of the Mines at Leadhills," as given at pages 50 to 63, Vol. I. of this Work; in the quotations from Pennant's tour last century; in the graphic article from Household Words of 1852; and the excellent paper by J. N. on the present state and prospects of the mines, with the account of gold-finding there; and no one could better inform on the subject, as the works are under his direction; and large as the recent outlay has been, it has already resulted in employing nearly double the number of miners, and at wages twice what they are reported to have been in 1857. The church at Leadhills forms part of the building locally known as the Hall—the shooting quarters of the Earls of Hopetoun, and home of their representative in the village. The accommodation in the church is good, the attendance regular, and the minister an earnest labourer among a flock living within the square mile which forms the reclaimed land in this upland district. A movement has recently taken place which has resulted in securing money enough to endow the chapel, and render it in future a church—quoad sacra. The manse is one of the least comfortable in Scotland; small in size, low in site, and most uninviting in appearance; but its present occupant has a library

of extent and value rare for the district. The bracing air of the southern Highlands of Scotland does much to maintain the health of the miners,—otherwise their houses are ill ventilated; but it is one of the institutions of the locality to have a doctor, and one more experienced or more worthy it might be hard to find anywhere than is the present medical attendant of the miners. Born in the village, on the field in the Peninsula, North America, the West Indies, and elsewhere, he came home again, and has long been the educated and the hospitable man of the village; and few visit it who have not heard of his well-earned good name.

Crowning a knoll near the lower end of the village, is the kirkyard, of considerable extent, well enclosed, and thickly overgrown with grass, rank and tail, compared with the sparse vegetation around. The headstones—upright and well lettered—are numerous, and remarkable in that the legend of the accidents which so frequently bring death to the miner, are cut into—written on these memorials of the dead. At page 41 of this volume the Scotch miner is taunted with his love of "heavy literature"—his preference for the theological works of Chalmers to those of Channing, and the scarcity of light reading on the shelves of the Leadhills Library. This is more smart than accurate, as the catalogue of books shows on its pages the novels of Scott, Galt, and others; with a choice selection of books on biography, travels, chemistry, etc.

A. M.

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA.

Vol. I.

Page 6, line 14—For "608," read, "606."

Page 7, line 9—For "Their capital," read, "The important city of Goden, on the Firth of Forth."

Page 18, line 28—For "axe," read, "hammer."

Page 19, line 1—"A short distance outside the rampart." It has, since this was written, been ascertained that the well referred to is situated upwards of a mile from this camp. We may here state that the pre-parochial antiquities of the parish of Lesmahago have been, since these pages were written, investigated with the utmost care and diligence by J. B. Greenshields, Esq., yr. of Kerse, to whom, indeed, we were indebted for most of our information on the subject. As he has now concentrated the information he has obtained into his "Annals of Lesmahago," we refer our readers to that work for details.

Page 19, line 10—Delete, "or Fauldhouse."

Page 20, line 5—After "jet," insert, "or rather cannel coal."

Page 20, line 6—For "Two similar celts," read, "A similar celt." Page 20, line 7—"Another at Rogerhill." This is the same weapon as that described in page 18, as in the possession of Hope Vere, Esq.

Page 20, line 27—"Eighteen others." There is every reason to believe that there were only two urns found in this locality.

Page 20, line 29—For "Leeland," read, "Lee land." Page 26, line 21—"Stone font." See Vol. II., p. 56.

Page 31, line 27—"A still larger example." When this was written, we had only seen an engraving of this weapon. Since then. however, we have had an opportunity of inspecting the implement itself, and have now no hesitation in stating, that our idea of it was a wrong one—that it is correctly described in the catalogue of the Arch. Museum in Edinburgh, 1856-7, and that it is, looking to its size, a hammer, although of such an unusual shape, that without adverting to its dimensions it might easily be mistaken for a large flail stone.

Page 56, line 13—Delete "the younger."

Page 59, line 23—After "purchased," insert, "or leased."

Page 69, line 20—For "Alexander I.," read, "Alexander II."

Page 150, line 23—For "baillie," read, "taillie."

Page 161, line 11 from bottom of page—For "270, 336, 316, 409, 318, 413," read, "270, 336; 316, 409; 318, 413."

Page 166, line 5-For "pp.," read, "p. 272, No. 329."

Page 184, line 22-For "1699," read. "1669."

Page 189, line 33-For "92," read, "92*."

Page 191, line 33—For "1699," read, "1669."

Page 239, last line—For "We have already seen he was censured," read. "He was censured, as we afterwards have occasion to mention more particularly."

Page 242, line 2—For "1783," read, "1683."

Page 391, line 31—For "Plate XIV.," read, "Plate XV., Figs. 1 & 2." Page 442, line 7—For "1740," read, "1704."

Vol. II.

Page 41, line 30-For "Alexander," read, "Archibald."

Page 46, line 7-For "took," read, "book."

Page 60, line 8—Delete "largely increased the possessions of the family, by his marriage with one of the daughters and co-heiress of Sir John Crawford of Crawfordjohn, and." This statement has been continually made in the histories of the house of Douglas, but is evidently erroneous. See Vol. I., p. 122.

Page 93, line 7—For "James," read "William."

Page 113-For "John, Lord Somerville," read, "Somerville of Cambusnethan."

Page 137, line 7—For "second marquis," read, "third marquis,"

Page 142, line 24—For "Sir William," read, "Sir James."

Page 205, line 7—This statement is inaccurate, as there was no allegation that the conveyance of the lands of Draffan was forged. This accusation is confined to the barony of Crawfordjohn, etc., and the lands of Draffan were resigned as an equivalent of the back rent of them and certain moveable property, that Sir James Hamilton of Fynart had appropriated to himself without legal authority.

Page 215, line 8—After "would," insert "not."

Page 235, line 7—In giving this date we followed Wodrow, but since these pages were in type, we have found the following document among the Lauderdale papers in the British Museum. (Add. MSS., 23,116, fol. 121:—

"Edin. 1 April, 1679.—The phannaticks in Clidsdale are still so bold to resist and to assault the King's forces by force of arms. gave formerly account that a party of armed men, well mounted on horseback, had surprised two or thrie dragoons in their quarters in the paroch of Lesmahagoe in Clidsdale. And what is now to be informed is the second part of the same tune, which is as follows:---Upon Sunday last, early in the morning, Major White (whose company of foot lyes at Lanark) got notice of a field conventicle which was to be kept within the paroch of Lesmahagoe (which belongs to the Duke of Hamilton). This being a great distance for foot to march and to come in time to dissipate them, the major commanded out a party of twenty dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Dalzell and Ensigne Menzies; upon their march to the place, they observed several persons at a distance going to the conventicle, some of which they followed. All of them took the mosses, where they catcht three or four prisoners, and left six dragoons to guard them. rest of the dragoons went on to the place where the conventicle was kept, and ordered the other six to follow. Before they came at the place they took other thrie prisoners on horse-back, well mounted and well armed, and thereafter they observed where the conventicle was, but at that distance could not perceive that ther ver armed Then they marched and put a hill betwixt them and the conventicle, thinking thereby to surprize them. Bot when they came over the hill they perceived thrie or four companies of foot drawn up in order, about a hundreth a piece, and a troop of horse about sixty. Ther were of the foot about a hundreth and twenty armed with muskets and firlocks, the rest were armed with swords, halberts, and pickforks, and such like. The troop of horse were vell mounted, all of them had holster pistols, and many of them had carebines. Several of them had periwiggs and stuff cloaks, and some of them blew when they perceived the dragoons advancing (who wer bot fourteen with ther officers). The Whiggs formally drew out a party of eighty foot and advanced, the rest designed to surround the dragoons; whereupon the officers of the dragoons required them, in the King's name, to dissipate; whereupon the commander of the Whiggs' horse answered disdainfully, Farts in the King's teeth and the counsells, and all that has sent you, for we appear year for the King of heaven; and immediately thereafter the commanded party of the Whiggs presented and fired, and at the same time the dragoons fired upon them, and immediately thereafter the Whiggs' horse and foot fell in pell mell upon the dragoons, and wounded Lieut. Dalzell mortally, one whereof in the groyn or lisk with a partisan or pitchfork, and took him and seven dragoons prisoners. The Ensigne and the other seven dragoons made their retreat and escaped. The first

six dragoons that guarded the thrie prisoners thought it fitt never to come up, bot went straight back to Lanark with ther prisoners. scuffle fell out about eleven o'clock on Sunday. After this they read the covenant to the Lieut. lying upon the ground wounded, and therafter went to ther conventicle, wher ther was four sermons and lectures, and at seven o'clock at night they dismissed the Lieut. and the seven dragoons ther prisoners, bot kept their horse and armes; one of the commanders of the Whiggs' foot was knowne to be of the name of Cleland, whose father lives in the town of Douglas. captain of the Whiggs' horse is supposed one Hamiltoune, second son to the deceased Sir Thomas Hamiltoune of Prestoune. not yet knowne. Major White, immediately upon notice of this, sent several parties to follow the Whiggs, and to try whether they wer dissipate or wer yet together in army, and at the same time dispatched hither Ensigne Menzies, who gave this account to the committee of council this day at ten o'clock, and ve expect further account from Major White and my Lord Ross to-morrow what has further followed upon this. The committee is to report this to the council the morrow, and no doubt the council will send to yr. Grace the Major's letter, with what further account they get of this affair upon Thursday next. Ther is five or six prisoners sent in by my Lord Airlie from Kerse and Teviotdale, who are great rogues but of mean quality. This proves to be no good effects of the meeting at Hamiltoune that I wrote of by the last, at which meeting the Earle of Pearth was, and this day it is reported here that he is gone or going to London.'

This document is not only interesting as a confidential account of the occurrence, drawn up for the information of the Government at the time, or from its discrepancy with Wodrow, but from the evidence it gives us of a *secret* military organisation among the Covenanters, which fully accounts for their unexpected success at Drumclog, and throws a new light upon many of the after proceedings of the officers

and troops employed by the Government.

Page 273, l. 25—For "Mr Robert Burns," read "Mr Robert Birnie." Page 318, line 2—For "Reformation," read "Restoration."

Page 332, line 12—Delete from "He married" to the end of the paragraph, and insert "He married Margaret Baillie, heiress of Lamington, by whom he had a daughter, who married Robert Dundas of Anniston. Their daughter and heiress married Admiral Sir John Lockhart Ross, by whose grandson the property is now held." (See Lamington and Carstairs.)

Page 340, line 20—For "1639," read "1369."

Page 412, line 10—For "Lady Carmichael," read "Lady Margaret Carmichael."

Page 509, line 4—For "1433," read "1543."

G. V. I.

INDEX TO VOL. I.

, By G. V. I.

PERSONS.

Abernethy, Hugh de,62	Antoninus,
,, Lord,66	Archibald, Bishop of Glasgow,184
,, Sir Patrick,476	Argyle, Duke of,321 Arnold, Abbott of Kelso, 113, 114, 122
" Sir William,62, 474	Arnold, Abbott of Kelso, 113, 114, 122
Achesone, Bessie,13, 74	Arran, Earl of, 52,[123, 319
,, Johne,53	" Regent,124
Adam, Abbot of Kilwynine,430	Aslowane, Johne,53
" Vicar of Dunsyre,406, 411	Asseby, William of,497
" Livery (de Liberatione),499	Atholl, John, Earl of,53
Agnes, only daughter of Sir James	Atkinson,
Hamiltoun of Evandale and	Auchenheath, John, of that ilk, 442
Crawfordjohn,442	Ayr, Bishop of,68
Only daughter of Robertson	• , • , • , • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
of Ernock,	Badge, Jas., reader at Dunsyre, 406
" Daughter of Symonton of that	Baillie, Major-General,237
Ilk,441	,, Nicholas,155
Alan, son of Walter the Steward,	,, Rachel,157
187, 188	,, of Bagbie, 155, 184, 190, 192
Alanus Dominus, perpetual vicar of	,, Alexander, of Bagbie,150
Church of Walstoune,386	,, Claud, younger of Bagbie, 155
Albany, Duke of,310, 311	,, James, of Bagbie,279
, Regent,52	, William, of Bagbie, 155, 280
Alexander I., II., III.,60	Baillies of Carfin,498
" Rector of Colbaynton, 461	Baillie, William, of Carphin,241
Allan, R., reader of Roberton, 150	,, William, of Cormastone, 446
Aneurin,	", James, Lord Forrester,239
Anderson, Mr Patrick, minister of	Baillies of Jerviswood, the,235
Walston,388-90	Baillie, W., of Hardington, 151, 446
Andrew, Bishop of Moray,39	" Alexander, of Hills,407
Angus, Earl of,20, 49, 52, 75,	,, Arch., of Hillis,411, 415
77, 80, 155, 215, 268, 314	,, Sir Wm., of Hoprig, 230, 231
" Archibald, Earl of,39, 102	,, Sir W., 2d of Hoprig, 233, 235
" William, Earl of, and Mar-	,, Archibald of Howgate,473
quis of Douglas,215	,, of Lamington, 155, 167, 191,
Anne, Countess of Aberdeen, 416, 445	264, 275, 415, 479
"Duchess, Hamilton, 77, 120, 125	,, Bernd.,parson of Lam'ton, 221
Annistoune, Laird of,185, 370	,, James, incumbent of Laming-
Anstruther, Sir W. Carmichael, 481	ton,246, 247, 248
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Baillie, Rob., parson of Lam'ton, 249	Bigre, Waldeve de,304
"Sir Wm., of Lamington,247	Bigres, Peter of,297
,, of Littlegill,218, 235, 250	Bikerton, Master Eustachius,38
Alog of Littlevill 986 460	Binney,42
Anahihald of Littlewill 157	Birnies of Broomhill, the,217
William of Littlevill 150	Birnie, Alexander,44
,, George, of Mannerhall,390	,, Robert,73
	Plack And of Commissions 447
,, William, of Provand, Lord	Black, And., of Cormistoune,447
Provand,220	Blackwood, Jean,74
Baillies of St John's Kirk,235	Blaick, Nichol,156
Baillie, John, of St John's Kirk,	Blakie, Nicholas,150
193, 416, 480	Blantyre, Lord,156
,, Thos., of St John's Kirk,479	Blayr, Maister Johne,430
"James, of Todholes, 407, 416	Blind Harry,79, 225, 333, 430
,, of Walston,330	Blinshall, Dav., minr. of Lam'ton, 250
,, Christopher, of Walstone, 390	Bothevil, John, chaplain of Walston,386
,, Robert, of Walstone,390	ston386
Bailzie, Joanet,44	Bothwell, Francis, Earl of, 150, 163,
Alexander of Tittlerill 150	367, 392
Dashaell dashton to Mathem	Take Tand III-lanced III
Bailzie, now of Littlegill, 158	D-4
Baird, John, in Kilhead (Hillhead)	Bowden, Margaret, relict of Capt.
of Covington,474	John Baillie,160
Balcasky, Thos., rector of Culter, 264	Bowie, Rev. Mr, minister of Dol-
Baldwyn of Biggar, 113, 114, 304,	phinton,415
306, 499	Boyd of Kilmarnock,311
Baliol,21, 63, 72	Bradfute, Hugh de, of Lam'ton, 223
Baliol, John,464	,, Marion,223
Ballantine, Robert,54	Bricius, Bishop of Moray,37, 58
Bannatyne, Rich., memorials of, 321	Britons,27, 50
,, Thomas,43	Bronkhurst, Arnold,55
Barcare, Alex., vicar of Pettynane, 495	Brown, J., taillour in Crawford, 158
Barclay, David de,122, 123	,, John, of Culter,275
Urah da 190	Dohout in Culton 150 996
Morrison do 199	280, 469
Bargany, Laird of,41	Disk of Children Mariner 1910
Maniana danahtan of John	And of Dolahintonna 970
first Lord,243	Wm of Dolphintonn 960
Delhaman Tarat aldest daughter of	Tohn hungage of Edin 4177
Belhaven, Janet, eldest daughter of John, Lord,241	,, John, burgess of Edin.,417
	,, Of Edmonstown,15
Bennet, Geo., minr. of Liberton, 449	,, Andro, of Hartree,316
Bernard, Hewe del Chastil, parson	,, Richard, of Hartree, 271, 276
of Colbantoune,461	", Win., of Lindsaylands,331
Bertram, Alexander, of Nisbet, 276	,, James, minr. of Walston, 390
Biger, Marie, wife of Nicholas de,305	,, Janet,47
" Margerie and Ald, daughters	,, John,
of Nicholas of,305, 307	,, Sir John,431
Biggar, Walter, rector of,298	,, George,70
Bigger, Henry, rector of the church	,, William,73
of,298	Bruce,21, 64, 166
, Nicholas de,60, 305	,, Christian,231
Biggris, H. de (Biggar), 59, 305, 306	,, King Edward,43, 68
Bigir, Robert, persone de, 297, 305	,, King Robert the, 66, 68, 79,
Bigre, Mag. Symon, medicus de, 297	123, 152, 188, 465
2-5-0, mang. of month montous do, 2011	120, 102, 100, 100

Bruce, the heart of,69	Cathie, George, the Pricker,72
Brudei, King of the Picts,7	Charles Edward,250, 280
Bruis, Aneis de,475, 478	Charles I., 79, 163
Buchanan, George,55	,, II.,80
Buchan,72	Chancelar, Lady, of Shielhill,436
Buchan's, Colonel, regiment,160	,, Robert, of Shielhill, 436, 445
Buchan, Comyn, Earl of,229	", Susanna,436
Bulmer, Bevis,	Chancellor, Alex., of Shieldhill, 438
Bunche, Master Duncan,162	" John, Shieldhill, 437, 445, 446
Burghley, Lord,56	" James, of Shieldhill, 445, 449
Bygres, William de,306	" of Quodquene,277
Byset, Walter,262, 272, 273	" Wm., of Quodquen, 446, 448
Byseth, Gualterus de, 262, 271, 272	Chancler, John, of Schellhill,436
	Charteris, Robt., of Annisfield, 213
Caithness, Bishop of,62	Cheislie, John,330, 495
. Maistres of	, Sir John, of Kersewell,330
Callender, Earl of,239	Chen, Sir Reginald de,37
Camebairnis, Thomas,43	Cheschelm, Thomas de,438
Cambusnethan, Laird of,126	Choriswood, Thomas, son and heir
Campbell, Thos., minr. of Biggar, 301	of Thomas,443
Cargill, Daniel, 474	Chorsewood, George (Schoriswood),
, Donald,408	Bishop of Brechin,442
Carlyle, Elizabeth,500	Tohn 449
Cin Tahm of Touthouseld 500	,, Thomas,443
Michael founth Land 500	Chrichtoune, Beatrith,44
Carmichael, Alexander, son of Lord	Christie, John, parson of Quoth-
Carmichael,150	quhan,435
Commo son of the Contain of	Cissor, John, 469
Crawford,127	Clark, Wm., vicar of Crawford, 70
Hugo de Wigtown 168	Clifford, Lord,
,, Hugo de, Wistown,168 ,, James of,330	,, Robert de,64
Cin Tomas afterwards I and	Coh John 197
495, 498, 501, 503, 504	Cochrona Alex Raillia M.P. 944
Gin Ton Bonnington 942 470	Cob, John,
Sir John 167	Cockburn, John, brother of the
Tohn of that ille 167	Laird of Skirling, parson of
John of that ilk nameh clark	Dolphinton,366
of Carmichael,467, 501	Tohn of Nombolm 960
John of Moodowflata Can-	William con of Alaw 960
tain of Crawford,470	1 117:11: f Cl-:-1: 900
John in Pirrifleta 181	William, of Standardflat, 370
Katharina dayahtan of the	Colbani, Thomas de villa,463
Captain of Crawford,445	Colbaineston, Thomas de,463
T and 156	Colbanston, Margaret and Isabella
Carmichaels of Meadowflats, 79, 498	de,464
Carmichael, Thomson, of Eastend, 25	Colbaynston, the sisters of,464
Walton of U-malford 171	Colbayniston, William de,463
,, Walter, of Hyndford,471 ,, Wm., vicar of that parish, 184	Coldingham sub-prior and service
Sir William 968	Coldingham, sub-prior and sacrist of,149
Community Tamos Earl of 433	Colebrooke, Sir Geo., Bart., 77, 125
Carnwath, James, Earl of,433 ,, Lord,450	Sir Thos. Ed., M.P., 28, 77, 128
Commistration Countries of 167	Colichon, Robert de,
Carrick, Eleanor, Countess of,167	
Carwood, Wm., of that ilk, 316, 331	Comodus,18
Cassellis, Margt. M., Countess of, 414	Comyns, the,60

Constantine,6	Denvir, Dr R. C., bishop of Down
" son of Rodk. the Bountiful, 69	and Connor,43
Copland, Sir John, Governor of	Dickesone, Geo., curate of Coving-
Roxburgh,73	ton,462
Corehouse, Lord,26	Dicksons of Hartree,264
Covington, the vicar of,495	Dickson, Dav., Esq., of Hartree, 193
Cowts, Janet,72, 74	" Thomas, of Heselside,188
Craig, Alex., minr. of Pettinain, 496	" William of Kilbucho,276
" Sarah, daughter of Thomas of	Dicksone, Patrick,47
Ricarton,422	Donnal, the Spotted,6
Cranyston, Thomas de,192	Donaldson, James, minister of Dol-
Crawford, David, Earl of,51, 76	phinton,366
Earl of,279	,, Patrick,70
Henrietta, daughter of Wil-	Douane, Adam, younger of,38
" liam, Earl of,243	,, Daniel of,
" Hugh de,120, 222	,, Robert of,37, 60
,, Johne de,113,114,115,121,122	Douglas, Alexander,44
,, John, minr. of Lamington, 249	,, Archibald de,62, 72, 273
,, Sir John, of Crawfordjohn, 60	,, Archibald the Grim, Lord of
" Laurence, of Kilbirnie,123	Galloway and Earl of, 54
" Malcolm, of Greenock,123	123, 807, 367
" Nichol, 211	,, Archibald, Duke of,155
Sir Raginald da 190	Archibald40
,, Thomas,126	,, Sir Archibald,71
Creichtoun, Chancellor,367	. Pariol
Cressingham, Hugh de,38	" Geo., of Parkhead, 56, 61, 500
Cressoyle, William de,153, 154	" Sir George,317
Crichton, Wm., vicar of Walston, 386	" Henry, of Auchinlesky,443
Crichtoune, David,443	,, Hugh de,61, 72
Crimp-cramp, Laird of,316	,, Hugh de,
Cromwell, Oliver,44, 55	,, James, second Earl of, and
Culter-Allers, Laird of,237	Mar,76
Cultre, Alexander de,272	"James, seventh Earl of,313
Cultyr, Dominus Ricardus, persone	,, James, ninth Earl of, 123, 500
de,264	" Sir James of,189, 213, 330
Currie, John, minr. of Culter,267	" Sir James of (the Good),65
Cuthquen, Magister Hund de,435	" Sir James, Lord of Dalkeith,
1, 0	153, 154, 329
Dacres, Edward,321	" James, Marquis of,152, 155
Dalgarno, Wm., minr. of Dunsyre, 410	" James, of Balveny,311
Dalgleish, SirD., vicarof Walston, 387	,, James, minr. of Douglas,43
Dalmahoy, James,158	" Sir John152, 154
Dalzel, Lord,450	,, Lords of155
Dalziel, Sir John,269, 370	,, Margaret,167
Damnii,	" Marquis of, 47,72,248,279,407
Danes, the,28	" Marchioness of,51, 53
Darnley,40, 42	" Lady, Marquesse of, 48, 49, 50
David I.,	,, Lady, Marquesse of, 48, 49, 50 ,, of Mains,502
,, II., 74, 75, 80, 153, 166, 167	"Sir Rob., of Lochleven, 154,155
,, commendator of Dryburgh, 495	,, Thomas, brother of Sir James,
Daw, Rev. Mr	and Margaret, his daughter
Denholm, Mr,280	and heiress,
,, of Westshiels,445	,, of Todhoiles,415
Devine, Allan de,411, 415	,, William,154

Douglas, Wm., son and heir of the	Į
deceased Sir James of Lau-	
donia,329	1
,, William of,38, 58 ,, Lord William,51, 53	1
Sin William 199	1
,, Sir William,	l
,, Sir William, of Liddesdate, 75, 153, 474	I
W/m of W/hittingham 40	Ī
,, William, first Earl of,73	Ī
,, Wm., Earl of, 167, 262, 273,	I
311, 412	F
Drummond, Eupheme, daughter of	H
David, Lord,315	
Dryburgh, Abbot of,494	F
" Canons of,494, 495	١_
,, Commendators of,495	Ē
Dufglas, William de,51, 60, 61	F
Duglas, Archibald,59	
,, Geo., son of William de,76	ŀ
,, Sir William (Le Hardi),61	
Dumfres, William de, Chancellor of Scotland,38	
Dunbar James 448	
Dunbar, James,443	
Duncan, Hy., minr. of Dunsyre, 410	
Duncanus, parson of Duneglas,37	
Dundas, Robt., of Arniston, Presi-	
dent of Court of Session, 243	
Duneglas, Sir William de,37	
Durham, James,414	
Durward, Alan, Justiciar of Scot-	
land,121	
Dyke,17, 18	
Edmudastan Baldmin of 990	
Edmudeston, Baldwin of,329	
Edward I., 38, 62, 63, 65, 72, 166, 333	
,, II.,	
,, Livery (de Liberatione),499	F
,, Prince,62	F
,, Prince, son of Henry III., 60	F
Eeirmair, Schir George,56	
Egfrid, son of Aswi,7	
Eison, Patrick,	F
Elgery, William de,392	F
Elizabeth, daughter of Carmichael	F
of Meadowflat,127	T.3
Elphinston, Chas., tenth Lord, 328	F
,, Lady,329 English, Alexander, parish chaplain	
of Dongles 20	
of Douglas,39 Ercles, Margaret de la Ard de, 438	
Erskine, Lord	F

Erskine, Robert,	158
,, Sir Robert,, ,, Sir Robert and Ch	75
", Sir Robert and Ch	ristina
Keith, his spouse, Ethelfrid,, of Northumberland,	592
of Northumbarland	u
Fecherd, Squire,	339
Fentoun, William, of Baky.	438
Fentoune, Isabell,	443
Fife, Duncan, Earl of,6	2, 474
Fife, Wm., minister of Pettina	in,496
rischer, modert, exhorter at	геш-
nain, Fischeare, Robert, minister of	496
Fischeare, Robert, minister of	Cov-
ington,46	2, 476
Flandrensis, Wilhelmus de, Fleming, Admiral,	900
Lady Clamontine	200
,, Lady Clementina, ,, Sir David,30 ,, Isobell,	JZG 0 479
,, Sir David,	919
,, Jean,32	5. 479
Sir Malcolm30	6. 311
" Robert de,	307
Alexander of Barochan.	325
,, James, Lord,29 ,, John, Lord, 299, 301, 31	9, 320
" John, Lord, 299, 301, 31	3,478
" John, fifth Lord, " John, sixth Lord,	320
" John, sixth Lord,	324
,, Malcolm, Lord, 299, 315	, 816,
Cin Dahamt Cout Land 01	6, 4 79
John of Spittel	2,410 221
,, John, of Spittal,, ,, Lord, of Biggar,	476
" Sir Patrick, of Biggar,	307
" Malcolm, Earl of Wigtou	307
Malcolm. of Monycabo.	313
William of Bard 809	912
,, William, of Persilands, Temmayng, Gilbert, of Biger,	331
lemmayng, Gilbert, of Biger,	329
Fogon, Magister Richard de, Forfar, Archibald, second Earlo	38
orfar, Archibald, second Earlo	f,219
,, Earl of,160 ,, Lady,217	, 215
,, Lady,	, 248
orest, Charles,	447
orrest of Baitlaw,otheringham, John, exhorte	··· ·····
Walston,	.387
onlin Domy Anno	eo.
,, Anne and Elizabeth, 61, 7 , David,	8.79
, David,6	1, 62
" Robert,6	1, 79
" Thomas,56, 57, 6	1, 79
raser, Sir Simon,166	, 307

Freskyn, Alexander,57, 59	Ham	ilton, Barbara, relict of the de-
Fresky, dean of Moray,		ceased Jas., of Stenhouse, 246
Fretherskin, parson of Dufglas,37	,,	of Bothwellhaugh,157
Frissel, John,39	"	Duke of,243, 370
Fryskynus, dean of Moray,37	11	Gavin,46
• • •	"	Sir George, of Udston,417
Gadeni,5	"	Gilbert,70
Gardino, William de,213	"	of Gilkerscleuch,116, 125
Gaunt, John of,76	"	Grisel, dau. of Sir Claude, 241
Gavin, Mr,	"	Sir Jas., of Crawfordjohn, 116
Geddesse, William,74	"	Sir Jas., of Fynart, 123, 124, 446
Gib, Guiseppi, Londini,217	"	James, Lord,51, 123, 189
Gibson, James, in Cothwan,450	"	Sir Jas., of Liberton, 433, 445
" John, portioner in Westown	"	Jas., minr. of Liberton, 432, 436
of Pettinaine,504	"	James, second Marquis,125
Gifford, John, of Unthank,279	"	James, of Priestfield,369
Gilbert, William of,60		John, of Bagra,116
Gilblet, Waulter,166	"	John, parson of Crawfordjohn,
Gilkersone, John,44	"	116, 441
Glasgow, Bishop of,210	,,,	Sir John, of Cadzow,234
Robert, Bishop of,210		John, of Udston,415
Gledstanis, Wm., of Arthurschiel, 433	"	Lord,497, 498
Glendonwyn, Robert de, rector of	,,	Mary, wife of John, Lord
Crawfordjohn,115	"	Somerville,234
Glene, Robt., rector of Liberton,431		Robert, of Inchmanchan, 502
Glespin, Laird of,250	"	Thomas, of Columby,369
Gloucester, Earl of, and Maunsel, 121	"	Thomas, eldest son of Sir John
Gourland, Malcolm,127	,,,	of Trabroun,367
Gow, Ninian,39		Colonel Walter,126
Graham, John, of Westhall,416	"	William, reader at Biggar, 300
Gray, Master of,42	l	William, in Culter,267
, Robert,163	,,	of Wishaw, 127, 150, 157, 184
Greg, Sir Jas., vicar of Dunsyre, 406	"	191, 192
Grey, Thomas, persone of Liber-	Heli	as, brother of Joceline, Bishop
toune,430		of Glasgow,40
Grierson, John, of Halliday Hill, 156	Hen	dlie, John,60
Guald, Andrew,185	Hen	ry III. of England,121
G,	,,,	VIII.,31
Hadrian,3	,,	son and heir of William, for
Haddington, Earls of,271	"	merly of Ardarach,225
Haig, Rev. Daniel,42	,,	Magister, rector of the church
Hailes, Earl of,412	"	of Cuthquen,435
,, Patrick, Lord,367	١	Abbot of Kelso,22
Haithwye, John,467	"	Lord of Wryston, 115, 149
Haldean, Wat., minr. of Biggar, 306	"	162, 160
Halis, Lord,189	Hen	burn, James,70, 7
Halkerston, William,263, 266	,,	Dame Jane,41
Hallyburtoune, John, of Glassefil-	l .	Patrick, minr. of Walston, 39
line,448	"	Sir Patrick, of Hales,40
" Walter, of Kinmossy,42	Her	bert, Abbot of Kelso, 26
Hallidy of Corehead,334	,,	Bishop of Glasgow,11
Harper, Thos., minr. of Walston, 390		ries, Lord, of Terreglas, 236, 23
Haselrig, Sheriff of Lanark,223		ring, Sir J., of Gilmertoune, 32
Haye, De la,44	,,	G: G:11
	1 "	~

Herring, Sir Patrick,329	Jardine, Alexander,158, 213, 280
Hershede, Alleyn of,213	,, Umphra,158
Herteseved, William de,212	,, Winifridus,219
" William of (the second), 213	"SirAlex.ofApplegarth,211,215
Hertesheade, Alan de,212	,, Alex, yr. of Applegarth, 157
Hertyside, Margaret,158	"John, of Applegarth, 210, 213,
Hilliard, Nicholas,54	", of Apilgirth, 235, 280[215
Hirlaw, John,60	,, of Burnoch,236, 469
Holyrood, the canons of,70, 75	,, Thomas, of Burnoch,158
Home, Countess of,155, 160, 365	Tog pargon of Wandall 946
,, Lord,26	Jardyn Johannes 214
Hopetoun, Charles, first Lord, 121	Jean, daughter of John Forbes of
Hope, Charles, of Hopetoun,79	Watertoune,442
,, Sir Jas., of Hopetoun, 61, 62, 79	" eldest daughter of Sir James
Thomas 79	Agnew, Lochmaben,442
" Thomas,	on Johana danahtan of Da
Houston of Houston,499	bert II.,167
Hugh of Biggar,188	Joceline of Furness,69
Hugo de Paduinan,499	Bishop of Classes 57 50 60
	115, 149, 161, 181, 182, 475
-f D' 150 004	John, the step-son of Baldwin, 113
	114, 115, 129
Hunter, John, mason and wright in Newtone of Wistone,164	Ving of Dohamin 79
,, Marion,73	,, Dominus de Dunsyre,411
Huntly, Marquis of,321	,, the son of Waldeve,500
Hawe of Dunoon,431	,, the son of Walter,471
Hyndford, Earls of,479, 504	Johanna, daughter of the late De
Hyndshaw, Catherine,165	Mora,469 Johnstone, Sir Adam, of John
Ida5	stone,500
	Tamos of that illy 157
Inglis, Alexander,44	of XX AC7 5.01
,, Dennis,44	,, James, of Westraw,479
,, Sir John,39	
,, Mr,	Jordanus, parson of Simundstun, 198
,, Richard,	Wathering daughter of Hamilton of
,, Richard,43, 44, 45, 48, 51	Katherine, daughter of Hamilton of Raploch,41
,, Thomas,50	domakton of Cinclain of Hand
,, William, as elder,43	,, daughter of Sinclair of Herd
,, William, of Cormastoune, 446	manstone,235
Innocent, Pope,	Kerr, Laird of,
Irvine of Bonshaw,474	Keith, hereditary Marischal of Scot
Isabella, daughter of King Robert,	land,
75, 76	,, Alexander,168
Table Alemanden 21	Kelso, Abbot of,
Jacke, Alexander,51	,, Commendators of,163, 184
James I.,310	,, Monks of, 161, 162, 166, 181
,, II.,123	183, 187, 186
" III.,76	Kello, John, in Cothwan,450
- ,, IV.,	,, or Kellie, Simon, minister of
,, V., 89, 52, 56, 77, 124, 127, 219	Walston,
,, VI.,42, 54, 59, 60, 79	Kennedy, Sir Andrew, conservator
,, the son of Lambin,120	of Scottish privileges at the
Janetan, illegitimate daughter of	staple town of Campvere in Holland504
James IV316	

Kennedy, Walter, rector, Douglas, 40	Levingstone, John, Warrenhill, 472
Kerr of Fernihurst,444	,, Margaret,449
Keth. Robert de65	,, William, fourth Lord,264
" Sir Robert, of Troupe, …465	Levingstone of Belstane,465, 472
,, William de,73	" Alexander of Belstane,472
Kid, Peter, minister of Douglas, 44	,, William,70, 116, 432
Kilwynyne, monks of,430	Liberatione, Adam de,429
Kincaid, Robert, episcopal incum-	Liddesdale, Andrew, abbot of Dry- burgh,
bent of Walston,389, 390	burgh,507
King David,	Lindesay, Alex., of Northflat,467
,, Malcolm,114	Lindesays of Cockburne,461, 465
	,, of Covington, 431, 465, 471,
King's Chamberlain, the,183	472, 498, 501
Kinross, Rob., reader at Walston, 388	Lindesay, Dominus David,152, James,39
Knights Templar, the, 271, 304, 366,	,, James,39
Knox, John, 321[432, 462]	,, Jas., rector of Quothquhan, 435 ,, Sir James,
Kunninghame, John, in Warrand-	" Sir James,76, 80
hill,481	,, John, of Covington,435
T 133 T 5 1	,, John, reader at Lam'ton, 246
Laidlaw, Marion,74 ,, Mary,78	,, John, reader at Symington,
,, Mary,73	184, 221
Lamberton, Robert de, vicar of	,, Walter de,73
Walleston,386	,, William,
Lambert, bishop of St Andrews, 65	Lindsay, David,79, 126
Lambin,219, 222	,, Sir David,73
Lambyn, Asa,	" Sir D., of Crawford, 51, 59, 77
,, James, son and successor of, 222	" Rector of Colbintoune,461
Lambystone, Roger, son of R. de, 231	,, Jas., reader at Covington, 462
Lamington, Laird of, 160, 248, 250,	,, Master James, parson of Cov-
268, 269	ington,
,, Robert of, the Norman, dictus	" Margaret, daughter of John
Frang del Lambinist,222	of Covington,313 ,, Robert,116
Lamyngtoune, Jane Hamilton,	
Lady,236, 248 Lang, Robert,119	
Lauder, George, of Haeltown,167	387, 388 ,, Thos., minr. of Walston, 388
Laurie, Thomas,125	Cin William 900
, Wm., minr. of Pettinain, 496	William of Commeton 991
Lawson, John, of Cairnmoor,327	Linlithgow, Alexander, second Earl
,, Robert,184, 185	of,264
Learmont, Major,370, 408	Linning, Thos., minr. at Walston, 391
Leftnoreis, Laird of,211	Lisle, John de,166
Lennox, Regent,41	Littlegill, Lady,59
Leppar, James,150	,, Laird of,160
Leschman, Laurence, minister of	Livingston, Alex., second Lord, 466
Walston,387	,, Master Archibald, minister of
Leslie, Bishop of Ross,51, 52	Culter,265, 266
,, Margaret, wife of the Earl of	" James, Lord,262, 273, 321
Angus,414	, Margaret, spouse of John.
Lesmahagow, the prior of,58	second Earl of Wigtown,
Lethington, Secretary,321	Livingstone, Master of,320
Leverance, John, minister, 43, 246	,, Alex., minr. of Carmichael, 301
Levereinc, John, minr. of Culter, 266	Loccard, Symon, 60, 181, 182, 183,
Levingston, Jas., of Warrenhill, 478	187, 188, 194, 305, 475, 478
<u> </u>	

Loccard, Malcolm,187, 188	Macintosh, Angus,188
Lockhart, Ambassador,168	Mackmorran of Glespin,127
,, Sir Chas. Macdonald, Bt., 463	Macqueen, Robert, of Braxfield, 157
,, Cromwell,168, 192	Magdalen of France,52
" Sir George, President of the	Maitland, Sir John, of Thirlstane
Court of Session, 414, 469,	knight,324, 479
471, 473, 480	knight,
" John,150	nethy,61
" Martha, widow of Cromwell	Malcolm the Maiden, 42, 120, 149,
Lockhart,168	161, 187
" Matilda,244	Maquate, Marion, in Nisbett, 000
Sin Norman Mandonald 184	Mar. Earl of433, 435
William M.P. 18 F415 481	John Earl of 392, 495, 498
Tomas of Anniston 100	Mar, Earl of,
Coores of Cornerath 109	
,, George, of Carnwath, 192,	
193, 415, 417, 437, 446,	Margaret, daughter of Hamilton of
471, 480	Dalserf,441
,, James, of Castlehill,168	,, daughter of Mathew, Earl of
" Sir John, of Castlehill, …168	Levenax,315
" Allan, of Cleghorn,168	"youngest daughter of Leving-
,, Allan Elliot, Cleghorn, 168,445	ston of Saltcoats,442
"George, of Cleghorn, 416, 445	", sister and heiress of Thomas,
,, Robt., minr. of Dunsyre, 408	thirteenth Earl of Mar, 76
,, of Lee,188	,, Queen,314
" Sir James, of Lee,184, 191	Mark, last Commendator of New-
" Jean, youngest daughter of	battle, and now Baron of
Sir John of Lee,441	Newbattle,76
" Maria Theresa, daughter of	Marlborough, 27
Count Lockhart of Lee, 244	Mary of Lorraine, Queen Dowager,
Sir Mungo of Loo 465	,, of Struelyne, Lady of Roberts-
Pohine develton of Sin Wm	toune,153
	Martine, Sir Richard, Master of the
of Lee,216 ,, Robert, of Lee,465	Mint, then Lord Mayor, 58
Sin William of Log 101 109	Mason Tohn 70
"Sir William, of Lee, 191, 192	Mason, John,70
,, James, portioner of West	Matthew, Bishop of Glasgow,39,
Nemphlar,000	55, 162
" Alex., tutor of Wicketshaw, 116	Mautalant (Maitland), John,464
Logan, James,153	Maynheis, David, of Culter, 221, 273
,, John,184, 477	,, John,262, 273
,, Walter,166	,, Robert,273
Longcastle, Duke of,334	Maxwell, Edward, Commendator of
Lorraine, Mary of,52	Dundrennan,236
Lothian, Robert, Earl of,78, 79	,, Eustacius,500
Loudon, Earl of, 120	Maxwells of Calderwood,127
Louraine, Alianora, widow of Wm.	Maxwell, Herbert,500
de Ferrars, Lord of Groby, 62	,, John, Lord,154, 155
Lowdoune, George,45	,, John, of Maxwell,432
Lyndesay, George, of Covington, 331	" John Clerk, of Middlebie, 218
,, William, of Birthwood,267	,, Lord,465, 470, 473
Lyle, Adam,	,, of Maxwell,430
	Domo Mongonot Countons of
MacGauran, Aidan,6	Angus,218
MacKabod, Fergus,405, 411	,, Robert, Lord,472
Mackenzie, John Ord,369	
2	U

M'Briar, Robert, of Almgill,468	Muirhede, Sir David,310
M'Ghie, Andrew, minister of Lam-	Mure, Frances, merchant burgess of
ington,248	Edinburgh,433
M'Kirdy, J. G., of Birkwood,20	Murchead of Whyte Castle,433
Medley, Mr,58	Murray, Sir Andrew,474
Melrose, monks of,59	,, Šir And., of Bothwell, 72, 123
Menzies, Adam, of Boltoquhane, 275,	,, Andrew,
,, of Culter-Allers, 278, 280[278]	,, Anthony, minr. of Culter, 270
" Alexander, of Culter-Allers,	,, Herbert,500
267, 269, 275	", James, Bishop of,51
" Alexander, third of Culter-	" James, of Stanhous,158
Allers,275, 277	,, Katherine, daughter of the
,, James, of Enoch,275	,, Katherine, daughter of the Laird of Philiphaugh, 445
" John, of Carlinglippe,277	,, Regent, 54, 157, 321, 322, 388
" Sir W., Gledstaines, 279, 433	", of Staplegorton,467
Mereuin, the son of Colbain,463	Musgrave, Governor of Berwick, 75
Millar, Wm., reader at Biggar, 300	Myllar, Wm., reader at Culter, 266
Miln, Walter,416	
Minerva,19	Nesbit, William of,276
Molleson, Pat., minr. of Walston, 391	Newbattle, Abbot of,69
Monfode, Sir John de,152, 369	,, Cistercians of,70, 74, 120
,, Margaret, daughter of Sir	,, Lord,79
John,	,, Monks of,37, 51, 69, 75, 77
Monteith, Wat., Earl of Comyn, 121	Newbigging, Walter of,273, 412
Montrose, Duke of,77	Newbygging, William de, dominus of
,, Marquis of,50	Dunsyre, 262, 272, 276, 412
,, Master of,320	Newport, Lord Chancellor,47
Moravia, de,	Nicholas, royal chaplain,494
,, Andrew de,367	Nicholas, Sir, of Biggar,183
,, Thomas de,122, 392	Nisbet, the laird of,250
,, Walter de,60	,, Robert,166
,, Wm. de, keeper of the Castle	Norman Barons, the,27
of Edinburgh,232, 385	Normanville, Thomas de,499
Moray, John, Earl of,22, 75	·····
,, Regent,441	Ogilvie, John, the Jesuit,325
More, Simon de la, Thangarston, 478	,, Patrick,442
Moreville, Richard de, Constable of	,, Patrick,
Scotland,222	Ogstone, George, minister of Cov-
Morham, Lady,414	ington,480
Morrive, Austin de,166	Olaf, St,43
Morton, Earl of, 54, 150, 151, 152,	Olifand, Wat., justiciary of Lothian,
,, James, Earl of, 330 [154, 155	367
" John, second Earl of, 40, 330	Ormond, Earl of,502
,, Regent,52, 55	,, Archibald, second Earl of, 215
,, Regent,	Orkney, Bishop of,319
,, William, Earl of,380	,, Duke of,413
Mortoun, William,163, 164	Osbert, Abbot of Paisley,189
Moss-Castle, the Laird of,250	Ossiani, wife of John de Crawford, 120
Mossman, Geo. reader at Liberton, 432	Oswi, the,
Moyre or Mure, Patrick, of Anand-	
stone,192	Padivinan (Pettinain) Hugh of, 308
Muir, John, of Annistown, 184,	Park, Gilbert de, rector of Colb
191, 192	wanton,46
	Paterson, Abraham,54
	1

Paterson, Robt., of Birthwood, 280	Roberstoun, Robert de,153
Patrick, the abbott of Newbattle, 51	Robesoun, William, reader at Dol
Pembroke, Aymer de Vallance, Earl	phinton,366
of,367	Roche, Eustachius,5
Penwen, Sir Thomas,162	Roderick,
Perci, Mons. Henri,65	,, named Hoel, or Bountiful,
Percy,	Rokeby Thomas do 200
	Rokeby, Thomas de,308
,, Sir Walter,474	Romans, the,3, 4, 50
Peters, Hugh,	Ross, Sir Charles,244
Pettendreich, Marion,167	,, Elizabeth, Countess of, 263
Pettigrew, Sir James,51	266, 273, 315
Philip of France,64	,, Sir John the, of Mount Gre-
Pittarow, laird of,321	nan,193, 214 ,, Sir John Lockhart, of Balna
Pococke, Bishop of Meath,47	,, Sir John Lockhart, of Balna
Pope Alexander III.,19	goun,248
Prendergast, Mons. Henri de,166	Roxburgh, Earl of,150, 168
Ptolemy 5 Chouselee 479	1 Trans 45/
Ptolemy,5 [houselee, 479 Purves, Sir William, of Wood-	Dobont Tond 104 404
Purvey William of Morney 50	Por Concrel 16 17
Purveys, William, of Mospenoc, 59	Roy, General,16, 17
Purvis, Sir John,39	a 11 : a: 12 1 1
	Sadleir, Sir Ralph,317
Quarantely, Sibella de,469	Salisbury, Earl of,59
Queen Elizabeth,42, 54, 57	Sandilands, James,157
" Margaret of Scotland,62	,, James, elder,48
" Mary,52, 75, 77, 150, 154,	Sanson, Dominie,7
157, 168	Saxons, the,
Queensberry, Lord,160	Schiells, John,16
Queensbury, mora,	Scota the
Railston, Master John of,39	Scots, the,
	Cin Walter,
Ramage, Johne,189	,, Sir Walter, of Kirkurde, 12
,, Henry,189	Scrogtoune of Douglas,39
Ramsa, John,366	St Marie and St Wynnyn, monaster
Ramsay, William de,153	of, at Kilwynnyn,430
Randolph, English Ambassador, 42	Scurrie, John, of Padevinan,49
,, Earl of Murray,66, 68	Seaton, Lord32
", Sir Thomas,183	Selkirk, Earl of,77, 125
Ranulphus, Thomas, the King's	,, Lord,118, 119
Chamberlain,60	Serjeant, Henry, serians of Col
Reade, James,54	bayneston,469
Reginald, Sheriff of Ayr,222	Seton, Lord Alexander,279
	Sin Alexander,
,, son of Hugh de Padivinan, 499	,, Sir Alexander,231
Reid, John, minister of Walston, 390	,, Sir Christopher,231
Richard of Circnester,8, 22	,, Margaret,232
Richardson, Thomas,188	,, Sir William,238
Rizzio,40	Severus,
Robert, King,	Sewyn, the son of Thor,76
,, II.,75, 76, 192	Seyton, Isabel,234
,, II.,75, 76, 192 ,, III.,76 [305, 385]	Shiells, John, minister of Walston, 389
Dishon of Classons 99 166	Shoreswood, Geo., rector of Culter, 26
the brother of Lambin, 113, 152	Shorte, Michael,155
Robertus, dominus, treasurer and	Silkyswith, William de,464
	Sim, Adam, of Culter-Maynes,11,
sacristan of Glasgow,386	Simpon Androw 44 FOO EO
Robertons of Earnock,	Simpson, Andrew,44 [29, 50
Roberton, Stephen of,152	Sinclair, Ed., minister of Walston, 386

Skein, Robt., minister of Dunsyre, 410	Stirling, Mr,62
Smith, Gavin,56	Straithauchin, James,263
Snar, Jock of,127	Stuart, Earl of Arran,502
Softlaw, Alymer de, rector of Dou-	St Andrews, John of,365
glas,37	St Anne,119
Solvathius, King,56 [366	St Clare, William de,62
Somervail, Alex, minr., Dolphinton,	St Columba,
,, Wm., minister of Dunsyre, 407	St Constantine,68
Somervale, John, Lord, 193, 440, 467	St John, Walter, Lord, preceptor of
Somervell, John, of Spittal,438	Torphichen,462
Somervile, Thos., minister of Quoth-	St Kentigern,
quhan,	St Mungo,5
Somervill, James, of Gladstones, 433	St Ninian,165
,, Robt., incumbent of Culter, 266	St Oswald,6
,, Sir Walter,432	St Patrick,00
,, Wm., Lord of Newbigging, 442	Sussex, Earl of,41
Somerville, Agnes, wife of John,	Sylvester, John, persone of Dolfin-
Lord Fleming,315	ston,366
Alexander 40	Symondston, Alexander de,189
of Dinabalanah 190	Symondstown, Thomas de,233
	Symontone, John, of that ilk, 184,
Somervilles of Carnwath,438	100 100 977
Somerville, Gilbert, Lord, 498, 502	189, 190, 277
" Hew, Lord,497	Symontoun, Agnes,448
,, Hugh, of the Writes,503	,, William,155, 156, 190
,, James,445	Symontoune, John, parish clerk of
,, James, Lord,155, 184, 190	Symontoune,184
"John, Cambusnethan, 417,476	Symontown, Wm., Hardington, 183
" John, the Laird with the	,, Andrew,19 Symontowne, John, yr. of that ilk, 192
Plaides,445	Symontowne, John, vr. of that ilk, 192
" John, rector, Liberton, 431, 467	Symsoun, Thomas, reader at Cov-
Sin John of Ougshauban 440	ington,462
Tohn of Toubrow 416	Syrand the Priest,494
T and 109 467 400	Syland the rinds,
Michael manish cloub of Com	The eleganous of Wistons
,, Michael, parish clerk of Carn-	The clergyman, clericus of Wistoun,
wath,467	Tacitus,2, 49 [161
" Thomas, Lord, 439, 465, 497	Tailfer, Steven, Gavin, and Hew,
" Wm., vicar of Kirkburne, 467	masons and wrights in Big-
,, Wm., minr. of Pettinain, 496	[], William, 80 $[$ gar, 186
,, Sir William, of Plaine,465	,, William, 80 [gar, 186] Tancard,475, 477
Spaldington, Osbert de,38	,, Thomas,477
Spensa, Hugh de,280	,, Beatrice,477
Spynie, Alexander, Lord,469	Tewait, John of,312
Stafford, Lord,72	Thankardi, Robert de,477
Steel, George,127	Theobald the Fleming, 57, 113, 114
Stephen, And., rec. of Roberton, 160	Theodosius,3
Stevenson, Magister John,300	Thirlstane, Lord,194
	Thomas can of Duncan of Sumand
Stewart, Jas., Abbot of Dryburgh, 497	Thomas, son of Duncan of Symond-
" Captain James,194	ston,192
" Sir James, the Black Knight	,, son of Tancard,57, 59
of Lorn,312	Thomas, fil, Dick,188
" Margaret, sister and heiress of	Thomson, John, minr. of Walston, 396
Thos., 3d Earl of Angus, 76	,, William,44
" Robt., Commendator of Holy-	Stewart, Wm., minister of Craw-
" rood,299	fordjohn,156
,	

Tillmouth, Friar John of,128	Weirs of Clowburne,50
Tintos of Crimp-cramp,79	Weir of Stanebyris,46.
Tintoks of Crimp-cramp,479	,, George, of Blackwood,41
Tomson, Robert, of Scotland, 160	"Hew of Clowburne,503
Trent, Patrick, minr. of Culter, 270	,, John, his son,80
Trotter, George, of Unthank,280	,, John,168
Tullidaff, Wm., minr. of Kilbirney, 6	Tohn of Recolough 180
Tulloil, Maitre Pieres, persone de	Richard 70
Culter,264	William namon 4
Tweedie, John, of Drummelzier, 299,	William of Stonoburgs 466
314, 315, 316, 369	Were, Alexander, of Hallcraig, 41
Cin Taha misaan Dattingin 105	Thomas of Winksons 41
Marion groups of Tames 274	Westmoreland, Lord,32
,, Marion, spouse of James, 274	Worm Detaldur of Claribuma 500
,, Sir Walter, exhorter at Wal-	Weyr, Rotaldus, of Clowburne, 503
ston,	Whalley, Hen., Judge-Advocate, 24
Tweedy of Frude,277	Wharton, English Lord Warden o
TT 4 111 C111 1 T 1 4 T 1	the Marches,51
Umfraville, Gilbert, Lord of Redes-	White, Jas., sclater in Crawford, 16
dale,60, 61 Urien of Reghead,6, 49	Whitefords of that ilk,168
Urien of Reghead,6, 49	Wice or Wicius, 113, 114, 161
	165, 187
Valentinian I.,3	Wistona, Magister William de, 380
Vallance, Baillie, from Biggar, 250	Wigton, Chas., seventh Earl of, 329
Vallency, Colonel,47	" John, second Earl of,32
Veitch, Mr,74, 150	,, John, third Earl of,32 ,, John, fourth Earl of, 328
" James,370	" John, fourth Earl of, 328
,, William,408	,, John, sixth Earl, 328 [476, 479
Veitches of Dyke,369	,, Thomas, Earl of,30
Vetch, James,53	Thomas Floming of Foulwood
Vere, Hope,18	lately dudum Earl of,308
,, William, of Newton,80	"William, fifth Earl of,328
Veres of Blackwood,80	Wigtoun, Walter Fleming, Earl of
on Women of Nowton 90	298, 30
Vespasian,10	William, Bishop of Glasgow,60
Voes, Cornelius de,54, 55	manus of Tibouton 494
vocs, Cornenas de,	,, parson of Liberton,450
W wicer of Dunawre 206	,, the Lyon, 15, 57, 76, 115 120, 149, 161, 181, 183
W., vicar of Dunsyre,206	
Waldeve of Biggar,114	,, vicar del eglise de Wyston, 162
Waleys, Sir Duncan, of Sundrum, 74	Wilson, Mr,118
Wallace,79, 223, 333, 430	,, John,
,, Colonel,370	,, John, indweller in Biggar, 301
	,, William of Cleugh,438
Walter, son of Alan the Steward,	Wilsons, the, 5, 43, 113, 116, 149, 161
183, 188	Winrame, James,163, 164, 168
,, Bishop of Glasgow,59, 69,	Wiston, William de,166
71, 74, 115, 149, 169	Wiracke, Mons.,321
" perpetual vicar of Robercles-	Wood, Mr,118
ton,149	Wyntoun, Alan of,230, 231
" Sir, of Wiston, 115, 165, 166	•
,, Sir, son of William of Wiston,	Yates, James,31
149, 161	
Watt, John, in Covington, Hill-	Zhaluloh, Duncan, for the rectory
head, 438 [Baillie, 159	of Ranpatrick,70
Wedderburn, Cecilia, relict of Wm.	Zouch, Alan de la,62

PLACES.

Aberdeen,416, 445	Birthwood, lands of,280
Abington,76, 127	Bizzyberry-hill,15, 40
Aikbrae,36	Blackhill,18, 27
Aitkenholme,123	Blackpot Ford,21, 23
Alcluyd,5	Blackwood,17, 18
Allanton,	,, house of,474
Alnwick,60, 384	Blantaggart, Little,190
Anderson—Andershaw,56	Bodsberry-hill,9
Annan,1, 2, 8, 10, 72	Boghall, castle of,331
Annandale,64	Boghouse,127
Anniston,121	Borland Mill
Anston, fortalice of,417	Rothwell 79
1.211 6	Bothwell,
13	Braidwood begans of
,, ISBOS OF,414	Braidwood, barony of,414
Arborry-hill,11	Bramber, in Sussex,
Arbroath (Monks of),57 Argyle,341	Brig, the Cadger's,334
Argyle,341	Brigham,62
Arkenholm, battle of,504	Broken Wharf,68
Arthurshiels, lands of,433	Burnefoot, lands of,215
Athole,53, 528	Burnhead,18
Auchins,16]_
Auchensis, lands of,308	Cæsar,
Auchenheath,442	Cairn Grife,23
Auchlochan,20	,, Kinney,26
Ayr,68	Cairntable,26
Ayrshire,426	Caistor, near Norwich,19
	Cambuskenneth, monastery of, 310
Backcleuch,321	Candyburn,304
Baitlaw, lands of,447	Canterbury,27
Bakbie, Bagbie,152, 157	Carham, in England,321
Bamborough,6	Carleill,228
Banhure castle of 232	Carlisle, 23
Banbury, castle of,	Carmaben368
Rannackhum 66	Carmichael,5, 43, 49, 50, 56
Roadb Ko	herony of KO1 KO2
Bardk,	,, barony of,
Bass, castle of the,310, 371, 389	,, hill,25
Bebba,6	,, parish,25
Belston,	Carney Mount,18
Berwic, castle of,232	Carnwath,21
" North, rector of the schools	,, barony of,432, 438, 498
of,149	,, parish of,429
Berwick,64, 65, 74, 76	Carron,10
Berwick-on-the-Tweed,167	Carstairs,
Biggar,14, 15, 34, 41, 228, ,, barony of,304	,, barony of,433
,, barony of,304	Carwood,15
,, church of, 297, 299, 316, 319	Carwood,
,, moss,45	at Lanark
,, moss,45 ,, parish of,297, 301	Castledykes or Carstairs (Curia), 16
	Castiltarris (Carstairs),182
,, vinage of,	Castlemains, Midlock,79
Biland,67	Cartland Craigs,224
Birkhill,335	Catchapel,
Birrenswerk-hill (Trimontium)8	Cat Craig,12
DITITUDE WELK-IIII (TLIMOUTHUM),0	Oat Orang,

Catslack,195	Culter, 12, 14, 24, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35,
Catteclonch,	36, 37, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46,
Cauldchapel,39, 211, 215	l 333, 3 36
Causewayend,214	,, barony of,271, 412
Chapel-hill,	,, church of,262, 270, 276
,, well,56	,, Fell,13
Chester's outpost,24	,, house of,280
Cleghorn,	Home 994 996
,, Mill,17	Mains 976
Cliddisflat, lands of,462	Dank 10
Clowburn, lands of,503	
	,, parish or,261, 301
Clyde, the, 1, 2, 10, 12, 16, 23,	,, water,12, 18
24, 25, 26, 27, 71, 75, 155,	,, Allers,278, 280
159	Cumbernauld, barony of, 313, 317,
Clydes-bridge,159, 160	Cumerland, lands of, 462 [325 Curia,22
Cocklaw,22	Curia,22
Colbanus or Colbain,461, 463	
Colbintoun, tower of,468	Daer,74, 77
Coldchapel,11, 36	Dalkeith, barony of,73
Coldingham, priory of,39	,, regality of,155
Coldstream,	Dalnatrick18
Combe Martyn,58	Dangerous, Castle,6
/ Comistone, tower of,449	Dardaroch, lands of,222
Connalholm,19	Darien, colony of,442
Coquet,2	Darien Scheme,
Cormackhope,61	Davinshaw, lands of,215
Cormistoune, lands of,446	Davinshaw, wood of,355
Corsincon,22	Devil's Dyke,1
Covington,80, 41, 62, 79, 195	Devil's Dyke,
	Devonshaw Hill,
,, barony of,463	Dillar Hill,18
,, church of,461, 462	Diodorus,49
,, lands of,	Dolfin,
,, mill,408	Dolfins,865
,, parish of,301, 361	Dolfinston, church of,365
,, tower of,	Dolphinton or town,22, 152, 153
,, and inankerton, united pa-	,, barony of,367, 413
rishes of,	,, parish of,301, 365
∟ Cow Castle,13, 14	,, village of,371
Craignethan Castle,127	Dolphintoune, town of,368
Crawford, 49, 68, 116, 120, 121, 127	Donglas
·/ costle of 10 59	,, barony of,
,, muir,51, 53, 54, 60, 79	,, castle,27, 66, 190, 474
millage of 10	
yille de 122	Alamamilana asala at CC
,, ville de,122 ,, wells,18	,, the perilous castle of,oo ,, water,25, 46, 66, 68
Crawford-Douglas, 68, 71, 77, 152	Draffan,18, 20, 222
Crowfordishn 25 26 27 70 140	Drove Leep 91 99 99 94 95 96
Crawfordjohn, 25, 26, 27, 79, 149,	Drove Loan, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26
161, 182	Drummelzier, lands of,316
,, Barclay,122	Drummy,
,, barony of,51, 433	Dryffe Church,10
rawford-Lindsay,68, 122 Crawford-Lindsay,68, 122 Crawford-Lindsay, Mains of470	Duchell,190
Crawford-Lindsay,68, 122	Dumbarton,5, 152, 166, 321
	,, Castle,50, 320, 322
Crookedstone 9.79	Dumbartonshire

Th	I Cillbank 905
Dumfries,	Gillbank,227
Dumfriesshire,2, 26, 64, 72	Gilkerscleuch,128
Dundas,44	Gilsland, in Cumberland,72
Duneaton,26	Gladstones, lands of,432
Dunedin, water of,	Glasgow,50, 51, 52, 243
Dunfermline, 41, 71, 116, 163, 185	bishopric of
,, abbey of,69	,, cathedral of,89, 55, 223
Dunsyre, barony of,412	l showton of 40
118 417	
,, Castle of,417	,, college of,156
,, church of,405, 411	,, parsonage of,41
,, Eilstoune of,414	,, see of,5, 7, 57
lands of412	university of, 43, 44, 158, 159,
,, mains of,416	Glencaple, 59, 75, 79 [168, 185] Glencors,
" mesne lands of,414	Glencors64
man of 414	Glendorch. 61 62 127
marriab of 201 405	Glengeril, lands of,305
"11 ' 99	Clarger 50 54 50 70 100 101
,, valley,22	Glengonar, 53, 54, 59, 79, 120, 121
Dunrod, church of,299	, water,51, 75
Durham, battle of,76, 308	Glengonaryg,123
	Glentaggart,26, 56
Easington6	Glespin,61, 73
Edinburgh,50, 51, 64, 73, 127	Gloucester Cathedral,71
,, canons of,69	Gold Scours,59
1 6 41 . 011 . 004	Graves in the parish of Culter,43
	Crossetter
Tilmanatan landa af 204 200	Greenattan,21
Edmonston, lands of,304, 329	Greenhill,167
Eilgerill, barony of,413	Greenknowes,14
Eistertown, lands of,402	
Elgiry, township of,386, 391	Halidon-hill,73
Elvanfoot,76	Halis, lands of,59
Elwyn,77, 79	Hangingshaw,12, 37
Erichstone,	,, Nether,266
Ettrick Forest,73	" Over,266
Evan,8	,, Wynde,266
	Harburn,21
Falkirk,231	Hardington,12, 152, 156, 157
Fat-lip's Castle,44, 194, 245	Harecleuch,73, 80
Faustina,16, 18	Hartsheved, lands of,211, 212
Fawdon, manor of,60, 61, 68	Hartside, lands of, 209, 210, 211, 214
Fife,64	215, 224
Firth of Forth,2	Hartwood,
Flanders,53	Hawkwood-burn,11
Tal. 13	
Flodden,51	Headlingham,27
Folkerston, lands of,189	Hessilsyde,190, 191
Forest Kirk,228	Hew's Cairn,24
Fotheringay,42	Hillis, fortalice of,417
" castle of,231	,, lands of,411, 415
France,51, 53, 73	Hilderstone,59, 60
Friar or Crawford Muir,51, 79	Holy Land, the,68
Friar Mure,79	Holyrood, abbey of,310, 311
Filal Mult,	Honotown honory of 70
Clalled Land Trib (A. I.) 70	Hopetoun, barony of,79
Gallowberrie Hill (Arbory),78	Hurlburl,76, 79
Garf Water,26	Hyndshaw,8
Garvald Water,411	Hyndshielend,23
•	•

Inglewood	l, forest of,76	Leeland,20
	ie Grange,479	Leholm,61
	ill26	Leith, town of,324
		Lenzie, barony of,313
Johannia	or Johnston, ville de, 122	,, lands of,325
	Freen,334	Leslie,43
O C L L C C	110011,	Lesmahagow,
Kairn of 1	Kairntable,66, 67	
		Lettershaws,
	Cinto,66	Leudymos,
	2	Levenax, or Lennox,5, 152
Kaitraez, .	6, 7, 49	Lewes,27, 28
Keir-niii,		Liberton,15, 45
	eyof,37,57,60,115,149,182	,, church of,429
Kennok,	61, 190	,, parish of,301, 429
Kersewell,	21, 36, 276	,, and Quothquhan united, 449
	ands of,224, 245	Lincoln,
Kilbirney,	123	Lindesay, Crawford,76
Kilcadzow	,17	Linlithgow,75, 322
Kilmarnoc	k,124	Lintseedlands, or Lindsaylands, 331
Kilpeter, l	ands of, in Strathgrif, 305	Little Clyde,
,, land	s of, in Renfrewshire, 499	Lochmaben,227, 229
Kilsyth, b	attle of,328	Loanhead,12, 45
Kinghorn.	battle of,231	Lockhart's-hill,193
Kirkhope.	75	Longhermaston-moor,311
Kirkintille	och, church of, 310	Loudon, castle of,222
	75	Lugubulium, or Carlisle,8
	71, 79	Lyne,
	lands of,414	Lytilgill,158
	ield,40	
	the, more commonly called	Mars Walls,433
	nds of St John's Kirk, 479	Meadowflat, lands of,469
	llach,66, 67	Medwin,
	d,23, 25	Meigs Meadow,416
IXIIOWCIICA		Melrose,76
Lambukia	law,66, 67	
Lambunst	on become of 922	
Lambynsu	on, barony of,233	,, monastery of,167
Lamingwi	n, 116, 120, 219	Methyen, battle of,
	ony of,222	Milnerig of Dolphinton,153, 379
- ,, cnui	ch of,221, 246	Milton-Lockhart,18
,, pari	sh of,301	Moat, the,157
_ ,, tow	er of,223, 244, 245	Moffat,8
Lampits,	21	Monks-burn,55
	6, 17, 36, 187, 224, 228,	Monycabo, barony of,313
- ,, chui	rch of,493 [230, 370	Mora de Crawford, Rutherglen, 51
_ ,, Kin	g's castle at, 63, 77, 167,	Moors, the,69
", Sher	riff of, 183 [189, 233, 464	Mosscastle,127
Langeleuc	h-burn,59	Mouse, the
Langside.	battle of,235, 441	Muirhouse, lands of,433, 479
Lang Wes	al, the,438 alamie-burn,120	Muirsland,20
Lauercalse	lamie-burn,120	Murehouse of Liberton,450
Launcesto	n,	·
Laynrick,	225, 226	Nemphlar Muir,17
Leadhills.	54, 56, 57, 59, 59, 61, 62,	Nether Abington,27, 28
	75, 76, 79	Nethertown, lands of,439
	· - , · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

	Newbigging Muir,21, 22	Quodquen, Over,439
	Newcastle,3	Quothquen,71
	Newholme,153	Quothquhan, mansion-house of, 441
	Newland, Bridgend,22	,, parish of,434
	Newlands,36	
	Newton of Wiston,168	Rachan, lands of,317
	Ninian, St, well of,221	Raggen or Ragged Gill,11, 75
	Nisbet,13, 276	Ramweil Craigs,159
	Nithsdale,1, 10, 121	Reed,2
	Norfolk,4, 76	Reed,
	Normangill,3	Renfrew, county of,1
	Northflat, lands of,462	Koberti, villa,149
	Northumberland, \dots 2, 5, 7	Roberton, 5, 26, 116,149, 152, 161,
	Norwich,27	,, lands of,369 [182, 184
	Nunnerie,	Roger's Kirk,411
		Rogherhill,20
-	Oggs Castle,493	Rosisbog,335
	Over Glengonar,79	Ross, lands of,305
	Over Newton,	Roxburgh,64, 65, 66, 74
	Over Quothquhan, or Overtown of	Rullion Green, battle of,370, 408
	Quothquhan,442	Rutherglen,228
	& doing duant,	
	D 11 . 1 1 . 4 . 400	Sadlerhead,19
	Pacokland, lands of,	Sanquhar, castle of,64
	Paisley, abbey of,188	Saughieburne, battle of,443
	Parrockholm, or Parishholm, 55, 56	Scone,66
	Peeblesshire,22	Shawhead,26
	Penda,7	Sheriff-cleuch,26
	Penrith, town of,76	Sheriffmuir, battle of,210
	Persilands, lands of,331	Shieldhill, lands of,447
	Perth, town of,72	Shielhill, lands of,439
	Petrenich,	Shiells, and Betwixt-the-Hills, 330
	Pettinain,23, 429	Shilling Cleuchburn,9
	,, church of,493	Shortcleuch,56
	,, parish of,	,, Water,59
	Phernihurst,	Skellyhill,19
	Picts, the,4, 6	Skirling,153
	Pinkie, battle of,274, 320	,, barony of,369
	Poictiers,	Skravelyne,152
	Polmankishead,	Smalham, church of,385
	Polmuckhead, Nether,191	Smethwood,74
	Polnelismouth67	Smithwood,152
	Pomfret,228	Smyllum Park,16
	Ponfeigh-burn,26	Snar,127
	Ponnel-burn,	Solway Moss,317
	Potrail, 10	Sornfaulache,167
	Powtrail,74	South Medwyn,22
	Priest's Hole, the,127	Southwood,79
	Pyet Knoll,45	Spain,
	- j	Spittal,
	Onendal 900 910 911 919	Stane, lands of,
	Quendal,209, 210, 211, 212	Stanmore,17
	Quodquen, lands of,438	,, House,
	,, Nether,439	Stanepath, lands of,414

Stirling,	Underbank, near Crossford,20
Stobo Castle, Peeblesshire, 39	Unthank, lands of,279
Stockbriggs,20	Valley of the Camp,10
Stonebyres Hill,17	Villa Symonis Lockhard,181
Stonegreen,	Vina Symonis Lockhard,101
Stonehill,25	Wales,7
Stonehouse,18	Walston,23, 33
Stoneypath, lands of,412, 415	,, barony of,413
Strathaven,18	, church of,45, 385, 391
,, house of,414	,, parish of,301, 385
,, church of,305	Walys, township of,385
Strathclyde,5, 6, 7, 49, 68, 69	Wan or Wandell-burn,209
- St Bride's Church at Douglas,61	Wandell, the bower of,219
,, Well,421	,, church of,246
St Bridget's Church at Douglas, 39	,, lands of,160, 215, 248
- St John's Kirk,25, 181, 475, 477	,, parish of,159, 209
St Giles, church of, at Edin.,495	Wandeldyk, lands of,215
St Katherine, chapel of, in the	Warrenhill,24
church of Asberniston, on	, lands of,471
the Clyde,60	Waterhead,79
St Mary, college of, in Biggar, 301	Water-meetings,73
,, Magdalen, Hospital of,189	Watling Street,10, 18
St Ninian, chapel of, on the lands	Wellpath,10
of Warrenhill,462	Wenlock,53, 54
- St Thomas the Martyr, chapel of,	Westhall, fortalice of,417
beside the castle of Craw-	,, lands of,414
ford,74	,, and Westerhillis, lands of, 416
Swaites Hill,24	Westhills of Dunsyre, farm of, 408
Syllis, lands of,503	Westside,25
Symington,25, 161	Westraw House,23, 504
,, church of,305	Westown, lands of,503, 504
,, parish of,301	Weston of Todholes, lands of,414
Symontown in Kyle,187, 188	Westwater,
Transport lands of 414 410	Westerraw, lands of,304, 501
Tarbrax, lands of,414, 416	Westertown, lands of,412
Tatiusholm (Gadenica),8	Whitcastle,15
Taylor, John, minr. of Liberton, 450	Whitehill,12 Whitehills,245
Teviotdale,	Whyte Castle,433
hanner of 919 915 917 990	
,, barony of, 313, 315, 317, 320,	Windon
,, benefice of,299 [325, 477 ,, church of,477	Windsor,
mominh of 161 171	Windochincho 199
Thouthonwold 105	Wiston or town 5 48 118 116
Thorthorwald,	Wiston or town, 5, 43, 113, 116, Wolchclide, lands of, 271 [149, 161]
Thurstenaton 68	Wolfelyde,14, 271
Tinto,24, 25, 333, 336, 477	Woodchurch,181
Tintochevda 102 104	Woodend, lands of,215, 248
Tintochsyde,	Woodlands, lands of,218, 248
Tranent,	Wudechirche,475, 477
Troloss,128	Wyston,181, 184
Tweed, the,1, 2	11 Javan, 102
Tweedsmuir,336	Yieldshields,17
Tunton Ecologie do 47K	York,15
Tynton, Ecclesia de,475	TOLE,

INDEX TO VOL. 11.

By G. V. I.

PERSONS.

A, son of James,203	Angus, wm., tenth Earloi, 126, 136
Abernethy, lordship of,78	,, Lord,134
, William,479	,, George, Master of,110
Abigail, daughter of Wm. Baillie	Anjou, Margaret of,105
of Lamington,17	Annabella, Queen,82
Abindene, bishop of,117	Anne, Duchess, 132, 205, 232, 234
Adam Junior of Duwan, John, son	,, Queen,346
of,184	Anstruther, Sir John of,412
,, of the Livery,8	Anstruther, Carmichael of,25
Ade, Alexander,339	Argyle, Duke of,
Adolphus, Gustavus,303	,, Earl of,324
African Company, the,420	Arran, Earl of,204, 229, 505, 510
Aghynlek, Adam de,222	,, Jas., first Earl of,201, 231
Aikman, Sir Duncan,478	,, the second Earl of,201
Aird, Francis, minr. of Dalserf, 419	,, Stewart, Earl of,125
" James, of Torry403	Armstrong, Alex., of Rowanburne, 17
Albany, Duke of, 82, 83, 85, 88, 103,	" Alex., alias Sandies Ringand, 16
104, 106, 111, 113, 114	" William, of Kinmount,16
" Murdoch, Duke of, 90,495,503	Ardach, Eustace of,204
,, Regent,112, 286	,, William of,201
Alexander, Regis Scotorum, Senes-	Arnold, abbot of Kelso, 200, 202, 224
callus,260	Seneschalus181
,, II.,181, 201, 258, 337, 452	Athole, Duke of,326
,, III.,1, 837, 342, 453, 476	,, Earl of,309
,, III., Pope,447, 486	Auynlec, Patrick de,222
Allan, abbot of Kelso,182, 201	
"Dominus Andrew,263, 284	Baillie, Christopher,393
Alva, Laird of,410	,, John,
Amfridus, cornaisarius de Lanark, 257	,, of Bagbie,509
Anderson, Alexander,347	,, James, of Carfin,531
Angus, Earl of, 5, 10, 140, 142, 264,	,, Robert, merchant-burgess of
266, 412, 454, 503	Edinburgh, 393 [321, 520]
" Arch., Earl of, 123, 126, 231	,, George, of Jerviswood,267,
,, Arch., Bell-the-Cat, fifth	,, Mary, daughter of William, of
,, Arch., Bell-the-Cat, fifth Earl of,412	Lamington,498
" David, seventh Earl of,123	" Rob., pastor of Lam'ton, 249
" Geo., fourth Earl of, 104, 117	,, Sir Wm., of Lam'ton, 417, 500
,, James, Earl of,135, 136	
,,,	,,,, ,,

Baillie, William, of Littlegill,169	Braidwood, village of,424
Baillies of St John's Kirk,169	Braks, Adam,328
Baillie, Geo., of St John's Kirk, 321	Braks, Adam,328 Brandenburgh, the Elector of, 311
" Matth., of St John's Kirk, 393	Braxfield, Lord, 279, 829
Baird, Lady, of Saughtonhall,290	Brendan, St,177
Balcanquall, Walter,295	Bricius, prior of Lesmahagow,180
Balcarris, Earl of,528	Broghill, Lord,306
Baldwin of Biggar,337	Brown, James, in Carstairs,459
Balfour, Brigadier-General,136	,, John, burgess of Edin.,417
, of Kinloch, John,415	,, Wm., minr. of Carnwath, 317
Baliol, King John,287, 407	Bruce, Sir Alex., of Broomhalls, 327
Ballantine, Jno., minr. of Lanark, 279	,, Edward,78
Bannachtyne, Richard, of the Core-	,, Robert the, 5,8,9,145,178,182,
house,213, 297	183, 282, 284, 288, 338, 357,
Bannatyne of Corehouse,316	396, 407, 412, 417, 525
", Mr, minister of Lanark,277	Bruys, Edward de79
,, Robt., minr. of Carnwath, 479	Buchan, Earl of,86, 87
Bannaytyne, Colonel James,208	
Tohn of Comphance 200	Burny, Wm., minr. of Lanark, 296
Tah- 970	Durny, Win., minr. or Danaix, 230
,, John,270	C -11-4 -6 17-1 919
Bard, Ricard de,181	C., abbot of Kelso,213
Bastie, Sir Anthony Durcie de, 112	C., clericus,261 Cairlell, Dame Elizabeth,143
Beatoun, Cardinal,505	
Bedford, Duke of,56	Calder, Jas., burgess in Lanark, 342
Bell, James, of Westerhouse,423	Calderwood, Wm., writer, 521, 522
Belleisle, Marechal de,24	Capet, Hugh,178
Benatyne, John de, Lord of Crooks,	Caramicely, Ellina de,314
" William de,213 [213	Robert de267
Benedict XIII., Pope,256	,, or Karamikley, Robert de, 314 Cardross, Lord,416
Bennet, George,449	Cardress, Lord416
Bertram of Nisbet,527	l lb. I amdahim af 927
Biggar, presbytery of,249	Cargill, Rev. Donald,281
Bigris, Hugo de,181	Carlyle, Earl of,144
Birnie of Broomhill,	Carmichael, Daniel,411
,, Mr, curate of Carluke,402	,, Hugh,25
" Mr., of Lanark,277, 402	,, John de,9, 11
,, Robert,269	,, Andrew, sixth Earl,25
	,, John, fourth Earl,25
Birney, Mr,269, 272	,, Thomas, fifth Earl,25
Black, Robert,191	,, Lady Margaret,412
Blair, Sir Adam, of Carberry,415	,, Lord,20, 279
" John, of Dunskey,333	,, John, second Lord,21, 145
	Sin Daniel googned con of the
Blinshall, David,250	first Lord Carmichael, 410
Bothwell, Earl of,109, 124	Cin Uu ah 17 905
"Francis Stewart, Earl of, 188,	Sin Tohn do 0 10 19 17
901 808 808 511	Sin Tohn 95
201, 393, 398, 511 Borthwick of Borthwick,330	of Balmodia 10
	Tomos of Rollands 997
,, Lord,509	,, James, of Balnady,227
Boyd, principal of Tochrig,409	"Sir James of Bonnytown, 330,
Brac, Jordanus,259, 282, 328	331, 333
,, John,328	,, William of that ilk, 5, 9, 10,
Braidwood, barony of, 109, 284,	145, 510
Braidwood, barony of, 109, 284, ,, lands of, 412 [412, 520]	,, Sir William, Master of, 20, 330

Carmichael, W. of Crookedstone, 10	Charles Edward, Prince, 236, 250, 534
,, Mich. Thomson, of Eastend, 25	,, of Valois,287 Charterhouse of Annisfield,141
" Archibald, of Edsom,16	Charterhouse of Annisfield,141
" George, Bishop of Glasgow, 10	Chatelherault, Duke of,12, 123
" Sir Daniel, of Hyndford, 330	Cheslie, William, in Douglas,147
Sin Danial third can of the	Chien, Mr, minister of Carluke, 404
first Earl of Hyndford, 411	Chiesly of Dalry,520, 522
Cavin of Hundford 880	1 N: T-1 PAR FOR
Sin Tamon of Umulford don	Clare, Henry de Sancto,219
cended from Walter, 3d son	
	,, William de Sancto,218
of Wm. Carmichael, 17, 330	Clarence, Duke of,
" Walter, of Hyndford,330	Claud, commendator of Paisley, 230-1
", John, commissare of Lanark,	Claverhouse,
271, 279	Cleilland, Colonel,
,, Wm., com'ner. of Lanark, 348	Clerkson, William, chaplain,260 Clifford, Lord,145
,, Daniel, of Maudslie,412	Clifford, Lord,145
,, John, of Mauldeslie,412	Cockburn, Sir Alexander,412
,, John, of Meadowflat,169	,, William, of Hevidis,412
Carmichaels, the, of Meadowflat, 10	Cochrane,106
Carmichael, Tho., in Newbigging, 524	,, Mungo,329
" John, in Pirriflats,481	Coldingham, abbot of,179
,, Wm., of Rowantree-cross, 25	Colevyll, Adam de,288
William wounger of Rowen	Comyn, Sir John,337
tree-croce,26	,, William,202
Tohn nuovost of St Androws 10	Condé the Great,300
" Deminus Huma de Wister 144	Constance, Council of,286
Carnewath, John of,534	Constantine, son of Gilbert, presby-
Carnwath, Earls of,450, 479, 513	ter of Lesmahago,220
Carrin Ford of 515 516 517	
Tomos founth Ford 517	Conyngham, David, minister of Lanark,268
,, James, fourth Earl,517	Convey Finley the King's con
,, Lord,479, 482 ,, Robert, second Earl of,513	Conyson, Finlay, the King's ser-
	Vant,341
Carolina, Scotch colony in, 322, 527	Corehouse, proprietors of,199
Carrie, Earl of,339, 341	Corehouse, Laird of,
Carayk, Dominus John de, canon	Corrok, Robert of,213
of Glasgow,340	Corrokys, Reginald of,213, 218
Carstairs, Major,321	Corston, Laird of,449
,, the Presbytery of,451	Craig, Patrick,275
Cassilis, Earl of,507	Craigmillar, Janet, Lady of,498
" Lord,507, 533	Crawford, Earl of,97, 99, 511
Castrotharis, Thomas, son of Adam de,457	,, John, minr. of Lamington,
de,457	,, John, of Miltown,421
Catherine, daughter of Sir William	,, Sir Hugh,203
Stirling of Keir,110	,, Reginald de,81, 203
Celestin, Pope,258	,, Wm., burgess of Lanark, 272
Chamberlain, the,111	Crawfuld, John, of Camlarge, 357
Chancellor, Hugh, portioner in	Creichtoune, Lord, of Sanquhar, 294
Carnwath,531	Crichton, Lord, Chancellor of Scot.
,, Robert, of Shieldhill,298	land, 89, 90, 91, 93, 94, 95
Chapman, Symon, baillie, Lanark, 340	Cromwell, 20, 131, 134, 148, 275,
Charles I., 7,18,33,130,142,338,343	306, 307, 308, 311, 319,
,, II.,20, 134, 317, 357, 516	338, 449, 479, 518, 526
,, V., of France,79	Crossrigs, Mr,26
,, VI., of France,10	Cunningham of Coblehaugh,332
. ,	5 6-7002

Cunningham, G., of Bonyton, 331	Douglas, Lord Archibald, Earl of
,, John, of Bonyton,331	_ Angus,132
,, Sir John,478	" Lord Hugh,510
" William, of Craiganis,186	" Lord James,132, 508
Cunninghame, Nigel, rector,397	" Lord Robert,511
"William, tutor of Bonning-	" Lord William, eleventh Earl
toune,214	and first Marquis, 129, 130
Cunynghame, James, of Bonny-	,, Lord William,9
town,298, 331, 333	,, Marquis of, 7,143,147,284,358
Dalserf, Laird of,418	,, Arch., second Marquis of, 137 ,, James, second Marquis of,
Dalyell, Robt., of Westredmyre, 26	,, James, second Marquis of, 134, 414, 418
Dalziel, Wm., serjeand of Lanark, 339	Duba of 144 146 149 905
, Lord,479, 513	Daman Damadan of 190
Danielstown, Eliz., daughter and co-	Tomas Danon Canlula linama
heiress of Sir Robert,408	as Douglas of Thorthor-
William	wald,142, 143, 144
,, William,408 Danyelstown, Sir John,407, 422	"SirAlex., of Kilspindie, 110, 113
Darnley, Henry, Lord,124	,, Sir Arch., of Glenbervie, 413
Darroch, Laird of, Provost of Lan-	,, SirGeo.ofMordington,142,303
ark,343	" SirGeo.of Pittendrich, 118, 123
David I., 178, 180, 200, 257, 287, 337	,, Sir James,5, 8, 9, 139
II9, 79, 201, 339, 407	,, Sir James, the Good, 78, 82,
" King,198	88, 143, 145, 289
" Prince of Cambria,5, 177	,, Sir James, de Loudon,492
" son of Peter, dean of Stob-	,, Sir William,139
house,212	,, Sir William, of Glenbervie,
Davidsone, Marion, Heindshaw, 405	110, 125, 413
Dayell, John de, knight,282	,, Sir William, le Hardi,353
Denem, James, of Westshiel,527	,, Black, the, Archibald,94
" Robert, of Westshiel,527	,, Andrew, second son of Arch.
, William,	de, Lord of Galliway,525
Denham, Sir Wm., of Westfields, 480	,, of Balveny,90, 103
Denholme, Robt., of Westshiell, 317	,, George, of Glaspen,25, 144
Denis, St,	,, John, of Glaspen,143 ,, of Parkheid,505
Dickson, John,139	Con of Darkhold 141 149 144
Themes of Headlends 190	Tumos Maston of Answer 199
,, Inomas, or Hesisyde,139 Dieppe,307	Taman minister of Oammakh
Douglas, Earl of,204, 412	479, 481, 483, 529
" Arch., fifth Earl of, and Duke	Tamor formerly of Durkhood
of Touraine,87, 105, 125	140, 141, 142
,, Arch., fourth Earl of,83	,, John, of Birkhill,227
,, Arch., sixth Earl of,110	,, Samuel, of Haselside,139
,, James, Earl of,497	,, of Todhoillis,207
,, James, seventh Earl of, 90, 94	, William de Douglas,223
" James, ninth Earl of, 99, 357	,, Wm., of Drumlanark, 500, 512
", James, Earl of, and Mar,9	,, Alexander,190
,, Wm., Earl of,79, 82, 494	,, Archibald, Bell-the-Cat, 106,
,, Wm., first Earl of,104	,, David, 89, 90 [109, 144
,, Wm.,eighth Earl of, 93,99,100 ,, Lord,169	"George, incumbent,6
", Lord,169	,, James,76
,, Archibald de, Lord of Gallo-	" James, in Lanark,347
way,77, 90, 145, 203	,, Beatrix, Countess of, 99, 103

	1 7791 1 11 0
Douglas, Elizabeth, daughter of Jas.	Elizabeth, Queen,14, 509
Douglas of Parkhead, and	Elliot, Wm., of Borthwick Brae, 320
wife of George Douglas, ille-	Eltham, John of, Earl of Cornwall,
gitimate son of Sir George	Elwold, John, 286 [184, 199, 234
Douglas of Pittendriech,	Engelram, bishop,180, 447
	Freile Feel of
youngest brother of Arch.,	Ergile, Earl of,
sixth Earl of Angus,141	Errol, Earl of,126
"Elizabeth, daughter of Sir	Erroll, Erle of, Lord High Con-
James, of Loudon,525	stable,521
Tad- Tana man ta Sin John	Erskine, Arthur, of Scotscraig, 410
Stewart of Grandfully, 137	,, Barbara, eldest daughter of
Manmont sister of the Recent	
	John, ninth Earlof Mar, 135
Morton,13	,, Henry, of Cardross,267
" Lady Margaret, daughter and	Evan, Lord,121
heiress of Arch., sixth Earl,	
" Martha, daughter of Sir Geo.,	Fairfax, Lord,526
of Mordington,298	Falconer, Sir David, of Newton, 520
Months wife of Lord Insting	Faules, Alexander,6
Clerk, James Lockhart of	Fergus, William, in Lanark,347
	Effication Take
Lee,142	Fffischer, John,345
Dobbye, J., reader in Forestkirk, 399	Fife, Duncan, Earl of,145
Dompnus, William, prior of Lesma-	Filedare, Andrew,342
hagow,185	Finneson, William, in Carluke, 425
Dowan, Adam, son of Daniel de, 222	Fleming, Sir David,91
Alamandan da immiam 000	,, John, Lord,294
,, Robert of,221	I I and Calamal 000
Domena Adam do conjon 999	Moloolm Forl of Wintown 499
Dowane, Adam de, senior,222	", Malcolm, Earl of Wigtoun, 422
Dowrig, Rich., rector of Carmichael, 6	,, Sir Malcolm,90
Draffan, James of,203, 220	,, Thomas, Earl of Wigton, 77 Florence, bishop,258
Dryburgh, abbot of,179	Florence, bishop,258
Drury, Sir William,230	Fokkart, Beatrix,227
Dunbar, Earl of,495	,, Katherine,226
Duncan, Mr, late schoolmaster of	Folkard, Sir Alexander,225
Lanark,279	Folkardston, William of, son and
Daniel of Amiliaton 996 599	hoir of Adam of distant de
Dundas of Arniston,326, 522	heir of Adam of, dictus de
Dunkeld, bishop of,261	Folkardston,223
Dunsyre, William, Lord of,524	Folkaristoun,224
Durham of Duntarvet,199	Folkarton, Adam de,225
Durhame, Jas., of Duntarvie,189	,, William de,225
Durram, Thomas de, prior of Les-	Folkert, Adam,226
mahago,182	,, Robert,226
Duvan, John, son and heir of Adam,	Folkhard, Sir Alexander, 224
junion of 210	
junior, of,219	Forbess, Alexander,401
	Forrest, Tho., writer to the Signet, 414
Edinburgh, provost and bailies of, 521	Forrey, David, reidure at Carlouk, 399
Edward I., 182, 287, 337, 458, 490	Forster, Sir John, master of the
,, II.,26, 282, 338, 356, 478	household,496
TTT 1941	Fotheringham, James, exhorter, 449
,, IV.,103, 105	Fraser, Sir Symon,337
To allefeld Thomas do 999	Frederick the Creet
Eaglefield, Thomas de,282	Frederick the Great,24
Egidia, daughter of Robert II., 82	Fyffe, Earl of, afterwards Duke of
Elizabeth, daughter of Ld. Boyd,141	Albany,80
Elizabeth, granddaughter of Michael,	
fourth Lord Carlyle141	G., the son of Saludes,217
	,

Galloway, the archdeacon of,396
Galloway, the archdeacon of,396 ,, Bishop of,117 ,, Fair maid of, 89,90,93,101,103
,, Fair maid of, 89,90,93,101,103
Gartshoan, James,8
Gaveston, Sir Henry,338
Gavin, bishop of Dunkeld, 110, 113 Gaunt, John of,80 Gemmil, Michael, bailiein Lanark, 345
Caunt, John of,80
Gemmii, Michael, baillein Lanark, 345
Gibson, David, in Lanark,347
", James, in Cothwan,450 Gilbert, presbyter or priest of Les-
mahara 170
mahago,179 Gilbertson, Geo., of Braidwood, 413
Gilemer, son of Gilconil,217
Giles. William 259 457
Gillon, James,
Glammis, Lord125, 142
Glasgow, archbishop of, 112,113,116
Glencairn, Earl of, 117, 188, 201, 268
Gloucester, Duke of,309
Gloucester, Duke of,309 Glyconel, seneschal of Lesmahago, 181
Godsel, Sir Thomas, chaplain to the
church of St Nicholas, 266
Good, John,
Gordon, Sir Alexander, Lord of, 89
Francis459
,, Sir John, advocate,346
" Mary, third daughter of Geo., first Marquis of Huntly,731
nrst Marquis of Huntly,731
,, Sir William, of Halcraig, 420
Gowrie, Earl of,
Grahame, John, of Westhall,214
Grav. Lord 106, 122
Gray, Lord,
Robert, monetarius of the
King342
Gregory VIII., pope,258, 262
,, Robert, monetarius of the King,
Greig, John, of Skirling,450
Gremige, Phillip de,222
Cromigo, a minip do,
Grimplius, Guidonis,488
Grimplius, Guidonis,488
Grimplius, Guidonis,488 Hackston, David, of Rathillet, 415
Grimplius, Guidonis,488 Hackston, David, of Rathillet, 415 Haddington, Earl of328
Grimplius, Guidonis,488 Hackston, David, of Rathillet, 415 Haddington, Earl of328
Grimplius, Guidonis,488 Hackston, David, of Rathillet, 415 Haddington, Earl of,328 Haddow, John, in Douglas,147 " Symon, of Easterseat,406
Grimplius, Guidonis,
Grimplius, Guidonis,
Grimplius, Guidonis,
Grimplius, Guidonis,
Grimplius, Guidonis,
Grimplius, Guidonis,

Hamilton, Duke of, 134, 137, 138, 190, Gabrill, Lanark, 345 [304, 345] Gavin, expectant,479 " Gavin, in the park of Mauldes-,, lie,425 Gaivin,.....190 •• Sir James, of Arbriestown, 311 91 Sir James, bastard of Arran, 110 ,, James, of Broomhill,269 99 Sir James, of Crawfordjohn, 12, 201, 525 Sir James, of Fynnart, 140, 229, 502, 508 James, of Garion,417 James, of Halcraig,.....418 " James, yr., of Halcraig, 420 11 James, in Lanark,345 ,, Sir James, of Liberton, 264, 265 James, first Lord, 201, 204, 294, 449, 497, 499 James, of Stonehouse, ...328 ,, John, commendator of Abro-,, thock,124, 231 Sir John de, of Cadzow,...417 John, parson, C'fordjohn, 422 Sir John, of Fynnart, 204, 505 Sir John, of Halcraig, ...421 Sir John, of Trabroun, ...349 John, of Udston,417 " of Liberton,205, 455 Lord,99, 100, 101, 102 Margaret, only daughter of " Claud, Lord Paisley, ...131 Marquis of, 189, 201, 299, 11 Robert, 189, 400 [300, **3**17 " Robert, of Inchmauchan,...15 Robert, brother of the Laird of Preston,415 of Stonehouse,.....284 Thomas, minister of Carnwath,480 William,7 William, second Duke of, and Earl of Lanark,287 Hamiltoune of Auchnaglene, ...214 Gavin, of Raploch,.....291 Harding, Robert, English friar, 285 Harry, Blind,139, 352 Hart, Michael, of Brakysfield, 328 Hastie, Archd., tailor, Lanark, 277 Hastings, Robert, of Lynton, ...490 Havie, William, in Lanark, ...347 Hay, Andrew, Craignethan, 205, 232

2d

Hay of Bemerside,85	Ingelram, bishop,426, 486
Heigh, James,	Inglis, Sir James,111
Henderson, Robert, Bibliothecan of	,, James, of Eastshiel,529
the College of Edinburgh, 22	,, John, of Langland-hill,293
Henri, William,	,, Thomas, of Eastshiel,329
Henry, Abbot,203, 204, 217, 223	, Thomas, in Lanark,347
" IV.,81, 84	" William, of Eastshiell,529
", V.,86	Ingram, bishop,
", VI.,104	Innocent III., pope,314
", VIII.,114, 120, 121, 505	,, IV., pope,179
Hepburne, Adam, Lord Hailles, 498	Inverpesir, Hugo de, canon of
Herbert, bishop,257	Kelso,396
Heries of Teregles,97	Irving of Bonshaw,281
Heriot, John, vicar of Carluke, 397	living or Donaldaw,
Worleston William do 479	Jack, Gideon, 271, 272, 275, 328, 333
Herlaston, William de,478	
Herring, Egidia, or Giles,493	,, Maria and Martha,329
"Sir Gilbert, Gilmertoune, 525	Jacke, Wm., minister of Carluke, 402
"Sir John, Gilmertoune, 493, 495	James I.,88, 91
Hertford, Robert, precentor in the	,, II.,89, 95, 98, 99, 104, 145
Cathedral of Glasgow, 453	,, III., 103, 104, 105, 106, 107
	,, IV.,
Hietoun, Master R.,263	,, V., 114, 120, 140, 178, 343,
Hindeforde, Gamellus de,330	j 454, 508
Hobson, Colonel Paul, deputy-go-	,, <u>VI.</u> , 13, 14, 17, 126, 142, 449,
vernor of Newcastle,305	l VII., 134 Г455, 478
Holland, Scottish Exiles in,527	" Archbishop of Glasgow,419
Home, Lord Alexander, great cham-	Jean, eldest daughter of David
berlain of Scotland, 448,533	second Earl of Wemyss, 134
" Countess of,139, 205	Jedburgh, abbot of,179
" John,276	Jedworth, Robert de, parson of the
" Lord,111, 116	church of Kermighel,6
" Sir Patrick, of Polwart,325	Jerviswood, the Laird of,316
Honorius III., pope,262, 447	Joceline, bishop, 5, 176, 180, 258,
Hope, the Hon. Charles, yr. son of	447, 476, 487
first Lord Hopetown,209	Johane, by the grace of God, Queen
" Sir James, of Hopetown, 133	of Scotland,89
Hopringle, James, of Tyntis,397	Johanna, daughter and heiress of
Hotspur,84	Thomas de Moravia,82
Howison, James, in Lanark,346	John, Archbishop of Glasgow,283
Howisone, Jas., maltman, Lanark, 347	,, Bishop of Glasgow, 178, 183,
Huguenots, the	396, 448, 477
Huguenots, the,	
, John,190, 192, 193, 194	,, Abbot of Kelso, 203, 204, 211, 217, 222
Huntly, Earl of,126, 511	,, Commendator of Holyrood, 17
Hutcheson, John, of Hairlaw, 457	Johnstone Allen minister of Car-
Hutchesone, Captain,457	Johnstone, Allan, minister of Car- stairs,451
William 457	T TW 11 510 500
Hyndford, Andrew, sixth Earl of, 412	,, Jas., of Westraw, 11, 510, 552 ,, of Warrieston,321, 513
Cin Doniel of	Johnstoun, in Newbigging,524
	Johnnestone, John, son and heir of the
Tamos second Faul of 94	late Halbert Johnstone of
John third Earl of 24	Westraw 11
Jord 26	Westraw,
William Those fifth Earl 412	Juan Don 300 rate
s, william 1 nos., nith Esti, 412	n man's Ton's [400

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Karamikley, W., of Auchtifardle, 219	Lar
Kello, John, in Cothwan,450	Lar
Kenedy, Jas., minr. of Carstairs, 448	Lat
Vannala history of Canadans, 440	_
Kennedy, bishop of St Andrews,	Lau
94, 98, 102	Lau
" Wm., of Auchtifardle,219	,,,
Kenmure, Lord,339	Lau
Ker, Andro, of Romanno Grange, 395	Lav
Solin Commo 170 100	_
,, Schir George,179, 188	Lav
	"
Kerr, Captain,138	"
of Cessford113	
.f Trib	Lee
	T
Marquis of Lothian,136	Lei
Kid, Peter, of Douglas,403, 451	Len
Kilbride, the Baron of,334	11
King, James,135	"
********* 10F	Leo
,, William, 150	
" Schir John, chaplain of Muir-	Let
hall,485	Lev
" Thomas, exhorter at Carn-	
wath,479	Lev
Kinnaird, John,449	Lev
Kirkaldy of Grange,295	
Thomas minister of Com	T 27
,, Thomas, minister of Carn-	Lev
wath,479, 480	_ ,1
Kirkton, Mr,321, 450	Lev
Knollis, Robt., son of Sir Wm., 227	99
" Sir William, commander of	
Torfichen 226 227	Lev
Torfichen,226, 227 Kunningham, John, Anandhill, 481	
Aunungnam, John, Anandhui, 481	91
	_ 91
Lambiniston, Robert, called the	Ley
Franc of,204	Lin
Lambyn Asa,200, 202, 229	
Lanark, Adam de, clericus burgen-	5
	91
sium (town clerk),339	9:
,, the bailies of, 270,271,278,345	1
" Commissary clerks of 344	,
Earl of304	
manage and mainble of 915	Lin
	l
	,
347, 358	
" presbytery of, 270, 304, 317,	7
848, 899, 419, 450, 456, 479,	,
513, 516, 529, 532	
Chariff of 944	
ahaatmaluann of 945	,
,, shoemakers or,	,
the alrianom of 845	,
,, the skinners of,345	,
,, the skinners of,345 ,, the smiths of,345	,
,, the skinners of,345 ,, the smiths of,345 ,, the tailors of,345	, , ,
,, the skinners of,345 ,, the smiths of,345 ,, the tailors of,345 ,, the waulkers of,345	Lir
,, the skinners of,345 ,, the smiths of,345 ,, the tailors of,345 ,, the waulkers of,345	Lir
,, the skinners of,345 ,, the smiths of,345 ,, the tailors of,345	Lir

Lanark and Cadzow, bailiff of, 287
Landells, Robert,6
Latour, Sir Brian,121
Lauchlane, Thomas, Lanark,347
Lauder, George, of Alton,169
" Sir William, of Halton, …98
Lauderdale, John, Earl of, 284, 413,
Lawren Leind of ASS FA1A 590
Lawris Issue writer in I short
Thomas 100 F946 947
Lawers, Laird of, 456 [414, 520] Lawrie, James, writer in Lanark, ,, Thomas, 190 [346, 347, ,, tutor of Blackwood, 372, 419
,, tutor of blackwood, 5/2, 419
william, of Auchenneath, 205
Lee, the Laird of,272, 273, 422
,, Lord,299
Leighton, Archbishop,402
Lennox, Countess of,126
,, Earl of,117, 118, 124
Lennox, Countess of,126 ,, Earl of,117, 118, 124 ,, Duke of,126, 455
Leontius, St,178
Lethe, Robert,189
Leverance, John, elder minister of
Douglas6
Levinax, Earl of,117
Levingston, John, of Drury,340
", Wm., minister of Lanark, 26
Levingstones, the,93, 95
,, of Jerviswoode,
Levingstone, Alexander,7, 403
"Sir Alexander de,89, 90
William of Ianamacal 900
Towns Coords 995
Levington, George,325
,, James,320
,, Robert,321 Ley, Laird of,270, 425
Ley, Laird of,270, 425
Lindesay, James,
" Sir James de, 292, 331
" John, minister of Carluke,
,, Lord, 77 [399, 400
,, Robert, of Durval,12
Dominus william de, rector
of Are,288 Lindsay, Alex., of Covington,1
Lindsay, Alex., of Covington,1
of Covington, 10, 26, 293, 417.
478, 509, 510
478, 509, 510 ,, of Dunrod,418, 422
,, James, of Belstane405, 418
Tan main Companies 440 457
T-L- 440 450 451
Det eachba of Classon 970
Daham mandan 060
William of Dalatama 410
Wm probond of Kolso 206
Timping Thomas 100
Linning, Thomas,190
Liverance, John,

Livingston, Thomas,478	Lockhart, Rachel, wife of C. Hamil-
Livingstone, Jas., of Newbigging, 525	ton, Lord Binning, heir of
,, John, of Belstane,517	the Earl of Haddington, 327
" John, a cadet of the House of	,, Richard,
Jerviswood,524	,, Robert,293
,, William,269, 270, 271	"Robert, son of Stephen of
,, William, Lord,478	Birkhill,228
Livingstones of Warrenhill,417	Birkhill,
Livingstoun, Jas., of Geriswood, 320	" Sir Stephen, of Cleghorn, 263,
Locard, Sir Simon, of Ley,288	293, 421
Lockhard, James, elder, of Lay, 15	" Stephen, Wicketshaw, 421,422
Lockhart, Alex., 292, 315, 316, 523	. Thomas
" Alex., of Wicketshaw,421	" Wat., of Kirkton, 228,414,415
" Alexander, tutor of Wicket-	,, Walter, third son of Stephen
shaw422	Lockhart of Wicketshaw, 414
shaw,	,, Sir William, 303, 398, 452, 455
Gin Allon Q14 Q1K Q16 Q10 Q90	" Sir W.m., of Carstairs, 456, 459
,, Ambassador,279, 518	" William, of Wicketshaw, 422
of Birkhill224	Logan, James, in Strawfranks, 459
,, of Birkhill,224 Lockharts of Carnwath, 266, 268,	,, Robert,531
of (Nowhown 160 1984 414	,, Robt, of Coitfield, and Marion
Lockhart, Count,313, 523	Carkettle, his spouse,144
Charles second Count 598	Lorraine, Mary of,122, 188
" Comornal 916	Loudonis, Robert de, brother of
Can 971 916 519 599 599	Alexander II181
Gin Commo of Commonth	Louis IX., of France,105
President of the Court of	XIII 90
Session, 303, 323, 339, 394,	,, XIII.,20 ,, XIV.,132, 306, 308, 311
417, 423, 457, 584	
Sin Conner of Caratains 456	Lucius III.,5, 258, 278, 447, 476
,, Sir George, of Carstairs, 456 ,, Grizel,325	Lindores, Abbot of,261
Inmas 905 909 219 216 210	Lyle, Master John,499
Sin Toward of Countains ARR	Lyndesay, Earl of,19
James of Clechorn 908	Lyon, William the, 179, 180, 181,
,, James, of Cleghorn,298 ,, of Lee, Sir James, 267, 294,	200, 202, 257, 261, 337
449, 455, 518	200, 202, 201, 201, 331
	Macaulay, Lord,281
,, Sir James, yr. of Lee, some-	
time of Castlehill, 298, 513	Macdonald of Kinloch-Moidart, 236
"Sir Jas., Lord Just. Clerk, 303	Machutus, or Maclon, St.,177 Mackay, Major-General,135
,, John,	
Admiral Sin Tahn of Can	Mackenzie, Sir George, 518,519,520
" Admiral Sir John, of Car-	Maclellan of Bombie,97
stairs,	Macqueen, John,329
,, Sir John, of Castlehill, 303,412	Maitland, Richard, in the park of
,, John, of Heidis,813, 412	Malsley,
,, of Lee, 26, 169, 286, 261, 263,	", William, of Leidingstoune, 502
264, 268, 285, 314, 412, 422	Magdalen of France,504
" Macdonald of Largie,523	Malcolm the Maiden,179, 257
,, Martha, daughter of Sir John,	March, Earl of,81, 83, 84
of Castlehill,312, 313	Marchmont, Earl of,523
" Mungo,316	Margaret, eldest daughter of James
", Sir Mungo,293	Douglas of Mains,136
" Philip,523	,, only daughter of Robert, fifth
,, Quintygern, of Lee,295	Lord Maxwell,000

Margaret, Queen,110, 182	Mowet William ou
aldered an absor of Dah TIT 00	Mowat, William, con Lanark,
,, eldest daughter of Rob. III., 83	Lanark,
,, widow of Archibald, first	Muir, Rolland, con
Duke of Touraine,95	Lanark,
Maria Theresa,24, 523	Mures of Auchendran
Mary of Gueldres,95, 100, 101	Murehouse of Liberto
O 000 004 000 510 500	Murehouse of Liberto
", Queen, 230, 234, 338, 510, 529	Murray of Cockpool,
Marr, Earl of, 23, 124, 125, 265, 266,	", Regent,
267, 268, 393, 457, 478	" Sir Robert,
7 1 1 146	,,
,, Lord,142	M
Mathew, bishop,447, 477	Narbonne, Viscount
Maxwell of Calderwood,316, 398	Nairne, Robert,
" Edward,409	Nevill, Lord,
" Sin Comin 400	Newbattle, Abbot of,
Operation (Hugh) 979 974	O
" Captaine (Hugh),273, 274	", Canons of,
,, James,410	", Monks of,
,, Sir James,409	Newbigging, Sir Wal
Tomes of Radmyre 96	William Ja
	Nimmo Tohn of For
,, John,409	Nimmo, John, of Eas
" Sir John,408	Nisbet, Archibald, of
" Lord,117	Northumberland, Ear
Potriols of Stanolia 491	,
Debent of Coldannood 400	Olimbant John min
,, Robert, of Calderwood,408	Oliphant, John, mir
,, Sir Robert,408, 409	luke,
M'Alpine, James, minister of Carn-	Orange, Prince of, .
wath,480	"William of,
Mil own John 451	Onlyner Forl of
M'Leran, John,451	Orkney, Earl of,
M'Queen, John,6	Ormond, Earl of,
Meikle, John, portioner in Carn-	Ormond, Hugh, Earl
wath,531	Orr, John,
Melfort, John, Viscount,528	Osbert, Abbot,
Michord, John, Viscount,	Debato, Abbot,
Melrose, abbot of,94, 287	" Prior of St Mac
Mengheis, David de, master of the	Overton, the governo
Hospital of St Leonard, 283	, ,
	Paniter, Alex., vicar
Menzies, John, of Castlehill,227	
,, of Harperfield,216 Middleton, Major-General, 304, 310	and bishop of
Middleton, Major-General, 304, 310	Parliament, the Rum
Mitchell, James,519	Paterson, A., of Corr
Monfode, Sir John de,412	Toha manakani
,, Margaret, daughter and heiress	Patrick, abbot,
of Sir John,412	Peirie,J.,chalmerlyne
Monmouth, Duke of,311	Peirson, Peter,
Montague, Lord, of Broughton,	Percy, Sir Henry, Ea
good on of House Duke	
second son of Henry, Duke	berland,
of Buccleuch,139	Pettendreich, Marion
Montrose, Duke of,304, 316, 401	Philip of France,
Moray, Earl of,10, 31	Pillans, Thos., in Lai
Moravia, Thomas de,203	Pillar, John, in Lans
Marian Talan Talah 604 500 500	
Morton, John, Earl of, 231,529,533	Pinkerton the historic
Mortoun, Earl of, 13, 117, 124, 141	Polnele, David de,
", Regent,142, 409, 510, 511	Ponfret, Andrew, of
Morville, Richard de, constable of	Pope Alexander III.,
	Martin
Scotland,180	,, Martin, Porterfield, W., of Qu
Minamena Sin Thomas QA	
Musgrave, Sir Thomas,80	Porterneid, W., of Qu

Mowat,	William, Lanark, Rolland, Lanark,	common	clerk of
3.5 .	Lanark,	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	348
Muir,	Rolland,	commissi	oner of
	Lanark,	••••••	343
wures o	i Aucheno	rane,	26
Mureho	use of Libe	erton,	450
Murray	of Cockpo	ol,	504
,, R	egent, r Robert,	••••••	230, 316
,, Si	r Robert,	••••••	133
Narboni	ne, Viscou	nt of,	87
Nairne,	Robert, .	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7. 400
Nevill,	Robert, Lord,tle, Abbot	••••••	50, 81
Newbat	tle, Abbot	of,	288
,, C	anons of, lonks of, ging, Sir V lilliam de,	••••	314
,, M	onks of,	••••••	293
Newbig	ging, Sir V	Valter,	490, 524
,, Ň	lliam de,	·····	524
Nimmo,	John, of	Eastforth.	531
Nisbet,	John, of Archibald	of Carfu	n,412
Northu	nberland,	Earl of,	84
Olinhan	t John	miniatan	of Con
Оприан	luko	404	01 Oar-
Omanaa	Drings of	±0±,	105 414
Orange	t, John, luke,, Prince of Villiam of,	,	100, 414
Onknow	Forl of	•••••	.21, 410
Owmond	Earl OI,	••••••	400
Ormond	l, Earl of, l, Hugh, E hn,	orl of OA	109 194
Orr To	hn	aii 01, 34,	970
Oshort	A bbot	919	21U
Dance of	rior of St	Machitia	180
Overton	, the gove	mor of H	nli 905
0101001	i, wao govo	I II OI II	ш, оо
Paniter.	, Alex., vi	car of Cas	steltarris
	and bisho	p of Ross,	448
Parliam	ent, the R	ump	310
Datama	- A - E C	10	. 144
,, J	ohn, merch	ant, Lone	lon, 144
Patrick	, abbot, .		206, 213
Peirie, J	.,chalmerl	yne of Ma	sley,410
Peirson	, Peter,	- ••••••	8
Percy, S	ohn, merch , abbot, ,, chalmerl , Peter, Sir Henry,	Earl of N	orthum-
	boriana,	••••••••	<i>J</i> , 00, 0 x
Philip o	lreich, Mai France	1011,	987 407
Pilleng	of France, Thos., in	Lonorb	201, 401 846 847
Piller	John, in L	anark	945
Pinkert	on the his	orian	970
Polnela	David de	~ iaii,	992
Ponfret	, Andrew,	of Laner	k 880
Pone A	lexander I	II .	-,uu
N	fartin	,	986
Porterfi	fartin, ield,W., of	Quarrela	one. 420
- 0. 001	17 ., 02	Annua v com	romuj zaru

Destroys Andrew of Debeigh 144	Galmada ora
Porteous, Andrew, of Deboigh, 144	Saluede,217
,, John, writer in Edin.,144	Scot, John,
Portignac, the abbot of,286	Scott, John, minister of Carluke, 404
Prince Charles Edward,148	,, Walter, of Buccleuch, 117,121
,, Edward,121 Pudzean, Wm., mason in Lanark, 847	,, Sir Walter,232, 282
	Seaton, Lord,511
Pumphrey, John, Lanark, 847, 531	Selkirk, William, Earl, 133, 138, 140
Purdy, Dav., succentor of Glasg., 448	Semple, Lord,533
Quarantlay, Elen de,417	,, Robert,190
Queen Mary, 121, 124, 126, 135, 141	Shaftesbury,322, 527
Queensberrie, Earl of,418, 419	Shiller, John, in Law,410
Quhipps, Sir R.,263	Shouster, Robina, niece of Crom-
	well,306, 812 Sidney,322
Randulph of Lesmahago,228	Sidney,
Reat, James,268	Sigismund, Emperor,286
Restoration, the,	Simpsone, J., burgess of Lanark, 261
Ricardus, Magister, de Lanark, 260	Sinclair, Beatrix de,92
Richard II.,81	", John, yr. Steinestoune, 312, 313
" III.,103	,, John, yr. of Steinestone, 169
,, Abbot,212	,, Maria, daughter of Henry,
,, Clerk of Kelmenros,213	third Earl of Orkney, 495
Robert II., 77, 80, 82, 408, 412, 422	Skorryholm, Laird of,235
,, III., 81, 90, 183, 282, 287, 408	Solph, Richard, son of,225
,, Abbot,257	Somerset, Protector,122
,, Abbot of Kelso,182, 186	Somervale, Thos., of Braxfield, 378
,, Bishop, Glasgow, 182, 453, 458	Somervel G., Lord, 296, 329, 333, 512
,, the deacon, son of Hugh,	,, William, in Amphirlay,296 ,, William,401
clericus of Lanark, 260, 268	y, William,401
,, son of Wanebald,180	Somervill, Captain John, of Cam-
Robertson, William,406	busnethan,278, 274, 275
Righ, Eustachius, medicinar,125	Somerville, Allan de,
Rokele, Hugo de la,180	Somervilles of Ampherlaw,532
Roland, son of Utred,334	Somerville of Cambusnethan,113
Romans, King of the,314	,, David, Greenfield,502, 532
Ross, Earl of,	,, Hugh, Lord, 483, 484, 524,532
,, John, Earl of, and Lord of	" Hugh, fifth Lord,502, 512
the Isles,	,, Hugh, eighth Lord,533
,, Sir John, of Montgrenane,	,, Hugh, of Cresswell,525
,, Lauchlan, 8 [454, 530] Rothesay, Duke of,81, 82, 83	,, Hugh, of Ouratis,532 ,, James Lord,12, 531
Roxburgh, Earl of,189, 201, 398	Sin Tamon of Linton 401
11 t	I Tohn do 594
Dobowt Lond 100	Sin John of Combuspother
Roy, General,279	and Quothquhan, 500, 502,
Rufus, Wm., of Ranestruther, 457	Tohn do Tinton 409 7509 510
Rule, Wat., precentor of Glasg., 396	Sin Tohn of Tinton 401
Rumbold Colonel 986	Tohn of Moffett 400
Rumbold, Colonel,236 Russell, Lord,822, 527	Tohn third Tond 400 E01
Rutherford, Sam., St Andrews, 269	I Tohn fourth Lord 500 5:00
Ruthyen, Lord,421	Tohn of Ouothousen 440
Rye-house Plot, 322, 324, 403, 527	Tond 111 965 454
11 0 110 110 1 100, 022, 100, 021	I and of Communith 964
Sadler, Sir Ralph, the Linglish	Michael merich clark of Com
Ambassador,506, 507, 509	
ZZIMDOKOSOUCI,	1 Manny

Somerville of Overcallo,512	Stirling, James, minister of Castle-
" of Plaine,504	starris,449
,, Robert, of Woolfords,532	Stuart, Anne, second daughter of
" of Spittell,457, 531	Esme, third Duke of Len-
" Thomas, of Beatlaw,525	nox,134
Thos., of Blackcastle, 502, 532	Summervilla, William de, 475, 476
,, Thomas, of Cambusnethan,	Summervale, William, 140 [485,486
490, 493, 494	Swan, Nin., exhorter, Carmichael, 6
" Thomas, of Grenehalton, 531	Swinton of Swinton,306
Thomas first Land 187 477	Symington, John,6
Sir Thomas 480 406 594 595	Symingtoun, John of, 139, 226, 294
Sir Thomas of Linton 401	Sympsone,—in Lanark, 345,347,348
Welton Linton 401 F409 405	25 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1
Sir Welter Newbigging 485	Talbot, Thomas,83
William 485 480 [480 400]	Taylor, John, minr. of Liberton, 450
William ganion 487	Temple, John, in Lanark,347
William vouncer 487	Tennent, Alexander, in Lanark, 345
Wm of Combuguethen 916	
Cir William of Lintouna 409	Theobald the Fleming,224
	Thirlistane, Johne, Lord, 398, 413, 510 Thom, Sir Robert,352
493, 494, 495	Thomas Cling Disardi 190
,, William, second Lord, 497,530	Thomas, filius Ricardi,
,, Wm., master of, 500,511,512	Thomson, chamberlain Lanark, 279
,, William, of Newbigging, 524	Tod, Sir Thomas, knight,294
,, William de,488, 524	Touraine, Wm., third Duke of, and
Somervyll, Thomas, justiciar,496	sixth Earl of Douglas,89
Sorbonne, the,129	Towre, Sir David of,489
Spain, King of,128	Trail, Bishop of St Andrews,82
Spittel, Laird of,480	Turing, Alexander,144
Spottiswode, John, archbishop of	Turrenne, Marshal,308, 309
Glasgow,455	Tweedale, John, in Carnwath, 504
St Andrews, archbishop of,112	Tweedy, John, of Linton,140
Stanley, Lord,81	Tyler, Wat,80
Stannapet, Rob., canon, Glasgow, 396	
Steil, Robert, of Skeliehill,235	Urban III.,
Stewart, Alexander,109, 413	Urquhart, Jas., Knockleith, 147, 346
,, Alexander, of Avondale, 206	
,, Sir Alex., of Dernley,494	Valentine, Dominus, can., Lanark, 260
, Archibald,138	Valoniss, Philip de,262
,, Captain,142, 143, 144	Valouns, Roger de,313, 314
Stewarts, the, of Craigiehall,284	Vause, Magister John de, canon and
Stewart, Harie, of Gogar,413	rector of Glasgow,431
"Henry, Lord Methven,116	Veres of Stonebyres, 414 [78, 80]
,, Lady Jane,138	Vienne, John de, Admiral of France,
,, Janet,494	, , , ,
,, Sir John, Duke of Athole, 103	Waldenses, the,308
" Sir John, of Grandtully, 138	Waldeve, son of Boidin,211, 222
,, Margaret,87	
Ougstermoster-Caperal 188	Waldevus, prior of Lesmahago, 181
Mojeter Welter 496	Walker, the Cameronian pedlar, 459
William nanhaw of Cantain	Wallace, SirW., 130, 234, 331, 424, 490
James,143	Walter, bishop, 179,181,258,262,458
Sin William third can of Land	Wans, Maria de,492
Ochiltree,449, 453, 455	Warnebald, Robert, son of,203
Stirling, abbot of,261	Warristoun, Lord, King's Advoc., 278
Doming, appor 01,	11 mr monmittoralizme ptratog. 312

Warwick, Earl of,105, 123	Were, Alexander, of Halcraig, 418
Westraw, Laird of,16	" John, of Halcraig,419
Weir of Auchtyfardle,219	Whiteford, Katherine,421
of Discharge 994	Whitefood of that ilk 205 400
,, of Blackwood,224	Whitefoord of that ilk,305, 420
" Daniel, of Auchtyfardill, 191	Whyte, David, smith in Lanark, 347
,, Gideon, gunsmith, Lanark, 347	,, James, in Douglas,147
,, Gideon, notary in Lanark, 297	Wigton, Earl of,86, 87
,, George, or Lawrie,208	Wharton, Lord,522
Goo of Blackwood 101 100	Wilelmus, prefectus of Lanharc, 337
Sin Goorge 900	Wilking, John, burgessof Lanark, 329
II George,	
,, Henrie, elder, Blaickwood, 206	Wm., burgess of Lanark, 329
,, James, of Blackwood,207	William, Bishop, 179, 180, 258, 458
,, James, of Dargavill,214	" Abbot of Kelso, 184, 219, 222
" John, chamberlain of Lesma-	" now commendator of Kelso, 398
hago,186	,, Lord of Sanct John's,227
of Korno 911	
	Williamson the English com 111
,, of Kirkfield,211	Williamson, the English spy,111
,, Major,414	Wilson, Alexander,345
" minister of Carluke, 401, 402	,, Johne, writer in Lanark, 347
,, Ralph, of Blackwood,206	Winram of Wiston,320
,, Rothwald de,206	Wintoun, Henry de,325
of Stanoburger 100 900 994	Wishart, Fergusia, daughter and co-
Thomas comet to Tames Con	
	heiress of Sir George, Clif-
ynghame,192	ton Hall, in Midlothian, 523
,, Thomas, dictus,206	Wod, John, of Stoniesyd,11
" Thomas, of Kirktoun,414	Wood, Sir Andrew, of Largo,108
,, Magister Walter, was served	Wolfrids, Laird of,
heir to his father, Magister	Wyschard, John, archdeacon of
William of Poniel,224	Glasgow and Thevidale, 397
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,, John, prebend of Kelso,396
Thomas,185	
" Radulphus de,206	York, Duke of,520
" Rotaldus,201, 206	Young, John,169
" Thos., of Blackwood, 206, 207	" Thomas, in Lanark,425
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,
77.4	ana .
PLA	CES.
440 004	
- Abbeygreen,119, 234	Argyle,112
Abbey Steads,405	Arkenholme,
Abercorn, castle of,102, 357	Arran,111, 112, 113
Aberdeen,340	Ayr,340
Abernethy,105	Ayrshire,
Air la Chanalla 05	
Aix-le-Chapelle,25	Auchetburn,297
Aleth,177, 178	Auchinlec,222
Alnwick,86, 94, 105	Auchtifardle,219, 222
Alyth,300	
Ancrum Moor,121	Baird's Craigs,124
Andrews, St,286	Banksand Briery Banks, lands of, 340
Aniston, lands of,417	
Ammondala 00 04 00 00	Bannockburn,145
Annandale,82, 84, 88, 90	Barntow, castle of,93
Apple Tree, Old Man's,264	Bass Rock, the,90, 403, 409, 451
_ Are, Chapel of the Holy Trinity of, 289	Batiesmains,279
Ardach,293	Bauge,10, 87
Ardack,220	Bellistan and Grumley, lands of, 334

233

Belstane, lands of, Carluke, 298, 417	Cartland Craigs,335, 354
Berwick,83, 300	Cassills,111
Berwick,	Cassills,111 Casteltarris,447, 448, 453
,, county of,326	Castle Dykes,160
Berwickshire,325	Castlehill, barony of,313
Biddasoa, the river,310	,, lands of,297
Diagram 7 994 957	1 '' A £ 90 E
Biggar,	,, tower of,335
Birkhill,	Catalack,143
Blackwood,200, 205, 206, 209	Catteclouch,143
Blantaggart, Little,	Chapel-hill,200
-Boghall, castle of,338	Chefcarnuat, church of,475
Bonnington Fall,355	Chermicdh,5
Bonyton,331	Cleghorn, barony of,313
Borough Muir,105	,, bridge of,318
Bothwell,81, 85, 109	,, chapel at,261, 262
" Bridge,235, 415, 419, 424	1 1 3 6 614
Boulogne,	,, lands of,
Deside Coming 141	
Braide's Craigs,141	Cloucheburn-bog,9
Braxfield,328	Clyde, the,9, 217
Breslau,24	Clydesholm,
Briggeham,182, 490	Coblehaugh, barony of,332
Bride, St, chapel of, at Kype, 200	Colbanton, barony of,334
Brittany,177	Colbintown, place of,11
Bruges,342	Corehouse,211, 234
Bruges342	Cornokhoip,142
Bygar, battle of,490	Corrichie, battle of,126
3 6,	Covingtown,208
Cadiou, church of,185	Cowdailly, Auld,484
Cadzow,230	Cowdailly Castle,111
Calais,105 [495]	Cowthally, castle of, 498, 500, 504,
Cambusnethan, barony of, 493, 494,	,, House of, 513 [510, 512, 532
Cameronians, the,136	" Mains of,502
Canongate, the133	Crawford, upon Douglas-water, 212
Carlisle,80, 300	Crawfordjohn,204, 229
Carmichael,357	
	Crawford Lindson barons of 100
Carmil,26	Crawford-Lindesay, barony of, 109,
Carlouk,	Cree, the, 96 [292, 331, 334] Crichton Castle,90
Carluke,109, 182, 183, 283, 395	Crienton Castle,90
,, barony of,408 ,, church of,405	Crossford,220
" cnurch of,405	,, boat, the,425
,, Law,	Cruikboitt,11
Carnwath, barony of, 334, 485, 534	Cumberhead,235
,, church of,482	Cullar, burgh of,420
,, the cross at,502	Culter, barony of,490
,, parish of,475	Culterschogill,207
,, town of,496	Cultersgill,211
,, town, double tower in,533	
village of534	Dalyell,334, 358
Carstairs, 404, 405	Damin, in Pomerania,303
barony of,297, 298, 453	Dantzic,303
,, castle of,458	Darien, colony of,326, 328
,, Laird of,451	Dardarach,
,, parish of,447	Douglas,190, 404
,, village of,458	,, castle, 96, 97, 100, 138, 145, 507

Douglasdale,82
Douglas, the park of,145, 146
Douglasdale,
,, water,9
Doube
Dowane 220
Dowane,
neetle of 194 990
The #ana 909 904 905
Draffane, 202, 204, 205 Drumclog, 285, 415 Drumlanrig, 418, 419, 457
Drumciog,
Drumianrig,418, 419, 457
Drumgre,186
Dryburgh, monastery of,257
Dumbartane, castle of,124, 131
Dumbarton,93
Dumblane,
Dumbrax-hill234
Dumfermline, 6, 270, 404, 451, 480
Dumfermline, 6, 270, 404, 451, 480 Dumfries,100, 108, 186, 188, 340
Dumfriesshire,
Dunbar, battle of,148, 276
Dunder, Datue VI,140, 2/0
Dundee,
Duneglas, lands of,224
Dunkeld
Dunkirk,308, 809, 310
Dunsyre,
Durham, battle of,491
Durgundreston206
Dustanborough,125
- •
Eardhous,529, 580
Eastend, lands of,25
T 100
Taskial lands of EGO EGO
Eastniei, lands of,
Edinburgh,90, 97, 99, 112, 113,
115, 117, 141, 340, 346
,, Castle of,79, 81, 84, 93, 94,
,, High St. of, 143 [106, 111, 124
Eglismalesoch,183, 395, 396
Ettrick Forest,94. 102
Easterseat, the,
-,
Falkirk,136
,, battle of,490
Falkland 84 110 140
Falkland,84, 118, 140 ,, the park of,306
,, the park of,
Fiddlerburn,407
Fincorroks,216
Fincorroks,
Riodden bettle of 110 315 512
Forest Kirk,895, 399, 424
Forest Kirk,
Fullwood, lands of,296

0.1
Galvadie,
Galloway, 79, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 96, 100
Gallow's Hill. the353
Gillbank,234, 353
Gillon, in Lanark,345
Gilmagu,217
Glaedburne,9
Glasgow,102, 136, 340, 346 ,, Cathedral of,204, 447 ,, College of,18, 19, 401, 449
,, Cathedral of,204, 447
" College of,18, 19, 401, 449
" Outer High Church of,404
,, See of,177
,, Outer High Church of,404 ,, See of,
Glaspen,143, 146
Glenan,
Glentaggart,146
Greenhill, lands of,
Greinrig,200, 222
Greyfriars, convent of,284
Grugfoot, lands of, in Linlithgow-
Greyfriars, convent of,
Grumley, lands of,417
Haddington,77, 80, 340, 519 Hainshaw, lands of,417
Hainshaw, lands of,417
Hairlaw,457
Hairlawmure, lands of457
Halbar Tower. 423
Halcraig, lands of418
Hamburgh 909
Hamilton costle of 194
Hamiltoun,276, 344, 357
Hamiltoun,
Hartsyde, barony of334
Hazleside or Heiselside139
Hevidis, lands of,412
Hillis, lands of,417
Hokindu,9
Homildon84
Homildon,84 Holyrood,80, 148
Hull
Huntschelwood, lands of,530, 531
Huntly,112
Hyndford,18, 330
,,
Inveraven, castle of, 102
Ireland,401
Ivry,86
•••
Jedburgh Forest,12
Karnetable,122
Kelso
Kelso,
,, 000, 001, 000

Kelso, convent of,284	Liddisdale, lands of,109
, lordship of,306	Lindores, abbey of,105
Kenok,139, 140	Linlithgow, 117, 340, 348, 257, 519
Kenymure, lordship of,109	Lintoune, barony, 492, 496, 500, 512
Kerlingholm,221	,, in Roxburghshire, lands of,
Kersewell, lands of,492, 525	Llan Carvan, 177 [486, 493] Lochleven Castle,409
Kilcadzow, lands of,408, 422	Lochleven Castle,409
Kilcaigow, lands of,459	Lochmaben,104
Killsythe,131, 136, 269, 401	,, castle of,80, 84, 96
Kilmarnock,109	Lochrenie, barony of,299
Kilmarnock,	London, the tower of,300
King's castle at Lanark,491	Lynclouden, college of,94
Kirkbank, lands of,449, 457	Lynton, lands of,491
Kirkburn,199, 217	
Kirkstyle,414, 424	Machlon,425
Kirktown, barony of,414, 424	Magdalen, St Mary, chapel of, 485
Kynard,288, 293	Maestricht,311
Кур,181	Malo, St178
Куре,206, 213	Manuel, estate of,186, 493
,	March 30, 1679,235
L'Abbaye, prison of,345	Marches, the east,105, 111, 128
Lambynyston, barony of,334	the middle,96, 116, 128
Lampits,531	March, the west,80, 81, 96, 128
Maines of502	Mardyke,308
Lanark,102, 108, 111, 125	Marienburgh,303
,, burgh of,336, 337	Mauldeslav182, 287
,, castle of,333, 353	Mauldeslie, barony of, 407, 408, 409,
, the church of,279	,, castle of, 405 [414, 422] ,, forest of,334, 407, 414 ,, park of,407
" In-kirk of,264	,, forest of,334, 407, 414
" Moor,271	,, park of,407
" Out-kirk of,264	, in North America, the regality
,, parish of,257	of410
,, town of,268	Mauldisly, lands of408
Land, the Holy,289	Mauldslee, law of,406, 409
Langside, battle of,409	Mellerstain, in Berwickshire, 325,328
Langsyde,12, 230, 510, 511	Melrose, abbey of, 85, 86, 121, 286,
Larbourne,136	Merburne, 9 [334, 337, 495
Lauder,105, 106	Merburne, 9 [334, 337, 495] Methven, battle of,491
raid of 295	Milmure,7
,, and Esk, valleys of,78 Leadhills,142 Leith,135, 304, 307	,, in parish of Carmichael,276
Leadhills,142	Milton-Lockhart,420, 424
Leith,135, 304, 307	Miltoun, lands of,421
Lee, baronie of,297	Moffatt, church of,333
,, house of,335	Montrose,131
,, and Cartland, lands of, 292,	Mosmenyng 207
294, 296, 297	Mosplat, lands of, 260, 505, 452,
Leonardis, St, Mains of,283	Mossinyning, 206 [457, 459, 460
Leonard's, St, Hospital, 282, 302,	Mosplat, lands of, 260, 505, 452, Mossinyning, 206 [457, 459, 460 Mouse, the river,
Lesmahago, 397 [341, 423],, barony of,415	Myltoune,420
,, barony of,415	Mylntown,221
,, cell of,458	
,, parish of,177	Naseby, battle of,515
,, priory of,407	Nemphiar,261, 274
Liberton, church of,476	Nentiare,261

		•
	Nethan, the,212	Roberton, village of,169
	Netherhill, lands of,412	Rochelle,85
	Neuk,235	Rome96
	Newbattle, abbey of,145, 288	Roslin,337
	Newbaule, abbey 01,140, 200	Rostock, in Germany,200
	Newbigging, cross of,525	Destruction of 104 100 940 400
	,, lands of, 489, 490, 497, 524, 531	Roxburgh,85, 104, 108, 340, 498
	Newburn Edge, or Newburn Bridge,	Ruglen,
	lands of,457	Rullion Green,358, 422, 423
	Newcastle,304	Russia,25
	Newholm, lands of,369	Ruthven, raid of,125
	Nicholas, St, chapel of,262, 282	Ryeflat, lands of,454
	Ninians, St, Temple, lands of,169	•
	Nith the 82	Sandilandis,142
	Nith, the,82 Normandy,85	Sanguhar, castle of,139
	North Berwic, castle of,78	Sark, battle of,94, 498
	Tiorum Derwic, Casulo Ol,	Sauchieburn, near Stirling,107
	Onnelds St. shorel of 407	Sahaddashill 454
	Oswalds, St, chapel of,	Schaddeshill,454
	Otterburn,	Selkirk,108
	Ouratis, lands of,522	,, burgh of,348
		,, forest of,78, 100, 102
	Paderwick, lands of,449, 457	Semple,111
	Paris, city of,307, 309	Sheriffmuir, battle of,138
	Parkhead,140, 146	Shrewsbury, battle of,84
	Parishholm,146	Silesia,24
_	Pease Tree, Our, at Lee,336	Skirling,412
•	The Lie 100 000 040	Smeaton, near Dunkeld,125
	Pentland, rising of,419, 424, 425	Solway, rout of505
	Perkheid,142	Somervill Castle503
	Pentland, rising of,419, 424, 425 Perkheid,	Sornfallo, lands of
	Pettinane,142	Soutra,105
	Pettinain, barony of,141	Spitalshiels, lands of,422
	Philiphauche,272	Spittel,477, 531
	Philiphaugh, 21, 131, 269, 345, 401	St Andrews,84, 88, 115
	Pinkie, battle of,122, 126, 295	,, university of,133
	Plaine, barony of,497	St Bride, church of, at Douglas, -
	Planmichael,5	St Colm, Isle of, 85 [110, 134
	Poictiers,	St German de Pres, abbey of, 129, 132
	Poland,142	
	Polumkisheid,139	St Gratian, church of, at Tours, 87
	Poniel,	St Leonard's, chapel of, near Edin- burgh,140
		Durgn,
	Ponfeigh,9	St Ninian's,
	,, lands of,	,, cathedral of,
	Freston,	Steinkirk,
	Prestown, battell of, 274, 300, 304,	Stirling, 93, 98, 99, 112, 117, 118,
	317, 339, 523	,, battle of, 108 [136, 138, 140
		,, burgh of,360
_	- Qua, Castle,	,, castle of,125, 142, 326
	Quothquhan, lands of,497	Stonebyres, castle of,234, 358
		,, lands of,296
	Ravenstruther, lands of,457	Strathaven,181
	Renfrew,357	Stravon,209
	Rigshead,234	Strawfrank,457
	Roberton,	Sweden,142
	,, barony of,334	Symington, barony of, 139, 302, 334

Symontoun,142	Wallans Castle,425
Symuntoun,186	Walterhead,142
· ·	Wamphraflat,329
Tantallon, fortress of,109	Warsaw,303
Tarbrax, lands of,316	Waygateshaw, house of,423
Temple Hall424	Wedall,339
Temptallon, castle of,120, 140	Werk, raid of,295
Terbolton,85	Westshiel, lands of,527
Teviotdale,85, 112	Westraw18
Thancarton, barony of,334	West-Southwood, lands of,532
Thankariston,9	Westerhouse, lands of,423
Thorril,146	Wester Kilcadzow, lands of,299
Thorold,142	"Nemphlar, lands of,297
Tintoc,9	Whichnour, manor of, in Stafford-
Todholes, lands of,417	shire,485
Torthorwald, castle of,141	Whithorn, priory of,110
Touchadam, in Stirlingshire,421	Wicketshaw,421
Torwood,355	Wigton,79, 91, 100
Touraine,89, 92	Wiston,17
, Duchy of,86, 89, 91	,, the Barrone of,272
,, Duchy of,86, 89, 91 Trailflat,186	Wodend, lands of531
Treepholme, lands of,449	Worcester,317, 357, 516
• •	Wystoun, barony of,334
Urmistoun,186	• • •
Utrecht,345	York,86
,	Ypres,309
Verneuil,86	• ,
Vienna,25	Zaintes, in Acquitaine,178
Vincennes,79	Zuleshiels,412
•	,

[An Index, distinct and full, should enhance the value of these Volumes. The labour of constructing such has been undertaken by A. M.; and for such errors as may exist he alone is responsible.]

INDEX TO VOL. I.

By A. M.

PERSONS.

Australian flockmasters,457	
	,, Lady Montague, of,131
Baillie, J. W., of Culter-Allers, 285	,, of Kinmount,87
,, of Jerviswood,376	,, of Selkirk,90
,, of Littlegill,170, 252	Ewart of Ellarshaw,66, 99
Bertrams, the,66	·
Biggar, Dissenters in,362	Flemings of Boghall,296, 339
,, society,296	" of Cumbernauld,339
,, wives,360	Forbes, Rev. Jno., Symington, 139
Bowie, John, minister of Craw-	Forfarshire steamer, wreck of, 139
fordjohn,375	Forrest, W., Edinburgh,64, 102
Braxfield, Lord,28	Frenches of Crawfordjohn, 130, 136
Browns of Coulter, the,281	• • •
Brown, W., of Dolphinton,375	Gibson, L., Symington,195
Buccleuch, Duke of,66, 85, 97	Gibson, Thomas, of Hole,102
	Gillespie, the, family,173
Cameronians, the,485	Gladstones, the,293
Cargill, Donald,485	Glespin, the, family,132
Chambers, on Sea-Margins,249	Goodfellows, the,
Clerk, John, Lord Eldin,340	
Cochranes of Lamingtoune,149	Home, the, family,66
Colebrookes of Crawford, 65,66,106	Hopetoun, the, family,66, 110
Coulter-Maynes,207, 489	Hyndford, the, family,505
Coulter-Mains, the groom at,204	
Covington, the laird of,488	Johnstones, the,87
Crawford clergymen,139, 141	00===00==0, 0==0, 0==0
,, house-keepers,108	Lamingtoune belles,256
,, lairds,66, 110	,, female curlers,258
,, schoolmaster,110	,, mansion,207, 256
,, store-master,108	,, schoolmaster,255
Crawfordjohn, the 'King' of,138	Lanarkshire flockmasters,129
" minister,139, 141	Lauder, Sir T. D.,285
,, tailor,140	Learmouth, Major,376
Cree, G., Boghall nursery ground, 342	Leechman, William, D. D.,376
Crichtons, the,	Libberton customer-weavers,456
	Lindsay, Lord, of Covington,488
Dickson, late minister of St Cuth-	Loaningdale, the Laird of,347
berts,343	Lockhart, George, of Carnwath, 400
	1 2002 Marie 19 Cool Boy of Carle Water 1200

Lockharts of Lee and Carnwath, 382, 394, 495	Russell, Dr A., of Whitecleugh, 134,,, family in Crawfordjohn, 135
Macmorrans, the, of Glespin,131 Macqueens, the, of Crawford, 98,148 Marr, the Earls of, Walston,395 Menzies', the, of Troloss,99 Miller, William, Rev., of Crawford- john,	Scotland, parochial teachers of, 179 Selkirk, Earls of,
Newbattle, the monks of,103, 142	Vere Irvings, the,66 Voltaire, works of,141
Proudfoot, Dr., of Kendal bequest, 141 Proudfoot, Rev. J., of Coulter, 285	Wallace, the chair of,426 Wallace, Sir William,106, 208
Riach, Rev. J. G., of Coulter, 298 Robb, the Rev. J., late of Dunkeld, 139 Roberton, the doctor of,	Wandell Mill, the tenant of,252 White, John, of Netherurd,424 Wilson, the brothers,66, 99 Wiston, parochial teacher there, 179 Woddrop of Garvaldfoot, 394, 400 Wynrams of Wiston,176
	· .
PLA	CES.
Abington,65, 96, 107, 111, 112 ,,, coursing clubs at,148 ,, exhibition of stock, annual,	Backburn, 379 Baggmoor, 505 Baitlaw, 457 , hill, 457 Baitlaws, 205, 256 Balgray, Nether, 141 Bank, 259, 380 Beam, the, 113 Beck, 87 Bedholme, 87, 103 Beesburn, 206
Acres, Imperial, 64 ,, Scots, 64 Aldershaw, 100	Bellencleugh,
Annan headhill,64, 65	", shootings,110

,, river,.....64, 85, 88

Anston,420

Arbory-hill,251

Ayrshire,113

shootings,110 Bells Craigs,455

battle of,.....426

burn,295, 889 common,.....3, 43, 425

Bidhouse-burn,87, 108 Biggar,114, 148, 180, 206, 259, 295, 839, 383

"

Biggar fair,	Broughton, Peebles-shire, 176, 259
,, graveyard,369	Brownhill,452, 507
,, inns at,359	Brownknees-hill,65
" manufacture of druggets at, 401	Brownsbank,346
,, new academy of,355	Buchthill,130
,, park,339	Bullock's skin full of gold, a,483
,, rent roll,352	Bulmer, the abode of,95
,, town,355, 485	Bulmerfield,95
,, water,349, 383	Bulmer-hill,95
,, hall mansion,340	_ ,, moss,95
,, Shiel Mains,344	Burn,87, 88
,, Shiels,344, 348	Burnfoot,455
,, Shields,344	Burnhouse,174
,, and the House of Fleming, 286	Burnmouth,486
Birkcleuch,114, 144	Burns' Centenary,178
Birley Courts, Crawford,66	
Birthwood,110, 293	Caerwood,348, 344
Bizzyberry,295, 844	,, mansion of,344
Blackburn	Cairnhill,65, 112
Black-hill,95, 113, 141, 142	Cairn Kinney,112, 129
Blackhouse,106	Cairn Knowe,403
,, Lower,508	Cairntable,112, 282
,, Upper,486, 508	Caledonian forest, the,65
,, burn,84	,, hunt, the,505
Black-law,403	,, line, the,84, 148
Blackshaw-burn,93	,, railway, the,90, 180, 460
Bleaklaw,403	Calton Hill, modern ruin on the, 358
Blue-book like pamphlet, a,198	Cambus Wallace,342
Boar cloth,200	Camp-land,65
Boat,486	Camps-burn,93
Bodesberry,65, 251	,, head,65, 93, 97, 98, 106
,, End,90	,, water,93, 106, 293
Bodinglee-law,147	Candy-bank,346
Bodinlee,	,, burn,346
Boghall,296, 340, 348	Capel Yetts, i.e., Chapel Gates,97
,, castle,	Capernaum,
Boghead,109	Carlisle,149, 180, 481
Boghouse,	Carmichael Parish,147, 188, 206
Boghouse Castle,	Carnwath, hills of,
,, royal hunting seat at,137	,, parish of,403, 425
Boreland,	Carshope Burn,89 Carstairs,259
011	,, the domain, 505
,, Old,	Castle Dykes,178
Brackshead,	Castlehill,180, 197 [105
Braehead,	Castle Lindsay or Castle Crawford,
Braeside,486	Castlemains, 93, 105, 106, 197, 378
Braxfield, estate of,176	Catchapel,251
Bridgend, village of Coulter, 289, 290	Causewayend,259, 292
Broadfield197	Chain-foot-bridge on Clyde,94
Broadhill,93, 205	Chapel-hill290
Broad-law,	Chesterhall,149, 174, 175
Broken-bridge,87	Chester's Outpost,490
Broomy-law,	Clarkston,451

Cleughburn,	Cleaveburn,343	Covington hillhead,489
Closeburn, parish of, 64, 85 Clowburn, 508 [491, 492] Clyde, the, 91, 92, 112, 141, 259, haughs on the, 427, 460, 492 Clydesburn, 85, 89, 90, 91 Clydesburn, 85, 89, 90, 91 Clydes-law, 98, 90 Clydes-law, 89, 90 Clydesnap, 86, 96 Cocklaw, 399 Coldchapel, 206, 251 Coldpos, 8ir T. E., mansion of, state, the, 103, 186 [143] Comb-dod, 65, 96 Comb-law, 65, 89 Common-hill, 112, 130 Counter-crags, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 There church and manse, 294 The country of the country of	Cleughburn,89	,, kirk,487
Clowburn, 508	Closeburn, parish of,64, 85	. Mains,488
Newton of,	Clowburn,507	,, mill,485
Section Condition Condit	,, wood,508 [491, 492]	,, Newton of,487
Section Condition Condit	Clyde, the, 91, 92, 112, 141, 259,	marriah of 147 100 495 450 401
Clydesbridge, 484 Clydesburn, 85, 89, 90, 91 Clydesdale, 88	,, haughs on the, 427, 460, 492	schoolhouse487
Clydesdale,	Clydesbridge,484	,, square tower of,488
Clydes-law, 89, 90 Clydesnap, 86, 96 Cocklaw, 899 Coldchapel, 206, 251 Coldopts, 399 Coldchapel, 206, 251 Combolots, 399 Coldchapel, 103, 136 [143 Combolot, 65, 96 Combolaw, 65, 89 Common-hill, 112, 130 Common-hill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 Conthill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 Conthill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 Craig-dod, 298	Clydesburn,85, 89, 90, 91	, trees at,487
Clydes-law,		Cowhill,93, 106, 107, 256
Clydesnap,		
Clydesnap	Clydes-law,	Cradles,92
Cocklaw,		Craig-dod,102
Coldebapel, 206, 251 Coldebrooke, Sir T. E., mansion of, ,, estate, the, 103, 186 [143 Comb-dod, 65, 96 Comb-dod, 65, 98 Common-hill, 112, 130 Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 288 , ell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 288 , house estate, 288 , kirk, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, south, 289 , staan, 289, 290 [286, 295 , stath, 288 , village, 290 , water, 256, 259 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, woods and glades		Craigenvar-hill403
Colebrooke, Sir T. E., mansion of, gestate, the, 103, 186 [143] Comb-dod, 65, 89 Comb-law, 65, 89 Common-hill, 12, 130 Comb-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Graignethan, 208 Crawford, agricultural statistics, 67 mancient burial place at, 107 mancient chapel at, 107 moor, 65, 90, 110 moor, 65,		Craig-ford283
Colebrooke, Sir T. E., mansion of, grastate, the, 103, 136 [143] Comb-dod, 65, 96 Comb-law, 65, 96 Common-hill, 112, 130 Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Cornhill, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 283 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 259 , haugh, 259 , kirk, 293 , kirk, 293 , kirk, 293 , kirk, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , park, south, 289 , shaw, 289, 290 [286, 295 , strath, 289 , water, 256, 259 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 Cormiston, 454, 456 , tower of, 454, 456 , tower of, 454, 457 Covenanter's grave, the, 421 Covington, "the beard is wagging," burn of 103		Craighead,142
Comb-dod, 65, 96 Comb-law, 65, 89 Common-hill, 112, 130 Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 288 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 288 , house estate, 283 , kirk, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , old house of, 284 , park, north, 289 , park, south, 289 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , park, south, 289 , steet or vennel at, 104 , the feuars in, 103 , street or vennel at, 104 , the feuars in, 103 , street or vennel at, 104 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , the school of, 138 , session records of, 140 , village of, 137, 139 , crawick- Lane, Mother Moss of the, 140 Crawfordjohn, farm of, 260 , stipend of, 137, 139 , village of, 293 , mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , the school of, 137, 139 , craelicah, 405 , argelealm, 405 , arceloth, the, 405 , arcelotha, the, 405 , arcelotha, the, 405 , arcelotha, the, 405 , arcelotha, 107 , arcichal and, 107 , arcichal, 107 , arcichal, 107 , arcichal, 107 , arcichal, 107 , arcicha		,, hill,142
Comb-lod, 65, 96 Comb-law, 65, 89 Common-hill, 112, 130 Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 288 , embankments at, 288 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 283 , kirk, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, south, 289 , park, south, 289 , park, south, 289 , park, soth, 289 , manse of, 194 , manse of, 197 , manse of, 197 , manse of, 189 , mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64,95,112,129,146,147 , the school of, 138 , session records of, 146 , stipend of, 146 , stipend of, 146 , stipend of, 147 , village of, 93, 105 , stane, 64, 85, 112 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 138 , session records of, 146 , village of, 93, 106, 293 , side school near, 104 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , stipend of, 137 , session records of, 146 , village of, 137, 139 , street or vennel at, 104 , parish, 64,95, 112,129,146,147 , the school of, 138 , session records of, 146 , village of, 93, 105 , 208 , manse of, 139 , manse o		
Comb-law, 65, 89 Common-hill, 112, 130 Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 283 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 283 , house estate, 283 , kirk, 293 , kirk, 293 , kirk, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, south 384 Crawcraigs. 389 , parchial school at, 384 , ancient burial place at, 107 , castle of, 93, 105, 208 , inn at, 96 , kirk of, 93, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129	Comb-dod,	Craignethan,208
Common-hill, 112, 130 Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 283 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 288 , kirk, 293 , kirk, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , old house of, 284 , park, north, 289 , park, south 289 , park, south 289 , park, south 289 , park, south 289 , park, south 289 , park, south 289 , park, south 289 , stane, 65, 259 , stane, 65, 259 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, woods and glades near, 260 Cormiston, 454, 456 , tower of, 454, 456 , tower of, 454, 457 Covenanter's grave, the, 421 Covington, "the beard is wagging," Crameloch, the, 404 Crawcraigs. 398 , parchial school at, 384 Crawford, agricultural statistics, 67 , ancient chapel at, 107 , castle of, 93, 105, 208 , hirk of, 93, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 98 , willage of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , street or vennel at, 104 Crawfordjohn, farm of, 137 , manse of, 139 , manse, 129 , water, 256, 259 , Maynes, home farm of, 260 , Maynes, woods and glades near, 260 Cormiston, 454, 456 , tower of, 454, 457 Covenanter's grave, the, 421 Covington, "the beard is wagging," Crameloch, the, 454 Crawford, agricultural statistics, 67 , ancient chapel at, 107 , castle of, 93, 105, 208 , hirk of, 93, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , kirk of, 93, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , wild school near, 104 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , kirk of, 93, 107 , parish, 64, 85, 112 , schoolhouse, 93 , side school near, 104 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , kirk of, 93, 107 , parish, 64, 85, 112 , schoolhouse, 93 , side school near, 104 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , willage of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , kirk of, 93, 100 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , min at, 96 , kirk of, 93, 100 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 96 , min at, 98 , min at, 99 , manse, 10 , moo	Comb-law65, 89	
Coom-rig, 89 Cornhill, 290 Coulter-crags, 290 , drove road, 288 , embankments at, 283 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 , Free Church and manse, 294 , glen, 259 , haugh, 283 , house estate, 283 , kirk, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , old house of, 284 , park, north, 289 , park, south, 289 , manse, 484 , many, 289, 290 [286, 295 , stane, 256, 259 , strath, 288 , village, 290 , water, 256, 259 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, woods and glades near, 260 , Maynes, woods and glades near, 260 Cormiston, 454, 456 , tower of, 454, 457 Covenanter's grave, the, 421 Covington, "the beard is wagging," Crawcraigs. 388 , parochial school at, 384 , ancient chapel at, 107 , castle of, 93, 105, 208 , kirk of, 93, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 105 , parish, 64, 85, 112 , schoolhouse, 93 , side school near, 104 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , the school of, 137 , session records of, 140 , village of, 137, 189 Crawcraigs. , parchial school at, 384 , mancient chapel at, 107 , castle of, 93, 105, 208 , kirk of, 93, 110 , moor, 65, 90, 110 , old inn at, 105 , parish, 64, 85, 112 , schoolhouse, 93 , side school near, 104 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , manse of, 139 , manse of, 139 , mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , the feuars in, 103 , manse of, 139 , mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64, 95, 112, 129, 146, 147 , the school of, 137 , session records of, 137 , session records of, 140 , village of, 91, 96, 107, 110 , the feuars in, 103 , session records of, 137 , the feuars in, 103 , session records of, 137 , the feuars in, 103 , session records of, 140 , village of, 91, 101 , moor, 65, 90 , manse, 104 , mill and l	Common-hill112,130	Craneloch, the404
Coulter-crags,		
Coulter-crags,	Cornhill	" parochial school at,384
,, drove road, 288 ,, embankments at, 283 , fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292 ,, ancient chapel at, 107 ,, glen, 259 ,, house estate, 283 , kirk, 293 , kirkyard, 293 , manse, 294 , mill, 289 , park, north, 289 , park, south 289 , shaw, 289, 290 , strath, 288 , village, 290 , water, 256, 259 , Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes, woods and glades near, 280 , manse of, 138 , stipend of, 140 , manse of, 138 , session records of, 140 , session records of, 140 , village of, 137, 139 Crawick - Lane, Mother Moss of , village of, 137, 139 Crooked-burn, 93 , session records of, 140 , village of, 137, 139 Crawick -		
## mill	drown road 999	
## Free Church and manse, 294 ## glen,	ombonisments at 999	
""">"" Free Church and manse, 294 """ """ """ """ 184 """ 96 """ """ 193 110 """ 93 110 """ 93 110 """ """ """ 105 90 110 """ """ """ """ 105 90 110 """ <td< td=""><td>, fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292</td><td></td></td<>	, fell, 259, 280, 281, 287, 292	
"glen, 259 "haugh, 283 "house estate, 283 "kirk, 293 "kirkyard, 293 "manse, 294 "mill, 289 "park, north, 289 "park, south, 280 "park, south, 280	, Free Church and manse, 294	inn at96
", haugh, 283 ", house estate, 283 ", kirk, 293 ", kirkyard, 293 ", manse, 294 ", mill, 289 ", park, north, 289 ", park, south, 289 ", park, south, 289 ", park, south, 289 ", shaw, 289, 290 ", stane, 65, 295 ", strath, 288 ", village of, 137 ", manse of, 139 ", mill and lands of, 141 ", village of, 134 ", village of, 138 ", village of, 137 ", village of, 137 ", village of, 137 ", village of, 137 ", village	, glen,	,, kirk of,98, 110
", house estate, 283 ", kirk, 293 ", manse 104 ", side school near, 104 Village of, 91,96,107,110 ", steet or vennel at, 104 Crawfordjohn, farm of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", mall and lands of, 141 ", parish, 64,85,112 ", willage of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", session records of, 140 ", willage of, 137,139 ", willage of, 137,139 ", willage of, </td <td>hough 988</td> <td>moon 65 00 110</td>	hough 988	moon 65 00 110
", kirk, 293 ", kirkyard, 293 ", manse, 294 ", mill, 289 ", park, north, 289 ", park, south, 289 ", street or vennel at, 104 Crawfordjohn, farm of, 137 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 140 ", session records of, 140 ", village of, 137, 189 ", session records of, 140 ", village of, 137, 189 ", village of,	house estate 283	,, old inn at,105
", kirkyard, 293 ", manse, 294 ", mill 289 ", old house of, 284 ", park, north, 289 ", park, south 289 ", park, south 289 ", park, south 289 ", park, south 289 ", shaw,289, 290 [286, 295] ", strath 288 ", village 139 ", manse of, 139 ", manse of, 139 ", mill and lands of, 141 ", parish of, 64, 180, 206, 280, 139 ", street or vennel at, 104 139 ", mill and lands of, 141 ", parish of, 64, 180, 206, 280, 139 ", street or vennel at, 104 139 ", mill and lands of, 141 ", session records of, 146 ", village of, 137, 139 ", street or vennel at, 104 ", parish, 64,95,112,129,146,147 ", session records of, 146 ", village of, 137, 139 Crawick - Lane, Mother Moss of the, 144	bisk 908	,, parish,64, 85, 112
""">""">""" manse, 294 """>""">""">"""">"""">""" """>""">""">""" """">""" """ """ 104 """>""">""" """">""" """">""" """ </td <td>binkyond 909</td> <td>,, schoolhouse,93</td>	binkyond 909	,, schoolhouse,93
""">""" mill 289 """>""" park, north 289 """>""" park, north 289 """>""" park, south 289 """ parish of, 64, 180, 206, 280 """>""" street or vennel at, 104 """>""" stane 65, 259 """ strath 288 """ village 139 """ manse of 139 """>""" manse of 139 """>"" manse of 139 """>"" manse of 139 """>"" parish, 64,95,112,129,146,147 """>"" the feuars in """>"" manse of 139 """>"" manse of 139 """>"" manse of 139 """>"" parish, 64,95,112,129,146,147 """ the school of """>" stipend of 140 """>" stipend of 140 """>" stipend of 140 """>" stipend of 146,35 """>" stipend of 137 """>" stipend of 146 """>" stipend of 146 """>" stipend of 137 """>" stipend of 137 """>" stipend of 137 """>" stipend of <td>, manse,294</td> <td>,, side school near,104</td>	, manse,294	,, side school near,104
, old house of,	" mill,289	
,, park, north, 289 ,, park, south, 289 ,, park of, 64, 180, 206, 280 ,, shaw, 289, 290 [286, 295 ,, strath, 288 , village, 290 ,, water, 256, 259 ,, Maynes, the collection at, 281 ,, Maynes, the collection at, 281 ,, Maynes, home farm of, 260 ,, Maynes, woods and glades near, 260 Cormiston, 454, 456 ,, tower of, 454, 456 ,, tower of, 454, 457 Covenanter's grave, the, 421 Covington, "the beard is wagging," ,, street or vennel at, 104 Crawfordjohn, farm of, 137 , manse of, 139 ,, mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64,95,112,129,146,147 , the school of, 138 , session records of, 140 , village of, 137, 189 Crawfordjohn, farm of, 297 , manse of, 139 , mill and lands of, 141 , parish, 64,95,112,129,146,147 , the school of, 138 , session records of, 140 , village of, 137, 189 Crowked-Lane, Mother Moss of the, 144 Crimp-Cramp, 98, 106, 293 Crooked-burn, 88 Crooked-burn, 97 Crooked-stane, 91, 101, 103	old house of 984	,, ,, the feuars in,103
, park, south,	nowly nowth 980	, street or vennel at, 104
", parish of, 64, 180, 206, 280, ", shaw,289, 290 [286, 295] ", stane,	,, park, south,289	Crawfordjohn, farm of,137
, shaw,289, 290 [286, 295] , stane,	" parish of, 64, 180, 206, 280,	,, manse of,139
, stane,		
""">""">""">""" """>""" """>""" """	etano 65 950	
""", village, 290 """, water, 256, 259 """, Maynes, the collection at, 281 """, stipend of, 146 """, Maynes, the collection at, 281 """, village of, 137, 139 """, Maynes, home farm of, 260 """>"" """, Maynes, woods and glades near, 260 """>" """>" 140 """>" """>" 137, 139 Cormiston, 454, 456 """ """ """ """ 140 """ """ """ """ 137, 139 Crowkick - Lane, Mother Moss of the, 144 """ """ """ 146 """ """ 146 """ """ 149 """ """ """ 137, 139 "" """ 146 """ """ """ 144 """ """ """ 146 """ """ """ """ """ """ 146 """ </td <td></td> <td>,, the school of,138</td>		,, the school of,138
", water,	,, village,290	,, session records of,140
, Maynes, the collection at, 281 , Maynes estate,280, 284 , Maynes, home farm of,260 , Maynes, woods and glades near,	****** 956 950	,, stipend of,146
,, Maynes, home farm of,260 ,, Maynes, woods and glades near,	Manna the collection at 981	,, village of,137, 139
,, Maynes, home farm of,260 ,, Maynes, woods and glades near,	" Maynes estate,280, 284	Crawick - Lane, Mother Moss of
near, 260 Croftanrigh, 382 Cormiston, 454, 456 Crookburn, 88 covenanter's grave, the, 421 Crooked-burn, 97 Covington, "the beard is wagging," 7, burn, 89	"Maynes, home farm of,260	the,144
near,	" Maynes, woods and glades	Crimp-Cramp,93, 106, 293
,, tower of,	near,260	
Covenanter's grave, the,421 Crooked-stane,91, 101, 108 Covington, "the beard is wagging," ,, burn,89		
Covington, "the beard is wagging," ,, burn,89		
7 1 4 40= 5 5 600 1		
,, graveyard of,487 [488] ,, ,, rig,89		
	,, graveyard of,487 [488]	, rig,89

Crosshill,206	Durrisdeer, parish of,64, 99
Crossknowe and Hunterfield,144	Dvkefoot
Culter-Allers, copse at,288	Dykehead,
	muir 508
	,, man,
,, maple tree at,285	73 1 1 1
,, and Snaipe,286	Earlside,64
Cultercleugh Shank,93	Earnshaw,65
Cumberland,489	Earnstane,65
Curate's Well, the423	East-tofts,
	East-hills,419, 420
Them the OF 90 90 00 01 00 100 100	East-millrig,
Daer, the,85,88,89,90,91,99,100,108	
Daerhead-hass,97	East-water,93
Dalebank,	Eastend,484
Dalveen, Nether,99	,, estate, the,197
_ ,, pass of,96, 99	Eastfield,178, 199, 293, 506
Deanburn,	Eastgate,508
Deanhead,420	East-town,421
Devonshaw,206, 289	Easterhills,507
Dingle-burn,170	Easter-town,112, 136
Dod-burn,93, 259	Edinburgh,102, 296
Dod-hill,64, 65	Edmondstone,345
Dodin-hill,64, 482	,, mansion,345
Dolphinton or Whitehill 363	940
Dolphinton, or Whitehill,363, church,	Ellershaw
Trinoralism sharel 200	Filiat Taskbant antata 174
,, Episcopalian chapel,382	Elliot Lockhart estate,174
,, estate,374	Elsrickle,400
,, glebe and manse,374	,, female school at,396
,, hill,374	" school and Free Church at,401
" mansion of,377	Elvan, valley of the,103
	Elvanfoot, 90, 91, 99, 101, 103, 105
	1 11 104
,, schoolhouse,363	,, manse at,104
Douglas Interest, the,148	,, old bridge at,96
,, parish,113, 129, 144, 147	Elwan,100
	Errickstane,65, 87
Drake-law,113, 144	Evan-water, the, 86, 90, 91, 96, 251
Drummelzier (? Kirkurd),259	
	,, waterhead,86
Dumfries-shire,113	Ewegair,89
Dun-law,65, 89, 93	Ewe-hill,130, 147, 205, 346
Duncansgill-head,206	
Duneaton bridge,205	Fairburn,93
,, water,113, 129, 147, 251	,, rig,93
Dun-knees,288	Fallburn,484
Dungavel,147, 251, 425	Fallside, 172
1 111	
,, mil,172	Fatlips castle,203
Dungrain-law,91	Fellshin,
Dungrain-law,91 Dunsyre, hill of,378, 403	Feugh-hill,89
,, hills, limestone in,404	Fingland,109
,, kirk of,418	,, Nether,89
Maine 490	Five Cairns Louther,65, 88, 91
manage of 417	Foghill,206, 288
,, parish of, 206, 259, 363, 383,	Fopperbeck, the,87
,, village of, 418 [403, 417, 421]	Fore-burn,378
Durrisdeer-hill,65	Friars-moor,91, 100
•	·

Garf-water,148	Green Louther,65
,, foot,205	Greenwood,346
Gana-hill,89	Greywacke,65
Ganna or Wedderhill,64, 88	Guilend,90
Gateside,292	·
Gauky-hill,288	Haar, or Storm-mist,373
Garvald-burn,379	Hackwood (Hawk) Knowehead, 206
Garvald house,373, 400	Haircairn,398
Gilkerscleugh,113, 143	Haircairns, lime at,402
, Mains,144	Hangingshaw,203
" Damb ' 144	,, Middle,289
,, and Glespin,146	" Mathan 905 990
Gill or small strath,113	TInnon 990
Gillburn 998	Hardington Estate, the,176
Gillburn,	l L f 140 178
Gladburn,486	177
Gladstones,455	manaian Aha 178
Track ASS	Hardrig,206
"	Harecleuch,98, 106, 107
,, West,455	hum 109
Glencaple,102, 109	,, burn,108 ,, castle-like erection at,108
Glenchapel-burn,95	,, cashe-like election at,100
Glendorch,145	,, garden at,
,, hill,112	
Glendowran,145	,, and Whelphill,108
,, burn,145	Harleburn-head,90
,, hill,112	Harrows-law,408
Glenease,65, 92	Harten-hill (Hardington),170
Glenfalloch,96	Hartfell,64, 85
Glengeith,90, 101	Harthope,67, 86, 103
Glengonar, 94, 100, 102, 103, 112, 113	Hartree estate, the,198
Glengonar foot,64, 66, 113	,, hills,340
Glenochar,65, 101	Hartsyde,207, 252
,, burn,89	Hass cottage,92
Glenshapen-rig,259	Haughhead,879
Glentaggart,130	Hawkshaw,65
,, moor,130	Hawkwood-burn,206
Glentewing,145	Hazelbush-hill,87
,, Easter,144	Heatherstane-hill,64, 205
Glentisset,508	Heaviside morass, the,349
Glespin or Glasben,104, 112, 131	Henburn-tollhouse,899
,, the barn at, 133	Heron, the,91
,, old house at,131	Heaviside,347
Goat and Liscleugh,144	Highfield,283
Goldscours,92	Highland cattle103
Gonar,94	Hillend,170, 177, 206, 348
Grains,93, 96, 107	Hillhouse,255
,, burn,93	Hillrigs,343
,, side school at,107	Hillside,382
Grange, Midholm of,506	Hillshawhead,93
" Northholm of,507	Hills, "these verdant,"91
Greathill,65, 90, 93	Hitrail,65
Greenburn,129	, hill,89
Greenfield,141	Hods-hill89
Greenhill	Hole, farm of,101, 102

	•
Holmbraes,484	Lamington Mains
Holmhead,145	Lamington Mains,259 ,, parish,64, 147, 180, 205,
"Hope, The," meaning of,97	
Translam seine 409	
Horselaw cairn,408	,, the stool of repentance at, 258
Howburn,343, 899	,, Tower,208, 254
Howcleugh, Nether,103	,, village,208, 254
" Upper,87	Lamingtoune-fells,256
,, side school at,87	,, house,208
Howgate-hill,147	,, kirk,253
	,, kirk-yard,253
Howkwood,92	,, Norman arched doorwayof, 254
Howmeadow,456	,, schoolhouse,253
Hownick,112	_ ,, station at,253
Huntfield,457	Lammer-law,399
Hurlburn-head,93	Lampits Boat,491, 506
,, road,96	Lanark,93, 174, 206, 259
Hyndford-bridge,507	,, law,86
Hyndshillend,399, 426, 455	Lanarkshire,114, 180
	Land, increasing value of,66
Inches, the,109	,, a pendicle of,198
Index Books,94	Langeleugh,90
·	Langhill,176
Johnstone's Hole,203	Langhome,
	Langknowe,257
Kame, 65	Langlees,343
Kersewell estate, the,87	Langrigdub,398
Kilbucho,259, 295	Langwhang-moor,373
Kilpotlees,170	Laught,65
King's-beck burn,288	Lawsuit of Glengonar,95
King's knowe,398	Lead found on Snar water,145
Kirk, church, or cell,97	Leadburn,91, 92, 101, 109
Kirk-burn,482	,, rig,92
Kirkbryde, parish of,64	Leadhills, 64, 65, 66, 91, 94, 95, 113,
Kirkconnel,113	Led farm, a,97 [114,148,260
Kirkhope,89, 97, 98, 482	Legshiel,284
,, cleugh,89	Leith, the fort at,485
Kirkhouse,380	Lettershaws,95, 96, 102, 145
Kirk-gill, 95	Libberton croft,
Kirklands,419	Maine AE1
Kirkpatrick Juxta, parish of, 64, 88	459
Kirkton,102, 107	
Kneesend,65	,, mill,451 ,, parish, 180, 259, 295, 383, 425,
Knowe-dod	,, parisu, 100, 209, 290, 900, 420,
Knowehead,508	,, townhead of,452 [451
Emowenesa,	,, village of,428
Todawill 90e	Limestone,98
Ladygill,206	,, in Pettinain,492
Laggan-gill,95	Lindsaylands, East,342
Lairds-burn,118, 129	V:,, West,
Lamb-hill,88	Linns,90
Lamington-burn,205	Linton,
,, curling ponds at,205	,, West,
,, embankment at,258	Little Clyde,86, 90, 93, 107
" Episcopal chapel at,208	,, Gala,178
" the juggs at,258	Littlegill,252

T	76-1-1 150
Littlegill, hamlet of,170, 177	Muirhead,
Little-law,147	Muirhouse,451, 482
_ ,, hill,177	Murdoch-holm,104
Loanhead,257	Myres,145
Loaningdale,346, 455	3T - 131
Loch,378	Nap-hill,86
Lockhart mill,203, 481	Neckford on the Clyde,451
Lofthead,403	Nesbit,
Longwell,170	,, burn, the,287, 291
,, Old,147	,, green knowe of,290
Louseywood hill,64	Netherhill,
,, law,92	Netherton,141, 142, 170
Louther, the Green,88, 91	,, hill,
,, hill,89	Netherura (? Kirkura),379
Lower Ward, the,64	,, house,424
351	Newbigging mill,
March,87	Newholm,374, 381, 394, 417
Marchburn,88	Newmill,
Marchlands,177	Newton,104, 251
Meadowcoats,170	Newton farm,
Meadow-flats,486, 489	,, house, 65, 66, 91, 92, 94, 109
Meadowhead,	,, pool at,91
Medwyn, the,383, 425, 426	,, of Wiston,174
" South,364, 373, 403, 426	Nowtown ,, limestone at,174
,, water,403	Newtown,148
,, straightening of the,364	Nith, the,
Melke burn,	Normangill,93, 98, 106, 251
Melbourne farm,	gide geheel man
Mid-height,	,, side school near,107 Northflat crofts,490
Midlock farm,104, 106	Northmains, or Northflat,490
	Nunnerie,99
,, water,93 Middlegill and Glendorch,145	
Middlehill,175	Nutberry,282
Middlemuir cairn,113, 141	1140bd11y,202
Middlerig,93, 259	Oak river, the,88
Midge-hill, 93	Oggs castle,
Mill-hill,507	Overburn,257
, burn,508	Overlaw,88
Millrig of Garvaldfoot,382	J 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Millridge, Upper,451	Padinburn,89
Minehill,	Panbreck-hill,113
Most or Mote,170	Parish-holm,134
Moffat, in Lanarkshire,86	Parkhall and Maidengill,173
,, parish of,64, 67	Parkhouse,
,, road,90	Parknowe,482
Morton, parish of,64	Peebles-shire,93, 98
Mossbank,136	Penbreck,129
Moss-castle,185	Penstane,
Mosshope-fell,89	Pentland hills, battle of,376
Moss-stake-hill,65	Pentlands, the,403
Mossup,65	Persielands,343
Mountherrick,113, 136	Pettinain bank,507
Mount Stewart,113, 129	,, crofts,507, 508
	,

	-
Pettinain, homesteads of,506	Roman road, the,88, 104
,, kirk and kirkyard of,508	Romehill,65, 93, 206
,, manse,508	Roughflowmoss,
,, manse,	Rowantree-grain,88
,, school,509	Rowhead,348
,, village of,508	,
Pinnacle,93	Salmon's leap, the,373
Pinstane hills,86	Sandie's Ford,200, 281
Pitrenick burn,89, 100	Sanguhar64, 113, 114, 144
Pow89	Scald-law,65, 89, 288
Powtrail, the85, 89, 91, 99, 251	Scaur-hill,147
Priest's hole, the145	Sea-gull, the,97
Private burial-ground at Troloss, 99	Seat, the,206
Prospecting,92	Serjeant-law,64, 88
• •	Shallow-head,177
Queensberry,85, 88, 108, 282	Shaw,65
,, cairn on,64, 85	Shawhead,129
Quothquhan,294, 451, 454	Shawhill,65
,, law,425	Sheriffcleuch,112, 129, 130
,, mill,452	Sheriff-flatts,483
,, old manse of,454	Shieldhill,453
	,, Mansion,453
Rab's-bog,206	Shieldod,64, 89
Raecleugh,67, 86, 103	Shieldon,130
_ ,, rig,88	Shootings, the,67
Raggangill-burn,206, 251	Shortcleugh,91, 109
	" North,101
Rakelaw,	,, South,101
Rent, advance of,103	,, water,91
Reevehill,65	Shuttlefield,136, 455
Richard's-ferry,105	Skirling,259, 295
Ring, the,90	Slate brae,
Ringhill,87	Slate quarry,98, 101
Rising clowburn,93	Smiddycleugh,90
Rivers,88	Smithwood,100
Rivulets,88	,, burn,89
Roadside,	Snar-head,112
Roberton, ancient township of, 170, burn, the,148, 170	,, law,
hamlet of 969	,, water,
hill 970	Solway,
low 147	Sornfallo. 174
Maine 976 970 401	Southlees,
marble obelish of 170	Southwood,
mound of 170	Southwoode et Cuyman,99
ald bink at 171	Sowen-dod,112, 145
old highword of 179	Spango, or Spank,144
,, parish,113, 148, 170	Spate, or heavy flood,485
,, Relief Church at,171	Spittal,347
,, the school at,171	Springfield,136, 293, 343
village of171	St John's Kirk, 180, 197, 481, 482
and Wiston parishes170	St Ninian's Chapel,483
Rodgerlaw,	Stane,348
Roger's-kirk,421	Startup-hill,206
•	• • •

Stirling,112, 148, 180, 481	Trap,65
Stonehill,130	Troloss,65, 89, 98, 99
Stoney-burn,	,, house of,99
,, path,376, 404, 420	,, mineral spring at,99
Store, East,490	,, obelisk at,99
,, West,490	Tupknowes,
Strancleuch,	Turkey hill,259, 288
Strathbogie,346	Tweedsmuir,64
Strawlaw,	Tweedswell,86
Sunnyside,346	Unthank,288
Swaites-hill,	Unthank,288
	Vere Irving estate, the,144
,, burn,	vere irving escate, the,144
100 100 900	Wallace's Castle,206
M-i 107	Walston church,395
manaa 900 909	
manga and globa agea 105	
mill 100 900	
" nomin 147 190 107	
seheel 001 F050 005 495	i-h 60f 000
station 904	,, parish,295, 565, 378, 383, 394, 425
illo mo 901	mlana (909 904 90£
,, vinage,201	,, place,
Tarth-water,	,, Wester,397 Wandell, bower of,148, 253
Temple dale (? error),291	
Tewsgill-hill,93	,, mill,205
Thankerton,459	,, parish of,64, 106, 113
,, bridge,425, 483, 484	Wanlock,64
,, the holm farm of,486	,, head,64
,, mill,485	Wardlaw,259
,, moor,486	Warrenhill, Nether,489
, station-house,484	,, Upper,490
,, village,484	Watchman's brae,65
Thickcleugh-moss,89	Waterhead toll-bar,95, 96
Thornhill,99	Water-meetings,89, 100
Threeshirestone-hill,114	Water-power,94
Tinto,85, 147, 174, 180, 251, 294	Watershed of the county,93
Tinto-end,147	Waters,88
Tintoside, estate of,403	Wathclyde,292
Tippet-hill,90	Wathford,292
,, knowe,259, 288	Waulk-mill,66
Todhills,505	Wedderlaw,88
Todholes,419	Well-brae,489
Toftcombs,347	Wellgrain-law,95
,, East,347	Well-hill,65, 88, 89
,, <u>Mid</u> ,347	Wellpath,99
,, West,347	West Calder,408
Tomont,65, 87, 89	West-field,199, 382
Torrs,64, 89	Westhall,419
Townfoot,173, 199, 380	Westhills,419
Townhead,378	Westmains,345
Trail,89	Westmill,
Trailhous,98	West-town,418, 419

Westraw507	Whiteside hill,89
Westraw,	Wildshaw,114
, Mains,505	Windgate,65
,, plantations of,492	,, bank,65
Westside,197	,, foot,91
West-water,93, 403	,, house,256
Westerhills,507	Winter-moor,346
Wetsidehill,206	Wintercleugh-burn,89
Whins,422	,, fell,65, 87
Whinbush,456	Wiston-braes,378
Whelphill,93, 98, 106, 107, 108	,, manse at,178
Whiteburn,89	,, mill,176
Whitecamp,67, 93	,, parish,113, 148, 180, 206, 482
Whitecastle, East,456	,, place 176
,, West,456	,, village,148, 178
Whitecleugh,113	,, and Roberton parishes,146
" Nether,113, 144	Wolf-clyde,292, 343
,, Upper,130	, bridge,425
Whitehill,206, 251, 252, 378	Woodend,289
Whitelaw,89, 92	
,, burn,93	Woollen-mill,95
Whiteside,64	Wyndales,202

INDEX TO VOL. II.

By A. M.

PERSONS.

Academy at Carmichael, teacher, 34	Buchanan, R. C., Col.,390
Ale-houses at Carmichael,34	Burke "on Mauldslie,"440
Allen, William, of New Lanark, 383	Burns, Robert, in the Upper Ward, 540
Annan, Lieut. J.,390	Bursary, by late W. Lamb, D.D.,34
Arkwright, Sir R., in Scotland, 381	
Auchen—his rise in life,154	Campbell, W., late, Tillichewan, 384
·	Carluke, rent receivers,394
Ballantine, Capt.,390	Carmichael, M. T., of Eastend, 27
Bell of Westerhouse,394	Castlemains,164, 168
Bentham, Jeremiah,383	Chalmers, T., D.D.,462
Bowring, at the Falls of Clyde, 375	
	Charles Edward Stuart,27
,, J., Lieut.,390	Clerical, the, wit of Douglas,172
,, of Orchard,394	Collier Hall, the Goodman of 153
Bruce, "Peas Tree" of the,367	Collyer, W. D., Lieut.,391
Buccleuch, the Duke of,163	

Dale, David,381, 382, 383, 462 Davidson, on Lanark,367, 375, Dickson, Doughty, 159 [377, 389 Douglas, the noble family of,168 Feuars, the old, of Douglas,166 Flockmasters, the hospitable,31 Forsythe, the "beauties of Scotland,"373 Fox, Joseph, of New Lanark Co., 383 Fullertons, the, of Carstairs,461 Gerard, Major,391 Gibb, Michael, of New Lanark Co., 183 Gillespie, the, family,162 ,, J., Lieut.,390 Glentaggart, the family at,156 Glespinside, the ladies of,157 ,, West, hospitable tenants of, 156 Greenshields, J. B., Lieut.,390 Hamilton, the late Duke of,391 Hay of Restalrig,	M'Intosh, George,
James V.,	Upper Ward Volunteers,390, 391 Vere, W. E. Hope,240 Veres of Stonebyres,248 Walker, John, of New Lanark, 383 Wallace and the Falls of Clyde, 375 Woddrop, W. H. A., Lieut.,391 Wyllie, John, D.D.,428
PLACES.	
Abbey-burn,	Annfield,

Auchinbeg,247	Blackwoodyards,240, 241
Auchingilloch174	,, yett,240
Auchinglen, 255, 366, 869, 893, 484	Blair,239
Auchinheath175	Blair,
,, collieries,240, 242	Blantaggart,155
,, tile work,243	Blantyre mills,382
Auchingray, 545	Blinklie,31
,, Mid,545	Boathaugh,
Auchintorroch,244	Boghead,241, 242, 263
Auchmedan,	Boghill,
Auchren,	Bogside,244, 430, 438
Snout, hill of,174	Bonniton Linn, 251, 862, 373, 374
Auchlochan,175, 246, 247	,, Mains,363
Auchterhead,445	Boreland,243, 252
Auchter water,393	Bower of Wandell,162
Auchtool244	Bowhouse,30
Auchtyfardle,175, 244, 249	Brackenhill,
Auchtygemmell,248	Brackenless spot,152
Auldton,244, 252	Brackenside,164
Avon-water,	Brads,472
Ayr road,	Brae,541
Ayrshire,149	Braehead,155, 252, 544
Ayr-water,149	Brackenridge, east, west, and south,
	Braidhouse,465 [242
Backmuir,54	Braidwood,420, 430, 443
Baronald,	Braxfield,366
Bankhead,155, 251, 253, 539	Bremerside,151
Barrowfield coal,	Bridgend,468
Bashaw,	Bridgeholm,247 Bright-knowes,247
Bellfield,253, 365	Broadfield,28
Bells-croft,242	Broadlee-holm
Bells-hall,163, 237, 238	Broken-cross-moor,238, 246, 248
Bellstane,	Broomfield,
Bent,241	Brownhill,163, 541
Bents432	Brownridge,438
Biggar,4, 243	Brownriggs,156, 466
,, level,2	Browshot,546
Birkenhead, 251, 255, 258, 369, 393	Bryde's-closs,32
Birkfield,	_ ,, St, Kirk,171
Birkhill,244	Burn,32, 241
Birks,	Burnbrae,245
Birkwood,247, 248, 440	Burnfoot,245, 543, 546
,, glen,	Burngreen,32
,, Mains,248 Birniehill460	Burnhead,
Birthwood,252	Burnhouse549
Blackcastle,545	Burn-knowe,31, 161
Blackgate, the,156	Bushel-head
Blackhill,248, 445, 542	Bute cotton mills,
Black-house	Butter-hole,435
Blackwood,175, 240, 242	Byretown,246
,, side,240	,

Cairamount,434	Collie-law,255, 256, 370, 393
Cairntable,35, 149	Collier-Hall161
Calla,539	Coltness Iron Co.,439, 542
Calladean,538	Columbia and Hills,464
Caledonian railway,28	Commonhill,35
Camend541	Connor-holm,244
Cambusnethan,	Cora Castle274
Carluke, 173,240,427,429,438,443,	,, Linn,245, 371, 874
Campshead163 [448, 471]	, mill,245
Campshead,163 [448, 471] Cander-water,173, 240, 243	Corbie Hall,464
Candy-mill,234	Corbinshaw,393
Carfin,	Corehouse,243, 245, 246
Carmichael	Cormacoup,152
,, bank,30	,, burn,36
mill	,, colliery,159
policy	Cormiston,000
,, policy,	,, Towers,251, 868
,, mill,539 [540	Corramore251
,, mill,539 [540] Carstairs, 878,393,440,445,463,469	Corramore,251 Coulter Fell,2
house	,, Maynes,247
,, house,	Covenanter's Grave,241
Castlebank	Covington,2, 373, 439, 466
Castlehill368, 371, 432, 489	Cowford,465
Castlebank, 365 Castlebill, 368, 371, 432, 439 Castlemains, 163, 168	Cowthally Castle,538
Castle Qua,379	Craigbank,251
Catcraig,442	Craigend mill quarry,369
Catloch,	Craighead,251, 442
Catrine mills,149, 381	,, mill,249
Chapel-hill,32, 162	Craig Lockhart,379
Charleston,363	Craignethan,239, 243, 244
Chorlton Spinning Company, 383	Craigieburn,164, 545
Clannoch-dyke,243	Craigiehall,246
Clarkston,249	Cramly,466
Clayholes,32	Cranley-loch,465
Clecklands,241	Crawford,
Cleghorn, 256, 369, 370, 371, 373, 467	Crawfordjohn,35, 437, 471
mill 870	Crawhill,32
,, mill,370 Cleugh,378, 446, 543	Croft-foot,435
,, head,251	Croft-head,247
,, mill,370	Crofton-hill365
Cleughs,153	Crookboat,31, 173
Climpy,544	Crook-lands,542
ahumah 471	Crossburn,170
Clyde, the, 174, 228, 373, 393, 445,	Crossdyke,29
hank 366 [47] 473	Cross-ford, 239, 252, 253, 254, 439
,, bank,366 [471, 473 Clydesdale,2, 439	Crossretes 435
Clydes-grove,173	Crossgates,
Clydesvilla,251	Cumberhead, North,250
Cloburn,251	,, South,251
Coalburn, 246, 247, 251	,, 500000,
Coal-mil 169	Dale land,473
Coal-gill,	Dalquharn,247
Cockridge,465	Damside,248
Coldstream,442	Darnfillan,865
Column Calli,	TOTHTHOR,

50 3 577 4 040 040 4	T 11 37 () 0m4
Dead Waters,240, 242	Faulds, North,
Debog,36, 150	Fence,239, 243
Deeper-knowes,32	Fiddler's burn,436
Devonside,30	,, gill,430
Dillar-burn,	Finnart,2
Dillars,249	Fordmouth,545
Dimpol mater 979 445 470 541	Folkerton-mill,238
Dippool-water,378, 445, 470, 541	
Douglas, 2, 4, 35, 149, 171, 174, 175,	Forkins,247
235, 237, 241, 250, 471	Forest's-cairn,178
,, Castle,36, 164, 165, 171	Forth,543
,, coal,153	Frith of Clyde,2
ill 9 <i>0</i>	Frostholm,371
	Fullarton Mausoleum,463
,, rig,	
,, water,1, 8, 150, 173, 363	Full-burn,30
Draffan,243	Fullwood,30, 368
,, South,243	
,, moor,244	Gair,430, 438
Driver-holm,155, 164	Gallowhill,430, 540
Drove road,2	Garngour, North,250
Drum,	,, South,252
D	
Drumalbyn,3, 30, 31	Garrellwood,156, 243
Drummond-head,246	Garrion,430
Drum-parks,248	,, burn,893
Dry-rigs-hill,35, 153	,, gill,393
Dumbrex-hill,251	Gateside162
Dundaff Linn,375, 387	Geology of Carluke,432
,, quarries,242	Cartland Cross 978
Dunacian 140 150 155 404	,, ,, Cartland Crags,378 Gillbank,437
Duneaton-water, 149, 153, 155, 464	Gilloank,437
Dunside,241	Gill-foot,441
Dunsyre,471	Gill-house,546
Dyke,32	Gills,442
Dykehead, 156, 241, 242, 437, 545	Girdwoodend,546
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Gladdenhill442
Earlsmill,157	Glasgow,
Eastend,	Gleckland 247
	Olaska by St. 140, 179
Easterhouse,543	Glenbuck,
Easterseat,442	Glencoosie,32
Easter-town, East,239	Glendevon,249
" West,238	Glentaggart,155, 156
Easter-yard-houses,540	Glespin,
East-hills,255	1
East Lothian,	1 77 1 1 1 1 2 7
East Mains,	127
	,, side,157
East-quarter,442	, West,157
Eastsidewood,542, 544	Goathouse-knowes,246
East-wood,249	Gowanhill,468
Edinburgh,4, 467	Gowan-side,463
Ellanbank, 252	Green,
Ettrick-cairn,	Greenbank,255, 393, 435, 445
	Crossfold 544 546
Evan-water,464	Greenfield,544, 546
T	Greenhill,252, 544
Fallhills and Muirfoot,467	Greentower and Loch-knowes, 368
Falls of Clyde,248, 372	
Fauldhouse	Hallbar Tower,442

Hall-craig,432, 435, 441	John's-hill,247
Hagshaw35	
Hagshaw,	Kennox,35, 154
Halfmerkland,253	,, burn,36
Hall-hill, North,244	Kerse,249, 250
, South,242	Kersewell,472, 541
Hamilton,174	Kilbank 252
Hangingshaw,466	Kilcadzow,430, 434, 443
Happendon-wood,160, 163	,, hill of,434
Hardgatehead,544	,, hole of,445
Harelaw,35, 467	Killylees,242
Harestones,430	Kilpothall,542
Harley-holm,30	King's-hill,546
Harperfield,2,32,173,240,251,255	,, law,430, 438
Hartwood,36, 158	Kircurrin-hill,471
Haughs,540	Kirkfield,
Hawkshead,250	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Hazelbush, 253	,, bank,174, 175, 246, 253 ,, Mains,250
Hazelside Mains,	Kirkgreen,541
Haywood minerals,542	Kirkmuirhill,240, 242, 258
Headrig,163	Kirkton,427, 439
Heads,435	1.1. 100
Heathland,546	,, dyke,466 Knowe,466
Hecklebirney,32	Kypes, Nether,178, 241
Hedge-foot,32	
Hill,	"
Hillend, 244	``` ` OFO
	,, waternead,203
Hill-gill,250 Hillhead,430,440	Ladeshead,252
	Lairs241
Hillside 247	Lambcatch,471
Hillside,247 Hinshelwood,546	
Holehouse,32, 248	Lampits,441, 474, ,, ford,471
Holland bush,247	Lanark,2,4,173,237,386,389,393,
	hallars,2,4,175,257,500,509,595,
Hollows,32	,, bridge,475 [445 ,, moor,471
Holybush,	Langbrae,32
Homefauld,466 Hoodsmill,249	Langhouse,
	Languehana maon 471
Hospital-lands,	Langwhang-moor,471
	Langshaw burn,430
Howgate,	Law,174, 486
,, hill,	,, of Mauldslie,429 Lawhead,472, 544
Hantlehill 964	Leadhills roads,
Huntlyhill,	Leaunins rosus,
	Leamside,545
Hyndshaw minerals,430	Lee, house of,
Inches,151	,, moor,393, 480 ,, law,251
Inches,	,, iaw,251 Lesmahagow, 2,35,248,257,893,471
Janefield,149	I сепанавом, 2,30,240,207,395,4/1
	Lesser Linn,
Jeanfield,545 Jerviswood,270, 371	Letham,252 Level hill,3
Took's will 490 497	
Jock's-gill,430, 437	Libberton,473

Limestone at Carluke,439	Moss-castle,
Linnhead,246	Mountblaw,542
Loanhead,	Mount-stewart,149, 161
Lockhart-mill,369, 472	Mousebank,365
Lochanbank,241	Mousefield,246, 365
Lochlyockhill,228	Mouseholm,366
Logan,252	Mousemill,371
" bank,258	Mouse-water, 248,255,362,377,879,
,, water,174, 246, 250	435,445,471,472
Longhill,470	Muirhall,544
Lowrie's moor,242	Muirhead,245, 467
Lupus,248	Muirhouse,242, 246, 468
Lyonside,32	Muirkirk, 4,29,35,149,151,173,174
Maidamain 100	W-116-13 490 449
Maidengill,162	Nellfield,430, 443 Nemphlar,248
Mansfield,243 Manses—Douglas,169, 170	- D 054
Maryfield,439	" -h1 000
Marrs-hill,244	TT 11: 0.40
Mashock-mill,430, 442	T3
Mauldslie,249, 430, 440	,, West,
,, Mains,442	Nethanfoot,174,240,245,255,439
Mavisbank,	, water,174,239,243,246,251
Mavisbrae,249	Netherburn and Cowhill,253
Mayfield,247	Netherfauld,544
Meadow,436, 441	Netherhouse,29
head441	Netherton,30
Medwin ,	Nethertown,29, 465
,, bank,473	Newbigging,539
Melvinhead,371	,, Mains,540
Merchant-hall,297	,, mill,540
Middleford,252	
Middleholm and Bent,247, 251	Newhouse,251, 455
Middlehope,442	New Lanark,245, 251
Middlehouse,	,, mills,375,382,387,388
Milhark32, 159, 241	New Mains,169,371,469,546
Millbank,	Newside,29
Millhoygo 929	Newsteading,368 Newton, Douglas,166
Millhouse,	,, foot, ,,167
Millmuir,32	
Milton Lockhart, 174,430,436,437,	,, head, ,,
mill 244 [440]	Normangill,163
", mill,244 [440 Milnwood,	North-bottom. 35
Mineral field of Carnwath474	North-bottom,
Moat,	Nutberry,174
" of Carnwath,537	1
Monks-burn,36, 151, 155	Oggs Castle,540
, foot,151, 155	Oldhill,441
,, head,35, 151	Oldton,546
,, stable,249	Orchard,439
Mossplat,468	Orchard-ville,365, 439
Moss-side,438	Ossian, falls of,374
Moreshot,544	

Park-hall,162	Scrogton head,160
,, head,371	Shawfield,442
,, house,32	Shaws,30
Parish-holm,150	Sheafyknowes,466
,, hill,35	Shieldhill,28
Pentland-hills,4	Shields,32
Pepper-knowes32	Shielhills,437
Pettinain,	Shiels-burn,31
Pinkstone,	Shell-rig,
Podowrin burn,151	Shodsmill467
Polmonkshead,151	Shotts Iron Co.,439
Poniel,237	Side burn,
Of	,, farm,238
Ponfeigh,1	Silvermines
,, burn,30, 173	Skellyhill,246, 252
,, place,30	Skylaw,
III 00	Smithfield,31
Pool,472, 543, 544	Smylum,
Tool,	,, park,
Prett's-mill,29, 31	Southfield, North,243
Priesthill,174	,, South,243
Priorhill,252	Spinningdale,381
Pyothill,151	Spittal,540
	Springfield,545
Queen's-hill,438	Springhill,163
	Stabielee,467
Raes,430, 437	Stabbilee and Windsor,370
,, gill,430, 487	Stabiemoor,467
Railway, the Douglas,164	Stallashaw-moss,544
Ravenstruther,466	Standing-stane-law,29
Rawhills,238	Stanly mills,382
Redloch465	Stanmore,465
Redmyre,29	Starbirns,242
Redshaw,239	Stickhill,371
Restalrig,27	Stobwood,546
Righead,252	Stockbriggs,175, 247
Rigside,	Stockwell,
Roadmeetings,435, 439	Stonebyres,244, 371, 375, 440
Robiesland,	,, Linn,254
Rodgerhill,241	1 7 04
Rood's-cross371	,, wood,31, 155, 252
Rosebank,384	Stonehouse,175, 240, 345
	Strathaven,173, 240, 340
Rottenburn,	Stratham hours 400
Rowantree corse,	Strathern house,
,, hill,546	
Ryeflat,465	Sunnyside,275
0 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Syde,32
Sadlerhead and Todhills,247	Symington,
Samson's slingstane,430	m , , ,
Sandilands,31	Tablestane,158
Sandyholm,393	Tanhill,252, 423
Sandyland gate,437	Teaths,252
Scorryholm,253	,, Éast,252
Scrogton	,, holm,252

Theafal-stane, the,430	Westerhouse,430
Thieves'-ford,246	Wester-mains,468
Thornyhill,29, 30	Wester-moreshot,546
Thornymuir,430	Wester-town,468
Threenwood239	Westfield, 28
Throughburn445, 546	West Forth,545
Tinto	Westgate,430
Tofts, East, West,160	Westmains,29, 540, 544
Tourist attractions, Douglasdale, 164	Westquarter435
Tower,238	West-shiels,246, 540, 546
,, coal,430	Westsidewood,472, 541
Town-foot,32	West-town,155, 159, 250, 435
Townhead,241	Westyett,540
Trows,252	Whitburn,245
Tupenhill,243	Whitecleugh burn,466
Tweedside,153	Whiteless,245, 371, 467
Turfholm,247, 249, 253	Whiteshaw439
, ,	Whiteside,162, 246, 253
Uddington,162, 164	Wildshaw limeworks,35
Underbank,244	Wilsontown and ironworks, 378, 445,
Undershieldhill,432	Wilton,439 \[\(\sum_{546} \)
·	Wilton,439 [546] Windraw,35, 155
Verehills,249	Windyhills,246
,	Windyshiels,466
Warrenhill,30	Wiston,1, 4, 35
Watchknowe,32	Wolfcrooks,35, 160, 173
Waterhead,246, 433	Woolfords,544
Waterlands,439, 468	Woodend,32
Waygateshaw,173, 442	Woods at Douglas,164
, head,430, 442	Woodhead,241, 252, 542
Wellburn,243	Woodlands,31, 174, 443
Wellhead,370	Woodside,163, 244
Wellrigs442	
Westbank,245, 468	Yett,442
Westcrofthill,544	Yieldshields,443

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA EXTRA-SEE PAGE 200.

Vol. II.—Page 208, Line 20.

Since this was written, our attention has been called to a passage in Stair's Institutes, B. iii., t. 5, sec. 50, which explains the nature of these competing brieves. Colonel Bannatyne married Marion, the daughter of the Laird of Blackwood. In contemplation of these nuptials, her father conveyed his estate to the Colonel "and the heirs, to be procreate betwixt him and her; which failing, to the heirs of the said Marion Weir by any other lawful husband, which failing, to the heirs of Bannatyne." Colonel Bannatyne died without issue of the marriage. His widow afterwards married Mr William Laurie, by whom she had a son. The question then arose whether, under the above destination, the estate belonged to the heirs of Colonel Bannatyne, or to the son of the second marriage. It was compromised by the son succeeding to the estate, and paying a sum of money to the Laird of Corehouse as the heir of his brother.

second marriage. It was compromised by the son succeeding to the estate, and paying a sum of money to the Laird of Corehouse as the heir of his brother.

Vol. II., p. 418, line 16, for 1660, read 1650; and p. 419, line 15; p. 457, line 22, the same correction. Vol. II., p. 181, line 2, for "p. 26," read "p. 58;" p. 226, line 11, for "William," read "Robert;" p. 402, 2d line from bottom, for "1660," read "1670;" p. 513, line 10, for "1662," read "1626."

G. V. I.

CONCLUSION.

In bringing this Work to a close, some commentary on the contents of the third—the Appendix Volume—may be allowable.

The article, pp. 1-18, on the agriculture of the Upper Ward, will be found good, having been produced by one of the most enterprising of the tenant-farmers of the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire.

John Taylor, who is reported to have died at Leadhills in the 137th year of his age, has due notice paid both to the story of his life, and the experience of his latter years—as see pp. 19-21.

The Old Bridge of Lanark—the paper, pp. 22-31—as to its structure, and the funds whence raised, is curious and suggestive as to the ways of the people, and the relative importance of places in Scotland at date of its erection.

The Clydesdale Upper Ward Society, which has prospered well, has some curious rules, introduced in paper given at pp. 31, 32; as, that the entrants "must be Protestants," and "must not swear or profane the Sabbath," etc.

The article which is headed "Crawford," pp. 33-35, is the corrected version promised at p. 81, Vol. I.

Leadhills, as noticed by Pennant, in 1782, pp. 35, 36; from the "Household Words," August, 1852, pp. 36-43; by J. N., pp. 43-48; and by A. M., pp. 196, 197; has had fair attention, but not more than was due to the locality.

Ordnance Survey results, as to acreage of parishes in the Upper Ward, and occupied as land, roads, villages, water, or railways, are given at p. 49, and in such form as may prove instructive.

The mountain heights, as shown on Ordnance sheets, and the rivers and streams in the Upper Ward, are reported at pp. 50, 51.

Ordnance Survey measurements, as to the soil in its character and extent, houses, domains, works, etc., are fully reported upon, pp. 52-59—and that analysis was laborious.

Census figures, 1755 to 1861, are given at p. 60, for the parishes in the Upper Ward, noting increase or decrease therein; also population of the villages, etc., in the district.

Valuation Roll papers for 1858-9 have been largely made use of in showing the distribution of property, etc., in the Upper Ward; and the results at various dates, given p. 61, may be valuable.

Distribution of property in the various parishes of the Ward occupies pp. 62-79, and will be instructive as to the relative positions of the estate-holders in the district.

Farms—of what value on the Roll, and how placed in the district—will be found reported at pp. 80-98.

Index to properties in the Ward will be found at pp. 99-103.

,, proprietors, names of, ,, 103–107. ,, farms, ,, ,, 108–117. ... tenants. ... ,, 117–126.

In constructing the above pages, it will be seen that, while the number of lines in each page are alike, the entries are in three alphabetical sets, those largest in value taking precedence.

Rent advance on farms, chiefly pastoral, will be found at p. 127; and the increase on those reported between 1857 and 1863 may be suggestive of the prosperity of the flock-master.

Factors on the estates in the Upper Ward, with their addresses, etc., may prove useful to parties seeking "locations" there.

Magnates of the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire are noticed, p. 129, with reference figures, showing the estate or "stake" the parties may have in the district.

Mansion, domain, wood, etc., on the estates; those resident wholly, partially, or non-resident, given in due order, pp. 130, 131.

House, villa, ground, wood, grass park, etc., of the estates of second class size, are shown in pp. 134, 135.

- Distribution of estate property in the Ward, p. 136.
- ,, farms leased in the Ward, p. 137. Nomenclature of proprietors in the Ward, pp. 138, 139.
- , large lease-holders in the Ward, p. 130, 139.

The entries in the statistical pages in this volume have numeral references on the margin, which, being consecutive, may be readily found, and are frequently called attention to in the topographic sections of Volumes I. and II.

Page 141 shows the parochial arrangements of the Upper Ward, with the names of the teachers of the parish; the ministers of the Free and U.P. Churches are also given.

At page 142 and 143 an attempt is made to show the agricultural statistics of sixty of the larger farms in the parishes of Crawford, Crawfordjohn, Wiston and Roberton, Symington, Dolphinton, and Carnwath, and such information has been made frequent use of in the topographic text of Volumes I. and II.

At p. 144 are the general statistics of the Ward—perhaps the most suggestive page in this volume.

Culter, Notes on, 145-160, by J. W. B., will prove instructive to those interested in that pretty district; the note as to increase of rents on the Culter-Allers estate, and the memorial as to the teinds of Culter and Kilbucho, may prove also valuable.

Douglas, Notes on, by J. H., pp. 160-166, and those on Douglasdale by J. J., pp. 169-195, are curious, interesting, and were prepared by gentlemen well qualified to report on a district with which they have been long and respectably connected.

Bodinglee farm, tacks of for 1727 and 1794, may prove curious as to the tenure of land in the last century.

"Gold at Leadhills" is an instructive paper.

Addenda et Corrigenda, by G. V. I., are few—pp. 197, 200, and 256. Indices, pp. 200-256, are extensive, and, it may be, needful in volumes aspiring to prove useful as those of reference.

A. M.

The "Items of Inquiry," as originally drawn up for this Work, are reprinted in beginning of this volume, and will show that the field of information looked into was large; and it is trusted that the task undertaken has been faithfully attended to.

June 30, 1864.

A. M.